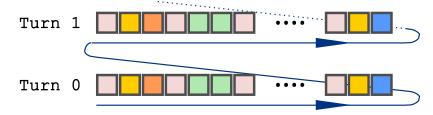
SixTrackLib: A Library for GPU Accelerated Single-Particle Tracking

Martin Schwinzerl, Riccardo De Maria, Giovanni Iadarola, Hannes Bartosik, Konstantinos Paraschou (CERN) Adrian Oeftiger, Vera Chetvertkova (GSI)

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Motivation

Tracking one particle over lattice → sequential operation



- Tracking over $N_T \geq 10^4 \dots 10^8$ turns \rightarrow numerically expensive
- Tracking $N_P\gg 1$ non-interacting particles over lattice



 Idea: Reimplement Core of SixTrack as a stand-alone library, suitable for (massively) parallel systems → SixTrackLib

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SixTrackLib: Features

- SixTrackLib: https://github.com/SixTrack/sixtracklib
- OpenCL 1.2, CUDA, SIMD Auto-Vectorisation / C, C++, Python3
- Particles: 6D Phase-Space $\{x,y,p_x,p_y,\zeta,\delta\}$

Common Implementation (C99, header-only) for physics models accross all architectures, languages, ...

- Beam-Elements
 - ▶ Drift, DriftExact,
 - ► Multipole, DipoleEdge
 - Cavity, RFMultipole,
 - ► Limit (Rect, Ellipse, Rect+Ellipse)
 - XYShift, SRotation,
 - ► Beam-Fields: Coasting & Bunched Frozen Space-Charge, 6D/4D BeamBeam,...
- Related Python-Centric Projects

cobjects: https://github.com/SixTrack/cobjects

pysixtrack: https://github.com/SixTrack/pysixtrack

sixtracktools: https://github.com/SixTrack/sixtracktools

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Example: Create Lattice, Tracking Using The CPU

```
In [1]: | import sixtracklib as st
        # Build a Fodo Lattice
        lattice = st.Elements()
        quad f = lattice.Multipole(knl=[0.0, 0.165])
        drift01 = lattice.Drift(length=10.0)
        quad d = lattice.Multipole(knl=[0.0, -0.165])
        drift02 = lattice.Drift(length=10.0)
        # Create a beam with a set of particles for tracking
        beam = st.ParticlesSet()
         particles = beam.Particles(num particles=10, p0c=4.5e11)
        # Save lattice and particle states to files for later re-use
        lattice.to file('./example lattice.bin')
         beam.to file('./example particles.bin')
        # Create a CPU SixTrackLib TrackJob
        job = st.TrackJob(lattice, beam)
         status = job.track until( 1 )
        job.collect particles()
        print( f"particles at turn: {particles.at_turn}")
```

particles at turn: [1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]

Example: Import Lattice From MAD-X

```
In [2]: | # Using cpymad and pysixtrack
         from cpymad.madx import Madx
         import numpy as np
         import pysixtrack as pyst
        m p = 938e6 \# [m p] = 1 eV
         c0 = 299792458.0 \# [c0] = 1 m/s
         beam = st.ParticlesSet()
         p0c = 450e9 \# [p0c] = 1 eV
         Etot = np.sqrt( p0c * p0c + m p * m p * c0 ** 4 ) * 1e-9 \# [Etot] = 1 \ GeV !!!
         particles = beam.Particles(num particles=10, p0c=4.5e11)
        mad = Madx()
         mad.call(file="fodo.madx")
         mad.command.beam(particle="proton", energy=str(Etot))
         mad.use(sequence="FODO")
         fodo = mad.sequence.F0D0
         pyst line = pyst.Line.from madx sequence(fodo, exact drift=True)
         pyst line.remove zero length drifts(inplace=True)
         lattice = st.Elements()
         lattice.append line( pyst line )
         # .... Continue like above ...
```

