

An Object Oriented Finite Element Library

Reference Guide

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Contents

1	Module Index 1.1 Modules	3
2	Namespace Index	5
3	Hierarchical Index 3.1 Class Hierarchy	7 7
4	Class Index 4.1 Class List	11 11
5	5.13 Shape Function 1 5.14 Solid Mechanics 1 5.15 Solver 1 5.16 Utilities 1	17 18 19 35 36 40 43 44 45 46 47 105 107 108 1126
6	f 1	157 157
7	7.1 AbsEqua < T_ > Class Template Reference 1 7.2 Bar2DL2 Class Reference 1 7.3 Beam3DL2 Class Reference 1 7.4 BiotSavart Class Reference 2 7.5 BMatrix < T_ > Class Template Reference 2 7.6 Brick Class Reference 2 7.7 Circle Class Reference 2 7.8 DC1DL2 Class Reference 2	179 197 214 219 226 228

CONTENTS

	DC2DT6 Class Reference	
7.11	DC3DAT3 Class Reference	297
7.12	DC3DT4 Class Reference	318
7.13	DMatrix $<$ T ₋ $>$ Class Template Reference	340
7.14	Domain Class Reference	357
7.15	DSMatrix $< T >$ Class Template Reference	362
	EC2D1T3 Class Reference	
	Edge Class Reference	
	EdgeList Class Reference	
	EigenProblemSolver Class Reference	
	Elas2DQ4 Class Reference	
	Elas2DT3 Class Reference	
	Elas3DH8 Class Reference	
	Elas3DT4 Class Reference	
	Element Class Reference	
	ElementList Class Reference	
	Ellipse Class Reference	
	Equa_Electromagnetics< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference	
	Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference	
	Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference	
	Equa_Solid< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference	
	Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference	
	Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference	
	Estimator Class Reference	
	FastMarching2D Class Reference	
	FEShape Class Reference	
	Figure Class Reference	
	FMM2D Class Reference	
	FMM3D Class Reference	
	FMMSolver Class Reference	
	Funct Class Reference	
	Gauss Class Reference	
7.42	Grid Class Reference	587
7.43	HelmholtzBT3 Class Reference	589
7.44	Hexa8 Class Reference	603
7.45	ICPG1D Class Reference	605
7.46	ICPG2DT Class Reference	613
7.47	ICPG3DT Class Reference	620
7.48	IOField Class Reference	625
	IPF Class Reference	626
	$Iter < T_{-} > Class \ Template \ Reference \ \dots $	635
	Laplace1DL2 Class Reference	636
	Laplace1DL3 Class Reference	651
7.53	Laplace2DFVT Class Reference	667
7.54	Laplace2DMHRT0 Class Reference	682
7.51	Laplace2DT3 Class Reference	697
	LCL1D Class Reference	714
	LCL2DT Class Reference	719
	LCL3DT Class Reference	719
	Line2 Class Reference	730
/ htt	Line OLI Class Deference	1/11/1
	Line2H Class Reference	
7.61	Line3 Class Reference	735
7.61 7.62		733 735 737

CONTENTS

7.64 LocalVect $<$ T $$, N $>$ Class Template Reference	744
7.65 Material Class Reference	746
7.66 Matrix $< T >$ Class Template Reference	749
7.67 Mesh Class Reference	758
7.68 Muscl Class Reference	779
7.69 Muscl1D Class Reference	783
7.70 Muscl2DT Class Reference	786
7.71 Muscl3DT Class Reference	790
7.72 Node Class Reference	793
7.73 NodeList Class Reference	
7.74 NSP2DQ41 Class Reference	799
7.75 ODESolver Class Reference	816
7.76 Partition Class Reference	823
7.77 Penta6 Class Reference	827
7.78 PETScMatrix $<$ T $>$ Class Template Reference	829
7.79 PETScVect< T ₋ > Class Template Reference	
7.80 PETScWrapper< T_ > Class Template Reference	
7.81 PhaseChange Class Reference	
7.82 Point< T_> Class Template Reference	871
7.83 Point2D $<$ T $>$ Class Template Reference	
7.84 Polygon Class Reference	
7.85 $Prec < T > Class Template Reference$	
7.86 Prescription Class Reference	883
7.87 Quad4 Class Reference	884
7.88 Reconstruction Class Reference	
7.89 Rectangle Class Reference	889
7.90 Side Class Reference	
7.91 SideList Class Reference	897
7.92 SkMatrix $<$ T $>$ Class Template Reference	
7.93 SkSMatrix< T_> Class Template Reference	
7.94 Sphere Class Reference	
7.95 SpMatrix < T_ > Class Template Reference	
7.96 SteklovPoincare2DBE Class Reference	
7.97 Tabulation Class Reference	
7.98 Tetra4 Class Reference	
7.99 Timer Class Reference	
7.100TimeStepping Class Reference	
7.101TINS2DT3B Class Reference	951
7.102Triang3 Class Reference	966
7.103Triang6S Class Reference	969
7.104Triangle Class Reference	971
7.105Triangle Class Reference	974
7.106TrMatrix< T ₋ > Class Template Reference	976
7.107UserData $<$ T ₋ $>$ Class Template Reference	984
7.108 Vect $<$ T $_{-}$ $>$ Class Template Reference	988
Index	1015

CONTENTS

Module Index

1.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:	
OFELI	47
Conservation Law Equations	17
Electromagnetics	18
Finite Element Mesh	19
Fluid Dynamics	35
General Purpose Equations	36
Global Variables	4 0
Heat Transfer	43
Input/Output	44
	45
Laplace equation	46
Physical properties of media	05
Shape Function	06
Solid Mechanics	07
Solver	08
Utilities	26
Vector and Matrix	48

Namespace Index

Hierarchical Index

3.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically: AbsEqua < complex_t >	77
Equation < complex_t, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >	
	81
1	70
	89
AbsEqua < double >	
Equation < double, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >	
•	رو 24
	24 36
AbsEqua < real_t >	
Equation < real_t, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >	
	81
	95
	51
1 , , , ,	95
2	99
	10
1	36
	10
1	51
	10
1	67
1	82
1	97
	10
	24
	97
	24
	7 9
	24
	15
Equa_Solid < real_t, 4, 12, 3, 9 >	24
Elas3DT4	53

Equa_Solid < real_t, 4, 8, 2, 4 >
Elas2DQ4
Equa_Therm $<$ real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 $>$
DC1DL2
Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >
DC2DT3 252
DC3DAT3
Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >
DC3DT4
Equa_Therm< real_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >
DC2DT6
LocalMatrix < complex_t, NEE_, NEE_ >
LocalMatrix < complex_t, NSE_, NSE_ >
LocalMatrix< double, NEE_, NEE_>
LocalMatrix< double, NSE_, NSE_>
LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_>
LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_>
LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_>
$Local Matrix < T_{-}, NSE_{-}, NSE_{-} > \dots \qquad$
LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_>
$Local Vect < complex_t, NSE_> \ldots $
LocalVect< double, NEE_>
LocalVect< double, NSE_>
LocalVect< real_t, NEE_>
$Local Vect < real_t, NSE_> \ldots$
LocalVect< T_, NEE_ >
LocalVect< T_, NSE_>
$AbsEqua < T_{-} > \dots 177$
Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >
Equa_Electromagnetics < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >
Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >
Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>
Equa_Solid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >
Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>
BiotSavart
Domain
Edge
EigenProblemSolver
Element
ElementList
0
FEShape
Hexa8
Line2
Line2H
Line3
Penta6
Quad4
Tetra4
triangle

Triang3 96 Triang6S 96	
Figure	
Brick	
Circle	28
Ellipse	
Polygon	77
Rectangle	
Sphere	21
Triangle	74
FMM2D	80
FMM3D	
FMMSolver	
Funct	
Gauss	
Grid	
IOField	
IPF	
Iter< T_>	
LinearSolver $<$ T $>$	
LocalMatrix $<$ T ₋ , NR ₋ , NC ₋ $>$	42
LocalVect $<$ T $_{-}$, N $_{-}$ >	44
Material	46
$Matrix < T > \dots $ 74	49
BMatrix $<$ T $>$	19
DMatrix < T_ >	
DSMatrix< T_>	-
SkMatrix $<$ T $_{-}>$	
SkSMatrix $<$ T $_{-}>$	-
SpMatrix $<$ T $_{-}$ >	23
$\operatorname{TrMatrix} < T_{-} > \dots $	76
Mesh	58
Muscl	
Muscl1D	
ICPG1D	
LCL1D	
Muscl2DT	
ICPG2DT	
LCL2DT	
Muscl3DT	
ICPG3DT	
LCL3DT 72	24
Node	93
NodeList	98
ODESolver	16
Partition	23
$PETScMatrix < T_{-} > \dots \qquad 82$	29
$PETScVect < T_{-} > \dots $	41
$PETScWrapper < T_{-} > \dots \qquad$	62
PhaseChange	70
$Point < T_{-} > \dots $	71
$Point2D < T_{-} > \dots $ 87	74

CHAPTER 3. HIERARCHICAL INDEX

$\operatorname{Prec} < \operatorname{T}_{-} > \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$	 87	9
Prescription	 88	3
Reconstruction	 88	7
6ide	 89	1
SideList	 89	7
SteklovPoincare2DBE	 94	0
Гabulation	 94	.2
Cimer	 94	.5
FimeStepping	 94	:6
$JserData < T > \dots$	 98	4
$Vect < T > \dots $	 98	8
Point< real_t >	 87	1
extstyle ext	 98	4
Vect< real_t >	 98	8

Class Index

4.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:		
AbsEqua $<$ T $_{-}$ $>$		4 ===
Mother abstract class to describe equation		177
Bar2DL2	DOE /D	
To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 of Freedom) per node		179
Beam3DL2		
To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-nod	e lines	197
BiotSavart		
Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current der Biot-Savart formula	, ,	214
BMatrix< T ₋ >		
To handle band matrices		219
Brick		
To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure		226
Circle		
To store and treat a circular figure		228
DC1DL2		
Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection 2-Node elements		231
DC2DT3		
Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convect mains using 3-Node triangles		252
DC2DT6		
Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convect mains using 6-Node triangles		277
DC3DAT3		
Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convect mains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles		201
DC3DT4	. 	291
Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convect	ion in 3-D do-	
mains using 4-Node tetrahedra		318
DMatrix< T ₋ >		
To handle dense matrices		340
Domain		
To store and treat finite element geometric information		357

DSMatrix < T >	
To handle symmetric dense matrices	362
EC2D1T3	
Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation	370
Edge	200
To describe an edge	386
EdgeList Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties	389
EigenProblemSolver	305
Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, <i>i.e.</i> Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$ where $[K]$ and $[M]$ are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as <i>Stiffness</i> and <i>Mass</i> matrices respectively	390
Elas2DQ4 To build element equations for 2 D linearized electicity using 4 node quadrilet.	
To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals	395
Elas2DT3	390
To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles	415
Elas3DH8	110
To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra	436
Elas3DT4	
To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra	453
Element	
To store and treat finite element geometric information	469
ElementList	
Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties	478
Ellipse To store and treat an allipse idel figure	470
To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure	479
Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes	481
Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >	101
Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes	495
Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>	
Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation	510
Equa_Solid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >	
Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes	524
Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>	
Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes	541
Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >	FFC
Abstract class for all equation classes	555
Estimator To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution	574
FastMarching2D	374
To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids	575
FEShape	0,0
Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes	576
Figure	
To store and treat a figure (or shape) information	578
FMM2D	
Class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm	580
FMM3D	
Class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm	581

FMMSc		
Funct	The Fast Marching Method solver	583
Gauss	A simple class to parse real valued functions	584
Grid	Calculate data for Gauss integration	586
Helmho	1	587
Hexa8	Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using	589
	Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparame interpolation	
ICPG1I	Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D	605
ICPG2I	Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D	613
ICPG3E	Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect	620
IOField		625
IPF		626
Iter< T	_>	020
Laplace	1	635
•	To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P_1)	636
Laplace	To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P_2)	651
Laplace		
Laplace	2DMHRT0	007
	0 \	682
Laplace	To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle ele-	697
LCL1D	Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme	71.4
LCL2D		714
I CLOD	8	719
LCL3D'	Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite	724
Line2	To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element	730

Line2H		
Line3	To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element	73 3
	To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element	735
	olver< T_>	
	Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods	737
	trix < T, NR, NC > Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size	742
	ct < T, N > Handles small size vectors like element vectors	744
Material		,
	To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members	746
Matrix<	Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats	749
Mesh		
Muscl	To store and manipulate finite element meshes	758
	Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme	779
Muscl1E	Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme	783
Muscl2L		
Muscl3E	Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme	786
	Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra	790
Node	71	
	To describe a node	793
NodeLis		
NICDODO	Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties	798
NSP2DQ	Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D	
	domains using Q_1/P_0 element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition	790
ODESol		100
ODLOGI	To solve a system of ordinary differential equations	816
Partition		010
	To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes	823
Penta6	Defines a (made mentals dual finite element vois a D intermedation in least and	
	Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and Q_1 isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s. \leftarrow	
DDTC 1.	x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z)	827
PETScM	atrix < T >	000
DETC M	To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library	829
	To ben die general numeroe vectors voine Potes	011
	To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc	841
	$T_{apper} < T_{-} > T_{-}$ This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used	
	with OFELI	862
PhaseCh	nange This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material	870
Point<		
Point2D	Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates $\cdots \cdots \cdots$	871
	Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates	874

P. 1	
Polygon To atom and treat a nell-count figure	077
To store and treat a polygonal figure \dots Prec $<$ $T>$	877
To set a preconditioner	879
Prescription	017
To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable	883
Quad4	
Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using Q_1 isoparametric interpolation	884
Reconstruction	
To perform various reconstruction operations	887
Rectangle	000
To store and treat a rectangular figure	009
To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D) SideList	891
Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties	897
SkMatrix < T_ >	071
To handle square matrices in skyline storage format	898
SkSMatrix< T_>	
To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format	913
Sphere	
To store and treat a sphere	921
SpMatrix< T_>	000
To handle matrices in sparse storage format	923
Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie con-	
stant boundary elemen	940
Tabulation	710
To read and manipulate tabulated functions	942
Tetra4	
Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P ₁ interpo-	
lation	942
Timer	
To handle elapsed time counting	945
TimeStepping To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}$	946
TINS2DT3B	
Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles	951
Triang3	066
Defines a 3-Node (P ₁) triangle	900
Triang6S Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P_2 interpolation	969
triangle	209
Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges	??
Triangle	••
To store and treat a triangle	974
To handle tridiagonal matrices	976

UserData < T_ >	
Abstract class to define by user various problem data	. 984
Vect< T_>	
To handle general purpose vectors	. 988

Module Documentation

5.1 Conservation Law Equations

For solvers of conservation law equations.

Classes

• class ICPG1D

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D.

class ICPG2DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D.

class ICPG3DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D.

• class LCL1D

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

class LCL2DT

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

• class LCL3DT

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

class Muscl

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl1D

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl2DT

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl3DT

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

For solvers of conservation law equations.

5.2 Electromagnetics

Gathers electromagnetic equation classes.

Classes

• class BiotSavart

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

• class EC2D1T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

• class Equa_Electromagnetics< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

• class HelmholtzBT3

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Gathers electromagnetic equation classes.

5.3 Finite Element Mesh

Gathers mesh related classes.

Classes

• class Domain

 ${\it To store and treat finite element geometric information.}$

class Edge

To describe an edge.

• class Element

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class Figure

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

• class Rectangle

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

• class Brick

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

class Circle

To store and treat a circular figure.

• class Sphere

To store and treat a sphere.

• class Ellipse

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

class Triangle

To store and treat a triangle.

• class Polygon

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

• class Grid

To manipulate structured grids.

• class Mesh

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

class NodeList

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

class ElementList

 ${\it Class\ to\ construct\ a\ list\ of\ elements\ having\ some\ common\ properties}.$

• class SideList

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

• class EdgeList

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

class Node

To describe a node.

• class Partition

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

• class Side

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

Macros

• #define GRAPH_MEMORY 1000000

Memory necessary to store matrix graph.

• #define MAX_NB_ELEMENTS 10000

Maximal Number of elements.

• #define MAX_NB_NODES 10000

Maximal number of nodes.

• #define MAX_NB_SIDES 30000

Maximal number of sides in.

• #define MAX_NB_EDGES 30000

Maximal Number of edges.

• #define MAX_NBDOF_NODE 6

Maximum number of DOF supported by each node.

• #define MAX_NBDOF_SIDE 6

Maximum number of DOF supported by each side.

#define MAX_NBDOF_EDGE 2

Maximum number of DOF supported by each edge.

• #define MAX_NB_ELEMENT_NODES 20

Maximum number of nodes by element.

• #define MAX_NB_ELEMENT_EDGES 10

Maximum number of edges by element.

#define MAX_NB_SIDE_NODES 9

Maximum number of nodes by side.

• #define MAX_NB_ELEMENT_SIDES 8

Maximum number of sides by element.

#define MAX_NB_ELEMENT_DOF 27

Maximum number of dof by element.

• #define MAX_NB_SIDE_DOF 4

Maximum number of dof by side.

• #define MAX_NB_INT_PTS 20

Maximum number of integration points in element.

• #define MAX_NB_MATERIALS 10

Maximum number of materials.

- #define TheNode (*theNode)
- #define TheElement (*theElement)
- #define TheSide (*theSide)
- #define TheEdge (*theEdge)
- #define MeshElements(mesh) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).getElement());)
- #define MeshActiveElements(mesh) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).get← ActiveElement());)
- #define MeshNodeLoop(mesh, node) for ((mesh).topNode(); ((node)=(mesh).getNode());)
- #define MeshNodes(mesh) for ((mesh).topNode(); (theNode=(mesh).getNode());)
- #define MeshSides(mesh) for ((mesh).topSide(); (theSide=(mesh).getSide());)
- #define MeshSideSet(sl) for ((sl).top(); (theSide=(sl).get());)
- #define MeshBoundarySides(mesh) for ((mesh).topBoundarySide(); (theSide=(mesh).get← BoundarySide());)

- #define MeshEdges(mesh) for ((mesh).topEdge(); (theEdge=(mesh).getEdge());)
- #define the Node->n()
- #define theSideLabel theSide->n()

A macro that returns side label in a loop using macro MeshSides

#define theSideNodeLabel(i) theSide->getNodeLabel(i)

A macro that returns label of i-th node of side using macro MeshSides

• #define the Element Label the Element -> n()

A macro that returns element label in a loop using macro MeshElements

• #define the Element Node Label (i) the Element -> get Node Label (i)

A macro that returns label of i-th node of element using macro MeshElements

Functions

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Edge &ed)

Output edge data.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Element &el)

Output element data.

• Figure operator&& (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the intersection of two Figure instances.

• Figure operator- (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the set subtraction of two Figure instances.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Material &m)

Output material data.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Mesh &ms)

Output mesh data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const NodeList &nl)

Output NodeList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const ElementList &el)

Output ElementList instance.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SideList &sl)

Output SideList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const EdgeList &el)

Output EdgeList instance.

• size_t Label (const Node &nd)

Return label of a given node.

• size_t Label (const Element &el)

Return label of a given element.

• size_t Label (const Side &sd)

Return label of a given side.

• size_t Label (const Edge &ed)

Return label of a given edge.

size_t NodeLabel (const Element &el, size_t n)

Return global label of node local label in element.

• size_t NodeLabel (const Side &sd, size_t n)

Return global label of node local label in side.

• Point< real_t > Coord (const Node &nd)

Return coordinates of a given node.

• int Code (const Node &nd, size_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) node.

• int Code (const Element &el)

Return code of a given element.

• int Code (const Side &sd, size_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) side.

• bool operator== (const Element &el1, const Element &el2)

Check equality between 2 elements.

• bool operator== (const Side &sd1, const Side &sd2)

Check equality between 2 sides.

void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const Vect < real_t > &u, real_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field.

• void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const PETScVect< real_t > &u, real_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field as instance of PETScVect.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real_t > &u1, Vect< real_t > &u2, size_t nx, size_t ny=0, size_t nz=0, size_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real_t > &u1, Vect< real_t > &u2, const Point< real_t > &xmin, const Point< real_t > &xmax, size_t nx, size_t ny, size_t nz, size_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

• real_t getMaxSize (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal size of element edges for given mesh.

• real_t getMinSize (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal size of element edges for given mesh.

• real_t getMinElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real_t getMinSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real_t getMaxSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real_t getMeanElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real_t getMeanSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

void setNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundaryNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setSideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundarySideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setElementCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code)

Assign a given code to all elements satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• int NodeInElement (const Node *nd, const Element *el)

Say if a given node belongs to a given element.

- int NodeInSide (const Node *nd, const Side *sd)
 - Say if a given node belongs to a given side.
- int SideInElement (const Side *sd, const Element *el)
 - Say if a given side belongs to a given element.
- ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Node &nd)
 - Output node data.
- ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Side &sd)
 - Output side data.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Gathers mesh related classes.

5.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#define GRAPH_MEMORY 1000000

Memory necessary to store matrix graph.

This value is necessary only if nodes are to be renumbered.

#define TheNode (*theNode)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Node

#define The Element (*the Element)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Element

#define TheSide (*theSide)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Side

#define TheEdge (*theEdge)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Edge

#define MeshElements(mesh) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).getElement());)

A macro to loop on mesh elements mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Element to current Element

#define MeshActiveElements(mesh) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).getActiveElement());)

A macro to loop on mesh active elements *mesh*: Instance of Mesh

Note

- : Each iteration updates the pointer the Element to current Element
- : This macro is necessary only if adaptive meshing is used

#define MeshNodeLoop(mesh, node) for ((mesh).topNode(); ((node)=(mesh).getNode());)

A macro to loop on mesh nodes mesh: Instance of Mesh node: Pointer to pointed node

#define MeshNodes(mesh) for ((mesh).topNode(); (theNode=(mesh).getNode());)

A macro to loop on mesh nodes mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Node to current Node

#define MeshBoundaryNodes(mesh) for ((mesh).topBoundaryNode(); (theNode=(mesh).getBoundaryNode());)

A macro to loop on mesh nodes mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Node to current Node

#define MeshSides(mesh) for ((mesh).topSide(); (theSide=(mesh).getSide());)

A macro to loop on mesh sides mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Side to current Side

#define MeshSideSet(sl) for ((sl).top(); (theSide=(sl).get());)

A macro to loop on a subset of mesh sides s1: Instance of SideList class

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Side to current Side

#define MeshBoundarySides(mesh) for ((mesh).topBoundarySide(); (theSide=(mesh).getBoundarySide());)

A macro to loop on mesh boundary sides mesh: Instance of Mesh Notes:

- List of boundary sides must have been previously created by using class SideList
- Each iteration updates the pointer the Side to current Side

#define MeshEdges(mesh) for ((mesh).topEdge(); (theEdge=(mesh).getEdge());)

A macro to loop on mesh edges mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Edge to current Edge

#define the Node->n()

A macro that returns node label in a loop using macro MeshNodes

5.3.3 Function Documentation

Figure operator&& (const Figure & f1, const Figure & f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the intersection of two Figure instances. Function to define a Figure instance as the union of two Figure instances.

Parameters

in	f1	First Figure instance
in	f2	Second Figure instance

Returns

Updated resulting Figure instance

Figure operator- (const Figure & f1, const Figure & f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the set subtraction of two Figure instances.

Parameters

in	f1	First Figure instance to subtract from
in	<i>f</i> 2	Second Figure instance to subtract

Returns

Updated resulting Figure instance

size_t Label (const Node & nd)

Return label of a given node.

Parameters

in	nd	Reference to Node instance
----	----	----------------------------

Returns

Label of node

size_t Label (const Element & el)

Return label of a given element.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
----	----	-------------------------------

Returns

Label of element

size_t Label (const Side & sd)

Return label of a given side.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
----	----	----------------------------

Returns

Label of side

size_t Label (const Edge & ed)

Return label of a given edge.

Parameters

in	ed	Reference to Edge instance

Returns

Label of edge

size_t NodeLabel (const Element & el, size_t n)

Return global label of node local label in element.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	n	Local label of node in element

Returns

Global label of node

size_t NodeLabel (const Side & sd, size_t n)

Return global label of node local label in side.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	n	Local label of node in side

Returns

Global label of node

Point < real_t > Coord (const Node & nd)

Return coordinates of a given node.

Parameters

i	n	nd	Reference to Node instance
---	---	----	----------------------------

Returns

Coordinates of node

int Code (const Node & nd, size_t i = 1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) node.

Parameters

in	nd	Reference to Node instance
in	i	Label of dof [Default: 1]

Returns

Code of dof of node

int Code (const Element & el)

Return code of a given element.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
----	----	-------------------------------

Returns

Code of element

int Code (const Side & sd, size_t i = 1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) side.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	i	Label of dof [Default: 1]

Returns

Code of dof of side

operator== (const Element & el1, const Element & el2)

Check equality between 2 elements.

Parameters

in	el1	Reference to first Side instance
in	el2	Reference to second Side instance

Returns

true is elements are equal, *i.e.* if they have the same nodes, false if not.

bool operator== (const Side & sd1, const Side & sd2)

Check equality between 2 sides.

Parameters

in	sd1	Reference to first Side instance
in	sd2	Reference to second Side instance

Returns

true is sides are equal, *i.e.* if they have the same nodes, false if not.

void DeformMesh (Mesh & mesh, const Vect < real_t > & u, real_t a = 1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field.

Parameters

in,out	mesh	Mesh instance. On output, node coordinates are modified to take into account the displacement
in	и	Displacement field at nodes
in	а	Amplification factor [Default: 1]. The displacement is multiplied by a before to be added to node coordinates

void DeformMesh (Mesh & mesh, const PETScVect < real_t > & u, real_t a = 1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field as instance of PETScVect.

Parameters

in,out	mesh	Mesh instance. On output, node coordinates are modified to take into account the displacement
in	и	Displacement field at nodes
in	а	Amplification factor [Default: 1]. The displacement is multiplied by a before to be added to node coordinates

void MeshToMesh (Mesh & m1, Mesh & m2, const Vect< real_t > & u1, Vect< real_t > & u2, size_t nx, size_t ny = 0, size_t nz = 0.

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

The program interpolates (piecewise linear) first the vector on a finer structured grid. Then the values on the new mesh nodes are computed.

Remarks

For efficiency the number of grid cells must be large enough so that interpolation provides efficient accuracy

Parameters

in	m1	Reference to the first mesh instance	
out	<i>m</i> 2	Reference to the second mesh instance	
in	и1	Input vector of nodal values defined on first mesh	
out	и2	Output vector of nodal values defined on second mesh	
in	nx	Number of cells in the x-direction in the fine structured grid	
in	ny	Number of cells in the y-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of ny is 0, i.e. a 1-D grid	
in	nz	Number of cells in the z-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of nz is 0, i.e. a 1-D or 2-D grid	
in	dof	Label of degree of freedom of vector u. Only this dof is considered. [Default: 1]	

Note

The input vector u1 is a one degree of freedom per node vector, i.e. its size must be equal (or greater than) the total number of nodes of mesh m1. The size of vector u2 is deduced from the mesh m2

void MeshToMesh (Mesh & m1, Mesh & m2, const Vect< real_t > & u1, Vect< real_t > & u2, const Point< real_t > & xmin, const Point< real_t > & xmax, size_t nx, size_t nx,

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

The program interpolates (piecewise linear) first the vector on a finer structured grid. Then the values on the new mesh nodes are computed. In this function the grid rectangle is defined so that this one can cover only a submesh of m1.

Remarks

For efficiency the number of grid cells must be large enough so that interpolation provides efficient accuracy

Parameters

in	m1	Reference to the first mesh instance	
out	m2	Reference to the second mesh instance	
in	и1	Input vector of nodal values defined on first mesh	
out	и2	Output vector of nodal values defined on second mesh	
in	xmin	Point instance containing minimal coordinates of the rectangle that defines the grid	
in	xmax	Point instance containing maximal coordinates of the rectangle that defines the grid	
in	пх	Number of cells in the x-direction in the fine structured grid	
in	пу	Number of cells in the y-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of ny is 0, i.e. a 1-D grid	
in	nz	Number of cells in the z-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of nz is 0, i.e. a 1-D or 2-D grid	
in	dof	Label of degree of freedom of vector u. Only this dof is considered. [Default: 1]	

Note

The input vector u1 is a one degree of freedom per node vector, i.e. its size must be equal (or greater than) the total number of nodes of mesh m1. The size of vector u2 is deduced from the mesh m2

real_t getMaxSize (const Mesh & m)

Return maximal size of element edges for given mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

real_t getMinSize (const Mesh & m)

Return minimal size of element edges for given mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

real_t getMinElementMeasure (const Mesh & m)

Return minimal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh. Return maximal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance

real_t getMinSideMeasure (const Mesh & m)

Return minimal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

Note

Use this function only if sides are present in the mesh and for 2-D meshes

real_t getMaxSideMeasure (const Mesh & m)

Return maximal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

Note

Use this function only if sides are present in the mesh and for 2-D meshes

real_t getMeanElementMeasure (const Mesh & m)

Return average measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

real_t getMeanSideMeasure (const Mesh & m)

Return average measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

Parameters

Note

Use this function only if sides are present in the mesh and for 2-D meshes

void setNodeCodes (Mesh & m_r , const string & exp_r , int $code_r$, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all nodes satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance		
in	ехр	Regular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of nodes, according to fparser		
		parser		
in	code	Code to assign		
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]		

void setBoundaryNodeCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all nodes on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance	
in	exp	Regular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of nodes, according to fparser	
		parser	
in	code	Code to assign	
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]	

void setSideCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all sides satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance		
in	exp	egular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of side nodes, according to		
		fparser parser		
in	code	Code to assign		
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]		

void setBoundarySideCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all sides on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance		
in	exp	egular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of side nodes, according to		
		fparser parser		
in	code	Code to assign		
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]		

void setElementCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code)

Assign a given code to all elements satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance	
in	ехр	Regular expression using x , y , and z coordinates of element nodes, according to Eparser parser	
in	code	Code to assign	

int NodeInElement (const Node * nd, const Element * el)

Say if a given node belongs to a given element.

Parameters

in	nd	Pointer to Node
in	el	Pointer to Element

Returns

Local label of the node if this one is found, 0 if not.

int NodeInSide (const Node * nd, const Side * sd)

Say if a given node belongs to a given side.

Parameters

in	nd	Pointer to Node
in	sd	Pointer to Side

Returns

Local label of the node if this one is found, 0 if not.

int SideInElement (const Side *sd, const Element *el)

Say if a given side belongs to a given element.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side
in	el	Pointer to Element

Returns

Local label of the side if this one is found, 0 if not.

5.4 Fluid Dynamics

Gathers Fluid Dynamics equation classes.

Classes

- class Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.
- class NSP2DQ41

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using Q_1/P_0 element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

• class TINS2DT3B

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

Gathers Fluid Dynamics equation classes.

5.5 General Purpose Equations

Gathers equation related classes.

Classes

• class AbsEqua < T_>

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

• class Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >

Abstract class for all equation classes.

class Estimator

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

Functions

• template < class T_- , size_t N_- , class E_- > void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalVect < T_- , N_- > &be, Vect < T_- > &b)

Assemble local vector into global vector.

template < class T_, size_t N_, class E_ > void element_assembly (const E_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T_, N_, N_ > &ae, Vect < T_ > &b)
 Assemble diagonal local vector into global vector.

• template < class T_ , size_t N_ , class E_ > void element_assembly (const E_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T_ , N_ , N_ > &ae, Matrix < T_ > *A)

Assemble local matrix into global matrix.

• template < class T_, size_t N_, class E_ > void element_assembly (const E_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T_, N_, N_ > &ae, SkMatrix < T_ > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global skyline matrix.

• template < class T_- , size_t N_- , class E_- > void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalMatrix < T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, SkSMatrix < T_- > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global symmetric skyline matrix.

template < class T_, size_t N_, class E_ > void element_assembly (const E_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T_, N_, N_ > &ae, SpMatrix < T_ > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global sparse matrix.

• template < class T_, size_t N_> void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T_, N_, N_ > &ae, SpMatrix < T_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SpMatrix).

• template < class T_ , size_t N_> void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T_ , N_ , N_ > &ae, SkSMatrix < T_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkSMatrix).

• template < class T_ , size_t N_> void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T_ , N_ , N_ > &ae, SkMatrix < T_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkMatrix).

- template < class T_, size_t N_>
 void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalVect < T_, N_ > &be, Vect < T_ > &b)
 Side assembly of local vector into global vector.
- ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Estimator &r)

 Output estimator vector in output stream.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Gathers equation related classes.

5.5.2 Function Documentation

void element_assembly (const $E_- \& e$, const LocalVect $< T_-$, $N_- > \& be$, Vect $< T_- > \& b$)

Assemble local vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	be	Local vector	
in,out	b	Global vector	

void element_assembly (const E_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > & ae, Vect< T_ > & b)

Assemble diagonal local vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	ae	Local matrix	
in,out	b	Global vector	

void element_assembly (const E_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > & ae, Matrix< T_ > * A)

Assemble local matrix into global matrix.

This function is to be called with an abstract pointer to matrix (class Matrix)

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	A	Pointer to global matrix

void element_assembly (const E_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > & ae, SkMatrix< T_ > & A)

Assemble local matrix into global skyline matrix.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	ae	Local matrix	
in,out	Α	Global matrix	

void element_assembly (const E_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > & ae, SkSMatrix< T_ > & A)

Assemble local matrix into global symmetric skyline matrix.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

void element_assembly (const E_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > & ae, SpMatrix< T_ > & A)

Assemble local matrix into global sparse matrix.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	A	Global matrix

void side_assembly (const Element & e, const LocalMatrix< T_-, N_-, N_- > & ae, SpMatrix< T_- > & A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SpMatrix).

Parameters

in	e	Reference to local Element
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

void side_assembly (const Element & e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > & ae, SkSMatrix< T_ > & A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkSMatrix).

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local Element
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

void side_assembly (const Element & e, const LocalMatrix< T_-, N_-, N_- > & ae, SkMatrix< T_- > & A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkMatrix).

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local Element
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

void side_assembly (const Element & e, const LocalVect< T_- , N_- > & be, Vect< T_- > & b) Side assembly of local vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to local Element
in	be	Local vector
in,out	b	Global vector

5.6 Global Variables

Gathers all global variables in the library.

Variables

• Node * theNode

A pointer to Node.

• Element * the Element

A pointer to Element.

• Side * theSide

A pointer to Side.

• Edge * theEdge

A pointer to Edge.

• int theStep

Time step counter.

• int theIteration

Iteration counter.

int NbTimeSteps

Number of time steps.

• int MaxNbIterations

Maximal number of iterations.

• int Verbosity

Parameter for verbosity of message outputting.

real_t theTimeStep

Time step label.

• real_t theTime

Time value.

• real_t theFinalTime

Final time value.

• real_t theTolerance

Tolerance value for convergence.

• real_t theDiscrepancy

Value of discrepancy for an iterative procedure Its default value is 1.0.

• bool Converged

Boolean variable to say if an iterative procedure has converged.

• bool InitPetsc

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Gathers all global variables in the library.

5.6.2 Variable Documentation

Node* theNode

A pointer to Node.

Useful for loops on nodes

Element* the Element

A pointer to Element.

Useful for loops on elements

Side* theSide

A pointer to Side.

Useful for loops on sides

Edge* theEdge

A pointer to Edge.

Useful for loops on edges

int theStep

Time step counter.

This counter must be initialized by the user if the macro timeLoop is not used

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. In this case, it has to be initialized before. Its default value is 1

int theIteration

Iteration counter.

This counter must be initialized by the user

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro IterationLoop. Its default value is 1

int NbTimeSteps

Number of time steps.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop.

int MaxNbIterations

Maximal number of iterations.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro IterationLoop. Its default value is 1000

int Verbosity

Parameter for verbosity of message outputting.

Its default value is 1

real_t theTimeStep

Time step label.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. In this case, it has to be initialized before

real_t theTime

Time value.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. Its default value is 0.0

real_t theFinalTime

Final time value.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. In this case, it has to be initialized before

real_t theTolerance

Tolerance value for convergence.

Remarks

May be used within an iterative procedure. Its default value is 1.e-8

bool Converged

Boolean variable to say if an iterative procedure has converged. Its default value is false

bool InitPetsc

Boolean to say if PETSc use was initialized. Useful only if PETSc is used

5.7 Heat Transfer

Gathers Heat Transfer equation classes.

Classes

• class DC1DL2

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements.

• class DC2DT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC2DT6

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

• class DC3DAT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC3DT4

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

• class Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

class PhaseChange

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

Gathers Heat Transfer equation classes.

5.8 Input/Output

Gathers Input/Output utility classes.

Classes

• class IOField

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

• class IPF

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

• class Prescription

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

Macros

• #define MAX_NB_PAR 50

Maximum number of parameters.

• #define MAX_ARRAY_SIZE 100

Maximum array size.

• #define MAX_INPUT_STRING_LENGTH 100

Maximum string length.

• #define FILENAME_LENGTH 150

Length of a string defining a file name.

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Gathers Input/Output utility classes.

5.8.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#define MAX_NB_PAR 50

Maximum number of parameters. Used in class IPF

#define MAX_ARRAY_SIZE 100

Maximum array size. Used in class IPF

#define MAX_INPUT_STRING_LENGTH 100

Maximum string length.

Used in class IPF

5.9 Interface Problems

Gathers classes and functions for general interface problems, including image processing.

Classes

• class FastMarching2D

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

• class FMMSolver

The Fast Marching Method solver.

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Gathers classes and functions for general interface problems, including image processing.

5.10 Laplace equation

Gathers equation classes for the Laplace equation.

Classes

- class Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >
 - Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.
- class Laplace1DL2

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P_1) .

• class Laplace1DL3

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P_2) .

class Laplace2DFVT

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

• class Laplace2DMHRT0

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT₀).

• class Laplace2DT3

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element (P_1) .

• class SteklovPoincare2DBE

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

5.10.1 Detailed Description

Gathers equation classes for the Laplace equation.

5.11 OFELI

Modules

• Conservation Law Equations

For solvers of conservation law equations.

Electromagnetics

Gathers electromagnetic equation classes.

• Finite Element Mesh

Gathers mesh related classes.

• Fluid Dynamics

Gathers Fluid Dynamics equation classes.

• General Purpose Equations

Gathers equation related classes.

• Global Variables

Gathers all global variables in the library.

Heat Transfer

Gathers Heat Transfer equation classes.

• Input/Output

Gathers Input/Output utility classes.

• Interface Problems

Gathers classes and functions for general interface problems, including image processing.

• Laplace equation

Gathers equation classes for the Laplace equation.

Physical properties of media

A module that contains classes for physical properties of materials and media.

• Shape Function

Gathers shape function classes.

• Solid Mechanics

Gathers Solid Mechanics finite element equations related classes.

Solver

Gathers Solver functions.

• Utilities

Gathers utility functions and classes.

• Vector and Matrix

Gathers vector and matrix related classes.

Files

• file AbsEqua.h

Definition file for abstract class AbsEqua.

• file ICPG1D.h

Definition file for class ICPG1D.

• file ICPG2DT.h

Definition file for class ICPG2DT.

• file ICPG3DT.h

Definition file for class ICPG3DT.

• file LCL1D.h

Definition file for class LCL1D.

• file LCL2DT.h

Definition file for class LCL2DT.

• file LCL3DT.h

Definition file for class LCL3DT.

• file Muscl.h

Definition file for class Muscl.

• file Muscl1D.h

Definition file for class Muscl1D.

• file Muscl2DT.h

Definition file for class Muscl2DT.

• file Muscl3DT.h

Definition file for class Muscl3DT.

• file BiotSavart.h

Definition file for class BiotSavart.

file EC2D1T3.h

Definition file for class EC2D1T3.

• file Equa_Electromagnetics.h

Definition file for class FE_Electromagnetics.

• file HelmholtzBT3.h

Definition file for class HelmholtzBT3.

• file Equation.h

Definition file for class Equation.

• file Equa_Fluid.h

Definition file for class Equa_Fluid.

• file NSP2DQ41.h

Definition file for class NSP2DQ41.

• file TINS2DT3B.h

Definition file for class TINS2DT3B.

• file Equa_Laplace.h

Definition file for class Equa_Laplace.

• file Laplace1DL2.h

Definition file for class Laplace1DL2.

• file Laplace1DL3.h

Definition file for class Laplace1DL3.

• file Laplace2DFVT.h

Definition file for class Laplace.

• file Laplace2DMHRT0.h

Definition file for class Laplace2DMHRT0.

• file Laplace2DT3.h

Definition file for class Laplace2DT3.

• file Laplace3DT4.h

Definition file for class Laplace3DT4.

• file SteklovPoincare2DBE.h

Definition file for class SteklovPoincare2DBE.

• file Bar2DL2.h

Definition file for class Bar2DL2.

• file Beam3DL2.h

Definition file for class Beam3DL2.

• file Elas2DQ4.h

Definition file for class Elas2DQ4.

• file Elas2DT3.h

Definition file for class Elas2DT3.

• file Elas3DH8.h

Definition file for class Elas3DH8.

• file Elas3DT4.h

Definition file for class Elas3DT4.

• file Equa_Solid.h

Definition file for class Equa_Solid.

• file DC1DL2.h

Definition file for class DC1DL2.

file DC2DT3.h

Definition file for class DC2DT3.

• file DC2DT6.h

Definition file for class DC2DT6.

• file DC3DAT3.h

Definition file for class DC3DAT3.

• file DC3DT4.h

Definition file for class DC3DT4.

• file Equa_Therm.h

Definition file for class Equa_Therm.

• file PhaseChange.h

Definition file for class PhaseChange and its parent abstract class.

• file Funct.h

Definition file for class Funct.

• file IOField.h

Definition file for class IOField.

• file IPF.h

Definition file for class IPF.

• file output.h

File that contains some output utility functions.

• file Prescription.h

Definition file for class Prescription.

• file saveField.h

Prototypes for functions to save mesh in various file formats.

• file saveField.h

Prototypes for functions to save mesh in various file formats.

• file Tabulation.h

Definition file for class Tabulation.

• file UserData.h

Definition file for abstract class UserData.

• file BMatrix.h

Definition file for class BMatrix.

• file DMatrix.h

Definition file for class DMatrix.

• file DSMatrix.h

Definition file for abstract class DSMatrix.

• file LocalMatrix.h

Definition file for class LocalMatrix.

• file LocalVect.h

Definition file for class LocalVect.

• file Matrix.h

Definition file for abstract class Matrix.

• file PETScMatrix.h

Definition file for class PETScMatrix.

• file Point.h

Definition file and implementation for class Point.

• file Point2D.h

Definition file for class Point2D.

• file SkMatrix.h

Definition file for class SkMatrix.

• file SkSMatrix.h

Definition file for class SkSMatrix.

• file SpMatrix.h

Definition file for class SpMatrix.

• file TrMatrix.h

 $Definition\ file\ for\ class\ Tr Matrix.$

• file Domain.h

Definition file for class Domain.

• file Edge.h

Definition file for class Edge.

• file Element.h

Definition file for class Element.

• file Figure.h

Definition file for figure classes.

• file getMesh.h

Definition file for mesh conversion functions.

• file Grid.h

Definition file for class Grid.

• file Material.h

Definition file for class Material.

• file Mesh.h

Definition file for class Mesh.

• file MeshExtract.h

Definition file for classes for extracting submeshes.

• file MeshUtil.h

Definitions of utility functions for meshes.

• file Node.h

Definition file for class Node.

• file saveMesh.h

Prototypes for functions to save mesh in various file formats.

• file Side.h

Definition file for class Side.

• file FEShape.h

Definition file for class FEShape.

• file Hexa8.h

Definition file for class Hexa8.

• file Line2.h

Definition file for class Line2.

• file Line2H.h

Definition file for class Line2H.

• file Line3.h

Definition file for class Line3.

• file Penta6.h

Definition file for class Penta6.

• file Quad4.h

Definition file for class Quad4.

• file Tetra4.h

Definition file for class Tetra4.

• file Triang3.h

Definition file for class Triang3.

file Triang6S.h

Definition file for class Triang6S.

• file BiCG.h

Solves an unsymmetric linear system of equations using the BiConjugate Gradient method.

• file BSpline.h

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

• file CG.h

Functions to solve a symmetric positive definite linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient method.

• file CGS.h

Solves an unsymmetric linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient Squared method.

• file EigenProblemSolver.h

Definition file for class EigenProblemSolver.

• file GMRes.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Generalized Minimum Residual method.

• file GS.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Gauss-Seidel method.

• file Jacobi.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Jacobi method.

file ODESolver.h

Definition file for class ODESolver.

• file OptimAux.h

File that contains auxiliary functions for optimization.

• file OptimSA.h

Function to solve an optimization problem using the Simulated Annealing method.

• file OptimTN.h

Function to solve an optimization problem using the Truncated Newton method.

• file Prec.h

Definition file for preconditioning classes.

• file Richardson.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Richardson method.

• file SSOR.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation method.

• file TimeStepping.h

Definition file for class TimeStepping.

• file constants.h

File that contains some widely used constants.

• file Gauss.h

Definition file for struct Gauss.

• file qksort.h

File that contains template quick sorting function.

• file Timer.h

Definition file for class Timer.

• file util.h

File that contains various utility functions.

Classes

• class SkMatrix < T_>

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SkSMatrix< T_>

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

class SpMatrix< T₋>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

• class AbsEqua < T_>

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

• class LocalVect< T_, N_>

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

• class ICPG1D

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D.

• class ICPG2DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D.

class ICPG3DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D.

• class LCL1D

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

class LCL2DT

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

• class LCL3DT

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

• class Muscl

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Vect< T_>

To handle general purpose vectors.

• class Muscl1D

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

class Muscl2DT

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

class Muscl3DT

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

class BiotSavart

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

• class EC2D1T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

class Equa_Electromagnetics< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

• class HelmholtzBT3

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles.

class Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >

Abstract class for all equation classes.

• class Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

• class NSP2DQ41

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using Q_1/P_0 element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

class TINS2DT3B

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class FastMarching2D

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

class FMM2D

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm

class FMM3D

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm

• class FMMSolver

The Fast Marching Method solver.

• class Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

• class Laplace1DL2

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P_1) .

• class Laplace1DL3

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P_2) .

• class Laplace2DFVT

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

• class Laplace2DMHRT0

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT₀).

• class Laplace2DT3

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element (P_1) .

• class SteklovPoincare2DBE

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

• class Bar2DL2

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

class Beam3DL2

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

class Elas2DQ4

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

• class Elas2DT3

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.

• class Elas3DH8

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

• class Elas3DT4

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

• class Equa_Solid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

• class DC1DL2

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements.

• class DC2DT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC2DT6

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

• class DC3DAT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC3DT4

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

class Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

class PhaseChange

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

• class Funct

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

class IOField

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

• class IPF

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

• class Prescription

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

• class Tabulation

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

class UserData< T_>

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

• class BMatrix< T_>

To handle band matrices.

• class DMatrix< T_>

To handle dense matrices.

• class DSMatrix< T_>

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

• class LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_>

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

• class Matrix< T_>

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

class PETScVect< T₋>

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

• class PETScMatrix< T_>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

class PETScWrapper< T₋>

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

• class Point< T_>

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Point2D< T_>

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Prec< T_>

To set a preconditioner.

• class TrMatrix< T_>

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

• class Domain

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class Edge

To describe an edge.

class Element

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class Figure

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

• class Rectangle

 ${\it To store and treat a rectangular figure.}$

• class Brick

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

• class Circle

To store and treat a circular figure.

• class Sphere

To store and treat a sphere.

• class Ellipse

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

• class Triangle

To store and treat a triangle.

class Polygon

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

• class Grid

To manipulate structured grids.

class Material

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

• class Mesh

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

• class NodeList

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

class ElementList

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

class SideList

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

class EdgeList

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

class Node

To describe a node.

• class Partition

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

class Side

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

• class FEShape

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

class triangle

Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

class Hexa8

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

class Line2

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

class Line2H

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

class Line3

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.

• class Penta6

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation in local coordinates (s.x, s.y) and Q_1 isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x, s.z) and (s.y, s.z).

class Quad4

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using \mathcal{Q}_1 isoparametric interpolation.

• class Tetra4

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation.

• class Triang3

Defines a 3-Node (P_1) triangle.

class Triang6S

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P_2 interpolation.

• class EigenProblemSolver

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, i.e. Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$ where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as Stiffness and Mass matrices respectively.

• class Iter< T_>

Class to drive an iterative process.

• class LinearSolver< T_>

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

• class ODESolver

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

• class TimeStepping

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$

• class Gauss

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

class Timer

To handle elapsed time counting.

Enumerations

Functions

• T_*A()

Return element matrix.

• T₋ * **b** ()

Return element right-hand side.

• T_* Prev ()

Return element previous vector.

• IOField ()

Default constructor.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name.

• IOField (const string &mesh_file, const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name, mesh file and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, const string &name)

Constructor using file name and field name.

• ~IOField ()

Destructor.

• void setMeshFile (const string &file)

Set mesh file.

void open ()

Open file.

• void open (const string &file, AccessType access)

Open file.

• void close ()

Close file.

• void put (Mesh &ms)

Store mesh in file.

void put (const Vect< real_t > &v)

Store Vect instance v in file.

• void put (const PETScVect< real_t > &v)

Store PETScVect instance v in file.

• real_t get (Vect< real_t > &v)

Get Vect v instance from file.

• int get (Vect< real_t > &v, const string &name)

Get Vect v instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (DMatrix < real_t > &A, const string &name)

Get *DMatrix* A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (DSMatrix < real_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DSMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (Vect< real_t > &v, real_t t)

Get Vect v instance from file corresponding to a specific time value.

• void saveGMSH (string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save field vectors in a file using **GMSH** format.

• Tabulation ()

Default constructor.

• Tabulation (string file)

Constructor using file name.

• ∼Tabulation ()

Destructor.

• void setFile (string file)

Set file name.

• real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v)

Return the calculated value of the function.

real_t getDerivative (string funct, real_t v)

Return the derivative of the function at a given point.

• real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v1, real_t v2)

Return the calculated value of the function.

real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v1, real_t v2, real_t v3)

Return the calculated value of the function.

• Point< double > CrossProduct (const Point< double > &lp, const Point< double > &rp)

Return Cross product of two vectors lp and rp

• Grid ()

Construct a default grid with 10 intervals in each direction.

• Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, size_t npx)

Construct a 1-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, real_t ym, real_t yM, size_t npx, size_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (Point < real_t > m, Point < real_t > M, size_t npx, size_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, real_t ym, real_t yM, real_t zm, real_t zM, size_t npx, size_t npx, size_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (Point< real_t > m, Point< real_t > M, size_t npx, size_t npy, size_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• void setXMin (const Point< real_t > &x)

Set min. coordinates of the domain.

- void setXMax (const Point< real_t > &x)
- void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 1-D case.

void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 2-D case.

• void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax, real_t zmin, real_t zmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

• void setDomain (Point< real_t > xmin, Point< real_t > xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

• const Point< real_t > & getXMin () const

Return min. Coordinates of the domain.

• const Point< real_t > & getXMax () const

Return max. Coordinates of the domain.

• void setN (size_t nx, size_t ny=0, size_t nz=0)

Set number of grid intervals in the x, y and z-directions.

• size_t getNx () const

Return number of grid intervals in the x-direction.

• size_t getNy () const

Return number of grid intervals in the y-direction.

• size_t getNz () const

Return number of grid intervals in the z-direction.

• real_t getHx () const

Return grid size in the x-direction.

• real_t getHy () const

Return grid size in the y-direction.

• real_t getHz () const

Return grid size in the z-direction.

Point< real_t > getCoord (size_t i) const

Return coordinates a point with label *i* in a 1-D grid.

Point< real_t > getCoord (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j) in a 2-D grid.

Point< real_t > getCoord (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j, k) in a 3-D grid.
• real_t getX (size_t i) const

Return x-coordinate of point with index i

• real_t getY (size_t j) const

Return y-coordinate of point with index j

• real_t getZ (size_t k) const

Return z-coordinate of point with index k

• Point2D< real_t > getXY (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j)

• Point< real_t > getXYZ (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j, k)

• real_t getCenter (size_t i) const

Return coordinates of center of a 1-D cell with indices i, i+1

Point< real_t > getCenter (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return coordinates of center of a 2-D cell with indices (i, j), (i+1, j), (i+1, j+1), (i, j+1)

• Point< real_t > getCenter (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return coordinates of center of a 3-D cell with indices (i,j,k), (i+1,j,k), (i+1,j+1,k), (i,j+1,k), (i,j,k+1), (i+1,j,k+1), (i+1,j+1,k+1), (i,j+1,k+1)

• void setCode (string exp, int code)

Set a code for some grid points.

void setCode (int side, int code)

Set a code for grid points on sides.

• int getCode (int side) const

Return code for a side number.

int getCode (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return code for a grid point.

• int getCode (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return code for a grid point.

• size_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

• void Deactivate (size_t i)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (1-D grid)

• void Deactivate (size_t i, size_t j)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

void Deactivate (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size_t i) const

Say if cell is active or not (1-D grid)

• int isActive (size_t i, size_t j) const

Say if cell is active or not (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Say if cell is active or not (3-D grid)

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Grid &g)

Output grid data.

• BMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• BMatrix (size_t size, int ld, int ud)

Constructor that for a band matrix with given size and bandwidth.

• BMatrix (const BMatrix &m)

Copy Constructor.

• void setSize (size_t size, int ld, int ud)

Set size (number of rows) and storage of matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect $< T_- > &x$, Vect $< T_- > &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector \boldsymbol{x} and add result to \boldsymbol{y}

void MultAdd (T₋ a, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add result to \mathbf{y}

• void Mult (const Vect< $T_-> &x$, Vect< $T_-> &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y

• void TMult (const Vect< $T_->$ &x, Vect< $T_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save result in y

• void Axpy $(T_a, const BMatrix < T_b > x)$

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy $(T_- a, const Matrix < T_- > *x)$

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val value to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i, size₋t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

BMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const BMatrix< T₋ > &m)
 Operator =.

• BMatrix $< T_- > & operator = (const T_- & x)$

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$

• BMatrix< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &x)

Operator *=.

• BMatrix $< T_- > & operator += (const T_- & x)$

Operator +=.

• int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• T₋ get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• DSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

DSMatrix (size_t dim)

Constructor that for a symmetric matrix with given number of rqows.

• DSMatrix (const DSMatrix < T_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void setSize (size_t dim)

 $Set\ size\ (number\ of\ rows)\ of\ matrix.$

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign constant to entry (i, j) of the matrix.

void setDiag (const T₋ &a)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

• void setDiag (const vector< T_> &d)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant to an entry of the matrix.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T_ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• DSMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const DSMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Operator = Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

• DSMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$

• int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix (LDL^T)

• void getColumn (size_t j, Vect< T_ > &v) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T_> getColumn (size_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

• void setColumn (size_t i, const Vect< T_> &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

• void getRow (size_t i, Vect< T_> &v) const

Get i-th row vector.

• Vect< T_> getRow (size_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

• void setRow (size_t i, const Vect< T_ > &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect $< T_- > &x$, Vect $< T_- > &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add result to \mathbf{y} .

void MultAdd (T₋ a, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add to \mathbf{y} .

• void Mult (const Vect< $T_-> &x$, Vect< $T_-> &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• T_{_} get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• void Axpy $(T_- a, const DSMatrix < T_- > &m)$

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix< T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• LocalMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• LocalMatrix (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &m)

Copy constructor.

• LocalMatrix (Element *el, const SpMatrix < T_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SpMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element *el, const SkMatrix $< T_- > &a$)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element *el, const SkSMatrix < T_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkSMatrix.

• void Localize (Element *el, const SpMatrix< T_> &a)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SpMatrix.

• void Localize (Element *el, const SkMatrix< T₋ > &a)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkMatrix.

• void Localize (Element *el, const SkSMatrix < T_ > &a)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkSMatrix.

- LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator= (const LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > &m)
 Operator =
- LocalMatrix < T_-, NR_-, NC_- > & operator= (const T_- &x)
 Operator =
- LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator += (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &m)
 Operator +=
- LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator== (const LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > &m)

 Operator -=
- LocalVect< T₋, NR₋ > operator* (LocalVect< T₋, NC₋ > &x)
 Operator *
- LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋ > & operator+= (const T₋ &x)
 Operator +=
- LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_> & operator== (const T_ &x)
- Operator -=
 LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator*= (const T_ &x)

Operator *=

• LocalMatrix< T_- , NR_- , NC_- > & operator/= (const T_- &x)

Operator /=

• void MultAdd (const LocalVect< T_- , NC_- > &x, LocalVect< T_- , NR_- > &y)

Multiply matrix by vector and add result to vector.

- void MultAddScal (const T_ &a, const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x, LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &y)

 Multiply matrix by scaled vector and add result to vector.
- void Mult (const LocalVect< T_- , NC_- > &x, LocalVect< T_- , NR_- > &y)

Multiply matrix by vector.

• void Symmetrize ()

Symmetrize matrix.

• int Factor ()

Factorize matrix.

• int Solve (LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &b)

Forward and backsubstitute to solve a linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (LocalVect< T_, NR_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve linear system.

- void Invert (LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &A)
 - Calculate inverse of matrix.
- T₋ getInnerProduct (const LocalVect< T₋, NC₋ > &x, const LocalVect< T₋, NR₋ > &y) Calculate inner product witrh respect to matrix.
- LocalVect ()

Default constructor.

• LocalVect (const T₋ *a)

Constructor using a C-array.

• LocalVect (const Element *el)

Constructor using Element pointer.

• LocalVect (const Side *sd)

Constructor using Side pointer.

• LocalVect (const LocalVect< T_, N_ > &v)

Copy constructor.

• LocalVect (const Element *el, const Vect< T_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• LocalVect (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of a side vector from a global Vect instance.

• void getLocal (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &v, int type)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• void Localize (const Element *el, const Vect< T_> &v, size_t k=0)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• void Localize (const Side *sd, const Vect< T₋ > &v, size₋t k=0)

Localize a side vector from a global Vect instance.

LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > & operator= (const LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > &v)
 Operator =

Sperator

• LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_-$ > & operator= (const T $_-$ &x)

Operator =

• LocalVect< T₋, N₋> & operator+= (const LocalVect< T₋, N₋> &v)

Operator +=

• LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > & operator += (const T_- & a)$

Operator +=

• LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > \& operator= (const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&v)$

Operator -=

• LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_ > & operator=(const T<math>_-$ &a)

Operator -=

• LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_ > & operator*= (const T<math>_-$ &a)

Operator *=

• LocalVect< T $_-$, $N_ > & operator/= (const T<math>_-$ &a)

Operator /=

• T₋ operator, (const LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > &v) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

• SkSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SkSMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix.

• SkSMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > &ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column height.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > &I, const Vect< size_t > &J, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect < size_t > &I, const Vect < size_t > &J, const Vect < T_ > &a, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• SkSMatrix (const SkSMatrix < T_> &m)

Copy Constructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

• void setSkyline (Mesh &mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< $T_-> &x$, Vect< $T_-> &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector **x** and add to y.

• void MultAdd (T_a , const Vect< T_a > &x, Vect< T_a > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add to \mathbf{y} .

• void Mult (const Vect $< T_- > &x$, Vect $< T_- > &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y

• void TMult (const Vect< $T_->$ &x, Vect< $T_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add a constant to an entry of the matrix.

• size_t getColHeight (size_t i) const

Return column height.

• Vect< T_> getColumn (size_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T_> getRow (size_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

• T₋ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• SkSMatrix< T_> & operator= (const SkSMatrix< T_> &m)

Operator = .

• SkSMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const T₋ &x)

Operator = .

• SkSMatrix< T₋ > & operator+= (const SkSMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Operator +=.

• SkSMatrix $< T_- > & operator*= (const T_- &x)$

Operator *=.

• int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix (LDLt (Crout) factorization).

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• int solveLDLt (const Vect $< T_- > \&b$, Vect $< T_- > \&x$)

Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.

• T_get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const SkSMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix< T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• TrMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• TrMatrix (size_t size)

Constructor for a tridiagonal matrix with size rows.

• TrMatrix (const TrMatrix &m)

Copy Constructor.

• void setSize (size_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect $< T_- > &x$, Vect $< T_- > &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

• void MultAdd (T₋ a, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add result to \mathbf{y} .

• void Mult (const Vect< $T_->$ &x, Vect< $T_->$ &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< $T_->$ &x, Vect< $T_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void Axpy (T_a, const TrMatrix < T_> &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix< T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign constant val to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val value to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• TrMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const TrMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Operator = .

• TrMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)

Operator = Assign matrix to identity times x.

• TrMatrix< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &x)

Operator *=.

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

T_ get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• Iter ()

Default Constructor.

• Iter (int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose=0)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

• bool check (Vect< T $_->$ &u, const Vect< T $_->$ &v, int opt=2)

Check convergence.

• int solve (Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG_PREC)

Solve equations using prescribed solver and preconditioner.

5.11.1 Detailed Description

5.11.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

enum PDE_Terms

Enumerate variable that selects various terms in partial differential equations

Enumerator

MASS Consistent mass term

CONSISTENT_MASS Consistent mass term

LUMPED_MASS Lumped mass term

CAPACITY Consistent capacity term

CONSISTENT_CAPACITY Consistent capacity term

LUMPED_CAPACITY Lumped capacity term

VISCOSITY Viscosity term

STIFFNESS Stiffness term

DIFFUSION Diffusion term

CONVECTION Convection term

DEVIATORIC Deviatoric term

DILATATION Dilatational term

ELECTRIC Electric term

MAGNETIC Magnetic term

LOAD Body load term

HEAT_SOURCE Body heat source term

BOUNDARY_TRACTION Boundary traction (pressure) term

HEAT_FLUX Boundary heat flux term

CONTACT Signorini contact

BUOYANCY Buoyancy force term

LORENTZ_FORCE Lorentz force term

enum EqDataType

Enumerate variable that selects equation data type

Enumerator

INITIAL_FIELD Initial condition

SOLUTION Solution vector (same as Initial)

INITIAL_AUX_1 Initial auxiliary field

INITIAL_AUX_2 Initial auxiliary field

INITIAL_AUX_3 Initial auxiliary field

INITIAL_AUX_4 Initial auxiliary field

BOUNDARY_CONDITION Boundary condition data

BODY_FORCE Body force data

SOURCE Source data (same as Body force)

POINT_FORCE Localized (at point) force

BOUNDARY_FORCE Boundary force data

FLUX Flux data (same as Boundary force)

TRACTION Traction data (same as Boundary force)

AUX_INPUT_FIELD_1 Auxiliary input field 1

AUX_INPUT_FIELD_2 Auxiliary input field 2

AUX_INPUT_FIELD_3 Auxiliary input field 3

AUX_INPUT_FIELD_4 Auxiliary input field 4

DISPLACEMENT_FIELD A displacement field

VELOCITY_FIELD A velocity field

TEMPERATURE_FIELD A temperature field

enum ArrayType

Selects local or global option for array as argument.

Enumerator

LOCAL ARRAY For a local array labeled with local numbering GLOBAL ARRAY For a local array labeled with global numbering

enum TimeScheme

Selects time integration scheme

Enumerator

STATIONARY No time scheme: stationary

FORWARD_EULER Forward Euler scheme (Explicit)

BACKWARD_EULER Backward Euler scheme (Implicit)

CRANK_NICOLSON Crank-Nicolson scheme

HEUN Heun scheme

NEWMARK Newmark scheme

LEAP_FROG Leap Frog scheme

ADAMS_BASHFORTH Adams-Bashforth scheme (2nd Order)

AB2 Adams-Bashforth scheme (2nd Order)

RUNGE_KUTTA 4-th Order Runge-Kutta scheme (4th Order)

RK4 4-th Order Runge-Kutta scheme

RK3_TVD 3-rd Order Runge-Kutta TVD scheme

BDF2 Backward Difference Formula (2nd Order)

enum PDE

Choose partial differential equation to '

Enumerator

LAPLACE Laplace equation

DIFFUSION_CONVECTION Diffusion Convection equation

THERMAL_PHASE_CHANGE Thermal phase change problem (Stefan)

INCOMPRESSIBLE_NAVIER_STOKES Incompressible Navier-Stokes equations

LINEARIZED_ELASTICITY Linearized elasticity equations

PLANAR_TRUSS 2-D truss equation

SPATIAL_BEAM 3-D beam equations

enum FEType

Choose Finite Element Type

Enumerator

FE_2D_3N 2-D elements, 3-Nodes (P1)

FE_2D_6N 2-D elements, 6-Nodes (P2)

FE_2D_4N 2-D elements, 4-Nodes (Q1)

FE_3D_AXI_3N 3-D Axisymmetric elements, 3-Nodes (P1)

FE_3D_4N 3-D elements, 4-Nodes (P1)

FE_3D_8N 3-D elements, 8-Nodes (Q1)

enum AnalysisType

Choose analysis type

Enumerator

STEADY_STATE Steady state analysis

TRANSIENT Transient analysis

OPTIMIZATION Optimization analysis

enum MatrixType

Choose matrix storage and type

Enumerator

SKYLINE Skyline storage

SPARSE Sparse storage

DIAGONAL Diagonal storage

TRIDIAGONAL Tridiagonal storage

SYMMETRIC Symmetric matrix

UNSYMMETRIC Unsymmetric matrix

IDENTITY Identity matrix

enum Iteration

Choose iterative solver for the linear system.

Enumerator

DIRECT_SOLVER Direct solver

CG_SOLVER CG Method

CGS_SOLVER CGS Metod

BICG_SOLVER BiCG Method

BICG_STAB_SOLVER BiCGStab Method

GMRES_SOLVER GMRes Method

enum Preconditioner

Choose preconditioner for the linear system.

Enumerator

IDENT_PREC Identity (No preconditioning)
 DIAG_PREC Diagonal preconditioner
 DILU_PREC ILU (Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
 ILU_PREC DILU (Diagonal Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
 SSOR_PREC SSOR preconditioner

enum BCType

To select special boundary conditions.

Enumerator

PERIODIC_A Periodic Boundary conditions (first side)
PERIODIC_B Periodic Boundary conditions (second side)
CONTACT_BC Contact Boundary conditions
SLIP Slip Boundary conditions

5.11.3 Function Documentation

T_* OFELI::A ()

Return element matrix.

Matrix is returned as a C-array

T_* OFELI::b ()

Return element right-hand side.

Right-hand side is returned as a C-array

T_* OFELI::Prev ()

Return element previous vector.

This is the vector given in time dependent constructor. It is returned as a C-array.

IOField (const string & file, AccessType access, bool compact = true)

Constructor using file name.

Parameters

in	file	File name.	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:	
		• IOField::IN to read the file	
		• IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	compact	Flag to choose a compact storage or not [Default: true]	

IOField (const string & $mesh_file$, const string & file, Mesh & ms, AccessType access, bool compact = true)

Constructor using file name, mesh file and mesh.

in	mesh_file	File containing mesh	
in	file	File that contains field stored or to store	
in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values: • IOField::IN to read the file • IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	compact	Flag to choose a compact storage or not [Default: true]	

IOField (const string & file, Mesh & ms, AccessType access, bool compact = true)

Constructor using file name and mesh.

Parameters

in	file	File that contains field stored or to store	
in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values: • IOField::IN to read the file • IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	compact	Flag to choose a compact storage or not [Default: true]	

IOField (const string & file, AccessType access, const string & name)

Constructor using file name and field name.

Parameters

in	file	File that contains field stored or to store	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:	
		• IOField::IN to read the file	
		• IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	name	Seek a specific field with given name	

void setMeshFile (const string & file)

Set mesh file.

Parameters

in	file	Mesh file

void open ()

Open file.

Case where file name has been previously given (in the constructor).

void open (const string & file, AccessType access)

Open file.

in	file	File name.	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:	
		• IOField::IN to read the file	
		• IOField::OUT to write on it	

void put (const Vect< real_t > & v)

Store Vect instance v in file.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to store
----	---	------------------------

void put (const PETScVect< real_t > & v)

Store PETScVect instance v in file.

Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to store

real_t get (Vect< real_t > & v)

Get Vect v instance from file.

First time step is read from the XML file.

int get (Vect< real_t > & v, const string & name)

Get Vect v instance from file if the field has the given name. First time step is read from the XML file.

Parameters

in,out	v	Vect instance
in	name	Name to seek in the XML file

int get (DMatrix< real_t> & A, const string & name)

Get DMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name. First time step is read from the XML file.

in,out	A	DMatrix instance

in	name	Name to seek in the XML file
----	------	------------------------------

int get (DSMatrix < real_t > & A, const string & name)

Get DSMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name. First time step is read from the XML file.

Parameters

in,out	A	DSMatrix instance
in	name	Name to seek in the XML file

int get (Vect< real_t > & v, real_t t)

Get Vect v instance from file corresponding to a specific time value.

The sought vector corresponding to the time value is read from the XML file.

Parameters

in,out	v	Vector instance
in	t	Time value

void saveGMSH (string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save field vectors in a file using **GMSH** format.

This member function enables avoiding the use of cfield. It must be used once all field vectors have been stored in output file. It closes this file and copies its contents to a **GMSH** file.

Parameters

j	in	output_file	Output file name where to store using GMSH format
j	in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

void setFile (string file)

Set file name.

This function is to be used when the default constructor is invoked.

real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v)

Return the calculated value of the function.

Case of a function of one variable

in	funct	Name of the function to be evaluated, as read from input file

in	v	Value of the variable
----	---	-----------------------

Returns

Computed value of the function

real_t getDerivative (string funct, real_t v)

Return the derivative of the function at a given point.

Case of a function of one variable

Parameters

in	funct	Name of the function to be evaluated, as read from input file
in	v	Value of the variable

Returns

Derivative value

real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v1, real_t v2)

Return the calculated value of the function.

Case of a function of two variables

Parameters

in	funct	Name of the function to be evaluated, as read from input file
in	v1	Value of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Value of the second variable

Returns

Computed value of the function

real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v1, real_t v2, real_t v3)

Return the calculated value of the function.

Case of a function of three variables

in	funct	Name of the funct to be evaluated, as read from input file
in	v1	Value of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Value of the second variable
in	<i>v</i> 3	Value of the third variable

Returns

Computed value of the function

Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, size_t npx)

Construct a 1-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Parameters

in	xm	Minimal value for x
in	хM	Maximal value for x
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction

Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, real_t ym, real_t yM, size_t npx, size_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Parameters

in	xm	Minimal value for x
in	хM	Maximal value for x
in	ут	Minimal value for y
in	yМ	Maximal value for y
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction

Grid (Point < real_t > m, Point < real_t > M, size_t npx, size_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Parameters

in	m	Minimal coordinate value
in	M	Maximal coordinate value
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction

Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, real_t ym, real_t yM, real_t zm, real_t zM, size_t npx, size_t npy, size_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

in	xm	Minimal value for x
in	хM	Maximal value for x

in	ут	Minimal value for y
in	уМ	Maximal value for y
in	zm	Minimal value for z
in	zM	Maximal value for z
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction
in	npz	Number of grid intervals in the z-direction

Grid (Point< real_t > m, Point< real_t > M, size_t npx, size_t npy, size_t npy, size_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Parameters

in	m	Minimal coordinate value
in	M	Maximal coordinate value
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction
in	npz	Number of grid intervals in the z-direction

void setXMin (const Point < real_t > & x)

Set min. coordinates of the domain.

Parameters

in	x	Minimal values of coordinates

void setXMax (const Point < real_t > & x)

Set max. coordinates of the domain.

Parameters

in	x	Maximal values of coordinates
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void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 1-D case.

in	xmin	Minimal value of x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal value of x-coordinate

void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 2-D case.

Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal value of x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal value of x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal value of y-coordinate
in	ymax	Maximal value of y-coordinate

void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax, real_t zmin, real_t zmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal value of x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal value of x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal value of y-coordinate
in	ymax	Maximal value of y-coordinate
in	zmin	Minimal value of z-coordinate
in	zmax	Maximal value of z-coordinate

void setDomain (Point< real_t > xmin, Point< real_t > xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal coordinate value
in	xmax	Maximal coordinate value

void setN (size_t nx, size_t ny = 0, size_t nz = 0)

Set number of grid intervals in the x, y and z-directions. Number of points is the number of intervals plus one in each direction

in	nx	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пу	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction (Default=0: 1-D grid)
in	nz	Number of grid intervals in the z-direction (Default=0: 1-D or 2-D grid)

Remarks

: The size of the grid (xmin and xmax) must have been defined before.

size_t getNy () const

Return number of grid intervals in the y-direction. ny=0 for 1-D domains (segments)

size_t getNz () const

Return number of grid intervals in the z-direction. nz=0 for 1-D (segments) and 2-D domains (rectangles)

void setCode (string exp, int code)

Set a code for some grid points.

Parameters

in	exp	Regular expression that determines the set of grid points on which the code is applied.
in	code	Code to assign.

void setCode (int side, int code)

Set a code for grid points on sides.

Parameters

in	side	Side for which code is assigned. Possible values are: MIN_X, MAX_X, MIN_Y, MAX_Y, MIN_Z, MAX_Z
in	code	Code to assign.

int getCode (int side) const

Return code for a side number.

Parameters

in	side	Side for which code is returned. Possible values are: MIN_X, MAX_X, MIN_Y, MAX_Y,
		MIN_Z, MAX_Z

int getCode (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return code for a grid point.

ſ	in	i	i-th index for node for which code is to be returned.

in	j	j-th index for node for which code is to be returned.
----	---	---

int getCode (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return code for a grid point.

Parameters

in	i	i-th index for node for which code is to be returned.
in	j	j-th index for node for which code is to be returned.
in	k	k-th index for node for which code is to be returned.

void Deactivate (size_t i)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (1-D grid)

Parameters

	in	i	grid cell to remove
--	----	---	---------------------

void Deactivate (size_t i, size_t j)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

Parameters

in	i	i-th index for grid cell to remove. If this value is 0, all cells (*, j) are deactivated
in	j	j-th index for grid cell to remove If this value is 0, all cells (i,*) are deactivated

Remarks

if i and j have value 0 all grid cells are deactivated!!

void Deactivate (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

in	i	i-th index for grid cell to remove. If this value is 0, all cells (*,j,k) are deactivated
in	j	j-th index for grid cell to remove If this value is 0, all cells (i,*,k) are deactivated
in	k	k-th index for grid cell to remove If this value is 0, all cells (i,j,*) are deactivated

int is Active (size $\pm i$) const

Say if cell is active or not (1-D grid)

Parameters

in i	Index of cell
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Returns

1 if cell is active, 0 if not

int isActive (size_t i, size_t j) const

Say if cell is active or not (2-D grid)

Parameters

iı	ı	i	i-th index of cell
iı	1	j	j-th index of cell

Returns

1 if cell is active, 0 if not

int is Active (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Say if cell is active or not (3-D grid)

Parameters

in	i	i-th index of cell
in	j	j-th index of cell
in	k	k-th index of cell

Returns

1 if cell is active, 0 if not

BMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero dimension band matrix

BMatrix (size_t size, int ld, int ud)

Constructor that for a band matrix with given size and bandwidth. Assign 0 to all matrix entries.

in	size	Number of rows and columns
in	ld	Number of lower co-diagonals (must be > 0)
in	ud	Number of upper co-diagonals (must be > 0)

void setSize (size_t size, int ld, int ud)

Set size (number of rows) and storage of matrix.

Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns
in	ld	Number of lower co-diagonals (must be > 0)
in	ud	Number of upper co-diagonals (must be > 0)

void Axpy (T_-a , const BMatrix< $T_- > \& x$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	x	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix< $T_- > *x$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	x	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T₋ & operator() (size₋t *i*, size₋t *j*) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

BMatrix $< T_- > & operator = (const BMatrix<math>< T_- > & m)$

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

BMatrix
$$< T_- > \& operator*= (const $T_- \& x)$$$

Operator *=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x

BMatrix $< T_- > \& operator += (const T_- \& x)$

Operator +=.

Add constant x to matrix entries.

int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

int solve (Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	1
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Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

DSMatrix (size_t dim)

Constructor that for a symmetric matrix with given number of rqows.

Parameters

in	dim	Number of rows

DSMatrix (const DSMatrix $< T_- > & m$)

Copy Constructor.

in	m	DSMatrix instance to copy

void setSize (size_t dim)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

Parameters

	in	dim	Number of rows and columns.
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void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Assign constant to entry (i,j) of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	row index
in	j	column index
in	val	value to assign to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void setDiag (const $T_- \& a$)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

Parameters

in a	Value to assign to all diagonal entries
------	---

void setDiag (const vector $< T_- > & d$)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

Parameters

in	d	Vector entries to assign to matrix diagonal entries

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Add constant to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	row index
in	j	column index
in	val	value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_->$.

T_- operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_- & operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix (LDL^T)

Returns

- 0, if factorization was normally performed,
- n, if the n-th pivot is null.

void getColumn (size_t j, Vect< $T_- > \& v$) const

Get j-th column vector.

Parameters

in	j	Index of column to extract	
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the column is stored	

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

$Vect < T_- > getColumn (size_t j) const$

Get j-th column vector.

in	j	Index of column to extract

Returns

Vect instance where the column is stored

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

void setColumn (size_t i, const Vect< T_- > & v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	column index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

void getRow (size_t i, Vect< $T_- > \& v$) const

Get i-th row vector.

Parameters

in	i	Index of row to extract
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the row is stored

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

$Vect < T_- > getRow (size_t i) const$

Get i-th row vector.

Parameters

in i	Index of row to extract
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Returns

Vect instance where the row is stored

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

void setRow (size_t i, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

in	i	row index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

void MultAdd (T_-a , const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a*x and add to y.

Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
in,out	у	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void TMult (const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to add to y
in,out	y	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.

Implements Matrix $< T_->$.

int solve (Vect< $T_-> \& b$) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The matrix is factorized using the LDLt (Crout) decomposition. If this one is already factorized, no further factorization is performed. If the matrix has been modified the user has to refactorize it using the function setLDLt.

Parameters

	in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
--	--------	---	--	--

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve linear system.

The matrix is factorized using the LDLt (Crout) decomposition. If this one is already factorized, no further factorization is performed. If the matrix has been modified the user has to refactorize it using the function setLDLt.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

void Axpy (T_-a , const DSMatrix< $T_- > \& m$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void Axpy (T_-a_r const Matrix $< T_- > * m$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current ins		

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

LocalMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Constructs a matrix with 0 rows and 0 columns

LocalMatrix (Element * el, const SpMatrix < $T_- > & a$)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SpMatrix.

i	n	el Pointer to Element	
i	n	а	Global matrix as instance of class SpMatrix.

LocalMatrix (Element * el, const SkMatrix < $T_- > & a$)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkMatrix.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SkMatrix.

LocalMatrix (Element * el, const SkSMatrix < $T_- > & a$)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkSMatrix.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SkSMatrix.

void Localize (Element * el, const SpMatrix< $T_- > \& a$)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SpMatrix.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SpMatrix. This function is called by its
		corresponding constructor.

void Localize (Element * el, const SkMatrix< $T_- > & a$)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkMatrix.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in a Global matrix as instance of class SkMatrix. This function is called by		Global matrix as instance of class SkMatrix. This function is called by its
corresponding constructor.		corresponding constructor.

void Localize (Element * el, const SkSMatrix< $T_- > \& a$)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkSMatrix.

in	el	Pointer to Element	
in	in <i>a</i> Global matrix as instance of class SkSMatrix. This function is called by its		
		corresponding constructor.	

LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> & operator= (const LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> & m)

Operator =

Copy instance m into current instance.

LocalMatrix $< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \& operator = (const <math>T_- \& x)$

Operator =

Assign matrix to identity times x

LocalMatrix $< T_-$, NR_-, NC_- > & operator+= (const LocalMatrix $< T_-$, NR_-, NC_- > & m)

Operator +=

Add m to current matrix.

LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> & operator== (const LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> & m)

Operator -=

Subtract m from current matrix.

LocalVect< T₋, NR₋> operator* (LocalVect< T₋, NC₋> & x)

Operator *

Return a Vect instance as product of current matrix by vector x.

LocalMatrix $< T_-$, NR_-, NC_ $> & operator += (const T_- & x)$

Operator +=

Add constant x to current matrix entries.

LocalMatrix $< T_-$, NR_-, NC_- > & operator== (const T_- & x)

Operator -=

Subtract x from current matrix entries.

LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> & operator*= (const T₋ & x)

Operator *=

Multiply matrix entries by constant x.

LocalMatrix< T_- , NR_- , NC_- > & operator/= (const T_- & x)

Operator /=

Divide by x current matrix entries.

void MultAdd (const LocalVect< T_- , NC_- > & x, LocalVect< T_- , NR_- > & y)

Multiply matrix by vector and add result to vector.

in	x	Vector to multiply matrix by.
out	y	Resulting vector (y += a * x)

void MultAddScal (const T_ & a, const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > & x, LocalVect< T_, NR_ > & y)

Multiply matrix by scaled vector and add result to vector.

Parameters

in	а	Constant to premultiply by vector x.
in	х	(Scaled) vector to multiply matrix by.
out	у	Resulting vector (y += a * x)

void Mult (const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > & x, LocalVect< T_, NR_ > & y)

Multiply matrix by vector.

Parameters

in	х	Vector to multiply matrix by.
out	y	Resulting vector.

void Symmetrize ()

Symmetrize matrix.

Fill upper triangle to form a symmetric matrix.

int Factor ()

Factorize matrix.

Performs a LU factorization.

Returns

- 0: Factorization has ended normally,
- n: n-th pivot was zero.

int Solve (Local Vect< T_, NR_ > & b)

Forward and backsubstitute to solve a linear system.

Parameters

in	b	Right-hand side in input and solution vector in output.
----	---	---

Returns

- 0: Solution was performed normally.
- n: n-th pivot is zero.

Note

Matrix must have been factorized at first.

int FactorAndSolve (LocalVect< T $_{-}$, NR $_{-}$ > & b)

Factorize matrix and solve linear system.

Parameters

	in,out b	Right-hand side in input and solution vector in output.
--	----------	---

Returns

0 if solution was performed normally. n if n-th pivot is zero. This function simply calls **Factor()** then **Solve(b)**.

void Invert (LocalMatrix< T $_-$, NR $_-$, NC $_-$ > & A)

Calculate inverse of matrix.

Parameters

out	A	Inverse of matrix
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T_ getInnerProduct (const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > & x, const LocalVect< T_, NR_ > & y)

Calculate inner product witrh respect to matrix.

Returns the product x^TAy

Parameters

in	х	Left vector
in	y	Right vector

Returns

Resulting product

LocalVect (const Element * el, const Vect< $T_- > & v$, int opt = 0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

in	el	Pointer to Element to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize

in	opt	Option for DOF treatment
		• = 0, Normal case [Default]
		Any other value : only one DOF is handled (Local vector has as dimension number of degrees of freedom)

LocalVect (const Side * sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$, int opt = 0)

Constructor of a side vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side to localize	
in	v	Global vector to localize	
in	opt	Option for DOF treatment	
		• = 0, Normal case [Default]	
		Any other value: only one DOF is handled (Local vector has as dimension number of degrees of freedom)	

void getLocal (const Element & el, const Vect $< T_- > \& v$, int type)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes This function is called by the constructor \leftarrow : LocalVect(const Element *el, const Vect<T $_->$ &v)

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element to localize	
in	v	Global vector to localize	
in	type	Type of element. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: LINE2, TRIANG3, QUAD4, TETRA4, HEXA8, PENTA6	

void Localize (const Element * el, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$, size_t k = 0)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes This function is called by the constructor \leftarrow : Local Vect(const Element *el, const Vect< T_- > &v)

in	el	Pointer to Side to localize	
in	v	Global vector to localize	
in	k	Degree of freedom to localize [Default: All degrees of freedom are stored]	

void Localize (const Side * sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$, size_t k = 0)

Localize a side vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes This function is called by the constructor \leftarrow : Local Vect(const Side *sd, const Vect< T_- > &v)

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side to localize	
in	v	Global vector to localize	
in	k	Degree of freedom to localize [Default: All degrees of freedom are stored]	

LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_-$ > & operator= (const LocalVect<math>< T $_-$, N $_-$ > & <math>v)

Operator =

Copy a LocalVect instance to the current one

LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_ > & operator= (const T<math>_-$ & x)

Operator =

Assign value x to all vector entries

LocalVect< T₋, N₋> & operator+= (const LocalVect< T₋, N₋> & v)

Operator +=

Add vector v to this instance

LocalVect< T₋, N₋> & operator+= (const T₋ & a)

Operator +=

Add constant a to vector entries

LocalVect< T $_{-}$, N $_{-}$ > & operator== (const LocalVect< T $_{-}$, N $_{-}$ > & v)

Operator -=

Subtract vector v from this instance

LocalVect $< T_-$, $N_- > \&$ operator== (const $T_- \& a$)

Operator -=

Subtract constant a from vector entries

LocalVect< T₋, N₋> & operator*= (const T₋ & a)

Operator *=

Multiply vector by constant a

LocalVect< T₋, N₋> & operator/= (const T₋ & a)

Operator /=

Divide vector by constant a

T_- operator, (const LocalVect< T_- , $N_- > \& v$) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (v,w) where v and w are 2 instances of Local \leftarrow Vect<double,n>

Parameters

in	v	LocalVect instance by which the current instance is multiplied
----	---	--

SkSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-dimension matrix

SkSMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal = false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

Parameters

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).
in	is_diagonal	Boolean to select if the matrix is diagonal or not [Default: false]

SkSMatrix (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0, int is_diagonal = false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.

SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > & ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column height.

in	ColHt	Vect instance that contains rows lengths of matrix.
----	-------	---

SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > & I, const Vect< size_t > & J, int opt = 1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

Parameters

in	I	Vector containing row indices
in	J	Vector containing column indices
in	opt	Flag indicating if vectors I and J are cleaned and ordered (opt=1) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, these vectors can contain the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered.

SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > & I, const Vect< size_t > & J, const Vect< T_- > & a, int opt = 1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

Parameters

in	I	Vector containing row indices	
in	J	Vector containing column indices	
in	а	Vector containing matrix entries in the same order than the one given by I and	
in	opt	Flag indicating if vectors I and J are cleaned and ordered (opt=1) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, these vectors can contain the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered	

void setMesh (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.

void setSkyline (Mesh & mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

This member function calculates matrix structure using Mesh instance mesh.

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Value to assign to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void MultAdd (const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void MultAdd (T_-a , const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a*x and add to y.

Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix	
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void Mult (const Vect< $T_-> & x$, Vect< $T_-> & y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y

Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void TMult (const Vect< $T_- > & x$, Vect< $T_- > & y$) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_->$.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Add a constant to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Constant value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

size_t getColHeight (size_t i) const

Return column height.

Column height at entry i is returned.

T_- & operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

SkSMatrix $< T_- > & operator = (const SkSMatrix<math>< T_- > & m)$

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

SkSMatrix $< T_- > & operator = (const T_- & x)$

Operator =.

define the matrix as a diagonal one with all diagonal entries equal to x.

SkSMatrix $< T_- > & operator += (const SkSMatrix<math>< T_- > & m)$

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

SkSMatrix $< T_- > \& operator*= (const <math>T_- \& x)$

Operator *=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix (LDLt (Crout) factorization).

Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is null

int solve (Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LDLt decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLDLt realizes the factorization step only.

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
--------	---	--	--

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LDLt decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLDLt. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLDLt realizes the factorization step only.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

int solveLDLt (const Vect< $T_- > \& b$, Vect< $T_- > \& x$)

Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.

This function solves a linear system. The LDLt factorization is performed if this was not already done using the function setLU.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side	
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution	

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null

Solution is performed only is factorization has previouly been invoked.

void Axpy (T_-a , const SkSMatrix< $T_- > \& m$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix< $T_- > * m$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Pointer to Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix $< T_->$.

TrMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero dimension tridiagonal matrix

void setSize (size_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

Parameters

	in	size	Number of rows and columns.
--	----	------	-----------------------------

void Axpy ($T_- a$, const TrMatrix< $T_- > \& m$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_- & operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

 $TrMatrix < T_- > \& operator = (const TrMatrix < T_- > \& m)$

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

TrMatrix< T $_->$ & operator*= (const T $_-$ & x)

Operator *=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

int solve (Vect< $T_-> & b$) [virtual]

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

Parameters

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Warning: Matrix is modified after this function.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution.	

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Warning: Matrix is modified after this function.

Iter ()

Default Constructor.

This constructor set default values: the maximal number of iterations is set to 100 and the tolerance to 1.e-8

Iter (int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose = 0)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

Parameters

in	max←	Maximum number of iterations
	_it	
in	toler	Tolerance value for convergence
in	verbose	Verbosity parameter [default: 0] 0: No message output, > 0: message output with increasing display.

bool check (Vect< T_- > & u, const Vect< T_- > & v, int opt = 2)

Check convergence.

Parameters

in,out	и	Solution vector at previous iteration
in	v	Solution vector at current iteration
in	opt	Vector norm for convergence checking 1: 1-norm, 2: 2-norm, 0: Max. norm [default: 2]

Returns

true if convergence criterion is satisfied, false if not

After checking, this function copied v into u.

int solve (Iteration s, Preconditioner $p = DIAG_PREC$)

Solve equations using prescribed solver and preconditioner.

Parameters

in	S	Solver identification parameter To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: CGS_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner: IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, SSOR_PREC, DILU_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

Note

The argument p has no effect if the solver is DIRECT_SOLVER

5.12 Physical properties of media

A module that contains classes for physical properties of materials and media.

Classes

• class Material

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

5.12.1 Detailed Description

A module that contains classes for physical properties of materials and media.

OFELI's Reference Guide

5.13 Shape Function

Gathers shape function classes.

Classes

• class FEShape

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

• class triangle

Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

• class Hexa8

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

• class Line2

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

class Line2H

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

• class Line3

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.

• class Penta6

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and Q_1 isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z).

• class Quad4

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using Q_1 isoparametric interpolation.

• class Tetra4

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation.

• class Triang3

Defines a 3-Node (P_1) triangle.

class Triang6S

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P2 interpolation.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

Gathers shape function classes.

5.14 Solid Mechanics

Gathers Solid Mechanics finite element equations related classes.

Classes

- class Bar2DL2
 - To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.
- class Beam3DL2
 - To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.
- class Elas2DQ4
 - To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.
- class Elas2DT3
 - To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.
- class Elas3DH8
 - To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.
- class Elas3DT4
 - To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.
- class Equa_Solid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >
 - Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

5.14.1 Detailed Description

Gathers Solid Mechanics finite element equations related classes.

5.15 Solver

Gathers Solver functions.

Files

• file OptimAux.h

File that contains auxiliary functions for optimization.

• file OptimSA.h

Function to solve an optimization problem using the Simulated Annealing method.

• file OptimTN.h

Function to solve an optimization problem using the Truncated Newton method.

Classes

• class Reconstruction

To perform various reconstruction operations.

• class EigenProblemSolver

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, i.e. Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$ where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as Stiffness and Mass matrices respectively.

• class Iter< T_>

Class to drive an iterative process.

• class LinearSolver< T_>

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

• class ODESolver

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

• class Prec< T_>

To set a preconditioner.

class TimeStepping

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$

Macros

• #define MAX_NB_EQUATIONS 5

Maximum number of equations.

#define MAX_NB_INPUT_FIELDS 3

Maximum number of fields for an equation.

• #define MAX_NB_MESHES 10

Maximum number of meshes.

• #define TIME_LOOP(ts, t, ft, n)

A macro to loop on time steps to integrate on time $ts: Time step \ t: Initial time value updated at each time step <math>ft: Final time value \ n: Time step index.$

#define TimeLoop

A macro to loop on time steps to integrate on time.

• #define IterationLoop while (++theIteration<MaxNbIterations && Converged==false)

A macro to loop on iterations for an iterative procedure.

Functions

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Muscl3DT &m)

Output mesh data as calculated in class Muscl3DT.

• template<class T_>

int BiCG (const SpMatrix< $T_->$ &A, int prec, const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix< T $_->$ &A, const Prec< T $_->$ &P, const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

template<class T₋>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, int prec, const Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

• template < class T_>

int CG (const SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, const Prec< T $_-$ > &P, const Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x, int max $_-$ it, real $_+$ t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T_>

int CG (const SpMatrix< $T_->$ &A, int prec, const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T_>

int CGS (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, int prec, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate Gradient Squared solver function.

• template<class T_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Prec $< T_- > &P$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$, size_t m, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class T_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, int prec, const Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x, size $_-$ t m, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class T_>

int \overline{GS} (const SpMatrix< T_- > &A, const Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &x, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Gauss-Seidel solver function.

• template<class T_>

int Jacobi (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Jacobi solver function.

void BCAsConstraint (const Mesh &m, const Vect < real_t > &bc, Vect < real_t > &up, Vect < real_t > &low)

To impose Dirichlet boundary conditions in an optimization problem. If such conditions are to present, this function has to be invoked by giving on input bc(i) as the value to impose for the i-th optimization variable.

• template < class OPT_>

int OptimSA (OPT_ &theOpt, Vect< real_t > &x, real_t &rt, real_t &eps, int &ns, int &nt, int &neps, int &maxevl, Vect< real_t > &lb, Vect< real_t > &ub, Vect< real_t > &c, int &msg \leftarrow lvl, int &seed1, int &seed2, real_t &t, Vect< real_t > &vm, Vect< real_t > &xopt, real_t &fopt, int &nfcnev, int &nobds)

Simulated annealing optimization solver.

• template < class OPT_>

int OptimTN (OPT_ &theOpt, Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &low, Vect< real_t > &up, Vect< int > &pivot, int max_it, real_t toler, int msg_lvl)

Truncated Newton optimization solver.

• template<class T_, class M_>

int Richardson (const M_- &A, const Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &x, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Richardson solver function.

• template<class T_>

void Schur (SkMatrix< T_- > &A, SpMatrix< T_- > &U, SpMatrix< T_- > &L, SpMatrix< T_- > &D, Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &c)

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T_>

void Schur (PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &U, PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &L, PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &D, PETScVect< T $_-$ > &b, PETScVect< T $_-$ > &c)

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T_- , class $M_->$

int SSOR (const M_- &A, const Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

SSOR solver function.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const TimeStepping &ts)

Output differential system information.

5.15.1 Detailed Description

Gathers Solver functions.

5.15.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#define MAX_NB_EQUATIONS 5

Maximum number of equations. Useful for coupled problems

#define MAX_NB_INPUT_FIELDS 3

Maximum number of fields for an equation. Useful for coupled problems

#define MAX_NB_MESHES 10

Maximum number of meshes.
Useful for coupled problems

#define TimeLoop

Value:

```
NbTimeSteps = int(theFinalTime/theTimeStep); \
    for (theTime=theTimeStep, theStep=1; theTime
theFinalTime+0.001*theTimeStep; theTime+=
theTimeStep, ++theStep)
```

A macro to loop on time steps to integrate on time.

It uses the following global variables defined in ${\tt OFELI:}$ the Step, the Time, the Time Step, the Final Time

#define IterationLoop while (++theIteration<MaxNbIterations && Converged==false)

A macro to loop on iterations for an iterative procedure.

It uses the following global variables defined in ${\bf OFELI:}$ the Iteration, MaxNbI terations, Converged

5.15.3 Function Documentation

int BiCG (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, int prec, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient solver function.

Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
	7	
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the
		linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max←	Maximum number of iterations.
	_it	
	toler	[in] Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
	verbose	[in] Information output parameter
		• 0: No output
		• 1: Output iteration information,
		2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

$< T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	,

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, const Prec< T_- > & P, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	P	Preconditioner (Instance of class Prec).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess on input and solution of the linear system on output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	 Information output parameter 0: No output 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, int prec, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).

in	verbose	Information output parameter
		• 0: No output
		• 1: Output iteration information,
		2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ↔	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

int CG (const SpMatrix< $T_-> \& A$, const Prec< $T_-> \& P$, const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, Vect< $T_-> \& x$, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

Parameters

in	Α	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	P	Preconditioner (Instance of class Prec).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max↔ _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	 Information output parameter 0: No output 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

int CG (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, int prec, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of abstract class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	 Information output parameter 0: No output 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>	1
_>		l

int CGS (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, int prec, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate Gradient Squared solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).

in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	 Information output parameter 0: No output 1: Output iteration information,
		2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
_>	

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Prec< T $_->$ & P, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x, size_t m, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

in	Α	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	P	Preconditioner (Instance of class Prec).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	m	Number of subspaces to generate for iterations.
in	max⇔ _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_->$ & A, int prec, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x, size $_-$ t m, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	m	Number of subspaces to generate for iterations.
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ↔	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>	
_>		

int GS (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Gauss-Seidel solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)

in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	omega	Relaxation parameter.
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter
		• 0: No output
		• 1: Output iteration information
		2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations

Template Parameters

<t⊷< th=""><th>Data type (real_t, float, complex<real_t>,)</real_t></th></t⊷<>	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
_>	

int Jacobi (const SpMatrix< $T_-> \& A$, const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, Vect< $T_-> \& x$, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Jacobi solver function.

in	Α	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	х	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	omega	Relaxation parameter.
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in,out	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

<t_></t_>	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
<m⊷< th=""><th>Matrix storage class</th></m⊷<>	Matrix storage class
_>	

int void BCAsConstraint (const Mesh & m, const Vect< real_t > & bc, Vect< real_t > & up, Vect< real_t > & low)

To impose Dirichlet boundary conditions in an optimization problem. If such conditions are to present, this function has to be invoked by giving on input bc(i) as the value to impose for the i-th optimization variable.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance
in	bc	Vect instance where bc(i) is the value to impose for dof i
out	ир	Vect instance that contains on output upper bounds for DOFs
out	low	Vect instance that contains on output lower bounds for DOFs

int OptimSA (OPT_& theOpt, Vect< real_t > & x, real_t & rt, real_t & eps, int & ns, int & nt, int & neps, int & maxevl, Vect< real_t > & lb, Vect< real_t > & ub, Vect< real_t > & c, int & msg_lvl, int & seed1, int & seed2, real_t & t, Vect< real_t > & vm, Vect< real_t > & xopt, real_t & fopt, int & nacc, int & nfcnev, int & nobds)

Simulated annealing optimization solver.

Simulated annealing is a global optimization method that distinguishes between different local optima. Starting from an initial point, the algorithm takes a step and the function is evaluated. When minimizing a function, any downhill step is accepted and the process repeats from this new point. An uphill step may be accepted. Thus, it can escape from local optima. This uphill decision is made by the Metropolis criteria. As the optimization process proceeds, the length of the stx decline and the algorithm closes in on the global optimum. Since the algorithm makes very few assumptions regarding the function to be optimized, it is quite robust with respect to non-quadratic surfaces. The degree of robustness can be adjusted by the user. In fact, simulated annealing can be used as a local optimizer for difficult functions.

This implementation of simulated annealing was used in "Global Optimization of Statistical Functions with Simulated Annealing," Goffe, Ferrier and Rogers, Journal of Econometrics, vol. 60, no. 1/2, Jan./Feb. 1994, pp. 65-100. Briefly, we found it competitive, if not superior, to multiple restarts of conventional optimization routines for difficult optimization problems.

For more information on this routine, contact its author: Bill Goffe, $bgoffe@whale.st.usm. \leftarrow edu$

Synopsis: This function implements the continuous simulated annealing global optimization algorithm described in Corana et al.'s article "Minimizing Multimodal Functions of Continuous Variables with the "Simulated Annealing" Algorithm" in the September 1987 (vol. 13, no. 3, pp. 262-280) issue of the ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software.

A very quick (perhaps too quick) overview of OptimSA:

OptimSA tries to find the global optimum of an N dimensional function. It moves both up and downhill and as the optimization process proceeds, it focuses on the most promising area.

To start, it randomly chooses a trial point within the step length vm of the user selected starting point. The function is evaluated at this trial point and its value is compared to its value at the initial point.

In a maximization problem, all uphill moves are accepted and the algorithm continues from that trial point. Downhill moves may be accepted; the decision is made by the Metropolis criteria. It uses T (temperature) and the size of the downhill move in a probabilistic manner. The smaller t and the size of the downhill move are, the more likely that move will be accepted. If the trial is accepted, the algorithm moves on from that point. If it is rejected, another point is chosen instead for a trial evaluation.

Each element of *vm* periodically adjusted so that half of all function evaluations in that direction are accepted.

A fall in t is imposed upon the system with the rt variable by t(i+1) = rt*t(i) where i is the i-th iteration. Thus, as t declines, downhill moves are less likely to be accepted and the percentage of rejections rise. Given the scheme for the selection for vm, vm falls. Thus, as t declines, vm falls and OptimSA focuses upon the most promising area for optimization.

The importance of the parameter *t*:

The parameter t is crucial in using OptimSA successfully. It influences vm, the step length over which the algorithm searches for optima. For a small initial t, the step length may be too small; thus not enough of the function might be evaluated to find the global optima. The user should carefully examine vm in the intermediate output (set $msg_lvl = 1$) to make sure that vm is appropriate. The relationship between the initial temperature and the resulting step length is function dependent.

To determine the starting temperature that is consistent with optimizing a function, it is worthwhile to run a trial run first. Set rt = 1.5 and t = 1.0. With rt > 1.0, the temperature increases and vm rises as well. Then select the T that produces a large enough vm.

For modifications to the algorithm and many details on its use, (particularly for econometric applications) see Goffe, Ferrier and Rogers, "Global Optimization of Statistical Functions with Simulated Annealing," Journal of Econometrics, vol. 60, no. 1/2, Jan./Feb. 1994, pp. 65-100.

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As far as possible, the parameters here have the same name as in the description of the algorithm on pp. 266-8 of Corana et al.

Note: The suggested values generally come from Corana et al. To drastically reduce runtime, see Goffe et al., pp. 90-1 for suggestions on choosing the appropriate rt and nt.

j	in	theOpt	Instance of class OPT that is implemented by the user and that provides the objective function.
j	in	х	The starting values for the variables of the function to be optimized.
j	in	rt	The temperature reduction factor. The value suggested by Corana et al. is .85. See Goffe et al. for more advice.

in	eps	Error tolerance for termination. If the final function values from the last neps temperatures differ from the corresponding value at the current temperature by less than eps and the final function value at the current temperature differs from the current optimal function value by less than eps, execution terminates and the value θ is returned.
in	ns	Number of cycles. After <i>ns</i> * <i>n</i> function evaluations, each element of vm is adjusted so that approximately half of all function evaluations are accepted. The suggested value is 20.
in	nt	Number of iterations before temperature reduction. After $nt*ns*n$ function evaluations, temperature (t) is changed by the factor rt . Value suggested by Corana et al. is $max(100,5*n)$. See Goffe et al. for further advice.
in	neps	Number of final function values used to decide upon termination. See eps. Suggested value is 4
	maxevl	[in] The maximum number of function evaluations. If it is exceeded, the return <i>code</i> =1.
in	lb	The lower bound for the allowable solution variables.
in	ив	The upper bound for the allowable solution variables. If the algorithm chooses $x(i) < lb(i)$ or $x(i) > ub(i)$ $i=1,,n$, a point is from inside is randomly selected. This focuses the algorithm on the region inside ub and lb . Unless the user wishes to concentrate the search to a particular region, ub and lb should be set to very large positive and negative values, respectively. Note that the starting vector x should be inside this region. Also note that lb and ub are fixed in position, while vm is centered on the last accepted trial set of variables that optimizes the function.
	С	[in] Vector that controls the step length adjustment. The suggested value for all elements is 2.
in	msg_lvl	controls printing inside <i>OptimSA</i> .
		• 0 - Nothing printed.
		• 1 - Function value for the starting value and summary results before each temperature reduction. This includes the optimal function value found so far, the total number of moves (broken up into uphill, downhill, accepted and rejected), the number of out of bounds trials, the number of new optima found at this temperature, the current optimal x and the step length <i>vm</i> . Note that there are <i>n*ns*nt</i> function evalutations before each temperature reduction. Finally, notice is is also given upon achieveing the termination criteria.
		• 2 - Each new step length (vm), the current optimal <i>x</i> (xopt) and the current trial <i>x</i> (x). This gives the user some idea about how far <i>x</i> strays from <i>xopt</i> as well as how <i>vm</i> is adapting to the function.
		• 3 - Each function evaluation, its acceptance or rejection and new optima. For many problems, this option will likely require a small tree if hard copy is used. This option is best used to learn about the algorithm. A small value for <i>MAXEVL</i> is thus recommended when using <i>msg_lvl</i> =3. Suggested value: 1
		Note: For a given value of <i>msg_lvl</i> , the lower valued options (other than 0) are utilized.

in	seed1	The first seed for the random number generator ranmar $0 \le \text{seed} 1 \le 31328$. (integer)
in	seed2	The second seed for the random number generator ranmar 0 <= seed <= 30081. Different values for <i>seed1</i> and <i>seed2</i> will lead to an entirely different sequence of trial points and decisions on downhill moves (when maximizing). See Goffe et al. on how this can be used to test the results of <i>OptimSA</i> .
in	t	On input, the initial temperature. See Goffe et al. for advice. On output, the final temperature.
in	vm	The step length vector. On input it should encompass the region of interest given the starting value x . For point $x[i]$, the next trial point is selected is from $x[i]$ -vm[i] to $x[i]$ +vm[i]. Since vm is adjusted so that about half of all points are accepted, the input value is not very important (i.e. is the value is off, $OptimSA$ adjusts vm to the correct value).
out	xopt	The variables that optimize the function.
out	fopt	The optimal value of the function.
out	пасс	The number of accepted function evaluations.
out	nfcnev	The total number of function evaluations. In a minor point, note that the first evaluation is not used in the core of the algorithm; it simply initializes the algorithm.
out	nobds	The total number of trial function evaluations that would have been out of bounds of <i>lb</i> and <i>ub</i> . Note that a trial point is randomly selected between <i>lb</i> and <i>ub</i> .

Returns

- 0 Normal return; termination criteria achieved.
- 1 Number of function evaluations (nfcnev) is greater than the maximum number (maxevl).
- 2 The starting value (x) is not inside the bounds (*lb* and *ub*).
- 3 The initial temperature is not positive. 99 - Should not be seen; only used internally.

Template Parameters

<opt←< th=""><th>Class that defined the objective function and its gradient</th></opt←<>	Class that defined the objective function and its gradient
_>	

int OptimTN (OPT_ & theOpt, Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & low, Vect< real_t > & up, Vect< int > & pivot, int $max_it = -1$, real_t toler = 100*OFELI_EPSMCH, int $msg_lvl = 5$)

Truncated Newton optimization solver.

Solves a bounds-constrained optimization problem using the Nash's Truncated Newton Algorithm (See paper by S.G. Nash, Newton-type Minimization via the Lanczos method, SIAM J. Numer. Anal. 21 (1984) 770-778). All vector variables are instances of class Vect<real_t>.

Parameters

in	theOpt	Instance of class OPT ₋ that is implemented by the user and that provides the objective function.
in,out	х	Vector that contains an initial guess of the solution and as output the final optimization variables if optimization has succeeded
in	low	Vector of the same size as x that contains for each variable the lower bound to impose. Note that Dirichlet boundary conditions are treated as equality conditions (i.e. lower and upper bounds) and that these ones can be imposed via an auxiliary optimization file (BCAsConstraint)
in	ир	Vector of the same size as x that contains for each variable the upper bound to impose. Note that Dirichlet boundary conditions are treated as equality conditions (i.e. lower and upper bounds) and that these ones can be imposed via an auxiliary optimization function BCAsConstraint)
in	pivot	Vector of the same size as x that contains on return for each variable an integer value that says if the corresponding constraint was reached (different from 0) or not (= 0). Note that Dirichlet boundary conditions are treated as equality constraints
in	max_it	Maximum number of iterations for convergence
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm of projected gradient)
in	msg_lvl	Output message level. Must be between 0 and 10

Returns

Number of performed iterations

Template Parameters

<opt←< th=""><th>Class that provides the objective function. This class is defined by the user.</th></opt←<>	Class that provides the objective function. This class is defined by the user.
_>	

The OPT_{-} class:

This class is defined by the user. It must have the member function:

void Objective(Vect<real_t> &x, real_t &f, Vect<real_t> &g)

Here above, x is the optimization variable vector, f is the value of the objective to calculate for the given x and g is the gradient vector for x.

The function **BCAsConstraint**:

This function is defined by the user:

void BCAsConstraint(const Mesh &m, const Vect<real_t> &bc, Vect<real_t> &up, Vect<real ←
_t> &low)

This function imposes Dirichlet boundary conditions in an optimization problem as optimization constraints. If such conditions are to be present, this function has to be invoked by giving on input bc(i) as the value to impose for the i-th optimization variable.

int Richardson (const $M_- \& A$, const $Vect < T_- > \& b$, $Vect < T_- > \& x$, real_t omega, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

Richardson solver function.

Parameters

in	Α	Problem matrix problem (Instance of abstract class M ₋).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	omega	Relaxation parameter.
in	max↔ _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

nb_it Number of performed iterations,

Template Parameters

<t_></t_>	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
<m←< th=""><th>Matrix storage class</th></m←<>	Matrix storage class
_>	

void Schur (SkMatrix< T_- > & A, SpMatrix< T_- > & U, SpMatrix< T_- > & L, SpMatrix< T_- > & D, Vect< T_- > & D, Vect< T_- > & D, Vect< D > & D > D

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

The linear system is of the form

in	A	Instance of class SkMatrix class for the first diagonal block. The matrix must be invertible and factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class) where A, U, L, D are instances of matrix classes,
in	U	Instance of class SpMatrix for the upper triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular

in	L	Instance of class SpMatrix for the lower triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular	
in	D	Instance of class SpMatrix for the second diagonal block. The matrix must be factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class)	
in,out	b	Vector (Instance of class Vect) that contains the first block of right-hand side on input and the first block of the solution on output. b must have the same size as the dimension of A .	
in,out	С	Vect instance that contains the second block of right-hand side on output and the first block of the solution on output. c must have the same size as the dimension of D.	

Template Argument:

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	data type (real_t, float,)
_>	

void Schur (PETScMatrix< T_- > & A, PETScMatrix< T_- > & U, PETScMatrix< T_- > & L, PETScMatrix< T_- > & D, PETScVect< T_- > & D, PETScVect< T_- > & D

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

The linear system is of the form

Parameters

in	A	Instance of class SkMatrix class for the first diagonal block. The matrix must be invertible and factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class) where A, U, L, D are instances of matrix classes,	
in	U	Instance of class PETScMatrix for the upper triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular	
in	L	Instance of class PETScMatrix for the lower triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular	
in	D	Instance of class PETScMatrix for the second diagonal block. The matrix must be factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class)	
in,out	b	Vector (Instance of class PETScVect) that contains the first block of right-hand side on input and the first block of the solution on output. b must have the same size as the dimension of A.	
in,out	С	PETScVect instance that contains the second block of right-hand side on output and the first block of the solution on output. c must have the same size as the dimension of D.	

Template Argument:

Template Parameters

<t⊷< th=""><th>data type (real_t, float,)</th></t⊷<>	data type (real_t, float,)
_>	

int SSOR (const M_- & A, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, int max_it , real_t toler, int verbose)

SSOR solver function.

Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of abstract class M _).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

Returns

Number of performed iterations,

Template Arguments:

- *T*₋ data type (double, float, ...)
- *M*₋ Matrix storage class

5.16 Utilities

Gathers utility functions and classes.

Files

• file OFELI.h

Header file that includes all kernel classes of the library.

• file OFELI_Config.h

File that contains some macros.

• file constants.h

File that contains some widely used constants.

Classes

• class Funct

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

• class Tabulation

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

class UserData < T₋ >

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

• class Point< T_>

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Point2D < T_>

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

class Gauss

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

class Timer

To handle elapsed time counting.

Macros

- #define OFELLE 2.71828182845904523536028747135
- #define OFELI_PI 3.14159265358979323846264338328

- #define OFELI_SQRT2 1.41421356237309504880168872421
- #define OFELI_SQRT3 1.73205080756887729352744634151
- #define OFELI_ONEOVERPI 0.31830988618379067153776752675
- #define OFELI_GAUSS2 0.57735026918962576450914878050196
- #define OFELLEPSMCH DBL_EPSILON
- #define OFELI_TOLERANCE OFELI_EPSMCH*10000
- #define OFELI_IMAG std::complex<double>(0.,1.);
- #define PARSE(exp, var) the Parser. Parse(exp, var)
- #define EVAL(d) the Parser. Eval(d)

Typedefs

```
• typedef unsigned long <a href="mailto:lsize_t">lsize_t</a>
```

This type stands for type unsigned long.

typedef double real_t

This type stands for double.

• typedef std::complex< double > complex_t

This type stands for type std::complex<double>

Functions

```
• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const complex_t &x)
```

Output a complex number.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::string &c)

Output a string.

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const vector < $T_->$ &v)

Output a vector instance.

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::pair < T_, T_ > &a)

Output a pair instance.

• void saveField (Vect< real_t > &v, string output_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (PETScVect< real_t > &v, string output_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (PETScVect < real_t > &v, const Mesh &mesh, string output_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (Vect< real_t > &v, const Grid &g, string output_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format, for a structured grid data.

• void saveGnuplot (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

• void saveTecplot (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

• void saveVTK (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

void saveGmsh (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Tabulation &t)

Output Tabulated function data.

template<class T₋>

```
bool operator== (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
```

Operator ==

• template<class T_>

```
Point< T_- > operator+ (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
```

Operator +

• template<class T_>

```
Point< T_-> operator+ (const Point< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
```

Operator +

```
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point < T_- > &a)
      Unary Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point< T_- > \&a, const Point< T_- > \&b)
      Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point< T_- > \&a, const T_- \&x)
      Operator -

    template < class T_>

  Point< T_- > operator* (const T_- &a, const Point<math>< T_- > &b)
      Operator *
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const int &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator *.
 template < class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point< T_- > &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point< T_- > &b, const int &a)
      Operator *

    template<class T₋>

  T_- operator* (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator *

    template<class T_>

  Point< T_- > operator/ (const Point < T_- > &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /

    bool areClose (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b, double toler=OFE ←

  LI_TOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point < double > are distant with less then toler
• double SqrDistance (const Point< double > &a, const Point< double > &b)
      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b
• double Distance (const Point< double > &a, const Point< double > &b)
      Return euclidean distance between points a and b
• template<class T_>
  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.
• template<class T_>
  bool operator== (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator ==.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator +.
 template < class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a)
```

```
Unary Operator -

    template<class T₋>

  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator -

    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const T_- &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator *.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const int &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /
• template<class T₋>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const int &a)
      Operator *

    template<class T_>

  T_- operator* (const Point2D< T_- > &b, const Point2D< T_- > &a)
      Operator *.

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator/ (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)

    bool areClose (const Point2D < real_t > &a, const Point2D < real_t > &b, real_t toler=OFE ←

  LI_TOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point2D<real_t> are distant with less then toler [Default: OFEL←
• real_t SqrDistance (const Point2D< real_t > &a, const Point2D< real_t > &b)
      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b
• real_t Distance (const Point2D< real_t > &a, const Point2D< real_t > &b)
      Return euclidean distance between points a and b
• template < class T_>
  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point2D< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.

    void getMesh (string file, ExternalFileFormat form, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in an external file format.

    void getBamg (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Bamg format.
• void getEasymesh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)
      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Easymesh format.

    void getGambit (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gambit neutral format.
• void getGmsh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)
      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gmsh format.

    void getMatlab (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a Matlab mesh data.

    void getNetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)
```

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Netgen format.

• void getTetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Tetgen format.

• void getTriangle (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Triangle format.

• void saveMesh (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh, ExternalFileFormat form)

This function saves mesh data a file for a given external format.

• void saveGmsh (const string &gp_file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

• void saveGnuplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

void saveMatlab (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Matlab format.

• void saveTecplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Tecplot format.

void saveVTK (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in VTK format.

void saveBamg (const string &file, Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Bamg format.

void BSpline (size_t n, size_t t, Vect< Point< real_t >> &control, Vect< Point< real_t >> &output, size_t num_output)

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

void banner (const string &prog="")

Outputs a banner as header of any developed program.

• template<class $T_->$

void QuickSort (std::vector $< T_- > &a$, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

template<class T₋>

void qksort (std::vector $< T_- > &a$, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

• template < class T_- , class $C_- >$

void qksort (std::vector < T_ > &a, int begin, int end, C_ compare)

Function to sort a vector according to a key function.

• int Sgn (real_t a)

Return sign of a: -1 or 1.

real_t Abs2 (complex_t a)

Return square of modulus of complex number a

real_t Abs2 (real_t a)

Return square of real number a

• real_t Abs (real_t a)

Return absolute value of a

real_t Abs (complex_t a)

Return modulus of complex number a

• real_t Abs (const Point < real_t > &p)

Return Norm of vector a

• real_t Conjg (real_t a)

Return complex conjugate of real number a

```
    complex_t Conjg (complex_t a)

      Return complex conjugate of complex number a
• real_t Max (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c)
      Return maximum value of real numbers a, b and c
• int Max (int a, int b, int c)
      Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b and c
• real_t Min (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c)
      Return minimum value of real numbers a, b and c
• int Min (int a, int b, int c)
      Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b and c
• real_t Max (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c, real_t d)
      Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d
• int Max (int a, int b, int c, int d)
      Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d
• real_t Min (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c, real_t d)
      Return minimum value of real numbers a, b, c and d
• int Min (int a, int b, int c, int d)
      Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

    real_t Arg (complex_t x)

      Return argument of complex number x

    complex_t Log (complex_t x)

      Return principal determination of logarithm of complex number x
• template<class T_>
  T_{-} Sqr (T_{-}x)
      Return square of value x
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, vector < T_- > &x)
      Mutiply vector x by a

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  void Xpy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Add array x to y

    template<class T_>

  void Xpy (const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Add vector x to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (size_t n, T_a, T_*, T_*)
      Multiply array x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (T_a, const vector < T_b > &x, vector < T_b > &y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T<sub>-</sub>>
  void Axpy (T_a, const Vect < T_s & x, Vect < T_s & y)
```

```
Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Copy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Copy array x to y n is the arrays size.
• real_t Error2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L2 error between vectors x and y
• real_t RError2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L^2 error between vectors x and y

    real_t ErrorMax (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)

      Return absolute Max. error between vectors x and y
• real_t RErrorMax (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return relative Max. error between vectors x and y
• template<class T_>
  T_- Dot (size_t n, T_- *x, T_- *y)
      Return dot product of arrays x and y
• real_t Dot (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return dot product of vectors x and y.
• real_t Dot (const Vect< real_t > &x, const Vect< real_t > &y)
      Return dot product of vectors x and y
• template<class T_>
  T_{-} Dot (const Point< T_{-} > &x, const Point< T_{-} > &y)
      Return dot product of x and y
• template<class T_>
  void Assign (vector< T_- > &v, const T_- &a)
      Assign the value a to all entries of a vector v
• template<class T_>
  void Clear (vector < T_- > &v)
      Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.
• template<class T_>
  void Clear (Vect< T_- > \&v)
      Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.
• real_t Nrm2 (size_t n, real_t *x)
      Return 2-norm of array x

    real_t Nrm2 (const vector < real_t > &x)

      Return 2-norm of vector x
• template<class T_>
  real_t Nrm2 (const Point< T_- > &a)
      Return 2-norm of a
• bool Equal (real_t x, real_t y, real_t toler=OFELI_EPSMCH)
      Function to return true if numbers x and y are close up to a given tolerance toler
• char itoc (int i)
      Function to convert an integer to a character.
• string itos (int i)
      Function to convert an integer to a string.
• std::string itos (size_t i)
      Function to convert an integer to a string.
• string dtos (real_t d)
```

Function to convert a real to a string.

template<class T₋>

T₋ stringTo (const std::string &s)

Function to convert a string to a template type parameter.

• void RTrim (char *s)

Function to remove blanks at the end of a string.

• void LTrim (char *s)

Function to remove blanks at the beginning of a string.

• void Trim (char *s)

Function to remove blanks at the beginning and end of a string.

• template < class $T_- >$ void $Swap (T_- &a, T_- &b)$

Swap elements a and b.

5.16.1 Detailed Description

Gathers utility functions and classes.

5.16.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#define OFELI_E 2.71828182845904523536028747135

Value of e or exp (with 28 digits)

#define OFELI_PI 3.14159265358979323846264338328

Value of Pi (with 28 digits)

Value of 1/3 (with 28 digits)

Value of 1/6 (with 28 digits)

Value of 1/12 (with 28 digits)

#define OFELI_SQRT2 1.41421356237309504880168872421

Value of sqrt(2) (with 28 digits)

#define OFELI_SQRT3 1.73205080756887729352744634151

Value of sqrt(3) (with 28 digits)

#define OFELI_ONEOVERPI 0.31830988618379067153776752675

Value of 1/Pi (with 28 digits)

#define OFELI_GAUSS2 0.57735026918962576450914878050196

Value of 1/sqrt(3) (with 32 digits)

#define OFELI_EPSMCH DBL_EPSILON

Value of Machine Epsilon

#define OFELI_TOLERANCE OFELI_EPSMCH*10000

Default tolerance for an iterative process = OFELI_EPSMCH * 10000

#define OFELI_IMAG std::complex<double>(0.,1.);

= Unit imaginary number (i)

#define PARSE(exp, var) the Parser. Parse (exp, var)

A macro that parses a regular expression exp using the variables in the string var. For instance, to parse the function sin(x+y) one must declare PARSE("sin(x+y)","x,y")

#define EVAL(d) the Parser. Eval(d)

A macro that evaluates a parsed regular expression For instance, with a declaration $PARSE("\sin(x+y)","x,y")$ the data x=1 and y=2 using this function must be evaluated as follows: EVAL(d) with d[0]=1, d[1]=2

5.16.3 Function Documentation

void saveField (Vect< real_t > & v, string output_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format.

Case where the vector contains mesh information

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to save
in	output_file	Output file where to save the vector
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among
		enumerated values: GMSH GNUPLOT MATLAB TECPLOT VTK

void saveField (PETScVect< real_t > & v, string output_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

Case where the vector does not contain mesh information

in	v	PETScVect instance to save
in	output_file	Output file where to save the vector
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among
		enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT, VTK

void saveField (PETScVect < real t > & v, const Mesh & mesh, string output file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

Case where the vector does not contain mesh information

Parameters

i	.n	v	PETScVect instance to save
i	n.	mesh	Mesh instance
i	n.	output_file	Output file where to save the vector
i	n.	opt Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT, VTK	

void saveField (Vect< real_t > & v, const Grid & g, string output_file, int opt = VTK)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format, for a structured grid data.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to save	
in	g	Grid instance	
in	output_file	Output file where to save the vector	
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among	
		enumerated values: VTK	

void saveGnuplot (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

Gnuplot is a command-line driven program for producing 2D and 3D plots. It is under the GNU General Public License. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.gnuplot.info/

Parameters

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (gnuplot format file)
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

void saveTecplot (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

Tecplot is high quality post graphical commercial processing program developed by **Amtec**. Available information can be found in the site: http://www.tecplot.com

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (gnuplot format file)

	in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data
--	----	-----------	---------------------------

saveVTK (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

The Visualization ToolKit (VTK) is an open source, freely available software system for 3D computer graphics. Available information can be found in the site:

http://public.kitware.com/VTK/

Parameters

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (VTK format file)
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

void saveGmsh (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

Gmsh is a free mesh generator and postprocessor that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/

Parameters

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (Gmsh format file)
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

bool operator== (const Point< T $_->$ & a, const Point< T $_->$ & b)

Operator ==

Return true if a=b, false if not.

Point $< T_- >$ operator+ (const Point $< T_- > & a$, const Point $< T_- > & b$)

Operator +

Return sum of two points a and b

Point $< T_- >$ operator+ (const Point $< T_- > & a$, const $T_- & x$)

Operator +

Translate a by x

Point $< T_- >$ operator- (const Point $< T_- > & a$)

Unary Operator -

Return minus a

```
Point< T_-> operator- ( const Point< T_-> & a, const Point< T_-> & b )
Operator -
   Return point a minus point b
Point< T_- > operator- ( const Point< T_- > & a, const T_- & x)
Operator -
   Translate a by -x
Point< T_-> operator* ( const T_- & a, const Point< T_-> & b )
Operator *
   Return point b premultiplied by constant a
Point< T_- > operator* ( const int & a, const Point< T_- > & b )
Operator *.
   Return point b divided by integer constant a
Point< T_- > operator* ( const Point< T_- > \& b, const T_- \& a)
Operator /
   Return point b multiplied by constant a
Point< T_- > operator* ( const Point< T_- > & b, const int & a )
Operator *
   Return point b postmultiplied by constant a
T_- operator* ( const Point< T_- > & b, const Point< T_- > & a)
Operator *
   Return inner (scalar) product of points a and b
Point< T_- > operator/ ( const Point< T_- > \& b, const T_- \& a)
Operator /
   Return point b divided by constant a
bool operator== ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator ==.
   Return true if a=b, false if not.
Point2D< T_-> operator+ ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator +.
   Return sum of two points a and b
Point2D< T_-> operator+ ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const T_- & x )
Operator +.
   Translate a by x
```

```
Point2D< T_-> operator- ( const Point2D< T_-> & a )
Unary Operator -
   Return minus a
Point2D< T_-> operator-( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator -
   Return point a minus point b
Point2D< T_-> operator- ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const T_- & x )
Operator -
   Translate a by -x
Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const T_- & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator *.
   Return point b premultiplied by constant a
Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const int & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator *.
   Return point b divided by integer constant a
Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const Point2D< T_-> & b, const T_- & a)
Operator /
   Return point b postmultiplied by constant a
Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const Point2D< T_-> & b, const int & a )
Operator *
   Return point b postmultiplied by constant a
T_ operator* ( const Point2D< T_ > & b, const Point2D< T_ > & a )
Operator *.
   Return point b postmultiplied by integer constant a.
Point2D< T_-> operator/ ( const Point2D< T_-> & b, const T_- & a)
Operator /
   Return point b divided by constant a
void getMesh ( string file, ExternalFileFormat form, Mesh & mesh, size_t nb\_dof = 1 )
Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in an external file format.
Parameters
```

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file

Input mesh file name.

in	form	Format of the mesh file. This one can be chosen among the enumerated values:
		 GMSH: Mesh generator Gmsh, see site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/
		 MATLAB: Matlab file, see site: http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/
		• EASYMESH: Easymesh is a 2-D mesh generator, see site: http://web.mit.edu/easymesh_v1.4/www/easymesh.html
		• GAMBIT: Gambit is a mesh generator associated to Fluent http://www.stanford.edu/class/me469b/gambit_download.html
		• BAMG: Mesh generator Bamg, see site: http://raweb.inria.fr/rapportsactivite/RA2002/gamma/uid25.← html
		 NETGEN: Netgen is a 3-D mesh generator, see site: http://www.hpfem.jku.at/netgen/
		 TETGEN: Tetgen is a 3-D mesh generator, see site: http://tetgen.berlios.de/
		• TRIANGLE_FF: Triangle is a 2-D mesh generator, see site: http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~quake/triangle.html
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

void getBamg (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t $nb_dof = 1$)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Bamg format.

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Bamg format.

Note

Bamg is a 2-D mesh generator. It allows to construct adapted meshes from a given metric. It was developed at INRIA, France. Available information can be found in the site: http://raweb.inria.fr/rapportsactivite/RA2002/gamma/uid25.html

out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

void getEasymesh (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t nb_dof = 1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Easymesh format.

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file (without extension) written in Easymesh format. Actually, the function Easymesh2MDF attempts to read mesh data from files file.e, file.n
		and file.s produced by Easymesh .

Note

Easymesh is a free program that generates 2-D, unstructured, Delaunay and constrained Delaunay triangulations in general domains. It can be downloaded from the site:

http://www-dinma.univ.trieste.it/nirftc/research/easymesh/Default.htm

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in		Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

void getGambit (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t nb_dof = 1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gambit neutral format.

Note

Gambit is a commercial mesh generator associated to the CFD code **Fluent**. Informations about **Gambit** can be found in the site:

http://www.fluent.com/software/gambit/

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Gambit neutral format.	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

void getGmsh (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t $nb_dof = 1$)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gmsh format.

Note

Gmsh is a free mesh generator that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Gmsh format.	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

void getMatlab (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t $nb_dof = 1$)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a Matlab mesh data.

Note

Matlab is a language of scientific computing including visualization. It is developed by MathWorks. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file created by Matlab by executing the script file Matlab20FELI.m	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

void getNetgen (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t nb_dof = 1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Netgen format.

Note

Netgen is a tetrahedral mesh generator that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.hpfem.jku.at/netgen/

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Netgen format.	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. [default = 1]	

void getTetgen (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t $nb_dof = 1$)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Tetgen format.

Note

Tetgen is a free three-dimensional mesh generator that can be downloaded in the site: http://tetgen.berlios.de/

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Tetgen format.	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

void getTriangle (string file, Mesh & mesh, size_t nb_dof = 1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Triangle format.

Note

TRIANGLE is a C program that can generate meshes, Delaunay triangulations and Voronoi diagrams for 2D pointsets that can be downloaded in the site:

http://people.scs.fsu.edu/~burkardt/c_src/triangle/triangle.html/

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Tetgen format.	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

void saveMesh (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh, ExternalFileFormat form)

This function saves mesh data a file for a given external format.

Parameters

in	file	File where to store mesh	
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save	
in	form	Format of the mesh file. This one can be chosen among the enumerated values:	
		 GMSH: Mesh generator and graphical postprocessor Gmsh: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/ 	
		• GNUPLOT: Well known graphics software: http://www.gnuplot.info/	
		• MATLAB: Matlab file: http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/	
		• TECPLOT: Commercial graphics software: http://www.tecplot.com	
		 VTK: Graphics format for the free postprocessor ParaView: http://public.kitware.com/VTK/ 	

void saveGmsh (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

Note

Gmsh is a free mesh generator that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.geuz. ← org/gmsh/

Parameters

out	file	Output file in Gmsh format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

void saveGnuplot (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

Note

Gnuplot is a command-line driven program for producing 2D and 3D plots. It is under the GNU General Public License. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.gnuplot.info/

Parameters

out	file	Output file in Gnuplot format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

void saveMatlab (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Matlab format.

Note

Matlab is a language of scientific computing including visualization. It is developed by MathWorks. Available information can be found in the site: http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/

Parameters

out	file	Output file in Matlab format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

void saveTecplot (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Tecplot format.

Note

Tecplot is high quality post graphical commercial processing program developed by Amtec. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.tecplot.com

Parameters

out	file	Output file in Tecplot format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

void saveVTK (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in VTK format.

Note

The Visualization ToolKit (VTK) is an open source, freely available software system for 3D computer graphics. Available information can be found in the site:

http://public.kitware.com/VTK/

Parameters

out	file	Output file in VTK format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

void saveBamg (const string & file, Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Bamg format.

Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the Bamg format.

Note

Bamg is a 2-D mesh generator. It allows to construct adapted meshes from a given metric. It was developed at INRIA, France. Available information can be found in the site:

http://raweb.inria.fr/rapportsactivite/RA2002/gamma/uid25.html

Parameters

•	mesh	Maala in atamaa
ın	mesn	Mesh instance.

BSpline (size_t n, size_t t, Vect< Point< real_t >> & control, Vect< Point< real_t >> & output, size_t num_output)

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

This program is adapted from a free program ditributed by Keith Vertanen (vertankd@cda. ← mrs.umn.edu) in 1994.

Parameters

Parameters

in	n	Number of control points minus 1.	
in	t	Degree of the polynomial plus 1.	
in	control	Control point array made up of Point stucture.	
out	output	Vector in which the calculated spline points are to be put.	
in	num_output	How many points on the spline are to be calculated.	

Note

Condition: n+2>t (No curve results if n+2<=t) Control vector contains the number of points specified by n Output array is the proper size to hold num_output point structures

void banner (const string & prog = " ")

Outputs a banner as header of any developed program.

Parameters

in	prog	Calling program name. Enables writing a copyright notice accompanying the
		program.

void QuickSort (std::vector $< T_- > & a$, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

qksort uses the famous quick sorting algorithm.

Parameters

in,out	а	Vector to sort.
in	begin	index of starting iterator
in	end	index of ending iterator

The calling program must provide an overloading of the operator < for the type T_

void qksort (std::vector $< T_- > & a$, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

qksort uses the famous quick sorting algorithm.

Parameters

in,out	а	Vector to sort.
in	begin	index of starting index (default value is 0)
in	end	index of ending index (default value is the vector size - 1)

void qksort (std::vector< T_- > & a, int begin, int end, C_- compare)

Function to sort a vector according to a key function. qksort uses the famous quick sorting algorithm.

Parameters

in,out	а	Vector to sort.	
in	begin	index of starting index (0 for the beginning of the vector)	
in	end	index of ending index	
in	compare	A function object that implements the ordering. The user must provide this function that returns a boolean function that is true if the first argument is less than the second and false if not.	

void Scale (T_-a_r const vector< $T_- > \& x_r$ vector< $T_- > \& y$)

Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y x and y are instances of class vector<T_>

void Scale (T_-a , const Vect< $T_-> \& x$, Vect< $T_-> \& y$)

Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y x and y are instances of class Vect<T_>

void Scale (T_-a , vector< $T_-> \& x$)

Mutiply vector x by a

x is an instance of class vector<T $_>$

void Xpy (const vector $< T_- > & x$, vector $< T_- > & y$)

Add vector x to y

x and y are instances of class vector<T $_>$

void Axpy (size_t n, $T_- a$, $T_- * x$, $T_- * y$)

Multiply array x by a and add result to y n is the arrays size.

void Axpy ($T_- a$, const vector< $T_- > \& x$, vector< $T_- > \& y$)

Multiply vector x by a and add result to y x and y are instances of class vector<T $_>$

void Axpy (
$$T_-a$$
, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$)

Multiply vector x by a and add result to y x and y are instances of class Vect<T_>

T_- Dot (size_t n, $T_- * x$, $T_- * y$)

Return dot product of arrays x and y n is the arrays size.

double Dot (const vector< real_t > & x, const vector< real_t > & y)

Return dot product of vectors x and y.

x and y are instances of class vector<double>

real_t Dot (const Vect< real_t > & x, const Vect< real_t > & y)

Return dot product of vectors x and y x and y are instances of class Vect<T $_->$

void Clear (vector< T $_-> & v$)

Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.

Parameters

in v	Vector to clear
------	-----------------

void Clear (Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.

Parameters

in v	Vector to clear
------	-----------------

real_t Nrm2 (size_t n, real_t * x)

Return 2-norm of array x

Parameters

in	n	is Array length
in	x	Array to treat

bool Equal (real_t x, real_t y, real_t toler = OFELI_EPSMCH)

Function to return true if numbers x and y are close up to a given tolerance toler Default value of tolerance is the constant OFELI_EPSMCH

5.17 Vector and Matrix

Gathers vector and matrix related classes.

Classes

```
• class BMatrix< T_>
```

To handle band matrices.

class DMatrix< T₋>

To handle dense matrices.

• class DSMatrix< T_>

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

• class LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_>

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

• class LocalVect< T_, N_>

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

• class PETScMatrix< T_>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

• class PETScVect< T_>

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

class PETScWrapper< T_>

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

class SkMatrix< T₋>

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SkSMatrix< T_>

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SpMatrix< T_>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

• class TrMatrix< T_>

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

• class Vect< T_>

To handle general purpose vectors.

Typedefs

• typedef Eigen::Matrix< T $_-$, Eigen::Dynamic, 1> VectorX

This type is the vector type in the Eigen library.

Functions

```
    template<class T->
```

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const BMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T_>

```
BMatrix< T_- > operator* (T_- a, const BMatrix<math>< T_- > &A)
```

Operator * (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

• template<class T_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const BMatrix < T_> &a)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

```
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const DMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DMatrix < T_- > &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const DSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DSMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator* (T_ a, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x)
      Operator * (Multiply matrix x by scalar a)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator / (T_ a, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x)
      Operator / (Divide matrix x by scalar a)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator+ (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x, const
  LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub> > &y)
      Operator + (Add matrix x to y)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator- (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x, const
  LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&y)
      Operator - (Subtract matrix y from x)

    template<class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &a)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> operator+ (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>>
  &y)
      Operator + (Add two vectors)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T_-, N_- > operator- (const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > 0
  &y)
      Operator - (Subtract two vectors)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> operator* (T<sub>-</sub> a, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x)
      Operator * (Premultiplication of vector by constant)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T_-, N_- > operator/ (T_- a, const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&x)
      Operator / (Division of vector by constant)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  real_t Dot (const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &b)
      Calculate dot product of 2 vectors (instances of class Local Vect)
 template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &y)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in y.
```

```
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Scale (T_- a, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in x.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Axpy (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &y)
      Add a*x to vector y.
• template < class T_-, size_t N_->
  void Copy (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &y)
      Copy vector x into vector y.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const LocalVect < T_-, N_- > &v)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  PETScVect < T_{-} > operator* (const PETScMatrix < T_{-} > \&A, const PETScVect < T_{-} > \&x)

    template<class T_>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, PETScMatrix < T_> &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const PETScWrapper < T_> &w)
      Output Petsc Wrapper data in output stream.

    template<class T₋>

  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

    template<class T_>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkSMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SpMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

    template<class T₋>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)
  template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const TrMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  TrMatrix < T_- > operator* (T_- a, const TrMatrix < T_- > &A)
      Operator * (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const TrMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• real_t operator* (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Operator * (Dot product of 2 vector instances)
```

Friends

template<class TT_>
 ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const SpMatrix< TT_> &A)

5.17.1 Detailed Description

Gathers vector and matrix related classes.

5.17.2 Typedef Documentation

VectorX

This type is the vector type in the Eigen library.

Remarks

: This type is available only if the Eigen library was installed in conjunction with OFELI

5.17.3 Function Documentation

Vect< T_- > operator* (const BMatrix< T_- > & A, const Vect< T_- > & b)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	A	BMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

BMatrix $< T_- >$ operator* ($T_- a$, const BMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Operator * (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

Returns

a*A

Vect< $T_- >$ operator* (const DMatrix< $T_- > \& A$, const Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	A	DMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

Vect< T $_->$ operator* (const DSMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	Α	DSMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> operator* (T₋ a, const LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> & x)

Operator * (Multiply matrix x by scalar a)

Returns

a*x

LocalMatrix< T $_-$, NR $_-$, NC $_-$ > operator/ (T $_-$ a, const LocalMatrix< T $_-$, NR $_-$, NC $_-$ > & x)

Operator / (Divide matrix x by scalar a)

Returns

x/a

LocalMatrix
< T_, NR_, NC_ > operator+ (const LocalMatrix
< T_, NR_, NC_ > & x, const LocalMatrix
< T_, NR_, NC_ > & y)

Operator + (Add matrix x to y)

Returns

x+y

LocalMatrix
< T_, NR_, NC_ > operator- (const LocalMatrix
< T_, NR_, NC_ > & x, const LocalMatrix
< T_, NR_, NC_ > & y)

Operator – (Subtract matrix y from x)

Returns

х-у

Local Vect< T_, N_ > operator+ (const Local Vect< T_, N_ > & x, const Local Vect< T_, N_ > & y)

Operator + (Add two vectors)

Returns

x+y

Local Vect< T_, N_ > operator- (const Local Vect< T_, N_ > & x, const Local Vect< T_, N_ > & y)

Operator - (Subtract two vectors)

Returns

х-у

LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_-$ > operator* (T $_-$ a, const LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_-$ > & <math>x)

Operator * (Premultiplication of vector by constant)

Returns

a*x

LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_-$ > operator/ (T $_-$ a, const LocalVect< T $_-$, N $_-$ > & x)

Operator / (Division of vector by constant)

Returns

x/a

double Dot (const LocalVect< T_, N_ > & a, const LocalVect< T_, N_ > & b)

Calculate dot product of 2 vectors (instances of class LocalVect)

Returns

Dot product

PETScVect< T $_->$ operator* (const PETScMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & x)

Multiply a matrix by a vector

Parameters

in	A	Matrix to multiply by (Instance of class PETScMatrix)
in	x	Vector to multiply by (Instance of class PETScVect)

Returns

Vector product y = Ax

Vect< T $_->$ operator* (const SkMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	A	SkMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

Vect< $T_- >$ operator* (const SkSMatrix< $T_- > \& A$, const Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	A	SkSMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

Vect< T_- > operator* (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, const Vect< T_- > & b)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	A	SpMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

ostream & operator << (ostream & s, const SpMatrix < T $_->$ & A)

Output matrix in output stream

Vect<
$$T_-$$
 > operator* (const TrMatrix< T_- > & A , const Vect< T_- > & b)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

Parameters

in	Α	TrMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

Returns

Vect instance containing A*b

 $TrMatrix < T_- > operator* (T_- a, const TrMatrix < T_- > & A)$

Operator * (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

Returns

a*A

real_t operator* (const vector< real_t > & x, const vector< real_t > & y)

Operator * (Dot product of 2 vector instances)

Returns

x.y

5.17.4 Friends

ostream & operator << (ostream & s, const SpMatrix < $TT_->$ & A) [friend]

Output matrix in output stream

Chapter 6

Namespace Documentation

6.1 OFELI Namespace Reference

A namespace to group all library classes, functions, ...

Classes

class AbsEqua

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

• class Bar2DL2

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

class Beam3DL2

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

• class BiotSavart

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

class BMatrix

To handle band matrices.

• class Brick

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

• class Circle

To store and treat a circular figure.

• class DC1DL2

 $Builds\ finite\ element\ arrays\ for\ thermal\ diffusion\ and\ convection\ in\ 1-D\ using\ 2-Node\ elements.$

• class DC2DT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC2DT6

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

• class DC3DAT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC3DT4

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

• class DMatrix

To handle dense matrices.

• class Domain

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class DSMatrix

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

• class EC2D1T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

class Edge

To describe an edge.

class EdgeList

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

class EigenProblemSolver

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, i.e. Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$ where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as Stiffness and Mass matrices respectively.

class Elas2DQ4

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

• class Elas2DT3

 $\label{thm:condition} \textit{To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.}$

class Elas3DH8

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

• class Elas3DT4

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

class Element

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

class ElementList

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

class Ellipse

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

class Equa_Electromagnetics

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

class Equa_Fluid

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

class Equa_Laplace

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

• class Equa_Solid

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

• class Equa_Therm

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

class Equation

Abstract class for all equation classes.

• class Estimator

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

class FastMarching2D

 ${\it To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.}$

• class FEShape

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

• class Figure

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

• class FMM2D

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm

• class FMM3D

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm

• class FMMSolver

The Fast Marching Method solver.

class Funct

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

class Gauss

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

class Grid

To manipulate structured grids.

class HelmholtzBT3

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles.

• class Hexa8

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

• class ICPG1D

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D.

class ICPG2DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D.

class ICPG3DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D.

• class IOField

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

class IPF

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

• class Iter

Class to drive an iterative process.

• class Laplace1DL2

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P_1) .

class Laplace1DL3

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P_2) .

class Laplace2DFVT

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

• class Laplace2DMHRT0

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT_0).

• class Laplace2DT3

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element (P_1) .

• class LCL1D

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

• class LCL2DT

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

• class LCL3DT

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

• class Line2

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

• class Line2H

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

• class Line3

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.

• class LinearSolver

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

class LocalMatrix

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

• class LocalVect

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

· class Material

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

• class Matrix

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

class Mesh

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

class Muscl

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl1D

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl2DT

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

class Muscl3DT

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

class Node

To describe a node.

class NodeList

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

class NSP2DQ41

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using Q_1/P_0 element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

• class ODESolver

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

class Partition

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

• class Penta6

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation in local coordinates (s.x, s.y) and Q_1 isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x, s.z) and (s.y, s.z).

• class PETScMatrix

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

class PETScVect

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

class PETScWrapper

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

• class PhaseChange

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

• class Point

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Point2D

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

class Polygon

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

• class Prec

To set a preconditioner.

• class Prescription

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

• class Ouad4

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using Q_1 *isoparametric interpolation.*

class Reconstruction

To perform various reconstruction operations.

• class Rectangle

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

• class Side

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

class SideList

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

class SkMatrix

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SkSMatrix

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

class Sphere

To store and treat a sphere.

• class SpMatrix

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

class SteklovPoincare2DBE

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

• class Tabulation

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

class Tetra4

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation.

• class Timer

To handle elapsed time counting.

class TimeStepping

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$

• class TINS2DT3B

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class Triang3

Defines a 3-Node (P_1) triangle.

• class Triang6S

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P2 interpolation.

• class triangle

Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

• class Triangle

To store and treat a triangle.

• class TrMatrix

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

class UserData

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

• class Vect

To handle general purpose vectors.

Enumerations

Functions

- ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Muscl3DT &m)
 - Output mesh data as calculated in class Muscl3DT.
- T_*A()

Return element matrix.

• T_*b()

Return element right-hand side.

• T_ * Prev ()

Return element previous vector.

- ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const complex_t &x)
 - Output a complex number.
- ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::string &c)

Output a string.

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const vector < $T_- >$ &v)

Output a vector instance.

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::pair < T₋, T₋ > &a)

Output a pair instance.

void saveField (Vect< real_t > &v, string output_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (PETScVect< real_t > &v, string output_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

- void saveField (PETScVect< real_t > &v, const Mesh &mesh, string output_file, int opt)
 - Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.
- void saveField (Vect< real_t > &v, const Grid &g, string output_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format, for a structured grid data.

• void saveGnuplot (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

• void saveTecplot (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

• void saveVTK (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

• void saveGmsh (string input_file, string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Tabulation &t)

Output Tabulated function data.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} class \ T_{-} \ , size_t \ N_{-}, class \ E_{-} {>} \\$

void element_assembly (const E_ &e, const LocalVect< T_, N_ > &be, Vect< T_ > &b)

Assemble local vector into global vector.

• template < class T_, size_t N_, class E_>

void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalMatrix< T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, Vect< T_- > &b)

Assemble diagonal local vector into global vector.

 $\bullet \ \ template < class \ T_- \ , \ size_t \ N_- \ , \ class \ E_- >$

void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalMatrix< T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, Matrix< T_- > *A)

Assemble local matrix into global matrix.

• template < class T_- , size_t N_- , class $E_- >$

void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalMatrix< T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, SkMatrix< T_- > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global skyline matrix.

• template<class T_, size_t N_, class E_>

void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalMatrix< T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, SkSMatrix< T_- > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global symmetric skyline matrix.

• template<class T_, size_t N_, class E_>

void element_assembly (const E_- &e, const LocalMatrix< T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, SpMatrix< T_- > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global sparse matrix.

template < class T_, size_t N_>

void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix< T_- , N_- , N_- > &ae, SpMatrix< T_- > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SpMatrix).

• template < class T_- , size_t $N_->$

void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix $< T_-, N_-, N_- >$ &ae, SkSMatrix $< T_- >$ &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkSMatrix).

template < class T_, size_t N_>

void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix< T_, N_, N_ > &ae, SkMatrix< T_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkMatrix).

• template<class T_, size_t N_>

void side_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalVect< T_, N_> &be, Vect< T_> &b)

Side assembly of local vector into global vector.

template<class T_>

Vect< $T_->$ operator* (const BMatrix< $T_->$ &A, const Vect< $T_->$ &b)

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T₋>

```
BMatrix< T_-> operator* (T_- a, const BMatrix< T_-> &A)
```

Operator * (*Premultiplication of matrix by constant*)

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const BMatrix < T₋ > &a)

Output matrix in output stream.

```
• template<class T_>
```

 $Vect < T_- > operator* (const DMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)$

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DMatrix < T_> &a)

Output matrix in output stream.

template<class T₋>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const DSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DSMatrix < $T_- >$ &a)

Output matrix in output stream.

• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator* (T_a, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x)

Operator * (Multiply matrix x by scalar a)

• template<class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > operator / (T. a, const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &x)

Operator / (Divide matrix x by scalar a)

• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

 $\label{localMatrix} \begin{tabular}{ll} LocalMatrix < T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&x, const \\ LocalMatrix < T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&x, const \\ LocalMatrix < T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&y) \end{tabular}$

Operator + (Add matrix x to y)

• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

LocalMatrix< T $_-$, NR $_-$, NC $_-$ > operator- (const LocalMatrix< T $_-$, NR $_-$, NC $_-$ > &x, const LocalMatrix< T $_-$, NR $_-$, NC $_-$ > &y)

Operator – (Subtract matrix y from x)

• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &a)

Output vector in output stream.

