SASNets: Classifying Small Angle Scattering Data Using Convolutional Neural Networks

Chris Wang^{1, 2} Advisors: William Ratcliff² and Paul Kienzle²

¹Montgomery Blair High School, ²NIST Centre for Neutron Research

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Outline

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Results

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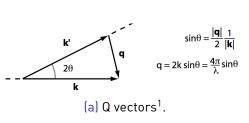
Conclusion

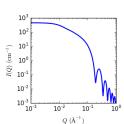
End Matter

End Matter

Introduction to SANS

- Probes matter structure with neutrons
- Uses neutron's special properties
- ▶ Model → Scattered pattern not invertible





(b) Example SANS result².

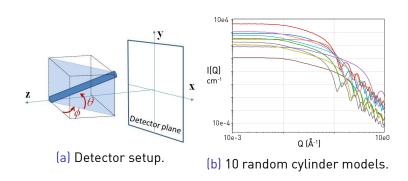
 $^{^2\}mbox{A.\,J.}$ Jackson, Introduction to small-angle neutron scattering and neutron reflectometry. 2008.

²SASView Documentation.

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SANS Data

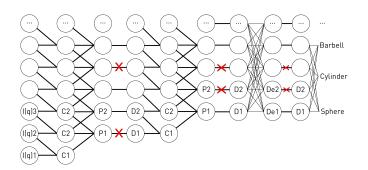
▶ 1D pattern is integral over all θ and ϕ



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Introduction to Convolutional Neural Networks

- Network of nodes (axons) and connections (synapses).
- ightharpoonup Convolutional operation on input \rightarrow spatial invariance.



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CNN Example

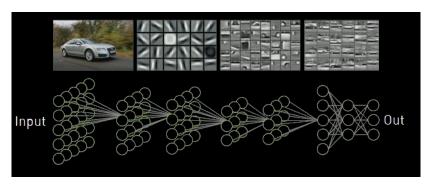
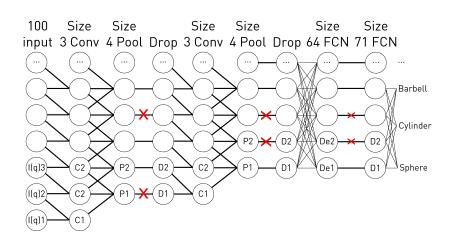
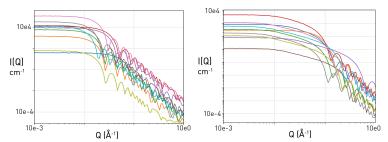


Figure 3: A CNN with features shown.

CNN Design



Classification Task



(a) 10 random sphere models. (b) 10 random cylinder models.

Implementation

- Implemented random data generation, model training, & model analysis
- Python 2.7, Tensorflow, Keras

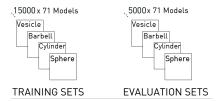


Figure 5: Data used in network.

Classification Results

- 54.9% validation accuracy on the 71 model set
- Ran for 34 epochs, 2 hours and 30 minutes
- Adam optimizer³ using multinominal logistic regression⁴

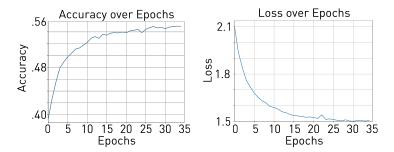
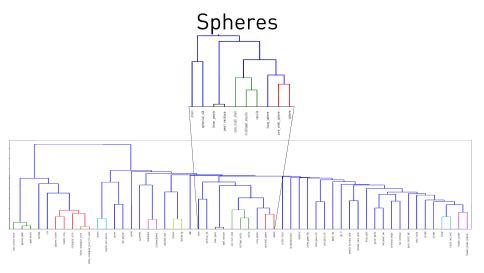


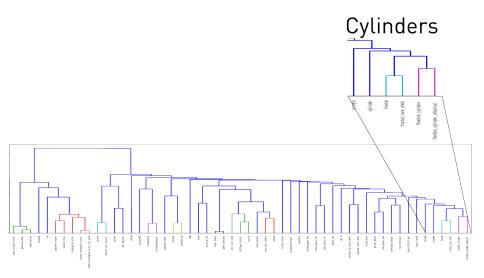
Figure 6: Accuracy and Validation graphs

³Kingma and J.Ba, "Adam: A method for stochastic optimization," arXiv preprint.

⁴S. Menard, Applied logistic regression analysis, vol. 106. Sage, 2002.

Classification Results





Conclusion & Next Steps

Conclusion

- Demonstrate CNN can make significant progress on model classification problem
- Implemented network capable of 54.9% accuracy on 71 model set
- Found that network finds groups of models from raw data
- Current data unrealistic, expand model to real data ranges

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Questions

Any Questions? Thanks for listening!

More information can be found at sasnets.readthedocs.io.