CSNePS USER'S MANUAL¹

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> > January 20, 2018

¹The development of SNePS was supported in part by: the National Science Foundation under Grants IRI-8610517 and REC-0106338; the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency under Contract F30602-87-C-0136 (monitored by the Rome Air Development Center) to the Calspan-UB Research Center; the Air Force Systems Command, Rome Air Development Center, Griffiss Air Force Base, New York 13441-5700, and the Air Force Office of Scientific Research, Bolling AFB DC 20332 under Contract No. F30602-85-C-0008, which supported the Northeast Artificial Intelligence Consortium (NAIC); NASA under contract NAS 9-19335 to Amherst Systems, Inc.; ONR under contract N00014-98-C-0062 to Apple Aid, Inc.; the U.S. Army CECOM Intelligence and Information Warfare Directorate (I2WD) through a contract with CACI Technologies and through Contract #DAAB-07-01-D-G001 with Booze-Allen & Hamilton; and a Multidisciplinary University Research Initiative (MURI) grant (Number W911NF-09-1-0392) for "Unified Research on Network-based Hard/Soft Information Fusion," issued by the US Army Research Office (ARO) under the program management of Dr. John Lavery.

Over the years, many people have contributed to the design and implementation of SNePS, and to the writing of successive versions of the SNePS User's Manual. They constitute "The SNePS Implementation Group" cited on the title page, and I am grateful to them. They are listed here. If I have inadvertently omitted anyone's name, or have mispelled anyone's name, please let me know, and I will correct it for the next printing of this Manual.

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Contents

Li	st of I	Figures	V				
1	Synt 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Notation	1 1 1 2 3 3 3				
2	2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	ing and Running CSNePS Pre-Requisites Getting CSNePS Initial Configuration Running CSNePS at the Command Line Running the CSNePS GUI 2.5.1 By Pre-Loading CSNePS 2.5.2 Without Pre-Loading CSNePS Using Eclipse to Run CSNePS Using Emacs to Run CSNePS 2.7.1 Configuring Emacs 2.7.2 Loading and Running the Project in Emacs	5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7				
3	User	Commands	9				
4	Debi	ebug Commands 13					
Uı	1. 2. 3.	Definitions. Source Code License. 2.1. The Initial Developer Grant. 2.2. Contributor Grant. Distribution Obligations. 3.1. Application of License. 3.2. Availability of Source Code. 3.3. Description of Modifications. 3.4. Intellectual Property Matters 3.5. Required Notices. 3.6. Distribution of Executable Versions.	15 16 16 17 17 17 18 18				

iv CONTENTS

4.	Inability to Comply Due to Statute or Regulation	19
5.	Application of this License	19
6.	Versions of the License	19
	6.1. New Versions	19
	6.2. Effect of New Versions	19
	6.3. Derivative Works	19
	6.4. Origin of License	20
7.	DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTY	20
8.	Termination	20
9.	LIMITATION OF LIABILITY	21
10.	U.S. government end users	21
11.	Miscellaneous	21
12.	Responsibility for claims	22
13.		22
	ibit A - University at Buffalo Public License.	23

List of Figures

vi LIST OF FIGURES

Chapter 1

Syntax

1.1 Notation

The syntax is given in this chapter using Extended Backus-Naur Form (EBF). Terminal symbols are surrounded by the quotation marks "v" and "r". Sequences of items are separated by commas, ",". Parentheses "(" and ")" are used as grouping brackets. Alternatives are separated by "|". Optional symbols are surrounded by "[" and "]". Material that can be repeated zero or more times is followed by "*". Material that can be repeated one or more times is followed by "+". Each syntactic rule is terminated by ";". Material starting with "//" and extending to the end of the line is a comment. The symbol \not b appearing instead of a comma indicates that the two surrounding items are to appear without whitespace separating them; otherwise consecutive items must be identifiable to the reader as separate tokens. Items in *italics* are expected to be understood without definition herein. The characters i, j, and k stand for any non-negative integers such that $i \le j \le k$. Material in red has not yet been implemented.

1.2 Syntax of Well-Formed Terms

The language in which CSNePS well-formed terms are expressed is a version of Common Logic Interchange Format (CLIF) (?).