• template < class T_- , size_t $N_->$

 $LocalVect < T_-, N_- > operator + (const\ LocalVect < T_-, N_- > \&x, const\ LocalVect < T_-, N_- > \&y)$

Operator + (Add two vectors)

template<class T₋, size₋t N₋>

LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > operator- (const LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > &x, const LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > &y)

Operator - (Subtract two vectors)

• template<class T_, size_t N_>

LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > operator* (T_- a, const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&x)$

Operator * (*Premultiplication of vector by constant*)

• template < class T_- , size_t $N_->$

 $LocalVect < T_-, N_- > operator / (T_- a, const LocalVect < T_-, N_- > \&x)$

Operator / (Division of vector by constant)

• template<class T_, size_t N_>

real_t Dot (const LocalVect< T_- , N_- > &a, const LocalVect< T_- , N_- > &b)

Calculate dot product of 2 vectors (instances of class Local Vect)

• template < class T_, size_t N_>

void Scale (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_- , N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_- , N_- > &y)

```
Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in y.
• template<class T_-, size_t N_->
  void Scale (T_- a, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \&x)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in x.
• template < class T_-, size_t N_->
  void Axpy (T_a, const LocalVect< T_a, N_a > &x, LocalVect< T_a, N_a > &y)
      Add a*x to vector y.
• template<class T_, size_t N_>
  void Copy (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &y)
      Copy vector x into vector y.

    template<class T_, size_t N_>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Local Vect < T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > operator* (const PETScMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A, const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x)
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, PETScMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• string itos (int i)
      Function to convert an integer to a string.
• string dtos (real_t d)
      Function to convert a real to a string.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const PETScWrapper < T_ > &w)
      Output Petsc Wrapper data in output stream.
• template<class T₋>
  bool operator== (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator ==

    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  Point< T_- > operator + (const Point < T_- > &a, const Point < T_- > &b)
      Operator +
• template<class T_>
  Point < T_- > operator + (const Point < T_- > &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_-> operator- (const Point< T_-> &a)
      Unary Operator -
• template<class T₋>
  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator -

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point< T_-> operator- (const Point< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const T_- &a, const Point<math>< T_- > &b)
      Operator *
• template<class T_>
  Point < T_- > operator * (const int &a, const Point <math>< T_- > &b)
      Operator *.
```

```
    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point<math>< T_- > \&b, const T_- \&a)
      Operator /
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point<math>< T_- > \&b, const int &a)
      Operator *

    template < class T_>

  T_- operator* (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator *
• template<class T₋>
  Point< T_- > operator / (const Point < T_- > &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /

    Point< double > CrossProduct (const Point< double > &lp, const Point< double > &rp)

      Return Cross product of two vectors lp and rp

    bool areClose (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b, double toler=OFE ←

  LLTOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point < double > are distant with less then toler
• double SqrDistance (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b)
      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b

    double Distance (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b)

      Return euclidean distance between points a and b
• template<class T_>
  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.
• template<class T_>
  bool operator== (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator ==.

    template < class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator +.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +.
• template<class T₋>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a)
      Unary Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator -

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const T_- &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator *.
• template<class T₋>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const int &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
• template<class T₋>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
```

```
Operator /
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const int &a)
• template<class T_>
  T_- operator* (const Point2D< T_- > &b, const Point2D< T_- > &a)
      Operator *.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator/ (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /

    bool areClose (const Point2D < real_t > &a, const Point2D < real_t > &b, real_t toler=OFE ←

  LLTOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point2D<real_t> are distant with less then toler [Default: 0FEL←
      I\_EPSMCH].

    real_t SqrDistance (const Point2D < real_t > &a, const Point2D < real_t > &b)

      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b
• real_t Distance (const Point2D< real_t > &a, const Point2D< real_t > &b)
      Return euclidean distance between points a and b
• template<class T_>
  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point2D< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.

    template < class T<sub>−</sub> >

  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
  template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkSMatrix < T_ > &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.

    template<class T_>

  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SpMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SpMatrix < T_- > &A)

    template<class T_>

  Vect < T_- > operator* (const TrMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  TrMatrix < T_- > operator* (T_a, const TrMatrix < T_- > &A)
      Operator * (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const TrMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.

    ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Edge &ed)</li>

      Output edge data.
```

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Element &el)
 Output element data.

• Figure operator&& (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the intersection of two Figure instances.

• Figure operator- (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the set subtraction of two Figure instances.

void getMesh (string file, ExternalFileFormat form, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in an external file format.

• void getBamg (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Bamg format.

void getEasymesh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Easymesh format.

void getGambit (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gambit neutral format.

• void getGmsh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gmsh format.

void getMatlab (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a Matlab mesh data.

void getNetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Netgen format.

void getTetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Tetgen format.

• void getTriangle (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Triangle format.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Grid &g)

Output grid data.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Material &m)

Output material data.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Mesh &ms)

Output mesh data.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const NodeList &nl)

Output NodeList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const ElementList &el)

Output ElementList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const SideList &sl)

Output SideList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const EdgeList &el)

Output EdgeList instance.

• size_t Label (const Node &nd)

Return label of a given node.

• size_t Label (const Element &el)

Return label of a given element.

• size_t Label (const Side &sd)

Return label of a given side.

• size_t Label (const Edge &ed)

Return label of a given edge.

• size_t NodeLabel (const Element &el, size_t n)

Return global label of node local label in element.

• size_t NodeLabel (const Side &sd, size_t n)

Return global label of node local label in side.

Point< real_t > Coord (const Node &nd)

Return coordinates of a given node.

• int Code (const Node &nd, size_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) node.

• int Code (const Element &el)

Return code of a given element.

• int Code (const Side &sd, size_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) side.

bool operator== (const Element &el1, const Element &el2)

Check equality between 2 elements.

• bool operator== (const Side &sd1, const Side &sd2)

Check equality between 2 sides.

void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field.

• void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const PETScVect< real_t > &u, real_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field as instance of PETScVect.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real_t > &u1, Vect< real_t > &u2, size_t nx, size_t ny=0, size_t nz=0, size_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real_t > &u1, Vect< real_t > &u2, const Point< real_t > &xmin, const Point< real_t > &xmax, size_t nx, size_t ny, size_t nz, size_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

real_t getMaxSize (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal size of element edges for given mesh.

real_t getMinSize (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal size of element edges for given mesh.

real_t getMinElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real_t getMinSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real_t getMaxSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real_t getMeanElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

• real_t getMeanSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

• void setNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundaryNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setSideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundarySideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setElementCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code)

Assign a given code to all elements satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• int NodeInElement (const Node *nd, const Element *el)

Say if a given node belongs to a given element.

• int NodeInSide (const Node *nd, const Side *sd)

Say if a given node belongs to a given side.

• int SideInElement (const Side *sd, const Element *el)

Say if a given side belongs to a given element.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Node &nd)

Output node data.

void saveMesh (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh, ExternalFileFormat form)

This function saves mesh data a file for a given external format.

• void saveGmsh (const string &gp_file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

void saveGnuplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

void saveMatlab (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Matlab format.

void saveTecplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Tecplot format.

void saveVTK (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in VTK format.

void saveBamg (const string &file, Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Bamg format.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Side &sd)

Output side data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Estimator &r)

Output estimator vector in output stream.

• template<class T_>

int BiCG (const SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, int prec, const Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Prec $< T_- > &P$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

• template<class T_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, int prec, const Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

void BSpline (size_t n, size_t t, Vect< Point< real_t >> &control, Vect< Point< real_t >> &output, size_t num_output)

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

• template < class $T_->$

int CG (const SpMatrix< $T_->$ &A, const Prec< $T_->$ &P, const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T_>

int CG (const SpMatrix < $T_- > &A$, int prec, const Vect < $T_- > &b$, Vect < $T_- > &x$, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T_>

int CGS (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, int prec, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate Gradient Squared solver function.

• template<class T_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, const Prec< T $_-$ > &P, const Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x, size $_-$ t m, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class T_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_->$ &A, int prec, const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x, size $_-$ t m, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class T_>

int GS (const SpMatrix< $T_->$ &A, const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Gauss-Seidel solver function.

• template<class T_>

int Jacobi (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Jacobi solver function.

void BCAsConstraint (const Mesh &m, const Vect< real_t > &bc, Vect< real_t > &up, Vect< real_t > &low)

To impose Dirichlet boundary conditions in an optimization problem. If such conditions are to present, this function has to be invoked by giving on input bc(i) as the value to impose for the i-th optimization variable.

• template < class OPT_>

int OptimSA (OPT_ &theOpt, Vect< real_t > &x, real_t &rt, real_t &eps, int &ns, int &nt, int &neps, int &maxevl, Vect< real_t > &lb, Vect< real_t > &ub, Vect< real_t > &c, int &msg \leftarrow lvl, int &seed1, int &seed2, real_t &t, Vect< real_t > &vm, Vect< real_t > &xopt, real_t &fopt, int &nacc, int &nfcnev, int &nobds)

Simulated annealing optimization solver.

• template<class OPT_>

int OptimTN (OPT_ &theOpt, Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &low, Vect< real_t > &up, Vect< int > &pivot, int max_it, real_t toler, int msg_lvl)

Truncated Newton optimization solver.

 $\bullet \ \ template{<} class \ T_{-} \ , \ class \ M_{-}{>}$

int Richardson (const M_- &A, const Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &x, real_t omega, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

Richardson solver function.

• template<class T_>

void Schur (SkMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &U, SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &L, SpMatrix< T $_-$ > &D, Vect< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &c)

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T_>

void Schur (PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &A, PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &U, PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &L, PETScMatrix< T $_-$ > &D, PETScVect< T $_-$ > &b, PETScVect< T $_-$ > &c)

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T_- , class $M_->$

int SSOR (const M_- &A, const Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &x, int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose)

SSOR solver function.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const TimeStepping &ts)

Output differential system information.

• void banner (const string &prog="")

Outputs a banner as header of any developed program.

• template<class T_>

void QuickSort (std::vector < T $_->$ &a, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

• template<class T_>

void qksort (std::vector $< T_- > &a$, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

• template < class T_- , class $C_- >$

void qksort (std::vector< $T_->$ &a, int begin, int end, C_- compare)

Function to sort a vector according to a key function.

• int Sgn (real_t a)

Return sign of a: - 1 or 1.

real_t Abs2 (complex_t a)

Return square of modulus of complex number a

real_t Abs2 (real_t a)

Return square of real number a

real_t Abs (real_t a)

Return absolute value of a

• real_t Abs (complex_t a)

Return modulus of complex number a

real_t Abs (const Point < real_t > &p)

Return Norm of vector a

real_t Conjg (real_t a)

Return complex conjugate of real number a

complex_t Conjg (complex_t a)

Return complex conjugate of complex number a

• real_t Max (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c)

Return maximum value of real numbers a, b and c

• int Max (int a, int b, int c)

Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b and c

• real_t Min (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c)

Return minimum value of real numbers a, b and c

• int Min (int a, int b, int c)

Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b and c

real_t Max (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c, real_t d)

Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

• int Max (int a, int b, int c, int d)

Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

• real_t Min (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c, real_t d)

```
Return minimum value of real numbers a, b, c and d
• int Min (int a, int b, int c, int d)
      Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d
• real_t Arg (complex_t x)
      Return argument of complex number x

    complex_t Log (complex_t x)

      Return principal determination of logarithm of complex number x
• template<class T_>
  T_- Sqr (T_- x)
      Return square of value x
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T₋>
  void Scale (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, vector < T_- > &x)
      Mutiply vector x by a
• template<class T_>
  void Xpy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Add array x to y
• template<class T_>
  void Xpy (const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Add vector x to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (size_t n, T_- a, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Multiply array x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (T_- a, const vector< T_- > &x, vector< T_- > &y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Copy (size_t n, T_- *x, T_- *y)
      Copy array x to y n is the arrays size.
• real_t Error2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L2 error between vectors x and y
• real_t RError2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L^2 error between vectors x and y
• real_t ErrorMax (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute Max. error between vectors x and y
• real_t RErrorMax (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Return relative Max. error between vectors x and y
  template<class T_>
  T_- Dot (size_t n, T_- *x, T_- *y)
      Return dot product of arrays x and y
```

```
    real_t operator* (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)

      Operator * (Dot product of 2 vector instances)

    real_t Dot (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)

      Return dot product of vectors x and y.
• real_t Dot (const Vect< real_t > &x, const Vect< real_t > &y)
      Return dot product of vectors x and y
• template<class T_>
  T_- Dot (const Point < T_- > &x, const Point < T_- > &y)
      Return dot product of x and y

    template<class T₋>

  void Assign (vector < T_- > &v, const T_- &a)
      Assign the value a to all entries of a vector v
• template<class T_>
  void Clear (vector < T_- > &v)
      Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.
• template<class T_>
  void Clear (Vect< T_- > &v)
      Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.
• real_t Nrm2 (size_t n, real_t *x)
      Return 2-norm of array x
• real_t Nrm2 (const vector < real_t > &x)
      Return 2-norm of vector x

    template<class T₋>

  real_t Nrm2 (const Point< T_- > &a)
      Return 2-norm of a

    bool Equal (real_t x, real_t y, real_t toler=OFELI_EPSMCH)

      Function to return true if numbers x and y are close up to a given tolerance toler
• char itoc (int i)
      Function to convert an integer to a character.
• std::string itos (size_t i)
      Function to convert an integer to a string.
• template<class T_>
  T<sub>-</sub> stringTo (const std::string &s)
      Function to convert a string to a template type parameter.
• void RTrim (char *s)
      Function to remove blanks at the end of a string.
• void LTrim (char *s)
      Function to remove blanks at the beginning of a string.
• void Trim (char *s)
      Function to remove blanks at the beginning and end of a string.

    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  void Swap (T_- &a, T_- &b)
      Swap elements a and b.
```

Variables

• Node * theNode

A pointer to Node.

• Element * the Element

A pointer to *Element*.

• Side * theSide

A pointer to Side.

• Edge * theEdge

A pointer to Edge.

• int theStep

Time step counter.

• int theIteration

Iteration counter.

• int NbTimeSteps

Number of time steps.

• int MaxNbIterations

Maximal number of iterations.

• int Verbosity

Parameter for verbosity of message outputting.

• real_t theTimeStep

Time step label.

real_t theTime

Time value.

real_t theFinalTime

Final time value.

• real_t theTolerance

Tolerance value for convergence.

real_t theDiscrepancy

Value of discrepancy for an iterative procedure Its default value is 1.0.

• bool Converged

Boolean variable to say if an iterative procedure has converged.

• bool InitPetsc

6.1.1 Detailed Description

A namespace to group all library classes, functions, ...

Namespace OFELI groups all OFELI library classes, functions and global variables.

Chapter 7

Class Documentation

7.1 AbsEqua< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

Mother abstract class to describe equation. Inheritance diagram for AbsEqua< T $_->$:



Public Member Functions

• AbsEqua ()

Default constructor.

AbsEqua (Mesh &mesh)

Constructor with mesh instance.

virtual ~AbsEqua ()

Destructor.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix $< T_- > *A$, Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$)

Solve the linear system.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

 $template < class \ T_{-}> \\ class \ OFELI::AbsEqua < T_{-}>$

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION ABSEQUA $< T_- >$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
_>	

7.1.2 Member Function Documentation

Mesh& getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$)

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in ls		Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix $< T_- > *A$, Vect $< T_- > \&b$, Vect $< T_- > \&x$)

Solve the linear system.

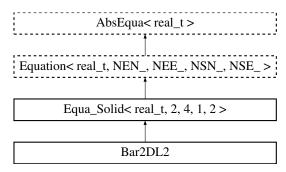
in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
----	---	--

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.2 Bar2DL2 Class Reference

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

Inheritance diagram for Bar2DL2:



Public Member Functions

• Bar2DL2 ()

Default Constructor.

• Bar2DL2 (Element *el, real_t section)

Constructor using element data.

• ~Bar2DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void Mass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void LMass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix ans right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Stiffness (real_t coef=1.)

Add element stiffness to left hand side.

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• real_t Stress () const

Return stresses in bar.

void getStresses (const Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &s)

Return stresses in the truss structure (elementwise)

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Solve the equation.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > &K, SkSMatrix< real_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

• void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > &K, Vect< real_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Deviator (real_t coef=1)

Add deviator matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Dilatation (real_t coef=1)

Add dilatation matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

virtual void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add dilatation vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add deviator vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0) Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

 $Assemble\ side\ (edge\ or\ face)\ matrix\ into\ global\ one.$

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.
• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x) Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

This class implements a planar (two-dimensional) elastic bar using 2-node lines. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Bar2DL2()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

Bar2DL2 (Element * el, real_t section)

Constructor using element data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	section	Section of bar at present element

7.2.3 Member Function Documentation

void Mass (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void LMass (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix ans right-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].	
--	----	------	---	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void LMassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void LMassToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void MassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void MassToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Coefficient to multiply by added term [Def	1].
--	-----

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void Stiffness (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element stiffness to left hand side.

Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multuply by added term [Default: 1].]
--	----	------	---	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

void BodyRHS (UserData< real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	ud	instance containing user data with prescribes loads
----	----	---

void getStresses (const Vect< real_t > & u, Vect< real_t > & s)

Return stresses in the truss structure (elementwise)

Parameters

in	и	Vect instance containing displacements at nodes
in	S	Vect instance containing axial stresses in elements

int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a TRANSIENT analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run ()

Solve the equation.

If the analysis (see function **setAnalysis**) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent mass matrix
- The choice of desired linear system solver

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > & K, SkSMatrix< real_t > & M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

Case where the mass matrix is consistent

Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Consistent mass matrix

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > & K, Vect< real_t > & M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

Case where the mass matrix is lumped

Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Vector containing diagonal mass matrix

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by $_\texttt{theElement}$

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

$\label{lem:const} woid \ ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (\ const \ Vect < real_t > \& \ b, \ LocalVect < real_t \ , \ NEN_ > \& \ be \) \ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_t > \& b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly (\ BMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SkMatrix < real_t > \& A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

ir	. A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
----	-----	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
------	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A	Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Matrix {<}\ real_t > *A\)} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&A\)}\quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ v\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&\ A\)\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.2.4 Member Data Documentation

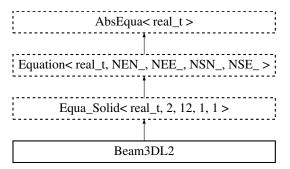
LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.3 Beam3DL2 Class Reference

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines. Inheritance diagram for Beam3DL2:



Public Member Functions

• Beam3DL2 ()

Default Constructor.

• Beam3DL2 (Element *el, real_t A, real_t I1, real_t I2)

Constructor using element data.

• Beam3DL2 (Element *el, real_t A, real_t I1, real_t I2, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0)

Constructor for dynamic problems.

• Beam3DL2 (Mesh &ms, const Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &d)

Constructor to determine displacements.

• ~Beam3DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped Mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

• void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped Mass contribution to RHS after multiplication by coef

• void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent Mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef (not implemented)

• void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent Mass contribution to RHS after multiplication by coef (not implemented)

• void Stiffness (real_t coef=1.)

Add element stiffness to left hand side.

void Load (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add contributions for loads.

• void setBending ()

Set bending contribution to stiffness.

• void setAxial ()

Set axial contribution to stiffness.

• void setShear ()

Set shear contribution to stiffness.

• void setTorsion ()

Set torsion contribution to stiffness.

• void setNoBending ()

Set no bending contribution.

• void setNoAxial ()

Set no axial contribution.

• void setNoShear ()

Set no shear contribution.

• void setNoTorsion ()

Set no torsion contribution.

void setReducedIntegration ()

Set reduced integration.

• real_t AxialForce () const

Return axial force in element.

• Point< real_t > ShearForce () const

Return shear force in element.

• Point< real_t > BendingMoment () const

Return bending moment in element.

• real_t TwistingMoment () const

Return twisting moment in element.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > &K, Vect< real_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Mass (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void LMass (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Deviator (real_t coef=1)

Add deviator matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Dilatation (real_t coef=1)

Add dilatation matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add dilatation vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add deviator vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

 $Assemble \ element \ matrix \ into \ global \ one \ for \ the \ Discontinuous \ Galerkin \ approximation.$

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x) Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

This class enables building finite element arrays for 3-D beam elements using 6 degrees of freedom per node and 2-Node line elements.

7.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Beam3DL2 (Element * el, real_t A, real_t I1, real_t I2)

Constructor using element data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	Α	Section area of the beam
in	I1	first (x) momentum of inertia
in	I2	second (y) momentum of inertia

Beam3DL2 (Element * el, real_t A, real_t I1, real_t I2, const Vect< real_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0)

Constructor for dynamic problems.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	Α	Section area of the beam
in	I1	first (x) momentum of inertia
in	I2	second (y) momentum of inertia
in	и	Vector containing previous solution (at previous time step)
in	time	Current time value

Beam3DL2 (Mesh & ms, const Vect< real_t > & u, Vect< real_t > & d)

Constructor to determine displacements.

The unknowns consist in planar and rotational degrees of freedom. This member function construct a 3-D node vector that gives the displacement vector at each node.

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	и	Vector containing the solution vector

out	d	Vector containing three components for each node that are x, y and z
		displacements.

7.3.3 Member Function Documentation

void build Eigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > & K, Vect< real_t > & M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system. Case where the mass matrix is lumped

Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Vector containing diagonal mass matrix

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el Reference to current element instance	
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
in	dof Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector		

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > \& A)$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t> & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real_t > \&\, A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.3.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect{<}real_t\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad [\texttt{inherited}]$

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.4 BiotSavart Class Reference

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

Public Member Functions

• BiotSavart ()

Default constructor.

• BiotSavart (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using mesh data.

• BiotSavart (Mesh &ms, const Vect< real_t > &J, Vect< real_t > &B, int code=0)

Constructor using mesh and vector of real current density.

BiotSavart (Mesh &ms, const Vect < complex_t > &J, Vect < complex_t > &B, int code=0)

Constructor using mesh and vector of complex current density.

• ∼BiotSavart ()

Destructor.

• void setCurrentDensity (const Vect< real_t > &J)

Set (real) current density given at elements.

void setCurrentDensity (const Vect< complex_t > &J)

Set (real) current density given at elements.

void setMagneticInduction (Vect< real_t > &B)

Transmit (real) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

void setMagneticInduction (Vect< complex_t > &B)

Transmit (complex) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

• void selectCode (int code)

Choose code of faces or edges at which current density is given.

• void setPermeability (real_t mu)

Set the magnetic permeability coefficient.

void setBoundary ()

Choose to compute the magnetic induction at boundary nodes only.

• Point < real_t > getB3 (Point < real_t > x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula.

• Point< real_t > getB2 (Point< real_t > x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula.

• Point< real_t > getB1 (Point< real_t > x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

• Point< complex_t > getBC3 (Point< real_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula.

• Point< complex_t > getBC2 (Point< real_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula.

• Point< complex_t > getBC1 (Point< real_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

• int run ()

Run the calculation by the Biot-Savart formula.

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula. Given a current density vector given at elements, a collection of sides of edges (piecewise constant), this class enables computing the magnetic induction vector (continuous and piecewise linear) using the Ampere equation. This magnetic induction is obtained by using the Biot-Savart formula which can be either a volume, surface or line formula depending on the nature of the current density vector.

7.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

BiotSavart (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using mesh data.

Parameters

in ms Mesh ir	stance
---------------	--------

BiotSavart (Mesh & ms, const Vect < real_t > & J, Vect < real_t > & B, int code = 0)

Constructor using mesh and vector of real current density.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	J	Sidewise vector of current density (J is a real valued vector), in the case of a surface supported current
in	В	Nodewise vector that contains, once the member function run is used, the magnetic induction
in	code	Only sides with given <i>code</i> support current [Default: 0]

BiotSavart (Mesh & ms, const Vect < complex_t > & J, Vect < complex_t > & B, int code = 0)

Constructor using mesh and vector of complex current density.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	J	Sidewise vector of current density (J is a complex valued vector), in the case of a surface supported current
in	В	Nodewise vector that contains, once the member function run is used, the magnetic induction
in	code	Only sides with given code support current [Default: 0]

7.4.3 Member Function Documentation

void setCurrentDensity (const Vect< real_t > & J)

Set (real) current density given at elements.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant and real valued. This function can be used in the case of the volume Biot-Savart formula.

Parameters

in	J	Current density vector (Vect instance) and real entries	
----	---	---	--

void setCurrentDensity (const Vect< complex_t > & J)

Set (real) current density given at elements.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant and complex valued. This function can be used in the case of the volume Biot-Savart formula.

Parameters

in	J	Current density vector (Vect instance) of complex entries
----	---	---

void setMagneticInduction (Vect< real_t > & B)

Transmit (real) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

Parameters

out	В	Magnetic induction vector (Vect instance) and real entries
-----	---	--

void setMagneticInduction (Vect< complex_t > & B)

Transmit (complex) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

Parameters

out	В	Magnetic induction vector (Vect instance) and complex entries
-----	---	---

void setPermeability (real_t mu)

Set the magnetic permeability coefficient.

in	ти	Magnetic permeability

void setBoundary ()

Choose to compute the magnetic induction at boundary nodes only.

By default the magnetic induction is computed (using the function run) at all mesh nodes

Note

This function has no effect for surface of line Biot-Savart formula

Point<real $_t>$ getB3 (Point< real $_t>$ x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a real valued magnetic induction for a real valued current density field

Parameters

in	х	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

Point<real_t> getB2 (Point< real_t> x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a real valued magnetic induction for a real valued current density field

Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed]
----	---	--	---

Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

Point<real_t> getB1 (Point< real_t> x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a real valued magnetic induction for a real valued current density field

Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

Point<complex $_t>$ getBC3 (Point< real $_t>x$)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula. This function computes a complex valued magnetic induction for a complex valued current density field

Parameters

in	х	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

Point<complex_t> getBC2 (Point< real_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula. This function computes a complex valued magnetic induction for a complex valued current density field

Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

Point<complex $_t>$ getBC1 (Point< real $_t>x$)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a complex valued magnetic induction for a complex valued current density field

Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

int run ()

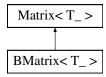
Run the calculation by the Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes the magnetic induction, which is stored in the vector B given in the constructor

7.5 BMatrix< T_> Class Template Reference

To handle band matrices.

Inheritance diagram for BMatrix< T $_->$:



Public Member Functions

• BMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• BMatrix (size_t size, int ld, int ud)

Constructor that for a band matrix with given size and bandwidth.

• BMatrix (const BMatrix &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ∼BMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setSize (size_t size, int ld, int ud)

Set size (number of rows) and storage of matrix.

void MultAdd (const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y

• void MultAdd (T_a, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector **a*****x** and add result to **y**

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save result in y

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const BMatrix < T₋ > &x)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix < T₋ > *x)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val value to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i, size₋t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• BMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const BMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Operator =.

• BMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$

BMatrix< T₋ > & operator*= (const T₋ &x)

```
Operator *=.
• BMatrix < T_ > & operator+= (const T_ &x)
```

Operator +=.

• int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

• int solve (Vect< T_> &b)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• T₋ * get () const

Return C-Array.

• T_get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

• void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• T_getDiag (size_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T_*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T₋ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< $T_->$ &b, const Vect< $T_->$ &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_->$ &b, const Vect< $T_->$ &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T₋ > &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) *essential boundary condition.*

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

• virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T_operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T_ operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T₋ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T₋ &x)

Operator -=.

7.5.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::BMatrix< T_>
```

To handle band matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating band matrices. The matrix can have different numbers of lower and upper co-diagonals

Template Parameters

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

7.5.2 Member Function Documentation

void setDiagonal (Mesh & mesh) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_- * a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

i	n	sd	Pointer to side instance
---	---	----	--------------------------

7.5. BMATRIX< T_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEIAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance
----	---	-----------------------------------

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, const Vect< $T_- > \& u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (Vect< T_- > & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty

parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function $set \leftarrow Penal(..)$.

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< $T_- > & b$, const Vect< $T_- > & u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty

parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function $\mathbf{set} \leftarrow$

Penal(..).

$int\ Factor And Solve\ (\ Vect < T_- > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
--------	---	---

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

7.5. BMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEIAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_ operator() (size_t i) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_- operator[](size_t k) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator== (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator== (const T_{-} & x) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

7.6 Brick Class Reference

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure. Inheritance diagram for Brick:



Public Member Functions

• Brick ()

Default constructor.

• Brick (const Point < real_t > &bbm, const Point < real_t > &bbM, int code=1)

Constructor.

void setBoundingBox (const Point< real_t > &bbm, const Point< real_t > &bbM)

Assign bounding box of the brick.

Point< real_t > getBoundingBox1 () const

Return first point of bounding box (xmin,ymin,zmin)

Point< real_t > getBoundingBox2 () const

Return second point of bounding box (xmax,ymax,zmax)

• real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current brick.

• Brick & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Brick & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.6.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

7.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Brick (const Point< real_t > & bbm, const Point< real_t > & bbM, int code = 1)

Constructor.

Parameters

in	bbm	first point (xmin,ymin,zmin)
in	bbM	second point (xmax,ymax,zmax)
in	code	Code to assign to rectangle

7.6.3 Member Function Documentation

void setBoundingBox (const Point< real_t > & bbm, const Point< real_t > & bbM)

Assign bounding box of the brick.

Parameters

in	bbm	first point (xmin,ymin,zmin)
in	bbM	second point (xmax,ymax,zmax)

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current brick.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the brick, negative if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

Parameters

in p	Point <double> instance</double>
------	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

Brick& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate brick by a vector a

Brick& operator+= $(real_t a)$

Operator *=.

Scale brick by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

Returns

Signed distance

7.7 Circle Class Reference

To store and treat a circular figure. Inheritance diagram for Circle:



Public Member Functions

• Circle ()

Default construcor.

• Circle (const Point< real_t > &c, real_t r, int code=1)

Constructor.

• void setRadius (real_t r)

Assign radius of circle.

• real_t getRadius () const

Return radius of circle.

• void setCenter (const Point< real_t > &c)

Assign coordinates of center of circle.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of circle.

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current circle.

• Circle & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Circle & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

• void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.7.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a circular figure.

7.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Circle (const Point< real_t > & c_r , real_t r_r , int code = 1)

Constructor.

Parameters

in	С	Coordinates of center of circle
in	r	Radius
in	code	Code to assign to the generated domain [Default: 1]

7.7.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current circle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the disk, positive if it is outside, and 0 on the circle

Parameters

in	р	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

Circle& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate circle by a vector a

Circle& operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

Scale circle by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

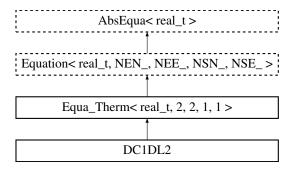
in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

Returns

Signed distance

7.8 DC1DL2 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements. Inheritance diagram for DC1DL2:



Public Member Functions

• DC1DL2()

Default Constructor.

DC1DL2 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC1DL2 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

DC1DL2 (const Element *el, const Vect < real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~DC1DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void build ()

Build the linear system without solving.

void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacity (real_t coef)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Capacity (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const real_t &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (const Vect< real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void ConvectionToRHS (const real_t &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• real_t Flux () const

Return (constant) heat flux in element.

• void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void build (TimeStepping &s)

 $Build\ the\ linear\ system\ of\ equations.$

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

• void setRhoCp (const real_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

• void setConductivity (const real_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect < real_t > &x, Vect < real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < real_t > *A, Vect < real_t > &b, Vect < real_t > &x) Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.8.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DC1DL2()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

DC1DL2 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

el	[in] Pointer to element
и	[in] Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
time	[in] Current time value (Default value is 0)

DC1DL2 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value (Default value is 0).
in	deltat	Value of time step
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

7.8.3 Member Function Documentation

void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void LCapacity (real_t coef)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

ir	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void Capacity (real_t coef = 1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

void Diffusion (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term

Parameters

1			
	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void Convection (const real_t & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	v	Constant velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

void Convection (const Vect < real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v

Parameters

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

void Convection (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]]
----	------	--	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void ConvectionToRHS (const real_t & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit convection term.

Parameters

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

ı			
	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void BodyRHS (UserData< real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of a derived class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

void BodyRHS (const Vect < real_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	b	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData< real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

Parameters

	in	flux	Vector containing source at side nodes.
--	----	------	---

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect < real_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

Parameters

in	b	Vector containing source at side nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real t > & u)

Set equation input data.

Parameters

in	opt	Parameter that selects data type for input. This parameter is to be chosen in the enumerated variable EqDataType
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition)
		VELOCITY: Velocity vector (for the convection term)
in	и	Vector containing input data

virtual void setStab () [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

void build (TimeStepping & s) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

int runTransient() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int runOneTimeStep() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run () [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t> & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by $_\texttt{theElement}$

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN $_->$ & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_t > \& b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_\mathtt{theSide}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real $_{ ext{-}}t > \& b$) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix{<}\,real_t > \&\,A\) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SkMatrix < real_t > \& A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \& A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

-	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
---	----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

d		
	A	Reference to global matrix

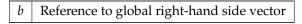
Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable theSide

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&\ A\)\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instan	ce
---	----

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.8.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

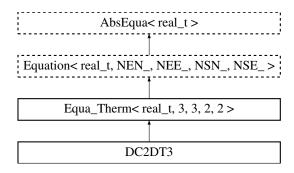
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.9 DC2DT3 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for DC2DT3:



Public Member Functions

• DC2DT3 ()

Default Constructor. Constructs an empty equation.

DC2DT3 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

• DC2DT3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &u)

Constructor using Mesh and initial condition.

• DC2DT3 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC2DT3 (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

• DC2DT3 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

- DC2DT3 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

 Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.
- DC2DT3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

• DC2DT3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~DC2DT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacity (real_t coef)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Capacity (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix < real_t, 2, 2 > &diff, real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term.

void Convection (const Point < real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const Vect< real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void ConvectionToRHS (const Point< real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LinearExchange (real_t coef, real_t T)

Add an edge linear exchange term to left and right-hand sides.

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BodyRHS (real_t bf)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Periodic (real_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

• Point< real_t > & Flux () const

Return (constant) heat flux in element.

• Point< real_t > & Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

• Point< real_t > & Grad (const Vect< real_t > &u) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

• void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

• void JouleHeating (const Vect< real_t > &sigma, const Vect< real_t > &psi)

Set Joule heating term as source.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

• virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < real_t > *A, Vect < real_t > &b, Vect < real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void set (const Element *el)

Run the equation.

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DC2DT3 (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

Parameters

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

DC2DT3 (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & u)

Constructor using Mesh and initial condition.

in	ms	Mesh instance
----	----	---------------

	in	и	Vect instance containing initial solution
--	----	---	---

DC2DT3 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

el Pointer to Element instance

DC2DT3 (const Side * sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

Parameters

in sd	Pointer to Side instance
-------	--------------------------

DC2DT3 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

Parameters

ir	ı	el	Pointer to element
ir	1	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
ir	1	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

DC2DT3 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].
in	deltat	Value of time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

DC2DT3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

DC2DT3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].
in	deltat	Value of time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

7.9.3 Member Function Documentation

void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void LCapacity (real_t coef)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Capacity (real_t coef = 1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

void Diffusion (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix< real_t, 2, 2 > & diff, real_t coef = 1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where the diffusivity matrix is given as an argument.

Parameters

in	diff	Diffusion matrix (class LocalMatrix).
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Convection (const Point < real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	v	Constant velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

void Convection (const Vect< real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v

Parameters

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term (Default: 1]

void Convection (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void ConvectionToRHS (const Point< real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit convection term.

Parameters

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

Parameters

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void LinearExchange (real_t coef, real_t T)

Add an edge linear exchange term to left and right-hand sides.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient of exchange
in	T	External value for exchange

Remarks

This assumes a constant value of T

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of a derived class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

void BodyRHS (const Vect < real.t > & bf, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void BodyRHS (real_t bf)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Case where the body right-hand side is piecewise constant.

Parameters

in	bf	Value of thermal source (Constant in element).
----	----	--

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

Parameters

in	flux	Vector containing source at side nodes.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect < real_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	b	Vector containing source at side nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 2 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Periodic (real_t coef = 1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC_A on one side and PERIODIC_B on the opposite side.

Parameters

in	coef	Value of penalty parameter [Default: 1.e20]	1
----	------	---	---

Point<real_t>& Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

Parameters

in	и	Vector for which gradient is computed.
----	---	--

Point<real_t>& Grad (const Vect< real_t>& u) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

Parameters

in	и	Global vector for which gradient is computed. Vector u has as size the total number
		of nodes

void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real_t > & u)

Set equation input data.

in	opt	Parameter to select type of input (enumerated values)
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition)
		VELOCITY_FIELD: Velocity vector (for the convection term)
in	и	Vector containing input data

void JouleHeating (const Vect < real t > & sigma, const Vect < real t > & psi)

Set Joule heating term as source.

Parameters

in	sigma	Vect instance containing electric conductivity (elementwise)
in	psi	Vect instance containing electric potential (elementwise)

void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

void set (const Element * el) [protected]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

virtual void setStab () [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance

int runTransient() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int runOneTimeStep() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run () [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t> & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
ou	; be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > \& b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_- > \& be, int dof) \ \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void \ Element Assembly (\ Matrix < real_t > *A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix $< real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A}$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.9.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect{<}real_t\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

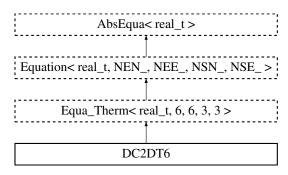
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.10 DC2DT6 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for DC2DT6:



Public Member Functions

• DC2DT6 ()

Default Constructor.

DC2DT6 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC2DT6 (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

DC2DT6 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (Transient case).

• DC2DT6 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• DC2DT6 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

• DC2DT6 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~DC2DT6 ()

Destructor.

void Diffusion (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (Point< real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const Vect< real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• virtual void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

• virtual void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

virtual void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add diffusion term to right-hand side.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

 $\bullet \ \ void \ Axb Assembly \ (const \ Element \ \&el, \ const \ Vect < real_t > \&x, \ Vect < real_t > \&b) \\$

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < real_t > *A, Vect < real_t > &b, Vect < real_t > &x)
 Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DC2DT6()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

DC2DT6 (const Element * el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

in el Pointer to element.

DC2DT6 (const Side * sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.

DC2DT6 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for an element (Transient case).

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

DC2DT6 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 1]
in	deltat	Value of time step
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme,
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.

DC2DT6 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

DC2DT6 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value
in	deltat	Value of time step

in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme: To be chosen among the enumerated values:	
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme	
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme,	
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.	

7.10.3 Member Function Documentation

void Diffusion (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

pef Coefficient to multiply by added term [D	Default: 1].
--	--------------

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

void Convection (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

void Convection (Point< real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	v	Constant velocity vector.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void Convection (const Vect< real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v

		T7 1
in	v	Velocity vector.

coef Coefficient to multiply by add	ded term [Default: 1].
-------------------------------------	------------------------

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual] Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	b	Local vector (of size 6) containing source at element nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 6 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect < real_t > & sf, int opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY) [virtual] Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

virtual void setStab () [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

virtual void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

_			
	in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]

virtual void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]

virtual void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

virtual void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]	1
----	------	--	---

void build () [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

void build (TimeStepping & s) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

Parameters

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

in e Reference to used EigenPro	blemSolver instance
---------------------------------	---------------------

int runTransient() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int runOneTimeStep() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run () [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t> & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by $_\texttt{theElement}$

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

$\label{lem:const} \begin{tabular}{ll} void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_\mathtt{theSide}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{t}^{t}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \; \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \; Element Assembly \; (\; SkMatrix < real_t > \& A \;) \; \; [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A	Reference to global matrix

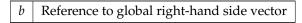
Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix {< \ real_t > *A \) } \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&\ A\)\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

		_
A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance	

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

7.10.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

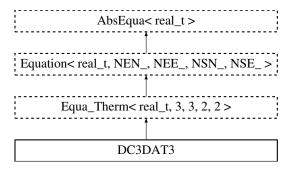
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.11 DC3DAT3 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for DC3DAT3:



Public Member Functions

• DC3DAT3 ()

Default Constructor.

• DC3DAT3 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC3DAT3 (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

• DC3DAT3 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

• DC3DAT3 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• DC3DAT3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

• DC3DAT3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~DC3DAT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

void LCapacity (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void Capacity (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void Diffusion (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix < real_t, 2, 2 > &diff, real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Point< real_t > & Grad (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Return gradient of a vector in element.

• void build ()

Build the linear system without solving.

virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Convection (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to left-hand side.

• virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

• void setRhoCp (const real_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect < real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x) *Solve the linear system.*

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.11.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DC3DAT3()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

DC3DAT3 (const Element * el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

i	n	el	Pointer to element.
---	---	----	---------------------

DC3DAT3 (const Side * sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

Parameters

in sd Pointer to side.

DC3DAT3 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

DC3DAT3 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value.
in	deltat	Value of time step
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme ():
		 FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme, BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme,
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.

DC3DAT3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

DC3DAT3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value.	
in	deltat	Value of time step	
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme (enumerated values):	
		• FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme	
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme	
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme	
1	1		

7.11.3 Member Function Documentation

void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void LCapacity (real_t coef = 1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficientcoef

Parameters

in coef Coefficient to multiply by added t	term [Default: 1].
--	--------------------

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Capacity (real_t coef = 1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

void Diffusion (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix< real_t, 2, 2 > & diff, real_t coef = 1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where the diffusivity matrix is given as an argument

Parameters

in	diff	Instance of class DMatrix containing diffusivity matrix
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]	
----	------	--	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	иd	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that
		provides body source.

void BodyRHS (const Vect < real t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in b Local vector (of size 3) containing source at element nodes.		Local vector (of size 3) containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

	in flux	Value of flux to impose on the side	
--	---------	-------------------------------------	--

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect < real.t > & sf, int opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	n sf Vector containing source at side nodes	
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 2 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

Point<real_t>& Grad (const Vect< real_t>& u)

Return gradient of a vector in element.

Parameters

ſ	in	и	Vector for which gradient is computed.
---	----	---	--

virtual void setStab() [virtual],[inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

void build (TimeStepping & s) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

Parameters

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance

int runTransient() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int runOneTimeStep() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run () [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

i	n	el	Reference to current element instance
i:	n	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > \& b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_- > \& be, int dof) \ \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void \ Element Assembly (\ Matrix < real_t > *A) }$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > \& A)$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix {< \ real_t > \& \ A \) } \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

\boldsymbol{A}	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in A Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	e
---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [\texttt{inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER		
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]		
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver		
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver		
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver		
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:		
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])		
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner		
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner		

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

7.11.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect{<}real_t\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

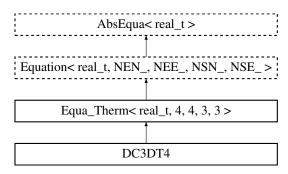
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.12 DC3DT4 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

Inheritance diagram for DC3DT4:



Public Member Functions

• DC3DT4()

Default Constructor.

DC3DT4 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC3DT4 (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

• DC3DT4 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

• DC3DT4 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

- DC3DT4 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)
 - Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.
- DC3DT4 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~DC3DT4 ()

Destructor.

void build ()

Build the linear system without solving.

• void LCapacity (real_t coef=1.)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Capacity (real_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Diffusion (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void Diffusion (const DMatrix < real_t > &diff, real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const Point < real_t > &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (const Vect< Point< real_t >> &v, real_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void RHS_Convection (const Point< real_t > &v, real_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

• Point< real_t > Flux () const

Return (constant) heat flux in element.

• Point< real_t > Grad (const Vect< real_t > &u) const

Return gradient of vector u in element. u is a local vector.

• void Periodic (real_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

• virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect < real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < real_t > *A, Vect < real_t > &b, Vect < real_t > &x)
 Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

Local Vect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.12.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DC3DT4()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

DC3DT4 (const Element * el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

in el	Pointer to element.
-------	---------------------

DC3DT4 (const Side * sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

Parameters

sd	[in] Pointer to side.
----	-----------------------

DC3DT4 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

DC3DT4 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

DC3DT4 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value.
in	deltat	Value of time step

in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

DC3DT4 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

sd	Pointer to side.
ı	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
ime	Current time value.
deltat	Value of time step
scheme	Time Integration Scheme ():
	• FORWARD_EULER: for Forward Euler scheme
	• BACKWARD_EULER: for Backward Euler scheme
	• CRANK_NICOLSON: for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme
i	ime eltat

7.12.3 Member Function Documentation

void LCapacity (real_t coef = 1.)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void Capacity (real_t coef = 1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void Diffusion (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term (default value = 1).
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void Diffusion (const DMatrix< real_t > & diff, real_t coef = 1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where the diffusivity matrix is given as an argument.

Parameters

in	diff	Diffusion matrix (class DMatrix).
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void Convection (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

Parameters

iı	1 C	oef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void Convection (const Point< real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

iı	n v	Constant velocity vector
iı	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void Convection (const Vect< Point< real_t >> & v, real_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v.

in	v	Velocity vector.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void RHS_Convection (const Point < real_t > & v, real_t coef = 1.)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit convection term.

Parameters

in	v	Velocity vector.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void BodyRHS (const Vect < real t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	b	Local vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 4 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1].

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect < real_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where body source is given by a vector

in	b	Vector containing source at side nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa_Therm< real_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

void BoundaryRHS (real_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

Parameters

in	flux	Vector containing source at side nodes.
----	------	---

void Periodic (real_t coef = 1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC_A on one side and PERIODIC_B on the opposite side.

Parameters

in	coef	Value of penalty parameter [Default: 1.e20].
----	------	--

virtual void setStab () [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

void build (TimeStepping & s) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

	in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
--	----	---	---

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

int runTransient() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int runOneTimeStep() [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run () [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by $_\texttt{theElement}$

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

$void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

$\label{lem:const} \begin{tabular}{ll} void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \&$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_$ theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real $_{ ext{-}}t > \& b$) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \; Element Assembly \; (\; SkMatrix < real_t > \& A \;) \; \; [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \& A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

ir	. A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
----	-----	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

d		
	\boldsymbol{A}	Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

```
b Reference to global right-hand side vector
```

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

P	A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
		SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$\label{eq:condition} \textbf{void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix} < \textbf{real.t} > \&\, A \ \textbf{)} \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER • DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default] • CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver • CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver • BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver • BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver • GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver • QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values: • IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default]) • DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner • ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

7.12.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

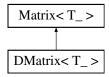
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.13 DMatrix< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

To handle dense matrices.

Inheritance diagram for DMatrix $< T_- >$:



Public Member Functions

• DMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• DMatrix (size_t nr)

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nr columns.

• DMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nc columns.

• DMatrix (Vect< T_− > &v)

Constructor that uses a Vect instance. The class uses the memory space occupied by this vector.

• DMatrix (const DMatrix < T_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ~DMatrix ()

Destructor.

void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void setDiag (const T₋ &a)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

• void setDiag (const vector < T_> &d)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

• void setSize (size_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void setSize (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Set size (number of rows and columns) of matrix.

• void getColumn (size_t j, Vect< T_ > &v) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T_> getColumn (size_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

• void getRow (size_t i, Vect< T_ > &v) const

Get i-th row vector.

• Vect< T_> getRow (size_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

• void setRow (size_t i, const Vect< T_ > &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

• void setColumn (size_t i, const Vect< T_> &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

• void MultAdd (T_a, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add result to \mathbf{y} .

• void MultAdd (const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

• void Mult (const Vect< $T_->$ &x, Vect< $T_->$ &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val to entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const DMatrix < T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix < T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• int setQR ()

Construct a QR factorization of the matrix.

• int setTransQR ()

Construct a QR factorization of the transpose of the matrix.

• int solveQR (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve a linear system by QR decomposition.

• int solveTransQR (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve a transpose linear system by QR decomposition.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version). Return a(i, j)

• T₋ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version). Return a(i, j)

• int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

• int setTransLU ()

Factorize the transpose of the matrix (LU factorization)

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve linear system.

• int solveTrans (Vect< T_> &b)

Solve the transpose linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• int solveTrans (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve the transpose linear system.

DMatrix & operator= (DMatrix < T_− > &m)

Operator =

• DMatrix & operator+= (const DMatrix < T₋ > &m)

Operator +=.

• DMatrix & operator-= (const DMatrix < T_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• DMatrix & operator= (const T₋ &x)

Operator =

• DMatrix & operator*= (const T₋ &x)

Operator *=

• DMatrix & operator+= (const T₋ &x)

Operator +=

• DMatrix & operator-= (const T₋ &x)

Operator -=

• T₋ * getArray () const

Return matrix as C-Array.

• T₋ get (size₋t i, size₋t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

size_t getNbColumns () const

 $Return\ number\ of\ columns.$

void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

T₋ getDiag (size₋t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T_ *a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T_*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix < T_ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< $T_->$ &b, const Vect< $T_->$ &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) *essential boundary condition.*

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_ > &b, const Vect< T_ > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect $< T_- > \&b$, Vect $< T_- > \&x$)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

T₋ operator[] (size₋t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator -=.

7.13.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_> class OFELI::DMatrix< T_>

To handle dense matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating general dense matrices. Matrices can be square or rectangle ones.

Template Parameters

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

7.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-dimension matrix.

DMatrix (size_t nr)

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nr columns.

Matrix entries are set to 0.

DMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nc columns.

Matrix entries are set to 0.

DMatrix (Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Constructor that uses a Vect instance. The class uses the memory space occupied by this vector.

Parameters

in	v	Vector to copy

DMatrix (const DMatrix $< T_- > & m$)

Copy Constructor.

in m	Matrix to copy
------	----------------

7.13.3 Member Function Documentation

void setDiag (const $T_- \& a$)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

Parameters

in	а	Value to assign to all diagonal entries
----	---	---

void setDiag (const vector $< T_- > & d$)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

Parameters

in d Vector entries to assign to matrix diagonal en	ntries
---	--------

void setSize (size_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

Parameters

	in	size	Number of rows and columns.
--	----	------	-----------------------------

void setSize (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Set size (number of rows and columns) of matrix.

Parameters

in	nr	Number of rows.
in	пс	Number of columns.

void getColumn (size_t j, Vect< T_> & v) const

Get j-th column vector.

Parameters

in	j	Index of column to extract	
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the column is stored	

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

OFELI's Reference Guide

Vect<T $_->$ getColumn (size $_-$ t $_j$) const

Get j-th column vector.

Parameters

in	j	Index of column to extract
----	---	----------------------------

Returns

Vect instance where the column is stored

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

void getRow (size_t i, Vect< $T_- > \& v$) const

Get i-th row vector.

Parameters

in	i	Index of row to extract
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the row is stored

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

$Vect < T_- > getRow (size_t i) const$

Get i-th row vector.

Parameters

in	i	Index of row to extract
----	---	-------------------------

Returns

Vect instance where the row is stored

Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Assign a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

in	i	row index of matrix

7.13. DMATRIX $< T_- > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCE 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	j	column index of matrix
in	val	Value to assign to a(i,j).

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void setRow (size_t i, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	row index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

void setColumn (size_t i, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	column index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

void MultAdd (T_-a , const Vect< T_- > & x, Vect< T_- > & y) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a*x and add result to y.

Parameters

in	а	constant to multiply by	
in	x	Vector to multiply by a	
in,out	у	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

$void\ MultAdd\ (\ const\ Vect < T_-> \&\ \textit{x,}\ \ Vect < T_-> \&\ \textit{y}\ \)\ const\quad [\texttt{virtual}]$

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to add to y
in,out	y	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void Mult (const Vect< $T_-> & x$, Vect< $T_-> & y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

Parameters

in	х	Vector to add to y
out	y	Result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void TMult (const Vect< T_ > & x, Vect< T_ > & y) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to add to y
in,out	y	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Add constant val to entry (i,j) of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	row index
in	j	column index
in	val	Constant to add

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void Axpy (T_-a , const DMatrix $< T_- > \& m$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
----	---	-----------------------

in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance]
----	---	--	---

Implements Matrix $< T_->$.

int setQR ()

Construct a QR factorization of the matrix.

This function constructs the QR decomposition using the Householder method. The upper triangular matrix R is returned in the upper triangle of the current matrix, except for the diagonal elements of R which are stored in an internal vector. The orthogonal matrix Q is represented as a product of n-1 Householder matrices Q1 . . . Qn-1, where Qj = 1 - uj.uj/cj. The i-th component of uj is zero for i = 1, ..., j-1 while the nonzero components are returned in a[i][j] for i = j, ..., n.

Returns

0 if the decomposition was successful, k is the k-th row is singular

Remarks

The matrix can be square or rectangle

int setTransQR ()

Construct a QR factorization of the transpose of the matrix.

This function constructs the QR decomposition using the Householder method. The upper triangular matrix R is returned in the upper triangle of the current matrix, except for the diagonal elements of R which are stored in an internal vector. The orthogonal matrix Q is represented as a product of n-1 Householder matrices Q1 . . . Qn-1, where Qj = 1 - uj.uj /cj . The i-th component of uj is zero for i=1,...,j-1 while the nonzero components are returned in a[i][j] for i=j,...,n.

Returns

0 if the decomposition was successful, k is the k-th row is singular

Remarks

The matrix can be square or rectangle

int solveQR (const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x)

Solve a linear system by QR decomposition.

This function constructs the QR decomposition, if this was not already done by using the member function QR and solves the linear system

in	b	Right-hand side vector	
out	x	Solution vector. Must have been sized before using this function	

Returns

The same value as returned by the function QR

int solveTransQR (const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x)

Solve a transpose linear system by QR decomposition.

This function constructs the QR decomposition, if this was not already done by using the member function QR and solves the linear system

Parameters

in	b	Right-hand side vector
out	х	Solution vector. Must have been sized before using this function.

Returns

The same value as returned by the function QR

T_operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version). Return a(i,j)

Parameters

in	i	row index
in	j	column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_& operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version). Return a(i,j)

Parameters

in	i	row index
in	j	column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

int setTransLU()

Factorize the transpose of the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the transpose of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

int solve (Vect< T $_->$ & b) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.
--------	---	--

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solveTrans (Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Solve the transpose linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a transpose matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
--------	---	--	--

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

int solveTrans (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve the transpose linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a transpose matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

DMatrix& operator= (DMatrix $< T_- > & m$)

Operator =

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

DMatrix& operator+= (const DMatrix $< T_- > \& m$)

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

DMatrix& operator== (const DMatrix $< T_- > \& m$)

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

DMatrix& operator= (const $T_- \& x$)

Operator =

Assign matrix to identity times x

DMatrix& operator*= (const $T_{-} & x$)

Operator *=

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

DMatrix& operator+= (const $T_- \& x$)

Operator +=

Add constant value x to matrix entries

DMatrix& operator== (const T_{-} & x)

Operator -=

Subtract constant value x from matrix entries.

T_* getArray () const

Return matrix as C-Array.

Matrix is stored row by row.

void setDiagonal (Mesh & mesh) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by getDiag(1).

void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_- * a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

j	in	el	Pointer to element instance
j	in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Prescribe (Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, const Vect< $T_- > \& u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

void Prescribe (Vect< T_- > & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< $T_-> \& b$, const Vect< $T_-> \& u$, int flag = 0) [inherited] Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

in,	out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output	
-----	-----	---	---	--

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	х	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_operator() (size_t i) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_operator[](size_t k) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

7.14 Domain Class Reference

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

Public Member Functions

• Domain ()

Constructor of a null domain.

• Domain (const string &file)

Constructor with an input file.

• ∼Domain ()

Destructor.

• void setFile (string file)

Set file containing Domain data.

• void setDim (size_t d)

Set space dimension.

• size_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

• void setNbDOF (size_t n)

Set number of degrees of freedom.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of degrees of freedom.

• size_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of vertices.

• size_t getNbLines () const

Return number of lines.

• size_t getNbContours () const

Return number of contours.

• size_t getNbHoles () const

Return number of holes.

• size_t getNbSubDomains () const

Return number of sub-domains.

• int get ()

Read domain data interactively.

• void get (const string &file)

Read domain data from a data file.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to generated Mesh instance.

• void genGeo (string file)

Generate geometry file.

• void genMesh ()

Generate 2-D mesh.

• void genMesh (const string &file)

Generate 2-D mesh and save in file (OFELI format)

void genMesh (string geo_file, string bamg_file, string mesh_file)

Generate 2-D mesh and save geo, bamg and mesh file (OFELI format)

void generateMesh ()

Generate 2-D mesh using the BAMG mesh generator.

• Domain & operator*= (real_t a)

Operator *=

• void insertVertex (real_t x, real_t y, real_t h, int code)

Insert a vertex.

• void insertLine (size_t n1, size_t n2, int dc, int nc)

Insert a straight line.

• void insertCircle (size_t n1, size_t n2, size_t n3, int dc, int nc)

Insert a circluar arc.

void insertRequiredVertex (size_t v)

Insert a required (imposed) vertex.

• void insertRequiredEdge (size_t e)

Insert a required (imposed) edge (or line)

• void insertSubDomain (size_t n, int code)

Insert subdomain.

• void insertSubDomain (size_t ln, int orient, int code)

Insert subdomain.

• Point< real_t > getMinCoord () const

Return minimum coordinates of vertices.

Point< real_t > getMaxCoord () const

Return maximum coordinates of vertices.

real_t getMinh () const

Return minimal value of mesh size.

void setOutputFile (string file)

Define output mesh file.

7.14.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

This class is essentially useful to construct data for mesh generators.

7.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Domain ()

Constructor of a null domain.

This constructor assigns maximal values of parameters.

Domain (const string & file)

Constructor with an input file.

Parameters

in	file	Input file in the XML format defining the domain
----	------	--

7.14.3 Member Function Documentation

void get (const string & file)

Read domain data from a data file.

|--|

void genMesh (const string & file)

Generate 2-D mesh and save in file (OFELI format)

Parameters

in	file	File where the generated mesh is saved
----	------	--

void genMesh (string geo file, string bamg file, string mesh file)

Generate 2-D mesh and save geo, bamg and mesh file (OFELI format)

Parameters

in	geo_file	Geo file
in	bamg_file	Bamg file
in	mesh_file	File where the generated mesh is saved

Domain& operator*= (real_t a)

Operator *=

Rescale domain coordinates by myltiplying by a factor

Parameters

i			
	in	а	Value to multiply by

void insertVertex (real_t x, real_t y, real_t h, int code)

Insert a vertex.

Parameters

in	x	x-coordinate of vertex
in	y	y-coordinate of vertex
in	h	mesh size around vertex
in	code	code of coordinate

void insertLine (size_t n1, size_t n2, int dc, int nc)

Insert a straight line.

in	n1	Label of the first vertex of line
in	n2	Label of the second vertex of line
in	dc	Code to associate to created nodes (Dirichlet)
in	пс	Code to associate to line (Neumann)

void insertCircle (size_t n1, size_t n2, size_t n3, int dc, int nc)

Insert a circluar arc.

Parameters

in	n1	Label of vertex defining the first end of the arc
in	n2	Label of vertex defining the second end of the arc
in	п3	Label of vertex defining the center of the arc
in	dc	Dirichlet code for nodes on the arc
in	пс	Neumann code for sides on the arc

void insertRequiredVertex ($\operatorname{size}_{-}\operatorname{t} v$)

Insert a required (imposed) vertex.

Parameters

in v	Label of vertex
------	-----------------

void insertRequiredEdge ($size_t e$)

Insert a required (imposed) edge (or line)

Parameters

in	е	Label of line
----	---	---------------

void insertSubDomain (size_t n, int code)

Insert subdomain.

Parameters

in	п	
in	code	

void insertSubDomain (size_t ln, int orient, int code)

Insert subdomain.

Parameters

in	ln	Line label
in	orient	Orientation (1 or -1)
in	code	Subdomain code or reference

void setOutputFile (string file)

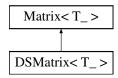
Define output mesh file.

Parameters

in	file	String defining output mesh file
----	------	----------------------------------

7.15 DSMatrix $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

To handle symmetric dense matrices. Inheritance diagram for DSMatrix< T $_->$:



Public Member Functions

• DSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• DSMatrix (size_t dim)

Constructor that for a symmetric matrix with given number of rqows.

• DSMatrix (const DSMatrix < T_> &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ∼DSMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

void setSize (size_t dim)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign constant to entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• void getColumn (size_t j, Vect< T_ > &v) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T_> getColumn (size_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

• void getRow (size_t i, Vect< T_ > &v) const

Get i-th row vector.

• Vect< T_> getRow (size_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

• void setRow (size_t i, const Vect< T_ > &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

• void setColumn (size_t i, const Vect< T_> &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

void setDiag (const T₋ &a)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

• void setDiag (const vector < T_ > &d)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant to an entry of the matrix.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• DSMatrix $< T_- > \& operator = (const DSMatrix<math>< T_- > \& m)$

Operator = Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

• DSMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$

• int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix (LDL^T)

void MultAdd (const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add result to \mathbf{y} .

• void MultAdd (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add to \mathbf{y} .

• void Mult (const Vect< $T_-> &x$, Vect< $T_-> &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< $T_-> &x$, Vect< $T_-> &y$) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const DSMatrix < T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix< T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• int setLDLt (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.

• T₋ * getArray () const

Return matrix as C-Array. Matrix is stored row by row. Only lower triangle is stored.

• T₋ get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

• void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

T₋ getDiag (size_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T₋*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix < T₋ > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix < T_ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T₋ > &b, const Vect< T₋ > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_ > &b, const Vect< T_ > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T_operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T₋ &x)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T_ &x)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator*= (const T₋ &x)

Operator *=.

7.15.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::DSMatrix < T_>
```

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating symmetric dense matrices.

Template Parameters

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

7.15.2 Member Function Documentation

```
int setLDLt ( const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x )
```

Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.

This function solves a linear system. The LDLt factorization is performed if this was not already done using the function setLU.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION DSMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is null

void setDiagonal (Mesh & mesh) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix. First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

-	in	el	Pointer to element instance
-	in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, const Vect< $T_- > \& u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty

parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, const Vect< $T_- > \& u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function set←

Penal(..).

$int\ Factor And Solve\ (\ Vect < T_- > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

in, out b Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on ou

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

7.15. DSMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_ operator() (size_t i) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

	in	i	entry index
--	----	---	-------------

T_& operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_operator[](size_t k) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator+= (const $T_- & x$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

Matrix& operator-= (const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator== (const $T_- & x$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

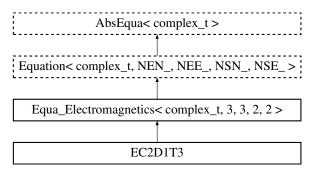
Matrix& operator*= (const $T_- & x$) [inherited]

Operator *=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x

7.16 EC2D1T3 Class Reference

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation. Inheritance diagram for EC2D1T3:



Public Member Functions

• EC2D1T3 ()

Default constructor.

• EC2D1T3 (const Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

• EC2D1T3 (const Side *side)

Constructor using side data.

- EC2D1T3 (const Element *el, const Vect< complex_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)
 - Constructor using element and previous time data.
- EC2D1T3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< complex_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~EC2D1T3 ()

Destructor.

• void Magnetic (real_t omega, real_t coef=1.)

Add magnetic contribution to matrix.

• void Electric (real_t coef=1.)

Add electric contribution to matrix.

• real_t Joule ()

Compute Joule density in element.

complex_t IntegMF ()

Add element integral contribution.

complex_t IntegND (const Vect< complex_t > &h, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Compute integral of normal derivative on edge.

real_t VacuumArea ()

Add contribution to vacuum area calculation.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< complex_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< complex_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< complex_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< complex_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< complex_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< complex_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< complex_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix < complex_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< complex_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < complex_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< complex_t > &x, Vect< complex_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

- void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< complex_t > &x, Vect< complex_t > &b)
 Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.
- size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< complex_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < complex_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < complex_t > *A, Vect < complex_t > &b, Vect < complex_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< complex_t, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< complex_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void MagneticPermeability (const real_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

• void ElectricConductivity (const real_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

• void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

void ElectricResistivity (const real_t &rho)

 $Set\ (constant)\ electric\ resistivity.$

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.16.1 Detailed Description

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

Builds finite element arrays for time harmonic eddy current problems in 2-D domains with solenoidal configurations (Magnetic field has only one nonzero component). Magnetic field is constant in the vacuum, and then zero in the outer vacuum. Uses 3-Node triangles.

The unknown is the time-harmonic magnetic induction (complex valued).

7.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

EC2D1T3 (const Element * el)

Constructor using element data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
----	----	-----------------------------

EC2D1T3 (const Side * side)

Constructor using side data.

Parameters

	in	side	Pointer to Side instance
--	----	------	--------------------------

EC2D1T3 (const Element * el, const Vect< complex_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
in	и	Solution at previous iteration
in	time	Time value [Default: 0]

EC2D1T3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< complex_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance
in	и	Solution at previous iteration
in	time	Time value [Default: 0]

7.16.3 Member Function Documentation

void Magnetic (real_t omega, real_t coef = 1.)

Add magnetic contribution to matrix.

Parameters

in	omega	Angular frequency
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by [Default: 1]

void Electric (real_t coef = 1.)

Add electric contribution to matrix.

Parameters

|--|

complex_t IntegND (const Vect< complex_t > & h_t int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$)

Compute integral of normal derivative on edge.

Parameters

in	h	Vect instance containing magnetic field at element nodes
in	opt	Vector h is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Note

This member function is to be called within each element, it detects boundary sides as the ones with nonzero code

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< complex_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< complex $_{ ext{-}}t > \&\ bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int $dof_type = NODE_DOF$, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

${\bf void}\; {\bf LocalNodeVector} \; (\; {\bf Vect} {<} \; {\bf complex_t} > \& \; b \;) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

$void \; ElementNodeVector (\; const \; Vect < complex_t > \& \; b, \; LocalVect < complex_t \; , \; NEE_ > \& \; be \;) \quad [\texttt{inherited}]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in b Global vector to be localized.		Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{localVect} woid \ ElementNodeVector (\ const \ Vect < complex_t > \&\ b,\ LocalVect < complex_t \ , \ NEN_- > \&\ be,\ int\ dof\) \ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< complex_t > & b, LocalVect< complex_t , NEN_> & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in b Global vector to be localized.		Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< complex_t > & b, LocalVect< complex_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< complex_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < complex_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_\mathtt{theSide}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < complex_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($PETScMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< complex_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < complex_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkMatrix} {<} \; {\bf complex}_{\bf t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	1
----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< complex_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < complex_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

Α	Reference to global matrix

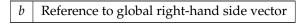
Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScVect < complex_t > \&\ b}\) \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix{<}\ complex_t>*A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \& A \) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< complex $_{ ext{-}}t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < complex_t > *A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<\ complex_t}>\&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<\ complex_t}>\&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< complex_t > & x, Vect< complex_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

$\label{lem:const} \mbox{ void AxbAssembly (const Side \& \it{sd}, const Vect < complex_t > \& \it{x}, Vect < complex_t > \& \it{b}) } \\ \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER		
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]		
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver		
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver		
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver		
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:		
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])		
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner		
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner		

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< complex_t > * A, Vect< complex_t > & b, Vect< complex_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.16.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<complex_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.17 Edge Class Reference

To describe an edge.

Public Member Functions

• Edge ()

Default Constructor.

• Edge (size_t label)

Constructor with label.

• Edge (const Edge &ed)

Copy constructor.

• ~Edge ()

Destructor.

• void Add (Node *node)

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of edge.

• void setLabel (size_t i)

Assign label of edge.

void setFirstDOF (size_t n)

Define First DOF.

void setNbDOF (size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF of edge.

void DOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

void setDOF (size_t &first_dof, size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF.

• void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Assign code code to DOF number dof.

void AddNeighbor (Side *sd)

Add side pointed by sd to list of edge sides.

size_t getLabel () const

Return label of edge.

• size_t n () const

Return label of edge.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of edge equations.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of DOF.

• int getCode (size_t dof=1) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

• size_t getDOF (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th DOF.

• size_t getFirstDOF () const

Return number of first dof of node.

Node * getPtrNode (size_t i) const

List of element nodes.

• Node * operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ().

• size_t getNodeLabel (size_t i) const

Return node label.

• Side * getNeighborSide (size_t i) const

Return pointer to neighbor i-th side.

• int isOnBoundary () const

Say if current edge is a boundary edge or not.

• void setOnBoundary ()

Say that the edge is on the boundary.

Node * operator() (size_t i)

Operator ().

7.17.1 Detailed Description

To describe an edge.

Defines an edge of a 3-D finite element mesh. The edges are given in particular by a list of nodes. Each node can be accessed by the member function getPtrNode.

7.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Edge ()

Default Constructor.

Initializes data to zero

Edge (size_t label)

Constructor with label.

Define an edge by giving its label

7.17.3 Member Function Documentation

void DOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

in	i	DOF index
in	dof	Its label

void setDOF (size_t & first_dof, size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF.

Parameters

in,out	first_dof	Label of the first DOF in input that is actualized
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF

void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Assign code code to DOF number dof.

Parameters

in	dof	index of dof for assignment.
in	code	Value of code to assign.

int getCode ($size_t dof = 1$) const

Return code for a given DOF of node. Default value is 1

Node* operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

size_t getNodeLabel (size_t i) const

Return node label.

Parameters

in	i	Local label of node for which global label is returned
----	---	--

int isOnBoundary () const

Say if current edge is a boundary edge or not.

Note this information is available only if boundary edges were determined. See class Mesh

Node* operator() (size_t i)

Operator ().

Returns pointer to node of local label i

7.18 EdgeList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

Public Member Functions

• EdgeList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ∼EdgeList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Select edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

void unselectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Unselect edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• size_t getNbEdges () const

Return number of selected edges.

• void top ()

Reset list of edges at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of edges at its top position (Constant version)

• Edge * get ()

Return pointer to current edge and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Edge * get () const

Return pointer to current edge and move to next one (Constant version)

7.18.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

7.18.2 Member Function Documentation

void selectCode (int code, int dof = 1)

Select edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

Parameters

in	code	Code that edges share
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

void unselectCode (int code, int dof = 1)

Unselect edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

Parameters

in	code	Code of edges to exclude
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

7.19 EigenProblemSolver Class Reference

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, *i.e.* Find scalars 1 and non-null vectors v such that $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$ where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as *Stiffness* and *Mass* matrices respectively.

Public Member Functions

EigenProblemSolver ()

Default constructor.

• EigenProblemSolver (DSMatrix< real_t > &K, int n=0)

Constructor for a dense symmetric matrix that computes the eigenvalues.

- EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix< real_t > &K, SkSMatrix< real_t > &M, int n=0)
 - Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

• EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix < real_t > &K, Vect < real_t > &M, int n=0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

• EigenProblemSolver (DSMatrix< real_t > &A, Vect< real_t > &ev, int n=0)

Constructor for a dense matrix that compute the eigenvalues.

• EigenProblemSolver (AbsEqua < real_t > &eq, bool lumped=true)

Consttuctor using partial differential equation.

• ~EigenProblemSolver ()

Destructor.

void setMatrix (SkSMatrix < real_t > &K, SkSMatrix < real_t > &M)

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

void setMatrix (SkSMatrix < real_t > &K, Vect < real_t > &M)

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

• void setMatrix (DSMatrix < real_t > &K)

Set matrix instance (Symmetric matrix).

void setPDE (AbsEqua < real_t > &eq, bool lumped=true)

Define partial differential equation to solve.

• int run (int nb=0)

Run the eigenproblem solver.

void Assembly (const Element &el, real_t *eK, real_t *eM)

Assemble element arrays into global matrices.

• void SAssembly (const Side &sd, real_t *sK)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

int runSubSpace (size_t nb_eigv, size_t ss_dim=0)

Run the subspace iteration solver.

• void setSubspaceDimension (int dim)

Define the subspace dimension.

• void setMaxIter (int max_it)

set maximal number of iterations.

void setTolerance (real_t eps)

set tolerance value

int checkSturm (int &nb_found, int &nb_lost)

Check how many eigenvalues have been found using Sturm sequence method.

• int getNbIter () const

Return actual number of performed iterations.

• real_t getEigenValue (int n) const

Return the n-th eigenvalue.

• void getEigenVector (int n, Vect< real_t > &v) const

Return the n-th eigenvector.

7.19.1 Detailed Description

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, *i.e.* Find scalars I and non-null vectors v such that $[K]\{v\} = I[M]\{v\}$ where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as *Stiffness* and *Mass* matrices respectively.

7.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

EigenProblemSolver (DSMatrix < real t > & K, int n = 0)

Constructor for a dense symmetric matrix that computes the eigenvalues.

This constructor solves in place the eigenvalues problem and stores them in a vector (No need to use the function runSubSpace). The eigenvectors can be obtained by calling the member function getEigenVector.

Parameters

in	K	Matrix for which eigenmodes are sought.	
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.	

EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix < real_t > & M, SkSMatrix < real_t > & M, int n = 0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

Parameters

in	K	"Stiffness" matrix	
in	M	Diagonal "Mass" matrix stored as a Vect instance	
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.	

Note

The generalized eigenvalue problem is defined by Kx = aMx, where K and M are referred to as stiffness and mass matrix.

EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix< real_t > & K, Vect< real_t > & M, int n = 0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

Parameters

in	K "Stiffness" matrix	
in	M	Diagonal "Mass" matrix stored as a Vect instance
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.

Note

The generalized eigenvalue problem is defined by Kx = aMx, where K and M are referred to as stiffness and mass matrix.

EigenProblemSolver (DSMatrix< real_t > & A, Vect< real_t > & ev, int n = 0)

Constructor for a dense matrix that compute the eigenvalues.

This constructor solves in place the eigenvalues problem and stores them in a vector (No need to use the function runSubSpace). The eigenvectors can be obtained by calling the member function getEigenVector.

Parameters

in	Α	A Matrix for which eigenmodes are sought.	
in	ev	Vector containing all computed eigenvalues sorted increasingly.	
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.	

Remarks

The vector ev does not need to be sized before.

EigenProblemSolver (AbsEqua < real_t > & eq, bool lumped = true)

Consttuctor using partial differential equation.

The used equation class must have been constructed using the Mesh instance

in	eq	Reference to equation instance
in	lumped	Mass matrix is lumped (true) or not (false) [Default: true]

7.19.3 Member Function Documentation

void setMatrix (SkSMatrix < real_t > & K, SkSMatrix < real_t > & M)

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

This function is to be used when the default constructor is applied. Case where the mass matrix is consistent.

Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix instance
in	M	Mass matrix instance

void setMatrix (SkSMatrix < real_t > & K, Vect < real_t > & M)

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

This function is to be used when the default constructor is applied. Case where the mass matrix is (lumped) diagonal and stored in a vector.

Parameters

ir	. K	Stiffness matrix instance	
ir	. M	Mass matrix instance where diagonal terms are stored as a vector.	

void setMatrix (DSMatrix < real_t > & K)

Set matrix instance (Symmetric matrix).