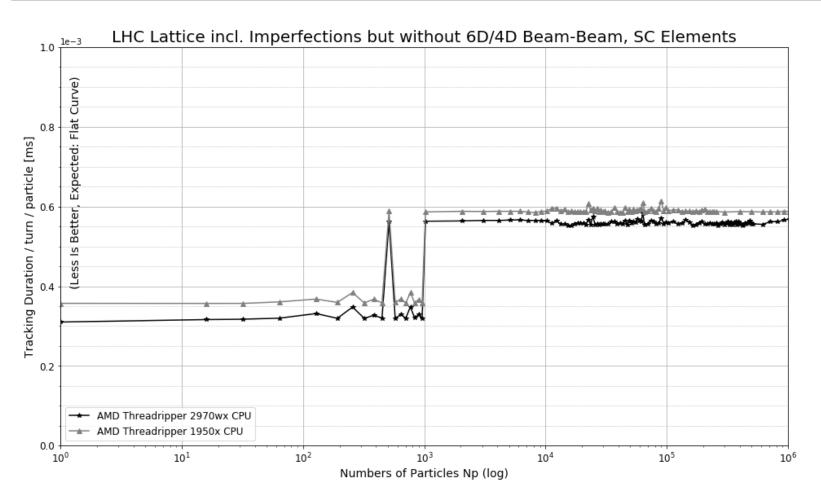
Example: OpenCL Tracking (GPU or CPU)

```
In [3]: | # Same lattice and beam definition, but now track on an OpenCL device
        # First: find out which devices are available
         !clinfo -l
        Platform #0: Portable Computing Language
         `-- Device #0: pthread-Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-5300U CPU @ 2.30GHz
        Platform #1: Intel(R) OpenCL
         +-- Device #0: Intel(R) HD Graphics
         `-- Device #1: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-5300U CPU @ 2.30GHz
        Platform #2: Experimental OpenCL 2.1 CPU Only Platform
         `-- Device #0: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-5300U CPU @ 2.30GHz
In [4]: | # Then create an OpenCL track-job using one of the devices
         lattice = st.Elements.fromfile('./example lattice.bin')
         beam = st.ParticlesSet.fromfile( './example particles.bin')
         cl job = st.TrackJob(lattice, beam, device="opencl:2.0")
        # The rest is like before
         status = cl job.track until( 2 )
         cl job.collect particles()
         particles = beam.cbuffer.get object(0)
         print( f"particles at turn: {particles.at turn}")
```

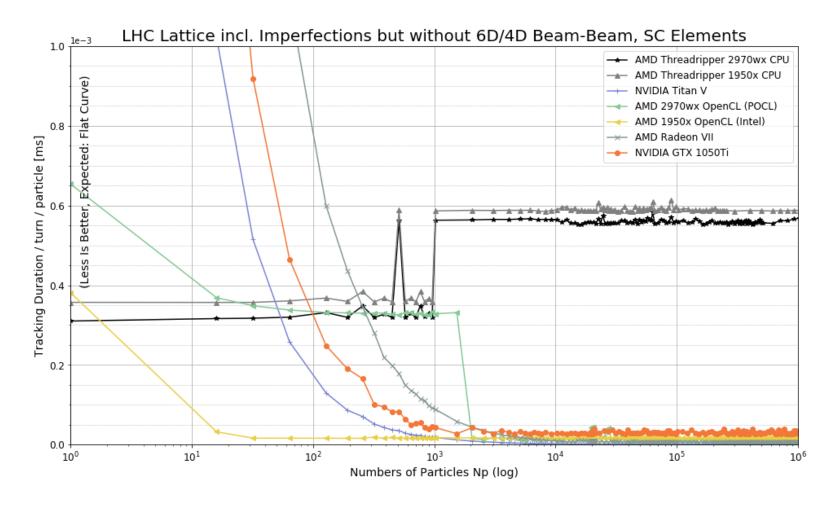
particles at turn: [2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2]

Scaling: LHC Lattice (Field Imperfections, no BB, no SC)