CHAPTER 1. SYNTAX

```
wft
                   = atomicwft
                      | 'wft' b i
                        '(' , function , argument + , ')'
                        '(' , binaryop , argument , argument , ')'
                       '(' , naryop , wft* , ')'
                       `(' , param2op , `(' , i , j , `)' wft^+ , `)' 
 `(' , `thresh' , `(' , i , `)' wft^+ , `)'
                       '(', 'close', (atomicname | ('(', atomicname+ , ')')),
                           wft , ')'
                       '(', 'every' , atomicname , wft* , ')'
                        '(', 'some', atomicname, '(', atomicname, ')', wft*, ')'
                       (', ?') atomicname, wft*, (')
                      Generalized quantifiers to replace nexists;
                   = 'if' | i b '=>' | 'v=>' ;
binaryop
                     'and' | 'or' | 'not' | 'nor' | 'thnot' | 'thnor' | 'nand'
naryop
                      | 'xor' | 'iff' ;
                   = 'andor' | 'thresh';
param2op
                   = atomicname | Lisp string | Lisp number ;
atomicwft
                   = Clojure symbol other than wfti;
atomicname
function
                   = wft // other than reservedWord;
                      wft | 'nil' | '(' , argumentFunction , wft* , ')' ;
argument
argumentFunction =
                     'setof';
                     'every' | 'some' | 'close' | '?' b atomicname
reservedWord
                      | binaryop | naryop | param2op ;
```

Every non-atomic wft (that is, a wft other than an atomicwft) is given a wft-name when it is stored into the SNePS knowledge base. The wft-name of every stored term may be seen by evaluating the user command (list-terms). The user expression wfti is a syntactic abbreviation of the wft that was assigned wfti as its wft-name. If no wft has yet been assigned that wft-name, wfti is syntactically illegal.

1.3 Syntax of Paths

In this section is presented the syntax of path expressions used in definePath and defineSlot.

1.4 Rule Engine Syntax¹

CSNePS implements a rule language loosely based on a subset of the syntax of CLIPS (?), and using concepts from the GLAIR Cognitive Architecture (?). A rule definition takes the following general form:

```
rule = '(defrule', rulename, LHS, '=>' RHS ')';
```

where rulename is a unique name for a rule, LHS is the Left Hand Side of the rule (the "pattern matching" component²), and RHS is the Right Hand Side of the rule (the firing component). The LHS and RHS are discussed in more detail in Sections 1.4.1 and 1.4.2.

1.4.1 The Left Hand Side

The LHS of a rule is a collection of generic terms that must be matched for the rule to fire. This portion of the rule is special in that the quantified terms used take wide scope over the entire rule. Continuing the formal definition of the rule language, the LHS is defined as follows:

```
LHS = genericterm+;
```

where is the definition of a generic term is a term containing an arbitrary term.

1.4.2 The Right Hand Side

The RHS of a rule may contain both Clojure forms and subrules. The set of Clojure forms will be executed in order, and the bindings from the LHS will be substituted in to them. Subrules are rules that are unnamed, and are only executed when the RHS of a rule fires. The subrule is provided the set of LHS bindings, which it may use in its own LHS/RHS. Subrules may themselves have subrules, with no constraint on depth.

Again continuing the formal definition of the rule language, the RHS is defined as follows:

```
RHS = RHSLine+;
RHSLine = clojureform | subrule;
subrule = '(:subrule' LHS '=>' RHS ')';
```

¹This section adapted from (?)

²Really, inference is performed to derive patterns.

CHAPTER 1. SYNTAX

Chapter 2

Getting and Running CSNePS

CSNePS is implemented in the Clojure programming language, a recently developed dialect of lisp which runs (primarily) on the Java Virtual Machine.

2.1 Pre-Requisites

- git is a versioning system which will be required. Install it by following the appropriate directions for your operating system at http://git-scm.com/downloads.
- **Leiningen** (aka **lein**) is a dependency manager for Clojure projects. To install Leiningen, follow the directions at https://github.com/technomancy/leiningen.

2.2 Getting CSNePS

CSNePS will be cloned from its repository using the git tool.

- 1. At the terminal, change directories into the directory which you would like to be the parent of the CSNePS directory.
- 2. Run the command git clone https://github.com/SNePS/CSNePS.git. This will copy CSNePS to your local machine.

2.3 Initial Configuration

- 1. At the command line, run chmod 755 /path/of/csneps/csneps.sh.
- 2. At the command line, run chmod 755 /path/of/csneps/csnepsgui.sh.