This function is to be used when the default constructor is applied. Case of a standard (not generalized) eigen problem is to be solved

Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix instance

void setPDE (AbsEqua< real_t > & eq, bool lumped = true)

Define partial differential equation to solve.

The used equation class must have been constructed using the Mesh instance

Parameters

in	eq	Reference to equation instance
in	lumped	Mass matrix is lumped (true) or not (false) [Default: true]

int run (int nb = 0)

Run the eigenproblem solver.

in	nb	Number of eigenvalues to be computed. By default, all eigenvalues are computed.
----	----	---

void Assembly (const Element & el, real_t * eK, real_t * eM)

Assemble element arrays into global matrices.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element class
in	еK	Pointer to element stiffness (or assimilated) matrix
in	eМ	Pointer to element mass (or assimilated) matrix

void SAssembly (const Side & sd, real_t * sK)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side class
in	sK	Pointer to side stiffness

int runSubSpace (size_t nb_eigv, size_t ss_dim = 0)

Run the subspace iteration solver.

This function rune the Bathe subspace iteration method.

Parameters

in	nb_eigv	Number of eigenvalues to be extracted
in	ss_dim	Subspace dimension. Must be at least equal to the number eigenvalues to seek. [Default: nb_eigv]

Returns

1: Normal execution. Convergence has been achieved. 2: Convergence for eigenvalues has not been attained.

void setSubspaceDimension (int dim)

Define the subspace dimension.

in	dim	Subspace dimension. Must be larger or equal to the number of wanted
		eigenvalues. By default this value will be set to the number of wanted
		eigenvalues

void setTolerance (real_t eps)

set tolerance value

Parameters

i	.n	eps	Convergence tolerance for eigenvalues [Default: 1.e-8]	
---	----	-----	--	--

int checkSturm (int & nb_found, int & nb_lost)

Check how many eigenvalues have been found using Sturm sequence method.

Parameters

out	nb_found	number of eigenvalues actually found
out	nb_lost	number of eigenvalues missing

Returns

- 0, Successful completion of subroutine.
 - 1, No convergent eigenvalues found.

void get Eigen Vector (int n, Vect< real_t > & v) const

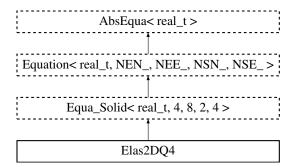
Return the n-th eigenvector.

Parameters

in	n	Label of eigenvector (They are stored in ascending order of eigenvalues)
in,out	v	Vect instance where the eigenvector is stored.

7.20 Elas2DQ4 Class Reference

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals. Inheritance diagram for Elas2DQ4:



Public Member Functions

• Elas2DQ4 ()

Default Constructor.

• Elas2DQ4 (const Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

• Elas2DQ4 (const Side *sd)

Constructor using side data.

• Elas2DQ4 (const Element *element, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

• Elas2DQ4 (const Side *side, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~Elas2DQ4 ()

Destructor.

• void PlaneStrain ()

Set plane strain hypothesis.

• void PlaneStrain (real_t E, real_t nu)

Set plane strain hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

• void PlaneStress ()

Set plane stress hypothesis.

• void PlaneStress (real_t E, real_t nu)

Set plane stress hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

• void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LMass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by $coef[Default \leftarrow : 1]$.

• void Mass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Deviator (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Dilatation (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &sf)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

int SignoriniContact (UserData< real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

void Strain (LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &eps)

Calculate strains at element barycenter.

• void Stress (LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &s, real_t &vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

• void Stress (LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &sigma, LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &s, real_t &vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Stiffness (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

```
    void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)
    Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
```

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

 $Assemble\ side\ right-hand\ side\ vector\ into\ global\ one.$

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)
 Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.20.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 2-D domains using 4-Node quadrilaterals.

Unilateral contact is handled using a penalty function. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Elas2DQ4()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

Elas2DQ4 (const Element * element, const Vect < real_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

Parameters

in	element	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

Elas2DQ4 (const Side * side, const Vect < real_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

in	side	Pointer to side
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time Current time value [Default: 0]	

7.20.3 Member Function Documentation

void PlaneStrain (real_t E, real_t nu)

Set plane strain hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

Parameters

in	Ε	Young's modulus
in	пи	Poisson ratio

void PlaneStress (real_t E, real_t nu)

Set plane stress hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

Parameters

in	Е	Young's modulus
in	пи	Poisson ratio

void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element dilatational contribution to right hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

To use for explicit formulations

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 4, 8, 2, 4 >.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef Body forces are deduced from UserData instance ud

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & bf, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).	
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 8 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Total number of DOF [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].	

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef Boundary forces are deduced from UserData instance ud

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > & sf)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in sf Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).

Warning

The vector sf is sidewise constant, *i.e.* its size is twice the number of sides.

int SignoriniContact (UserData < real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance defining contact data	
in	coef	Penalty value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1.e07]	

Returns

0 if no contact was realized on this side, 1 otherwise

void Strain (LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & eps)

Calculate strains at element barycenter.

Parameters

out	eps	Vector containing strains in element
-----	-----	--------------------------------------

void Stress (LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & s, real_t & vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

out	S	LocalVect containing principal stresses in element
out	vm	Value of Von-Mises stress in element

void Stress (LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & sigma, LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & s, real_t & vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

Parameters

out	sigma	Vector containing principal stresses in element
out	S	Vector containing principal stresses in element
out	vm	Value of Von-Mises stress in element

virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

$void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real.t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > \& \ b, \ \mbox{LocalVect} < \mbox{real_t} \ , \ \mbox{NEN}_> \& \ be, \ \mbox{int} \ dof}$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF(const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b Global vector to be localized.]	
ou	t be	2	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.]

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides

in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

 ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf Matrix} {<} \; {\bf real} \; {\bf t} > * \; A \; \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A | Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in A Global matrix stored as	s an SkSMatrix instance
------------------------------	-------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

ir	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real.t> & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf void\ DGE lement Assembly\ (\ Matrix{<\ real_t}>*A\)} & {\tt [inherited]} \\ \end{tabular}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
------	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.20.4 Member Data Documentation

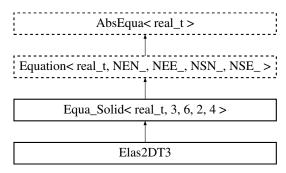
LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.21 Elas2DT3 Class Reference

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles. Inheritance diagram for Elas2DT3:



Public Member Functions

• Elas2DT3 ()

Default Constructor.

• Elas2DT3 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

• Elas2DT3 (const Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

• Elas2DT3 (const Side *sd)

Constructor using side data.

• Elas2DT3 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor using element, previous time solution u and time value.

• Elas2DT3 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• Elas2DT3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time=0.)

Constructor using side, previous time solution u and time value.

• Elas2DT3 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~Elas2DT3 ()

Destructor.

• void Media (real_t E, real_t nu, real_t rho)

Set media properties.

• void PlaneStrain ()

Set plane strain hypothesis.

• void PlaneStrain (real_t E, real_t nu)

Set plane strain hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus E and Poisson ratio nu

void PlaneStress ()

Set plane stress hypothesis.

void PlaneStress (real_t E, real_t nu)

Set plane stress hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus E and Poisson ratio nu

• void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

• void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void LMass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

• void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void Mass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void Deviator (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void Dilatation (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

• void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

• int SignoriniContact (UserData< real_t > &ud, real_t coef=1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

int SignoriniContact (Vect< real_t > &f, real_t coef=1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

• void Reaction (Vect< real_t > &r)

Calculate reactions.

• void ContactPressure (const Vect< real_t > &f, real_t penal, Point< real_t > &p)

Calculate contact pressure.

• void Strain (Vect< real_t > &eps)

Calculate strains in element.

• void Stress (Vect< real_t > &s, real_t &vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress in element.

void Periodic (real_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Stiffness (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect < real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect < real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.21.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Unilateral contact is handled using a penalty function. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Elas2DT3()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

Elas2DT3 (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance

Elas2DT3 (const Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

Parameters

el Pointer to Element instance

Elas2DT3 (const Side * sd)

Constructor using side data.

Parameters

sd | Pointer to Side instance

Elas2DT3 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor using element, previous time solution u and time value.

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

Elas2DT3 (const Element * el, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value.
in	deltat	Time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme: To be chosen among the enumerated values:
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme,
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.

Elas2DT3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time = 0.)

Constructor using side, previous time solution u and time value.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

Elas2DT3 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, real_t time, real_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].
in	deltat	Time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme

7.21.3 Member Function Documentation

void Media (real_t E, real_t nu, real_t rho)

Set media properties.

Useful to override material properties deduced from mesh file.

void LMassToLHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void LMassToRHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void LMass (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void MassToLHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void MassToRHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
111	coej	Coefficient to muniphy by added term [Default. 1].

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void Mass (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in <i>coef</i> Coef	ficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
---------------------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void Deviator (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element deviatoric contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void Dilatation (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef = 1.) [virtual]

Add element dilatational contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef To use for explicit formulations

Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa_Solid < real_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplication by coef Body forces are deduced from UserData instance ud

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	f	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF)
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 6 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of element DOF [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance defining boundary forces	Ì
----	----	--	---

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	f	Vect instance that contains constant traction to impose to side.
----	---	--

int SignoriniContact (UserData< real_t > & ud, real_t coef = 1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance defining contact data
in	coef	Penalty value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1.e07]

Returns

= 0 if no contact is achieved on this side, 1 otherwise

int SignoriniContact (Vect< real_t > & f, real_t coef = 1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

in	f	Vect instance that contains contact data
in	coef	Penalty value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1.e07]

Returns

= 0 if no contact is achieved on this side, 1 otherwise

void Reaction (Vect< real_t > & r)

Calculate reactions.

This function can be invoked in postprocessing

Parameters

in r Reaction	on on the side
---------------	----------------

void ContactPressure (const Vect< real_t > & f, real_t penal, Point< real_t > & p)

Calculate contact pressure.

This function can be invoked in postprocessing

Parameters

in	f	
in	penal	Penalty parameter that was used to impose contact condition
out	р	Contact pressure

void Strain (Vect< real_t > & eps)

Calculate strains in element.

This function can be invoked in postprocessing.

void Stress (Vect< real_t > & s, real_t & vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress in element.

Parameters

in	S	vector of principal stresses
in	vm	Von-Mises stress. This function can be invoked in postprocessing.

void Periodic (real_t coef = 1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC_A on one side and PERIODIC_B on the opposite side.

Parameters

i:	coef	Value of penalty parameter [Default: 1.e20]
----	------	---

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t> & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN $_->$ & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

 ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect< real_t>\&\ b}$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < real.t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < {\it real_t} > \& A \) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.



A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SpMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A		Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ TrMatrix < {\it real.t} > \& A \) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void} \,\, {\bf Element Assembly} \, (\,\, {\bf Vect} {<} \, {\bf real} \, {\bf t} > \& \, v \,\,) \quad {\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix {<\ real_t} > \&\ A\)\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix {< \ real_t > *A \) } \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix {<\ real.} t > \&\ A\)\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

|--|

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ v\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

ir	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&\ A\)}\quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t> & x, Vect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	exp	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.21.4 Member Data Documentation

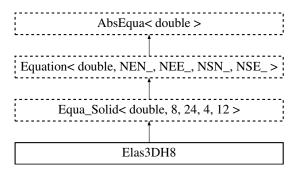
LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.22 Elas3DH8 Class Reference

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra. Inheritance diagram for Elas3DH8:



Public Member Functions

• Elas3DH8 ()

Default Constructor.

• Elas3DH8 (const Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

• Elas3DH8 (const Side *sd)

Constructor using side data.

• Elas3DH8 (const Element *element, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element, previous time solution u and time value.

• Elas3DH8 (const Side *side, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side, previous time solution u and time value.

• ~Elas3DH8 ()

Destructor.

• void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef.

• void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

void LMass (real_t coef)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand and left-hand sides after multiplication by coef.

• void Mass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void Deviator (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void Dilatation (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left hand-side after multiplication by coef.

• void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right hand-side after multiplication by coef.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

 $Add\ boundary\ right-hand\ side\ term\ to\ right\ hand\ side.$

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &bf, int opt=LOCAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Stiffness (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< double > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< double > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< double > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 $Localize \ Element \ Vector \ from \ a \ Vect \ instance.$

• void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NE \sim N_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< double > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

• void SideVector (const Vect< double > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

Localize Element Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< double > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< double > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< double > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< double > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< double > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< double > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< double > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< double > &x, Vect< double > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< double > &x, Vect< double > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< double > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < double > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< double > *A, Vect< double > &b, Vect< double > &x) *Solve the linear system.*

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< double, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

LocalMatrix< double, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< double, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< double, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< double, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< double, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.22.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 3-D domains using 8-Node hexahedra.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a double coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.22.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Elas3DH8()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

7.22.3 Member Function Documentation

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Body forces are deduced from UserData instance ud.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	f	Vector containing traction (boundary force) at sides
)	(

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & bf, int $opt = LOCAL_ARRAY$)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).
in	opt	Vector is local (<i>LOCAL_ARRAY</i>) with size 24 or global (<i>GLOBAL_ARRAY</i>) with size = Number of element DOF.

virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< double > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el Reference to current element instance	
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

${f void\ update BC\ (\ const\ Vect < double > \&\ bc}$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides

in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ (${f Vect}<{f double}>\&\,b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< double > & b, LocalVect< double , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{local_vect} \mbox{void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< double > \& \ b, \ \mbox{LocalVect} < \mbox{double , NEN}_- > \& \ be, \ \mbox{int } \ \mbox{dof)} \ \ [\mbox{inherited}]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

inbGlobal vector to be localized.outbeLocal vector, the length of which is the total number of elementindofDegree of freedom to transfer to the local vector		Global vector to be localized.
		Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
		Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< double > & b, LocalVect< double , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< double > & b, LocalVect< double , NSE_> & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< double > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer $_$ theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< double > & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ Matrix < double > *A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < double > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< double > & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < double > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ SkSMatrix < double > \& A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ SkMatrix < double > \& A \) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < double > &A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in A Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ TrMatrix < {f double} > \& A \) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ Vect < double > \&\ v \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < double > \& A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect<\ double>\&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ Matrix < double > *A\)$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < double > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance	ı

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix < double > \&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ double>\&\ A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < double > \&\ v\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ double>*A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < double > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < double > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < double > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < double > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< double > & x, Vect< double > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< double > & x, Vect< double > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		 IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int Solve LinearSystem (Matrix< double > * A, Vect< double > & b, Vect< double > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.22.4 Member Data Documentation

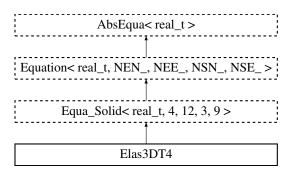
 $LocalVect{<}double\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.23 Elas3DT4 Class Reference

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra. Inheritance diagram for Elas3DT4:



Public Member Functions

• Elas3DT4 ()

Default Constructor.

• Elas3DT4 (const Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

• Elas3DT4 (const Side *sd)

Constructor using side data.

- Elas3DT4 (const Element *element, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

 Constructor using element and previous time data.
- Elas3DT4 (const Side *side, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~Elas3DT4 ()

Destructor.

• void Media (real_t E, real_t nu, real_t rho)

Set Media properties.

• void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef.

• void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

void LMass (real_t coef)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void Deviator (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left hand-side after multiplication by coef.

• void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to right hand-side after multiplication by coef.

• void Dilatation (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f, int opt=LOCAL_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix < real_t > &K, Vect < real_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Mass (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Stiffness (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x) Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRes

 $Local Vect\ instance\ containing\ local\ residual\ vector\ associated\ to\ current\ element.$

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.23.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

7.23.2 Member Function Documentation

void Media (real_t E, real_t nu, real_t rho)

Set Media properties.

Parameters

in	Ε	Young's modulus
in	пи	Poisson ratio
in	rho	Density

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by *coef*. Body forces are deduced from UserData instance *ud*.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f, int $opt = LOCAL_ARRAY$)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

in	f	Vect instance containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 12 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with
		size = Number of element DOF.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

Parameters

in	f	Vect instance that contains constant traction to impose to side.
----	---	--

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real_t > & K, Vect< real_t > & M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system. Case where the mass matrix is lumped

Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Vector containing diagonal mass matrix

virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ (${f Vect}{<{\it real_t}>\&b}$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF(const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_t > \& b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_\mathtt{theSide}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($PETScVect < real_t > \& b$) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ SkMatrix < real_t > \& A \) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

ir	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in v Global vector (Vect in	stance)
-----------------------------	---------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

d		
	A	Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Matrix {<}\ real_t > *A\)} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&\ A\)\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance	1

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.23.3 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.24 Element Class Reference

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

Public Member Functions

• Element ()

Default constructor.

Element (size_t label, const string &shape)

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

• Element (size_t label, int shape)

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

• Element (size_t label, const string &shape, int c)

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

• Element (size_t label, int shape, int c)

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

• Element (const Element &el)

Copy constructor.

~Element ()

Destructor.

void setLabel (size_t i)

Define label of element.

void setCode (int c)

Define code of element.

• void setCode (const string &exp, int code)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of element nodes.

• void Add (Node *node)

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of element.

• void Add (Node *node, int n)

Insert a node and set its local node number.

void Replace (size_t label, Node *node)

Replace a node at a given local label.

• void Replace (size_t label, Side *side)

Replace a side at a given local label.

• void Add (Side *sd)

Assign Side to Element.

• void Add (Side *sd, int k)

Assign Side to Element with assigned local label.

void Add (Element *el)

Add a neighbor element.

• void set (Element *el, int n)

Add a neighbor element and set its label.

void setDOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

• void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Assign code to a DOF.

• void setNode (size_t i, Node *node)

Assign a node given by its pointer as the i-th node of element.

void setNbDOF (size_t i)

Set number of degrees of freedom of element.

• void setFirstDOF (size_t i)

Set label of first DOF in element.

• int getShape () const

Return element shape.

• size_t getLabel () const

Return label of element.

• size_t n () const

Return label of element.

• int getCode () const

Return code of element.

size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of element vertices.

• size_t getNbSides () const

Return number of element sides (Constant version)

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

return element nb of DOF

• size_t getDOF (size_t i=1) const

Return element DOF label.

• size_t getFirstDOF () const

Return element first DOF label.

• size_t getNodeLabel (size_t n) const

Return global label of node of local label i.

size_t getSideLabel (size_t n) const

Return global label of side of local label i.

• Node * getPtrNode (size_t i) const

Return pointer to node of label i (Local labelling).

Node * operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ().

• Side * getPtrSide (size_t i) const

Return pointer to side of label i (Local labelling).

• int Contains (const Node *nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

• int Contains (const Node &nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

• int Contains (const Side *sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

• int Contains (const Side &sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

Element * getNeighborElement (size_t i) const

Return pointer to element Neighboring element.

• size_t getNbNeigElements () const

Return number of neigboring elements.

real_t getMeasure () const

Return measure of element.

• Point< real_t > getUnitNormal (size_t i) const

Return outward unit normal to i-th side of element.

• bool isOnBoundary () const

Say if current element is a boundary element or not.

• Node * operator() (size_t i)

Operator ().

• int setSide (size_t n, size_t *nd)

Initialize information on element sides.

• bool isActive () const

Return true or false whether element is active or not.

• int getLevel () const

Return element level *Element* level decreases when element is refined (starting from 0). If the level is 0, then the element has no father.

void setChild (Element *el)

Assign element as child of current one and assign current element as father This function is principally used when refining is invoked (e.g. for mesh adaption)

• Element * getChild (size_t i) const

Return pointer to i-th child element Return null pointer is no childs.

size_t getNbChilds () const

Return number of children of element.

• Element * getParent () const

Return pointer to parent element Return null if no parent.

• size_t IsIn (const Node *nd)

Check if a given node belongs to current element.

7.24.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

Class Element enables defining an element of a finite element mesh. The element is given in particular by its shape and a list of nodes. Each node can be accessed by the member function getPtrNode. Moreover, class Mesh can generate for each element its list of sides. The string that defines the element shape must be chosen according to the following list:

Remarks

Once a Mesh instance is constructed, one has access for each Element of the mesh to pointers to element sides provided the member function getAllSides of Mesh has been invoked. With this, an element can be tested to see if it is on the boundary, i.e. if it has at least one side on the boundary

7.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Element (size_t label, const string & shape)

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to element.
in	shape	Shape of element (See class description).

Element (size_t label, int shape)

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to element.
in	shape	Shape of element (See enum ElementShape in Mesh)

Element (size_t label, const string & shape, int c)

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to element.
in	shape	Shape of element (See class description).
in	С	Code to assign to element (useful for media properties).

Element (size_t label, int shape, int c)

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

in	label	Label to assign to element.
in	shape	Shape of element (See enum ElementShape in Mesh).
in	С	Code to assign to element (useful for media properties).

7.24.3 Member Function Documentation

void setLabel ($size_t i$)

Define label of element.

Parameters

in	i	Label to assign to element
----	---	----------------------------

void setCode (int c)

Define code of element.

Parameters

in	С	Code to assign to element.
----	---	----------------------------

void setCode (const string & exp, int code)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of element nodes.

Parameters

in	ехр	Boolean algebraic expression as required by fparser
in	code	Code to assign to node if the algebraic expression is true

void Add (Node * node)

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of element.

Parameters

in	node	Pointer to Node instance.

void Add (Node * node, int n)

Insert a node and set its local node number.

	node	[in] Pointer to Node instance
in	n	Element node number to assign

void Replace (size_t label, Node * node)

Replace a node at a given local label.

Parameters

in	label	Node to replace.
in	node	Pointer to Node instance to copy to current instance.

void Replace (size_t label, Side * side)

Replace a side at a given local label.

Parameters

in	label	Side to replace.
in	side	Pointer to Side instance to copy to current instance.

void Add (Side * sd)

Assign Side to Element.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance.

void Add (Side *sd, int k)

Assign Side to Element with assigned local label.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance.
in	k	Local label.

void Add (Element *el)

Add a neighbor element.

	in	el	Pointer to Element instance
--	----	----	-----------------------------

void set (Element *el, int n)

Add a neighbor element and set its label.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
in	n	Neighbor element number to assign

void setDOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

Parameters

in	i	Index of DOF.
in	dof	Label of DOF to assign.

void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Assign code to a DOF.

Parameters

in	dof	Index of dof for assignment.
in	code	Code to assign.

Node* operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

int Contains (const Node * nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

This function tests if the element contains a node with the same pointer at the sought one

in	nd	Pointer to Node instance
----	----	--------------------------

Returns

Local node label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this node

int Contains (const Node & nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

This function tests if the element contains a node with the same label at the sought one

Parameters

in	nd	Reference to Node instance
----	----	----------------------------

Returns

Local node label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this node

int Contains (const Side * sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

This function tests if the element contains a side with the same pointer at the sought one

Parameters

in sd	Pointer to Side instance
-------	--------------------------

Returns

Local side label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this side

int Contains (const Side & sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

This function tests if the element contains a side with the same label at the sought one

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance

Returns

Local side label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this side

Element* getNeighborElement (size_t i) const

Return pointer to element Neighboring element.

in	i	Index of element to look for.

Note

This method returns valid information only if the Mesh member function Mesh::getElement ← NeighborElements() has been called before.

size_t getNbNeigElements () const

Return number of neigboring elements.

Note

This method returns valid information only if the Mesh member function Mesh::getElement ← NeighborElements() has been called before.

real_t getMeasure () const

Return measure of element.

This member function returns length, area or volume of element. In case of quadrilaterals and hexahedrals it returns determinant of Jacobian of mapping between reference and actual element

Point<real_t> getUnitNormal (size_t i) const

Return outward unit normal to i-th side of element. Sides are ordered [node_1,node_2], [node_2,node_3], ...

bool isOnBoundary () const

Say if current element is a boundary element or not.

Note

this information is available only if boundary elements were determined i.e. if member function Mesh::getBoundarySides or Mesh::getAllSides has been invoked before.

Node* operator() (size_t i)

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

int setSide (size_t n, size_t * nd)

Initialize information on element sides.

This function is to be used to initialize loops over sides.

in	n	Label of side.
in	nd	Array of pointers to nodes of the side (nd[0], nd[1], point to first, second nodes,

void setChild (Element * el)

Assign element as child of current one and assign current element as father This function is principally used when refining is invoked (e.g. for mesh adaption)

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element to assign
----	----	------------------------------

size_t IsIn (const Node * nd)

Check if a given node belongs to current element.

Parameters

in	nd	Pointer to node to locate
----	----	---------------------------

Returns

local label of node if this one is found, 0 otherwise

7.25 ElementList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

Public Member Functions

• ElementList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ∼ElementList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code)

Select elements having a given code.

• void unselectCode (int code)

Unselect elements having a given code.

• void selectLevel (int level)

Select elements having a given level.

size_t getNbElements () const

Return number of selected elements.

• void top ()

Reset list of elements at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of elements at its top position (Constant version)

• Element * get ()

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Element * get () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Constant version)

7.25.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

7.25.2 Member Function Documentation

void unselectCode (int code)

Unselect elements having a given code.

Parameters

in code	Code of elements to exclude
---------	-----------------------------

void selectLevel (int level)

Select elements having a given level.

Parameters

	in	level	Level of elements to select
--	----	-------	-----------------------------

Elements having a given level (for mesh adaption) are selected in a list

7.26 Ellipse Class Reference

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure. Inheritance diagram for Ellipse:



Public Member Functions

• Ellipse ()

Default constructor.

• Ellipse (Point< real_t > c, real_t a, real_t b, int code=1)

Constructor with given data.

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current ellipse.

• Ellipse & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=

• Ellipse & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

- $\bullet \ \ void \ getSignedDistance \ (const \ Grid \ \&g, \ Vect < real_t > \&d) \ const$
 - Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.
- real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.26.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

7.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Ellipse ()

Default constructor.

Constructs an ellipse with semimajor axis = 1, and semiminor axis = 1

Ellipse (Point< real_t > c, real_t a, real_t b, int code = 1)

Constructor with given data.

Parameters

in	С	Coordinates of center
in	а	Semimajor axis
in	b	Semiminor axis
in	code	Code to assign to the generated figure [Default: 1]

7.26.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current ellipse.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the ellipse, positive if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

Parameters

in	p	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

Ellipse& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=

Translate ellipse by a vector a

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Ellipse& operator+= $(real_t a)$

Operator *=

Scale ellipse by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

ir	8	Grid instance
ir	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	р	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

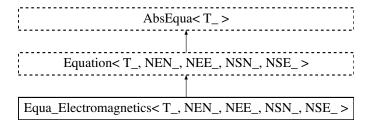
Returns

Signed distance

7.27 Equa_Electromagnetics< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa_Electromagnetics < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >:



Public Member Functions

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &bc)

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_-> &b, LocalVect< T_-, NEN_-> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T₋ > &b, LocalVect< T₋, NEN₋ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T_> *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T₋ > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< T₋ > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T_− > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T₋>*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T₋ > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< T $_->*A$, Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T_, NSE_, NSE_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

void MagneticPermeability (const real_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

• void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

void ElectricConductivity (const real_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

• void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

• void ElectricResistivity (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) electric resistivity.

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.27.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_, size_t NEN_, size_t NEE_, size_t NSN_, size_t NSE_> class OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

Template Parameters

<t_></t_>	data type (double, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee←< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee←<>	Number of element equations
_>	

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS
 < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE
 REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Template Parameters

<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE</i> _>	Number of side equations

7.27.2 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< $T_-> \&\ bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS
 < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION
 REFERENCE

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEE_- > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-> \& be$, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$, NEN $_->$ & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in		b	Global vector to be localized.
ou	.t	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS
 < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE
 REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NSE_-> & be) [inherited] Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< $T_- > \& b$, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< T $_-> & b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{t}^{t}$

Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

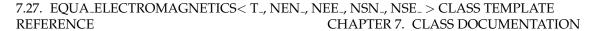
A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.





A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS
 < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION
 REFERENCE

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

ir	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< $T_- > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($Matrix < T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS
 < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION
 REFERENCE

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< T $_-> \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void DGElementAssembly ($Matrix < T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > \&A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_->$ & x, Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

7.27. EQUA_ELECTROMAGNETICS
 < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION
 REFERENCE

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < $T_- > *$ A, Vect < $T_- > & b$, Vect < $T_- > & x$) [inherited] Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.27.3 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect {<} T_, NEE_{>} ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

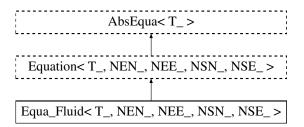
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.28 Equa_Fluid< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >:



Public Member Functions

• Equa_Fluid ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa_Fluid ()

Destructor.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T_> &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEN_> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T₋ > &b, LocalVect< T₋, NEN₋ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_-, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T_> &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T₋ > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T_ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T₋ > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < T₋ > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T_> *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < T_ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋>&A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T_> &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < T_ > *A, Vect < T_ > &b, Vect < T_ > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T_, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Viscosity (const real_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

• void ThermalExpansion (const real_t *e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

• void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.28.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_- = real_t, size_t NEN_ = 3, size_t NEE_ = 3, size_t NSN_ = 2, size_t NSE_ = 2> class OFELI::Equa_Fluid< T_- , NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

Template Parameters

<t_></t_>	data type (double, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE_></i>	Number of side equations

7.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa_Fluid ()

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

7.28.3 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

ir	el	Reference to current element instance
ir	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< $T_-> \&\ bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect< T_-> \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \&\ b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEE_ $> \&\ be$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-> \& be$, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	ocal vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-> \& be$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$, NSE $_->$ & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< $T_- > \& b$, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector.

	7		
in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		 NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default] 	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< T $_-> & b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

7.28. EQUA_FLUID< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ XCHIAAPSEREMIZILAISS INCREDIBINISTATION

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< T $_->$ & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

7.28. EQUA_FLUID< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ & CHIAAPSETEM PILAXES INCREDION

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< $T_{\text{-}} > \&\,A$) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< $T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< $T_- > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void DGElementAssembly ($Matrix < T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

7.28. EQUA_FLUID< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ & CHIARPSETEM PILATES INDICENTATION

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_->$ & x, Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited] Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < $T_->*A$, Vect< $T_->&b$, Vect< $T_->&x$) [inherited] Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.28.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect {<} T_, NEE_{>} ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

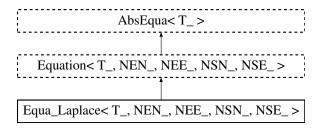
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.29 Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

Inheritance diagram for Equa_Laplace < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >:



Public Member Functions

• Equa_Laplace ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa_Laplace ()

Destructor.

• virtual void build ()

Solve the equation.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T₋ > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize *Element Vector from a Vect instance*.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEN_> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T₋ > &b, LocalVect< T₋, NEN₋ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 $\bullet \ \ void \ \underline{ElementVector} \ (const \ \underline{Vect} < T_{-} > \&b, int \ dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int \ flag=0) \\$

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T_> &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T₋ > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋>&A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T₋ > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T_> &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < T₋ > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < T_ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T₋>*A)

 $Assemble\ element\ matrix\ into\ global\ one\ for\ the\ Discontinuous\ Galerkin\ approximation.$

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T_> &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < T₋ > *A, Vect < T₋ > &b, Vect < T₋ > &x)
 Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < T_, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< T_, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.29.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_, size_t NEN_, size_t NEE_, size_t NSN_, size_t NSE_> class OFELI::Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

Template Arguments:

- T₋: data type (double, float, ...)
- NEN_: Number of element nodes
- **NEE**_: Number of element equations
- NSN_: Number of side nodes
- NSE_: Number of side equations

7.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa_Laplace ()

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

7.29.3 Member Function Documentation

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

Г	in	0	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
	TII	е	Reference to used Eigeni Toblemsorver instance

void updateBC (const Element & el_r const Vect< T $_->$ & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< $T_-> \& bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

OFELI's Reference Guide

Remarks

The current element is pointed by $_\texttt{theElement}$

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEE $_-> \& be$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-> \& be$, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T_- > & b, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-$ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

$void \ Element Side Vector \ (\ const \ Vect < T_-> \& \ b, \ Local Vect < T_-, \ NSE_-> \& \ be \) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< T_- > & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
	, ,	1
	, 0	• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		*

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_$ theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

7.29. EQUA_LAPLACE< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSEHAPTIASSTEMASSAIDEREHMANIATION

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A | Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

OFELI's Reference Guide

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable ${\tt theElement}$

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > \&A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

7.29. EQUA_LAPLACE< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSEHAPTIANST.TEMASSAIDEDREIMIRINIATEION

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< $T_- > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Poi

Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< T $_->$ & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

7.29. EQUA_LAPLACE< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSEHAPTIANST.TEMASSAIDEDREIMIRNIATEION

Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void DGElementAssembly ($Matrix < T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

CHAIZPERQUALASP DOCRAMENTANIONEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	Δ	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
ın	A	Global matrix stored as an Iriviatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_->$ & x, Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]
Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

7.29. EQUA_LAPLACE< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSEHAPTIANST.TEMASSADE/REHMRINIATEION

Parameters

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< $T_->*A$, Vect< $T_->\&b$, Vect< $T_->\&x$) [inherited] Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.29.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<T_,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

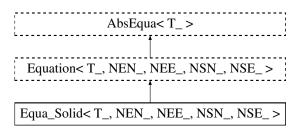
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.30 Equa_Solid< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa_Solid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >:



Public Member Functions

• Equa_Solid ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa_Solid ()

Destructor.

virtual void LMassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void LMassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

• void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Mass (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void LMass (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Deviator (real_t coef=1)

Add deviator matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

virtual void Dilatation (real_t coef=1)

Add dilatation matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DilatationToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add dilatation vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DeviatorToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add deviator vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Stiffness (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

• void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize *Element Vector from a Vect instance*.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEN_> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEN_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T_> &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T₋ > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T_− > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix< T₋ > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T₋ > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T_> *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T_> &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< T_> *A, Vect< T_> &b, Vect< T_> &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T_, NSE_, NSE_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRes

Local Vect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Young (const real_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Poisson (const real_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

void Density (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.30.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_, size_t NEN_, size_t NEE_, size_t NSN_, size_t NSE_> class OFELI::Equa_Solid< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

Template Parameters

<t_></t_>	data type (double, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE_></i>	Number of side equations

7.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa_Solid ()

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

7.30.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual void LMassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped mass contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Elas2DQ4, Beam3DL2, Elas3DH8, Elas3DT4, and Bar2DL2.

7.30. EQUA_SOLID< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ XCHIARSEREMEILARS REPERIMENTATION

virtual void LMassToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Elas2DQ4, Beam3DL2, Elas3DH8, Elas3DT4, and Bar2DL2.

virtual void MassToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Beam3DL2, and Bar2DL2.

virtual void MassToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Beam3DL2, and Bar2DL2.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

${f void} \ {f updateBC} \ (\ {f const} \ {f Vect} {< T_-} {> \&} \ {\it bc} \) \ \ [{f inherited}]$

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEE_- > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

ir	1	b	Global vector to be localized.
οι	ıt	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-> \& be$, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T_- > & b, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-$ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

$void \ Element Side Vector \ (\ const \ Vect < T_-> \& \ b, \ Local Vect < T_-, \ NSE_-> \& \ be \) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< $T_- > \& b$, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides

Parameters

in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< $T_-> & b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer _theElement

7.30. EQUA_SOLID < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CHIARSETEM RILATES INDEPENDENTATION

 ${\bf void} \,\, {\bf Element Assembly} \,\, (\,\, {\bf Matrix} \! < {\bf T}_{-} \! > \! * \, A \,\,) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

Global matrix stored as a **BMatrix** instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

7.30. EQUA_SOLID< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE., XCHARSEREMELARS REPERIMENTATION

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< T $_->$ & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

CHAPTEROT. RQIAASSOODDEMIENTENIQNEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)	
--	----	---	-------------------------------	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

7.30. EQUA_SOLID< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ XCHIARSEREMEILARS REPERIMENTATION

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

i	n	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
---	---	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

ir	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< T $_-> & v$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{void DGElementAssembly (Matrix} < T_- > *A \end{tabular}) & [inherited] \\ \end{tabular}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > \&A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

7.30. EQUA_SOLID< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ & CHIARSSEREM RILAISS INCOMERIEM RETAITION

Parameters

in A Global matrix stored as an	TrMatrix instance
---------------------------------	-------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_->$ & x, Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< $T_->$ & x, Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < $T_->*A$, Vect < $T_->&b$, Vect < $T_->&x$) [inherited] Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.30.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect < T_, NEE_> ePrev \quad [\texttt{inherited}]$

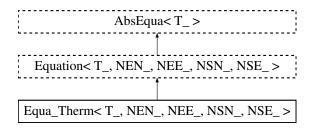
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.31 Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>:



Public Member Functions

• Equa_Therm ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa_Therm ()

Destructor.

• virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• virtual void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.
 virtual void CapacityToLHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

• void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Diffusion (real_t coef=1.)

Add diffusion term to left-hand side.

• virtual void DiffusionToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add diffusion term to right-hand side.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Convection (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to left-hand side.

• virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

• void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

OFELI's Reference Guide

```
    virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)
```

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T₋ > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEE_> &be)

Localize *Element Vector from a Vect instance*.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEN_> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T₋> &b, LocalVect< T₋, NEN₋> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T_> &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T_> *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T_> &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix < T_> *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T₂ > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T₋>*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T_− > &x, Vect< T_− > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T₋ > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < T₋ > *A, Vect < T₋ > &b, Vect < T₋ > &x)
 Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T_, NSE_, NSE_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T_, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.31.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_, size_t NEN_, size_t NEE_, size_t NSN_, size_t NSE_> class OFELI::Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

OFELI's Reference Guide

Template Parameters

<t_></t_>	data type (real_t, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE</i> _>	Number of side equations

7.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa_Therm ()

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

7.31.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual void setStab () [virtual]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

virtual void LCapacityToLHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

virtual void LCapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

virtual void CapacityToLHS (real.t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

7.31. EQUA_THERM< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE_CHAPASSIZEMPLASSHIRDFFRHENDIATION

Parameters

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

virtual void CapacityToRHS (real_t coef = 1) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect < real_t > & bf, int $opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY$) [virtual] Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC2DT6, DC1DL2, and DC3DAT3.

virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > & sf, int opt = GLOBAL_ARRAY) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC2DT6, DC1DL2, and DC3DAT3.

void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix

option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

void build (TimeStepping & s)

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

Parameters

i	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance	
---	---	---	--

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

int runTransient()

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

int run ()

Run the equation.

7.31. EQUA_THERM< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_CHAPASSKIZEMIPLASSHIZEMENUFATION

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< T $_->$ & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< $T_-> & b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEE_- > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN $_-> \& be$, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NEN_-> & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< $T_-> \& b$, LocalVect< T_- , NSE_-> & be) [inherited] Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< $T_- > \& b$, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		 NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default] 	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

OFELI's Reference Guide

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{coint}<_{coint}<_{coint}$

Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

7.31. EQUA_THERM< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_CHZIPASSRIZEMIZIASSELXXXETIRENCIFATION

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < T_- > \&A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

CHAPTER 7EQUIASEHEROLEMIENTENIQNEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< $T_- > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

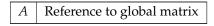
Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect} {<\ T_{-}} > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

7.31. EQUA_THERM< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_CHAPASSKIZEMIPLASSELECTEMENTED TO N

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

CHAPTER 7EQUIASEHEROLEMIENTENIQNEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< T $_->$ & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

v Global vector (Vect instance)	in v
---------------------------------	------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void DGElementAssembly ($Matrix < T_- > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix{<}$ T_{-} > \& A) [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < T_- > \&A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

7.31. EQUA_THERM< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_CHAPASSRIZEMPLASSHIZEFERMENDIATION

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix{<\ T_-}>\&\ A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > & x$, Vect< $T_- > & b$) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver

Parameters

in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		 IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default]) 	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	
			1

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < $T_- > *A$, Vect < $T_- > \&$ b, Vect < $T_- > \&$ x) [inherited] Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.31.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<T_,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.32 Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for all equation classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equation < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >:



Public Member Functions

- Equation ()
- Equation (Mesh &mesh)

Constructor with mesh instance.

• Equation (Mesh &mesh, Vect< T_> &b, real_t &t, real_t &ts)

Constructor with mesh instance, matrix and right-hand side.

• Equation (const Element *el)

Constructor using Element data.

Equation (const Side *sd)

Constructor using Side data.

• Equation (const Element *el, const Vect< T_> &u, real_t time=0)

Constructor using element data, solution at previous time step and time value.

• Equation (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &u, real_t time=0)

Constructor using side data, solution at previous time step and time value.

• virtual ~Equation ()

Destructor.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T₋ > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T₋ > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NEE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T₋ > &b, LocalVect< T₋, NEN₋ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b, LocalVect< T₋, NEN₋ > &be, int dof)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_> &b, LocalVect< T_, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T_> &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< T₋ > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T_> *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< T₋>&A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T_− > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < T_> *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T₋> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix< T_> *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< T₋ > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T_> &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

- void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)
 - Choose solver for the linear system.
- int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < T₋ > *A, Vect < T₋ > &b, Vect < T₋ > &x)
 Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

- LocalMatrix< T_, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat
 - LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.
- LocalMatrix< T_, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat
 - LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.
- LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > ePrev
 - LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.
- LocalVect< T_, NEE_ > eRHS
 - LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.
- LocalVect< T_, NEE_> eRes
 - LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.
- LocalVect< T_, NSE_> sRHS
 - LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

- void Init (const Element *el)
 - Set element arrays to zero.
- void Init (const Side *sd)
 - Set side arrays to zero.

7.32.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_, size_t NEN_, size_t NEE_, size_t NSN_, size_t NSE_> class OFELI::Equation< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>

Abstract class for all equation classes.

Template Arguments:

- T_: data type (real_t, float, ...)
- NEN_: Number of element nodes
- **NEE**_: Number of element equations
- NSN_: Number of side nodes
- NSN_: Number of side equations

7.32.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equation ()

Default constructor. Constructs an "empty" equation

Equation (Mesh & mesh)

Constructor with mesh instance.

7.32. EQUATION $< T_-$, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLEASE THE MP LOAD ASSET ENAMENTATION

Parameters

in <i>mesh</i> Mesh in

Equation (Mesh & mesh, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, real_t & t, real_t & ts)

Constructor with mesh instance, matrix and right-hand side.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	b	Vect instance containing Right-hand side.
in	t	Time value
in	ts	Time step

Equation (const Element *el)

Constructor using Element data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
----	----	--------------------

Equation (const Element * el, const Vect< $T_- > & u$, real_t time = 0)

Constructor using element data, solution at previous time step and time value.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Time value (Default value is 0)

Equation (const Side * sd, const Vect< $T_- > & u$, real_t time = 0)

Constructor using side data, solution at previous time step and time value.

in	sd	Pointer to side
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Time value (Default value is 0)

7.32.3 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< T $_->$ & bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int $dof_type = NODE_DOF$, int dof = 0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T_- > & b, LocalVect< T_- , NEE_- > & be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$, NEN $_->$ & be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$, NEN $_->$ & be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T_- > & b, LocalVect< T_- , NSE_- > & be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$, int flag = 0)

Localize **Element** Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with $\underline{\text{Side}}$ was invoked. It uses the $\underline{\text{Side}}$ pointer $\underline{\text{-theSide}}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{t}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

7.32. EQUATION < T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE. > CLEASBTILL MPLATASSHDEKENMENTATION

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < T_- > & A$)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

7.32. EQUATION $< T_{-}$, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ > CLEASE THE APPLICATION EXECUTED THE NATION

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (Matrix $< T_- > *A$)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void ElementAssembly (Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)	
--	----	---	-------------------------------	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< T $_->$ & x, Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< T $_->$ & x, Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< $T_->*A$, Vect< $T_->\&b$, Vect< $T_->\&x$) [inherited] Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

7.32.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect < T_{-}, NEE_{-} > ePrev$

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.33 Estimator Class Reference

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

Public Member Functions

• Estimator ()

Default Constructor.

• Estimator (Mesh &m)

Constructor using finite element mesh.

• ~Estimator ()

Destructor.

• void setError (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Calculate error using Vect solution vector u.

• real_t getAverage () const

Return averaged error.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return a reference to the finite element mesh.

Public Attributes

• Vect< real_t > Err

Elementwise vector error.

7.33.1 Detailed Description

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

This class enables calculating an estimator of a solution in order to evaluate reliability. Estimation uses the so-called Zienkiewicz-Zhu estimator.

7.34 FastMarching2D Class Reference

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

Public Member Functions

• FastMarching2D ()

Default constructor.

FastMarching2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &ls)

Constructor using grid and level set function.

• FastMarching2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &ls, Vect< real_t > &F)

Constructor using grid, level set function and velocity to extend.

• ~FastMarching2D ()

Destructor.

• void execute ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

• void Check ()

Check distance function.

7.34.1 Detailed Description

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

This class enables running a Fast Marching procedure to calculate the signed distance function and extend a given front speed.

7.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FastMarching2D (const Grid & g, Vect < real_t > & ls)

Constructor using grid and level set function.

Parameters

in	8	Instance of class Grid
in	ls	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.

FastMarching2D (const Grid & g, Vect < real_t > & ls, Vect < real_t > & F)

Constructor using grid, level set function and velocity to extend.

in	g	Instance of class Grid

in	ls	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided their sign is right.	
in	F	Vector containing the front speed at grid nodes. Only values on nodes surrounding the interface are relevant.	

7.34.3 Member Function Documentation

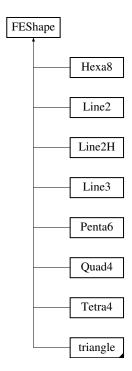
void execute ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

Once this function was called, the vector 1s used in the constructor will contain the signed distance function and F will contain the extended speed.

7.35 FEShape Class Reference

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes. Inheritance diagram for FEShape:



Public Member Functions

- FEShape ()
 - Default Constructor.
- FEShape (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• FEShape (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a side.

• virtual ~FEShape ()

Destructor.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, Point< real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

• real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.35.1 Detailed Description

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

7.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FEShape (const Element * el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

i	n	el	Pointer to element

FEShape (const Side * sd)

Constructor for a side.

Parameters

in sd	Pointer to side
-------	-----------------

7.35.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point< real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

in	i	Local node label	

in s Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated
--

Point<real $_t>$ DSh (size $_ti$) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Parameters

	in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
--	----	---	--------------------------------------

real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t> & s) const

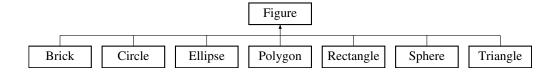
Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.36 Figure Class Reference

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

Inheritance diagram for Figure:



Public Member Functions

• Figure ()

Default constructor.

• Figure (const Figure &f)

Copy constructor.

• virtual ∼Figure ()

Destructor.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

virtual real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance from a given point to current figure.

• Figure & operator= (const Figure &f)

Operator =.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.36.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

This class is essentially useful to construct data for mesh generators and for distance calculations.

7.36.2 Member Function Documentation

virtual real_t getSignedDistance (const Point < real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance from a given point to current figure.

Parameters

in	p	Point instance from which distance is computed
----	---	--

Reimplemented in Polygon, Triangle, Ellipse, Sphere, Circle, Brick, and Rectangle.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in g Grid instance in d Vect instance containing calculated distant		Grid instance
		Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const

Compute signed distance from a line.

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

Returns

Signed distance

7.37 FMM2D Class Reference

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm Inherits FMM.

Public Member Functions

- FMM2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > *phi, bool HA)
- void InitHeap (Heap &NarrowPt)
- void solve ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

- void Evaluate (IPoint &pt, int sign)
 - compute the distance from node to interface
- void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real_t > &F)

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

• real_t check_error ()

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm.

7.37.1 Detailed Description

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm

This class manages the 2-D Fast Marching method

7.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FMM2D (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > * phi, bool HA)

Constructor.

in	g	Instance of class Grid	
in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.	
in	HA	true if the program must be executed with high accuracy, false otherwise	

7.37.3 Member Function Documentation

void InitHeap (Heap & NarrowPt)

Initialize the heap

Parameters

in,out	NarrowPt	Heap containing Narrow points
--------	----------	-------------------------------

void Evaluate (IPoint & pt, int sign)

compute the distance from node to interface

Parameters

in	pt	node to treat
in	sign	Node sign

Returns

distance from node pt to interface

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real_t > & F)

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

Parameters

in,out	F	Vector containing the speed at interface nodes on input and extended speed to
		all grid nodes

real_t check_error()

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm.

This function returns discrete L² and Max. errors

7.38 FMM3D Class Reference

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm Inherits FMM.

Public Member Functions

• FMM3D (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > *phi, bool HA)

Constructor.

• void InitHeap (Heap &NarrowPt)

Initialize heap.

• void solve ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

• void Evaluate (IPoint &pt, int sign)

Compute the distance from node to interface.

• void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real_t > &F)

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

• real_t check_error ()

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm.

7.38.1 Detailed Description

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm
This class manages the 3-D Fast Marching Method

7.38.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FMM3D (const Grid & g, Vect < real_t > * phi, bool HA)

Constructor.

Parameters

in	8	Instance of class Grid	
in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.	
in	HA	true if the program must be executed with high accuracy, false otherwise	

7.38.3 Member Function Documentation

void InitHeap (Heap & NarrowPt)

Initialize heap.

Parameters

NarrowPt

void Evaluate (IPoint & pt, int sign)

Compute the distance from node to interface.

in	pt	node to treat
in	sign	the node's sign

Returns

distance from node pt to interface

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real_t > & F)

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

Parameters

in,out	F	Vector containing the speed at interface nodes on input and extended speed at
		whole grid nodes

real_t check_error ()

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm.

This function prints discrete L^2 and Max. errors

7.39 FMMSolver Class Reference

The Fast Marching Method solver.

Public Member Functions

• FMMSolver (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &phi, bool ha=false)

Constructor.

• ∼FMMSolver ()

Destructor.

• void solve ()

Execute the fast marching program.

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real_t > &F)

Extend speed by Sethian's method.

• real_t check_error ()

Return the consistency error of the method.

7.39.1 Detailed Description

The Fast Marching Method solver.

This class enables computing the signed distance function with respect to an interface. It works in 2-D and 3-D on a structured grid. The class is an interface for client. It points to FMM

7.39.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FMMSolver (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & phi, bool ha = false)

Constructor.

in	8	Instance of class Grid defining the grid on which the distance is computed.
----	---	---

in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The vector entries are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface. These values identify by linear interpolation the interface position. The vector entries can take any value on other grid nodes, provided they have the right sign.
in	ha	true if high accuracy FMM is active. The high accuracy version is more accurate but requires more accurate values on the nodes neighbouring the interface.

7.39.3 Member Function Documentation

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real_t > & F)

Extend speed by Sethian's method.

The method consists in calculating a speed F such that its gradient is orthogonal to the gradient of the level set function

Parameters

in,out	F	Speed function where on input the value of the function is meaningful on the
		interface. On output F contains the extended speed

real_t check_error()

Return the consistency error of the method.

Consistency is measured by computing the discrete value of the norm of the gradient of the signed distance and subtracting the obtained norm from 1. The absolute value of the result is returned.

7.40 Funct Class Reference

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

Public Member Functions

• Funct ()

Default constructor.

• Funct (string v)

Constructor for a function of one variable.

• Funct (string v1, string v2)

Constructor for a function of two variables.

• Funct (string v1, string v2, string v3)

Constructor for a function of three variables.

• Funct (string v1, string v2, string v3, string v4)

Constructor for a function of four variables.

• ~Funct ()

Destructor.

• real_t operator() (real_t x) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with one variable x

• real_t operator() (real_t x, real_t y) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with two variables x, y

• real_t operator() (real_t x, real_t y, real_t z) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with three variables x, y, z

• real_t operator() (real_t x, real_t y, real_t z, real_t t) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with four variables x, y, z

• void operator= (string e)

Operator = .

7.40.1 Detailed Description

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

Functions must have 1, 2, 3 or at most 4 variables.

Warning

Data in the file must be listed in the following order:

```
for x=x_0,...,x_I

for y=y_0,...,y_J

for z=z_0,...,z_K

read v(x,y,z)
```

7.40.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Funct (string v)

Constructor for a function of one variable.

Parameters

in	v	Name of the variable

Funct (string v1, string v2)

Constructor for a function of two variables.

Parameters

in	v1	Name of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Name of the second variable

Funct (string v1, string v2, string v3)

Constructor for a function of three variables.

in	v1	Name of the first variable
----	----	----------------------------

in	<i>v</i> 2	Name of the second variable
in	v3	Name of the third variable

Funct (string v1, string v2, string v3, string v4)

Constructor for a function of four variables.

Parameters

in	v1	Name of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Name of the second variable
in	<i>v</i> 3	Name of the third variable
in	v4	Name of the fourth variable

7.40.3 Member Function Documentation

void operator= (string e)

Operator =.

Define the function by an algebraic expression following regexp rules

Parameters

	in	е	Algebraic expression defining the function.
--	----	---	---

7.41 Gauss Class Reference

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

Public Member Functions

• Gauss ()

Default constructor.

• Gauss (size_t np)

Constructor using number of Gauss points.

• void setTriangle (LocalVect< real_t, 7 > &w, LocalVect< Point< real_t >, 7 > &x)

Choose integration on triangle (7-point formula)

• real_t x (size_t i) const

Return coordinate of i-th Gauss-Legendre point.

• const Point < real_t > & xt (size_t i) const

Return coordinates of points in the reference triangle.

• real_t w (size_t i) const

Return weight of i-th Gauss-Legendre point.

7.41.1 Detailed Description

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

7.41.2 Member Function Documentation

void setTriangle (LocalVect< real_t, 7 > & w, LocalVect< Point< real_t >, 7 > & x)

Choose integration on triangle (7-point formula)

If this is not selected, Gauss integration formula on [-1,1] is calculated.

7.42 Grid Class Reference

To manipulate structured grids.

Public Member Functions

• Grid ()

Construct a default grid with 10 intervals in each direction.

• Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, size_t npx)

Construct a 1-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, real_t ym, real_t yM, size_t npx, size_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (Point< real_t > m, Point< real_t > M, size_t npx, size_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (real_t xm, real_t xM, real_t ym, real_t yM, real_t zm, real_t zM, size_t npx, size_t npx, size_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (Point < real_t > m, Point < real_t > M, size_t npx, size_t npy, size_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

void setXMin (const Point< real_t > &x)

Set min. coordinates of the domain.

- void setXMax (const Point < real_t > &x)
- void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 1-D case.

void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 2-D case.

• void setDomain (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax, real_t zmin, real_t zmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

void setDomain (Point< real_t > xmin, Point< real_t > xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

• const Point< real_t > & getXMin () const

Return min. Coordinates of the domain.

const Point< real_t > & getXMax () const

Return max. Coordinates of the domain.

• void setN (size_t nx, size_t ny=0, size_t nz=0)

Set number of grid intervals in the x, y and z-directions.

• size_t getNx () const

Return number of grid intervals in the x-direction.

• size_t getNy () const

Return number of grid intervals in the y-direction.

• size_t getNz () const

Return number of grid intervals in the z-direction.

real_t getHx () const

Return grid size in the x-direction.

• real_t getHy () const

Return grid size in the y-direction.

real_t getHz () const

Return grid size in the z-direction.

Point< real_t > getCoord (size_t i) const

Return coordinates a point with label i in a 1-D grid.

Point < real_t > getCoord (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j) in a 2-D grid.

Point< real_t > getCoord (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i,j,k) in a 3-D grid.

• real_t getX (size_t i) const

Return x-coordinate of point with index i

• real_t getY (size_t j) const

Return y-coordinate of point with index j

real_t getZ (size_t k) const

Return z-coordinate of point with index k

Point2D < real_t > getXY (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j)

Point< real_t > getXYZ (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j, k)

• real_t getCenter (size_t i) const

Return coordinates of center of a 1-D cell with indices i, i+1

Point < real_t > getCenter (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return coordinates of center of a 2-D cell with indices (i, j), (i+1, j), (i+1, j+1), (i, j+1)

• Point< real_t > getCenter (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return coordinates of center of a 3-D cell with indices (i,j,k), (i+1,j,k), (i+1,j+1,k), (i,j+1,k), (i,j,k+1), (i+1,j,k+1), (i+1,j+1,k+1), (i,j+1,k+1)

• void setCode (string exp, int code)

Set a code for some grid points.

• void setCode (int side, int code)

Set a code for grid points on sides.

• int getCode (int side) const

 $Return\ code\ for\ a\ side\ number.$

int getCode (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return code for a grid point.

int getCode (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Return code for a grid point.

size_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

• void Deactivate (size_t i)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (1-D grid)

void Deactivate (size_t i, size_t j)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

• void Deactivate (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size_t i) const

Say if cell is active or not (1-D grid)

• int isActive (size_t i, size_t j) const

Say if cell is active or not (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

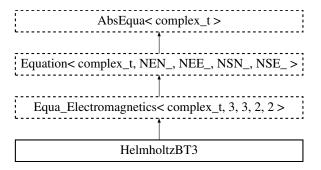
Say if cell is active or not (3-D grid)

7.42.1 Detailed Description

To manipulate structured grids.

7.43 HelmholtzBT3 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles. Inheritance diagram for HelmholtzBT3:



Public Member Functions

• HelmholtzBT3 ()

Default Constructor.

• HelmholtzBT3 (Element *el)

Constructor using element data.

HelmholtzBT3 (Side *sd)

Constructor using side data.

• ~HelmholtzBT3 ()

Destructor.

void LHS (real_t wave_nb)

Add element Left-Hand Side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < complex_t > &ud)

Add element Right-Hand Side using a UserData instance.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< complex_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< complex_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< complex_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, LocalVect< complex_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< complex_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect < complex_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < complex_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< complex_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex_t > &A)

 $Assemble\ element\ matrix\ into\ global\ one.$

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< complex_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< complex_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix < complex_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< complex₋t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < complex_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< complex_t > &x, Vect< complex_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< complex_t > &x, Vect< complex_t > &b)
 Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< complex_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < complex_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < complex_t > *A, Vect < complex_t > &b, Vect < complex_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< complex_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< complex_t, NSE_, NSE_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NEE_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex_t, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

void MagneticPermeability (const real_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

void ElectricConductivity (const real_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

• void ElectricResistivity (const real_t &rho)

Set (constant) electric resistivity.

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.43.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles. Problem being formulated in time harmonics, the solution is complex valued.

7.43.2 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< complex t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< complex $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < complex.t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

$\begin{tabular}{ll} void ElementNodeVector (const Vect < complex_t > \& b, LocalVect < complex_t , NEE_ > \& be \end{tabular} \label{eq:localVect} be inherited \end{tabular}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{localVect} woid \ ElementNodeVector (\ const \ Vect < complex_t > \&\ b,\ LocalVect < complex_t \ , \ NEN_- > \&\ be,\ int\ dof\) \ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b Global vector to be localized.		
out	out be Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equation		
in	dof	dof Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< complex_t > & b, LocalVect< complex_t , NEN_> & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< complex_t > & b, LocalVect< complex_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< complex_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < complex_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < complex_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($PETScMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf PETScVect} {<} \; {\bf complex_t} > \& \; b \; \;) \quad {\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< complex_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	1
----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< complex_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	l
----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < complex_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

d		
	\boldsymbol{A}	Reference to global matrix

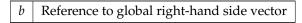
Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< complex_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix{<} \ complex_t > *A \) \quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \& A \) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < complex_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< complex $_{ ext{-}}t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ complex_t>*A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < complex_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< complex_t > & x, Vect< complex_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< complex_t > & x, Vect< complex_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< complex_t > * A, Vect< complex_t > & b, Vect< complex_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

7.43.3 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<complex_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.44 Hexa8 Class Reference

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

Inheritance diagram for Hexa8:



Public Member Functions

• Hexa8 ()

Default Constructor.

• Hexa8 (const Element *el)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

• ∼Hexa8 ()

Destructor.

• void setLocal (const Point < real_t > &s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i)

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

void atGauss1 (LocalVect< Point< real_t >, 8 > &dsh, real_t &w)

Calculate shape function derivatives and integration weights for 1-point Gauss rule.

• void atGauss2 (LocalMatrix< Point< real_t >, 8, 8 > &dsh, LocalVect< real_t, 8 > &w)

Calculate shape function derivatives and integration weights for 2x2x2-point Gauss rule.

• real_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length.

real_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.44.1 Detailed Description

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation

The reference element is the cube [-1,1]*[-1,1]*[-1,1]. The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **getLocal(s)** must be invoked.

7.44.2 Member Function Documentation

void setLocal (const Point< real_t > & s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

Parameters

in	s	Point in the reference element This function computes jacobian, shape functions and
		their partial derivatives at s. Other member functions only return these values.

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i)

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Member function *setLocal* must have been called before in order to calculate relevant quantities.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

in	i	Local node label

in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated]
----	---	---	---

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i) const [inherited]

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Parameters

	in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
--	----	---	--------------------------------------

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

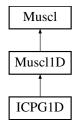
$Point < real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point < real_t > & s) const [inherited]$

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.45 ICPG1D Class Reference

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D. Inheritance diagram for ICPG1D:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• ICPG1D (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh instance.

ICPG1D (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &r, Vect< real_t > &v, Vect< real_t > &p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~ICPG1D ()

Destructor.

• void setReconstruction ()

Set reconstruction from class Muscl.

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Advance one time step.

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > &flux, Vect< real_t > &field)

Add flux to field.

• void setSolver (SolverType solver)

Choose solver type.

void setGamma (real_t gamma)

Set value of constant Gamma for gases.

• void setCv (real_t Cv)

Set value of Cv (specific heat at constant volume)

void setCp (real_t Cp)

Set value of C_v (specific heat at constant pressure)

• void setKappa (real_t Kappa)

Set value of constant Kappa.

• real_t getGamma () const

Return value of constant Gamma.

• real_t getCv () const

Return value of C_v (specific heat at constant volume)

real_t getCp () const

Return value of C_p (specific heat at constant pressure)

• real_t getKappa () const

Return value of constant Kappa.

• void getMomentum (Vect< real_t > &m) const

Get vector of momentum at elements.

• void getInternalEnergy (Vect< real_t > &ie) const

Get vector of internal energy at elements.

• void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real_t > &te) const

Get vector of total energy at elements.

void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real_t > &s) const

Get vector of sound speed at elements.

• void getMach (Vect< real_t > &m) const

Get vector of elementwise Mach number.

void setInitialCondition_shock_tube (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &BcG, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &BcD, real_t x0)

Initial condition corresponding to the shock tube.

• void setInitialCondition (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u)

A constant initial condition.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real_t u)

Assign a boundary condition as a constant to a given side.

• void setBC (int code, real_t a)

Assign a boundary condition value.

• void setBC (real_t a)

Assign a boundary condition value.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

• void setBC (int code, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &U)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

• void setBC (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

• void setInOutflowBC (const Side &sd, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on a given side.

• void setInOutflowBC (int code, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on sides with a given code.

• void setInOutflowBC (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on boundary sides.

• real_t getMeanLength () const

Return mean length.

• real_t getMaximumLength () const

Return maximal length.

• real_t getMinimumLength () const

Return mimal length.

• real_t getTauLim () const

Return mean length.

• void print_mesh_stat ()

Output mesh information.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.45.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D. Solution method is a second-order MUSCL Finite Volume scheme

7.45.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.45.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ICPG1D (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & r, Vect< real_t > & v, Vect< real_t > & p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

Parameters

in	ms	Reference to Mesh instance
in	r	Vector containing initial (elementwise) density
in	v	Vector containing initial (elementwise) velocity
in	р	Vector containing initial (elementwise) pressure

7.45.4 Member Function Documentation

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > & flux, Vect< real_t > & field)

Add flux to field.

If this function is used, the user must call getFlux himself

Parameters

in	flux	Vector containing fluxes at sides (points)
out	field	Vector containing solution vector

void getMomentum (Vect< real_t > & m) const

Get vector of momentum at elements.

Parameters

	in,out m	Vect instance that contains on output element momentum
--	----------	--

void getInternalEnergy ($Vect < real_t > \& ie$) const

Get vector of internal energy at elements.

Parameters

in,out	ie	Vect instance that contains on output element internal energy

void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real_t > & te) const

Get vector of total energy at elements.

in,out	te	Vect instance that contains on output element total energy	
--------	----	--	--

void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real_t > & s) const

Get vector of sound speed at elements.

Parameters

in,out	s	Vect instance that contains on output element sound speed
--------	---	---

void getMach (Vect< real_t > & m) const

Get vector of elementwise Mach number.

Parameters

	in,out	m	Vect instance that contains on output element Mach number	
--	--------	---	---	--

void setInitialCondition (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u)

A constant initial condition.

Parameters

in	и	LocalVect instance containing density, velocity and pressure
----	---	--

void setBC (const Side & sd, real_t u)

Assign a boundary condition as a constant to a given side.

Parameters

in	sd	Side to which the value is assigned
in	и	Value to assign

void setBC (int code, real_t a)

Assign a boundary condition value.

Parameters

in	code	Code value to which boundary condition is assigned
in	а	Value to assign to sides that have code code

void setBC (real_t a)

Assign a boundary condition value.

	in	а	Value to assign to all boundary sides
--	----	---	---------------------------------------

void setBC (const Side & sd, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Side instance to which the values are assigned
in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the side

void setBC (int *code*, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & U)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

Parameters

in	code	Side code for which the values are assigned	
in	U	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to sides with code <i>code</i>	

void setBC (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

Parameters

in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to all boundary sides	
----	---	---	--

void setInOutflowBC (const Side & sd, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on a given side.

Parameters

in	sd	Instance of Side on which the condition is prescribed	
in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the side	

void setInOutflowBC (int code, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on sides with a given code.

in	code	Value of code for which the condition is prescribed

	in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the sides	
--	----	---	--	--

void setInOutflowBC (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on boundary sides.

Parameters

	in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the sides	
--	----	---	--	--

$void setTimeStep (real_t dt) [inherited]$

Assign time step value.

Parameters

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

void setCFL (real_t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

${f void\ setReferenceLength\ (\ real_t\ dx\)}$ [inherited]

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

in	dx	Value of reference length
----	----	---------------------------

${f void\ setVerbose\ (\ int\ v\)}$ [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct	
out	LU	Left gradient vector	
out	RU	Right gradient vector	
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct	

void setMethod (const Method & s) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

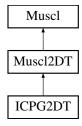
Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

	in	1	Limiter to choose
1	T11	ı	Limite to choos

7.46 ICPG2DT Class Reference

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D. Inheritance diagram for ICPG2DT:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• ICPG2DT (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• ICPG2DT (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &r, Vect< real_t > &v, Vect< real_t > &p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~ICPG2DT ()

Destructor.

• void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct.

• real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Advance one time step.

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > &Flux, Vect< real_t > &Field)

Add Flux to Field.

real_t getFlux ()

Get flux.

void setSolver (SolverType s)

Choose solver.

• void setGamma (real_t gamma)

Set Gamma value.

void setCv (real_t Cv)

Set value of heat capacity at constant volume.

• void setCp (real_t Cp)

Set value of heat capacity at constant pressure.

• void setKappa (real_t Kappa)

Set Kappa value.

• real_t getGamma () const

Return value of Gamma.

real_t getCv () const

Return value of heat capacity at constant volume.

real_t getCp () const

Return value of heat capacity at constant pressure.

• real_t getKappa () const

Return value of Kappa.

Mesh & getMesh ()

Return reference to mesh instance.

• void getMomentum (Vect< real_t > &m) const

Calculate elementwise momentum.

• void getInternalEnergy (Vect< real_t > &e) const

Calculate elementwise internal energy.

void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real_t > &e) const

Return elementwise total energy.

• void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real_t > &s) const

 $Return\ elementwise\ sound\ speed.$

• void getMach (Vect< real_t > &m) const

Return elementwise Mach number.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real_t a)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at given side.

• void setBC (int code, real_t a)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

• void setBC (real_t u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition on all boundary sides.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > &u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at a given side.

• void setBC (int code, const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > &u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

• void setBC (const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > &u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at all boundary sides.

• real_t getR (size_t i) const

Return density at given element label.

- real_t getV (size_t i, size_t j) const
- real_t getP (size_t i) const

Return pressure at given element label.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter 1)

Choose a flux limiter.

Protected Member Functions

• void Initialize ()

Construction of normals to sides.

7.46.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D. Solution method is a second-order MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles

7.46.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.46.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ICPG2DT (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & r, Vect< real_t > & v, Vect< real_t > & p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	14		
111	1	Initial density vector (as instance of Vect)	
61 10	v	Initial velocity vector (as instance of Vect)	
in	p	Initial pressure vector (as instance of Vect	

7.46.4 Member Function Documentation

void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct.

exit(3) if reconstruction fails

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > & Flux, Vect< real_t > & Field)

Add Flux to Field.

If this function is used, the function getFlux must be called

void setSolver (SolverType s)

Choose solver.

Parameters

in	S	Index of solver in the enumerated variable SolverType Available values are:
		ROE_SOLVER, VFROE_SOLVER, LF_SOLVER, RUSANOV_SOLVER, HLL_SOLVER, HLLC_SOLVER,
		MAX_SOLVER

void setBC (const Side & sd, real_t a)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at given side.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	а	Value to prescribe

void setBC (int code, real_t a)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

Parameters

in	code	Code for which value is imposed
in	а	Value to prescribe

void setBC (real_t u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition on all boundary sides.

in	и	Value to prescribe

void setBC (const Side & sd, const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > & u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at a given side.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	и	Vector (instance of class LocalVect) with as components the constant values to	
		prescribe for the four fields (r, vx, vy, p)	

void setBC (int *code*, const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > & u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

Parameters

in	code	Code for which value is imposed	
in	и	Vector (instance of class Local Vect) with as components the constant values to	
		prescribe for the four fields (r, vx, vy, p)	

void setBC (const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > & u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at all boundary sides.

Parameters

in	и	Vector (instance of class Local Vect) with as components the constant values to	
		prescribe for the four fields (r, vx, vy, p)	

real_t getR (size_t i) const

Return density at given element label.

Parameters

in	i	Element label

real_t getV (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return velocity at given element label

in	i	Element label
in	j	component index (1 or 2)

real_t getP (size_t i) const

Return pressure at given element label.

Parameters

in i	Element label
------	---------------

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct	
out	LU	Left gradient vector	
out	RU	Right gradient vector	
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct	

void Initialize() [protected], [inherited]

Construction of normals to sides.

Convention: for a given side, getPtrElement(1) is the left element and getPtrElement(2) is the right element. The normal goes from left to right. For boundary sides, the normal points outward.

void setTimeStep (real_t dt) [inherited]

Assign time step value.

Parameters

iı	1	dt	Time step value
----	---	----	-----------------

void setCFL (real_t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in	CFL	Value of CFL

void setReferenceLength (real_t dx) [inherited]

Assign reference length value.

	in	dx	Value of reference length
--	----	----	---------------------------

void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	
--	----	---	------------------------------	--

void setMethod (const Method & s) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

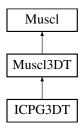
Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

in <i>l</i> Lim	niter to choose
-----------------	-----------------

7.47 ICPG3DT Class Reference

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D. Inheritance diagram for ICPG3DT:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• ICPG3DT (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using mesh data.

• ICPG3DT (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &r, Vect< real_t > &v, Vect< real_t > &p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~ICPG3DT ()

Destructor.

• void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct.

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Advance one time step.

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > &flux, Vect< real_t > &field)

Add flux to field.

• real_t getFlux ()

Return flux.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign a reference length.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign a time step.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step.

real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL.

• void setGamma (real_t gamma)

Set γ value.

void setCv (real_t Cv)

Set value of C_v (Heat capacity at constant volume)

void setCp (real_t Cp)

Set value of C_p (*Heat capacity at constant pressure*)

• void setKappa (real_t Kappa)

Set Kappa value.

• real_t getGamma () const

Return value of γ .

• real_t getCv () const

Return value of C_v (Heat capacity at constant volume)

real_t getCp () const

Return value of C_p (Heat capacity at constant pressure)

• real_t getKappa () const

Return value of κ .

Mesh & getMesh ()

Return reference to mesh instance.

Mesh * getPtrMesh ()

Return pointer to mesh.

• void getMomentum (Vect< real_t > &m) const

Calculate elementwise momentum.

• void getInternalEnergy (Vect< real_t > &e) const

Calculate elementwise internal energy.

void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real_t > &e) const

Return elementwise total energy.

void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real_t > &s) const

Return elementwise sound speed.

• void getMach (Vect< real_t > &m) const

Return elementwise Mach number.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

real_t getMinimumFaceArea () const

Return minimum area of faces in the mesh.

• real_t getMinimumElementVolume () const

Return minimum volume of elements in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumFaceArea () const

Return maximum area of faces in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumElementVolume () const

Return maximum volume of elements in the mesh.

real_t getMeanFaceArea () const

Return mean area of faces in the mesh.

real_t getMeanElementVolume () const

Return mean volume of elements in the mesh.

real_t getMinimumEdgeLength () const

Return minimum length of edges in the mesh.

• real_t getMinimumVolumebyArea () const

Return minimum volume by area in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumEdgeLength () const

Return maximum length of edges in the mesh.

• real_t getTauLim () const

Return value of tau lim.

• real_t getComega () const

Return value of Comega.

• void setbetalim (real_t bl)

Assign value of beta lim.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter I)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.47.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D. Solution method is a second-order MUSCL Finite Volume scheme with tetrahedra

7.47.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.47.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ICPG3DT (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using mesh data.

Parameters

in ms Mesh instance

ICPG3DT (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & r, Vect< real_t > & v, Vect< real_t > & p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	r	Elementwise initial density vector (as instance of Element Vect)
in	v	Elementwise initial velocity vector (as instance of Element Vect)
in	р	Elementwise initial pressure vector (as instance of Element Vect)

7.47.4 Member Function Documentation

void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct.

exit(3) if reconstruction failed

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct	
out	LU	Left gradient vector	
out	RU	Right gradient vector	
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct	

${f void\ setVerbose\ (\ int\ v\)}$ [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
--	----	---	------------------------------

void setMethod (const Method & s) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

in	s	Solver to choose

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

in *l* Limiter to choose

7.48 IOField Class Reference

Enables working with files in the XML Format. Inherits XMLParser.

Public Types

Public Member Functions

• IOField ()

Default constructor.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name.

• IOField (const string &mesh_file, const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name, mesh file and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, const string &name)

Constructor using file name and field name.

• ∼IOField ()

Destructor.

void setMeshFile (const string &file)

Set mesh file.

• void open ()

Open file.

