

Lab 10

EXERCISE 1. Explore the definition of the class `GRAPH`:

- (i) Represent graphs of your choice and explore the operations to find outgoing edges, to insert vertices and edges, and to remove them.
- (ii) Implement an operation *incomingEdges* that returns for a given vertex v all edges (w, v) in your graph.
- (iii) Modify the class such that an edge is stored only once, but participates in two doubly linked lists providing outgoing and incoming edges of different nodes (see slide 299).
- (iv) Compare the space requirements of your modified class with the original class `GRAPH`.
- (v) Compare the time required for basic operations (insertion/deletion of edges, determination of outgoing/incoming edges) of your modified class with the original class `GRAPH`.

EXERCISE 2. Extend the definition of the class `GRAPH` to a class `GRAPHTRAVERSAL`:

- (i) Implement breadth-first search on graphs.
- (ii) Implement depth-first search on graphs.
- (iii) Extend the provided test cases.

The following exercise is suggested for further studying graph exploration.

EXERCISE 3.

- (i) Use a directed graph to represent the search for the n -queens problem discussed in the lectures. Implement the backtracking-based algorithm to solve this problem.
- (ii) Implement the branch-and-bound strategy for the travelling salesman problem.
- (iii) Implement a backtracking algorithm to find a path out of a maze.