2.4 Running CSNePS at the Command Line

A script has been provided with the CSNePS distribution which loads CSNePS using leiningen.

- 1. At the command prompt, run the command /path/of/csneps/csneps.sh.
- 2. Clojure will load, and you will be presented a Clojure prompt, csneps.core.snuser=>, indicating that CSNePS has loaded and we are in the 'csneps.core.snuser' namespace.

2.5 Running the CSNePS GUI

The CSNePS GUI may be started with or without pre-loading CSNePS. If you choose to pre-load CSNePS you will also have access to the command prompt in your terminal window. This will not be available of you choose not to pre-load CNSePS.

2.5.1 By Pre-Loading CSNePS

- 1. Follow the directions from Section 2.4.
- 2. Type (startGUI) from the prompt and press enter. This will load the CSNePS GUI.

2.5.2 Without Pre-Loading CSNePS

- 1. At the command prompt, run the command /path/of/csneps/csnepsgui.sh.
- 2. CSNePS and its GUI will then load.

2.6 Using Eclipse to Run CSNePS

Before getting started with Eclipse, be sure to check out the Sneps3-Clojure project, change directories to that project, and run lein deps to be sure the project and its dependencies are up to date.

In order to run and develop CSNePS in Eclipse, you will require a version of Eclipse which includes Java support. The version on the CSE servers seems somehow incompatable with CounterClockwise, so I recommend installing the latest version from http://www.eclipse.org in your home directory.

First we must install the CounterClockwise plugin, which lets us run Clojure apps from Eclipse.

- 1. Click the Help menu, then "Install New Software..."
- In the "Work With:" field, enter http://ccw.cgrand.net/updatesite/ and click the "Add..." button.
- 3. Enter "CounterClockwise" (or whatever text you like) in the "Name" field and click "OK".
- 4. Check the box next to "Clojure Programming" in the list that appears, and click the "Next" button.
- 5. In the dialogs that follow click Next, agree to the license agreement, and click Finish.
- 6. Agree to any warnings about unsigned content, and agree to restart Eclipse when installation has finished.

Now we will import our project.

- 1. Choose "Import..." from the File menu.
- 2. Cloose "Existing Project or Workspace" under the "General" node in the tree shown.
- 3. With the "Select root directory" radio button selected, click browse and browse to the SNePS3-Clojure directory.
- 4. Click next and follow the dialogs until it is imported.

Now the project is imported into Eclipse and we can run it. In the project explorer on the left side of the workspace, expand the SNePS3-Clojure node and then the src node, right click on core.clj, and choose to run it as a Clojure Application. Once the repl loads, run (loadsneps3).

2.7 Using Emacs to Run CSNePS

2.7.1 Configuring Emacs

There are multiple methods for configuring Emacs to run and edit Clojure code. The method described here is the most desirable as of the time of this writing. These instructions require emacs 24, as it has a package facility we will use.

First, add the following to your emacs initialization file (by default /.emacs.d/init.el).

```
(require 'package)
(add-to-list 'package-archives
  '("marmalade" . "http://marmalade-repo.org/packages/"))
(add-to-list 'package-archives
  '("melpa-stable" . "http://melpa-stable.milkbox.net/packages/"))
(package-initialize)
```

Evaluate the buffer with the initialization file, then run M-x package-refresh-contents to pull in the contents of the added package repositories.

Now, add the following to your initialization file after what you added above.

Evaluate the buffer with the initialization file in order to download the required packages.

2.7.2 Loading and Running the Project in Emacs

- 1. Load Emacs and switch the current directory to the CSNePS directory. This is the directory containing the project.clj file which will be used to load the project.
- 2. Type M-x cider-jack-in. A Clojure REPL will be started in a new buffer, and you will be presented with a Clojure prompt, csneps.core.snuser=>, indicating we have started in the 'csneps.core.snuser' namespace.
- 3. CSNePS is now loaded and is ready to be used.

Chapter 3

User Commands

(adopt-rule rule-name)

[Function]

Adopts the rule with the symbol rule-name as its name.

(adopt-rules rule-names)

[Function]

Takes a list of symbolic rule names to be adopted in order, one after the other. Rows may take the form of a single rule name, or a vector of rule names. A vector of rule names will be adopted simultaneously.

