## Homework Assignment 2

**Due Date:** March 4, 2022, 23:59

EXERCISE 1. Suppose you have to process n advance bookings of rooms for a hotel with k identical rooms. Bookings contain an arrival date and a departure date. You have to find out whether there are enough rooms in the hotel to satisfy the demands.

Design an algorithm that solves this problem in time  $O(n \log n)$ .

**Hint.** Sort the set of all arrivals and departures and process it in sorted order. Choose the most appropriate sorting algorithm for this problem.

total points: 10

EXERCISE 2. It is easy to check to check whether an algorithm produces a sorted output. It is less easy to check whether the output is also a permutation of the input. However, for integers there exists a fast and simple algorithm:

(i) Show that  $[e_1, \ldots, e_{n_i}]$  is a permutation of  $[e'_1, \ldots, e'_{n_i}]$  iff the polynomial

$$P(x) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} (x - e_i) - \prod_{i=1}^{n} (x - e'_i)$$

in the variable x is identically zero.

(ii) For any  $\varepsilon > 0$  let p be a prime with  $p > \max\{n/\varepsilon, e_1, \dots, e_{n_i}, e'_1, \dots, e'_{n_i}\}$ . The idea is to evaluate the above polynomial P(x) modulo p for a random value  $x \in [0, p-1]$ .

Show that if  $[e_1, \ldots, e_{n_i}]$  is not a permutation of  $[e'_1, \ldots, e'_{n_i}]$ , then the result of the evaluation is zero with probability at most  $\varepsilon$ .

**Hint.** A non-zero polynomial of degree n has at most n zeroes.

total points: 11

Exercise 3. Show how to reverse the order of elements on a stack S

- (i) using two additional stacks;
- (ii) using one additional queue;
- (iii) using one additional stack and some additional non-array variables.

total points: 9

EXERCISE 4. Implement bucket sort on sequences represented by unbounded arrays: The input is a sequence of real numbers x in the range  $a \le x < b$ . For a sequence of length n split [a,b) into n equi-distant buckets  $B_i$   $(0 \le i \le n-1)$ , i.e. intervals  $B_i = [a_i,a_{i+1})$  with  $a_i = a + i \cdot \frac{b-a}{n}$ . Use insertion sort to insert each element x of the input sequence into a list  $\ell_i$ , provided  $x \in B_i$  holds, then concatenate the lists  $\ell_0, \ldots, \ell_{n-1}$  to obtain the sorted output list

**Programming instructions.** Use the class template ALIST and create a derived class template BLIST with a member function bucketsort.

**Testing instructions.** Test your program on a list containing 500 random integers in the range [-1000, 1000). Use append to create the list.

The test-file test.cpp is provided.

total points: 20