ECE 445

SENIOR DESIGN LABORATORY

INDIVIDUAL PROGRESS REPORT

Project #114

AN AWESOME PROJECT MADE BY AN AMAZING TEAM

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<u>TA</u>: Hello World **Sponsor**: Your Professor

Abstract

Put your abstract here

Keywords Keyword 1, keyword 2, keyword 3

Contents

1	Introduction	1
	1.1 Problem statement	
	1.2 Importance	1
	1.3 Literature Review	1
2	Methodology	3
3	Results	4
4	Discussion	5
5	Conclusion	6
Re	eferences	7
A	Example	8
	A.1 Some Test Data	9
	A.2 Derivation of Square Law	9

1 Introduction

1.1 Problem statement

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1.2 Importance

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} f^{(n)}(x_0) (x - x_0)^n, x \in U(x_0)$$

$$e^{ix} = 1 + ix + \frac{1}{2!} (ix)^2 + \frac{1}{3!} (ix)^3 + \dots + \frac{1}{n!} (ix)^n + \dots$$

$$= 1 + ix - \frac{1}{2!} x^2 - i \frac{1}{3!} x^3 + \frac{1}{4!} x^4 + i \frac{1}{5!} x^5 - \dots$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{1}{2!} x^2 + \frac{1}{4!} x^4 - \dots\right) + i \left(x - \frac{1}{3!} x^3 + \frac{1}{5!} x^5 - \dots\right)$$

$$= \cos x + i \sin x$$

$$(1.1)$$

1.3 Literature Review

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.[1], [3], [4].

```
#include < stdio.h >
void fuzzy(int x) {
    return x;
}

int main() {
    int a = 0, b, c;
    scanf("%d", &b);
    c = b;
```

```
9     if (a == b)
10         a = fuzzy(c);
11     else
12         b = fuzzy(a);
13     printf("%d\n", a, fuzzy(c));
14     return 0;
15 }
```

2 Methodology

Test the ability to print some units, say (in texts), $10\times10^5\,\mu\text{m}\cdot\Omega\cdot^\circ$. It also applies to equations,

$$R_t = 10 \times 10^5 \,\mu\text{m} \cdot \Omega \cdot ^{\circ} \tag{2.1}$$

3 Results

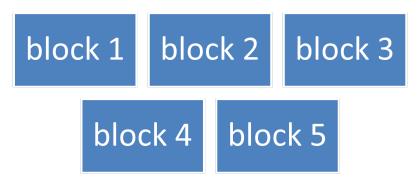


Figure 3.1 An example figure.

4 Discussion

5 Conclusion

References

- [1] Y. Li and J. Fang, "测量半导体中少子漂移迁移率和扩散长度的新方法 [New Method of Determining Excess Carrier Bipolar Mobility]," 半导体学报 [Chinese Journals of Semiconductors], vol. 20, no. 12, pp. 1129–1131, Dec. 1999. [Online]. Available: http://www.jos.ac.cn/fileBDTXB/oldPDF/2005092734449173.pdf.
- [2] J. R. Haynes and W. Shockley, "The Mobility and Life of Injected Holes and Electrons in Germanium," *Physical Review*, vol. 81, no. 5, pp. 835–843, Mar. 1, 1951. DOI: 10.1103/PhysRev.81.835.
- [3] J. A. Prufrock, *Lasers and Their Applications in Surface Science and Technology*, 2nd ed. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill, 2009.
- [4] J. R. Haynes and W. Shockley, "Investigation of Hole Injection in Transistor Action," *Physical Review*, vol. 75, no. 4, pp. 691–691, Feb. 15, 1949. DOI: 10.1103/PhysRev.75.691.

Individual Progress Report Example

A Example

An example piece of code:

```
# mp4.py
1
   # -----
2
   # Licensing Information: You are free to use or extend this projects for
   # educational purposes provided that (1) you do not distribute or publish
   # solutions, (2) you retain this notice, and (3) you provide clear
   \hbox{\it\# attribution to the $U$ niversity of Illinois at $U$ rbana-$Champaign}
6
   # Created Fall 2018: Margaret Fleck, Renxuan Wang, Tiantian Fang, Edward
8
      Huang (adapted from a U. Penn assignment)
   # Modified Spring 2020: Jialu Li, Guannan Guo, and Kiran Ramnath
   # Modified Fall 2020: Amnon Attali, Jatin Arora
10
   # Modified Spring 2021 by Kiran Ramnath
11
12
   Part 1: Simple baseline that only uses word statistics to predict tags
13
14
15
16
   def baseline(train, test):
17
18
       input: training data (list of sentences, with tags on the words)
19
20
                test data (list of sentences, no tags on the words)
       output: list of sentences, each sentence is a list of (word, taq) pairs.
21
22
                E.g., [[(word1, tag1), (word2, tag2)], [(word3, tag3), (word4,
       tag4)]]
       111
23
       tags_dict = {}
24
       words dict = {}
25
       for sentence in train:
26
27
           for words in sentence:
                word = words[0]
28
               tag = words[1]
29
                if word in words_dict:
30
                    if tag in words_dict[word]:
31
                        words_dict[word][tag] += 1
32
33
                    else:
                        words_dict[word][tag] = 1
34
35
                else:
                    words_dict[word] = {tag: 1}
36
                if tag in tags_dict:
37
                    tags_dict[tag] += 1
38
39
                else:
40
                    tags_dict[tag] = 1
41
```

Individual Progress Report Example

```
42
       return_list = []
       for sentence in test:
43
           temp = []
44
           for word in sentence:
45
                if word in words_dict:
46
                    temp.append((word, max(words_dict[word], key=words_dict[
47
      word].get)))
                else:
48
                    temp.append((word, max(tags_dict, key=tags_dict.get)))
49
           return_list.append(temp)
50
51
52
       return return_list
```

A.1 Some Test Data

A.2 Derivation of Square Law

Acknowledgement

Thank you thank you!