(allTerms) [Function]

Returns a set of all the terms in the knowledge base.

(ask expr) [Function]

Attempts to derive the term expr or its negation. Returns the derived term, or nil if it is not derivable in the current context. If the term is not derivable, focused inference is left running until it is derived, or the task is canceled using *cancel-infer-of* or *cancel-focused-infer*.

(askif expr) [Function]

Attempts to derive the term expr. Returns the derived term, or nil if it is not derivable in the current context. If the term is not derivable, focused inference is left running until it is derived, or the task is canceled using *cancel-infer-of* or *cancel-focused-infer*.

(askifnot expr) [Function]

Attempts to derive the negation of the term expr. Returns the derived term, or nil if it is not derivable in the current context. If the term is not derivable, focused inference is left running until it is derived, or the task is canceled using *cancel-infer-of* or *cancel-focused-infer*.

(askwh exprpat) [Function]

Returns a set of substitutions for variable placeholders for the term pattern <code>exprpat</code> that are currently derivable in the current context; or the empty set if there are none. If no instances are derivable, focused inference is left running until an instance is derivable, or the task is canceled using <code>cancel-infer-of</code> or <code>cancel-focused-infer</code>.

(assert expr) [Function]

Asserts the term expressed by expr in the current context.

(assert! expr) [Function]

Asserts the term expressed by expr in the current context, and triggers forward inference.

(cancel-focused-infer) [Function]

Cancels all focused inference tasks.

(cancel-infer-from exprpat) [Function]

Cancels any forward focused reasoning tasks deriving from exprpat.

(cancel-infer-of exprpat) [Function]

Cancels any focused reasoning tasks attempting to derive exprpat.

(clearkb &optional (clearall nil)) [Function]

Reinitializes the SNePS knowledge base. If clearall is non-nil also reinitializes all slots, caseframes, and semantic types.

(currentContext) [Function]

Returns the current context.

(defineCaseframe type frame &key docstring fsymbols) [Function]
Defines a caseframe, where: type is the name of a SNePS semantic type; frame is either (slot1 ... slotn) or ('function-symbol slot1 ... slotn); docstring is a caseframe documenta-

tion string; fsymbols is a list of function symbols required if first of the frame is not quoted.

(defineContext name &key (docstring "") (parents '(BaseCT)) hyps) [Function] Defines a new context with the given name, docstring, parent contexts, and initial hypotheses. If dosctring is omitted, it defaults to the empty string. If parents is omitted, it defaults to '(BaseCT). If hyps is omitted, it defaults to the empty list.

(definePath slotname path) [Function]

Given a slot name, <code>slotname</code>, and a path expression, <code>path</code> (see §1.3), generate the functions that will compute that path and its converse, and store them in the slot named <code>slotname</code>.

(defineSlot name &key type docstring posadjust negadjust min max path)[Macro]

Defines the slot named name. type must be a semantic type. It defaults to Entity. docstring must be a string. It defaults to the empty string. posadjust must be either reduce (default), expand, or none. negadjust must be either reduce, expand (default), or none. min must be a positive integer. It defaults to 1. max must be either nil (default) or an integer equal to or greater than min. path must be either nil (default) or a path (see §1.3).

(defineTerm term &optional (semtype 'Entity)) [Function] If term is not already a term in the SNePS knowledge base, it is added to the KB with the semantic type semtype, which defaults to Entity. If term is already a term in the KB with semantic type

currenttype:

- if current type is a subtype of semtype, the type of term is left as is;
- if semtype is a subtype of currenttype, the semantic type of term is lowered to semtype;

- if currenttype and semtype have one greatest common subtype, the semantic type of term is changed to that type;
- if currenttype and semtype have several greatest common subtypes, the user is asked which one (s)he wants term to be, and term's semantic type is changed to that type;
- otherwise, an error is generated.

The term is returned.

(defineType newtype supers &optional docstring)

[Macro]

Defines newtype to be a SNePS semantic type, and a subtype of the types listed in the list supers. Internally converts types to keywords, but accepts either keywords or symbols as arguments to maintain compatibility with SNePS 3. If docstring is given, it is set as the documentation string of the new type. Prints a message, either of success or what the problem was. Returns nil.

