

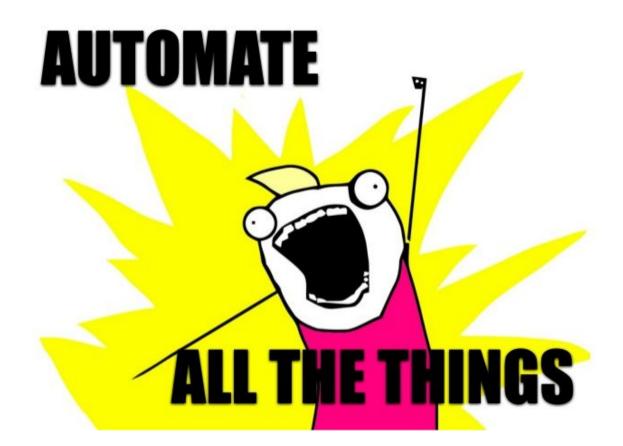
Learnings from our cloud automation journey (so far)

Martin Schneider | 3rd Appium Meet-up Singapore | June, 28th 2018



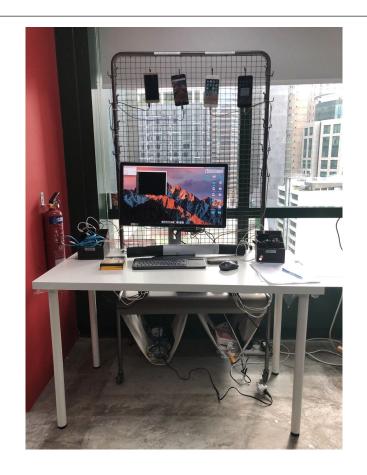
Current focus





Local or cloud-based device farm?







Factors to consider



- available device models
 - update cycles
- integration of existing test solution
 - plug & play or refactorings necessary
- maintenance of devices
 - software updates, repairs, resets etc.
- availability of devices
 - o private/dedicated vs. public/shared devices
- extensibility
 - integration into build pipeline
 - available plugins
 - o API
- cost including man-hours



Learning #1 - It's only software



- Each solution will have its limitations BUT
- there is usually a way to fix them (or around them)



AWS Device Farm + Cucumber?



Re: Does AWS Device Farm support running tests via cucumber-jvm & appium?



Posted by: 3 Nikhil@AWS

Posted on: Dec 28, 2016 11:42 AM

n response to: AnandBagmar

Hi Anand,

Please find the answers below:

1. Does AWS Device Farm support running cucumber-jvm / appium / junit tests?

Answer: Currently we so not have out of the box support for cucumber/appium/junit.

AWS Device Farm + Cucumber!



- 1. AWS does not support to run Cucumber tests
- 2. We do not want to rewrite our tests
- 3. https://github.com/martinschneider/cucumber2junit



Learning #2 - Distribution is key



How to distribute *n* tests across *m* slots (browsers or phones)?

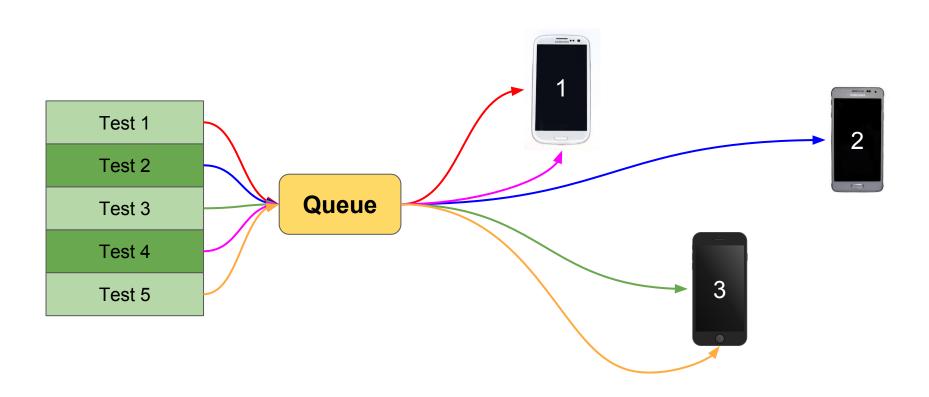
- Surprisingly not always a standard feature
- Two main ways to build it yourself:
 - 1. Split up your test suite in *m* chunks
 - 2. Implement a queue and a worker
- You might lose some of the features of the test framework along the way (e.g. having one report per run)

Getting this part right is crucial for integrating tests into your pipeline!



