# Correlative Microscopy - Algorithm overview

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corresponds to revision 16 committed at 2010-11-22 11:46:31 +0100 (Mon, 22 Nov 2010) of martin\_correlate.m at https://svn.structures/repo/schorb:Corr/doc/Correlate.tex

# 1 Introduction

This document describes the usage of the algorithms designed for correlation of fluorescence microscopy images to their corresponing EM image.

The correlation procedure, as described in Kukulski et al.,..., consists of two major coordinate transformations. The first one uses fluorescent microspheres to calculate the mapping of a single point fluorescent signal onto an electron microscopy image of low resolution  $(4-10k\times)$ . The obtained coordinates can then be transformed further using a different fiducial system (in this case the gold beads used for tomogram reconstruction) to a high magnification image.

This document provides a step by step manual in how to use the algorithms, their parameters and outputs and shows the corresponding code snippets to give an idea of the points at which certain things happen while running the script.

# 2 Installation and requirements

# 2.1 System and software requirements

A MATLAB® installation version 7.4.0 onwards including the Image Processing Toolbox is required for successfully running the scripts. This should be independent on the type of operating system used. However the function was so far only successfully tested on Linux environments.

In order to access the newest version of the scripts, a subversion (SVN<sup>1</sup>) client is needed. In case you don't have access to a software capable of checking out subversion repositories, you can simply download all files individually from the webserver (https://svn.structures/repo/schorb:Corr).

# 2.2 Obtaining the newest version of the correlation algorithms

The main scripts as well as all supporting underlying algorithms and this documentation are stored in a central subversion repository which is accessible from within the EMBL network.

#### First installation

To checkout the most recent version of algorithms and documentation files for the first time, create a directory where you want to store these files. Add this directory including all subdirectories to the MATLAB path by adding the following line to MATLAB's startup.m script, that is usually located in a MATLAB related folder within your home directory (~/.matlab/startup.m for Linux or Macintosh systems).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See http://www.structures-it.embl.de/services/online/vcs, http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Subversion

```
addpath (genpath('/path/to/your/directory'),'-begin')
```

Then checkout the files to this directory using your subversion client. The Unix Terminal command will be this:

```
svn checkout https://svn.structures/repo/schorb:Corr /your/directory/
```

You should see a result like this:

```
A Corr/martin_correlate.m
A Corr/martin_chromaticshift_drift2.m
...
A Corr/john_manualregister_LMtoHMtomo3.m
Checked out revision 16.
```

Now you have a local working copy of the most recent versions of the correlation files.

#### Updating your existing scripts

To have your scripts and documentation files always up to date according to the current revision, update them from the repository by simply executing

```
svn up
```

in the directory in which you put the scripts.

#### Editing the scripts

You can manipulate and edit your local working copy of the scripts (activate or remove sub-pixel fitting, shift correction etc.). However these changes will be reverted while updating to a newer revision.

Also note that there will be some hidden files and directories (.svn etc.) written while checking out. These contain important information needed by subversion and should not be modified or deleted.

#### Initialization

You can adjust key parameters of the correlation scrips by modifying the initialization script. When checking out the repository a file called corr\_init\_orig.m will appear. You can simply rename this file to corr\_init.m and change the parameters and paths according to your needs. This file will then stay in your local scripts directory and will not be overritten.

It might occur that in future revisions additional parameters will be added to this script, so in case you run into an error message stating this, just update your local corr\_init.m with the changes you find in the downloaded and most up-to-date corr\_init\_orig.m.

# 3 Correlation from LightMicroscopy to LowMag EM image

Correlation from the original fluorescence image to an appropriate EM image containing indentifiable fiducial markers is performed using the script martin\_correlate.

# 3.1 Executing the script

To execute the script and start the correlation simply run

```
martin_correlate(fmf,emf,gmf,rmf,outfileroot)
```

in the MATLAB command line.

It requires the following input parameters:

- 1. fmf path to FM image file containing fiducial information (1344×1024 pixel, 8 or 16bit tiff-file)
- 2. emf path to EM image file containing visible fiducials (2048×2048 pixel, 8 or 16bit tiff-file)
- 3. gmf path to FM image file containing point of interest in first channel considered to be GFP (same dimensions and format as fmf)
- 4. rmf path to FM image file containing point of interest in second channel considered to be RFP (same dimensions and format as fmf)
- 5. outfileroot directory and name base for generating output files.

# 3.2 Output and generated files

The following files are generated by the correlation script during runtime. The name base is referred to as BASE. An appended XFP refers to the fluorescent channel chosen for correlation. The selected correlation that was used is denoted by either the transform number or all in case the transformation based on all beads was chosen (#).

• BASE\_picked1.txt - Plain text file containing the coordinates of fiducial pairs after subpixel fitting.

• BASE.pickspots1.mat - Fiducial pair coordinates, input parameters, selected fluorescent channel and clicked fluorescence spot - MATLAB format.

```
243 save([outfileroot,file,'.pickspots1.mat'], 'ip','bp','emf','fmf','gmf','rmf');
```

• BASE\_XFP\_fluoshift.shiftcoos.mat - Coordinates from bleed-through fiducials to determine shift in between the acquisition of images.(within martin\_chromaticshift\_drift2 sub-script)

```
41 save([outfileroot,'_',fluorsel,'_fluoshift.shiftcoos.mat'],'XY')
```

- BASE\_XFP\_#\_pred.tif Overlay image showing the predicted and actual positions of the fiducials in EM coordinates. (size of EM-image, 16bit tiff-file)
- BASE\_XFP\_#\_prediction.tif Circle marking the position of the transformed coordinate of the spot of interest. (all images with same properties)
- BASE\_XFP\_#\_pred\_overlay.tif Overlay of the prediction circle and EM image
- BASE\_XFP\_#\_fm.tif Transformed fluorescent fiducial image

- BASE\_XFP\_#\_em.tif electron microscopy image
- BASE\_XFP\_#\_gm.tif Transformed image of first fluorescence channel (GFP)
- BASE\_XFP\_#\_rm.tif Transformed image of second fluorescence channel (RFP)
- $\bullet \ \mathtt{BASE\_XFP\_\#\_tfmed.tif} \mathrm{Transformed} \ \mathrm{fluorescence} \ \mathrm{fiducial} \ \mathrm{coordinates}$
- $\bullet \ \mathtt{BASE\_XFP\_\#\_pickedem.tif} \mathrm{Picked} \ \mathrm{EM} \ \mathrm{coordinates}$
- BASE\_XFP\_#\_transform.log Plain text file containing the source files used for correlation, the transformed spot coordinates and various information about the used transformation