• void open (const string &file, AccessType access)

Open file.

• void close ()

Close file.

void put (Mesh &ms)

Store mesh in file.

• void put (const Vect< real_t > &v)

Store Vect instance v in file.

void put (const PETScVect< real_t > &v)

Store PETScVect instance v in file.

real_t get (Vect< real_t > &v)

Get Vect v instance from file.

int get (Vect< real_t > &v, const string &name)

Get Vect v instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (DMatrix < real_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

int get (DSMatrix < real_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DSMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (Vect< real_t > &v, real_t t)

Get Vect v instance from file corresponding to a specific time value.

• void saveGMSH (string output_file, string mesh_file)

Save field vectors in a file using GMSH format.

7.48.1 Detailed Description

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

This class has methods to store vectors in files and read from files.

7.49 IPF Class Reference

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

Public Member Functions

• IPF ()

Default constructor.

• IPF (const string &file)

Constructor that gives the data file name.
• IPF (const string &prog, const string &file)

Constructor that reads parameters in file file and prints header information for the calling program prog. It reads parameters in IPF Format from this file.

• ~IPF ()

Destructor.

real_t getDisplay ()

Display acquired parameters.

• int getVerbose () const

Return parameter read using keyword Verbose.

• int getOutput () const

Return parameter read using keyword **Output**.

• int getSave () const

Return parameter read using keyword Save.

• int getPlot () const

Return parameter read using keyword Plot.

• int getBC () const

Return parameter read using keyword BC.

• int getBF () const

Return parameter read using keyword BF.

• int getSF () const

Return parameter read using keyword SF.

• int getInit () const

Return parameter read using keyword Init.

int getData () const

Return parameter read using keyword Data.

• size_t getNbSteps () const

Return parameter read using keyword NbSteps.

• size_t getNbIter () const

Return parameter read using keyword NbIter.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return parameter read using keyword **TimeStep**.

real_t getMaxTime () const

Return parameter read using keyword MaxTime.

• real_t getTolerance () const

Return parameter read using keyword **Tolerance**.

• int getIntPar (size_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword IntPar

• string getStringPar (size_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword StringPar.

real_t getDoublePar (size_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword DoublePar.

• Point< real_t > getPointDoublePar (size_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword PointDoublePar.

complex_t getComplexPar (size_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword StringPar.

• string getString (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string.

• string getString (const string &label, string def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string.

• int getInteger (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer.

• int getInteger (const string &label, int def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer.

real_t getDouble (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real_t.

real_t getDouble (const string &label, real_t def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real_t.

complex_t getComplex (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number.

complex_t getComplex (const string &label, complex_t def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number.

• int contains (const string &label) const

check if the project file contains a given parameter

void get (const string &label, Vect< real_t > &a) const

Read an array of real values, corresponding to a given label.

• real_t getArraySize (const string &label, size_t j) const

Return an array entry for a given label.

• void get (const string &label, int &a) const

Return integer parameter corresponding to a given label.

void get (const string &label, real_t &a) const

Return real parameter corresponding to a given label.

• void get (const string &label, complex_t &a) const

Return complex parameter corresponding to a given label.

• void get (const string &label, string &a) const

Return string parameter corresponding to a given label.

• string getProject () const

Return parameter read using keyword Project.

• string getDomainFile () const

Return pameter using keyword Mesh.

• string getMeshFile (size_t i=1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword mesh_file.

• string getInitFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword InitFile.

• string getRestartFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword **RestartFile**.

• string getBCFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword BCFile.

string getBFFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword **BFFile**.

• string getSFFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword SFFile.

• string getSaveFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword SaveFile.

• string getPlotFile (int i=1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword PlotFile.

• string getPrescriptionFile (int i=1) const

Return parameter read using keyword **DataFile**.

• string getAuxFile (size_t i=1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword Auxfile.

• string getDensity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for density function.

string getElectricConductivity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for electric conductivity.

• string getElectricPermittivity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for electric permittivity.

• string getMagneticPermeability () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for magnetic permeability.

• string getPoissonRatio () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for Poisson ratio.

string getThermalConductivity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for thermal conductivity.

• string getRhoCp () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for density * specific heat.

• string getViscosity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for viscosity.

• string getYoungModulus () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for Young's modulus.

7.49.1 Detailed Description

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

This class can be used to acquire various parameters from a parameter file of IPF (Input Project File). The declaration of an instance of this class avoids reading data in your main program. The acquired parameters are retrieved through information members of the class. Note that all the parameters have default values

7.49.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

IPF (const string & file)

Constructor that gives the data file name.

It reads parameters in IPF Format from this file.

7.49.3 Member Function Documentation

int getOutput () const

Return parameter read using keyword Output.

This parameter can be used to control output behavior in a program.

int getSave () const

Return parameter read using keyword Save.

This parameter can be used to control result saving in a program (e.g. for a restarting purpose).

int getPlot () const

Return parameter read using keyword Plot.

This parameter can be used to control result saving for plotting in a program.

int getBC () const

Return parameter read using keyword **BC**.

This parameter can be used to set a boundary condition flag.

int getBF () const

Return parameter read using keyword BF.

This parameter can be used to set a body force flag.

int getSF () const

Return parameter read using keyword SF.

This parameter can be used to set a surface force flag.

int getInit () const

Return parameter read using keyword Init.

This parameter can be used to set an initial data flag.

int getData () const

Return parameter read using keyword **Data**.

This parameter can be used to set a various data flag.

size_t getNbSteps () const

Return parameter read using keyword NbSteps.

This parameter can be used to read a number of time steps.

size_t getNbIter () const

Return parameter read using keyword NbIter.

This parameter can be used to read a number of iterations.

real_t getTimeStep () const

Return parameter read using keyword TimeStep.

This parameter can be used to read a time step value.

real_t getMaxTime () const

Return parameter read using keyword MaxTime.

This parameter can be used to read a maximum time value.

real_t getTolerance () const

Return parameter read using keyword **Tolerance**.

This parameter can be used to read a tolerance value to control convergence.

int getIntPar ($size_t n = 1$) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword IntPar

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

string getStringPar (size_t n = 1) const

Return *n-th* parameter read using keyword **StringPar**.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

real_t getDoublePar (size_t n = 1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword **DoublePar**.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

Point<real_t> getPointDoublePar (size_t n = 1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword PointDoublePar.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

complex_t getComplexPar (size_t n = 1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword **StringPar**.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

string getString (const string & label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the string (read from input file) If this label is not found an
		error message is displayed and program stops

string getString (const string & label, string def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string. Case where a default value is provided

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the string (read from input file)
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

int getInteger (const string & label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the integer number (read from input file) If this label is not
		found an error message is displayed and program stops

int getInteger (const string & label, int def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer. Case where a default value is provided

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the integer number (read from input file).
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

real_t getDouble (const string & label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real_t.

in	label	Label that identifies the real number (read from input file). If this label is not
		found an error message is displayed and program stops.

real_t getDouble (const string & label, real_t def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real_t. Case where a default value is provided

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the real number (read from input file)
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

complex_t getComplex (const string & label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the complex number (read from input file) If this label is not
		found an error message is displayed and program stops

complex_t getComplex (const string & label, complex_t def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number. Case where a default value is provided

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the complex number (read from input file)
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

int contains (const string & label) const

check if the project file contains a given parameter

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the label to seek in file
----	-------	---

Returns

0 if the parameter is not found, $\tt n$ if the parameter is found, where $\tt n$ is the parameter index in the parameter list

void get (const string & label, Vect< real_t > & a) const

Read an array of real values, corresponding to a given label.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the array (read from input file).	
in	а	Vector that contain the array. The vector is properly resized before filling.	

Remarks

If this label is not found an error message is displayed.

real_t getArraySize (const string & label, size_t j) const

Return an array entry for a given label.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the array (read from input file).
in	j	Index of entry in the array (Starting from 1)

Remarks

If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops.

void get (const string & label, int & a) const

Return integer parameter corresponding to a given label.

Parameters

ſ	in	label	Label that identifies the integer number (read from input file).
	out	а	Returned value. If this label is not found an error message is displayed and
			program stops. Note: This member function can be used instead of getInteger

void get (const string & label, real_t & a) const

Return real parameter corresponding to a given label.

in	label	Label that identifies the real (real_t) number (read from input file).
out		Returned value. If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops. Note: This member function can be used instead of getReal_T

void get (const string & label, complex_t & a) const

Return complex parameter corresponding to a given label.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the complex number (read from input file).
out	а	Returned value. If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops.

void get (const string & label, string & a) const

Return string parameter corresponding to a given label.

Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the atring (read from input file).
out	a	Returned value. Note: This member function can be used instead of getString If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops. Note: This member function can be used instead of getString

string getProject () const

Return parameter read using keyword Project.

This parameter can be used to read a project's name.

string getMeshFile (size_t i = 1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword **mesh_file**.

Here we have at most 10 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for i is 1

string getInitFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword InitFile.

This parameter can be used to read an initial data file name.

string getRestartFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword RestartFile.

This parameter can be used to read a restart file name.

string getBCFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword BCFile.

This parameter can be used to read a boundary condition file name.

string getBFFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword BFFile.

This parameter can be used to read a body force file name.

string getSFFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword SFFile.

This parameter can be used to read a source force file name.

string getSaveFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword SaveFile.

This parameter can be used to read a save file name.

string getPlotFile (int i = 1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword PlotFile.

Here we have at most 10 integer extra parameters that can be used for plot file names. Default value for \mathtt{i} is $\mathtt{1}$

string getPrescriptionFile (int i = 1) const

Return parameter read using keyword DataFile.

This parameter can be used to read a Prescription file.

string getAuxFile ($size_t i = 1$) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword Auxfile.

Here we have at most 10 integer extra parameters that can be used for any auxiliary file names. Default value for i is 1

7.50 Iter< T $_{-}$ > Class Template Reference

Class to drive an iterative process.

Public Member Functions

• Iter ()

Default Constructor.

• Iter (int max_it, real_t toler, int verbose=0)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

• ~Iter ()

Destructor.

void setMaxIter (int max_it)

Set maximal number of iterations.

• void setTolerance (real_t toler)

Set tolerance value for convergence.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• bool check (Vect< T $_->$ &u, const Vect< T $_->$ &v, int opt=2)

Check convergence.

7.50.1 Detailed Description

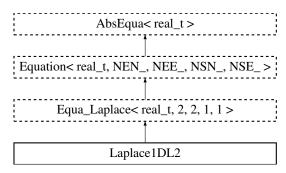
template<class T_> class OFELI::Iter< T_>

Class to drive an iterative process.

This template class enables monitoring any iterative process. It simply sets default values for tolerance, maximal number of iterations and enables checking convergence using two successive iterates.

7.51 Laplace1DL2 Class Reference

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P_1) . Inheritance diagram for Laplace1DL2:



Public Member Functions

• Laplace1DL2 (Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

- Laplace1DL2 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &u)
- ~Laplace1DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void Matrix (real_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add Right-Hand Side Contribution.

• void BoundaryRHS (int n, real_t p)

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

void setBoundaryCondition (real_t f, int lr)

Set Dirichlet boundary data.

• void setTraction (real_t f, int lr)

Set Traction data.

- int run ()
- virtual void build ()

Solve the equation.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix < real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.51.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P₁).

7.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace1DL2 (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & u)

Constructor using mesh instance and solution vector

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in,out	и	Vect instance that contains, after execution of run() the solution

7.51.3 Member Function Documentation

void Matrix (real_t coef = 1.)

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix	
----	------	---------------------------------------	--

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f)

Add Right-Hand Side Contribution.

\mid in \mid f \mid Vector containing the source given function at mesh nod

void BoundaryRHS (int n, real_t p)

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

Parameters

in	п	Parameter to select equal to 0 if the condition is at the left end of the domain and different if it is at the right of it
in	p	Value of flux to add

Note

This member function is to be called only for the first or last element

void setBoundaryCondition (real_t f, int lr)

Set Dirichlet boundary data.

Parameters

in	f	Value to assign
in	lr	Option to choose location of the value (-1: Left end, 1: Right end)

void setTraction (real_t f, int lr)

Set Traction data.

Parameters

in	f	Value of traction (Neumann boundary condition)
in	lr	Option to choose location of the traction (-1: Left end, 1: Right end)

int run ()

Run solution procedure This function is to be called when the constructor **Laplace1DL2(mesh,u)** is used.

Returns

return code for the solution of the linear system

${f void\ build\ (\ EigenProblemSolver\ \&\ e\)\ [inherited]}$

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance]
----	---	---	---

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

$\label{lem:lementNodeVectorSingleDOF} \mbox{ (const Vect$<$ real$_t$ > & b, LocalVect$<$ real$_t$, NEN$_-$ > & be) [inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect< real_t>\&\ b}$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void \ Element Assembly (\ Matrix < real_t > *A) }$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ BMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect < real.t > &v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScVect {< \ real.t > \& \ b \) } \quad {\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t> & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$\label{eq:condition} \textbf{void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix} < \textbf{real.t} > \&\, A \ \textbf{)} \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver

in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.51.4 Member Data Documentation

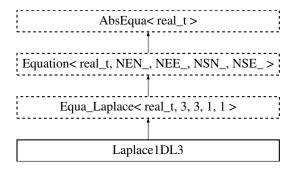
LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.52 Laplace1DL3 Class Reference

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P₂). Inheritance diagram for Laplace1DL3:



Public Member Functions

• Laplace1DL3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &u)

• Laplace1DL3 (Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• ~Laplace1DL3 ()

Destructor.

• void Matrix (real_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

• void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add Right-hand side contribution.

void BoundaryRHS (int n, real_t p)

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

void setTraction (real_t f, int lr)

Set Traction data.

- int run ()
- virtual void build ()

Solve the equation.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect < real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x) Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.52.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P_2) .

7.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace1DL3 (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & u)

Constructor using mesh instance and solution vector

in	ms	Mesh instance
in,out	и	Vect instance that contains, after execution of run() the solution

7.52.3 Member Function Documentation

void Matrix (real_t coef = 1.)

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

Parameters

	in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix	
--	----	------	---------------------------------------	--

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > & f)

Add Right-hand side contribution.

Parameters

i	n	f	Vector of right-hand side of the Poisson equation at nodes
---	---	---	--

void BoundaryRHS (int n, real_t p)

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

Parameters

iı	n n	Parameter to select equal to 0 if the condition is at the left end of the domain and different if it is at the right of it
iı	p	Value of flux to add

Note

This member function is to be invoked only for the first or last element

void setTraction (real_t f, int lr)

Set Traction data.

in	f	Value of traction (Neumann boundary condition)
in	lr	Option to choose location of the traction (-1: Left end, 1: Right end)

int run ()

Run solution procedure This function is to be called when the constructor **Laplace1DL2(mesh,u)** is used.

Returns

return code for the solution of the linear system

${f void\ build\ (\ EigenProblemSolver\ \&\ e\)\ \ [inherited]}$

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
		O

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

$\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > \& \ b, \ \mbox{LocalVect} < \ real_t \ , \ \mbox{NEN}_> \& \ be, \ \mbox{int } dof \ \ \mbox{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer $_$ theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

${f void \ Element Assembly (\ Matrix < real_t > *A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real.t > &A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real.t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A}$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void DGElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.52.4 Member Data Documentation

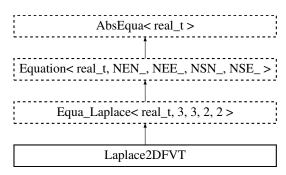
 $LocalVect{<}real_t\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.53 Laplace2DFVT Class Reference

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method. Inheritance diagram for Laplace2DFVT:



Public Member Functions

- Laplace2DFVT (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &u)
 Standard constructor.
- Laplace2DFVT (Mesh &ms, SpMatrix< real_t > &A, Vect< real_t > &b) Standard constructor.
- ~Laplace2DFVT ()

Destructor.

• int checkDelaunay (int verb=0)

Check whether triangles are Delaunay ones.

void build (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Build the linear system of equations.

• int run (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Build and solve the linear system of equations.

void LHS (const Element *e1, const Element *e2)

Calculate left-hand side.

void RHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add right-hand side Contribution.

• virtual void build ()

Solve the equation.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

 $Assemble\ side\ right-hand\ side\ vector\ into\ global\ one.$

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.
• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.53.1 Detailed Description

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

7.53.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace2DFVT (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & u)

Standard constructor.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	b	Vect instance that contains Right-hand side
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution

Laplace2DFVT (Mesh & ms, SpMatrix< real_t > & A, Vect< real_t > & b)

Standard constructor.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance. The mesh must have been assigned the attribute ELEMENT_DOF to say that unknowns are supported by elements.
in	A	Problem matrix to be stored in sparse format (class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vect instance that contains Right-hand side

7.53.3 Member Function Documentation

int checkDelaunay (int verb = 0)

Check whether triangles are Delaunay ones.

in	verb	Output (>0) or not (0) list of failing elements
----	------	---

Returns

ret Number of Non Delaunay triangles

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

j	<i>e</i> Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
---	--

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides

in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ (${f Vect}{<{\it real_t}>\&b}$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > \& A)$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real\ t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t> & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix {< \ real_t > \& \ A \) } \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

\boldsymbol{A}	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A}$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in 7	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	\boldsymbol{A}	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	------------------	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.53.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect{<}real_t\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

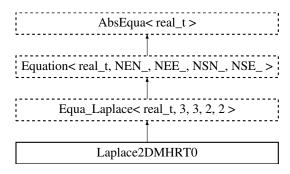
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.54 Laplace2DMHRT0 Class Reference

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT_0).

Inheritance diagram for Laplace2DMHRT0:



Public Member Functions

• Laplace2DMHRT0 ()

Default Constructor.

Laplace2DMHRT0 (Mesh &ms, SpMatrix < real_t > &A, Vect < real_t > &b)

Constructor with problem data.

• ~Laplace2DMHRT0 ()

Destructor.

• void setDiffusivity (const LocalMatrix < real_t, 2, 2 > &K)

Define Diffusivity (or permeability) matrix.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

void Post (const Vect< real_t > &lambda, const Vect< real_t > &f, Vect< real_t > &v, Vect
 Point< real_t >> &p, Vect< real_t > &u)

Perform post calculations.

• int solve (Vect< real_t > &u)

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 $\bullet \ \ void \ Element Side Vector \ (const \ Vect < real_t > \&b, \ Local Vect < real_t, \ NSE_ > \&be) \\$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.54.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT_0).

7.54.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace2DMHRT0()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

Laplace2DMHRT0 (Mesh & ms, SpMatrix< real_t > & A, Vect< real_t > & b)

Constructor with problem data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	A	Problem matrix in Sparse format. This matrix must be zeroed before calling the constructor
in	b	Problem right-hand side

7.54.3 Member Function Documentation

void setDiffusivity (const LocalMatrix< real_t, 2, 2 > & K)

Define Diffusivity (or permeability) matrix.

By default (if this function is not called) the identity matrix (Laplace equation) is used.

Parameters

in	K	Diffusivity matrix as LocalMatrix instance. Must be symmetric positive definite
----	---	--

void build () [virtual]

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

Reimplemented from Equa_Laplace< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Post (const Vect< real_t > & lambda, const Vect< real_t > & f, Vect< real_t > & v, Vect< Point< real_t > > & p, Vect< real_t > & u)

Perform post calculations.

Parameters

in	lambda	Solution (Lagrange multiplier) calculated at edges
in	f	Vect instance containing the right-hand side of the Laplace equation
in	v	Vect instance containing solution at mesh nodes
in	p	Vect instance containing gradient at elements
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at elements

int solve (Vect< real_t > & u)

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method. The matrix is preconditioned by an ILU method.

Parameters

out	и	Vector containing the solution at all sides (Sides where boundary conditions are
		prescribed are included).

Returns

Number of performed iterations in the CG method. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

7.54. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

void updateBC (const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect< real_t> \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b Global vector to be localized.		
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	in dof Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector		

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_- > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_t > \& b$) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements 	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_\mathtt{theSide}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{t}^{t}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix $< real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

7.54. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION 7.54. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A	Reference to global matrix

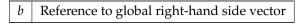
Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Matrix {<}\ real_t > *A\)} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

7.54. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ SideAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION 7.54. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE

Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix	ix,
	SpMatrix)	

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&\ A\)\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

		_
A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance	

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

7.54. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable ${\tt theElement}$

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver(Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		• DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.54.4 Member Data Documentation

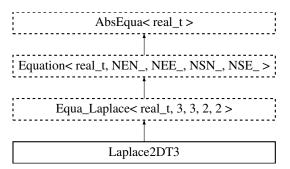
LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.55 Laplace2DT3 Class Reference

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element (P₁). Inheritance diagram for Laplace2DT3:



Public Member Functions

• Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor with mesh.

Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms, SpMatrix < real_t > &A, Vect < real_t > &b)

Constructor with problem data.

Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real_t > &b)

Constructor using mesh and solution vector.

• Laplace2DT3 (Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• Laplace2DT3 (Side *sd)

Constructor for a side.

• ∼Laplace2DT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LHS (real_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

• void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Add body source term to right-hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > &h)

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

• void setSource (const Vect< real_t > &f)

Define Source right-hand side of the equation.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

• void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void Post (const Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< Point< real_t >> &p)

Perform post calculations.

• int solve (Vect< real_t > &u)

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method.

• void Axb (const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Compute the product of the stiffness matrix by a given vector.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
 void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect < real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > *A, Vect< real_t > &b, Vect< real_t > &x) Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.55.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element (P_1) . To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 3-D tetrahedral element (P_1) .

7.55.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace2DT3 (Mesh & ms)

Constructor with mesh.

Parameters

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

Laplace2DT3 (Mesh & ms, SpMatrix< real_t > & A, Vect< real_t > & b)

Constructor with problem data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	A	Problem matrix in Sparse format. This matrix must be zeroed before calling the	
		constructor	
in	b	Problem right-hand side	

Laplace2DT3 (Mesh & ms, Vect< real_t > & b)

Constructor using mesh and solution vector.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	b	Problem right-hand side

7.55.3 Member Function Documentation

void LHS (real_t coef = 1.)

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

Parameters

in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real_t> & f)

Add body source term to right-hand side.

Parameters

in f Vector containing the source given function at mes	h nodes
---	---------

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real_t > & h)

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

Parameters

	in	h	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes	
--	----	---	---	--

void setSource (const Vect< real_t > & f)

Define Source right-hand side of the equation.

Parameters

f [in] Vector containing source values at nodes

void build () [virtual]

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

Reimplemented from Equa_Laplace< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void buildEigen (int opt = 0) [virtual]

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

Parameters

in	opt	Flag to choose a lumed mass matrix (0) or consistent (1) [Default: 0]
----	-----	---

Reimplemented from Equa_Laplace< real_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void Post (const Vect< real_t > & u, Vect< Point< real_t > > & p)

Perform post calculations.

Parameters

in	и	Solution at nodes
out	p	Vector containing gradient at elements

int solve (Vect< real_t > & u)

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method. The matrix is preconditioned by an ILU method.

in	и	Vector containing the solution at all sides (Sides where boundary conditions are
		prescribed are included).

Returns

Number of performed iterations in the CG method. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

void Axb (const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b)

Compute the product of the stiffness matrix by a given vector.

Parameters

in	x	Vector by which the matrix is multiplied
in	b	Product vector

void build (EigenProblemSolver & e) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance	Ī
----	---	---	---

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real_t> & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	n b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

inbGlobal vector to be localized.outbeLocal vector, the length of which is the total number of element equ		Global vector to be localized.
		Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer $_$ theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void \ Element Assembly \ (\ SpMatrix < real.t > \& A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real.t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t> & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix {< \ real_t > \& \ } A \) \quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

\boldsymbol{A}	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A}$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void DGElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.55.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect{<}real_t\;, NEE_{>}\;ePrev \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

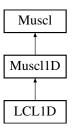
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.56 LCL1D Class Reference

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

Inheritance diagram for LCL1D:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• LCL1D (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• LCL1D (Mesh &m, Vect< real_t > &U)

Constructor.

• ~LCL1D ()

Destructor.

• Vect< real_t > & getFlux ()

Return sidewise fluxes.

• void setInitialCondition (Vect< real_t > &u)

Assign initial condition by a vector.

void setInitialCondition (real_t u)

Assign a constant initial condition.

• void setReconstruction ()

Run MUSCL reconstruction.

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

void setBC (real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (int code, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setVelocity (Vect< real_t > &v)

Set convection velocity.

• void setVelocity (real_t v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• void Forward (const Vect< real_t > &Flux, Vect< real_t > &Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

real_t getMeanLength () const

Return mean length.

• real_t getMaximumLength () const

Return maximal length.

• real_t getMinimumLength () const

Return mimal length.

• real_t getTauLim () const

Return mean length.

void print_mesh_stat ()

Output mesh information.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.56.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

7.56.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.56.3 Member Function Documentation

void setInitialCondition (Vect< real_t > & u)

Assign initial condition by a vector.

Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial condition
----	---	-------------------------------------

void setInitialCondition (real_t u)

Assign a constant initial condition.

Parameters

in	и	Constant value for the initial condition
----	---	--

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

Returns

Value of the time step

void setBC (real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value u to all boundary sides

void setBC (const Side & sd, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value to a side

Parameters

in	sd	Side to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

void setBC (int code, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

Assign a constant value sides with a given code

Parameters

in	code	Code of sides to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

void setVelocity (Vect< real_t > & v)

Set convection velocity.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance containing velocity
----	---	-----------------------------------

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > & Flux, Vect< real_t > & Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

Vector **Flux** contains elementwise fluxes issued from the Riemann problem, calculated with, as left element, **getNeighborElement(1)** and right element **getNeighborElement(2)** if **getNeighbor**← **Element(2)** doesn't exist, we are on a boundary and we prescribe a symmetry condition

void setTimeStep (real_t dt) [inherited]

Assign time step value.

Parameters

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

void setCFL (real_t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in	CFL	Value of CFL

void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

${f void}\ {f setMethod}\ (\ {f const}\ {f Method}\ \&\ s\)\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Choose a flux solver.

in	S	Solver to choose

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

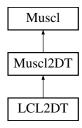
Parameters

in l	Limiter to choose
--------	-------------------

7.57 LCL2DT Class Reference

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

Inheritance diagram for LCL2DT:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• LCL2DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using Mesh instance.

• LCL2DT (Mesh &m, Vect < real_t > &U)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~LCL2DT ()

Destructor.

• Vect< real_t > & getFlux ()

Return sidewise flux vector.

• void setInitialCondition (Vect< real_t > &u)

Set elementwise initial condition.

• void setInitialCondition (real_t u)

Set a constant initial condition.

• void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct flux using Muscl scheme.

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

• void setBC (real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (int code, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setVelocity (const Vect< real_t > &v)

Set convection velocity.

• void setVelocity (const LocalVect< real_t, 2 > &v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > &Flux, Vect< real_t > &Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

Protected Member Functions

• void Initialize ()

Construction of normals to sides.

7.57.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

7.57.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.57.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LCL2DT (Mesh & m, Vect< real_t > & U)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

in	m	Reference to Mesh instance
in	U	Vector containing initial (elementwise) solution

7.57.4 Member Function Documentation

void setInitialCondition (Vect< real_t > & u)

Set elementwise initial condition.

Parameters

in	и	Vect instance containing initial condition values
----	---	---

void setInitialCondition (real_t u)

Set a constant initial condition.

Parameters

in	и	Value of initial condition to assign to all elements
----	---	--

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

Returns

Value of the time step

void setBC (real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value u to all boundary sides

void setBC (const Side & sd, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value to a side

Parameters

in	sd	Side to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

void setBC (int code, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

Assign a constant value sides with a given code

in	code	Code of sides to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

void setVelocity (const Vect< real_t > & v)

Set convection velocity.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance containing velocity
----	---	-----------------------------------

void setVelocity (const LocalVect< real_t, 2 > & v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

Parameters

in	v	Vector containing constant velocity to prescribe
----	---	--

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > & Flux, Vect< real_t > & Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

Vector *Flux* contains elementwise fluxes issued from the Riemann problem, calculated with, as left element, **getNeighborElement(1)** and right element **getNeighborElement(2)** if **getNeighbor**← **Element(2)** doesn't exist, we are on a boundary and we prescribe a symmetry condition

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

void Initialize() [protected], [inherited]

Construction of normals to sides.

Convention: for a given side, getPtrElement(1) is the left element and getPtrElement(2) is the right element. The normal goes from left to right. For boundary sides, the normal points outward.

$void setTimeStep (real_t dt) [inherited]$

Assign time step value.

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

void setCFL (real_t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

$void setReferenceLength (real_t dx) [inherited]$

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length
--	----	----	---------------------------

void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

	v Value of verbosity para	meter
--	---------------------------	-------

void setMethod (const Method & s) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in s	Solver to choose
------	------------------

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

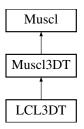
Parameters

in l	Limiter to choose
------	-------------------

7.58 LCL3DT Class Reference

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

Inheritance diagram for LCL3DT:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• LCL3DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh.

• LCL3DT (Mesh &m, Vect< real_t > &U)

Constructor using mesh and initial field.

• ~LCL3DT ()

Destructor.

• void setInitialCondition (Vect< real_t > &u)

Set elementwise initial condition.

• void setInitialCondition (real_t u)

Set a constant initial condition.

void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct flux using Muscl scheme.

• real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• void setBC (real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition. Assign a constant value u to all boundary sides.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (int code, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

void setVelocity (const Vect< real_t > &v)

Set convection velocity.

• void setVelocity (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > &Flux, Vect< real_t > &Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

real_t getMinimumFaceArea () const

Return minimum area of faces in the mesh.

real_t getMinimumElementVolume () const

Return minimum volume of elements in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumFaceArea () const

Return maximum area of faces in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumElementVolume () const

Return maximum volume of elements in the mesh.

real_t getMeanFaceArea () const

Return mean area of faces in the mesh.

real_t getMeanElementVolume () const

Return mean volume of elements in the mesh.

• real_t getMinimumEdgeLength () const

Return minimum length of edges in the mesh.

real_t getMinimumVolumebyArea () const

Return minimum volume by area in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumEdgeLength () const

Return maximum length of edges in the mesh.

• real_t getTauLim () const

Return value of tau lim.

• real_t getComega () const

Return value of Comega.

void setbetalim (real_t bl)

Assign value of beta lim.

void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.58.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

7.58.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.58.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LCL3DT (Mesh & m, Vect< real_t > & U)

Constructor using mesh and initial field.

in	m	Reference to Mesh instance
in	U	Vector containing initial (elementwise) solution

7.58.4 Member Function Documentation

void setInitialCondition (Vect< real_t > & u)

Set elementwise initial condition.

Parameters

in	и	Vect instance containing initial condition values
----	---	---

void setInitialCondition (real_t u)

Set a constant initial condition.

Parameters

in	и	Value of initial condition to assign to all elements
111	u	value of initial condition to assign to an elements

void setBC (const Side & sd, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value to a side

Parameters

in	sd	Side to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

void setBC (int code, real_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value sides with a given code

Parameters

in	code	Code of sides to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

void setVelocity (const Vect< real_t > & v)

Set convection velocity.

in	v	Vect instance containing velocity
----	---	-----------------------------------

void setVelocity (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

Parameters

in	v	Vector containing constant velocity to prescribe
----	---	--

void Forward (const Vect< real_t > & Flux, Vect< real_t > & Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

Vector Flux contains elementwise fluxes issued from the Riemann problem, calculated with, as left element, **getNeighborElement(1)** and right element **getNeighborElement(2)** if **getNeighbor**← **Element(2)** doesn't exist, we are on a boundary and we prescribe a symmetry condition

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

${f void\ setTimeStep\ (\ real_t\ dt\)}$ [inherited]

Assign time step value.

Parameters

in	dt	Time step value

void setCFL (real_t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

${f void\ setVerbose}$ (${f int}\ v$) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

${f void\ setMethod\ (\ const\ Method\ \&\ s\)}$ [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

	in	1	Limiter to choose
--	----	---	-------------------

7.59 Line2 Class Reference

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element. Inheritance diagram for Line2:



Public Member Functions

• Line2 ()

Default Constructor.

• Line2 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• Line2 (const Side *side)

Constructor for a side.

• Line2 (const Edge *edge)

Constructor for an edge.

• ~Line2 ()

Destructor.

• real_t getLength () const

Return element length.

• Point< real_t > getNormal () const

Return unit normal vector to line.

• Point< real_t > getTangent () const

Return unit tangent vector to line.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, real_t s) const

Calculate shape function of a given node at a given point.

• real_t DSh (size_t i) const

Calculate partial derivative of shape function of a node.

Point< real_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real_t > &x)

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

bool isIn (const Point < real_t > &x)

Check whether point x is in current line element or not.

real_t getInterpolate (const Point< real_t > &x, const LocalVect< real_t, 2 > &v)

Return interpolated value at a given point.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.59.1 Detailed Description

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

Defines geometric quantities associated to 2-node linear segment element P_1 in the space. The reference element is the segment [-1,1]. Note that the line length is not checked unless the function check is called.

7.59.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Line2 (const Element * el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element
----	----	--------------------

Line2 (const Side * side)

Constructor for a side.

in	side	Pointer to side

Line2 (const Edge * edge)

Constructor for an edge.

Parameters

in	edge	Pointer to edge
----	------	-----------------

7.59.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t Sh (size_t i, real_t s) const

Calculate shape function of a given node at a given point.

Parameters

in	i	Node number (1 or 2).
in	S	Localization of point in natural coordinates (must be between -1 and 1).

real_t DSh (size_t i) const

Calculate partial derivative of shape function of a node.

Parameters

i	n	i	Nod	e number	(1	or 2).
---	---	---	-----	----------	----	--------

Point<real $_{-}$ t> getRefCoord (const Point< real $_{-}$ t> & x)

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

Only the x-coordinate of the returned value has a meaning

real_t getInterpolate (const Point< real_t > & x_t const LocalVect< real_t, 2 > & v)

Return interpolated value at a given point.

Parameters

in	x	Point where interpolation is evaluated (in the reference element).	
out	v	Computed value.	

$real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const [inherited]$

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

in	i	Local node label

Parameters

in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated]
----	---	---	---

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint(const Point< real_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.60 Line2H Class Reference

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element. Inheritance diagram for Line2H:



Public Member Functions

• Line2H ()

Default Constructor.

• Line2H (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

Line2H (const Side *side)

Constructor for a side.

• ~Line2H ()

Destructor.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (real_t s) const

Localize a point in the element.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, real_t s) const

Return shape function value of node i at given point s

real_t DSh (size_t i, real_t s) const

Return first derivative (along the abscissa) of shape function of node i at a given point.

real_t D2Sh (size_t i, real_t s) const

Return second derivatives (along the abscissa) of shape function of node i

• real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

real_t getLength ()

Return element length.

• real_t check () const

Check line length and number of line nodes.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.60.1 Detailed Description

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

Defines geometric quantities associated to 2-node segment element in the space using Hermite (C^1) interpolation. The interpolation functions are polynomials of degree 3. The reference element is the segment [-1,1]. The unknowns are supported by extremities of the interval: each extremity supports two unknowns, the function and its line derivative.

7.60.2 Member Function Documentation

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint (real_t s) const

Localize a point in the element.

For a point s in the reference element, return coordinates in the real element.

real_t check () const

Check line length and number of line nodes.

Returns

- > 0: m is the length
- = 0: zero length (=> Error)

real_t Sh (size_t i_t Point< real_t > s) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

Parameters

in	i	Local node label
in	s	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i) const [inherited]

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Parameters

in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
----	---	--------------------------------------

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.61 Line3 Class Reference

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element. Inheritance diagram for Line3:



Public Member Functions

• Line3 ()

Default Constructor.

• Line3 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• Line3 (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a side.

• ~Line3 ()

Destructor.

void setLocal (real_t s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• real_t DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Return actual coordinates of localized point.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.61.1 Detailed Description

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.

Defines geometric quantities associated to 3-node quadratic element P_2 in the space. The reference element is the segment [-1,1]. The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **setLocal()** must be invoked.

Element nodes are ordered as the following: the left one, the central one and the right one.

7.61.2 Member Function Documentation

 $real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const [inherited]$

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

Parameters

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint(const Point< real_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.62 LinearSolver< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

Public Member Functions

• LinearSolver ()

Default Constructor.

• LinearSolver (int max_it, real_t tolerance, int verbose)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

• LinearSolver (SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$)

Constructor using matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (SkMatrix < T $_-$ > &A, const Vect < T $_-$ > &b, Vect < T $_-$ > &x)

Constructor using skyline-stored matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (TrMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x)$

Constructor using a tridiagonal matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (BMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$)

Constructor using a banded matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (DMatrix< T $_->$ &A, const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Constructor using a dense matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (DSMatrix< T $_->$ &A, const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Constructor using a dense symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (SkSMatrix< T $_->$ &A, const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Constructor using skyline-stored symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

• LinearSolver (SkMatrix $< T_- > &A$, Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$)

Constructor using matrix, right-hand side.

• virtual ~LinearSolver ()

Destructor.

• void setVerbose (int verb)

Set message level.

• void setMaxIter (int m)

Set Maximum number of iterations.

void setTolerance (real_t tol)

Set tolerance value.

• void setSolution (Vect< T_− > &x)

Set solution vector.

void setRHS (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Set right-hand side vector.

• void setMatrix (OFELI::Matrix < T_> *A)

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to Matrix.

void setMatrix (SpMatrix < T_− > &A)

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to matrix.

• void setMatrix (SkMatrix < T_− > &A)

Set matrix in the case of a skyline matrix.

• void set (SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$, const Vect $< T_- > &b$, Vect $< T_- > &x$)

Set matrix, right-hand side and initial guess.

void setSolver (Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG_PREC)

Set solver and preconditioner.

• int getSolver () const

Return solver code.

int solve (SpMatrix < T₋ > &A, const Vect < T₋ > &b, Vect < T₋ > &x, Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG_PREC)

Solve equations using system data, prescribed solver and preconditioner.

• int solve (Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG_PREC)

Solve equations using prescribed solver and preconditioner.

• int solve ()

Solve equations all arguments must have given by other member functions.

• void setFact ()

Factorize matrix.

• void setNoFact ()

Do not factorize matrix.

7.62.1 Detailed Description

template < class T_> class OFELI::LinearSolver < T_>

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

7.62.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LinearSolver ()

Default Constructor.

Initializes default parameters and pointers to 0.

LinearSolver (int max_it, real_t tolerance, int verbose)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

Parameters

in	max_it	Maximal number of iterations
in	tolerance	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm) in input, effective discrepancy in output.
in	verbose	 Information output parameter 0: No output 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

LinearSolver (SpMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

Parameters

in	A	Reference to instance of class SpMatrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (SkMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using skyline-stored matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

Parameters

in	Α	SkMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (TrMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using a tridiagonal matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

Parameters

in	A	TrMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	ect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (BMatrix< T_- > & A, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x)

Constructor using a banded matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

Parameters

in	A	BMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (DMatrix< T₋> & A, const Vect< T₋> & b, Vect< T₋> & x)

Constructor using a dense matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

in	A	DMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	ect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (DSMatrix $< T_- > & A$, const Vect $< T_- > & b$, Vect $< T_- > & x$)

Constructor using a dense symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

Parameters

in	A	DSMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	ect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$, const Vect $< T_- > & b$, Vect $< T_- > & x$)

Constructor using skyline-stored symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

Parameters

in	A	SkMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

LinearSolver (SkMatrix< T $_->$ & A, Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using matrix, right-hand side.

Parameters

in	A	SkMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	/ect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains the initial guess on input and solution on output	

7.62.3 Member Function Documentation

void setVerbose (int verb)

Set message level.

Default value is 0

void setMaxIter (int m)

Set Maximum number of iterations. Default value is 1000

void setMatrix (OFELI::Matrix $< T_- > *A$)

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to Matrix.

in	A	Pointer to abstract Matrix class

7.62. LINEARSOLVER < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE RICHARDIENE 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

void setMatrix (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to matrix.

Parameters

in	Α	Pointer to abstract Matrix class
----	---	----------------------------------

void setMatrix (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Set matrix in the case of a skyline matrix.

Parameters

in	Α	Matrix as instance of class SkMatrix
----	---	--------------------------------------

void set (SpMatrix< T_- > & A, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x)

Set matrix, right-hand side and initial guess.

Parameters

in	A	Reference to matrix as a SpMatrix instance
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess on input and solution on output

void setSolver (Iteration s, Preconditioner $p = DIAG_PREC$)

Set solver and preconditioner.

Parameters

in	S	Solver identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. By default, the diagonal preconditioner is used. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner: IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, SSOR_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: ILU_PREC]

Note

The argument p has no effect if the solver is DIRECT_SOLVER

int solve (SpMatrix< T_- > & A, const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x, Iteration s, Preconditioner p = DIAG_PREC)

Solve equations using system data, prescribed solver and preconditioner.

Parameters

in	A	Reference to matrix as a SpMatrix instance
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess on input and solution on output
in	s	Solver identification parameter To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: CGS_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner: IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, SSOR_PREC, ILU_PREC, DILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

Remarks

The argument p has no effect if the solver is DIRECT_SOLVER

Warning

If the library eigen is used, only the preconditioners IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC and ILU_PREC are available.

int solve ()

Solve equations all arguments must have given by other member functions.

Solver and preconditioner parameters must have been set by function setSolver. Otherwise, default values are set.

7.63 LocalMatrix< T₋, NR₋, NC₋> Class Template Reference

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

Public Member Functions

• LocalMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• LocalMatrix (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &m)

Copy constructor.

• LocalMatrix (Element *el, const SpMatrix < T_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SpMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element *el, const SkMatrix < T_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element *el, const SkSMatrix < T_− > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkSMatrix.

• ~LocalMatrix ()

Destructor.

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i, size₋t j)

Operator () (Non constant version)

```
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Operator () (Constant version)
• void Localize (Element *el, const SpMatrix< T_> &a)
      Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SpMatrix.

    void Localize (Element *el, const SkMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

      Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkMatrix.
• void Localize (Element *el, const SkSMatrix< T_> &a)
      Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkSMatrix.

    LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > & operator = (const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &m)

      Operator =
• LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)
      Operator =

    LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > & operator += (const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &m)

      Operator +=

    LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > & operator = (const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &m)

      Operator -=
• LocalVect< T_, NR_ > operator* (LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x)
      Operator *
• LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_> & operator += (const T_- &x)
      Operator +=
• LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator== (const T_ &x)
      Operator -=
• LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_> & operator*= (const T_ &x)
      Operator *=
• LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & operator/= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)
      Operator /=

    void MultAdd (const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x, LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &y)

      Multiply matrix by vector and add result to vector.

    void MultAddScal (const T_ &a, const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x, LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &y)

      Multiply matrix by scaled vector and add result to vector.
• void Mult (const LocalVect< T_, NC_> &x, LocalVect< T_, NR_> &y)
      Multiply matrix by vector.

    void Symmetrize ()

      Symmetrize matrix.
• int Factor ()
      Factorize matrix.
• int Solve (LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &b)
      Forward and backsubstitute to solve a linear system.
• int FactorAndSolve (LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &b)
      Factorize matrix and solve linear system.
• void Invert (LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &A)
      Calculate inverse of matrix.
• T_getInnerProduct (const LocalVect< T_, NC_> &x, const LocalVect< T_, NR_> &y)
      Calculate inner product witrh respect to matrix.
• T_* get ()
      Return pointer to matrix as a C-array.
```

7.63.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_- , size_t NR_- , size_t NC_- > class OFELI::LocalMatrix< T_- , NR_- , NC_- >

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

The template class LocalMatrix treats small size matrices. Typically, this class is recommended to store element and side arrays.

Internally, no dynamic storage is used.

Template Parameters

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_	
N⊷	number of rows of matrix
R⊷	
_	
N⊷	number of columns of matrix
C←	
_	

7.63.2 Member Function Documentation

T_& operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version)
Returns entry at row i and column j.

 T_{-} operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version)
Returns entry at row i and column j.

7.64 LocalVect< T₋, N₋ > Class Template Reference

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

Public Member Functions

• LocalVect ()

 $Default\ constructor.$

• LocalVect (const T₋ *a)

Constructor using a C-array.

• LocalVect (const Element *el)

Constructor using Element pointer.

• LocalVect (const Side *sd)

Constructor using Side pointer.

• LocalVect (const LocalVect < T_, N_ > &v)

Copy constructor.

• LocalVect (const Element *el, const Vect< T_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

```
• LocalVect (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &v, int opt=0)
      Constructor of a side vector from a global Vect instance.
• ∼LocalVect ()
      Destructor.
• void getLocal (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &v, int type)
      Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.
• void Localize (const Element *el, const Vect< T_> &v, size_t k=0)
      Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.
• void Localize (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &v, size_t k=0)
      Localize a side vector from a global Vect instance.
• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t i)
      Operator [] (Non constant version).
• T_operator[] (size_t i) const
      Operator [] (Constant version).
• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size_t i)
      Operator () (Non constant version).
• T_ operator() (size_t i) const
      Operator () (Constant version).
Element * El ()
      Return pointer to Element if vector was constructed using an element and NULL otherwise.
• Side * Sd ()
      Return pointer to Side if vector was constructed using a side and NULL otherwise.
• LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
      Operator =
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > & operator = (const T_- & x)
      Operator =
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator += (const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&v)
      Operator +=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_-> & operator+= (const T<math>_- &a)
      Operator +=
• LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
      Operator -=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator = (const T_- \& a)
      Operator -=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator*= (const T_- \& a)
      Operator *=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator/= (const T_- \& a)
      Operator /=
• T_* get ()
      Return pointer to vector as a C-Array.
• T_ operator, (const LocalVect< T_, N_ > &v) const
      Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.
```

7.64.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_-, size_t N_- > class OFELI::LocalVect < T_-, N_- >
```

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

The template class LocalVect treats small size vectors. Typically, this class is recommended to store element and side arrays. Operators =, [] and () are overloaded so that one can write for instance:

```
LocalVect<double,10> u, v;
v = -1.0;
u = v;
u(3) = -2.0;
```

to set vector \mathbf{v} entries to -1, copy vector \mathbf{v} into vector \mathbf{u} and assign third entry of \mathbf{v} to -2. Notice that entries of \mathbf{v} are here $\mathbf{v}(1)$, $\mathbf{v}(2)$, ..., $\mathbf{v}(10)$, *i.e.* vector entries start at index 1. Internally, no dynamic storage is used.

Template Parameters

T←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	
N⊷	Vector size
_←	

7.64.2 Member Function Documentation

```
T_{\&} operator[] ( size_t i )
```

```
Operator [] (Non constant version). v[i] starts at v[0] to v[size()-1]
```

T_{-} operator[] (size_t i) const

```
Operator [] (Constant version). v[i] starts at v[0] to v[size()-1]
```

T_{\pm} operator() (size_t i)

```
Operator () (Non constant version). v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size()). v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]
```

T_{-} operator() (size_t i) const

```
Operator () (Constant version). v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size()) v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]
```

7.65 Material Class Reference

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

Public Member Functions

• Material ()

Default consructor.

• Material (const Material &m)

Copy constructor.

• ∼Material ()

Destructor.

• int set (int m, const string &name)

Associate to material code number n the material named name

• string getName (int m) const

Return material name for material with code m

• int getCode (size_t i) const

Return material code for *i*-th material.

size_t getNbMat () const

Return Number of read materials.

• void setCode (int m)

Associate code m to current material.

- int check (int c)
- real_t Density ()

Return constant density.

• real_t Density (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return density at point x and time t

real_t SpecificHeat ()

Return constant specific heat.

real_t SpecificHeat (const Point < real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return specific heat at point x and time t

real_t ThermalConductivity ()

Return constant thermal conductivity.

real_t ThermalConductivity (const Point < real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return thermal conductivity at point x and time t

• real_t MeltingTemperature ()

Return constant melting temperature.

• real_t MeltingTemperature (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return melting temperature at point x and time t

real_t EvaporationTemperature ()

Return constant evaporation temperature.

real_t EvaporationTemperature (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return evaporation temperature at point x and time t

real_t ThermalExpansion ()

Return constant thermal expansion coefficient.

real_t ThermalExpansion (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return thermal expansion coefficient at point x and time t

real_t LatentHeatForMelting ()

Return constant latent heat for melting.

real_t LatentHeatForMelting (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return latent heat for melting at point x and time t

real_t LatentHeatForEvaporation ()

Return constant latent heat for evaporation.

real_t LatentHeatForEvaporation (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return latent heat for evaporation at point x and time t

real_t DielectricConstant ()

Return constant dielectric constant.

real_t DielectricConstant (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return dielectric constant at point x and time t

real_t ElectricConductivity ()

Return constant electric conductivity.

real_t ElectricConductivity (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return electric conductivity at point x and time t

real_t ElectricResistivity ()

Return constant electric resistivity.

• real_t ElectricResistivity (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return electric resistivity at point x and time t

real_t MagneticPermeability ()

Return constant magnetic permeability.

• real_t MagneticPermeability (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return magnetic permeability at point x and time t

• real_t Viscosity ()

Return constant viscosity.

real_t Viscosity (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return viscosity at point x and time t

real_t YoungModulus ()

Return constant Young modulus.

real_t YoungModulus (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return Young modulus at point x and time t

• real_t PoissonRatio ()

Return constant Poisson ratio.

real_t PoissonRatio (const Point< real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return Poisson ratio at point x and time t

• real_t Property (int i)

 $Return\ constant\ \ i\hbox{--}th\ property.$

real_t Property (int i, const Point < real_t > &x, real_t t)

Return i-th property at point x and time t

• Material & operator= (const Material &m)

Operator =.

7.65.1 Detailed Description

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

7.65.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Material ()

Default consructor.

It initializes the class and searches for the path where are material data files.

7.65.3 Member Function Documentation

int set (int m, const string & name)

Associate to material code number n the material named name

Returns

Number of materials

string getName (int m) const

Return material name for material with code m

If such a material is not found, return a blank string.

int check (int c)

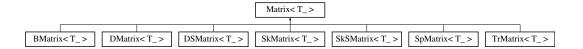
Check if material code c is present.

Returns

0 if succeeded, 1 if not.

7.66 Matrix < T_ > Class Template Reference

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats. Inheritance diagram for Matrix< $T_->$:



Public Member Functions

• Matrix ()

Default constructor.

• Matrix (const Matrix < T_> &m)

Copy Constructor.

• virtual ~Matrix ()

Destructor.

• size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

size_t getNbColumns () const

 $Return\ number\ of\ columns.$

void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

T_getDiag (size_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void MultAdd (const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const =0

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y

• virtual void MultAdd (T_a, const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const =0

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add to \mathbf{y}

virtual void Mult (const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const =0

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y

• virtual void TMult (const Vect< T_> &v, Vect< T_> &w) const =0

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y

virtual void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix < T₋ > *x)=0

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T₋ *a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T₋ > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T₋ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T₋ > &b, const Vect< T₋ > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) *essential boundary condition.*

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)=0

Add val to entry (i, j).

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• virtual int solve (Vect< T₋ > &b)=0

Solve the linear system by a direct method.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve system with factorized matrix (forward and back substitution).

int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T₋ > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• virtual void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)=0

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• virtual T₋ & operator() (size₋t i, size₋t j)=0

Operator () (Non constant version).

• virtual T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const =0

Operator () (Non constant version).

• T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

T_ operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator= (Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator = .

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator= (const T₋ &x)

Operator =.

Matrix & operator*= (const T₋ &x)

Operator *=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T₋ &x)

Operator +=.

Matrix & operator-= (const T₋ &x)

Operator -=.

• virtual T_get (size_t i, size_t j) const =0

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.

7.66.1 Detailed Description

template < class T_> class OFELI::Matrix < T_>

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
_>	

7.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Matrix ()

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-size matrix.

7.66.3 Member Function Documentation

T_{-} getDiag (size_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix. First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

virtual void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix $< T_- > *x$) [pure virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	x	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void setDiagonal (Mesh & mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_-*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

iı	n	el	Pointer to element instance
iı	n	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_->$ & b, const Vect< $T_->$ & u, int flag = 0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (Vect< T_- > & b, int flag = 0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, const Vect< $T_- > \& u$, int flag = 0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

virtual int solve (Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [pure virtual]

Solve the linear system by a direct method.

This is available only if the storage class enables it and if matrix has been primarily factorized (See **isFactorized**).

Implemented in SpMatrix< T_- >, DMatrix< T_- >, SkSMatrix< T_- >, SkMatrix< T_- >, DS \leftarrow Matrix< T_- >, BMatrix< T_- >, and TrMatrix< T_- >.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve system with factorized matrix (forward and back substitution).

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- _
- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is null
 Solution is performed only is factorization has previouly been invoked.

int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

virtual void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [pure virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Value to assign

Implemented in SpMatrix< T_- >, SkSMatrix< T_- >, DMatrix< T_- >, SkMatrix< T_- >, Tr \leftarrow Matrix< T_- >, BMatrix< T_- >, and DSMatrix< T_- >.

virtual T_& operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [pure virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Returns the (i, j) entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implemented in SpMatrix< T_- >, DMatrix< T_- >, SkSMatrix< T_- >, SkMatrix< T_- >, DS \leftarrow Matrix< T_- >, TrMatrix< T_- >, and BMatrix< T_- >.

virtual T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [pure virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Returns the (i, j) entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implemented in SpMatrix< T_- >, DMatrix< T_- >, SkSMatrix< T_- >, SkMatrix< T_- >, DS \leftarrow Matrix< T_- >, TrMatrix< T_- >, and BMatrix< T_- >.

T_{-} operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

III t entry maex	in	i	entry index
----------------------	----	---	-------------

T_{-} % operator() (size_t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_{-} operator[] (size_t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_{-} operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator= (Matrix $< T_- > & m$)

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$)

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator== (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$)

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator= (const $T_- \& x$)

Operator =.

Assign constant value x to all matrix entries.

Matrix& operator*= (const $T_- & x$)

Operator *=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x

Matrix& operator+= (const $T_- & x$)

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

Matrix& operator== (const T_{-} & x)

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

7.67 Mesh Class Reference

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

Public Member Functions

• Mesh ()

Default constructor (Empty mesh)

• Mesh (const string &file, bool bc=false, int opt=NODE_DOF, int nb_dof=1)

Constructor using a mesh file.

• Mesh (real_t L, size_t nb_el, size_t p=1, size_t nb_dof=1)

Constructor for a 1-D mesh. The domain is the interval [0,L].

• Mesh (const Grid &g, int opt=QUADRILATERAL)

Constructor for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

• Mesh (const Grid &g, int shape, int opt)

Constructor of dual mesh for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

Mesh (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, size_t ne, int c1, int c2, int opt=0)

Constructor for a uniform 1-D finite element mesh.

Mesh (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax, size_t nx, size_t ny, int c1, int c2, int c3, int c4, int opt=0)

Constructor for a uniform 2-D structured finite element mesh.

Mesh (const Mesh &m, const Point < real_t > &x_bl, const Point < real_t > &x_tr)

Constructor that extracts the mesh of a rectangular region from an initial mesh.

Mesh (const Mesh &mesh, int opt, size_t dof1, size_t dof2, bool bc=false)

Constructor that copies the input mesh and selects given degrees of freedom.

• Mesh (const Mesh &ms)

Copy Constructor.

• ~Mesh ()

Destructor.

• void setDim (size_t dim)

Define space dimension. Normally, between 1 and 3.

• void setVerbose (int verb)

Define Verbose Parameter. Controls output details.

• void Add (Node *nd)

Add a node to mesh.

• void Add (Element *el)

Add an element to mesh.

• void Add (Side *sd)

Add a side to mesh.

• void Add (Edge *ed)

Add an edge to mesh.

• Mesh & operator*= (real_t a)

Operator *=

• void get (const string &mesh_file)

Read mesh data in file.

• void get (const string &mesh_file, int ff, int nb_dof=1)

Read mesh data in file with giving its format.

void setDOFSupport (int opt, int nb_nodes=1)

Define supports of degrees of freedom.

void setNbDOFPerNode (size_t nb_dof=1)

Define number of degrees of freedom for each node.

• void setPointInDomain (Point< real_t > x)

Define a point in the domain. This function makes sense only if boundary mesh is given without internal mesh (Case of Boundary Elements)

• void removeImposedDOF ()

Eliminate equations corresponding to imposed DOF.

size_t NumberEquations (size_t dof=0)

Renumber Equations.

• size_t NumberEquations (size_t dof, int c)

Renumber Equations.

• int getAllSides (int opt=0)

Determine all mesh sides.

size_t getNbSideNodes () const

Return the number of nodes on each side.

• size_t getNbElementNodes () const

Return the number of nodes in each element.

int getBoundarySides ()

Determine all boundary sides.

• int createBoundarySideList ()

Create list of boundary sides.

int getBoundaryNodes ()

Determine all boundary nodes.

• int createInternalSideList ()

Create list of internal sides (not on the boundary).

• int getAllEdges ()

Determine all edges.

void getNodeNeighborElements ()

Create node neighboring elements.

• void getElementNeighborElements ()

Create element neighboring elements.

void setMaterial (int code, const string &mname)

Associate material to code of element.

• void Reorder (size_t m=GRAPH_MEMORY)

Renumber mesh nodes according to reverse Cuthill Mc Kee algorithm.

• void Add (size_t num, real_t *x)

Add a node by giving its label and an array containing its coordinates.

void DeleteNode (size_t label)

Remove a node given by its label.

• void DeleteElement (size_t label)

Remove an element given by its label.

• void DeleteSide (size_t label)

Remove a side given by its label.

void Delete (Node *nd)

Remove a node given by its pointer.

void Delete (Element *el)

Remove a node given by its pointer.

void Delete (Side *sd)

Remove a side given by its pointer.

• void Delete (Edge *ed)

Remove an edge given by its pointer.

• void RenumberNode (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber a node.

• void RenumberElement (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber an element.

• void RenumberSide (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber a side.

• void RenumberEdge (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber an edge.

• void setNodeView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for nodes.

void setElementView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for elements.

• void setSideView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for sides.

• void setEdgeView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for edges.

void setList (const std::vector < Node * > &nl)

Initialize list of mesh nodes using the input vector.

• void setList (const std::vector< Element * > &el)

Initialize list of mesh elements using the input vector.

• void setList (const std::vector< Side * > &sl)

*Initialize list of mesh sides using the input vector.*void Rescale (real_t sx, real_t sy=0., real_t sz=0.)

Rescale mesh by multiplying node coordinates by constants.

• int getVerbose () const

Return Verbose Parameter.

• size_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of nodes.

• size_t getNbMarkedNodes () const

Return number of marked nodes.

size_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of vertices.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return total number of degrees of freedom (DOF)

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of equations.

• size_t getNbEq (int i) const

Return number of equations for the i-th set of degrees of freedom.

• size_t getNbElements () const

Return number of elements.

• size_t getNbSides () const

Return number of sides.

• size_t getNbEdges () const

Return number of sides.

• size_t getNbBoundarySides () const

Return number of boundary sides.

• size_t getNbInternalSides () const

Return number of internal sides.

• size_t getNbMat () const

Return number of materials.

• void AddMidNodes (int g=0)

Add mid-side nodes.

• Point< real_t > getMaxCoord () const

Return maximum coordinates of nodes.

Point< real_t > getMinCoord () const

Return minimum coordinates of nodes.

• void set (Node *nd)

Replace node in the mesh.

• void set (Element *el)

Replace element in the mesh.

• void set (Side *sd)

Choose side in the mesh.

• bool NodesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• bool SidesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• bool EdgesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• bool ElementsAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• int getDOFSupport () const

Return information on dof support Return an integer according to enumerated values: NODE_DOF, EL← EMENT_DOF SIDE_DOF.

void put (const string &mesh_file) const

Write mesh data on file.

• void save (const string &mesh_file) const

Write mesh data on file in various formats.

void Bput (const string &mesh_file) const

Write mesh data on a binary file.

• bool withImposedDOF () const

Return true if imposed DOF count in equations, false if not.

• bool isStructured () const

Return true is mesh is structured, false if not.

size_t getNodeNewLabel (size_t n) const

Return new label of node of a renumbered node.

void getList (vector < Node * > &nl) const

Fill vector nl with list of pointers to nodes.

• void getList (vector< Element * > &el) const

Fill vector el with list of pointers to elements.

• void getList (vector< Side * > &sl) const

Fill vector sl with list of pointers to sides.

Node * getPtrNode (size_t i) const

Return pointer to node with label i.

• Node & getNode (size_t i) const

Return refenrece to node with label i

• Element * getPtrElement (size_t i) const

Return pointer to element with label i

• Element & getElement (size_t i) const

Return reference to element with label i

Side * getPtrSide (size_t i) const

Return pointer to side with label i

• Side & getSide (size_t i) const

Return reference to side with label i

Edge * getPtrEdge (size_t i) const

Return pointer to edge with label i

Edge & getEdge (size_t i) const

Return reference to edge with label i

size_t getNodeLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th node.

• size_t getElementLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th element.

• size_t getSideLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th side.

size_t getEdgeLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th edge.

• void topNode () const

Reset list of nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

void topBoundaryNode () const

Reset list of boundary nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

void topMarkedNode () const

Reset list of marked nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topElement () const

Reset list of elements at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topSide () const

Reset list of sides at its top position (Non constant version)

void topBoundarySide () const

Reset list of boundary sides at its top position (Non constant version)

void topInternalSide () const

Reset list of intrenal sides at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topEdge () const

Reset list of edges at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topBoundaryEdge () const

Reset list of boundary edges at its top position (Non constant version)

Node * getNode () const

Return pointer to current node and move to next one (Non constant version)

Node * getBoundaryNode () const

Return pointer to current boundary node and move to next one (Non constant version)

Node * getMarkedNode () const

Return pointer to current marked node and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Element * getElement () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

Element * getActiveElement () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Side * getSide () const

Return pointer to current side and move to next one (Non constant version)

Side * getBoundarySide () const

Return pointer to current boundary side and move to next one (Non constant version)

Side * getInternalSide () const

Return pointer to current internal side and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Edge * getEdge () const

Return pointer to current edge and move to next one (Non constant version)

Edge * getBoundaryEdge () const

Return pointer to current boundary edge and move to next one (Non constant version)

• int getShape () const

Determine shape of elements Return Shape index (see enum ElementShape) if all elements have the same shape, 0 if not.

• Element * operator() (size_t i) const

Operator (): Return pointer to i-th element.

Node * operator[] (size_t i) const

Operator []: Return pointer to i-th node.

• size_t operator() (size_t i, size_t n) const

Operator () : Return pointer to i-th node of n-th element.

• Mesh & operator= (Mesh &ms)

Operator = : Assign a Mesh instance.

Friends

• void Refine (Mesh &in_mesh, Mesh &out_mesh)

Refine mesh. Subdivide each triangle into 4 subtriangles. This member function is valid for 2-D triangular meshes only.

7.67.1 Detailed Description

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

Class Mesh enables defining as an object a finite element mesh. A finite element mesh is characterized by its nodes, elements and sides. Each of these types of data constitutes a class in the OFELI library.

The standard procedure to introduce the finite element mesh is to provide an input file containing its data. For this, we have defined our own mesh data file (following the XML syntax). Of course, a developer can write his own function to read his finite element mesh file using the methods in Mesh.

7.67.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Mesh (const string & file, bool bc = false, int $opt = NODE_DOF$, int $nb_dof = 1$)

Constructor using a mesh file.

Parameters

in	file	File containing mesh data. The extension of the file yields the file format: The extension .m implies OFELI file format and .msh implies GMSH msh file.
in	bc	Flag to remove (true) or not (false) imposed Degrees of Freedom [default: false]
in	opt	Type of DOF support: To choose among enumerated values NODE_DOF, SIDE_DOF or ELEMENT_DOF. Say if degrees of freedom (unknowns) are supported by nodes, sides or elements.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node [Default: 1]. This value is meaningful only if other format than OFELI's one is used. Otherwise, the information is contained in the OFELI file format.

Mesh (real_t L, size_t nb_el , size_t p = 1, size_t $nb_dof = 1$)

Constructor for a 1-D mesh. The domain is the interval [0,L].

Parameters

in	L	Length of the interval
in	nb_el	Number of elements to generate
in	p	Degree of finite element polynomial (Default = 1)
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node (Default = 1)

Mesh (const Grid & g, int opt = QUADRILATERAL)

Constructor for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

in	8	Grid instance
in	opt	Optional value to say which type of elements to generate
		TRIANGLE: Mesh elements are triangles
		QUADRILATERAL: Mesh elements are quadrilaterals [default]

Mesh (const Grid & g, int shape, int opt)

Constructor of dual mesh for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

Parameters

in	g	Grid instance	
in	shape	Value to say which type of elements to generate	
		TRIANGLE: Mesh elements are triangles	
		QUADRILATERAL: Mesh elements are quadrilaterals [default]	
in	opt	This argument can take any value. It is here only to distinguish from the other constructor using Grid instance.	

Remarks

This constructor is to be used to obtain a dual mesh from a structured grid. It is mainly useful if a cell centered finite volume method is used.

Mesh (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, size_t ne, int c1, int c2, int opt = 0)

Constructor for a uniform 1-D finite element mesh.

The domain is the line (xmin,xmax)

in	xmin	Minimal coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal coordinate
in	пе	Number of elements
in	c1	Code for the first node (x=xmin)
in	c2	Code for the last node (x=xmax)
in	opt	Flag to generate elements as well (if not zero) [Default: 0].

Remarks

The option opt can be set to 0 if the user intends to use finite differences.

Mesh (real_t xmin, real_t xmax, real_t ymin, real_t ymax, size_t nx, size_t ny, int c1, int c2, int c3, int c4, int opt = 0)

Constructor for a uniform 2-D structured finite element mesh.

The domain is the rectangle (xmin,xmax)x(ymin,ymax)

Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal y-coordinate
in	утах	Maximal y-coordinate
in	nx	Number of subintervals on the x-axis
in	ny	Number of subintervals on the y-axis
in	c1	Code for nodes generated on the line y=0
in	c2	Code for nodes generated on the line x=Lx
in	c3	Code for nodes generated on the line y=Ly
in	c4	Code for nodes generated on the line x=0
in	opt	Flag to generate elements as well (if not zero) [Default: 0]. If the flag is not 0, it can take one of the enumerated values: TRIANGLE or QUADRILATERAL, with obvious meaning.

Remarks

The option opt can be set to 0 if the user intends to use finite differences.

Mesh (const Mesh & m, const Point< real_t > & x_bl , const Point< real_t > & x_t

Constructor that extracts the mesh of a rectangular region from an initial mesh. This constructor is useful for zooming purposes for instance.

Parameters

in	т	Initial mesh from which the submesh is extracted
in	<i>x</i> ← _ <i>bl</i>	Coordinate of bottom left vertex of the rectangle
in	<i>x</i> ← _ <i>tr</i>	Coordinate of top right vertex of the rectangle

Mesh (const Mesh & mesh, int opt, size_t dof1, size_t dof2, bool bc = false)

Constructor that copies the input mesh and selects given degrees of freedom.

This constructor is to be used for coupled problems where each subproblem uses a choice of degrees of freedom.

in	mesh	Initial mesh from which the submesh is extracted	
in	opt	Type of DOF support: To choose among enumerated values NODE_DOF, SIDE_DOF or ELEMENT_DOF.	
in	dof1	Label of first degree of freedom to select to the output mesh	
in	dof2	Label of last degree of freedom to select to the output mesh	
in	bc	Flag to remove (true) or not (false) imposed Degrees of Freedom [Default: false]	

Mesh (const Mesh & ms)

Copy Constructor.

Parameters

in ms Mesh insta	ance to copy
------------------	--------------

7.67.3 Member Function Documentation

void setDim (size_t dim)

Define space dimension. Normally, between 1 and 3.

Parameters

	in	dim	Space dimension to set (must be between 1 and 3)]
--	----	-----	--	---

void setVerbose (int verb)

Define Verbose Parameter. Controls output details.

Parameters

in	verb	verbosity parameter (Must be between 0 and 10)
----	------	--

void Add (Node * nd)

Add a node to mesh.

ń			
	in	nd	Pointer to Node to add

void Add (Element * el)

Add an element to mesh.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element to add
----	----	---------------------------

void Add (Side * sd)

Add a side to mesh.

Parameters

in s	sd	Pointer to Side to add
------	----	------------------------

void Add (Edge * ed)

Add an edge to mesh.

Parameters

in	ed	Pointer to Edge to add
----	----	------------------------

Mesh& operator*= (real_t a)

Operator *=

Rescale mesh coordinates by myltiplying by a factor

Parameters

in a Va	alue to multiply by
---------	---------------------

void get (const string & mesh_file)

Read mesh data in file.

Mesh file must be in OFELI format. See "File Formats" page

Parameters

i			
	in	mesh_file	Mesh file name

void get (const string & $mesh_file$, int ff, int $nb_dof = 1$)

Read mesh data in file with giving its format.

File format can be chosen among a variety of choices. See "File Formats" page

in	mesh_file	Mesh file name	
in	ff	File format: Integer to chose among enumerated values: OFELI_FF, GMSH, MATLAB, EASYMESH, GAMBIT, BAMG, NETGEN, TRIANGLE_FF	
in <i>nb_dof</i> Number of degrees of freedom per node (Default value: 1)			

void setDOFSupport (int opt, int nb_nodes = 1)

Define supports of degrees of freedom.

Parameters

in	opt	DOF type:	
		 NODE_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by nodes 	
		 SIDE_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by sides 	
		 EDGE_D0F: Degrees of freedom are supported by edges 	
		• ELEMENT_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by elements	
in	nb_nodes	Number of nodes on sides or elements (default=1). This parameter is useful only if dofs are supported by sides or elements	

Note

This member function creates all mesh sides if the option ELEMENT_DOF or SIDE_DOF is selected. So it not necessary to call getAllSides() after

void setNbDOFPerNode (size_t nb_dof = 1)

Define number of degrees of freedom for each node.

Parameters

in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom (unknowns) for each mesh node (Default value
		is 1)

Note

This function first declares nodes as unknown supports, sets the number of degrees of freedom and renumbers equations

void setPointInDomain (Point< real $_-$ t>x)

Define a point in the domain. This function makes sense only if boundary mesh is given without internal mesh (Case of Boundary Elements)

	in	x	Coordinates of point to define
--	----	---	--------------------------------

size_t NumberEquations (size_t dof = 0)

Renumber Equations.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of degree of freedom for which numbering is performed. Default value (0)
		means that all degrees of freedom are taken into account

size_t NumberEquations (size_t dof, int c)

Renumber Equations.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of degree of freedom for which numbering is performed.
in	С	code for which degrees of freedom are enforced.

int getAllSides (int opt = 0)

Determine all mesh sides.

Returns

Number of all sides.

int getBoundarySides ()

Determine all boundary sides.

Returns

Number of boundary sides.

int createBoundarySideList ()

Create list of boundary sides.

This function is useful to loop over boundary sides without testing Once this one is called, the function <code>getNbBoundarySides()</code> is available. Moreover, looping over boundary sides is available via the member functions <code>topBoundarySide()</code> and <code>getBoundarySide()</code>

Returns

Number of boundary sides.

int getBoundaryNodes ()

Determine all boundary nodes.

Returns

n Number of boundary nodes.

int createInternalSideList()

Create list of internal sides (not on the boundary).

This function is useful to loop over internal sides without testing Once this one is called, the function getNbInternalSides() is available. Moreover, looping over internal sides is available via the member functions topInternalSide() and getInternalSide()

Returns

n Number of internal sides.

int getAllEdges ()

Determine all edges.

Returns

Number of all edges.

void getNodeNeighborElements ()

Create node neighboring elements.

This function is generally useful when, for a numerical method, one looks for a given node to the list of elements that share this node. Once this function is invoked, one can retrieve the list of neighboring elements of any node (Node::getNeigEl)

void getElementNeighborElements ()

Create element neighboring elements.

This function creates for each element the list of elements that share a side with it. Once this function is invoked, one can retrieve the list of neighboring elements of any element (Element← ::getNeigborElement)

void setMaterial (int code, const string & mname)

Associate material to code of element.

Parameters

in	code	Element code for which material is assigned
in	mname	Name of material

void Reorder (size_t m = GRAPH_MEMORY)

Renumber mesh nodes according to reverse Cuthill Mc Kee algorithm.

in	Memory size needed for matrix graph (default value is GRAPH_MEMORY, see
	OFELI_Config.h)

void Add (size_t num, real_t * x)

Add a node by giving its label and an array containing its coordinates.

Parameters

in	num	Label of node to add
in	x	C-array of node coordinates

void DeleteNode (size_t label)

Remove a node given by its label.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

Parameters

in <i>label</i>	Label of node to delete
-----------------	-------------------------

void DeleteElement (size_t label)

Remove an element given by its label.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

Parameters

in	label	Label of element to delete

void DeleteSide (size_t label)

Remove a side given by its label.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

Parameters

in	label	Label of side to delete
----	-------	-------------------------

void Delete (Node * nd)

Remove a node given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

in	nd	Pointer to node to delete
----	----	---------------------------

void Delete (Element * el)

Remove a node given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

Parameters

i	n	el	Pointer to element to delete
---	---	----	------------------------------

void Delete (Side * sd)

Remove a side given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

Parameters

void Delete (Edge * ed)

Remove an edge given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

Parameters

in ed Pointer to edge to delet

void RenumberNode (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber a node.

Parameters

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

void RenumberElement (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber an element.

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

void RenumberSide (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber a side.

Parameters

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

void RenumberEdge (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Renumber an edge.

Parameters

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

void setNodeView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for nodes.

Parameters

in	n1	First node to view
in	n2	last node to view

void setElementView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for elements.

Parameters

in	n1	First element to view
in	n2	last element to view

void setSideView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for sides.

in	n1	First side to view
in	<i>n</i> 2	last side to view

void setEdgeView (size_t n1, size_t n2)

Set viewing window for edges.

Parameters

in	n1	First edge to view
in	n2	last edge to view

void setList (const std::vector< Node * > & nl)

Initialize list of mesh nodes using the input vector.

Parameters

in	nl	vector instance that contains the list of pointers to nodes
----	----	---

void setList (const std::vector< Element * > & el)

Initialize list of mesh elements using the input vector.

Parameters

	in	el	vector instance that contains the list of pointers to elements
--	----	----	--

void setList (const std::vector< Side * > & sl)

Initialize list of mesh sides using the input vector.

Parameters

in	sl	vector instance that contains the list of pointers to sides	
----	----	---	--

void Rescale (real_t sx, real_t sy = 0., real_t sz = 0.)

Rescale mesh by multiplying node coordinates by constants. This function can be used e.g. for changing coordinate units

in	sx	Factor to multiply by x coordinates
in	sy	Factor to multiply by y coordinates [Default: sx]
in	SZ	Factor to multiply by z coordinates [Default: sx]

size_t getNbBoundarySides () const

Return number of boundary sides.

This function is valid if member function **getAllSides** or **getBoundarySides** has been invoked before

size_t getNbInternalSides () const

Return number of internal sides.

This function is valid if member functions **getAllSides** and **createInternalSideList** have been invoked before

void AddMidNodes (int g = 0)

Add mid-side nodes.

This is function is valid for triangles only

Parameters

in g Option to say of barycentre node is to be added (>	0) or not (=0)
---	----------------

void set (Node * nd)

Replace node in the mesh.

If the node label exists already, the existing node pointer will be replaced by the current one. If not, an error message is displayed.

Parameters

in nd	Pointer to node
-------	-----------------

void set (Element * el)

Replace element in the mesh.

If the element label exists already, the existing element pointer will be replaced by the current one. If not, an error message is displayed.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element
----	----	--------------------

void set (Side * sd)

Choose side in the mesh.

If the side label exists already, the existing side pointer will be replaced by the current one. If not, an error message is displayed.

in sd	Pointer to side
-------	-----------------

bool NodesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by nodes, false otherwise

bool SidesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by sides, false otherwise

bool EdgesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by edges, false otherwise

bool ElementsAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by elements, false otherwise

void put (const string & mesh_file) const

Write mesh data on file.

Parameters

in 1	nesh_file	Mesh file name
------	-----------	----------------

void save (const string & mesh_file) const

Write mesh data on file in various formats. File format depends on the extension in file name

in	mesh_file	Mesh file name If the extension is '.m', the output file is an OFELI file If the
		extension is '.gpl', the output file is a Gnuplot file If the extension is '.msh' or
		'.geo', the output file is a Gmsh file If the extension is '.vtk', the output file is a
		VTK file

void Bput (const string & mesh_file) const

Write mesh data on a binary file.

Parameters

in	mesh_file	Mesh file name
----	-----------	----------------

void getList (vector< Node * > & nl) const

Fill vector nl with list of pointers to nodes.

Parameters

out	nl	Instance of class vector that contain on output the list
-----	----	--

void getList (vector< Element * > & el) const

Fill vector el with list of pointers to elements.

Parameters

	out	el	Instance of class vector that contain on output the list	
--	-----	----	--	--

void getList (vector< Side * > & sl) const

Fill vector s1 with list of pointers to sides.

Parameters

out	sl	Instance of class vector that contain on output the list

$size_t getNodeLabel (size_t i) const$

Return label of i-th node.

Parameters

in i	Node index
------	------------

size_t getElementLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th element.

in	i	Element index

size_t getSideLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th side.

Parameters

in i	Side index
------	------------

size_t getEdgeLabel (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th edge.

Parameters

in	i	Edge index
----	---	------------

Element* getActiveElement () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

This function returns pointer to the current element only is this one is active. Otherwise it goes to the next active element (To be used when adaptive meshing is involved)

7.67.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

void Refine (Mesh & in_mesh, Mesh & out_mesh) [friend]

Refine mesh. Subdivide each triangle into 4 subtriangles. This member function is valid for 2-D triangular meshes only.

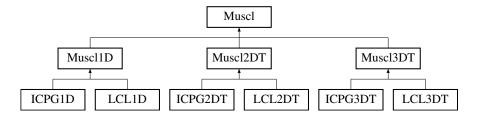
Parameters

in	in_mesh	Input mesh
out	out_mesh	Output mesh

7.68 Muscl Class Reference

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

Inheritance diagram for Muscl:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• Muscl (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• virtual ~Muscl ()

Destructor.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

 $Return\ code\ of\ solid\ zone,\ 0\ if\ this\ one\ is\ not\ present.$

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.68.1 Detailed Description

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

Everything here is common for both 2D and 3D muscl methods! Virtual functions are implemented in Muscl2D and Muscl3D classes

7.68.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.68.3 Member Function Documentation

void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

Parameters

in dt Tim	ne step value
-----------	---------------

void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length
--	----	----	---------------------------

void set Verbose ($\operatorname{int} v$)

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	
--	----	---	------------------------------	--

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

void setMethod (const Method & s)

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in s Solver to choose	e
-----------------------	---

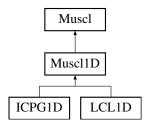
void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

in	1	Limiter to choose

7.69 Muscl1D Class Reference

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme. Inheritance diagram for Muscl1D:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• Muscl1D (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• ~Muscl1D ()

Destructor.

• real_t getMeanLength () const

Return mean length.

• real_t getMaximumLength () const

Return maximal length.

real_t getMinimumLength () const

Return mimal length.

• real_t getTauLim () const

Return mean length.

• void print_mesh_stat ()

Output mesh information.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.69.1 Detailed Description

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

7.69.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.69.3 Member Function Documentation

 ${f void\ setTimeStep\ (\ real_t\ dt\)}$ [inherited]

Assign time step value.

Parameters

in dt Time step value

void setCFL (real_t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

$void\ setReferenceLength\ (\ real_t\ dx\)\ [inherited]$

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

in	dx	Value of reference length
----	----	---------------------------

void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

in	U	Field to reconstruct
----	---	----------------------

out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

void setMethod (const Method & s) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

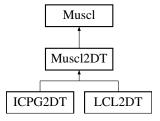
Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

in l	Limiter to choose
------	-------------------

7.70 Muscl2DT Class Reference

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme. Inheritance diagram for Muscl2DT:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

- Muscl2DT (Mesh &m)
 - Constructor using mesh.
- ~Muscl2DT ()

Destructor.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

Protected Member Functions

• void Initialize ()

Construction of normals to sides.

7.70.1 Detailed Description

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

7.70.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.70.3 Member Function Documentation

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

void Initialize() [protected]

Construction of normals to sides.

Convention: for a given side, getPtrElement(1) is the left element and getPtrElement(2) is the right element. The normal goes from left to right. For boundary sides, the normal points outward.

void setTimeStep (real_t dt) [inherited]

Assign time step value.

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

void setCFL (real t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

$void setReferenceLength (real_t dx) [inherited]$

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length	
--	----	----	---------------------------	--

void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

${f void\ setMethod\ (\ const\ Method\ \&\ s\)}$ [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

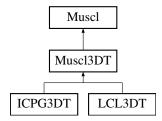
void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

in	l	Limiter to choose
----	---	-------------------

7.71 Muscl3DT Class Reference

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra. Inheritance diagram for Muscl3DT:



Public Types

Public Member Functions

• Muscl3DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh.

• ~Muscl3DT ()

Destructor.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > &U, Vect< real_t > &LU, Vect< real_t > &RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• real_t getMinimumFaceArea () const

Return minimum area of faces in the mesh.

• real_t getMinimumElementVolume () const

Return minimum volume of elements in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumFaceArea () const

Return maximum area of faces in the mesh.

• real_t getMaximumElementVolume () const

Return maximum volume of elements in the mesh.

• real_t getMeanFaceArea () const

Return mean area of faces in the mesh.

• real_t getMeanElementVolume () const

Return mean volume of elements in the mesh.

real_t getMinimumEdgeLength () const

Return minimum length of edges in the mesh.

• real_t getMinimumVolumebyArea () const

Return minimum volume by area in the mesh.
• real_t getMaximumEdgeLength () const

Return maximum length of edges in the mesh.

• real_t getTauLim () const

Return value of tau lim.

real_t getComega () const

Return value of Comega.

void setbetalim (real_t bl)

Assign value of beta lim.

• void setTimeStep (real_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

7.71.1 Detailed Description

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

7.71.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST_ORDER_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX_LIMITER Max limiter

enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX_SOLVER Max solver

7.71.3 Member Function Documentation

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real_t > & U, Vect< real_t > & LU, Vect< real_t > & RU, size_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

$void setTimeStep (real_t dt) [inherited]$

Assign time step value.

in	dt	Time step value

void setCFL (real t CFL) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in CFL Value	of CFL
------------------	--------

$void setReferenceLength (real_t dx) [inherited]$

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

|--|

void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	
--	----	---	------------------------------	--

${f void\ setMethod\ (\ const\ Method\ \&\ s\)}$ [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

void setLimiter(Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

in l	Limiter to choose
--------	-------------------

7.72 Node Class Reference

To describe a node.

Public Member Functions

• Node ()

Default constructor.

• Node (size_t label, const Point< real_t > &x)

Constructor with label and coordinates.

• Node (const Node &node)

Copy Constructor.

• ~Node ()

Destructor.

void setLabel (size_t label)

Define label of node.

void setNbDOF (size_t n)

Define number of DOF.

• void setFirstDOF (size_t n)

Define First DOF.

void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Define code for a given DOF of node.

• void setCode (const vector< int > &code)

Define codes for all node DOFs.

• void setCode (int *code)

Define codes for all node DOFs.

• void setCode (const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking node coordinates.

void setCoord (size_t i, real_t x)

Set i-th coordinate.

• void DOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

• void setDOF (size_t &first_dof, size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF.

• void setOnBoundary ()

Set node as boundary node.

• size_t n () const

Return label of node.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of degrees of freedom (DOF)

• int getCode (size_t dof=1) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

real_t getCoord (size_t i) const

Return i-th coordinate of node. i = 1..3.

• Point< real_t > getCoord () const

Return coordinates of node.

• real_t getX () const

Return x-coordinate of node.

• real_t getY () const

Return y-coordinate of node.

• real_t getZ () const

Return z-coordinate of node.

• Point< real_t > getXYZ () const

Return coordinates of node.

• size_t getDOF (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th dof.

• size_t getNbNeigEl () const

Return number of neighbor elements.

Element * getNeigEl (size_t i) const

Return i-th neighbor element.

size_t getFirstDOF () const

Return label of first DOF of node.

• bool isOnBoundary () const

Say if node is a boundary node.

• void Add (Element *el)

Add element pointed by el as neighbor element to node.

• void setLevel (int level)

Assign a level to current node.

• int getLevel () const

Return node level Node level decreases when element is refined (starting from 0). If the level is 0, then the element has no parents.

7.72.1 Detailed Description

To describe a node.

A node is characterized by its label, its coordinates, its number of degrees of freedom (DOF) and codes that are associated to each DOF.

Remarks

Once the mesh is constructed, information on neighboring elements of node can be retrieved (see appropriate member functions). However, the member function getNode NeighborElements of Mesh must have been called before. If this is not the case, the program crashes down since no preliminary checking is done for efficiency reasons.

7.72.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Node ()

Default constructor.

Initialize data to zero

Node (size_t label, const Point < real_t > & x)

Constructor with label and coordinates.

in	label	Label of node
in	х	Node coordinates

7.72.3 Member Function Documentation

void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Define code for a given DOF of node.

Parameters

in	dof	DOF index
in	code	Code to assign to DOF

void setCode (const vector< int > & code)

Define codes for all node DOFs.

Parameters

in	code	vector instance that contains code for each DOF of current node
----	------	---

void setCode (int * code)

Define codes for all node DOFs.

Parameters

in	code	C-array that contains code for each DOF of current node
----	------	---

void setCode (const string & exp, int code, size_t dof = 1)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking node coordinates.

Parameters

in	ехр	Boolean algebraic expression as required by fparser
in	code	Code to assign to node if the algebraic expression is true
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]

void setCoord (size_t i, real_t x)

Set i-th coordinate.

in	i	Coordinate index (13)
in	х	Coordinate value

void DOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

Parameters

in	i	DOF index
in	dof	Label of DOF

void setDOF (size_t & first_dof, size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF.

Parameters

in,out	first_dof	Label of the first DOF in input that is actualized
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF

void setOnBoundary ()

Set node as boundary node.

This function is mostly internally used (Especially in class Mesh)

int getCode ($size_t dof = 1$) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

Parameters

in	dof	label of degree of freedom for which code is to be returned. Default value is 1.
----	-----	--

Point<real_t> getCoord () const

Return coordinates of node.

Return value is an instance of class Point

Point<real_t> getXYZ () const

Return coordinates of node.

Return value is an instance of class Point

size_t getNbNeigEl () const

Return number of neighbor elements.

Neighbor elements are those that share node. Note that the returned information is valid only if the Mesh member function **getNodeNeighborElements()** has been invoked before

Element* getNeigEl (size_t i) const

Return i-th neighbor element.

Note that the returned information is valid only if the Mesh member function **getNode**← **NeighborElements()** has been invoked before

bool isOnBoundary () const

Say if node is a boundary node.

Note this information is available only if boundary sides (and nodes) were determined (See class Mesh).

void setLevel (int level)

Assign a level to current node.

This member function is useful for mesh adaption.

Default node's level is zero

7.73 NodeList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

Public Member Functions

NodeList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ∼NodeList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Select nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• void unselectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Unselect nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

void selectCoordinate (real_t x, real_t y=ANY, real_t z=ANY)

Select nodes having given coordinates.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of selected nodes.

void top ()

Reset list of nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of nodes at its top position (Constant version)

• Node * get ()

Return pointer to current node and move to next one (Non constant version)

Node * get () const

Return pointer to current node and move to next one (Constant version)

7.73.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

7.73.2 Member Function Documentation

void selectCode (int code, int dof = 1)

Select nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

Parameters

in	code	Code that nodes share
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

void unselectCode (int code, int dof = 1)

Unselect nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

Parameters

in	code	Code of nodes to exclude
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

void selectCoordinate (real_t x, real_t y = ANY, real_t z = ANY)

Select nodes having given coordinates.

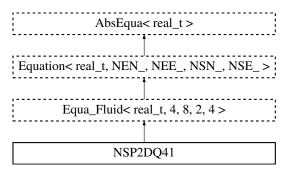
Parameters

in	x	x-coordinate that share the selected nodes
in	y	y-coordinate that share the selected nodes [Default: ANY]
in	z	z-coordinate that share the selected nodes [Default: ANY]

Coordinates can be assigned the value ANY. This means that any coordinate value is accepted. For instance, to select all nodes with x=0, use **selectCoordinate**(0.,ANY,ANY);

7.74 NSP2DQ41 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using Q_1/P_0 element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition. Inheritance diagram for NSP2DQ41:



Public Member Functions

• NSP2DQ41 ()

Default Constructor.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Element *el)

Constructor using *Element* data.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Side *sd)

Constructor using Side data.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Element *el, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Side *sd, const Vect< real_t > &u, const real_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~NSP2DQ41 ()

Destructor.

• void Viscosity (real_t visc)

Define constant viscosity.

• void Density (real_t dens)

Define constant density.

• void LMass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Mass (real_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Viscous (real_t coef=1.)

Add element viscous contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void RHS_Viscous (real_t coef=1.)

Add element viscous contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Penal (real_t coef=1.)

Add element penalty contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LHS1_Convection (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LHS2_Convection (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void RHS_Convection (real_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void BodyRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > &ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void Periodic (real_t coef=1.e20)

 $Add\ contribution\ of\ periodic\ boundary\ condition\ (by\ a\ penalty\ technique).$

• real_t Pressure (real_t coef=1.)

Calculate element pressure by penalization after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < real_t > *A, Vect < real_t > &b, Vect < real_t > &x)
 Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

Local Vect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

• void Viscosity (const real_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

• void ThermalExpansion (const real_t *e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

• void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.74.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using Q_1/P_0 element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

7.74.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

NSP2DQ41()

Default Constructor.

Builds an empty equation

NSP2DQ41 (const Element *el)

Constructor using Element data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance

NSP2DQ41 (const Side *sd)

Constructor using Side data.

in sd Pointer to Side in

NSP2DQ41 (const Element * el, const Vect < real_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
in	и	Vector that contains velocity at previous time step
in	time	Time value [Default: 0.]

NSP2DQ41 (const Side * sd, const Vect< real_t > & u, const real_t & time = 0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance
in	и	Vector that contains velocity at previous time step
in	time	Time value [Default: 0.]

7.74.3 Member Function Documentation

void LHS1_Convection (real_t coef = 1.)

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1]. First term, explicit velocity, implicit velocity derivatives

void LHS2_Convection (real_t coef = 1.)

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1]. Second term, implicit velocity, explicit velocity derivatives

void BodyRHS (UserData< real_t > & ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance that defines data
----	----	-------------------------------------

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real_t > & ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

in	ud	UserData instance that defines data
----	----	-------------------------------------

void Periodic (real_t coef = 1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC_A on one side and PERIODIC_B on the opposite side.

Parameters

|--|

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC (const Vect< real t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by _theElement

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated
		values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides

in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ (${f Vect}{<{\it real_t}>\&b}$) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in b Global vector to be localized.		Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer _theSide

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates () [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array _x[0], _x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real_t>

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > \& A)$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real.t > &A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t> & v) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix {< \ real_t > \& \ A \) \quad [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t> & b) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

\boldsymbol{A}	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance]
--	------	--	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

Parameters

in v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	-------------------------------

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($SkMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

$Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \)\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER				
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]				
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver				
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver				
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver				
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver				
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver				
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver				
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:				
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])				
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner				
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner				

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.74.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.75 ODESolver Class Reference

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

Public Member Functions

• ODESolver ()

Default constructor.

• ODESolver (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step=theTimeStep, real_t final_time=theFinalTime, size_t nb_eq=1)

Constructor using time discretization data.

• ∼ODESolver ()

Destructor.

• void set (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step=theTimeStep, real_t final_time=theFinalTime)

Define data of the differential equation or system.

• void setNbEq (size_t nb_eq)

Set the number of equations [Default: 1].

• void setCoef (real_t a0, real_t a1, real_t a2, real_t f)

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

• void setCoef (string a0, string a1, string a2, string f)

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

• void setF (string F)

Set time derivative, given as an algebraic expression, for a nonlinear ODE.

• void setRK4RHS (real_t f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

• void setRK4RHS (Vect< real_t > &f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

void setInitial (Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial condition for a first-oder system of differential equations.

• void setInitial (Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &v)

Set initial condition for a second-order system of differential equations.

• void setInitialRHS (Vect< real_t > &f)

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations.

• void setInitial (real_t u, real_t v)

Set initial condition for a second-order ordinary differential equation.

• void setInitial (real_t u)

Set initial condition for a first-order ordinary differential equation.

• void setInitialRHS (real_t f)

Set initial right-hand side for a single differential equation.

• void setMatrices (DMatrix< real_t > &A0, DMatrix< real_t > &A1)

Define matrices for a system of first-order ODEs.

 $\bullet \ \ void\ setMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&A0, DMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&A1, DMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&A2)$

Define matrices for a system of second ODEs.

• void setRHS (Vect< real_t > &b)

Set right-hand side vector for a system of ODE.

• void setRHS (real_t f)

Set right-hand side for a linear ODE.

void setRHS (string f)

Set right-hand side value for a linear ODE.

• void setNewmarkParameters (real_t beta, real_t gamma)

Define parameters for the Newmarxk scheme.

void setConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is constant.

void setNonConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is variable.

• void setLinearSolver (Iteration s=DIRECT_SOLVER, Preconditioner p=DIAG_PREC)

Set linear solver data.

• void setVerbose (int v=0)

Set verbosity parameter:

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• void run (bool opt=false)

Run the time stepping procedure.

LinearSolver< real_t > & getLSolver ()

Return LinearSolver instance.

• real_t get () const

Return solution in the case of a scalar equation.

7.75.1 Detailed Description

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

The class ODESolver enables solving by a numerical scheme a system or ordinary differential equations taking one of the forms:

• A linear system of differential equations of the first-order:

```
A_1(t)u'(t) + A_0(t)u(t) = f(t)
```

• A linear system of differential equations of the second-order:

```
A_2(t)u''(t) + A_1(t)u'(t) + A_0(t)u(t) = f(t)
```

• A system of ordinary differential equations of the form:

```
u'(t) = f(t,u(t))
```

The following time integration schemes can be used:

- Forward Euler scheme (value: FORWARD_EULER) for first-order systems
- Backward Euler scheme (value: BACKWARD_EULER) for first-order linear systems
- Crank-Nicolson (value: CRANK_NICOLSON) for first-order linear systems
- Heun (value: HEUN) for first-order systems
- 2nd Order Adams-Bashforth (value: AB2) for first-order systems
- 4-th order Runge-Kutta (value: RK4) for first-order systems
- 2nd order Backward Differentiation Formula (value: BDF2) for linear first-order systems
- Newmark (value: NEWMARK) for linear second-order systems with constant matrices

7.75.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ODESolver (TimeScheme s, real_t $time_step$ = theTimeStep, real_t $final_time$ = theFinalTime, size_t $nb_eq = 1$)

Constructor using time discretization data.

Parameters

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)
in	time_step	Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime
in	nb_eq	Number of differential equations (size of the system) [Default: 1]

7.75.3 Member Function Documentation

void set (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step = theTimeStep, real_t final_time = theFinalTime)

Define data of the differential equation or system.

Parameters

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)
in	time_step	Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime

void setNbEq (size_t nb_eq)

Set the number of equations [Default: 1].

This function is to be used if the default constructor was used

void setCoef (real_t a0, real_t a1, real_t a2, real_t f)

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

This function enables giving coefficients of the differential equation as an algebraic expression of time t (see the function fparse)

in	a0	Coefficient of the 0-th order term
in	a1	Coefficient of the 1-st order term
in	a2	Coefficient of the 2-nd order term

i	n	f	Value of the right-hand side
---	---	---	------------------------------

Note

Naturally, the equation is of the first order if *a*2=0

void setCoef (string a0, string a1, string a2, string f)

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

Parameters

in	a0	Coefficient of the 0-th order term
in	a1	Coefficient of the 1-st order term
in	a2	Coefficient of the 2-nd order term
in	f	Value of the right-hand side

Note

Naturally, the equation if of the first order if a2=0

void setF (string F)

Set time derivative, given as an algebraic expression, for a nonlinear ODE.

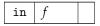
This function enables prescribing the value of the 1-st derivative for a 1st order ODE or the 2nd one for a 2nd-order ODE. It is to be used for nonlinear ODEs of the form y'(t) = f(t,y(t)) or y''(t) = f(t,y(t),y'(t))

In the case of a system of ODEs, this function can be called once for each equation, given in the order of the unknowns

void setRK4RHS (real_t f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

Parameters



void setRK4RHS (Vect< real_t > & f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

in f	right-hand side vector
------	------------------------

void setInitial (Vect< real_t > & u)

Set initial condition for a first-oder system of differential equations.

Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
----	---	---

void setInitial (Vect< real_t > & u, Vect< real_t > & v)

Set initial condition for a second-order system of differential equations.

Giving the right-hand side at initial time is somtimes required for high order methods like Runge-Kutta

Parameters

iı	n	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
iı	n	v	Vector containing initial condition for the time derivative of the unknown

void setInitialRHS (Vect< real_t > & f)

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations.

Giving the right-hand side at initial time is somtimes required for high order methods like Runge-Kutta

Parameters

in	f	Vector containing right-hand side at initial time. This vector is helpful for high order	1
		methods	

void setInitial (real_t u, real_t v)

Set initial condition for a second-order ordinary differential equation.

Parameters

in	и	Initial condition (unknown) value
in	v	Initial condition (time derivative of the unknown) value

void setInitial (real_t u)

Set initial condition for a first-order ordinary differential equation.

	in	и	Initial condition (unknown) value	
--	----	---	-----------------------------------	--

void setInitialRHS (real_t f)

Set initial right-hand side for a single differential equation.

Parameters

in	f	Value of right-hand side at initial time. This value is helpful for high order methods	
----	---	--	--

void setMatrices (DMatrix< real_t > & A0, DMatrix< real_t > & A1)

Define matrices for a system of first-order ODEs.

Matrices are given as references to class DMatrix.

Parameters

in	A0	Reference to matrix in front of the 0-th order term (no time derivative)
in	A1	Reference to matrix in front of the 1-st order term (first time derivative)

Remarks

This function has to be called at each time step

void setMatrices (DMatrix< real_t > & A0, DMatrix< real_t > & A1, DMatrix< real_t > & A2)

Define matrices for a system of second ODEs.

Matrices are given as references to class DMatrix.

Parameters

in	in $A0$ Reference to matrix in front of the 0-th order term (no time derivative)	
in	A1	Reference to matrix in front of the 1-st order term (first time derivative)
in	A2	Reference to matrix in front of the 2-nd order term (second time derivative)

Remarks

This function has to be called at each time step

void setRHS (Vect< real_t > & b)

Set right-hand side vector for a system of ODE.

in	b	Vect instance containing right-hand side for a linear system of ordinary differential
		equations

void setRHS (real_t f)

Set right-hand side for a linear ODE.

Parameters

in	f	Value of the right-hand side for a linear ordinary differential equation
----	---	--

void setNewmarkParameters (real_t beta, real_t gamma)

Define parameters for the Newmarxk scheme.

Parameters

in	beta	Parameter beta [Default: 0.25]
in	gamma	Parameter gamma [Default: 0.5]

void setConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is constant.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

void setNonConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is variable.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

void setLinearSolver (Iteration $s = DIRECT_SOLVER$, Preconditioner $p = DIAG_PREC$)

Set linear solver data.

Parameters

in	S	Solver identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: DIRECT_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner: IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

Note

The argument *p* has no effect if the solver is DIRECT_SOLVER

void setVerbose (int v = 0)

Set verbosity parameter:

• = 0, No output

- = 1, Print step label and time value
- = 2, Print step label, time value, time step and integration scheme

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

Returns

Value of new time step if this one is updated

void run (bool opt = false)

Run the time stepping procedure.

Parameters

in	opt	Flag to say if problem matrix is constant while time stepping (true) or not (Default
		value is false)

Note

This argument is not used if the time stepping scheme is explicit

7.76 Partition Class Reference

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

Public Member Functions

• Partition ()

Default constructor.

• Partition (Mesh &mesh, size_t n, int verb=0)

Constructor to partition a mesh into submeshes.

• Partition (Mesh &mesh, int n, vector< int > &epart, int verb=0)

Constructor using already created submeshes.

• ∼Partition ()

Destructor.

• size_t getNbSubMeshes () const

Return number of submeshes.

• size_t getNbNodes (size_t i) const

Return number of nodes in given submesh.

• size_t getNbElements (size_t i) const

Return number of elements in given submesh.

Mesh * getMesh ()

Return the global Mesh instance.

Mesh * getMesh (size_t i)

Return the submesh of label i

- size_t getNodeLabelInSubMesh (size_t sm, size_t label) const
 - Return node label in subdomain by giving its label in initial mesh.
- size_t getElementLabelInSubMesh (size_t sm, size_t label) const
 - Return element label in subdomain by giving its label in initial mesh.
- size_t getNodeLabelInMesh (size_t sm, size_t label) const
 - Return node label in initial mesh by giving its label in submesh.
- size_t getElementLabelInMesh (size_t sm, size_t label) const
 - Return element label in initial mesh by giving its label in submesh.
- size_t getNbInterfaceSides (size_t sm) const
 - Return Number of interface sides for a given sub-mesh.
- size_t getSubMesh (size_t sm, size_t i) const
 - Return index of submesh that contains the i-th side label in sub-mesh sm
- Mesh & getSubMesh (size_t i) const
 - Return reference to submesh.
- size_t getFirstSideLabel (size_t sm, size_t i) const
 - Return i-th side label in a given submesh.
- size_t getSecondSideLabel (size_t sm, size_t i) const
 - Return side label in the neighbouring submesh corresponding to i-th side label in sub-mesh sm
- int getNbConnectInSubMesh (int n, int s) const
 - Get number of connected nodes in a submesh.
- int getNbConnectOutSubMesh (int n, int s) const
 - Get number of connected nodes out of a submesh.
- void put (size_t n, string file) const
 - Save a submesh in file.
- void setVerbose (int verb)
 - Set Message Level.
- void set (Mesh &mesh, size_t n)
 - Set Mesh instance.

Friends

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Partition &p)

Output class information.

7.76.1 Detailed Description

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

Class Partition enables partitioning a given mesh into a given number of submeshes with a minimal connectivity. Partition uses the well known metis library that is included in the OFELI library. A more detailed description of metis can be found in the web site:

http://www.csit.fsu.edu/~burkardt/c_src/metis/metis.html

7.76.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Partition (Mesh & mesh, size_t n, int verb = 0)

Constructor to partition a mesh into submeshes.

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	n	Number of submeshes
in	verb	Verbosity parameter [Default: 0]

Partition (Mesh & mesh, int n, vector< int > & epart, int verb = 0)

Constructor using already created submeshes.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	n	Number of submeshes
in	epart	Vector containing for each element its submesh label (Running from 0 to n-1
in	verb	Verbosity parameter [Default: 0]

7.76.3 Member Function Documentation

size_t getNodeLabelInSubMesh (size_t sm, size_t label) const

Return node label in subdomain by giving its label in initial mesh.

Parameters

in	sm	Label of submesh
in	label	Label of node in initial mesh

size_t getNodeLabelInMesh (size_t sm, size_t label) const

Return node label in initial mesh by giving its label in submesh.

Parameters

in	sm	Label of submesh
in	label	Node label

$size_t getSubMesh (size_t sm, size_t i) const$

Return index of submesh that contains the i-th side label in sub-mesh sm

in	sm	Submesh index
in	i	Side label

Returns

Mesh& getSubMesh (size_t i) const

Return reference to submesh.

Parameters

in	i	Submesh index

Returns

Reference to corresponding Mesh instance

size_t getFirstSideLabel (size_t sm, size_t i) const

Return i-th side label in a given submesh.

Parameters

in	sm	Index of submesh
in	i	Label of side

size_t getSecondSideLabel (size_t sm, size_t i) const

Return side label in the neighbouring submesh corresponding to i-th side label in sub-mesh sm

Parameters

in	sm	Label of submesh
in	i	Side label

int getNbConnectInSubMesh (int n, int s) const

Get number of connected nodes in a submesh.

Parameters

in	n	Label of node for which connections are counted
in	S	Label of submesh (starting from 0)

int getNbConnectOutSubMesh (int n, int s) const

Get number of connected nodes out of a submesh.

in	n	Label of node for which connections are counted
in	s	Label of submesh (starting from 0)

void put (size_t n, string file) const

Save a submesh in file.

Parameters

in	n	Label of submesh
in	file	Name of file in which submesh is saved

7.77 Penta6 Class Reference

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and Q_1 isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z). Inheritance diagram for Penta6:



Public Member Functions

• Penta6 ()

Default Constructor.

• Penta6 (const Element *element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

• ~Penta6 ()

Destructor.

• void set (const Element *el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

void setLocal (const Point < real_t > &s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

real_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return Maximum length of pentahedron edges.

• real_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return Mimimum length of pentahedron edges.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const
 Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.77.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and Q_1 isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z).

The reference element is the cartesian product of the standard reference triangle with the line [-1,1]. The nodes are ordered as follows: Node 1 in reference element is at s=(1,0,0) Node 2 in reference element is at s=(0,1,0) Node 3 in reference element is at s=(0,0,0) Node 4 in reference element is at s=(1,0,1) Node 5 in reference element is at s=(0,1,1) Node 6 in reference element is at s=(0,0,1)

The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **setLocal()** must be invoked.

7.77.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Penta6 (const Element * element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

Parameters

in	element	Pointer to Element

7.77.3 Member Function Documentation

void setLocal (const Point< real_t > & s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

Parameters

in	S	Point in the reference element This function computes jacobian, shape functions and
		their partial derivatives at s. Other member functions only return these values.

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calculate relevant quantities.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

Parameters

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint(const Point< real_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.78 PETScMatrix< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

Public Member Functions

• PETScMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• PETScMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• PETScMatrix (size_t size)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• PETScMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• PETScMatrix (const vector< std::pair< size_t, size_t >> &I, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• PETScMatrix (const PETScMatrix &m)

Copy constructor.

• ~PETScMatrix (void)

Destructor.

• void Identity ()

Define matrix as identity matrix.

• void Diagonal ()

Define matrix as a diagonal one.

• void Diagonal (const T₋ &a)

Define matrix as a diagonal one with diagonal entries equal to a

- void setAIJ (const vector< int > &nnz)
- void setAIJ_MPI (const vector< int > &diag_nnz, const vector< int > &off_nnz)
- void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

• void setPartition (Partition &p)

Set a Partition instance in the class.

• void setRank (int np, int r=0)

Set number of processors and processor rank.

void setOneDOF ()

Activate 1-DOF per node option.

• void setSides ()

Activate Sides option.

• void setSymmetric ()

Set matrix as a symmetric one.

• void DiagPrescribe (PETScVect< T_> &b, const PETScVect< T_> &u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void setSize (size_t size)

Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).

• void setSize (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void getRange (int istart, int iend)

Return the range of matrix rows owned by this processor.

void setGraph (const vector < std::pair < size_t, size_t > > &I, int opt=1)

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator ()

• size_t getNbRows () const

 $Return\ number\ of\ matrix\ rows.$

size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of matrix columns.

• size_t getLength () const

Return length of matrix.

void getMesh (Mesh &mesh)

Get Mesh instance whose reference will be stored in current instance of PETScMatrix.

• void Mult (const PETScVect< T₋ > &x, PETScVect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

void MultAdd (const PETScVect< T₋ > &x, PETScVect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector **x** and add to y.

void MultAdd (T₋ a, const PETScVect< T₋ > &x, PETScVect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$ and add to \mathbf{y} .

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &a)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

```
    void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &a)
```

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

void set (vector< int > &ir, vector< int > &ic, vector< T₋ > &val)

Assign values to a portion of the matrix.

• void operator= (const T₋ &a)

Operator =

• void clear ()

Set all matrix entries to zero.

• void Laplace1D (real_t h, bool mpi=false)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

• void Laplace2D (size_t nx, size_t ny, bool mpi=false)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.

• int solve (PETScVect< T_> &b)

Solve the linear system of equations.

• int solve (const PETScVect< T $_->$ &b, PETScVect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve the linear system of equations.

• void setSolver (string solver, string prec, real_t toler=1.e-12, int max_it=1000)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

• T_* get () const

Return C-Array.

• T_get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

• operator Mat () const

Casting operator.

PetscReal getNorm1 () const

Get 1-norm of matrix.

• PetscReal getFrobeniusNorm () const

Get Frobenius norm of matrix.

PetscReal getNormMax () const

Get infinity norm of matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T_ *a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void setAssembly ()

Matrix assembly.

void setMPI ()

Activate MPI option.

7.78.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::PETScMatrix < T_>
```

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

Warning

This class is available only when OFELI has been installed with Petsc.

Template Parameters

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

7.78.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

PETScMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero-dimension matrix

PETScMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

Parameters

in	nr	Number of matrix rows.
in	пс	Number of matrix columns.

PETScMatrix (size_t size)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

Parameters

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).	
----	------	--------------------------------------	--

PETScMatrix (Mesh & mesh, size t dof = 0)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which matrix graph is extracted.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.

PETScMatrix (const vector < std::pair < size_t, size_t > > & I, int opt = 1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

7.78. PETSCMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	I	Vector containing pairs of row and column indices
in	opt	Flag indicating if vectors I is cleaned and ordered (opt=1) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, this vector can have the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered

7.78.3 Member Function Documentation

void setAIJ (const vector< int > & nnz)

Parameters

in	nnz	
----	-----	--

void setAIJ_MPI (const vector< int > & diag_nnz, const vector< int > & off_nnz)

Parameters

in	diag_nnz	
in	off_nnz	

void setMesh (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0.	
		dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix	
		structure is determined using all DOFs.	

void setPartition (Partition & p)

Set a Partition instance in the class.

This member function is to be used when parallel computing is considered.

Parameters

in	p	Reference to Partition instance

void setRank (int np, int r = 0)

Set number of processors and processor rank.

in	пр	Total number of processors.
in	r	Rank of current processor [Default: 0

Warning

If this member function is not called, only one processor is used and then sequential computing is involved.

void DiagPrescribe (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	PETScVect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	PETScVect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.

void setSize (size_t size)

Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).

Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns.

void setSize (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

Parameters

in	nr	Number of rows
in	пс	Number of columns

void getRange (int istart, int iend)

Return the range of matrix rows owned by this processor.

7.78. PETSCMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

out	istart	Index of the first local row
out	iend	Index of the last local row

void setGraph (const vector< std::pair< size_t, size_t >> & I, int opt = 1)

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

Parameters

in	I	Vector containing pairs of row and column indices
in	opt	Flag indicating if vector I is cleaned and ordered (opt=1: default) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, this vector can have the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered

T_{-} operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator ()

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

size_t getLength () const

Return length of matrix.

The length is the total number of stored elements in the matrix

void Mult (const PETScVect< T_ > & x, PETScVect< T_ > & y) const

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.	

void MultAdd (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & x, PETScVect< T $_->$ & y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

void MultAdd (T_-a , const PETScVect< $T_- > \& x$, PETScVect< $T_- > \& y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector a*x and add to y.

Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix	
in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & a)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	а	Value to assign to a(i,j)

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & a)

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	а	Constant value to add to a(i,j)

void set (vector< int > & ir, vector< int > & ic, vector< T_- > & val)

Assign values to a portion of the matrix.

Parameters

in	ir	Vector of row indexes to assign (instance of class vector)
in	ic	Vector of column indexes to assign (instance of class vector)
in	val	Vector of values to assign (instance of class vector)

void operator= (const $T_- \& a$)

Operator =

Assign constant value a to matrix diagonal entries

void Laplace1D (real_t h, bool mpi = false)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from P_1 finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -u'' = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

Parameters

in	h	Mesh size (assumed constant)	
in	трі	true if MPI is used for parallel computing, false if not (sequential), [Default: false]	

void Laplace2D (size_t nx, size_t ny, bool mpi = false)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from P_1 finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -Delta u = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

Parameters

in	nx	Number of unknowns in the x-direction	
in	ny	Number of unknowns in the y-direction	
in	mpi	true if MPI is used for parallel computing, false if not (sequential), [Default: false]	

int solve (PETScVect< T $_->$ & b)

Solve the linear system of equations.

The default parameters are: the Conjugate Gradient method and the Jacobi method for preconditioner. To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

Parameters

in, out $ b $ Vector that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output	ut
--	----

Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

int solve (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & b, PETScVect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve the linear system of equations.

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMEN IN SCHATRIX $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCE

The default parameters are: the Conjugate Gradient method and the Jacobi method for preconditioner. To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

Parameters

in	b	Vector that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vector that contains the obtained solution

Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

void setSolver (string solver, string prec, real_t toler = 1.e-12, int max_it = 1000)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

in solver Option to choose

Option to choose iterative solver among the macros (see PETSc documentation for more details):

- KSPRICHARDSON: The Richardson iterative method (Default damping parameter is 1.0)
- KSPCHEBYSHEV: The Chebyshev iterative method
- KSPCG: The conjugate gradient method [Default]
- KSPCGNE: The CG method for normal equations (without explicitly forming the product A^TA
- KSPGMRES: The GMRES iterative method (see A Generalized Minimal Residual Algorithm for Solving Nonsymmetric Linear Systems. Y. Saad and M. H. Schultz, SIAM J. Sci. Stat. Comput. Vol. 7, No. 3, July 1986, pp. 856-869)
- KSPFGMRES: The Flexible GMRES method (with restart)
- KSPLGMRES: The 'augmented' standard GMRES method where the subspace uses approximations to the error from previous restart cycles
- KSPTCQMR: A variant of QMR (quasi minimal residual) developed by Tony Chan
- KSPBCGS: The BiCGStab (Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPIBCGS: The IBiCGStab (Improved Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method in an alternative form to have only a single global reduction operation instead of the usual 3 (or 4)
- KSPFBCGS: The flexible BiCGStab method.
- KSPCGS: The CGS (Conjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPTFQMR: A transpose free QMR (quasi minimal residual)
- KSPCR: The conjugate residuals method
- KSPLSQR: The LSQR method
- KSPBICG: The Biconjugate gradient method (similar to running the conjugate gradient on the normal equations)
- KSPMINRES: The MINRES (Minimum Residual) method
- KSPSYMMLQ: The SYMMLQ method
- KSPGCR: The Generalized Conjugate Residual method

in	prec	Option to choose preconditioner in an enumerated variable	
		PCJACOBI: [Default] Jacobi (i.e. diagonal scaling) preconditioning	
		 PCBJACOBI: Block Jacobi preconditioning, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object 	
		• PCSOR: (S)SOR (successive over relaxation, Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning	
		PCEISENSTAT: An implementation of SSOR (symmetric successive over relaxation, symmetric Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning that incorporates Eisenstat's trick to reduce the amount of computation needed	
		PCICC: Incomplete Cholesky factorization preconditioners	
		PCILU: Incomplete factorization preconditioners	
		PCASM: Use the (restricted) additive Schwarz method, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object	
		PCLU: Uses a direct solver, based on LU factorization, as a preconditioner	
		PCCHOLESKY: Uses a direct solver, based on Cholesky factorization, as a preconditioner	
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence [Default: 1.e-12]	
in	max↔ _it	Maximum number of allowed iterations [Default: 1000]	

T_-* get () const

Return C-Array.

Non zero terms of matrix is stored row by row.

T_{-} get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i,j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

operator Mat () const

Casting operator.

This member functions enables casting an instance of class PETScMatrix into the Petsc matrix type Mat. This is useful when one wants to usr any Petsc function that is not available in the wrapper (class PETScWrapper) or PETScMatrix.

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_-*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array

void setAssembly ()

Matrix assembly.

This function assembles matrix (begins and ends)

7.79 PETScVect< T_> Class Template Reference

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

Public Member Functions

• PETScVect ()

Default Constructor. Initialize a zero-length vector.

PETScVect (size_t n)

Constructor setting vector size.

• PETScVect (size_t nx, size_t ny)

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

PETScVect (size_t nx, size_t ny, size_t nz)

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

• PETScVect (size_t n, T_ *x)

Create an instance of class PETScVect as an image of a C/C++ array.

• PETScVect (MPI_Comm comm, size_t n)

Constructor of a MPI vector using its global size.

• PETScVect (Mesh &m, int nb_dof=0, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance.

• PETScVect (Mesh &m, string name, real_t t=0.0, int nb_dof=0, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect< T_> &v, const PETScVect< T_> &bc)

Constructor using boundary conditions.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect < T_ > &v, size_t nb_dof, size_t first_dof)

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect< T₋ > &v)

Copy constructor.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect< T₋ > &v, size_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

• PETScVect (size_t d, const PETScVect< T_> &v, const string &name="")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of PETScVect.

• ∼PETScVect ()

Destructor.

• void set (const T₋ *v, size₋t n)

Initialize vector with a c-array.

• void setMPI (MPI_Comm comm, size_t n, size_t N)

Initialize a local vector using MPI.

• void select (const PETScVect< T_> &v, size_t nb_dof=0, size_t first_dof=1)

Initialize vector with another PETScVect instance.

• void set (const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void set (const Mesh &ms, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

• void set (const PETScVect< real_t > &x, const string &exp)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m, int nb_dof=0, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD)

Define mesh class to size vector.

• size_t size () const

Return vector (global) size.

• PetscInt getLocalSize () const

Return vector local size.

• void setSize (size_t nx, size_t ny=1, size_t nz=1)

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

void setDOFType (int dof_type)

Set DOF type of vector.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return vector number of degrees of freedom.

• size_t getNb () const

Return vector number of entities (nodes, elements or sides)

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return Mesh instance.

• bool isWithMesh () const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

- int getDOFType () const
- void setTime (real_t t)

Set time value for vector.

• real_t getTime () const

Get time value for vector.

• void setName (string name)

Set name of vector.

• string getName () const

Get name of vector.

• PetscScalar getNorm1 () const

Calculate 1-norm of vector.

• PetscScalar getNorm2 () const

Calculate 2-norm (Euclidean norm) of vector.

• PetscScalar getWNorm1 () const

Calculate weighted 1-norm of vector The wighted 1-norm is the 1-Norm of the vector divided by its size.

• PetscScalar getWNorm2 () const

Calculate weighted 2-norm of vector.

• PetscScalar getNormMax () const

Calculate Max-norm (Infinite norm) of vector.

• T₋ getMin () const

Calculate Min value of vector entries.

• T₋ getMax () const

Calculate Max value of vector entries.

• size_t getNx () const

Return number of grid points in the x-direction if grid indexing is set.

size_t getNy () const

Return number of grid points in the y-direction if grid indexing is set.

• size_t getNz () const

Return number of grid points in the z-direction if grid indexing is set.

• void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, T_ val, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

void setNodeBC (int code, T_ val, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

• void setNodeBC (int code, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code

void removeBC (const Mesh &ms, const PETScVect< T₋ > &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void removeBC (const Mesh &ms, const Vect< T_> &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void removeBC (const PETScVect< T_> &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

void removeBC (const Vect< T₋ > &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void transferBC (const PETScVect< T_> &bc, int dof=0)

Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.

void insertBC (Mesh &m, const PETScVect< T₋ > &v, const PETScVect< T₋ > &bc, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (Mesh &m, const PETScVect< T_> &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (const PETScVect< T_- > &v, const PETScVect< T_- > &bc, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (const PETScVect< T₋ > &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const T₋ *b)

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T_*b)

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into PETScVect instance.

• void getGradient (PETScVect< T_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

void getGradient (PETScVect< Point< T₋ >> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

• void getCurl (PETScVect< T₋ > &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

void getCurl (PETScVect< Point< T₋ >> &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

• void getSCurl (PETScVect< T_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

• void getDivergence (PETScVect< T₋ > &v)

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

• real_t getAverage (const Element &el, int type) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

• void save (string file, int opt)

Save vector in a file according to a given format.

• PETScVect< T_> & MultAdd (const PETScVect< T_> &x, const T_ &a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

void Axpy (T₋ a, const PETScVect< T₋ > &x)

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

• void set (size_t i, T_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, T_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

• void add (size_t i, T_ a)

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, T_a)

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

• void clear ()

Set all vector entries to zero.

• T_operator[] (size_t i) const

Operator []

• T_ operator() (size_t i) const

```
Operator ()
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Operator () with 2-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const
      Operator () with 3-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)
• PETScVect< T_> & operator= (const PETScVect< T_> &v)
      Operator = between vectors.
• PETScVect< T_> & operator= (const T_ &a)
      Operator =
• PETScVect< T_> & operator+= (const PETScVect< T_> &v)
      Operator +=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator+= (const T_ &a)
      Operator +=
• PETScVect< T_-> & operator== (const PETScVect< T_-> &v)
      Operator -=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator== (const T_ &a)
      Operator -=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &a)
      Operator *=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator/= (const T_ &a)
      Operator /=

    const Mesh & getMeshPtr () const

      Return reference to Mesh instance.
• T_ operator, (const PETScVect< T_ > &v) const
      Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.
• operator Vec () const
      Casting operator.

    void setAssembly ()

      Vector assembly.

    void Insert (const vector< int > &ii, const vector< Point< T<sub>-</sub> >> &v)

      Insert values into certain locations of the vector.
• void Add (const vector < int > &ii, const vector < T_ > &v)
      Add values into certain locations of the vector.
```

7.79.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::PETScVect< T_>
```

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

This template class enables considering vectors of various data types. Operators =, [] and () are overloaded so that one can write for instance:

```
PETScVect<double> u(10), v(10);
v = -1.0;
u = v;
u.set(3,-2.0);
```

to set vector \mathbf{v} entries to -1, copy vector \mathbf{v} into vector \mathbf{u} and assign third entry of \mathbf{v} to -2. Note that entries of \mathbf{v} are here $\mathbf{v}(1)$, $\mathbf{v}(2)$, ..., $\mathbf{v}(10)$, *i.e.* vector entries start at index 1.

Remarks

A PETScVect instance can be 1-D, 2-D or 3-D, i.e. one can have 1, 2 or 3 indices. This is set while the vector is constructed. This can be helpful for instance in the case of a structured grid.

Warning

This class is available only when OFELI has been installed with Petsc In this case, only vectors used for building and solving linear systems need to be instances of PETScVect.

Template Parameters

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, int, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

7.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

PETScVect (size_t n)

Constructor setting vector size.

Parameters

\mid in $\mid n \mid$ Size of vector	in	n	Size of vector
--	----	---	----------------

PETScVect (size_t nx, size_t ny)

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 2-D grid vector

Parameters

in	nx	Size for the first index
in	ny	Size for the second index

Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx*ny

PETScVect (size_t nx, size_t ny, size_t nz)

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 3-D grid vector

in	nx	Size for the first index

7.79. PETSCVECT < T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	ny	Size for the second index
in	nz	Size for the third index

Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx*ny*nz

PETScVect (size_t n, $T_- * x$)

Create an instance of class PETScVect as an image of a C/C++ array.

Parameters

in	n	Dimension of vector to construct
in	x	C-array to copy

PETScVect (MPI_Comm comm, size_t n)

Constructor of a MPI vector using its global size.

Parameters

in	comm	Communicator which represents all the processs that PETSc knows about	
in	n	Global size of vector	

PETScVect (Mesh & m, int $nb_dof = 0$, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$)

Constructor with a mesh instance.

Parameters

in	т	Mesh instance	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 (default value) the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance	
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]	

PETScVect (Mesh & m, string name, real_t t = 0.0, int $nb_dof = 0$, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$)

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

in	m	Mesh instance

in	name	Name of the vector	
in	t	Time value for the vector	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance	
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]	

PETScVect (const PETScVect< T_- > & v, const PETScVect< T_- > & bc)

Constructor using boundary conditions.

Boundary condition values contained in bc are reported to vector v

Parameters

i	n	v	PETScVect instance to update	
i	n	bc	PETScVect instance containing imposed valued at desired DOF	

PETScVect (const PETScVect $< T_{-} > & v$, size_t nb_dof, size_t first_dof)

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to extract from	
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF to extract	
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector	

PETScVect (const PETScVect $< T_- > & v$, size_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to extract from	
in	n	Component to extract (must be > 1 and < 4 or).	

PETScVect (size_t d, const PETScVect < T_ > & v, const string & name = " ")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of PETSc⊷ Vect.

This constructor enables constructing a subvector of a given PETScVect instance. It selects a given list of degrees of freedom and put it according to a given order in the instance to construct.

in	d	Integer number giving the list of degrees of freedom. This number is made of n digits where n is the number of degrees of freedom. Let us give an example: Assume that the instance v has 3 DOF by entity (node, element or side). The choice d=201 means that the constructed instance has 2 DOF where the first DOF is the third one of v, and the second DOF is the first one of f v. Consequently, no digit can be larger than the number of DOF the constructed instance. In this example, a choice d=103 would produce an error message.	
in	v	PETScVect instance from which extraction is performed.	
in	name	Name to assign to vector instance [Default: ""].	

Warning

Don't give zeros as first digits for the argument d. The number is in this case interpreted as octal !!

7.79.3 Member Function Documentation

void set (const $T_- * v$, size_t n)

Initialize vector with a c-array.

Parameters

in	v	c-array (pointer) to initialize PETScVect	
in	n	size of array	

void setMPI (MPI_Comm comm, size_t n, size_t N)

Initialize a local vector using MPI.

Parameters

in	comm	
in	n	local size of vector
in	N	global size of vector

void select (const PETScVect< $T_- > & v$, size_t $nb_dof = 0$, size_t $first_dof = 1$)

Initialize vector with another PETScVect instance.

in	v	PETScVect instance to extract from
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF per node, element or side (By default, 0: Number of degrees of freedom extracted from the Mesh instance)
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract (Default: 1) For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector

void set (const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x, y and z which are coordinates of nodes.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

void set (const Mesh & ms, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x , y and z which are coordinates of nodes.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

void set (const PETScVect< real_t > & x, const string & exp)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	x	PETScVect instance that contains coordinates of points
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x and i which are coordinates of nodes and indices starting from 1.

void setMesh (Mesh & m, int nb_dof = 0, int dof_type = NODE_FIELD)

Define mesh class to size vector.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0
		the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance
in	dof_type	Parameter to precise the type of degrees of freedom. To be chosen among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD, EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]

PetscInt getLocalSize () const

Return vector local size.

Local size is the size on the current processor

void setSize (size_t nx, size_t ny = 1, size_t nz = 1)

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

This function allocates memory for the vector but does not initialize its components

Parameters

in	nx	Number of grid points in x-direction
in	ny	Number of grid points in y-direction [Default: 1]
in	nz	Number of grid points in z-direction [Default: 1]

void setDOFType (int dof_type)

Set DOF type of vector.

The DOF type combined with number of DOF per component enable determining the size of vector

Parameters

in	Type of degrees of freedom. Value to be chosen among the enumerated
	values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD

bool isWithMesh () const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

A PETScVect instance can be constructed using mesh information

int getDOFType () const

Return DOF type of vector

Returns

dof_type Type of degrees of freedom. Value among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD

PetscScalar getWNorm2 () const

Calculate weighted 2-norm of vector.

The weighted 2-norm is the 2-Norm of the vector divided by the square root of its size

void setNodeBC (Mesh & m, int code, T_val, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

-			
	in	m	Instance of mesh

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

void setNodeBC (Mesh & m, int code, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

void setNodeBC (int code, T_val, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

void setNodeBC (int code, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

	in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
	in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
Ī	in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

void removeBC (const Mesh & ms, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

7.79. PETSCVECT< T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**RENCE**TER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	v	Vector (PETScVect instance to copy from)	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom	

void removeBC (const Mesh & ms, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom	

void removeBC (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

Parameters

in	v	Vector (PETScVect instance to copy from)	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.	

Remarks

This function is to be used only when the PETScVect instance was constructed by using the Mesh instance

void removeBC (const Vect< T_- > & v, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.	

Remarks

This function is to be used only when the PETScVect instance was constructed by using the Mesh instance

void transferBC (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & bc, int dof = 0)

Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.

Parameters

in	bc	PETScVect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current	
		instance	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.	

void insertBC (Mesh & m, const PETScVect< T_- > & v, const PETScVect< T_- > & bc, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance.	
in	υ	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	bc	PETScVect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void insertBC (Mesh & m, const PETScVect< $T_- > \& v$, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

in	m	Mesh instance.		

7.79. PETSCVECT < T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	υ	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void insertBC (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & bc, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current	
		instance.	
in	bc	PETScVect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current	
		instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void insertBC (const PETScVect< $T_- > \& v$, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

Parameters

:	in	v	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
	in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void Assembly (const Element & el, const $T_- * b$)

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to element instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*b)

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into PETScVect instance.

in	sd	Reference to side instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

void getGradient (PETScVect< T $_->$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1)$, $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.

void getGradient (PETScVect< Point< $T_- >> \& v$)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P₁ approximation The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$
		are respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.

void getCurl (PETScVect< T $_->$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1)$, $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

void getCurl (PETScVect< Point< $T_- >$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P₁ approximation The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

void getSCurl (PETScVect< T $_->$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

	in		Vect instance that contains the scalar curl.
1	ΙΠ	U	vect instance that contains the scalar curl.

void getDivergence (PETScVect< T $_->$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

The resulting divergence is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P₁ approximation The divergence is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

i	.n	v	Vect instance that contains the divergence.
---	----	---	---

real_t getAverage (const Element & el, int type) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

Parameters

in	el	Element instance	
in	type	Type of element. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: LINE2, TRIANG3, QUAD4 TETRA4, HEXA8	

void save (string file, int opt)

Save vector in a file according to a given format.

Parameters

in	file	Output file where to save the vector	
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT and VTK	

PETScVect<T $_->$ & MultAdd (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & x, const T $_-$ & a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

in	x	PETScVect instance to add
in	а	Constant to multiply before adding

void Axpy (T_-a , const PETScVect< $T_- > \& x$)

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	x	Vect instance by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void set (size_t i, T_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

void set (size_t i, size_t j, T_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

void set (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

void add (size_t i, T_a)

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

1			
	in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)

7.79. PETSCVECT< T_- > CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**RENCE**TER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in <i>a</i> Value to assign	
-----------------------------	--

void add (size_t i, size_t j, $T_- a$)

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

void add (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

T_{-} operator[] (size_t i) const

Operator []

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 0)
----	---	------------------------------------

T_- operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ()

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
		• v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size())
		• v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

T_- operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)

Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)	
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid) $v(i,j)$ starts at $v(1,1)$ to $v(getNx(),getNy())$	

T_- operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)

Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)	
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid)	
in	k	third index in vector (Number of vector components in the z-grid) v(i,j,k) starts at v(1,1,1) to v(getNx(),getNy(),getNz())	

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator =

Assign a constant to vector entries

Parameters

in	а	Value to set
----	---	--------------

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator+= (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v)

Operator +=

Add vector x to current vector instance.

Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to add to instance
----	---	---------------------------------------

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator+= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator +=

Add a constant to current vector entries.

Parameters

in	а	Value to add to vector entries

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator== (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v)

Operator -=

Parameters

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator -=

Subtract constant from vector entries.

Parameters

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator*= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator *=

Parameters

in	а	Value to multiply by
----	---	----------------------

PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator/= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator /=

Parameters

in a	Value to divide by
------	--------------------

T_- operator, (const PETScVect $< T_- > \& v$) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (v,w) where v and w are 2 instances of PETSc \leftarrow Vect<double>

Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance by which the current instance is multiplied	
----	---	--	--

operator Vec () const

Casting operator.

This member functions enables casting an instance of class PETScVect into the Petsc vector type Vec. This is useful when one wants to usr any Petsc function that is not available in the

wrapper (class PETScWrapper) or PETScVect.

void setAssembly ()

Vector assembly.

This function assembles vector (begins and ends)

void Insert (const vector< int > & ii, const vector< Point< T_- > > & v)

Insert values into certain locations of the vector.

Parameters

in	ii	Vector containing indices where to insert (Note the indices start from 0 like any C-array)
in	v	Vector of values to insert, corresponding to indices in ii. Here the vector has entries of type Point <t_>.</t_>

void Add (const vector< int > & ii_r const vector< T_- > & v)

Add values into certain locations of the vector.

Parameters

in	ii	Vector containing indices where to add (Note the indices start from 0 like any C-array)	
in	v	Vector of values to add, corresponding to indices in ii	

7.80 PETScWrapper< T_> Class Template Reference

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

Public Member Functions

• PETScWrapper (int argc, char **args, string help="")

Constructor with program arguments.

~PETScWrapper ()

Destructor.

• PetscErrorCode getIntOption (string s, PetscInt &n, PetscBool &set) const

Get an option as an integer number.

• PetscErrorCode getBoolOption (string s, PetscBool &b, PetscBool &set) const

Get an option as a bool variable.

• PetscMPIInt size () const

Return wrapper size, i.e. number of processors.

• void setMesh (Mesh &ms)

Set mesh.

• void setPartition (Partition &p)

Set mesh partition.

void setMatrix (PETScMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Define problem matrix.

 void setLinearSystem (PETScMatrix< T₋ > &A, PETScVect< T₋ > &b, string s=KSPCG, string p=PCJACOBI, real_t tol=1.e-12, size_t max_it=1000)

Set linear system features.

• void setPreconditioner (string p)

Choose preconditioner for the iterative procedure.

void setIterationParameters (real_t tol, size_t max_it)

Choose iteration parameters.

void setIterationMethod (string m)

Choose the iterative method.

void solve (PETScVect < T_− > &x)

Solve the linear system.

void solve (const PETScVect< T₋ > &b, PETScVect< T₋ > &x)

Solve the linear system.

• void checkError (PETScVect< T_> &u) const

Check residual error.

• int getIterationNumber () const

Return the number of iterations.

void setLSTolerances (real_t rel_tol, real_t abs_tol, real_t div_tol=PETSC_DEFAULT, int max
 _it=PETSC_DEFAULT) const

Set tolerance parameters for a linear system.

• PetscMPIInt getRank () const

Return the rank of the current processor.

Friends

template < class S_ >
 ostream & operator < < (ostream &s, const PETScWrapper < S_ > &w)
 Output wrapper information.

7.80.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::PETScWrapper < T_>
```

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

When Petsc is used, an instance of class PETScWrapper is to be declared. It initializes the use of Petsc and enables calling solver functions in Petsc.

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, int, complex<double>, ...)
```

When a linear system is invoked, the choice of iterative solvers can be made among the following methods (see Petsc documentation for more details):

• KSPRICHARDSON: The Richardson iterative method (Default damping parameter is 1.0)

- KSPCHEBYSHEV: The Chebyshev iterative method
- KSPCG: The conjugate gradient method [Default]
- KSPCGNE: The CG method for normal equations (without explicitly forming the product
 ^{A^TA}
- KSPGMRES: [Default] The GMRES iterative method (see A Generalized Minimal Residual Algorithm for Solving Nonsymmetric Linear Systems. Y. Saad and M. H. Schultz, SIAM J. Sci. Stat. Comput., Vol. 7, No. 3, July 1986, pp. 856-869)
- KSPFGMRES: The Flexible GMRES method (with restart)
- KSPLGMRES: The 'augmented' standard GMRES method where the subspace uses approximations to the error from previous restart cycles
- KSPTCQMR: A variant of QMR (quasi minimal residual) developed by Tony Chan
- KSPBCGS: The BiCGStab (Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPIBCGS: The IBiCGStab (Improved Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method in an alternative form to have only a single global reduction operation instead of the usual 3 (or 4)
- KSPFBCGS: The flexible BiCGStab method.
- KSPCGS: The CGS (Conjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPTFQMR: A transpose free QMR (quasi minimal residual)
- KSPCR: The conjugate residuals method
- KSPLSQR: The LSQR method
- KSPBICG: The Biconjugate gradient method (similar to running the conjugate gradient on the normal equations)
- KSPMINRES: The MINRES (Minimum Residual) method
- KSPSYMMLQ: The SYMMLQ method
- KSPGCR: The Generalized Conjugate Residual method

When a linear system is invoked, the choice of a preconditioner can be made among the following methods (see Petsc documentation for more details):

- PCJACOBI: [Default] Jacobi (i.e. diagonal scaling) preconditioning
- PCBJACOBI: Block Jacobi preconditioning, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object
- PCSOR: (S)SOR (successive over relaxation, Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning
- PCEISENSTAT: An implementation of SSOR (symmetric successive over relaxation, symmetric Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning that incorporates Eisenstat's trick to reduce the amount of computation needed
- PCICC: Incomplete Cholesky factorization preconditioners
- PCILU: Incomplete factorization preconditioners
- PCASM: Use the (restricted) additive Schwarz method, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object
- PCLU: Uses a direct solver, based on LU factorization, as a preconditioner
- PCCHOLESKY: Uses a direct solver, based on Cholesky factorization, as a preconditioner

7.80.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

PETScWrapper (int argc, char ** args, string help = "")

Constructor with program arguments.

Parameters

in	argc Count of number of command line arguments	
----	--	--

in	args	The command line arguments. Here is the list of arguments:
		• -start_in_debugger [noxterm,dbx,xdb,gdb,]
		– Starts program in debugger
		-on_error_attach_debugger [noxterm,dbx,xdb,gdb,]
		 Starts debugger when error detected
		• -on_error_emacs <machinename> causes emacsclient to jump to error file</machinename>
		on_error_abort calls abort() when error detected (no traceback)
		 -on_error_mpiabort calls MPI_abort() when error detected
		 error_output_stderr prints error messages to stderr instead of the default stdout
		 -error_output_none does not print the error messages (but handles errors in the same way as if this was not called)
		 debugger_nodes [node1,node2,] - Indicates nodes to start in debugger
		• -debugger_pause [sleeptime] (in seconds)
		– Pauses debugger
		• -stop_for_debugger
		 Print message on how to attach debugger manually to process and wait (-debugger_pause) seconds for attachment
		• -malloc
		 Indicates use of PETSc error-checking malloc (on by default for debug version of libraries)
		• -malloc no
		 Indicates not to use error-checking malloc
		• -malloc_debug
		 check for memory corruption at EVERY malloc or free
		• -malloc_dump
		 prints a list of all unfreed memory at the end of the run
		• -malloc_test
		 like -malloc_dump -malloc_debug, but only active for debugging builds
		• -fp_trap
		 Stops on floating point exceptions (Note that on the IBM RS6000 this slows code by at least a factor of 10.)
		• -no_signal_handler
866		 Indicates not to trap error signals OFELI's Reference Guide
		• -shared_tmp
		 indicates /tmp directory is shared by all processors
		• -not_shared_tmp

7.80. PETSCWRAPPER< T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	help	String that contains message to display when argument -v is used
----	------	--

Warning

This class is available only when OFELI has been installed with Petsc

~PETScWrapper ()

Destructor.

Destroy the KSP context and release memory allocated by petsc

7.80.3 Member Function Documentation

PetscErrorCode getIntOption (string s, PetscInt & n, PetscBool & set) const

Get an option as an integer number.

Parameters

in	S	String to preprend the name of the option
out	n	Obtained integer value
out	set	true if found, false if not.

PetscErrorCode getBoolOption (string s, PetscBool & b, PetscBool & set) const

Get an option as a bool variable.

Parameters

in	S	String to preprend the name of the option
out	b	Obtained boolean value
out	set	true if found, false if not.

void setMesh (Mesh & ms)

Set mesh.

Parameters

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

void setPartition (Partition & p)

Set mesh partition.

This function is to be used for parallel computing

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUM**ENTAPROS**CWRAPPER $< T_- > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

in	р	Partition instance
----	---	--------------------

void setMatrix (PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Define problem matrix.

Parameters

	in	A	PETScMatrix instance that contains matrix	
--	----	---	---	--

void setLinearSystem (PETScMatrix< T_- > & A, PETScVect< T_- > & b, string s = KSPCG, string p = PCJACOBI, real_t tol = 1. e^-12 , size_t $max_it = 1000$)

Set linear system features.

Parameters

in	A	PETScMatrix instance that contains matrix		
in	b	Vector containing the right-hand side		
in	S	Option to choose iterative solver. See the definition of the class for iterative nethods		
in	p	Option to choose preconditioner. See the definition of the class for available preconditioners.		
in	tol	Tolerance for convergence of iteration process [Default: 1.e-12]		
in	max↔ _it	Maximum number of linear solver iterations [Default: 1000]		

void setPreconditioner (string p)

Choose preconditioner for the iterative procedure.

Parameters

in	p	Option to choose preconditioner. See the definition of the class for available	
		preconditioners.	

void setIterationParameters (real_t tol, size_t max_it)

Choose iteration parameters.

Parameters

in	tol	Tolerance for convergence of iteration process
in	max←	Maximum number of linear solver iterations
	_it	

void setIterationMethod (string m)

Choose the iterative method.

Parameters

in	m	Option to choose iterative solver. See the definition of the class for available
		iterative solvers.

void solve (PETScVect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve the linear system.

If the member functions setIterationMethod and setPreconditioner have not been used, default methods are used

Parameters

in,out	Vector containing the initial guess on input and, if convergence is achieved, the
	solution on output

void solve (const PETScVect< T $_->$ & b, PETScVect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve the linear system.

If the member functions setIterationMethod and setPreconditioner have not been used, default methods are used

Parameters

in	b	Vector containing the right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing the initial guess on input and, if convergence is achieved, the solution on output

void checkError (PETScVect< T $_->$ & u) const

Check residual error.

This function computes the residual A*x - b and outputs the number of iterations

Parameters

out	и	Residual vector
-----	---	-----------------

void setLSTolerances (real_t rel_tol, real_t abs_tol, real_t div_tol = PETSC_DEFAULT, int max_it = PETSC_DEFAULT) const

Set tolerance parameters for a linear system.

Parameters

in	rel_tol	Relative convergence tolerance, relative decrease in the preconditioned
		residual norm

in	abs_tol	Absolute convergence tolerance of the preconditioned residual norm	
in	div_tol	Divergence tolerance: Amount preconditioned residual norm	
in	max⇔ _it	Maximum number of iterations	

7.81 PhaseChange Class Reference

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

Public Member Functions

• virtual ~PhaseChange ()

Destructor.

• int E2T (real_t &H, real_t &T, real_t &gamma)

Calculate temperature from enthalpy.

virtual int EnthalpyToTemperature (real_t &H, real_t &T, real_t &gamma)

Virtual function to calculate temperature from enthalpy.

• void setMaterial (Material &m, int code)

Choose Material instance and material code.

• Material & getMaterial () const

Return reference to Material instance.

7.81.1 Detailed Description

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

These laws are predefined for a certain number of materials. The user can set himself a specific behavior for his own materials by defining a class that inherits from PhaseChange. The derived class must has at least the member function

int EnthalpyToTemperature(real_t &H, real_t &T, real_t &gamma)

7.81.2 Member Function Documentation

int E2T (real_t & H, real_t & T, real_t & gamma)

Calculate temperature from enthalpy.

This member function is to be called in any equation class that needs phase change laws.

Parameters

in	Н	Enthalpy value
out	T	Calculated temperature value
out	gamma	Maximal slope of the curve H -> T

virtual int EnthalpyToTemperature (real_t & H, real_t & T, real_t & gamma) [virtual]

Virtual function to calculate temperature from enthalpy.

This member function must be implemented in any derived class in order to define user's own material laws.

Parameters

in H Enthalpy		Enthalpy value
out	T	Calculated temperature value
out	gamma	Maximal slope of the curve H -> T

7.82 Point $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

Public Member Functions

```
• Point ()
```

Default constructor.

• Point (T₋ a, T₋ b=T₋(0), T₋ c=T₋(0))

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and z-coordinates respectively.

• Point (const Point < T_ > &p)

Copy constructor.

T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator (): Non constant version.

const T₋ & operator() (size₋t i) const

Operator (): Constant version.

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t i)

Operator []: Non constant version.

• const T₋ & operator[] (size₋t i) const

Operator []: Constant version.

• Point $< T_- > & operator += (const Point < T_- > &p)$

Operator +=

• Point $< T_- > & operator= (const Point<math>< T_- > & p)$

Operator -=

• Point< T_> & operator= (const T_ &a)

Operator =

• Point< T_− > & operator+= (const T_− &a)

Operator +=

• Point< T_> & operator== (const T_ &a)

Operator -=

• Point< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &a)

Operator *=

Point< T₋ > & operator/= (const T₋ &a)

Operator /=

• bool operator== (const Point< T_> &p)

Operator ==

• bool operator!= (const Point< T₋ > &p)

Operator !=

• double NNorm () const

Return squared euclidean norm of vector.

• double Norm () const

Return norm (length) of vector.

• void Normalize ()

Normalize vector.

• Point< double > Director (const Point< double > &p) const

Return Director (Normalized vector)

• bool isCloseTo (const Point< double > &a, double toler=OFELL_TOLERANCE) const

Return true if current point is close to instance a (up to tolerance toler)

• T_ operator, (const Point< T_ > &p) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

Public Attributes

• T_x

First coordinate.

• T_y

Second coordinate.

• T_z

Third coordinate.

7.82.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_> class OFELI::Point< T_>

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

Operators = and () are overloaded.

Template Parameters

 T_{\leftarrow} Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)

7.82.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Point (T_-a , $T_-b = T_-(0)$, $T_-c = T_-(0)$)

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and z-coordinates respectively. Default values for b and c are 0

7.82.3 Member Function Documentation

T_{_}& operator() (size_{_}t i)

Operator (): Non constant version.

Values i = 1, 2, 3 correspond to x, y and z respectively

```
const T_& operator() ( size_t i ) const
Operator (): Constant version.
   Values i = 1, 2, 3 correspond to x, y and z respectively
T_& operator[]( size_t i )
Operator []: Non constant version.
   Values i = 0, 1, 2 correspond to x, y and z respectively
const T_& operator[] ( size_t i ) const
Operator []: Constant version.
   Values i = 0, 1, 2 correspond to x, y and z respectively
Point<T_->& operator+= ( const Point< T_-> & p )
Operator +=
   Add point p to current instance
Point<T_->& operator== ( const Point< T_->& p )
Operator -=
   Subtract point p from current instance
Point<T_->& operator= ( const T_- & a )
Operator =
   Assign constant a to current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator+= ( const T_-& a )
Operator +=
   Add constant a to current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator== ( const T_-& a )
Operator -=
   Subtract constant a from current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator*= ( const T_- & a )
Operator *=
   Multiply constant a by current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator/= ( const T_-& a )
Operator /=
   Divide current instance coordinates by a
bool operator== ( const Point< T_-> & p )
Operator ==
   Return true if current instance is equal to p, false otherwise.
```

bool operator!= (const Point $< T_- > & p$)

Operator !=

Return false if current instance is equal to p, true otherwise.

void Normalize ()

Normalize vector.

Divide vector components by its 2-norm

bool isCloseTo (const Point < double > & a, double toler = OFELI_TOLERANCE) const

Return true if current point is close to instance a (up to tolerance toler)

Default value for toler is the OFELI_TOLERANCE constant.

T_{-} operator, (const Point< T_{-} > & p) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (p,q) where p and q are 2 instances of Point < double >

Parameters

in	p	Point instance by which the current instance is multiplied
----	---	--

7.83 Point2D< T_> Class Template Reference

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

Public Member Functions

• Point2D ()

Default constructor.

• Point2D (T₋ a, T₋ b=T₋(0))

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and y-coordinates respectively.

• Point2D (T_*a)

Initialize point coordinates with C-array a.

Point2D (const Point2D < T₋ > &pt)

Copy constructor.

• Point2D (const Point < T_ > &pt)

Copy constructor from class Point.

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator(): Non constant version.

const T₋ & operator() (size₋t i) const

Operator(): Constant version.

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t i)

Operator []: Non constant version.

• const T₋ & operator[] (size₋t i) const

Operator [] Constant version.

• Point2D< T $_->$ & operator= (const Point2D< T $_->$ &p)

```
Operator =
• Point2D< T_-> & operator+= (const Point2D< T_-> &p)
      Operator +=
• Point2D< T_-> & operator= (const Point2D< T_-> &p)
      Operator -=
• Point2D< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)
      Operator =
• Point2D< T_> & operator+= (const T_ &a)
      Operator +=
• Point2D< T<sub>−</sub> > & operator-= (const T<sub>−</sub> &a)
      Operator -=
• Point2D< T<sub>−</sub> > & operator*= (const T<sub>−</sub> &a)
      Operator *=
• Point2D< T_> & operator/= (const T_ &a)
      Operator /=
• bool operator== (const Point2D < T_ > &p)
      Operator ==
• bool operator!= (const Point2D < T_ > &p)
      Operator !=
• real_t CrossProduct (const Point2D< real_t > &lp, const Point2D< real_t > &rp)
      Return Cross product of two vectors lp and rp

    real_t NNorm () const

      Return squared norm (length) of vector.

    real_t Norm () const

      Return norm (length) of vector.
• Point2D< real_t > Director (const Point2D< real_t > &p) const
      Return Director (Normalized vector)

    bool isCloseTo (const Point2D < real_t > &a, real_t toler=OFELI_TOLERANCE) const

      Return true if current point is close to instance a (up to tolerance toler)
```

Public Attributes

• T₋ x

First coordinate of point.

• T_y

Second coordinate of point.

7.83.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::Point2D< T_>
```

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates. Operators = and () are overloaded. The actual **Template Parameters**

```
T_{\leftarrow} Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

7.83.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
Point2D ( T_-a, T_-b = T_-(0) )
```

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and y-coordinates respectively. Default value for b is 0

7.83.3 Member Function Documentation

T_{-} % operator() (size_t i)

Operator(): Non constant version.