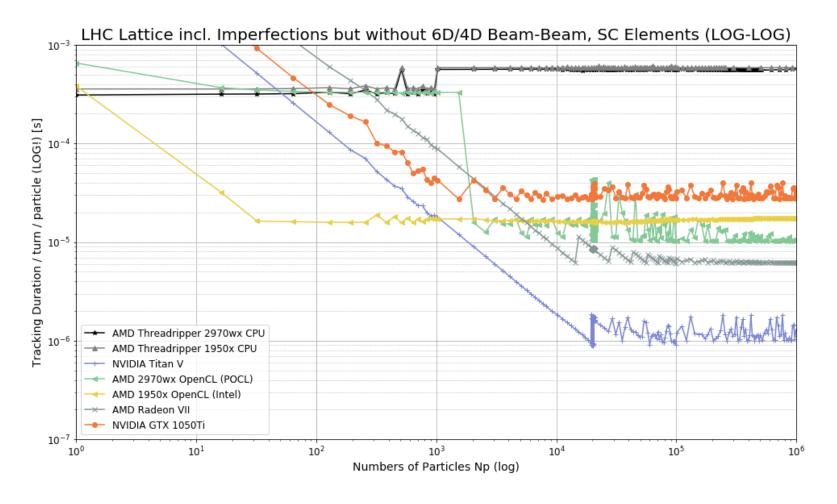
```
In [8]: plt = plot_cpu_comparison(plt, files)
   plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(16,9)
```



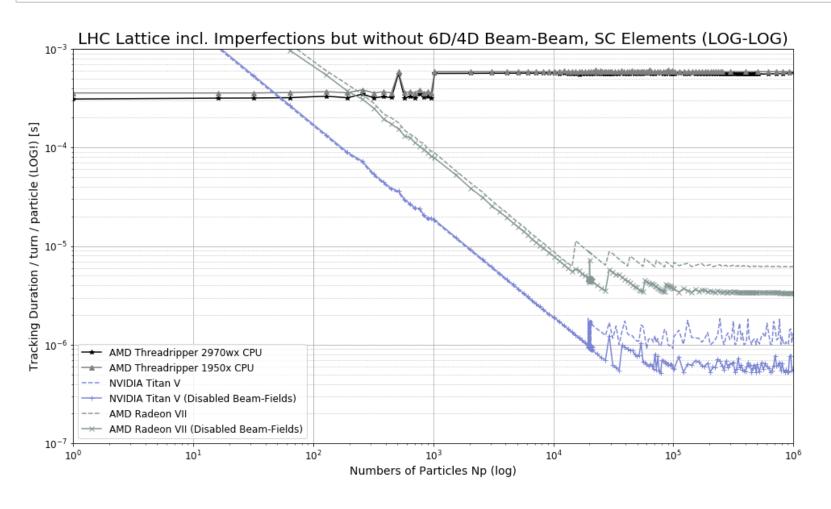
In [10]: plt = plot_cpu_vs_ocl_all_enabled(plt, files)
 plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(16,9)



In [12]: plt = plot_cpu_vs_ocl_all_enabled_log_log(plt, files)
 plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(16,9)



In [14]: plt = plot_cpu_vs_ocl_all_none_enabled_log_log(plt, files)
 plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"]=(16,9)



Status, Conclusion & Outlook

- SixTrackLib: 2-3 Ord. of Mag. Speedup (Depending on HW, Np, Lattice,...)
- Currently used as a "building-block" in dedicated studies
- Focus on testing, physics benchmarking, optimization
- Further Integration with Framworks like PyHEADTAIL
- API and ABI might still change / break → "Selected Experienced Users"
- Goals:
 - Use as an (optional) tracking backend for SixTrack
 - Prepare & Test use within the Framework of BOINC (LHC@Home)
 - C++ Bindings are fully templated → MultiPrec, SIMD, eventually TPSA

Thank You For Your Attention!

https://www.github.com/SixTrack/sixtracklib

- Related Studies, Publications, and Presentations (Selection):
 - A. Oeftiger "GPU accelerated space charge simulations using SixTrackLib and PyHEADTAIL" (4th ICFA Mini-Workshop on Space Charge 2019, CERN) https://indico.cern.ch/event/828559/contributions/3528454/
 - H. Bartosik "Studies on tune ripple" (4th ICFA Mini-Workshop on Space Charge 2019, CERN) https://indico.cern.ch/event/828559/contributions/3528378/
 - K. Paraschou "Symplectic kicks from an electron cloud pinch"
 (ABP Group Info Meeting, January 2020, CERN) https://indico.cern.ch/event/880340/

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