(demo &key file pause failonerror)

[Function]

Echoes and evaluates the forms in the file. If pause is non-nil (the default is nil), will pause after echoing each form, but before evaluating it. If the file is omitted, a menu will be presented of available demos. By default, an erroneous form will not stop the demo from continuing, but this may be changed by setting failonerror to a non-nil value.

(defrule rulename &rest body)

[Macro]

Defines a rule in the CSNePS rule engine, as described in Section 1.4.

(find exprpat)

[Function]

Returns a list of vector pairs. In each pair, the first element is an instance of *exprpat* in the knowledge base, and the second is a substitution, which when applied to *exprpat* would give that instance. *exprpat* may be any wft with variables, symbols starting with a "?", in the place of any subterms.

(findTerm name)

[Function]

Returns the term named *name*, or nil if there isn't one. The name of an atomic term is a symbol, string, or number. The name of a molecular term is its wftname.

(krnovice boolean)

[Function]

If set to true (the default value is false), slots and caseframes will automatically be created whenever a function symbol is used that is not already associated with a caseframe. The slots will be named fn, arg1, arg2, etc., and both slots and caseframes will have their default parameters. This should only be used by novices, or for very quick tests, as the careful modeling required by defining types, slots, and caseframes might be ignored.

(list-caseframes)

[Function]

Prints all the caseframes.

(listContexts)

[Function]

Prints a list of all the contexts.

(list-focused-reasoning-tasks)

[Function]

Prints a list of all of the focused reasoning tasks, backward and forward.

(list-slots)

[Function]

Prints a list of all the SNePS slots.

Prints a list of all the terms in the KB, except ontological terms in the OntologyCT context. These may be seen by setting <code>:ontology</code> non-nil. If <code>:asserted</code> is non-nil, only asserted propositions will be printed. If <code>:types</code> is non-nil, the type of each term will also be printed. If <code>:originsets</code> is non-nil, the origin sets of each term will also be printed, and if <code>:properties</code> is non-nil, additional properties of the terms will be printed.

(listkb) [Function]

Prints the current context and all propositions asserted in it.

(pathsfrom terms path)

[Function]

Returns the set of terms at the end of the given path (see §1.3) from terms, which must be a term, the name of a term, a list of terms or names of terms, or a set of terms.

PRECISION [Variable]

A positive integer: a floating point number will be rounded to this number of decimal places before being converted to a term.

(remove-from-context term ctx)

[Function]

Removes the provided *term* from the context *ctx*. The term will still be asserted in contexts it isn't removed from.

(sameFrame newf oldf)

[Function]

Associates the same frame associated with the function symbol old f with the symbol, or list of symbols, new f.

(setCurrentContext ctx)

[Function]

If ctx is a context name, makes the context named ctx the current context. If ctx is a context, makes it the current context. Else raises an error.

(showTypes)

[Function]

Graphically displays all the defined semantic types.

(startGUI &rest terms)

[Macro]

Starts the CSNePS GUI. Takes a variable number of terms to display on the graph. Each term is either found or defined using defineTerm. If no terms are given, the entire graph will be displayed.

(unassert prop &optional (cntxt (currentContext)))

[Function]

Unasserts the proposition prop in the given context and all ancestor contexts. Currently there is no belief revision, so propositions derived using prop might still be asserted, and prop, itself, might be rederivable.

(writeKBToTextFile file &optional headerfile)

[Function]

Writes the KB to the given text file, so that when that file is loaded, all the propositions asserted in the current KB will be asserted in the new KB. If the headerfile is included, a load of that file will be written before any of the asserts.

Chapter 4

Debug Commands

The commands listed in this chapter may be useful if you experience issues with CSNePS and wish to attempt to resolve the problem.

(build/print-all-trees)

[Function]

Prints all unification term trees to the terminal in a human-readable format.

(build/print-channel-and-msgs from to)

[Function]

Given the names of two terms, *from* and *to*, prints the channel (if it exists) from the *from* term to the *to* term. Also prints all messages which are waiting in that channel.

(snip/ig-status)

[Function]

Prints all channels in the Inference Graph, including their type, number of waiting messages, and any valve selectors.

(snip/print-waiting-msgs &optional term)

[Function]

Prints messages waiting in channels incoming to *term*, or if *term* is not specified, prints all messages waiting in any channels in the IG.

(snip/print-ptree ptree)

[Function]

Given a P-Tree, *ptree*, prints it to the terminal in a human readable form.

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