Values i = 1,2 correspond to x and y respectively

const T_& operator() (size_t i) const

Operator(): Constant version.

Values i=1,2 correspond to x and y respectively

T_{∞} operator[] (size_t i)

Operator[]: Non constant version.

Values i=0,1 correspond to x and y respectively

const T_& operator[](size_t i) const

Operator[] Constant version.

Values i=0,1 correspond to x and y respectively

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator= (const Point2D< T $_->$ & p)

Operator =

Assign point p to current instance

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator+= (const Point2D< T $_->$ & p)

Operator +=

Add point p to current instance

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator== (const Point2D< T $_->$ & p)

Operator -=

Subtract point p from current instance

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator =

Assign constant a to current instance coordinates

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator+= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator +=

Add constant a to current instance coordinates

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator -=

Subtract constant a from current instance coordinates

Point2D<T $_->$ & operator*= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator *=

Multiply constant a by current instance coordinates

Point2D<T $_>$ & operator/= (const T $_$ & a)

Operator /=

Divide current instance coordinates by a

bool operator== (const Point2D< T $_->$ & p)

Operator ==

Return true if current instance is equal to p, false otherwise.

bool operator!= (const Point2D< T $_->$ & p)

Operator !=

Return false if current instance is equal to p, true otherwise.

7.84 Polygon Class Reference

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

Inheritance diagram for Polygon:



Public Member Functions

• polygon ()

Default constructor.

Polygon (const Vect< Point< real_t >> &v, int code=1)

Constructor.

• void setVertices (const Vect< Point< real_t >> &v)

Assign vertices of polygon.

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current polygon.

• Polygon & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Polygon & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

- void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const
 - Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.
- real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.84.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

7.84.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Polygon (const Vect< Point< real_t >> & v, int code = 1)

Constructor.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance containing list of coordinates of polygon vertices	
in	code	Code to assign to the generated domain (Default value = 1)	

7.84.3 Member Function Documentation

void setVertices (const Vect< Point< real_t >> & v)

Assign vertices of polygon.

Parameters

in	v	Vector containing vertices coordinates in counter clockwise order
----	---	---

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current polygon.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the polygon, negative if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

Parameters

in	р	Point <double> instance</double>

Reimplemented from Figure.

Polygon& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate polygon by a vector a

Polygon& operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

Scale polygon by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed	
in	а	First vertex of line	
in	b	Second vertex of line	

Returns

Signed distance

7.85 Prec< T_> Class Template Reference

To set a preconditioner.

Public Member Functions

• Prec ()

Default constructor.

• Prec (int type)

 $Constructor\ that\ chooses\ preconditioner.$

• Prec (const SpMatrix < T_ > &A, int type=DIAG_PREC)

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

• Prec (const Matrix < T_ > *A, int type=DIAG_PREC)

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

• ~Prec ()

Destructor.

• void setType (int type)

Define preconditioner type.

• void setMatrix (const Matrix < T_ > *A)

Define pointer to matrix for preconditioning (if this one is abstract)

void setMatrix (const SpMatrix < T₋ > &A)

Define the matrix for preconditioning.

• void solve (Vect< T_> &x) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

• void solve (const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

• void TransSolve (Vect< T₋ > &x) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

• void TransSolve (const Vect< T₋ > &b, Vect< T₋ > &x) const *Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.*

• T_ & getPivot (size_t i) const

Return i-th pivot of preconditioning matrix.

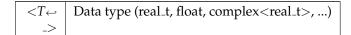
7.85.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_> class OFELI::Prec< T_>

To set a preconditioner.

The preconditioner type is chosen in the constructor

Template Parameters



7.85.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Prec (int type)

Constructor that chooses preconditioner.

in	type	Preconditioner type:	
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
		• DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		• ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR preconditioner	

Prec (const SpMatrix< T_- > & A, int $type = DIAG_PREC$)

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

Parameters

A	Matrix to precondition	
type	Preconditioner type:	
	IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
	DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
	DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
	ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
	SSOR_PREC: SSOR preconditioner	

Prec (const Matrix< T $_-$ >* A, int type = DIAG_PREC)

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

Parameters

in	Α	Pointer to abstract Matrix class to precondition	
in	type	Preconditioner type:	
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
		DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR preconditioner	

OFELI's Reference Guide

7.85.3 Member Function Documentation

void setType (int type)

Define preconditioner type.

Parameters

ir	type	Preconditioner type:	
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
		DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR preconditioner	
		1	

void setMatrix (const Matrix $< T_- > *A$)

Define pointer to matrix for preconditioning (if this one is abstract)

Parameters

in	A	Matrix to precondition
----	---	------------------------

void setMatrix (const SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$)

Define the matrix for preconditioning.

Parameters

in	Α	Matrix to precondition (instance of class SpMatrix)
----	---	---

void solve (Vect< T_- > & x) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

Parameters

j	n,out	х	Right-hand side on input and solution on output.
---	-------	---	--

void solve (const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

in	b	Right-hand side
out	x	Solution vector

void TransSolve (Vect< T $_->$ & x) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

Parameters

in,out	x	Right-hand side in input and solution in output.
--------	---	--

void TransSolve (const Vect< T_- > & b, Vect< T_- > & x) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

Parameters

in	b	Right-hand side vector
out	x	Solution vector

7.86 Prescription Class Reference

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

Public Member Functions

Prescription ()

Default constructor.

Prescription (Mesh &mesh, const string &file)

Constructor that gives an instance of class Mesh and the data file name.

• ∼Prescription ()

Destructor.

• int get (int type, Vect< real_t > &v, real_t time=0, size_t dof=0)

7.86.1 Detailed Description

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

7.86.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Prescription (Mesh & mesh, const string & file)

Constructor that gives an instance of class Mesh and the data file name. It reads parameters in Prescription Format from this file.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	file	Name of Prescription file

7.86.3 Member Function Documentation

int get (int type, Vect< real_t > & v, real_t time = 0, size_t dof = 0)

Read data in the given file and stores in a Vect instance for a chosen DOF. The input value type determines the type of data to read.

Parameters

in	type	Type of data to seek. To choose among the enumerated values:
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION: Read values for (Dirichlet) boundary conditions
		BOUNDARY_FORCE: Read values for boundary force (Neumann boundary condition). The values TRACTION and FLUX have the same effect.
		The values Traction and Flor have the same effect.
		 BODY_FORCE: Read values for body (or volume) forces. The value SOURCE has the same effect.
		POINT_FORCE: Read values for pointwise forces
		INITIAL_FIELD: Read values for initial solution
in,out	v	Vect instance that is instantiatd on input and filled on output
in	time	Value of time for which data is read [Default: 0].
in	dof	DOF to store (Default is 0: All DOFs are chosen).

7.87 Quad4 Class Reference

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using Q_1 isoparametric interpolation. Inheritance diagram for Quad4:



Public Member Functions

• Quad4 ()

Default Constructor.

• Quad4 (const Element *element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

• Quad4 (const Side *side)

Constructor when data of Side sd are given.

• ~Quad4 ()

Destructor.

• void set (const Element *el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

• void set (const Side *sd)

Choose side by giving its pointer.

void setLocal (const Point < real_t > &s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

• Point< real_t > Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > &u, const Point< real_t > &s)

Return gradient of a function defined at element nodes.

• real_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of quadrilateral.

real_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of quadrilateral.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.87.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using Q_1 isoparametric interpolation.

The reference element is the square [-1,1]x[-1,1]. The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **set** \leftarrow **Local()** must be invoked.

7.87.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Quad4 (const Element * element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

in	element	Pointer to Element
----	---------	--------------------

Quad4 (const Side * side)

Constructor when data of Side sd are given.

Parameters

in sid	Pointer to Side
--------	-----------------

7.87.3 Member Function Documentation

void setLocal (const Point< real_t > & s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

Parameters

in	S	Point in the reference element This function computes jacobian, shape functions and
		their partial derivatives at s. Other member functions only return these values.

Point<real $_t>$ DSh (size $_ti$) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calculate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > & u, const Point< real_t> & s)

Return gradient of a function defined at element nodes.

Parameters

in	и	Vector of values at nodes
in	S	Local coordinates (in [-1,1]) of point where the gradient is evaluated

Returns

Value of gradient

Note

If the derivatives of shape functions were not computed before calling this function (by calling setLocal), this function will compute them

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

in	i	Local node label
in	s	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint(const Point< real_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.88 Reconstruction Class Reference

To perform various reconstruction operations.

Public Member Functions

• Reconstruction ()

Default constructor.

Reconstruction (const Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a refrence to a Mesh instance.

• ~Reconstruction ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &ms)

Provide Mesh instance.

• void P0toP1 (const Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &v)

Smooth an elementwise field to obtain a nodewise field by L^2 projection.

• void DP1toP1 (const Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &v)

Smooth an Discontinuous P1 field to obtain a nodewise (Continuous P_1) field by L^2 projection.

7.88.1 Detailed Description

To perform various reconstruction operations.

This class enables various reconstruction operations like smoothing, projections, ...

7.88.2 Member Function Documentation

void P0toP1 (const Vect< real_t > & u_t Vect< real_t > & v)

Smooth an elementwise field to obtain a nodewise field by L^2 projection.

in	и	Vect instance that contains field to smooth
out	v	Vect instance that contains on output smoothed field

void DP1toP1 (const Vect< real_t > & u_t Vect< real_t > & v)

Smooth an Discontinuous P1 field to obtain a nodewise (Continuous P_1) field by L^2 projection.

Parameters

in	и	Vect instance that contains field to smooth
out	v	Vect instance that contains on output smoothed field

Warning

This function is valid for P_1 triangles (2-D) only.

7.89 Rectangle Class Reference

To store and treat a rectangular figure. Inheritance diagram for Rectangle:



Public Member Functions

• Rectangle ()

Default constructor.

- Rectangle (const Point < real_t > &bbm, const Point < real_t > &bbM, int code=1)
 Constructor.
- void setBoundingBox (const Point < real_t > &bbm, const Point < real_t > &bbM)
 Assign bounding box of the rectangle.
- Point< real_t > getBoundingBox1 () const

Return first point of bounding box.

Point< real_t > getBoundingBox2 () const

Return second point of bounding box.

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current rectangle.

• Rectangle & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Rectangle & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

- void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const
 - Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.
- real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.89.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

7.89.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Rectangle (const Point < real t > & bbm, const Point < real t > & bbM, int code = 1)

Constructor.

Parameters

in	bbm	Left Bottom point of rectangle
in	bbM	Right Top point of rectangle
in	code	Code to assign to rectangle

7.89.3 Member Function Documentation

void setBoundingBox (const Point< real_t > & bbm, const Point< real_t > & bbM)

Assign bounding box of the rectangle.

Parameters

in	bbm	Left Bottom point
in	bbM	Right Top point

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current rectangle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the rectangle, negative if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

Parameters

	in	р	Point <double> instance</double>	
--	----	---	----------------------------------	--

Reimplemented from Figure.

Rectangle& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate rectangle by a vector a

Rectangle & operator += (real_t a)

Operator *=.

Scale rectangle by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

Returns

Signed distance

7.90 Side Class Reference

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

Public Types

Public Member Functions

• Side ()

Default Constructor.

• Side (size_t label, const string &shape)

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

• Side (size_t label, int shape)

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

• Side (const Side &sd)

Copy constructor.

• ~Side ()

Destructor.

• void Add (Node *node)

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of side.

• void Add (Edge *edge)

Insert an edge at end of list of edges of side.

• void setLabel (size_t i)

Define label of side.

void setFirstDOF (size_t n)

Define First DOF.

void setNbDOF (size_t nb_dof)

Set number of degrees of freedom (DOF).

void DOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

void setDOF (size_t &first_dof, size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF.

• void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Assign code to a DOF.

• void setCode (const string &exp, int code, size_t dof=1)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of side nodes.

• void Replace (size_t label, Node *node)

Replace a node at a given local label.

• void Add (Element *el)

Set pointer to neighbor element.

• void set (Element *el, size_t i)

Set pointer to neighbor element.

void setNode (size_t i, Node *node)

Assign a node given by its pointer as the i-th node of side.

• int getShape () const

Return side's shape.

• size_t getLabel () const

Return label of side.

• size_t n () const

Return label of side.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of side nodes.

• size_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of side vertices.

• size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of side equations.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of DOF.

• int getCode (size_t dof=1) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

• size_t getDOF (size_t i) const

Return label of i-th dof.

• size_t getFirstDOF () const

Return label of first dof of node.

Node * getPtrNode (size_t i) const

Return pointer to node of local label i.

• Node * operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ().

size_t getNodeLabel (size_t i) const

Return global label of node with given local label.

• Element * getNeighborElement (size_t i) const

Return pointer to i-th side neighboring element.

• Element * getOtherNeighborElement (Element *el) const

Return pointer to other neighboring element than given one.

• Point< real_t > getNormal () const

Return normal vector to side.

Point< real_t > getUnitNormal () const

Return unit normal vector to side.

• int isOnBoundary () const

Boundary side or not.

• void setOnBoundary ()

Say that the side is on the boundary.

real_t getMeasure () const

Return measure of side.

• size_t Contains (const Node *nd) const

Say if a given node belongs to current side.

• void setActive (bool opt=true)

Set side is active (default) or not if argument is false

bool isActive () const

Return true or false whether side is active or not.

• int getLevel () const

Return side level Side level increases when side is refined (starting from 0). If the level is 0, then the element has no father.

• void setChild (Side *sd)

Assign side as child of current one and assign current side as father.

• Side * getParent () const

Return pointer to parent side Return null if no parent.

• Side * getChild (size_t i) const

Return pointer to *i*-th child side Returns null pointer is no childs.

size_t getNbChilds () const

Return number of children of side.

7.90.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

Defines a side of a finite element mesh. The sides are given in particular by their shapes and a list of nodes. Each node can be accessed by the member function **getPtrNode()**. The string defining the element shape must be chosen according to the following list:

7.90.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum SideType

To select side type (boundary side or not).

Enumerator

INTERNAL_SIDE Internal side
EXTERNAL_BOUNDARY Side on external boundary
INTERNAL_BOUNDARY Side on internal boundary

7.90.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Side (size_t label, const string & shape)

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to side.
in	shape	Shape of side (See class description).

Side (size_t label, int shape)

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

Parameters

in	label	to assign to side.
in	shape	of side (See enum ElementShape in Mesh).

7.90.4 Member Function Documentation

void DOF (size_t i, size_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

Parameters

in	i	DOF index
in	dof	Its label

void setDOF (size_t & first_dof, size_t nb_dof)

Define number of DOF.

Parameters

in,out	first_dof	Label of the first DOF in input that is actualized
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF

void setCode (size_t dof, int code)

Assign code to a DOF.

Parameters

in	dof	DOF to which code is assigned
in	code	Code to assign

void setCode (const string & exp, int code, size_t dof = 1)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of side nodes.

Parameters

in	ехр	Boolean algebraic expression as required by fparser
in	code	Code to assign to node if the algebraic expression is true
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]

void Add (Element * el)

Set pointer to neighbor element.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element to add as a neigbor element
----	----	--

Remarks

This function adds the pointer el only if this one is not a null pointer

void set (Element * el, size_t i)

Set pointer to neighbor element.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element to set as a neighbor element
in	i	Local number of neighbor element

Remarks

This function differs from the Add by the fact that the local label of neighbor element is given

int getCode ($size_t dof = 1$) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

Parameters

in dof Local label of degree of freedom.	[Default: 1]
--	--------------

Node* operator() (size_t i) const

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

Element* getNeighborElement (size_t i) const

Return pointer to i-th side neighboring element.

Parameters

in	i	Local label of neighbor element (must be equal to 1 or 2).
----	---	--

Element* getOtherNeighborElement (Element * el) const

Return pointer to other neighboring element than given one.

Parameters

	in el	Pointer to a given neighbor element]
--	-------	-------------------------------------	---

Remarks

If the side is on the boundary this function returns null pointer

Point<real_t> getNormal () const

Return normal vector to side.

The normal vector is oriented from the first neighbor element to the second one.

Warning

The norm of this vector is equal to the measure of the side (length of the edge in 2-D and area of the face in 3-D), and To get the unit normal, use rather the member function get← UnitNormal.

Point<real_t> getUnitNormal () const

Return unit normal vector to side.

The unit normal vector is oriented from the first neighbor element to the second one.

Remarks

The norm of this vector is equal to one.

int isOnBoundary () const

Boundary side or not.

Returns 1 or -1 if side is on boundary Depending on whether the first or the second neighbor element is defined Returns 0 if side is an inner one

Remarks

This member function is valid only if member function Mesh::getAllSides() or Mesh::get← BoundarySides() has been called before.

real_t getMeasure () const

Return measure of side.

This member function returns length or area of side. In case of quadrilaterals it returns determinant of Jacobian of mapping between reference and actual side

size_t Contains (const Node * nd) const

Say if a given node belongs to current side.

Parameters

	in	nd	Pointer to searched node
--	----	----	--------------------------

Returns

index (local label) of node if found, 0 if not

void setChild (Side * sd)

Assign side as child of current one and assign current side as father.

This function is principally used when refining is invoked (e.g. for mesh adaption)

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side to assign
----	----	---------------------------

7.91 SideList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

Public Member Functions

• SideList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ~SideList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Select sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• void unselectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Unselect sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• size_t getNbSides () const

Return number of selected sides.

• void top ()

Reset list of sides at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of sides at its top position (Constant version)

• Side * get ()

Return pointer to current side and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Side * get () const

Return pointer to current side and move to next one (Constant version)

7.91.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

7.91.2 Member Function Documentation

void selectCode (int code, int dof = 1)

Select sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

Parameters

in	code	Code that sides share	
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]	

void unselectCode (int code, int dof = 1)

Unselect sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

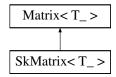
Parameters

in	code	Code of sides to exclude
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

7.92 SkMatrix $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

Inheritance diagram for SkMatrix< T_−>:



Public Member Functions

• SkMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SkMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix.

• SkMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

• SkMatrix (const Vect< size_t > &ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column heights.

• SkMatrix (const SkMatrix < T_> &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ~SkMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

• void setSkyline (Mesh &mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void setDOF (size_t i)

Choose DOF to activate.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const SkMatrix < T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix < T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void TMultAdd (const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void MultAdd (T_a , const Vect< T_a > &x, Vect< T_a > &y) const

Multiply matrix by a vector and add to another one.

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

size_t getColHeight (size_t i) const

```
Return column height.
```

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

void DiagPrescribe (Mesh &mesh, Vect< T₋ > &b, const Vect< T₋ > &u, int flag=0)
 Impose an essential boundary condition.

• void DiagPrescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• SkMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const SkMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Operator = .

• SkMatrix< T₋ > & operator= (const T₋ &x)

Operator =.

• SkMatrix< T_> & operator+= (const SkMatrix< T_> &m)

Operator +=.

• SkMatrix $< T_- > & operator += (const T_- & x)$

Operator +=.

• SkMatrix $< T_- > & operator*= (const T_- &x)$

Operator *=.

• int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

• int solve (Vect< $T_->$ &b)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve linear system.

• T_ * get () const

Return C-Array.

• T₋ get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.

size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

T₋ getDiag (size₋t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T_ *a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix < T_ > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T_> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

void Prescribe (Vect< T₋ > &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) *essential boundary condition.*

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T₋> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

• virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T₋ operator() (size₋t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T_operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T_> &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T₋ &x)

Operator -=.

7.92.1 Detailed Description

template < class T_> class OFELI::SkMatrix < T_>

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

This template class allows storing and manipulating a matrix in skyline storage format. The matrix entries are stored in 2 vectors column by column as in the following example:

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

7.92.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

SkMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-dimension matrix

SkMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal = false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

Parameters

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).
in	is_diagonal	Boolean to select if the matrix is diagonal or not [Default: false]

SkMatrix (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0, int is_diagonal = false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.	
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.	

SkMatrix (const Vect< size_t> & ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column heights.

Parameters

in	ColHt	Vect instance that contains rows lengths of matrix.
----	-------	---

7.92.3 Member Function Documentation

void setMesh (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side)	
		is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.	

void setSkyline (Mesh & mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

This member function calculates matrix structure using a Mesh instance.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance

void setDOF (size_t i)

Choose DOF to activate.

This function is available only if variable dof is equal to 1 in the constructor

Parameters

in i Index of the DOF

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

_			
	in	i	Row index (starting at i=1)

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTA 7102N SKMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

in	j	Column index (starting at i=1)
in	val	Value to assign to entry a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void Axpy (T_-a , const SkMatrix $< T_- > & m$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in <i>m</i> Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current		Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void MultAdd (const Vect< $T_-> & x$, Vect< $T_-> & y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void TMultAdd (const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector \mathbf{x} and add to \mathbf{y} .

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	у	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

void MultAdd (T_-a , const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by a vector and add to another one.

Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix	
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	у	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the resul-	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void Mult (const Vect< $T_- > \& x$, Vect< $T_- > \& y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y.

Parameters

in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void TMult (const Vect< T_ > & x, Vect< T_ > & y) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

Parameters

in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Add a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index	
in	j	Column index	
in	val	Constant value to add to a(i,j)	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

size_t getColHeight (size_t i) const

Return column height.

Column height at entry i is returned.

T_operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_& operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void DiagPrescribe (Mesh & mesh, Vect< $T_->$ & b, const Vect< $T_->$ & u, int flag = 0)

Impose an essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. It can be modified by member function **setPenal**(..).

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which information is extracted.	
in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

void DiagPrescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0)

Impose an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. It can be modified by member function **setPenal**(..).

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.

7.92. SKMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= (const SkMatrix< T $_->$ & m)

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= (const T $_-$ & x)

Operator =.

define the matrix as a diagonal one with all diagonal entries equal to x.

SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator+= (const SkMatrix< T $_->$ & m)

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator+= (const T $_-$ & x)

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to matrix entries.

SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator*= (const T $_-$ & x)

Operator *=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

int solve (Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	1
--------	---	--	---

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

T_* get () const

Return C-Array.

Skyline of matrix is stored row by row.

${\bf void\ setDiagonal\ (\ Mesh\ \&\ \it mesh\)}$ [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_* a) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
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7.92. SKMATRIX< T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified
		(dof>0)
		or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).	
in,out	b	ect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

int FactorAndSolve ($Vect < T_- > \& b$) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

$in,out \mid b \mid$ Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and so	olution on output
--	-------------------

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side

Parameters

out	x	Vect instance that contains solution	
-----	---	--------------------------------------	--

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_operator() (size_t i) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in i	entry index
------	-------------

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_operator[](size_t k) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator== (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator-= (const $T_- \& x$) [inherited]

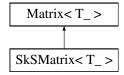
Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

7.93 SkSMatrix< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

Inheritance diagram for SkSMatrix $< T_- >$:



Public Member Functions

• SkSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SkSMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix.

• SkSMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > &ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column height.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > &I, const Vect< size_t > &J, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size_t > &I, const Vect< size_t > &J, const Vect< T_ > &a, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• SkSMatrix (const SkSMatrix < T_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

~SkSMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

void setSkyline (Mesh &mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

void Axpy (T₋ a, const SkSMatrix< T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy $(T_- a, const Matrix < T_- > *m)$

```
Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.
• void MultAdd (const Vect< T_-> &x, Vect< T_-> &y) const
      Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.
• void MultAdd (T_a, const Vect< T_a > &x, Vect< T_a > &y) const
      Multiply matrix by vector \mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x} and add to \mathbf{y}.
• void Mult (const Vect< T_-> &x, Vect< T_-> &y) const
      Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y
• void TMult (const Vect< T_-> &x, Vect< T_-> &y) const
      Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.
• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)
      Add a constant to an entry of the matrix.

    size_t getColHeight (size_t i) const

      Return column height.
• Vect< T_> getColumn (size_t j) const
      Get j-th column vector.
• Vect< T_> getRow (size_t i) const
      Get i-th row vector.
• T_ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)
      Operator () (Non constant version).
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Operator () (Constant version).
• SkSMatrix< T_> & operator= (const SkSMatrix< T_> &m)
• SkSMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)
      Operator =.
• SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator+= (const SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &m)
• SkSMatrix< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &x)
      Operator *=.
• int setLDLt ()
      Factorize matrix (LDLt (Crout) factorization).
• int solveLDLt (const Vect< T_-> &b, Vect< T_-> &x)
      Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.
• int solve (Vect< T_- > \&b)
      Solve linear system.
• int solve (const Vect< T_-> &b, Vect< T_-> &x)
      Solve linear system.
• T<sub>-</sub> * get () const
      Return C-Array.

    void set (size_t i, T_x)

      Assign a value to the i-th entry of C-array containing matrix.
• T<sub>-</sub> get (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.
• size_t getNbRows () const
      Return number of rows.
```

size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• T_{_} getDiag (size_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

void Assembly (const Element &el, T₋ *a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋ *a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T₋> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_->$ &b, const Vect< $T_->$ &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T_− > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T_operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T₋ &x)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T_− > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T₋ &x)

Operator -=.

7.93.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::SkSMatrix< T_>
```

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

This template class allows storing and manipulating a symmetric matrix in skyline storage format.

The matrix entries are stored column by column as in the following example:

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

7.93.2 Member Function Documentation

```
T_* get ( ) const
```

Return C-Array.

Skyline of matrix is stored row by row.

```
void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]
```

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_* a) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in,out	b	ect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
--------	---	--

7.93. SKSMATRIX $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified
		(dof>0)
		or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function set← Penal(..).

int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T $_->$ & b) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

$in,out \mid b \mid$ Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and so	olution on output
--	-------------------

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side

Parameters

out	x	Vect instance that contains solution
-----	---	--------------------------------------

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_operator() (size_t i) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in i	entry index
------	-------------

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_{-} operator[](size_t k) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator+= (const $T_- \& x$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

Matrix& operator== (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator=(const $T_- & x)$ [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

7.94 Sphere Class Reference

To store and treat a sphere.

Inheritance diagram for Sphere:



Public Member Functions

• Sphere ()

Default construcor.

• Sphere (const Point < real_t > &c, real_t r, int code=1)

Constructor.

void setRadius (real_t r)

Assign radius of sphere.

real_t getRadius () const

Return radius of sphere.

void setCenter (const Point < real_t > &c)

Assign coordinates of center of sphere.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

 $Return\ coordinates\ of\ center\ of\ sphere.$

• real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current sphere.

• Sphere & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Sphere & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

• void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.94.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a sphere.

7.94.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Sphere (const Point< real_t > & c, real_t r, int code = 1)

Constructor.

Parameters

in	С	Coordinates of center of sphere
in	r	Radius
in	code	Code to assign to the generated sphere [Default: 1]

7.94.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current sphere.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the ball, positive if it is outside, and 0 on the sphere

Parameters

i	n	p	Point <double> instance</double>	
---	---	---	----------------------------------	--

Reimplemented from Figure.

Sphere& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate sphere by a vector a

Sphere& operator+= $(real_t a)$

Operator *=.

Scale sphere by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

in	8	Grid instance

Parameters

in <i>d</i> Vect instance	ntaining calculated distance from each grid index to Figure
---------------------------	---

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

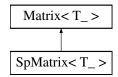
Returns

Signed distance

7.95 SpMatrix< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

Inheritance diagram for SpMatrix < T_>:



Public Member Functions

• SpMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SpMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• SpMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• SpMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0, int is_diagonal=false)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• SpMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc, const vector< size_t > &row_ptr, const vector< size_t > &col← _ind, const vector< T_ > &a)

Constructor for a rectangle matrix.

• SpMatrix (const SpMatrix &m)

```
Copy constructor.
```

• ~SpMatrix (void)

Destructor.

• void Dense ()

Define matrix as a dense one.

• void Identity ()

Define matrix as identity matrix.

• void Diagonal ()

Define matrix as a diagonal one.

void Diagonal (const T₋ &a)

Define matrix as a diagonal one with diagonal entries equal to a

• void Laplace1D (size_t n, real_t h)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

void Laplace2D (size_t nx, size_t ny)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.

void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

void setOneDOF ()

Activate 1-DOF per node option.

• void setSides ()

Activate Sides option.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void DiagPrescribe (Mesh &mesh, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition.

• void DiagPrescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

void setSize (size_t size)

Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).

• void setSize (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void setGraph (const vector< RC > &I, int opt=1)

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

• Vect< T_> getRow (size_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

Vect< T₋ > getColumn (size₋t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i, size₋t j)

Operator () (Non constant version)

• T_operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version)

• const T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version)

• const T_operator[] (size_t i) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Vect< T_> operator* (const Vect< T_> &x) const

Operator * to multiply matrix by a vector.

• SpMatrix< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &a)

Operator *= to premultiply matrix by a constant.

• void getMesh (Mesh &mesh)

Get mesh instance whose reference will be stored in current instance of SpMatrix.

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$ &v, Vect< T $_->$ &w) const

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< $T_-> &x$, Vect< $T_-> &y$) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void MultAdd (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector **a*****x** and add to y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

void Axpy (T₋ a, const SpMatrix < T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const Matrix < T₋ > *m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void operator= (const T₋ &x)

Operator = .

• size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return storage information.

size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer at position i.

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Solve the linear system of equations.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ &b, Vect< T $_->$ &x)

Solve the linear system of equations.

void setSolver (Iteration solver=CG_SOLVER, Preconditioner prec=DIAG_PREC, int max
 _it=1000, real_t toler=1.e-8)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

• void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

• T_* get () const

Return C-Array.

• T₋ get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

SpMat & getEigenMatrix ()

Return reference to the matrix instance in Eigen library.

size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

• void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

• void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• T_getDiag (size_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T-*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix < T_ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T₋ > &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) *essential boundary condition.*

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T_> &b, Vect< T_> &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T₋ &x)

```
    Operator +=.
    Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)
        Operator -=.

    Matrix & operator-= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)
        Operator -=.
```

Friends

template < class TT_ >
 ostream & operator < < (ostream &s, const SpMatrix < TT_ > &A)

7.95.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::SpMatrix< T_>
```

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

This template class enables storing and manipulating a sparse matrix, i.e. only nonzero terms are stored. Internally, the matrix is stored as a vector instance and uses for the definition of its graph a Vect<size_t> instance row_ptr and a Vect<size_t> instance col_ind that contains respectively addresses of first element of each row and column indices.

To illustrate this, consider the matrix

```
1 2 0
3 4 0
0 5 0
```

Such a matrix is stored in the vector<real_t> instance $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$. The vectors row_ptr and col_ind are respectively: $\{0,2,4,5\}$, $\{1,2,1,2,2\}$

When the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI, the class uses the sparse matrix class of eigen and enables then access to specific solvers (see class LinearSolver)

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

7.95.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

SpMatrix ()

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero-dimension matrix

SpMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

in	nr	Number of matrix rows.
in	пс	Number of matrix columns.

SpMatrix (size_t size, int is_diagonal = false)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

Parameters

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.

SpMatrix (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0, int is_diagonal = false)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which matrix graph is extracted.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.

SpMatrix (size_t nr, size_t nc, const vector< size_t > & row_ptr, const vector< size_t > & col_ind, const vector< $T_- >$ & a)

Constructor for a rectangle matrix.

Parameters

in	nr	Number of rows
in	пс	Number of columns
in	row_ptr	Vector of row pointers (See the above description of this class).
in	col_ind	Vector of column indices (See the above description of this class).
in	а	vector instance containing matrix entries stored columnwise

7.95.3 Member Function Documentation

void Laplace1D (size_t n, real_t h)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from P_1 finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -u'' = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

Parameters

in	n	Size of matrix (Number of rows)
in	h	Mesh size (assumed constant)

void Laplace2D (size_t nx, size_t ny)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from P_1 finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -Delta u = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

Parameters

in	nx	Number of unknowns in the x-direction
in	пу	Number of unknowns in the y-direction

Remarks

The number of rows is equal to nx*ny

void setMesh (Mesh & mesh, size_t dof = 0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side)
		is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.

void DiagPrescribe (Mesh & mesh, Vect $< T_- > \& b$, const Vect $< T_- > \& u$)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which information is extracted.
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.

Parameters

in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be	
		imposed.	

void DiagPrescribe (Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.

void setSize (size_t size)

Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).

Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns.
----	------	-----------------------------

void setSize (size_t nr, size_t nc)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

Parameters

in	nr	Number of rows
in	пс	Number of columns

void setGraph (const vector < RC > & I, int opt = 1)

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

in	I	Vector containing pairs of row and column indices
in	opt	Flag indicating if vector I is cleaned and ordered (opt=1: default) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, this vector can have the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered

T_& operator() (size_t i, size_t j) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version)

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version)

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

const T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version)

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

const T_ operator[](size_t i) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 0. Entries are stored row by row.

$Vect < T_- > operator* (const Vect < T_- > & x) const$

Operator * to multiply matrix by a vector.

Parameters

in	x	Vect instance to multiply by

Returns

Vector product of matrix by x

SpMatrix<T $_->$ & operator*= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator *= to premultiply matrix by a constant.

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION SPMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

	in a	Constant to multiply matrix by	
--	------	--------------------------------	--

Returns

Resulting matrix

void Mult (const Vect< $T_- > \& v$, Vect< $T_- > \& w$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

Parameters

in	v	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	w	Vector that contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void MultAdd (const Vect< T_- > & x, Vect< T_- > & y) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void MultAdd (T_-a , const Vect $< T_- > & x$, Vect $< T_- > & y$) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a*x and add to y.

Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void TMult (const Vect< $T_- > & x$, Vect< $T_- > & y$) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void Axpy (T_-a , const SpMatrix< $T_- > \& m$)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

void Axpy (T_-a , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Pointer to Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Value to assign to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ & val) [virtual]

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Constant value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

void operator= (const $T_- \& x$)

Operator =.

Assign constant value x to all matrix entries.

size_t getColInd (size_t i) const [virtual]

Return storage information.

Returns

Column index of the i-th stored element in matrix

Reimplemented from Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (Vect< $T_- > \& b$) [virtual]

Solve the linear system of equations.

The default parameters are:

- CG_SOLVER for solver
- DIAG_PREC for preconditioner
- Max. Number of iterations is 1000
- Tolerance is 1.e-8

To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

Parameters

	in,out	b	Vector that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
--	--------	---	--

Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$.

int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve the linear system of equations.

The default parameters are:

- CG_SOLVER for solver
- DIAG_PREC for preconditioner
- Max. Number of iterations is 1000
- Tolerance is 1.e-8

To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

in	b	Vector that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vector that contains the obtained solution

Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

void setSolver (Iteration $solver = CG_SOLVER$, Preconditioner $prec = DIAG_PREC$, int $max_it = 1000$, real_t toler = 1.e-8)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

Parameters

in	solver	Option to choose iterative solver in an enumerated variable
		•
		CG_SOLVER: Conjugate Gradient [default]
		CGS_SOLVER: Squared conjugate gradient
		BICG_SOLVER: Biconjugate gradient
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER: Biconjugate gradient stabilized
		GMRES_SOLVER: Generalized Minimal Residual
		Default value is CG_SOLVER
in	prec	Option to choose preconditioner in an enumerated variable
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning)
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner [default]
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR (Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation) preconditioner
		DILU_PREC: ILU (Diagonal Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
		ILU_PREC: ILU (Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
		Default value is DIAG_PREC
in	max← _it	Maximum number of allowed iterations. Default value is 1000.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence. Default value is 1.e-8

T_-* get () const

Return C-Array.

Non zero terms of matrix is stored row by row.

T_get(size_t i, size_t j) const [virtual]

Return entry (i,j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

in	i	Row index (Starting from 1)
in	j	Column index (Starting from 1)

Implements Matrix $< T_->$.

void setDiagonal (Mesh & mesh) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix. First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance

in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance
----	---	-----------------------------------

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$, const Vect< $T_- > \& u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (Vect< T_- > & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty

parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< $T_- > & b$, const Vect< $T_- > & u$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function set←

Penal(..).

int FactorAndSolve ($Vect < T_- > \& b$) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
--------	---	---

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_{-} % operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator+= (const $T_- \& x$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

Matrix& operator== (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator-= (const $T_- & x$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

7.96 SteklovPoincare2DBE Class Reference

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

Public Member Functions

• SteklovPoincare2DBE (bool ext=false)

Default Constructor.

• SteklovPoincare2DBE (const Mesh &mesh, bool ext=false)

Constructor using mesh data.

SteklovPoincare2DBE (const Mesh &mesh, const Vect< real_t > &g, Vect< real_t > &b, bool ext=false)

Constructor that solves the Steklov Poincare problem.

• ~SteklovPoincare2DBE ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (const Mesh &mesh, bool ext=false)

set Mesh instance

• void Solve ()

Build equation left and right-hand sides for P_0 (piecewise constant) approximation.

• int Solve (Vect< real_t > &b, const Vect< real_t > &g)

Build equation left and right-hand sides for P_0 (piecewise constant) approximation.

7.96.1 Detailed Description

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen

SteklovPoincare2DBE solves the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D: Given the trace of a harmonic function on the boundary of a given (inner or outer) domain, this class computes the normal derivative of the function. The normal is considered as oriented out of the bounded (inner) domain in both inner and outer configurations. The numerical approximation uses piecewise constant (P₀) approximation on edges of the boundary. Solution is obtained from the GMRES iterative solver without preconditioning. The given data is the vector (instance of class Vect) of piecewise constant values of the harmonic function on the boundary and the returned solution is piecewise constant value of the normal derivative considered either as a Vect instance.

Note

Although the mesh of the inner domain is not necessary to solve the problem, this one must be provided in order to calculate the outward normal.

7.96.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

SteklovPoincare2DBE (bool ext = false)

Default Constructor.

in	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Defaul	
		value).	

SteklovPoincare2DBE (const Mesh & mesh, bool ext = false)

Constructor using mesh data.

This constructor calls member function setMesh.

Parameters

in	mesh	Reference to mesh instance.	
in	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default value).	

SteklovPoincare2DBE (const Mesh & mesh, const Vect< real_t > & g, Vect< real_t > & b, bool ext = false)

Constructor that solves the Steklov Poincare problem.

This constructor calls member function setMesh and Solve.

Parameters

in	mesh	Reference to mesh instance.	
in	8	Vect instance that contains imposed solution on the boundary	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the left hand side in input and the solution in output	
in	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default value).	

7.96.3 Member Function Documentation

void setMesh (const Mesh & mesh, bool ext = false)

set Mesh instance

Parameters

ir	mesh	Mesh instance	
ir	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default value).	

void Solve ()

Build equation left and right-hand sides for P₀ (piecewise constant) approximation.

This member function is to be used if the constructor using mesh, b and g has been used.

int Solve (Vect< real_t > & b, const Vect< real_t > & g)

Build equation left and right-hand sides for P₀ (piecewise constant) approximation.

This member function is to be used if the constructor using mesh has been used. It concerns cases where the imposed boundary condition is given by sides

in	8	Vector that contains imposed solution on the boundary	
in	b	Vector that contains the left hand side in input and the solution in output	

7.97 Tabulation Class Reference

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

Public Member Functions

• Tabulation ()

Default constructor.

• Tabulation (string file)

Constructor using file name.

• ∼Tabulation ()

Destructor.

• void setFile (string file)

Set file name.

• real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v)

Return the calculated value of the function.

• real_t getDerivative (string funct, real_t v)

Return the derivative of the function at a given point.

• real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v1, real_t v2)

Return the calculated value of the function.

• real_t getValue (string funct, real_t v1, real_t v2, real_t v3)

Return the calculated value of the function.

7.97.1 Detailed Description

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

This class enables reading a tabulated function of one to three variables and calculating the value of the function using piecewise multilinear interpolation.

The file defining the function is an XML file where any function is introduced via the tag " \leftarrow Function".

7.98 Tetra4 Class Reference

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P₁ interpolation. Inheritance diagram for Tetra4:



Public Member Functions

• Tetra4 ()

Default Constructor.

• Tetra4 (const Element *el)

Constructor when data of *Element el* are given.

• ~Tetra4 ()

Destructor.

• void set (const Element *el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, Point< real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function associated to node i.

• real_t getVolume () const

Return volume of element.

Point< real_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real_t > &x) const

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

• bool isIn (const Point < real.t > &x)

Check whether point x is in current tetrahedron or not.

• real_t getInterpolate (const Point< real_t > &x, const LocalVect< real_t, 4 > &v)

Return interpolated value at point of coordinate x

• Point< real_t > EdgeSh (size_t k, Point< real_t > s)

Return edge shape function.

• Point< real_t > CurlEdgeSh (size_t k)

Return curl of edge shape function.

• real_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of tetrahedron.

• real_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of tetrahedron.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.98.1 Detailed Description

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P_1 interpolation. The reference element is the right tetrahedron with four unit edges interpolation.

7.98.2 Member Function Documentation

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s. s is a point in the reference tetrahedron.

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i) const

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function associated to node i. Note that these are constant in element.

Point<real $_t>$ EdgeSh (size $_tk$, Point< real $_t>s$)

Return edge shape function.

Parameters

in	k	Local edge number for which the edge shape function is computed	
in	S	Local coordinates in element	

Remarks

Element edges are ordered as follows: Edge k has end vertices k and k+1

Point<real $_t>$ CurlEdgeSh (size $_tk$)

Return curl of edge shape function.

Parameters

in	k	Local edge number for which the curl of the edge shape function is computed
----	---	---

Remarks

Element edges are ordered as follows: Edge k has end vertices k and k+1

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint(const Point< real_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.99 Timer Class Reference

To handle elapsed time counting.

Public Member Functions

• Timer ()

Default constructor.

• ~Timer ()

Destructor.

• bool Started () const

Say if time counter has started.

• void Start ()

Start (or resume) time counting.

• void Stop ()

Stop time counting.

• void Clear ()

Clear time value (Set to zero)

• real_t get () const

Return elapsed time (in seconds)

• real_t getTime () const

Return elapsed time (in seconds)

7.99.1 Detailed Description

To handle elapsed time counting.

This class is to be used when testing program performances. A normal usage of the class is, once an instance is constructed, to use alternatively, Start, Stop and Resume. Elapsed time can be obtained once the member function Stop is called.

7.99.2 Member Function Documentation

bool Started () const

Say if time counter has started.

Return true if time has started, false if not

void Start ()

Start (or resume) time counting.

This member function is to be used to start or resume time counting

void Stop ()

Stop time counting.

This function interrupts time counting. This one can be resumed by the function Start

real_t getTime () const

Return elapsed time (in seconds) Identical to get

7.100 TimeStepping Class Reference

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$

Public Member Functions

• TimeStepping ()

Default constructor.

• TimeStepping (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step=theTimeStep, real_t final_time=theFinal ← Time)

Constructor using time discretization data.

∼TimeStepping ()

Destructor.

• void set (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step=theTimeStep, real_t final_time=theFinalTime)

Define data of the differential equation or system.

• void setPDE (AbsEqua < real_t > &eq)

Define partial differential equation to solve.

void setRK4RHS (Vect< real_t > &f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

void setInitial (Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial condition for the system of differential equations.

• void setInitial (Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &v)

Set initial condition for a system of differential equations.

void setInitialRHS (Vect< real_t > &f)

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations when the used scheme requires it.

• void setRHS (Vect< real_t > &b)

Set right-hand side vector.

void setBC (Vect< real_t > &u)

Set vector containing boundary condition to enforce.

void setNewmarkParameters (real_t beta, real_t gamma)

Define parameters for the Newmark scheme.

void setConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is constant.

void setNonConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is variable.

void setLinearSolver (Iteration s=DIRECT_SOLVER, Preconditioner p=DIAG_PREC)

Set linear solver data.

• void setVerbose (int v=0)

Set verbosity parameter:

• real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• void run (bool opt=false)

Run the time stepping procedure.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, real_t *b, real_t *A0, real_t *A1, real_t *A2=NULL)

Assemble element arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

• void SAssembly (const Side &sd, real_t *b, real_t *A=NULL)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLSolver ()

Return LinearSolver instance.

7.100.1 Detailed Description

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$

Features:

- The system may be first or second order (first and/or second order time derivatives
- The following time integration schemes can be used:
 - For first order systems: The following schemes are implemented Forward Euler (value ← FORWARD FIREER)

: FORWARD_EULER)

Backward Euler (value: BACKWARD_EULER) Crank-Nicolson (value: CRANK_NICOLSON)

Heun (value: HEUN)

2nd Order Adams-Bashforth (value: *AB2*) 4-th order Runge-Kutta (value: *RK4*)

2nd order Backward Differentiation Formula (value: BDF2)

For second order systems: The following schemes are implemented Newmark (value ← : NEWMARK)

7.100.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

TimeStepping (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step = theTimeStep, real_t final_time = theFinalTime)

Constructor using time discretization data.

Parameters

i	n S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)	
i	n time_step	Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep	
i	n final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime	

7.100.3 Member Function Documentation

void set (TimeScheme s, real_t time_step = theTimeStep, real_t final_time = theFinalTime)

Define data of the differential equation or system.

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)	
in	time_step	Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep	
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime	

void setPDE (AbsEqua < real_t > & eq)

Define partial differential equation to solve.

The used equation class must have been constructed using the Mesh instance

Parameters

in	eq	Reference to equation instance	
----	----	--------------------------------	--

void setRK4RHS (Vect< real_t > & f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

Parameters

in	f	Vector containing the RHS

void setInitial (Vect< real_t > & u)

Set initial condition for the system of differential equations.

Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
----	---	---

Remarks

If a second-order differential equation is to be solved, use the same function with two initial vectors (one for the unknown, the second for its time derivative)

void setInitial (Vect< real_t > & u, Vect< real_t > & v)

Set initial condition for a system of differential equations.

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
in	v	Vector containing initial condition for the time derivative of the unknown

Note

This function can be used to provide solution at previous time step if a restarting procedure is used.

This member function is to be used only in the case of a second order system

void setInitialRHS (Vect< real_t > & f)

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations when the used scheme requires it.

Giving the right-hand side at initial time is somtimes required for high order methods like Runge-Kutta

Parameters

in	f	Vector containing right-hand side at initial time. This vector is helpful for high order
		methods

Note

This function can be used to provide solution at previous time step if a restarting procedure is used.

void setNewmarkParameters (real_t beta, real_t gamma)

Define parameters for the Newmark scheme.

Parameters

in	beta	Parameter beta [Default: 0.25]
in	gamma	Parameter gamma [Default: 0.5]

void setConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is constant.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

void setNonConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is variable.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

void setLinearSolver (Iteration $s = DIRECT_SOLVER$, Preconditioner $p = DIAG_PREC$)

Set linear solver data.

in	S	Solver identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration:
		DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER,
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: DIRECT_SOLVER]

in	p	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable
		Preconditioner:
		IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

Note

The argument *p* has no effect if the solver is DIRECT_SOLVER

void setVerbose (int v = 0)

Set verbosity parameter:

- = 0, No output
- = 1, Print step label and time value
- = 2, Print step label, time value, time step and integration scheme

real_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

Returns

Value of new time step if this one is updated

void run (bool opt = false)

Run the time stepping procedure.

Parameters

in	opt	Flag to say if problem matrix is constant while time stepping (true) or not (Default value is false)
----	-----	--

Note

This argument is not used if the time stepping scheme is explicit

void Assembly (const Element & el, real_t * b, real_t * A0, real_t * A1, real_t * A2 = NULL)

Assemble element arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

in	el	Reference to Element class
in	b	Pointer to element right-hand side
in	A0	Pointer to matrix of 0-th order term (involving no time derivative)

in	A1	Pointer to matrix of first order term (involving time first derivative)
in	A2	Pointer to matrix of second order term (involving time second derivative) [Default: NULL]

void SAssembly (const Side & sd, real_t * b, real_t * A = NULL)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

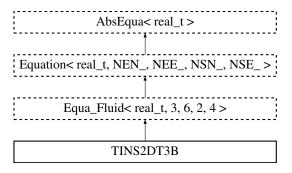
Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side class
in	b	Pointer to side right-hand side
in	Α	Pointer to matrix e) [Default: NULL]

7.101 TINS2DT3B Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for TINS2DT3B:



Public Member Functions

• TINS2DT3B ()

Default Constructor.

- TINS2DT3B (Mesh &mesh, Vect< real_t > &u, Vect< real_t > &p, real_t &ts, real_t Re=0.) Constructor using mesh.
- ~TINS2DT3B ()

Destructor.

• void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run (in the case of one step run)

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof_type=NODE_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be, int dof)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NEN_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, LocalVect< real_t, NSE_ > &be)

 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > &b, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD, int flag=0)

 Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real_t > *A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real_t > *A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real_t > &x, Vect< real_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix < real_t > *A, Vect < real_t > &b, Vect < real_t > &x)

Solve the linear system.

Public Attributes

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NEE_, NEE_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real_t, NSE_, NSE_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real_t, NEE_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real_t, NSE_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

Protected Member Functions

void Viscosity (const real_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

void ThermalExpansion (const real_t *e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element *el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side *sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

7.101.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a double coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

7.101.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

TINS2DT3B (Mesh & mesh, Vect< real_t > & u, Vect< real_t > & p, real_t & ts, real_t Re = 0.)

Constructor using mesh.

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in,out	и	Vect instance containing initial velocity. This vector is updated during computations and will therefore contain velocity at each time step
out	p	Vect instance that will contain pressure at nodes. This vector is updated during computations and will therefore contain pressure at each time step
in	ts	Time step
in	Re	Reynolds number. The default value (0) means that no Reynolds number is given and problem data are supplied by material properties. If Re has any other value, then nondimensional form of the equations is assumed and material properties are ignored.

7.101.3 Member Function Documentation

void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real_t > & u)

Set equation input data.

Parameters

in	opt	Parameter to select type of input (enumerated values)
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition)
		• VELOCITY_FIELD: Velocity vector (for the convection term)
in	и	Vector containing input data (Vect instance)

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

${f void\ update BC\ (\ const\ Vect < real_t > \&\ bc}$) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

Remarks

The current element is pointed by $_\mathtt{theElement}$

void DiagBC (int dof_type = NODE_DOF, int dof = 0) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

$void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real_t > \&\ b\)\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NEN_ > & be, int dof) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

$\label{lem:const} \begin{tabular}{ll} void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real_t > \& b, LocalVect < real_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, LocalVect< real_t , NSE_ > & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector (const Vect< real_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		 ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer _theElement

void SideVector (const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer $_\mathtt{theSide}$

void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{cont}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer _theSide

void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array $_{x}[0]$, $_{x}[1]$, ... which are instances of class $_{t}^{t}$

Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer _theElement

void ElementAssembly ($Matrix < real_t > *A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real_t> & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($BMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; (\; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real_t} > \& \; A \;) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\ real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \& A) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > & A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ($Vect < real_t > \& v$) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

Parameters

i	n	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
---	---	---	-------------------------------

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

Parameters

d		
	A	Reference to global matrix

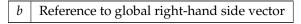
Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScVect < real_t > \&\ b}$) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters



Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A \) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real_t>\&A\)}\quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real_t>\&\, A\)}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

void SideAssembly (Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)	
--	----	---	-------------------------------	--

Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real_t>*A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$\label{eq:condition} \textbf{void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix} < \textbf{real.t} > \&\, A \ \textbf{)} \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instan	ce
---	----

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real.t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

$void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\)\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void DGElementAssembly ($TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b Global vector to add (Vect instance)		

void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< real_t > & x, Vect< real_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real_t setMaterialProperty (const string & exp, const string & prop) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh () const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT_PREC$) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

int SolveLinearSystem (Matrix< real_t > * A, Vect< real_t > & b, Vect< real_t > & x) [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system (Instance of class SpMatrix)
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

7.101.4 Member Data Documentation

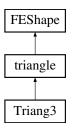
LocalVect<real_t,NEE_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

7.102 Triang3 Class Reference

Defines a 3-Node (P₁) triangle. Inheritance diagram for Triang3:



Public Member Functions

• Triang3 ()

Default Constructor.

• Triang3 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• Triang3 (const Side *sd)

Constructor for a side.

• ~Triang3 ()

Destructor.

• void set (const Element *el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

• void set (const Side *sd)

Choose side by giving its pointer.

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node at a given point.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Calculate derivatives of shape function of node i

• real_t getInterpolate (const Point< real_t > &x, const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &v)

Return interpolated value at point of coordinate x

real_t check () const

Check element area and number of nodes.

• Point< real_t > Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > &u) const

Return constant gradient vector in triangle.

real_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of triangle.

real_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of triangle.

real_t getArea ()

Return element area.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real_t > getCircumcenter () const

Return coordinates of circumcenter of element.

real_t getCircumRadius () const

Return radius of circumscribed circle of triangle.

• real_t getInRadius () const

Return radius of inscribed circle of triangle.

Point< real_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real_t > &x) const

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

• bool isIn (const Point < real_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is in current triangle or not.

• bool isStrictlyIn (const Point < real_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is strictly in current triangle (not on the boundary) or not.

real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.102.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 3-Node (P_1) triangle.

The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

7.102.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Triang3 (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

The constructed triangle is an element in a 2-D mesh.

Triang3 (const Side * sd)

Constructor for a side.

The constructed triangle is a side in a 3-D mesh.

7.102.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point< real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node at a given point.

Parameters

in	i	Label (local) of node	
in	S	Natural coordinates of node where to evaluate	

real_t check () const

Check element area and number of nodes.

Returns

- > 0: m is the length
- = 0: zero length (=> Error)

Point<real_t> Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 3 > & u) const

Return constant gradient vector in triangle.

Parameters

in	и	Local vector for which the gradient is evaluated

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

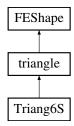
$Point < real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point < real_t > & s) const [inherited]$

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.103 Triang6S Class Reference

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P₂ interpolation. Inheritance diagram for Triang6S:



Public Member Functions

• Triang6S ()

Default Constructor.

• Triang6S (const Element *el)

Constructor for an element.

• ~Triang6S ()

Destructor.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, const Point< real_t > &s) const

Calculate shape function of a node.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i, const Point< real_t > &s) const

Calculate derivatives of shape function of a node.

• Point< real_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real_t > Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 6 > &u, const Point< real_t > &s) const

Return gradient vector in triangle at a given point.

real_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of triangle.

real_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of triangle.

real_t getArea ()

Return element area.

• Point< real_t > getCircumcenter () const

Return coordinates of circumcenter of element.

• real_t getCircumRadius () const

Return radius of circumscribed circle of triangle.

• real_t getInRadius () const

Return radius of inscribed circle of triangle.

• Point< real_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real_t > &x) const

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

• bool isIn (const Point< real_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is in current triangle or not.

• bool isStrictlyIn (const Point< real_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is strictly in current triangle (not on the boundary) or not.

• real_t Sh (size_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real_t Sh (size_t i, Point < real_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real_t > DSh (size_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

• real_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

7.103.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P_2 interpolation. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

7.103.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Triang6S (const Element * el)

Constructor for an element.

The constructed triangle is an element in a 2-D mesh.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance

7.103.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t Sh (size_t i, const Point< real_t > & s) const

Calculate shape function of a node.

Parameters

in	i	Local label of the node $1 \le i \le 6$	
in	S	Local coordinates of the point where the shape function is evaluated	

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i, const Point< real_t> & s) const

Calculate derivatives of shape function of a node.

in	i	Local label of node	
in	S	Local coordinates of the point where the gradient of the shape function is evaluated	

Point<real_t> Grad (const LocalVect< real_t, 6 > & u, const Point< real_t > & s) const

Return gradient vector in triangle at a given point.

Parameters

in	S	Local coordinates of the point where the gradient of the shape function is evaluate	
in	и	Local vector for which the gradient is evaluated	

real_t Sh (size_t i, Point< real_t > s) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

Parameters

in	i	Local node label	
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated	

Point<real_t> DSh (size_t i) const [inherited]

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Parameters

in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
тп	ι	ranual denivative index (1, 2 or 3)

real_t getDet() const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint() const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

Point<real_t> getLocalPoint(const Point< real_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

7.104 Triangle Class Reference

To store and treat a triangle.

Inheritance diagram for Triangle:



Public Member Functions

• Triangle ()

Default constructor.

Triangle (const Point< real_t > &v1, const Point< real_t > &v2, const Point< real_t > &v3, int code=1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

• void setVertex1 (const Point< real_t > &v)

Assign first vertex of triangle.

void setVertex2 (const Point< real_t > &v)

Assign second vertex of triangle.

void setVertex3 (const Point < real_t > &v)

Assign third vertex of triangle.

• real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

• Triangle & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Triangle & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real_t dLine (const Point < real_t > &p, const Point < real_t > &a, const Point < real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.104.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a triangle.

7.104.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Triangle ()

Default constructor.

Constructs a unit triangle with vertices (0,0), (1,0) and (0,1)

Triangle (const Point< real_t > & v1, const Point< real_t > & v2, const Point< real_t > & v3, int code = 1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

Parameters

in	v1	Coordinates of first vertex of triangle	
in	<i>v</i> 2	Coordinates of second vertex of triangle	
in	v3	Coordinates of third vertex of triangle	
in	code	Code to assign to the generated figure [Default: 1]	

Remarks

Vertices must be given in couterclockwise order

7.104.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point < real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the triangle, positive if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

Parameters

	in	р	Point <double> instance</double>
--	----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

Triangle& operator+= (Point < real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate triangle by a vector a

Triangle & operator += (real_t a)

Operator *=.

Scale triangle by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point < real_t > & p, const Point < real_t > & a, const Point < real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

Returns

Signed distance

7.105 Triangle Class Reference

To store and treat a triangle.

Inheritance diagram for Triangle:



Public Member Functions

• Triangle ()

Default constructor.

Triangle (const Point< real_t > &v1, const Point< real_t > &v2, const Point< real_t > &v3, int code=1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

• void setVertex1 (const Point< real_t > &v)

Assign first vertex of triangle.

void setVertex2 (const Point < real_t > &v)

Assign second vertex of triangle.

• void setVertex3 (const Point< real_t > &v)

Assign third vertex of triangle.

• real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

• Triangle & operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Triangle & operator+= (real_t a)

Operator *=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > &p, const Point< real_t > &a, const Point< real_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

7.105.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a triangle.

7.105.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Triangle ()

Default constructor.

Constructs a unit triangle with vertices (0,0), (1,0) and (0,1)

Triangle (const Point< real_t > & v1, const Point< real_t > & v2, const Point< real_t > & v3, int code = 1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

Parameters

in	v1	Coordinates of first vertex of triangle
in	<i>v</i> 2	Coordinates of second vertex of triangle
in	v3	Coordinates of third vertex of triangle
in	code	Code to assign to the generated figure [Default: 1]

Remarks

Vertices must be given in couterclockwise order

7.105.3 Member Function Documentation

real_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real_t > & p) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the triangle, positive if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

Parameters

i	.n	p	Point <double> instance</double>	
---	----	---	----------------------------------	--

Reimplemented from Figure.

Triangle& operator+= (Point< real_t > a)

Operator +=.

Translate triangle by a vector a

Triangle & operator += (real_t a)

Operator *=.

Scale triangle by a factor a

void getSignedDistance (const Grid & g, Vect< real_t > & d) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real_t dLine (const Point< real_t > & p, const Point< real_t > & a, const Point< real_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

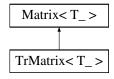
Returns

Signed distance

7.106 TrMatrix< T_> Class Template Reference

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

Inheritance diagram for TrMatrix< T $_->$:



Public Member Functions

• TrMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• TrMatrix (size_t size)

Constructor for a tridiagonal matrix with size rows.

• TrMatrix (const TrMatrix &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ∼TrMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void Identity ()

Define matrix as identity matrix.

• void Diagonal ()

Define matrix as a diagonal one.

• void Diagonal (const T₋ &a)

Define matrix as a diagonal one with diagonal entries equal to a

• void Laplace1D (real_t h)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

• void setSize (size_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< T_> &x, Vect< T_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

void MultAdd (T₋ a, const Vect< T₋ > &x, Vect< T₋ > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector **a*****x** and add result to y.

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, Vect< T $_->$ &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void Axpy (T₋ a, const TrMatrix < T₋ > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy $(T_- a, const Matrix < T_- > *m)$

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Assign constant val to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

Add constant val value to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• TrMatrix< T_> & operator= (const TrMatrix< T_> &m)

Operator =.

• TrMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$

• TrMatrix< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &x)

Operator *=.

• int solve (Vect< $T_->$ &b)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

• int solve (const Vect< $T_->$ &b, Vect< $T_->$ &x)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

• T_* get () const

Return C-Array.

• T_{_} get (size_t i, size_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• size_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

• void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• T₋ getDiag (size₋t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

void Assembly (const Element &el, T₋ *a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T₋ > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix < T_ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T₋ > &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) *essential boundary condition.*

• void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_> &b, const Vect< T_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T_> &b, Vect< T_> &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

• virtual size_t getColInd (size_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size_t getRowPtr (size_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T_ operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T₋ & operator() (size₋t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T_ operator[] (size_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T₋ &x)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T₋ &x)

Operator -=.

7.106.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_>
class OFELI::TrMatrix< T_>
```

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating tridiagonal matrices. The template parameter is the type of matrix entries

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

7.106.2 Member Function Documentation

void Laplace1D (real_t h)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from P_1 finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -u'' = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

Parameters

in	h	Mesh size (assumed constant)

void setDiagonal (Mesh & mesh) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el, T_* a) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*a) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

void Prescribe (Vect< T $_->$ & b, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
--------	---	--

Parameters

in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified
		(dof>0)
		or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void Prescribe (size_t dof, Vect< T_- > & b, const Vect< T_- > & u, int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

Parameters

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

void PrescribeSide() [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function set← Penal(..).

int FactorAndSolve ($Vect < T_- > \& b$) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

Parameters

$in,out \mid b \mid$ Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and so	olution on output
--	-------------------

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side

7.106. TRMATRIX < T_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**RENCE**TER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

out	x	Vect instance that contains solution	
-----	---	--------------------------------------	--

Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

int isFactorized () const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

T_operator() (size_t i) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator() (size_t i) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

T_& operator[](size_t k) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

T_{-} operator[](size_t k) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

Matrix& operator+= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator+= (const $T_- \& x$) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

Matrix& operator-= (const Matrix $< T_- > & m$) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

Matrix& operator=(const $T_- & x)$ [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

7.107 UserData < T_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

Public Member Functions

• UserData ()

Default Constructor.

UserData (const class Mesh &mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• virtual ~UserData ()

Destructor.

• void setTime (real_t time)

Set time value.

• void setDBC (Vect $< T_- > \&b$)

Set Dirichlet Boundary Conditions.

• void setInitialData (Vect< T_> &b)

Set initial data.

• void setBodyForce (Vect< T_> &b)

Set Nodewise Body Force using a Vect instance.

• void setSurfaceForce (Vect< T_> &b)

Set Surface Force.

• virtual T_BoundaryCondition (Point< real_t > x, int code, real_t time=0., size_t dof=1)

Define boundary condition to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

• virtual T_BodyForce (Point< real_t > x, real_t time=0., size_t dof=1)

Define body force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

• virtual T_SurfaceForce (Point< real_t > x, int code, real_t time=0., size_t dof=1)

Define surface force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

• virtual T_InitialData (Point< real_t > x, size_t dof=1)

Define initial data to impose at point of coordinates x, for DOF dof

7.107.1 Detailed Description

template<class T_> class OFELI::UserData< T_>

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

The user has to implement a class that derives from the present one where the virtual functions are implemented.

Template Parameters

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>	1
_>		

7.107.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

UserData (const class Mesh & mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

Parameters

mesh Reference to Mesh instance

7.107.3 Member Function Documentation

void setDBC (Vect< T_- > & b)

Set Dirichlet Boundary Conditions.

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function Boundary← Condition to assign the value defined by it

Parameters

out	b	Vector that contains boundary conditions at nodes This vector must be sized before
		invoking this function

void setInitialData (Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Set initial data.

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function InitialData to assign the value defined by it

out	b	Vector that contains initial data at nodes This vector must be sized before invoki	
		this function	

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENT AT 100 NUSERDATA $< T_{-} > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE$

void setBodyForce (Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Set Nodewise Body Force using a Vect instance.

Parameters

in	b	Vector containing body forces at nodes to impose
----	---	--

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function BodyForce to assign the value defined by it

Parameters

out	b	Vector that contains body forces at nodes This vector must be sized before invoking
		this function

void setSurfaceForce (Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Set Surface Force.

Parameters

in	b	Vector containing surface forces at nodes to impose
----	---	---

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function SurfaceForce to assign the value defined by it

Parameters

out	b	Vector that contains body forces at nodes This vector must be sized before invoking
		this function

virtual T_- Boundary Condition (Point < real_t > x, int code, real_t time = 0., size_t dof = 1) [virtual]

Define boundary condition to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

Function to implement by user

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the value is to be prescribed	
in	code	Code of node for which the value is to be prescribed	
in	time	Value of time [Default: 0.]	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

Returns

Value of boundary condition to prescribe corresponding to these parameters

virtual T_BodyForce (Point< real_t > x, real_t time = 0., size_t dof = 1) [virtual]

Define body force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof Function to implement by user

Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the body force is given	
in	time	Value of time [Default: 0.]	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

Returns

Value of body force corresponding to these parameters

virtual T_{-} SurfaceForce (Point< real_t > x, int code, real_t time = 0., size_t dof = 1) [virtual]

Define surface force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

Function to implement by user

Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the surface force is given	
in	code	Code of node for which the surface force is given	
in	time	Value of time [Default: 0.]	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

Returns

Value of surface force corresponding to these parameters

virtual T_{-} Initial Data (Point < real_t > x, size_t dof = 1) [virtual]

Define initial data to impose at point of coordinates x, for DOF dof Function to implement by user

ir	x	Coordinates of point at which the surface force is given
ir	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]

Returns

Value of initial data corresponding to these parameters

7.108 Vect < T_ > Class Template Reference

To handle general purpose vectors.

Public Types

typedef Eigen::Matrix < T_, Eigen::Dynamic, 1 > VectorX
 This type is the vector type in the Eigen library.

Public Member Functions

• Vect ()

Default Constructor. Initialize a zero-length vector.

• Vect (size_t n)

Constructor setting vector size.

• Vect (size_t nx, size_t ny)

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

• Vect (size_t nx, size_t ny, size_t nz)

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

• Vect (size_t n, T_ *x)

Create an instance of class Vect as an image of a C/C++ array.

• Vect (Mesh &m, int nb_dof=0, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance.

• Vect (Mesh &m, string name, real_t t=0.0, int nb_dof=0, int dof_type=NODE_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

• Vect (const Element *el, const Vect < T_ > &v)

Constructor of an element vector.

• Vect (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &v)

Constructor of a side vector.

• Vect (const Vect $< T_- > &v$, const Vect $< T_- > &bc$)

Constructor using boundary conditions.

• Vect (const Vect< T_> &v, size_t nb_dof, size_t first_dof)

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

• Vect (const Vect $< T_- > &v$)

Copy constructor.

• Vect (const Vect< T_> &v, size_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

• Vect (size_t d, const Vect< T_> &v, const string &name="")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of Vect.

• Vect (const VectorX &v)

Constructor that copies the vector from a Eigen Vector instance.

• ~Vect ()

Destructor.

• void set (const T_*v, size_t n)

Initialize vector with a c-array.

• void select (const Vect< T_> &v, size_t nb_dof=0, size_t first_dof=1)

Initialize vector with another Vect instance.

• void set (const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void set (const string &exp, const Vect< real_t > &x)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

void set (Mesh &ms, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

void set (const Vect< real_t > &x, const string &exp)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m, size_t nb_dof=0, size_t dof_type=NODE_FIELD)

Define mesh class to size vector.

size_t size () const

Return vector (global) size.

• void setSize (size_t nx, size_t ny=1, size_t nz=1)

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

• void resize (size_t n)

Set vector size.

• void resize (size_t n, T_ v)

Set vector size and initialize to a constant value.

• void setDOFType (int dof_type)

Set DOF type of vector.

• void setDG (int degree=1)

Set Discontinuous Galerkin type vector.

• size_t getNbDOF () const

Return vector number of degrees of freedom.

• size_t getNb () const

Return vector number of entities (nodes, elements or sides)

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return Mesh instance.

bool WithMesh () const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

- int getDOFType () const
- void setTime (real_t t)

Set time value for vector.

real_t getTime () const

Get time value for vector.

void setName (string name)

Set name of vector.

• string getName () const

Get name of vector.

• real_t getNorm1 () const

Calculate 1-norm of vector.

• real_t getNorm2 () const

Calculate 2-norm (Euclidean norm) of vector.

real_t getNormMax () const

Calculate Max-norm (Infinite norm) of vector.

• real_t getWNorm1 () const

Calculate weighted 1-norm of vector The wighted 1-norm is the 1-Norm of the vector divided by its size.

real_t getWNorm2 () const

Calculate weighted 2-norm of vector.

• T_getMin () const

Calculate Min value of vector entries.

• T₋ getMax () const

Calculate Max value of vector entries.

• size_t getNx () const

Return number of grid points in the x-direction if grid indexing is set.

• size_t getNy () const

Return number of grid points in the y-direction if grid indexing is set.

• size_t getNz () const

Return number of grid points in the z-direction if grid indexing is set.

void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, T_ val, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

• void setSideBC (Mesh &m, int code, T_ val, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code.

• void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

• void setSideBC (Mesh &m, int code, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code.

• void setNodeBC (int code, T_ val, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

void setNodeBC (int code, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

void setSideBC (int code, const string &exp, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

• void setSideBC (int code, T_ val, size_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

• void removeBC (const Mesh &ms, const Vect< T_> &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void removeBC (const Vect< T_> &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void transferBC (const Vect< T₋ > &bc, int dof=0)

Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.

• void insertBC (Mesh &m, const Vect< T_> &v, const Vect< T_> &bc, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (Mesh &m, const Vect< T₋ > &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (const Vect< T_> &v, const Vect< T_> &bc, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (const Vect< T₋ > &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &b)

Assembly of element vector into current instance.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const T₋ *b)

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T_> &b)

Assembly of side vector into Vect instance.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T₋*b)

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

• void getGradient (class Vect< T_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

• void getGradient (Vect< Point< T₋ > > &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

• void getCurl (Vect< T_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

• void getCurl (Vect< Point< T_> > &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

• void getSCurl (Vect< T_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

• void getDivergence (Vect< T_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

real_t getAverage (const Element &el, int type) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

• void save (string file, int opt)

Save vector in a file according to a given format.

• Vect< T $_->$ & MultAdd (const Vect< T $_->$ &x, const T $_-$ &a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

• void Axpy $(T_- a, const \text{ Vect} < T_- > \&x)$

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

void set (size_t i, T_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, T_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

• void set (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

• void add (size_t i, T_ val)

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, T_ val)

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

• void add (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

• void clear ()

Clear vector: Set all its elements to zero.

• T₋ & operator[] (size₋t i)

Operator [] (Non constant version)

```
Operator [] (Constant version)
• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)
      Operator () (Non constant version)
• T_ operator() (size_t i) const
      Operator () (Constant version)
• T_ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)
      Operator () with 2-D indexing (Non constant version, case of a grid vector).
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Operator () with 2-D indexing (Constant version).
• T_ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k)
      Operator () with 3-D indexing (Non constant version).
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const
      Operator () with 3-D indexing (Constant version).
• Vect< T_-> & operator= (const Vect< T_-> &v)
      Operator = between vectors.
• Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const VectorX &v)
      Operator = for an instance of VectorX
• void operator= (string s)
      Operator =
• void setUniform (T_ vmin, T_ delta, T_ vmax)
      Initialize vector entries by setting extremal values and interval.
• Vect< T_-> & operator= (const T_- &a)
      Operator =
• Vect< T_-> & operator+= (const Vect< T_-> &v)
      Operator +=
• Vect< T_> & operator+= (const T_ &a)
      Operator +=
• Vect< T_-> & operator== (const Vect< T_-> &v)
      Operator -=
• Vect< T_> & operator== (const T_ &a)
      Operator -=
• Vect< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &a)
      Operator *=
• Vect< T_> & operator/= (const T_ &a)
      Operator /=
• void push_back (const T_ &v)
      Add an entry to the vector.
• const Mesh & getMeshPtr () const
      Return reference to Mesh instance.
• T_ operator, (const Vect< T_> &v) const
      Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.
• operator VectorX () const
      Casting operator.
```

• T_operator[] (size_t i) const

7.108.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::Vect< T_>
```

To handle general purpose vectors.

This template class enables defining and manipulating vectors of various data types. It inherits from the class std::vector An instance of class Vect can be:

- A simple vector of given size
- A vector with up to three indices, *i.e.*, an entry of the vector can be a(i), a(i,j) or a(i,j,k). This feature is useful, for instance, in the case of a structured grid
- A vector associate to a finite element mesh. In this case, a constructor uses a reference to the Mesh instance. The size of the vector is by default equal to the number of nodes x the number of degrees of freedom by node. If the degrees of freedom are supported by elements or sides, then the vector is sized accordingly

Operators =, [] and () are overloaded so that one can write for instance:

```
Vect<real_t> u(10), v(10);
v = -1.0;
u = v;
u(3) = -2.0;
```

to set vector \mathbf{v} entries to -1, copy vector \mathbf{v} into vector \mathbf{u} and assign third entry of \mathbf{v} to -2. Note that entries of \mathbf{v} are here $\mathbf{v}(1)$, $\mathbf{v}(2)$, ..., $\mathbf{v}(10)$, *i.e.* vector entries start at index 1.