Distribution using a queue





Distribution using chunks



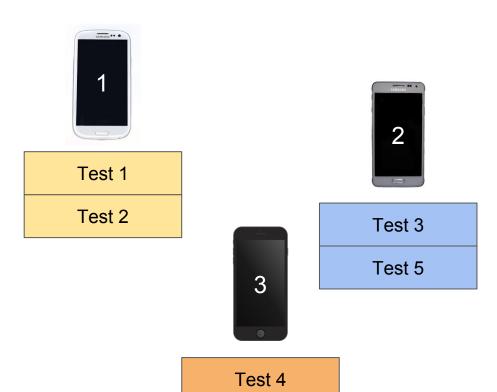
Test 1

Test 2

Test 3

Test 4

Test 5



Distributing with AWS



Re: Running test in parallel



Posted by: RohanD@AWS

Posted on: Mar 28, 2016 10:12 PM

in response to: DexRobinson

Hi,

The feature you are asking for ("test sharding") isn't available in AWS Device Farm at this time. We've heard this request from several customers and will look into adding support.

Regards Rohan

Distributing with AWS



- On AWS, each execution has a large overhead so we chose option 1
- Steps:
 - Create a test run on Testrail (http://www.gurock.com/testrail)
 - 2. Create test packages for this run (one per phone)
 - 3. Upload test packages and app package (APK, IPA) to AWS and trigger its execution
 - 4. Each execution will update the result on Testrail (including logs and a video)
 - 5. Once all tests complete we close the test run

Testrail acts as the umbrella around our automation suite

Distribution with AWS, Jenkins and Testrail





Learning #3 - Show me your APIs!



No automation framework will cover all your requirements

Evaluation tip

- Focus on the basics (supported phones, pricing, performance etc.) and
- Make sure it comes with a proper API

Extend to your needs

THE EVOLUTION OF

Best practices

Some advice for building a test framework

- 1. Write clean code & ensure maintainability
 - a. Avoid spaghetti code test scripts, OOP is your friend
 - b. Keep things flexible: don't hard-code your config

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

1990's

SPAGHETTI-ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE (aka Copy & Paste)



2000's

LASAGNA-ORIENTED
ARCHITECTURE
(aka Layered Monolith)



2010's

RAVIOLI-ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE (aka Microservices)



WHAT'S NEXT?

PROBABLY PIZZA-ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE

Best practices



- Add documentation
 - In the code (e.g. Javadoc)
 - Readme files, setup guides, demos, sample docker containers etc.

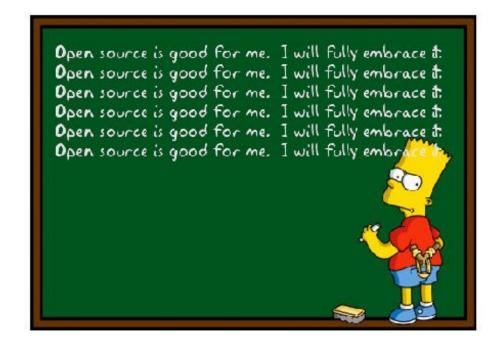


Best practices



Consider sharing and open sourcing your solutions







QA was yesterday - we are test automation engineers



Get connected!



Singapore Appium Meet-up Slack Channel

https://singaporeappiummeetup-slack.herokuapp.com

Martin Schneider

mart.schneider@gmail.com

https://github.com/martinschneider