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow Data type (real_t, float, complex<real_t>, ...)
```

7.108.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Vect ($size_t n$)

Constructor setting vector size.

Parameters

III n Size of vector	in	n	Size of vector
--------------------------	----	---	----------------

Vect (size_t nx, size_t ny)

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 2-D grid vector

in	nx	Size for the first index
in	ny	Size for the second index

Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx*ny

Vect (size_t nx, size_t ny, size_t nz)

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 3-D grid vector

Parameters

in	nx	Size for the first index
in	ny	Size for the second index
in	nz	Size for the third index

Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx*ny*nz

Vect (size_t n, $T_- * x$)

Create an instance of class Vect as an image of a C/C++ array.

Parameters

in	n	Dimension of vector to construct
in	x	C-array to copy

Vect (Mesh & m, int $nb_dof = 0$, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$)

Constructor with a mesh instance.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 (default value) the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance	
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD (Default: NODE_FIELD)	

Vect (Mesh & m, string name, real_t t = 0.0, int $nb_dof = 0$, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$)

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

in	m	Mesh instance	
in	name	Name of the vector	
in	t Time value for the vector		

Parameters

		nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance
	in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD (Default: NODE_FIELD)

Vect (const Element * el, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$)

Constructor of an element vector.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize

Vect (const Side * sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$)

Constructor of a side vector.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize

Vect (const Vect< T_- > & v, const Vect< T_- > & bc)

Constructor using boundary conditions.

Boundary condition values contained in bc are reported to vector v

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to update
in	bc	Vect instance containing imposed valued at desired DOF

Vect (const Vect< T_- > & v, size_t nb_dof , size_t $first_dof$)

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

in	v	Vect instance to extract from	
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF to extract	
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector	

Vect (const Vect< T_- > & v, size_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to extract from
in	n	Component to extract (must be > 1 and < 4 or).

Vect (size_t d, const Vect< T_- > & v, const string & name = " ")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of Vect.

This constructor enables constructing a subvector of a given Vect instance. It selects a given list of degrees of freedom and put it according to a given order in the instance to construct.

Parameters

in	d	Integer number giving the list of degrees of freedom. This number is made of n digits where n is the number of degrees of freedom. Let us give an example: Assume that the instance v has 3 DOF by entity (node, element or side). The choice d=201 means that the constructed instance has 2 DOF where the first DOF is the third one of v, and the second DOF is the first one of f v. Consequently, no digit can be larger than the number of DOF the constructed instance. In this example, a choice d=103 would produce an error message.
in	v	Vect instance from which extraction is performed.
in	name	Name to assign to vector instance (Default value is " ").

Warning

Don't give zeros as first digits for the argument d. The number is in this case interpreted as octal !!

Vect (const VectorX & v)

Constructor that copies the vector from a Eigen Vector instance.

Parameters

in	v	VectorX instance from which extraction is performed

Warning

This constructor is available only if the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI

Remarks

: This constructor is available only if the Eigen library was installed in conjunction with OFELI

7.108.3 Member Function Documentation

void set (const $T_- * v$, size_t n)

Initialize vector with a c-array.

Parameters

in	v	c-array (pointer) to initialize Vect
in	n	size of array

void select (const Vect< T_- > & v, size_t $nb_dof = 0$, size_t $first_dof = 1$)

Initialize vector with another Vect instance.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to extract from	
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF per node, element or side (By default, 0: Number of degrees	
		of freedom extracted from the Mesh instance)	
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract (Default: 1) For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and	
	•	First DOF to extract (Default: 1) For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector	

void set (const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

This function is to be used is a Mesh instance is associated to the vector

Parameters

in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x, y, z which are coordinates of nodes and t which is the time value.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

Warning

If the time variable t is involved in the expression, the time value associated to the vector instance must be defined (Default value is 0) either by using the appropriate constructor or by the member function setTime.

void set (const string & exp, const Vect< real_t > & x)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

This function can be used for instance in 1-D

in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x which are coordinates of nodes
in	x	Vector

void set (Mesh & ms, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x, y and z which are	
		coordinates of nodes.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]	

void set (const Vect< real_t > & x, const string & exp)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

Parameters

in	x	Vect instance that contains coordinates of points
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x and i which are coordinates of nodes and indices starting from 1.

void setMesh (Mesh & m, size_t nb_dof = 0, size_t dof_type = NODE_FIELD)

Define mesh class to size vector.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance
in	dof_type	Parameter to precise the type of degrees of freedom. To be chosen among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD, EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]

size_t size () const

Return vector (global) size.

Warning

This constructor is available only if the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI

void setSize (size_t nx, size_t ny = 1, size_t nz = 1)

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

This function allocates memory for the vector but does not initialize its components

Parameters

in	nx	Number of grid points in x-direction
in	ny	Number of grid points in y-direction [Default: 1]
in	nz	Number of grid points in z-direction [Default: 1]

void resize ($size_t n$)

Set vector size.

This function allocates memory for the vector but does not initialize its components

Parameters

in	n	Size of vector

void resize (size_t n, T_ v)

Set vector size and initialize to a constant value.

This function allocates memory for the vector

Parameters

in	n	Size of vector
in	v	Value to assign to vector entries

void setDOFType (int dof_type)

Set DOF type of vector.

The DOF type combined with number of DOF per component enable determining the size of vector

Parameters

in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. Value to be chosen among the enumerated
		values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD

void setDG (int degree = 1)

Set Discontinuous Galerkin type vector.

When the vector is associated to a mesh, this one is sized differently if the DG method is used.

_			
	in	degree	Polynomial degree of the DG method [Default: 1]

bool WithMesh () const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

A Vect instance can be constructed using mesh information

int getDOFType () const

Return DOF type of vector

Returns

dof_type Type of degrees of freedom. Value among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD

real_t getNorm1 () const

Calculate 1-norm of vector.

Remarks

This function is available only if the template parameter is double or complex<double>

real_t getNorm2 () const

Calculate 2-norm (Euclidean norm) of vector.

Remarks

This function is available only if the template parameter is double or complex<double>

real_t getNormMax () const

Calculate Max-norm (Infinite norm) of vector.

Remarks

This function is available only if the template parameter is double or complex<double>

real_t getWNorm2 () const

Calculate weighted 2-norm of vector.

The weighted 2-norm is the 2-Norm of the vector divided by the square root of its size

void setNodeBC (Mesh & m, int code, T_val , size t dof = 1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

in	m	Instance of mesh	
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value	
in	val	Value to prescribe	
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]	

void setSideBC (Mesh & m, int code, T_-val , size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given value to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code. Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

void setNodeBC (Mesh & m, int code, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

void setSideBC (Mesh & m, int code, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

void setNodeBC (int code, T_val, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe

Parameters

in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]
----	-----	--

void setNodeBC (int code, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

void setSideBC (int code, const string & exp, size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

void setSideBC (int code, T_val , size_t dof = 1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

void removeBC (const Mesh & ms, const Vect< T $_->$ & v, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom

void removeBC (const Vect< $T_- > & v$, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

Parameters

in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

void transferBC (const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$, int dof = 0)

Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.

in	bc	Vect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current
		instance
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

void insertBC (Mesh & m, const Vect< T_- > & v, const Vect< T_- > & bc, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance.	
in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	bc	Vect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void insertBC (Mesh & m, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance.	
in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void insertBC (const Vect< T_- > & v, const Vect< T_- > & bc, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	bc	Vect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

void insertBC (const Vect< T_- > & v, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

Parameters

_				_
	in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.	

Parameters

in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only
		one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of
		freedom by node or side

Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

void Assembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& b$)

Assembly of element vector into current instance.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (Instance of class Vect)

void Assembly (const Element & el, const $T_- * b$)

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

void Assembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< $T_- > & b$)

Assembly of side vector into Vect instance.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (Instance of class Vect)

void Assembly (const Side & sd, T_-*b)

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

void getGradient (class Vect< T $_-> & v$)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation. The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1)$, $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are	
		respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.	

void getGradient (Vect< Point< $T_- >> \& v$)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in an Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P₁ approximation. The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$
		are respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.

void getCurl (Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation. The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1)$, $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

void getCurl (Vect< Point< $T_- >$ & v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation. The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

void getSCurl (Vect< T_- > & v)

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming

7.108. VECT< T_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

P₁ approximation. The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

i	n	v	Vect instance that contains the scalar curl.
---	---	---	--

void getDivergence (Vect< $T_- > \& v$)

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

The resulting divergence is stored in a $\frac{\text{Vect}}{\text{Vect}}$ instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P_1 approximation. The divergence is then a constant vector for each element.

Parameters

	in	v	Vect instance that contains the divergence.]
--	----	---	---	---

real_t getAverage (const Element & el, int type) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

Parameters

in el Element instance		Element instance
in	type	Type of element. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: LINE2, TRIANG3, QUAD4 TETRA4, HEXA8, PENTA6

void save (string file, int opt)

Save vector in a file according to a given format.

Parameters

in	in file Output file where to save the vector	
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT and VTK

Vect<T $_->$ & MultAdd (const Vect< T $_->$ & x, const T $_-$ & a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

Parameters

in	х	Vect instance to add
in	а	Constant to multiply before adding

void Axpy ($T_- a_r$, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$)

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

Parameters

in a Scalar to premultiply		
in	x	Vect instance by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

void set (size_t i, T_val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

void set (size_t i, size_t j, T_val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

void set (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

void add (size_t i, T_val)

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)	l

7.108. $VECT < T_- > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCICHAPTER 7$. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	val	Value to assign
----	-----	-----------------

void add (size_t i, size_t j, T_val)

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

void add (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k, T_val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

T_{-} % operator[] (size_t i)

Operator [] (Non constant version)

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 0)
----	---	------------------------------------

T_{-} operator[] (size_t i) const

Operator [] (Constant version)

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 0)

$T_{\&}$ operator() (size_t i)

Operator () (Non constant version)

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
		• v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size())
		• v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

T_- operator() (size_t i) const

Operator () (Constant version)

Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
		• v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size())
		• v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

T_& operator() (size_t i, size_t j)

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Non constant version, case of a grid vector).

Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid) $v(i,j)$ starts at $v(1,1)$ to $v(getNx(),getNy())$

T_{-} operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid) $v(i,j)$ starts at $v(1,1)$ to $v(getNx(),getNy())$

T_{-} % operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k)

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Non constant version).

Parameters

_			
	in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)

7.108. VECT< T_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Parameters

in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid)
in	k	third index in vector (Number of vector components in the z-grid) v(i,j,k) starts at v(1,1,1) to v(getNx(),getNy(),getNz())

T_{-} operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Constant version).

Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid)
in	k	third index in vector (Number of vector components in the z-grid) v(i,j,k) starts at v(1,1,1) to v(getNx(),getNy(),getNz())

Vect<T $_->$ & operator= (const VectorX & v)

Operator = for an instance of VectorX

Parameters

in	v	Instance of vector class in library Eigen
----	---	---

Remarks

The Vect instance must have been sized before

This operator is available only if the Eigen library was installed in conjunction with OFELI

void operator= (string s)

Operator =

Assign an algebraic expression to vector entries. This operator has the same effect as the member function set(s)

Parameters

in	S	String defining the algebraic expression as a function of coordinates and time	
----	---	--	--

Warning

A Mesh instance must has been introduced before (e.g. by a constructor)

void setUniform (T_vmin, T_delta, T_vmax)

Initialize vector entries by setting extremal values and interval.

CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION 7.108. VECT $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCE

Parameters

in	vmin	Minimal value to assign to the first entry
in	delta	Interval
in	vmax	Maximal value to assign to the lase entry

Remarks

Vector's size is deduced from the arguments. The vector does not need to be sized before using this function

Vect<T $_->$ & operator= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator =

Assign a constant to vector entries

Parameters

in a	Value to set
------	--------------

Vect<T $_->$ & operator+= (const Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Operator +=

Add vector x to current vector instance.

Parameters

- 1			
	in	v	Vect instance to add to instance

Vect<T $_->$ & operator+= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator +=

Add a constant to current vector entries.

Parameters

in	а	Value to add to vector entries
----	---	--------------------------------

Vect<T $_->$ & operator== (const Vect< T $_->$ & v)

Operator -=

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to subtract from
----	---	--------------------------------

Vect<T $_->$ & operator== (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator -=

Subtract constant from vector entries.

Parameters

in	а	Value to subtract from
----	---	------------------------

Vect<T $_->$ & operator*= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator *=

Parameters

in	а	Value to multiply by
----	---	----------------------

Vect<T $_->$ & operator/= (const T $_-$ & a)

Operator /=

Parameters

in a	Value to divide by
------	--------------------

void push_back (const T_ & v)

Add an entry to the vector.

This function is an overload of the member function push_back of the parent class vector. It adjusts in addition some vector parameters

Parameters

in v	Entry value to add
------	--------------------

T_- operator, (const Vect< T_- > & v) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (v,w) where v and w are 2 instances of Vect < double >

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance by which the current instance is multiplied
----	---	---

operator VectorX () const

Casting operator.

Warning

This constructor is available only if the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI

Index

~PETScWrapper OFELI::PETScWrapper, 867 A OFELI, 71 AB2 OFELI, 69 ADAMS_BASHFORTH OFELI, 69 AUX_INPUT_FIELD_1 OFELI, 68 AUX_INPUT_FIELD_2 OFELI, 68 AUX_INPUT_FIELD_3 OFELI, 68 AUX_INPUT_FIELD_4 OFELI, 68 AUX_INPUT_FIELD_4 OFELI, 68 AUX_INPUT_FIELD_4 OFELI, 68 AbsEqua < T_ >, 177 Add OFELI::Element, 473, 474 OFELI::Mesh, 767, 768, 772	OFELI::SkMatrix, 909 OFELI::SkSMatrix, 917 OFELI::SpMatrix, 936 OFELI::TimeStepping, 950 OFELI::TrMatrix, 980 OFELI::Vect, 1005 Axb OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 703 AxbAssembly OFELI::Bar2DL2, 195 OFELI::Beam3DL2, 212 OFELI::DC1DL2, 250 OFELI::DC2DT3, 275 OFELI::DC2DT6, 295 OFELI::DC3DAT3, 316 OFELI::DC3DT4, 338 OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 413 OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 413 OFELI::Elas2DT3, 434, 435 OFELI::Elas3DH8, 451
OFELI::PETScVect, 862	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 467 OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 493, 494
OFELI::Side, 895 add	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 508
OFELI::DMatrix, 348	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 522
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 836	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 539
OFELI::PETScVect, 858, 859	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 557
OFELI::SkMatrix, 905	OFELI::Equation, 572
OFELI::SpMatrix, 933	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 601
OFELI::Vect, 1008, 1009	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 649
OFELI, 85, 99	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 665
AddMidNodes	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 680
OFELI::Mesh, 776	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 695
AnalysisType	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 712
OFELI, 69	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 814
ArrayType	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 964
OFELI, 68	Axpy
Assembly	OFELI::DMatrix, 348
OFELI::BMatrix, 222	OFELI::Matrix, 752
OFELI::DMatrix, 353, 354	OFELI::PETScVect, 858
OFELI::DSMatrix, 366	OFELI::SkMatrix, 904
OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 394	OFELI::SpMatrix, 933
OFELI::Matrix, 752, 753	OFELI::Vect, 1007
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 840, 841	OFELI, 82, 89, 101, 102
OFELI::PETScVect, 855	Utilities, 146

b	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 547
OFELI, 71	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 639
BACKWARD_EULER	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 655
OFELI, 68	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 701
BCAsConstraint	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 804
Solver, 118	Boundary Condition
•	OFELI::UserData, 986
BCType	
OFELI, 70	BoundaryRHS
BDF2	OFELI::DC1DL2, 239
OFELI, 69	OFELI::DC2DT3, 263
BICG_SOLVER	OFELI::DC2DT6, 284
OFELI, 70	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 305, 306
BICG_STAB_SOLVER	OFELI::DC3DT4, 327, 328
OFELI, 70	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 401, 402
BMatrix	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 424
OFELI, 81	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 441
BMatrix $< T >$, 219	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 457
BODY_FORCE	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 547
OFELI, 68	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 640
BOUNDARY_CONDITION	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 655
OFELI, 68	
	OFELL NEP2DO41 804
BOUNDARY FORCE	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 804
OFELI, 68	Bput
BOUNDARY_TRACTION	OFELI::Mesh, 777
OFELI, 67	Brick, 226
BSpline	OFELI::Brick, 227
Utilities, 144	build
BUOYANCY	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 185
OFELI, 67	OFELI::DC1DL2, 240, 241
banner	OFELI::DC2DT3, 265
Utilities, 145	OFELI::DC2DT6, 285
Bar2DL2, 179	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 306
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 183	OFELI::DC3DT4, 328
Beam3DL2, 197	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 513
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 202	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 547, 548
BiCGStab	
	OFELL Landscat DL2, 640
Solver, 112	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 656
BiCG	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 671
Solver, 111	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 685, 686
BiotSavart, 214	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 702, 703
OFELI::BiotSavart, 215	buildEigen
BodyForce	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 186
OFELI::UserData, 987	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 203
BodyRHS	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 458
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 185	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 702
OFELI::DC1DL2, 239	1
OFELI::DC2DT3, 262, 263	CAPACITY
OFELI::DC2DT6, 284	OFELI, 67
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 305	CG_SOLVER
OFELI::DC3DT4, 327	OFELI, 70
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 401	CGS_SOLVER
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 423, 424	OFELI, 70
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 441	CGS
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 457	
OTELIEIGSJD14, 4J/	Solver, 114

CONSISTENT_CAPACITY	Conservation Law Equations, 17
OFELI, 67	ContactPressure
CONSISTENT_MASS	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 425
OFELI, 67	Contains
CONTACT_BC	OFELI::Element, 475, 476
OFELI, 70	OFELI::Side, 897
CONTACT	contains
OFELI, 67	
	OFELI::IPF, 632 Convection
CONVECTION	
OFELI, 67	OFELI::DC1DL2, 237, 238
CRANK_NICOLSON	OFELI::DC2DT3, 261
OFELI, 68	OFELI::DC2DT6, 283
Capacity	OFELI::DC3DT4, 326
OFELI::DC1DL2, 237	ConvectionToRHS
OFELI::DC2DT3, 260	OFELI::DC1DL2, 238
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 304	OFELI::DC2DT3, 262
OFELI::DC3DT4, 325	Converged
CapacityToLHS	Global Variables, 42
OFELI::DC1DL2, 236	Coord
OFELI::DC2DT3, 260	Finite Element Mesh, 27
OFELI::DC2DT6, 285	createBoundarySideList
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 304	OFELI::Mesh, 770
OFELI::DC3DT4, 325	createInternalSideList
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 546	OFELI::Mesh, 771
CapacityToRHS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OFELI::DC1DL2, 237	CurlEdgeSh
·	OFELI::Tetra4, 944
OFELI::DC2DT3, 260	DC1DL2 221
OFELI::DC2DT6, 285	DC1DL2, 231
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 304	OFELI::DC1DL2, 235
OFELI::DC3DT4, 325	DC2DT3, 252
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 547	OFELI::DC2DT3, 257–259
CG	DC2DT6, 277
Solver, 113, 114	OFELI::DC2DT6, 281, 282
check	DC3DAT3, 297
OFELI::Line2H, 734	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 302, 303
OFELI::Material, 749	DC3DT4, 318
OFELI::Triang3, 968	OFELI::DC3DT4, 322–324
OFELI, 104	DEVIATORIC
check_error	OFELI, 67
OFELI::FMM2D, 581	DGElementAssembly
OFELI::FMM3D, 583	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 194, 195
OFELI::FMMSolver, 584	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 210, 211
	· · ·
checkDelaunay	OFELL::DC1DL2, 249, 250
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 670	OFELL:DC2DT3, 273, 274
checkError	OFELI::DC2DT6, 294, 295
OFELI::PETScWrapper, 869	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 314, 315
checkSturm	OFELI::DC3DT4, 337, 338
OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 395	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 383, 384
Circle, 228	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 411, 412
OFELI::Circle, 229	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 433, 434
Clear	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 449, 450
Utilities, 147	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 466, 467
Code	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 492, 493
Finite Element Mesh, 27	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 506, 507
	•

OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 521, 522	OFELI::Penta6, 828
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 537, 538	OFELI::Quad4, 886
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 556, 557	OFELI::Tetra4, 944
OFELI::Equation, 569, 570	OFELI::Triang6S, 970, 971
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 600, 601	Deactivate
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 648, 649	OFELI, 80
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 663, 664	DeformMesh
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 678, 679	Finite Element Mesh, 28
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 694, 695	Delete
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 710, 711	OFELI::Mesh, 772, 773
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 812, 813	DeleteElement
OFELI::NS1 2DQ41, 812, 813 OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 963, 964	
	OFELI::Mesh, 772
DIAG_PREC	DeleteNode
OFELI, 70	OFELI::Mesh, 772
DIAGONAL	DeleteSide
OFELI, 70	OFELI::Mesh, 772
DIFFUSION_CONVECTION	Deviator
OFELI, 69	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 423
DIFFUSION	DeviatorToRHS
OFELI, 67	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 423
DILATATION	DiagBC
OFELI, 67	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 187
DILU_PREC	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 203
OFELI, 70	OFELI::DC1DL2, 242
DIRECT_SOLVER	OFELI::DC2DT3, 266
OFELI, 70	OFELI::DC2DT6, 287
DISPLACEMENT_FIELD	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 307
OFELI, 68	OFELI::DC3DT4, 330
dLine	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 376
OFELI::Brick, 228	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 403
OFELI::Circle, 230	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 426
OFELI::Ellipse, 481	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 442
OFELI::Figure, 579	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 459
OFELI::Polygon, 879	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 485
OFELI::Rectangle, 891	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 499
OFELI::Sphere, 923	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 514
OFELI::Triangle, 973, 976	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 529
DMatrix	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 549
	OFELI::Equation, 564
OFELI::DMatrix, 344	<u> </u>
DMatrix< T ₋ >, 340	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 593
DOF	OFELL:Laplace1DL2, 641
OFELL:Edge, 387	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 656
OFELI::Node, 796	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 671
OFELI::Side, 894	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 687
DP1toP1	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 703
OFELI::Reconstruction, 889	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 805
DSMatrix	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 956
OFELI, 84	DiagPrescribe
DSMatrix $< T >$, 362	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834
DSh	OFELI::SkMatrix, 906
OFELI::FEShape, 578	OFELI::SpMatrix, 929, 930
OFELI::Hexa8, 604, 605	Diffusion
OFELI::Line2, 732	OFELI::DC1DL2, 237
OFELI::Line2H, 735	OFELI::DC2DT3, 260

OFELI::DC2DT6, 283	EXTERNAL_BOUNDARY
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 304	OFELI::Side, 894
OFELI::DC3DT4, 325	Edge, 386
DiffusionToRHS	OFELI::Edge, 387
OFELI::DC1DL2, 237	
•	EdgeList, 389
OFELI::DC2DT3, 261	EdgeSh
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 305	OFELI::Tetra4, 944
OFELI::DC3DT4, 326	EdgesAreDOF
Dilatation	OFELI::Mesh, 777
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 423	EigenProblemSolver, 390
DilatationToRHS	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 391, 392
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 401	Elas2DQ4, 395
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 423	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 400
Domain, 357	Elas2DT3, 415
·	
OFELI::Domain, 359	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 420, 421
Dot	Elas3DH8, 436
Utilities, 146, 147	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 441
Vector and Matrix, 153	Elas3DT4, 453
	Electric
E2T	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 375
OFELI::PhaseChange, 870	Electromagnetics, 18
EC2D1T3, 370	Element, 469
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 374	OFELI::Element, 472
ELECTRIC	element_assembly
OFELI, 67	•
ePrev	General Purpose Equations, 37, 38
	ElementAssembly
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 197	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 190–192
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 213	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 206–208
OFELI::DC1DL2, 252	OFELI::DC1DL2, 245–247
OFELI::DC2DT3, 276	OFELI::DC2DT3, 269–271
OFELI::DC2DT6, 297	OFELI::DC2DT6, 290-292
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 317	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 310-312
OFELI::DC3DT4, 340	OFELI::DC3DT4, 333–335
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 386	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 379–381
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 415	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 406, 408, 409
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 436	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 400, 400, 407 OFELI::Elas2DT3, 429–431
	·
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 452	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 445–447
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 469	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 462–464
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 495	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 488–490
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 509	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 502–504
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 524	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 517–519
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 540	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 532, 534, 535
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 559	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 552–554
OFELI::Equation, 574	OFELI::Equation, 567–569, 572
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 603	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 596–598
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 651	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 644–646
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 666	•
*	OFELL Laplace1DL3, 659–661
OFELL:Laplace2DFVT, 681	OFELL:Laplace2DFVT, 674–676
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 697	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 690–692
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 713	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 706–708
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 815	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 808–810
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 966	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 959–961
EVAL	ElementList, 478
Utilities, 134	ElementNodeCoordinates
•	

OFELI::Bar2DL2, 189	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 188
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 206	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 205
OFELI::DC1DL2, 244	OFELI::DC1DL2, 243
OFELI::DC2DT3, 269	OFELI::DC2DT3, 268
OFELI::DC2DT6, 289	OFELI::DC2DT6, 288
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 310	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 309
OFELI::DC3DT4, 332	OFELI::DC3DT4, 331
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 378	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 377
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 406	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 405
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 429	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 427
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 445	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 444
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 461	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 460
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 488	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 486
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 502	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 501
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 516	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 515
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 532	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 531
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 552	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 550
OFELI::Equation, 566	OFELI::Equation, 565
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 595	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 594
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 644	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 642
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 659	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 658
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 674	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 673
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 689	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 688
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 706	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 705
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 808	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 807
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 958	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 957
ElementNodeVector	ElementSideVector
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 187, 188	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 188
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 204	OFELI::Bat2DL2, 188 OFELI::Beam3DL2, 205
OFELI::DC1DL2, 242, 243	OFELI::Death5DL2, 203 OFELI::DC1DL2, 243
OFELI::DC1DL2, 242, 243 OFELI::DC2DT3, 267	OFELI::DC1DL2, 243 OFELI::DC2DT3, 268
OFELI::DC2DT6, 287, 288	OFELI::DC2DAT2 200
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 308	OFELL:DC3DAT3, 309
OFELL::DC3DT4, 330, 331	OFELL FC2D173 277
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 376, 377	OFELL::EC2D1T3, 377
OFELL:Elas2DQ4, 404	OFELL:Elas2DQ4, 405
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 427	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 428
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 443	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 444
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 459, 460	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 460
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 486	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 487
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 500	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 501
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 514, 515	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 515
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 530	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 531
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 550	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 550
OFELI::Equation, 565	OFELI::Equation, 565
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 593, 594	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 594
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 642	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 642
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 657	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 658
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 672	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 673
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 687, 688	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 688
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 704	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 705
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 806	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 807
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 956, 957	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 957
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF	ElementVector
	Elelitetti veetoi

OFELI::Bar2DL2, 188	Equation
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 205	OFELI::Equation, 562, 563
OFELI::DC1DL2, 243	Equation $<$ T ₋ , NEN ₋ , NEE ₋ , NSN ₋ , NSE ₋ $>$, 559
OFELI::DC2DT3, 268	Estimator, 574
OFELI::DC2DT6, 288	Evaluate
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 309	OFELI::FMM2D, 581
OFELI::DC3DT4, 331	OFELI::FMM3D, 582
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 377	execute
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 405	OFELI::FastMarching2D, 576
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 428	ExtendSpeed
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 444	OFELI::FMM2D, 581
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 460	OFELI::FMM3D, 583
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 487	OFELI::FMMSolver, 584
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 501	,
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 515	FE_2D_3N
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 531	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 551	FE_2D_4N
OFELI::Equation, 566	OFELI, 69
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 594	FE_2D_6N
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 643	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 658	FE_3D_4N
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 673	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 688	FE_3D_8N
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 705	OFELI, 69
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 807	FE_3D_AXI_3N
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 957	OFELI, 69
Elements Are DOF	FEShape, 576
OFELI::Mesh, 777	OFELI::FEShape, 577
Ellipse, 479	FEType
*	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Ellipse, 480	FIRST_ORDER_METHOD
EnthalpyToTemperature	OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
OFELI::PhaseChange, 870	
EqDataType	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616 OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623
OFELI, 67	
Equa_Electromagnetics< T_, NEN_, NEE_, N↔	OFELI::LCL1D, 716
SN_, NSE_ >, 481	OFELL:LCL2DT, 721
Equa_Fluid	OFELL:LCL3DT, 727
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 499	OFELL:Muscl, 781
Equa_Fluid < T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >,	OFELL:Muscl1D, 784
495	OFELL:Muscl2DT, 787
Equa_Laplace	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 791
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 513	FLUX
Equa_Laplace< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_	OFELI, 68
>, 510	FMM2D, 580
Equa_Solid	OFELI::FMM2D, 580
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 528	FMM3D, 581
Equa_Solid< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_ >,	OFELI::FMM3D, 582
524	FMMSolver, 583
Equa_Therm	OFELI::FMMSolver, 583
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 546	FORWARD_EULER
Equa_Therm< T_, NEN_, NEE_, NSN_, NSE_>,	OFELI, 68
541	Factor
Equal	OFELI, 92
Utilities, 147	FactorAndSolve

OFELI::BMatrix, 224	OFELI::ICPG1D, 609
OFELI::DMatrix, 356	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 617
OFELI::DSMatrix, 368	OFELI::LCL1D, 717
OFELI::Matrix, 755	OFELI::LCL2DT, 723
OFELI::SkMatrix, 911	OFELI::LCL3DT, 729
OFELI::SkSMatrix, 919	Funct, 584
OFELI::SpMatrix, 938	OFELI::Funct, 585, 586
OFELI::TrMatrix, 982	
OFELI, 93	GLOBAL_ARRAY
FastMarching2D, 575	OFELI, 68
OFELI::FastMarching2D, 575	GMRES_SOLVER
Figure, 578	OFELI, 70
Finite Element Mesh, 19	GMRes
Code, 27	Solver, 115, 116
•	GRAPH_MEMORY
Coord, 27	Finite Element Mesh, 23
DeformMesh, 28	Gauss, 586
GRAPH_MEMORY, 23	
getMaxSideMeasure, 31	genMesh
getMaxSize, 30	OFELI::Domain, 360
getMeanElementMeasure, 31	General Purpose Equations, 36
getMeanSideMeasure, 31	element_assembly, 37, 38
getMinElementMeasure, 30	side_assembly, 38, 39
getMinSideMeasure, 31	get
getMinSize, 30	OFELI::Domain, 359
Label, 25, 26	OFELI::IPF, 632–634
MeshActiveElements, 23	OFELI::Mesh, 768
MeshBoundaryNodes, 24	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 840
MeshBoundarySides, 24	OFELI::Prescription, 884
MeshEdges, 24	OFELI::SkMatrix, 908
MeshElements, 23	OFELI::SkSMatrix, 916
MeshNodeLoop, 23	OFELI::SpMatrix, 935
MeshNodes, 24	OFELI, 73 , 74
MeshSideSet, 24	getActiveElement
MeshSides, 24	OFELI::Mesh, 779
MeshToMesh, 29	getAllEdges
NodeInElement, 33	OFELI::Mesh, 771
NodeInSide, 33	getAllSides
NodeLabel, 26	OFELI::Mesh, 770
operator-, 25	getArray
operator==, 28	OFELI::DMatrix, 353
operator&&, 25	getArraySize
setBoundaryNodeCodes, 32	OFELI::IPF, 633
setBoundarySideCodes, 32	getAuxFile
setElementCodes, 33	OFELI::IPF, 635
setNodeCodes, 32	getAverage
setSideCodes, 32	OFELI::PETScVect, 857
SideInElement, 33	OFELI::Vect, 1007
TheEdge, 23 TheElement, 23	getB1 OFELI::BiotSavart, 217
TheNode, 23	getB2
theNodeLabel, 24	OFELI::BiotSavart, 217
TheSide, 23	getB3
Fluid Dynamics, 35	OFELI::BiotSavart, 217
Forward	getBC1

OFELI::BiotSavart, 218	OFELI::Line3, 736
getBC2	OFELI::Penta6, 829
OFELI::BiotSavart, 218	OFELI::Quad4, 887
getBC3	OFELI::Tetra4, 944
OFELI::BiotSavart, 217	OFELI::Triang3, 968
getBCFile	OFELI::Triang6S, 971
OFELI::IPF, 634	getDiag
getBFFile	OFELI::BMatrix, 222
OFELI::IPF, 634	OFELI::DMatrix, 353
getBamg	OFELI::DSMatrix, 366
Utilities, 139	OFELI::Matrix, 752
getBC	OFELI::SkMatrix, 908
OFELI::IPF, 629	OFELI::SkSMatrix, 916
getBF	OFELI::SpMatrix, 936
	OFELI::TrMatrix, 979
OFELI::IPF, 629	•
getBoolOption	getDivergence
OFELI::PETScWrapper, 867	OFELL:PETScVect, 857
getBoundaryNodes	OFELI::Vect, 1007
OFELI::Mesh, 770	getDouble
getBoundarySides	OFELI::IPF, 631, 632
OFELI::Mesh, 770	getDoublePar
getCode	OFELI::IPF, 630
OFELI::Edge, 388	getEasymesh
OFELI::Node, 797	Utilities, 140
OFELI::Side, 895	getEdgeLabel
OFELI, 79, 80	OFELI::Mesh, 779
getColHeight	getEigenVector
OFELI::SkMatrix, 905	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 395
OFELI, 99	getElementLabel
getColInd	OFELI::Mesh, 778
OFELI::SpMatrix, 934	getElementNeighborElements
getColumn	OFELI::Mesh, 771
OFELI::DMatrix, 345	getFirstSideLabel
OFELI, 86	OFELI::Partition, 826
getComplex	getGambit
OFELI::IPF, 632	Utilities, 140
getComplexPar	getGmsh
OFELI::IPF, 630	Utilities, 140
getCoord	getGradient
OFELI::Node, 797	OFELI::PETScVect, 856
getCurl	OFELI::Vect, 1005, 1006
OFELI::PETScVect, 856	getInit
	· ·
OFELI::Vect, 1006	OFELI::IPF, 629
getDOFType	getInitFile
OFELI::PETScVect, 851	OFELI::IPF, 634
OFELI::Vect, 1000	getInnerProduct
getData	OFELI, 93
OFELI::IPF, 629	getIntOption
getDerivative	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 867
OFELI, 75	getIntPar
getDet	OFELI::IPF, 630
OFELI::FEShape, 578	getInteger
OFELI::Hexa8, 605	OFELI::IPF, 631
OFELI::Line2, 733	getInternalEnergy

OFELI::ICPG1D, 609	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 508
getInterpolate	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 523
OFELI::Line2, 732	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 539
getLength	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 558
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 835	OFELI::Equation, 573
getList	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 602
OFELI::Mesh, 778	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 650
getLocal	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 665
OFELI, 94	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 680
getLocalPoint	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 696
OFELI::FEShape, 578	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 712
OFELI::Hexa8, 605	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 814
OFELI::Line2, 733	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 965
OFELI::Line2H, 734, 735	Utilities, 138
OFELI::Line3, 736	getMeshFile
OFELI::Penta6, 829	OFELI::IPF, 634
OFELI::Quad4, 887	getMinElementMeasure
OFELI::Tetra4, 944	Finite Element Mesh, 30
OFELI::Triang3, 968	getMinSideMeasure
OFELI::Triang6S, 971	Finite Element Mesh, 31
getLocalSize	getMinSize
OFELI::PETScVect, 850	Finite Element Mesh, 30
getMach	getMomentum
OFELI::ICPG1D, 610	OFELI::ICPG1D, 609
getMatlab	getName
Utilities, 141	OFELI::Material, 749
getMaxSideMeasure	getNbBoundarySides
Finite Element Mesh, 31	OFELI::Mesh, 775
getMaxSize	getNbConnectInSubMesh
Finite Element Mesh, 30	OFELI::Partition, 826
getMaxTime	getNbConnectOutSubMesh
OFELI::IPF, 630	OFELI::Partition, 826
getMeanElementMeasure	getNbInternalSides
Finite Element Mesh, 31	OFELI::Mesh, 776
getMeanSideMeasure	getNbIter
Finite Element Mesh, 31	OFELI::IPF, 630
getMeasure	getNbNeigEl
OFELI::Element, 477	OFELI::Node, 797
OFELI::Side, 897	getNbNeigElements
getMesh	OFELI::Element, 477
OFELI::AbsEqua, 178	getNbSteps
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 196	OFELI::IPF, 630
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 212	getNeigEl
OFELI::DC1DL2, 251	OFELI::Node, 797
OFELI::DC2DT3, 275	getNeighborElement
OFELI::DC2DT6, 296	OFELI::Element, 476
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 316	OFELI::Side, 896
OFELI::DC3DT4, 339	getNetgen
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 385	Utilities, 141
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 413	getNodeLabel
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 435	OFELI::Edge, 388
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 451	OFELI::Mesh, 778
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 468	getNodeLabelInMesh
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 494	OFELI::Partition, 825
•	

getNodeLabelInSubMesh OFELI:Partition, 825 getNodeNeighborElements OFELI:Mesh, 771 getNorm1 OFELI:Wett, 1000 getNorm2 OFELI:Vect, 1000 getNorm3 OFELI:Vect, 1000 getNorm3 OFELI:Side, 896 getNy OFELI:Side, 896 getNy OFELI:Side, 896 getNy OFELI:Side, 896 getOutput OFELI:Br, 699 getOherNeighborElement OFELI:Br, 629 getPlotFile OFELI:IPF, 630 getPointDoublePar OFELI:IPF, 630 getProject OFELI:IPF, 634 getRange OFELI:IPF, 634 getRefCoord OFELI:IPF, 634 getRefCord OFELI:IPF, 634 getRefCord OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 635 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 635 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 636 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 639 getSurl OFELI:IPF, 630 getSurl OFELI:I		
getNodeNeighborElements OFELL::Circle, 229, 230 OFELL::Mesh, 771 OFELL::Ellipse, 480, 481 OFELL::Vect, 1000 OFELL::Figure, 579 getNorm2 OFELL::Polygon, 878, 879 OFELL::Vect, 1000 OFELL::Sphere, 922 getNormMax OFELL::Sphere, 922 OFELL::Side, 896 getSoundSpeed getNy OFELL::CFGID, 610 OFELL; 79 getStresses getNy OFELL::Bar2DL2, 185 OFELL; 79 getString getNaz OFELL::IPF, 631 OFELL::P3 getString getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::IPF, 631 OFELL::B4 OFELL::IPF, 630 getOutput OFELL::IPF, 630 OFELL::IPF, 629 getTitle getPlot Utilities, 141 OFELL::IPF, 635 getTime getPointDoublePar OFELL::Timer, 945 OFELL::IPF, 630 getTimeStep GetPl::IPF, 633 getTolerance OFELL::IPF, 634 getTimeStep OFELL::IPF, 634 getTimeStep OFELL::IPF, 634 getValue <td>getNodeLabelInSubMesh</td> <td>getSignedDistance</td>	getNodeLabelInSubMesh	getSignedDistance
OFELL::Mesh, 771 getNorm1 OFELL::Wect, 1000 getNorm2 OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL; 79 getNz GFELL; 79 getNz GFELL; 79 getNz GFELL; 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::Side, 896 getOutput OFELL::Side, 896 getOutput OFELL::IFF, 629 getPlotFile OFELL::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELL::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRow OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSigetAsol, 481 OFELL::PF, 634 getSubMesh OFELL::PF, 634 getResve OFELL::PF, 635 getSubMesh OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 635 getSubMesh OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getRow OFELL::PF, 634 getRow OFELL::PF, 635 getSubMesh OFELL::PF, 636 getValue OFELL::PF, 637 OFELL::PF, 638 getSubMesh OFELL::PF, 639 getValue OFELL::PF, 630 getTotalEnent, 477 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 635 getScondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 636 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 636 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 637 GetSubMatrix, 826 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 639 getSubmesh OFELL::PF, 630 getTotalEnent, 477 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 636 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 getSideLabel Unitrestep, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41	OFELI::Partition, 825	OFELI::Brick, 227
OFELL::Mesh, 771 getNorm1 OFELL::Wect, 1000 getNorm2 OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL; 79 getNz GFELL; 79 getNz GFELL; 79 getNz GFELL; 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::Side, 896 getOutput OFELL::Side, 896 getOutput OFELL::IFF, 629 getPlotFile OFELL::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELL::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRow OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSigetAsol, 481 OFELL::PF, 634 getSubMesh OFELL::PF, 634 getResve OFELL::PF, 635 getSubMesh OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 635 getSubMesh OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getRow OFELL::PF, 634 getRow OFELL::PF, 635 getSubMesh OFELL::PF, 636 getValue OFELL::PF, 637 OFELL::PF, 638 getSubMesh OFELL::PF, 639 getValue OFELL::PF, 630 getTotalEnent, 477 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 635 getScondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 636 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 636 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 637 GetSubMatrix, 826 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 639 getSubmesh OFELL::PF, 630 getTotalEnent, 477 OFELL::DMatrix, 346 OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 634 getSwe OFELL::PF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::PF, 636 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 getSideLabel Unitrestep, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41	getNodeNeighborElements	OFELI::Circle, 229, 230
getNorm1 OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNorm2 OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL::Side, 896 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::Brigher, 629 getPlot OFELL::IPF, 639 getPointDublePar OFELL::IPF, 630 getProscriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 635 getProject OFELL::PF, 634 getRange OFELL::PF, 634 getRow OFELL::PF, 634 getRow OFELL::DPF, 634 getScurl OFELL::DPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::DPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::DPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::DPF, 635 getScundSideLabel OFELL::DPF, 635 getScundSideLabel OFELL::DPF, 635 getScurl OFELL::DPF, 636 getValue		
OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNorm2 OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Septere, 922 OFELL::Sphere, 922 OFELL::Sphere, 922 OFELL::Triangle, 973, 975 getSoundSpeed OFELL::Get, 896 getNy OFELI, 79 getNz OFELI, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::Bide, 896 getOutput OFELL::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELL::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELL::IPF, 635 getProject OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::PF, 634 getRange OFELL::DF, 634 getRange OFELL::DF, 634 getRange OFELL::DF, 634 getRoord OFELL::DF, 635 getRoord OFELL::DF, 634 getRange OFELL::DF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELL::DF, 636 getValue OFELL::DF, 637 GetLi::DF, 638 getValue OFELL::DF, 639 getValue OFELL::DF, 634 getRange OFELL::DF, 635 getSoundSpeed OFELL::DF, 634 getRange OFELL::DF, 635 getValue OFELL::DF, 636 getValue OFELL::DF, 637 OFELL::DF, 638 getValue OFELL::DF, 639 getValu		
getNorm2 OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormal OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL; 79 getNz OFELI, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::Side, 896 getOutput OFELL::IFF, 629 getPlot OFELL::IPF, 629 getPointDoublePar OFELL::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRefCoord OFELL::IPF, 634 getRew OFELL::DAarix, 346 OFELL::DAarix, 346 OFELL::DAarix, 346 OFELL::DAarix, 346 OFELL::DAarix, 346 OFELL::DAarix, 346 OFELL::DETSCVect, 857 OFELL::Vect, 1006 getSerie GetSerie GetSerie OFELL::IPF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getScurl OFELL::PF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 getScurl OFELL::IPF, 636 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 636 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 636 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 636 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 639 getSidetexendEntexet OFELL::IPF, 636 getSidetSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 639 getSidetSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 639 getSidet, 42 InitPesc, 42 InitPesc, 42 InitPesc, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41	ě	
OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormMax OFELL::Sphere, 922 OFELL::Triangle, 973, 975 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getNormal OFELI::Side, 896 getNy OFELI, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELI::IPF, 639 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getRearge OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 635 getSoundSpeed OFELI::PF, 634 getRow OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 635 getSoundSpeed OFELI::PF, 636 GetString OFELI::PF, 637 getWnormal OFELI::PF, 638 getWnorm2 OFELI::PETSCVect, 857 OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 635 getSoundSpeed OFELI::PF, 635 GetString OFELI::PF, 639 getYZ OFELI::PETSCVect, 857 OFELI::PF, 639 getString OFELI::PF, 639 getString OFELI::PF, 639 getSqual OFELI::PF, 630 getSqual OFELI::PF, 630 getSqual OFELI::PF, 630 getSqual OFELI::PF, 630 getTime OFELI::PF, 630 getTime OFELI::PF, 630 getTime		
getNormMax OFELL::Vect, 1000 getNormal OFELL::Side, 896 getNy OFELL, 79 getNz OFELL, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL::IPF, 631 getPlot OFELL::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELL::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELL::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 635 getPrescriptionFile OFELL::IPF, 635 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRange OFELL::IPF, 634 getRestArtFile OFELL::IPF, 634 getRow OFELL::IPF, 634 getScurl OFELL::IPF, 634 getScurl OFELL::IPF, 634 getScurl OFELL::IPF, 634 getScurl OFELL::IPF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 getSetSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 getScurl OFELL::IPF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 GetScurl OFELL::IPF, 635 GetScurl OFELL::IPF, 634 getSave OFELL::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 GetSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 GetSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 GetSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 635 GetScurd OFELL::IPF, 635 GetSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 639 getSideLabel OFELL::IPF, 63	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
OFELI::Vect, 1000 getNormal OFELI::Side, 896 getNy OFELI, 79 getNz OFELI, 79 getNz OFELI, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELI::PF, 631 getString OFELI::PF, 631 getStringPar OFELI::PF, 630 getSubMesh OFELI::PF, 629 getPlot OFELI::PF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::PF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::PF, 635 getProject OFELI::PF, 634 getRange OFELI::PF, 634 getRange OFELI::DPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::DF, 634 getRow OFELI::DF, 634 getSoundSpeed OFELI::DF, 631 getStrings GetString GPELI::PF, 634 getRow OFELI::DF, 634 getRow OFELI::DF, 634 getRow OFELI::DF, 634 getRow OFELI::DF, 634 getSoundSpeed OFELI::DF, 634 getScunl OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 GetScundSpeed OFELI::PF, 639 getSetSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 639 getSetSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF,		
getNormal OFELI::Side, 896 getNy OFELI, 79 getNz OFELI::PP, 631 OFELI::PF, 631 OFELI::PF, 630 getString OFELI::PF, 630 getString OFELI::PF, 630 getString OFELI::PF, 630 getSubMesh OFELI::PF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::PF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::PF, 635 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::PF, 635 getProject OFELI::PF, 635 getRange OFELI::PF, 634 getRange OFELI::PF, 634 getRow OFELI::PF, 634 getRow OFELI::DPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PF, 634 getSurl OFELI::PF, 635 getSurl OFELI::PF, 634 getSurl OFELI::PF, 634 getSurl OFELI::PF, 635 getSurl OFELI::PF, 634 getSurl OFELI::PF, 635 getSurl OFELI::PF, 635 GetSurl OFELI::PF, 636 getSurl OFELI::PF, 637 getSurl OFELI::PF, 638 getSurl OFELI::PF, 639 getSurl OFELI::PF, 639 getSurl OFELI::PF, 635 getSurl OFELI::PF, 636 getSurl OFELI::PF, 636 getSurl OFELI::PF, 630 getSurl OFELI::PF, 630 getSurl OFELI::PF, 630 getTime OFELI::PF, 630 getTime OFELI::PF, 630 getTime	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
OFELL:Side, 896 getNy OFELL, 79 getNz OFELL, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL:Side, 896 getOutput OFELL:IPF, 629 getPlot OFELL:IPF, 630 getFlime OFELL:IPF, 630 getPlotFlie OFELL:IPF, 630 getPointDoublePar OFELL:IPF, 630 getProscriptionFile OFELL:IPF, 635 getProject OFELL:IPF, 634 getRange OFELL:PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELL:IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELL:IPF, 634 getRow OFELL:IPF, 635 getSCurl OFELL:IPF, 634 getSave OFELL:IPF, 634 getSave OFELL:IPF, 635 getScondSideLabel OFELL:IPF, 635 getScondSideLabel OFELL:IPF, 635 getScondSideLabel OFELL:IPF, 635 getScondSideLabel OFELL:IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELL:IPF, 629		
getNy OFELI:79 getNz OFELI,79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELL:Side, 896 getOutput OFELI:IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI:IPF, 629 getPlotifile OFELI:IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI:IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI:IPF, 635 getProject OFELI:IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::DE, 634 getRow OFELI::DE, 634 getRow OFELI::DE, 634 getRow OFELI::DE, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DETScVect, 857 OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::DF, 635 getSoul OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::DF, 635 getSetSetGen OFELI::DF, 634 getSgetSetGen OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::DF, 634 getSgetSetGen OFELI::DF, 634 getSgetSetGen OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::DF, 635 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 OFELI::DF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::DF, 629	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	_
OFELI, 79 getNz OFELI, 79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELI:Side, 896 getOutput OFELI:IPF, 629 getFlot OFELI:IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI:IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI:IPF, 630 getFrescriptionFile OFELI:IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI:IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI:IPF, 635 getFood OFELI:IPF, 630 getFrescriptionFile OFELI:IPF, 634 getRange OFELI:IPF, 634 getReiCoord OFELI:IPF, 634 getReitGoord OFELI:IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IDMatrix, 346 OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getSourl OFELI:IPF, 634 getSourl OFELI:IPF, 635 getScurl OFELI:IPF, 636 getSpetSecondSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 629		O
getNz OFELI;79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELI:Side, 896 getOutput OFELI:IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI:IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI:IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI:IPF, 630 getTrimeStep OFELI:IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI:IPF, 635 getProject OFELI:IPF, 634 getRange OFELI:Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:DMatrix, 346 OFELI:DMatrix, 346 OFELI:DMatrix, 346 OFELI:PFTScVect, 857 OFELI:IPF, 634 getSave OFELI:IPF, 634 getSave OFELI:IPF, 635 getSessendSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 635 getSerSersidideLabel OFELI:IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 634 getRow OFELI:IPF, 634 getSpetSecondSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 636 getSpetSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 637 OFELI:IPF, 638 getRow OFELI:IPF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI:IPF, 635 Inifferts, 42 MaxNblterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 theEdge, 41		
OFELI:,79 getOtherNeighborElement OFELI::Side, 896 getOutput OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 635 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getTotel::IPF, 630 getPescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getValue OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::DF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629		
getOtherNeighborElement OFELI::Side, 896 getOutput OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getTombloublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 635 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 635 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getTotalEnergy OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getTotalEnergy OFELI::IPF, 630 getTinangle Utilities, 142 getUnitNormal getValue OFELI::Side, 896 getValue OFELI::Side, 896 getValue OFELI::Side, 896 getValue OFELI::Side, 896 getValue OFELI::PetTScVect, 851 OFELI::PetTScVect, 851 OFELI::PetTScVect, 851 OFELI::PetTScVect, 851 OFELI::PetTScVect, 851 OFELI::Node, 797 getP OFELI::IPF, 634 getR GFELI::IPF, 634 getR OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 getV OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 getV OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 getV OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel ThrimeSteps, 41 theEdge, 41		
OFELI::Side, 896 getOutput OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getFrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 635 getRange OFELI::PASSA GOFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PASSA OFELI::PTSCVect, 857 OFELI::PFSCVect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSimeshap OFELI::DMatrix, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getValue OFELI::PASSA OFELI::PA		
getOutput OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::Ine2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 636 getSetSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 getStideLabel OFELI::PF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel		
OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getTotalEnergy OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getRefCoord OFELI::Ine2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSourl OFELI::IPF, 635 getSourl OFELI::IPF, 635 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PArtition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel Utilities, 141 getTolerance OFELI::ICPG1D, 609 getTriangle getTolatence OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 getN Utilities, 141 getTolerance OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 getN OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 MaxNblterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 theEdge, 41	OFELI::Side, 896	getSubMesh
getPlot OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::IFF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel		OFELI::Partition, 825, 826
OFELI::IPF, 629 getPlotFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPoject OFELI::IPF, 635 getRow OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::PF, 635 getSurl OFELI::PF, 636 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 getSF OFELI::PF, 635 getSCurl OFELI::PF, 636 getSF OFELI::PF, 637 getSCurl OFELI::PF, 638 getRow OFELI::PF, 639 getSaveFile OFELI::PF, 639 getSaveFile OFELI::PF, 635 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel Utilities, 630 getTotalEnergy OFELI::ITPF, 630 getTriangle OFELI::ITPF, 635 getWNormal OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 MaxNbIterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41	OFELI::IPF, 629	getTetgen
getPlotFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getTolerance OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::IPF, 634 getSque OFELI::IPF, 634 getSque OFELI::IPF, 634 getSque OFELI::IPF, 635 getSceondsideLabel OFELI::IPF, 639 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629	getPlot	Utilities, 141
OFELI::IPF, 635 getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getRefCoord OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 MaxNblterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 InitPetsc, 42 MaxNblterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41	OFELI::IPF, 629	getTime
getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel	getPlotFile	OFELI::Timer, 945
getPointDoublePar OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		getTimeStep
OFELI::IPF, 630 getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel		2
getPrescriptionFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::IPF, 634 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI::PASS OFELI::IPF, 635 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		
OFELI:IPF, 635 getProject OFELI:IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PetrscVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSGurl OFELI::IPF, 639 getSFFIle OFELI::IPF, 639 getSquare OFELI::IPF, 639 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 635 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
getProject OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PASS OFELI::PASS OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PASS OFELI::PASS OFELI::IPF, 629 getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		•
OFELI::IPF, 634 getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IpF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 InitPetsc, 42 InitPetsc, 42 InitPetsep, 41 Inteledge, 41		
getRange OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 635 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF GOFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834 getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 OFELI::Line2, 732 OFELI::Side, 896 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getXYZ OFELI::Node, 797 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IFF, 634 getSave OFELI::IFF, 634 getSave OFELI::IFF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IFF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IFF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IFF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IFF, 629 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel OFELI::IFF, 629 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel		
getRefCoord OFELI::Line2, 732 OFELI::Side, 896 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getXYZ OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFfile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 635 GetSecondSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSF OFELI::PF, 629 getSF OFELI::PF, 629 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSF OFELI::PF, 629 getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel The Edge, 41		
OFELI::Line2, 732 getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getXYZ OFELI::Vect, 1006 getP getSFfile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 639 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::PArtition, 826 getSF getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
getRestartFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI:, 87 GetSCurl OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 GFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSf	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
OFELI::IPF, 634 getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI, 87 GetSCurl OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getXYZ OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 Gofell::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		
getRow OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI, 87 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getSCurl OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::Partition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 Third Description of the State of Stat		© .
OFELI::DMatrix, 346 OFELI::PETScVect, 851 OFELI, 87 OFELI::Vect, 1000 getSCurl OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Node, 797 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getP getSFfile OFELI::IPF, 634 getR OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		
OFELI, 87 getSCurl OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::Partition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel		
getSCurl OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSetSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::Pertition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::Pertition, 826 getSideLabel		
OFELI::PETScVect, 857 OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::PTF, 629 getSideLabel		The state of the s
OFELI::Vect, 1006 getSFFile OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 634 getR getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
getSFFile OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 634 getR getSave OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 629 getV getSaveFile OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 getSecondSideLabel Converged, 42 OFELI::Partition, 826 InitPetsc, 42 getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 OFELI::IPF, 629 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	OFELI::PETScVect, 857	
OFELI::IPF, 634 getSave OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel	•	getP
getSave OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 getSecondSideLabel Converged, 42 OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	getSFFile	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618
OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 MaxNbIterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	OFELI::IPF, 634	getR
OFELI::IPF, 629 getSaveFile OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 MaxNbIterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	getSave	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618
getSaveFile OFELI::ICPG2DT, 618 OFELI::IPF, 635 Global Variables, 40 getSecondSideLabel Converged, 42 OFELI::Partition, 826 InitPetsc, 42 getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 OFELI::IPF, 629 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41		getV
OFELI::IPF, 635 getSecondSideLabel OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel Global Variables, 40 Converged, 42 InitPetsc, 42 MaxNbIterations, 41 NbTimeSteps, 41 theEdge, 41		
getSecondSideLabel Converged, 42 OFELI::Partition, 826 InitPetsc, 42 getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 OFELI::IPF, 629 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
OFELI::Partition, 826 getSF		
getSF MaxNbIterations, 41 OFELI::IPF, 629 NbTimeSteps, 41 getSideLabel theEdge, 41	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	S .
OFELI::IPF, 629 getSideLabel NbTimeSteps, 41 theEdge, 41	•	
getSideLabel theEdge, 41		
		*
Of Edinivicia, 177	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	OI LLIIVICSII, 117	tichenent, 40

theFinalTime, 42	ICPG2DT, 613
theIteration, 41	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
theNode, 40	ICPG3DT, 620
theSide, 41	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623, 624
theStep, 41	IDENT_PREC
theTime, 42	OFELI, 70
theTimeStep, 41	IDENTITY
theTolerance, 42	OFELI, 70
Verbosity, 41	ILU_PREC
Grad	OFELI, 70
OFELI::DC2DT3, 264	INCOMPRESSIBLE_NAVIER_STOKES
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 306	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Quad4, 886	INITIAL_AUX_1
OFELI::Triang3, 968	OFELI, 68
	INITIAL_AUX_2
OFELI::Triang6S, 970	
Grid, 587	OFELI, 68
OFELI, 76, 77	INITIAL_AUX_3
GS	OFELI, 68
Solver, 116	INITIAL_AUX_4
	OFELI, 68
HEAT_FLUX	INITIAL_FIELD
OFELI, 67	OFELI, 68
HEAT_SOURCE	INTERNAL_BOUNDARY
OFELI, 67	OFELI::Side, 894
HEUN	INTERNAL SIDE
OFELI, 68	OFELI::Side, 894
	·
HLL_SOLVER	IOField, 625
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI, 71, 72
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	IPF, 626
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::IPF, 629
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	InitHeap
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	OFELI::FMM2D, 581
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	OFELI::FMM3D, 582
OFELI::Muscl, 781	InitPetsc
OFELI::Muscl1D, 785	Global Variables, 42
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	InitialData
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::UserData, 987
HLLC_SOLVER	Initialize
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 619
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	OFELI::LCL2DT, 723
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	Input/Output, 44
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	MAX_ARRAY_SIZE, 44
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	MAX_INPUT_STRING_LENGTH, 44
OFELI::Muscl, 781	MAX_NB_PAR, 44
OFELI::Muscl1D, 785	Insert
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	OFELI::PETScVect, 862
	insertBC
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::PETScVect, 854, 855
Heat Transfer, 43	
HelmholtzBT3, 589	OFELI::Vect, 1003, 1004
Hexa8, 603	insertCircle
	OFELI::Domain, 361
ICPG1D, 605	insertLine
OFELI::ICPG1D, 609	OFELI::Domain, 360

insertRequiredEdge	OFELI::LCL3DT, 727
OFELI::Domain, 361	LCapacity
insertRequiredVertex	OFELI::DC1DL2, 236
OFELI::Domain, 361	OFELI::DC2DT3, 259
insertSubDomain	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 303
OFELI::Domain, 361	OFELI::DC3DT4, 324
•	
insertVertex	LCapacityToLHS
OFELI::Domain, 360	OFELI::DC1DL2, 236
IntegND	OFELI::DC2DT3, 259
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 375	OFELI::DC2DT6, 284
Interface Problems, 45	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 303
Invert	OFELI::DC3DT4, 324
OFELI, 93	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 546
isActive	LCapacityToRHS
OFELI, 80, 81	OFELI::DC1DL2, 236
isCloseTo	OFELI::DC2DT3, 259
OFELI::Point, 874	OFELI::DC2DT6, 284
	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 303
isFactorized	
OFELI::BMatrix, 225	OFELI::DC3DT4, 324
OFELI::DMatrix, 356	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 546
OFELI::DSMatrix, 369	LEAP_FROG
OFELI::Matrix, 756	OFELI, 68
OFELI::SkMatrix, 912	LF_SOLVER
OFELI::SkSMatrix, 920	OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
OFELI::SpMatrix, 939	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
OFELI::TrMatrix, 983	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623
IsIn	OFELI::LCL1D, 716
OFELI::Element, 478	OFELI::LCL2DT, 721
isOnBoundary	OFELI::LCL3DT, 727
OFELI::Edge, 388	OFELI::Muscl, 781
	OFELI::Muscl1D, 784
OFELL No. 4. 700	OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788
OFELI::Node, 798	
OFELI::Side, 896	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792
isWithMesh	LHS1_Convection
OFELI::PETScVect, 851	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 804
Iter	LHS2_Convection
OFELI, 103, 104	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 804
Iter $< T >$, 635	LHS
Iteration	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 701
OFELI, 70	LINEARIZED_ELASTICITY
IterationLoop	OFELI, 69
Solver, 111	LMass
Solver, III	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 184
Jacobi	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 422
Solver, 117	LMassToLHS
	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 184
JouleHeating	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 421
OFELI::DC2DT3, 264	
LADIACE	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 528
LAPLACE	LMassToRHS
OFELI, 69	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 184
LCL1D, 714	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 422
LCL2DT, 719	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 528
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	LOAD
LCL3DT, 724	OFELI, 67

LOCAL_ARRAY	OFELI::DC1DL2, 242
OFELI, 68	OFELI::DC2DT3, 267
LORENTZ_FORCE	OFELI::DC2DT6, 287
OFELI, 67	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 308
LUMPED_CAPACITY	OFELI::DC3DT4, 330
OFELI, 67	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 376
LUMPED_MASS	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 404
OFELI, 67	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 426
Label	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 443
Finite Element Mesh, 25, 26	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 459
Laplace equation, 46	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 485
Laplace1DL2, 636	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 500
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 639	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 514
Laplace1DL3, 651	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 530
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 654	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 549
Laplace1D	OFELI::Equation, 564
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 836	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 593
OFELI::SpMatrix, 928	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 641
OFELI::TrMatrix, 979	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 657
Laplace2DFVT, 667	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 672
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 670	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 687
Laplace2DMHRT0, 682	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 704
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 685	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 806
Laplace2DT3, 697	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 956
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 700, 701	LocalVect
Laplace2D	OFELI, 93, 94
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 837	LocalVect< T ₋ , N ₋ >, 744
OFELI::SpMatrix, 929	
Limiter	Localize
	OFELI, 90, 94, 95
OFELL:ICPG1D, 608	MAGNETIC
OFELL:ICPG2DT, 616	
OFELL:ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI, 67
OFELL LCL 2DT 721	MASS
OFELL:LCL2DT, 721	OFELI, 67
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	MAX_ARRAY_SIZE
OFELI::Muscl, 781	Input/Output, 44
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	MAX_INPUT_STRING_LENGTH
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 787	Input/Output, 44
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 791	MAX_LIMITER
Line2, 730	OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
OFELI::Line2, 731, 732	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
Line2H, 733	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623
Line3, 735	OFELI::LCL1D, 716
LinearExchange	OFELI::LCL2DT, 721
OFELI::DC2DT3, 262	OFELI::LCL3DT, 727
LinearSolver	OFELI::Muscl, 781
OFELI::LinearSolver, 738–740	OFELI::Muscl1D, 784
LinearSolver $< T >$, 737	OFFI I. Mara 12DT 700
LocalMatrix	OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788
	OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788 OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792
OFELI, 89, 90	
OFELI, 89, 90 LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ >, 742	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792
	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792 MAX_NB_EQUATIONS
LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_>, 742	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792 MAX_NB_EQUATIONS Solver, 110
LocalMatrix $<$ T ₋ , NR ₋ , NC ₋ $>$, 742 LocalNodeVector	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792 MAX_NB_EQUATIONS Solver, 110 MAX_NB_INPUT_FIELDS

Solver, 110	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 403
MAX_NB_PAR	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 422
Input/Output, 44	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 441
MAX_SOLVER	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 458
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 529
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	MassToRHS
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 184
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 403
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 422
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 442
OFELI::Muscl, 781	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 458
OFELI::Muscl1D, 785	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 529
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	Material, 746
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::Material, 748
MINMOD_LIMITER	Matrix
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 639
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 655
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::Matrix, 752
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	Matrix $< T >$, 749
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	MatrixType
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Muscl, 781	MaxNbIterations
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	Global Variables, 41
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	Media
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 421
MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD	
	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 457
OFELL ICPG2DT (1)	Mesh, 758
OFELL ICPG2DT, 616	OFELI::Mesh, 764–767
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	MeshActiveElements
OFELL LGLODE 701	Finite Element Mesh, 23
OFELL:LCL2DT, 721	MeshBoundaryNodes
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	Finite Element Mesh, 24
OFELI::Muscl, 781	MeshBoundarySides
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	Finite Element Mesh, 24
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 787	MeshEdges
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 791	Finite Element Mesh, 24
MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD	MeshElements
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	Finite Element Mesh, 23
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	MeshNodeLoop
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	Finite Element Mesh, 23
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	MeshNodes
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	Finite Element Mesh, 24
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	MeshSideSet
OFELI::Muscl, 781	Finite Element Mesh, 24
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	MeshSides
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 787	Finite Element Mesh, 24
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 791	MeshToMesh
Magnetic	Finite Element Mesh, 29
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 375	Method
Mass	OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 183	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 422	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623
MassToLHS	OFELI::LCL1D, 716
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 184	OFELI::LCL2DT, 721
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	setSolver, 178
OFELI::Muscl, 781	SolveLinearSystem, 178
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	OFELI::BMatrix
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 787	Assembly, 222
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 791	FactorAndSolve, 224
Mult	getDiag, 222
OFELI::DMatrix, 347	isFactorized, 225
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 835	operator(), 225
OFELI::SkMatrix, 905	operator+=, 225
OFELI::SpMatrix, 932	operator-=, 226
OFELI, 92, 98	operator[], 225
MultAdd	Prescribe, 223, 224
OFELI::DMatrix, 347	PrescribeSide, 224
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 835, 836	setDiagonal, 222
OFELI::PETScVect, 857	OFELI::Bar2DL2
OFELI::SkMatrix, 904	AxbAssembly, 195
OFELI::SpMatrix, 932	Bar2DL2, 183
OFELI::Vect, 1007	BodyRHS, 185
OFELI, 88, 91, 98	build, 185
MultAddScal	buildEigen, 186
OFELI, 91	DGElementAssembly, 194, 195
•	DiagBC, 187
Muscl, 779	ePrev, 197
Muscl1D, 783	ElementAssembly, 190–192
Muscl2DT, 786	ElementNodeCoordinates, 189
Muscl3DT, 790	ElementNodeVector, 187, 188
NEWMARK	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 188
OFELI, 68	ElementSideVector, 188
NSP2DQ41, 799	Element Vector, 188
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 803, 804	getMesh, 196
NbTimeSteps	getStresses, 185
Global Variables, 41	LMass, 184
Node, 793	LMassToLHS, 184
OFELI::Node, 795	LMassToRHS, 184
NodeInElement	LocalNodeVector, 187
	Mass, 183
Finite Element Mesh, 33	
NodeInSide Finite Element Mesh, 33	MassToLHS, 184 MassToRHS, 184
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
NodeLabel	run, 185 runOneTimeStep, 185
Finite Element Mesh, 26	_
NodeList, 798	setMaterialProperty, 195
NodesAreDOF	setSolver, 196
OFELI::Mesh, 777	SideAssembly, 192, 193
Normalize	SideNodeCoordinates, 189
OFELI::Point, 874	SideVector, 189
Nrm2	SolveLinearSystem, 196
Utilities, 147	Stiffness, 185
NumberEquations	updateBC, 186
OFELI::Mesh, 770	OFELI::Beam3DL2
ODEC 1 016	AxbAssembly, 212
ODESolver, 816	Beam3DL2, 202
OFELI::ODESolver, 818	buildEigen, 203
OFELI::AbsEqua	DGElementAssembly, 210, 211
getMesh, 178	DiagBC, 203

1030 OFELI's Reference Guide

ePrev, 213	DiffusionToRHS, 237
ElementAssembly, 206–208	ePrev, 252
ElementNodeCoordinates, 206	ElementAssembly, 245–247
ElementNodeVector, 204	ElementNodeCoordinates, 244
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 205	ElementNodeVector, 242, 243
ElementSideVector, 205	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 243
ElementVector, 205	ElementSideVector, 243
getMesh, 212	ElementVector, 243
LocalNodeVector, 204	getMesh, 251
setMaterialProperty, 212	LCapacity, 236
setSolver, 212	LCapacityToLHS, 236
SideAssembly, 209, 210	LCapacityToRHS, 236
SideNodeCoordinates, 206	LocalNodeVector, 242
SideVector, 206	run, 241
SolveLinearSystem, 213	runOneTimeStep, 241
updateBC, 203	runTransient, 241
OFELI::BiotSavart	
	setInput, 240
BiotSavart, 215	setMaterialProperty, 250
getB1, 217	setSolver, 251
getB2, 217	setStab, 240
getB3, 217	SideAssembly, 247, 248
getBC1, 218	SideNodeCoordinates, 244
getBC2, 218	SideVector, 244
getBC3, 217	SolveLinearSystem, 251
run, 218	updateBC, 241
setBoundary, 216	OFELI::DC2DT3
setCurrentDensity, 216	AxbAssembly, 275
setMagneticInduction, 216	BodyRHS, 262, 263
setPermeability, 216	BoundaryRHS, 263
OFELI::Brick	build, 265
Brick, 227	Capacity, 260
dLine, 228	CapacityToLHS, 260
getSignedDistance, 227	CapacityToRHS, 260
operator+=, 227	Convection, 261
setBoundingBox, 227	ConvectionToRHS, 262
OFELI::Circle	DC2DT3, 257-259
Circle, 229	DGElementAssembly, 273, 274
dLine, 230	DiagBC, 266
getSignedDistance, 229, 230	Diffusion, 260
operator+=, 229, 230	
operator+=, 229, 230 OFELI::DC1DL2	DiffusionToRHS, 261
OFELÎ::DC1DL2	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236 CapacityToRHS, 237	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268 getMesh, 275
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236 CapacityToRHS, 237 Convection, 237, 238	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268 getMesh, 275 Grad, 264
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236 CapacityToRHS, 237 Convection, 237, 238 ConvectionToRHS, 238	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268 getMesh, 275 Grad, 264 JouleHeating, 264
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236 CapacityToRHS, 237 Convection, 237, 238 ConvectionToRHS, 238 DC1DL2, 235	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268 getMesh, 275 Grad, 264 JouleHeating, 264 LCapacity, 259
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236 CapacityToRHS, 237 Convection, 237, 238 ConvectionToRHS, 238 DC1DL2, 235 DGElementAssembly, 249, 250	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268 getMesh, 275 Grad, 264 JouleHeating, 264 LCapacity, 259 LCapacityToLHS, 259
OFELI::DC1DL2 AxbAssembly, 250 BodyRHS, 239 BoundaryRHS, 239 build, 240, 241 Capacity, 237 CapacityToLHS, 236 CapacityToRHS, 237 Convection, 237, 238 ConvectionToRHS, 238 DC1DL2, 235	DiffusionToRHS, 261 ePrev, 276 ElementAssembly, 269–271 ElementNodeCoordinates, 269 ElementNodeVector, 267 ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 268 ElementSideVector, 268 ElementVector, 268 getMesh, 275 Grad, 264 JouleHeating, 264 LCapacity, 259

LocalNodeVector, 267	Capacity, 304
Periodic, 264	CapacityToLHS, 304
run, 266	CapacityToRHS, 304
runOneTimeStep, 266	DC3DAT3, 302, 303
runTransient, 265	DGElementAssembly, 314, 315
set, 265	DiagBC, 307
setInput, 264	Diffusion, 304
setMaterialProperty, 275	DiffusionToRHS, 305
setSolver, 275	ePrev, 317
setStab, 265	ElementAssembly, 310–312
SideAssembly, 272, 273	ElementNodeCoordinates, 310
SideNodeCoordinates, 269	ElementNodeVector, 308
SideVector, 269	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 309
SolveLinearSystem, 276	ElementSideVector, 309
updateBC, 266	Element Vector, 309
OFELI::DC2DT6	getMesh, 316
AxbAssembly, 295	Grad, 306
BodyRHS, 284	LCapacity, 303
BoundaryRHS, 284	LCapacityToLHS, 303
build, 285	LCapacity ToRHS, 303
CapacityToLHS, 285	LocalNodeVector, 308
Capacity ToRHS, 285	run, 307
Convection, 283	runOneTimeStep, 307
DC2DT6, 281, 282	runTransient, 306
DGElementAssembly, 294, 295	setMaterialProperty, 316
DiagBC, 287	setSolver, 316
Diffusion, 283	setStab, 306
ePrev, 297	SideAssembly, 313, 314
ElementAssembly, 290–292	SideNodeCoordinates, 310
ElementNodeCoordinates, 289	SideVector, 310
ElementNodeVector, 287, 288	SolveLinearSystem, 317
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 288	updateBC, 307
ElementSideVector, 288	OFELI::DC3DT4
ElementVector, 288	AxbAssembly, 338
getMesh, 296	BodyRHS, 327
LCapacityToLHS, 284	BoundaryRHS, 327, 328
LCapacityToRHS, 284	build, 328
LocalNodeVector, 287	Capacity, 325
run, 286	CapacityToLHS, 325
runOneTimeStep, 286	CapacityToRHS, 325
runTransient, 286	Convection, 326
setMaterialProperty, 295	DC3DT4, 322–324
setSolver, 296	DGElementAssembly, 337, 338
setStab, 284	DiagBC, 330
SideAssembly, 292, 293	Diffusion, 325
SideNodeCoordinates, 289	DiffusionToRHS, 326
SideVector, 289	ePrev, 340
SolveLinearSystem, 296	ElementAssembly, 333–335
updateBC, 286	ElementNodeCoordinates, 332
OFELI::DC3DAT3	ElementNodeVector, 330, 331
AxbAssembly, 316	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 331
BodyRHS, 305	ElementSideVector, 331
BoundaryRHS, 305, 306	ElementVector, 331
build, 306	getMesh, 339

LCapacity, 324	Assembly, 366
LCapacityToLHS, 324	FactorAndSolve, 368
LCapacityToRHS, 324	getDiag, 366
LocalNodeVector, 330	isFactorized, 369
Periodic, 328	operator*=, 370
RHS_Convection, 327	operator(), 369
run, 329	operator+=, 369, 370
runOneTimeStep, 329	operator-=, 370
runTransient, 329	operator[], 369
setMaterialProperty, 338	Prescribe, 367, 368
setSolver, 339	PrescribeSide, 368
setStab, 328	setDiagonal, 366
SideAssembly, 335, 336	setLDLt, 365
SideNodeCoordinates, 332	OFELI::Domain
SideVector, 332	Domain, 359
SolveLinearSystem, 339	genMesh, 360
updateBC, 329	get, 359
OFELI::DMatrix	insertCircle, 361
add, 348	insertLine, 360
Assembly, 353, 354	insertRequiredEdge, 361
Axpy, 348	insertRequiredVertex, 361
DMatrix, 344	insertSubDomain, 361
FactorAndSolve, 356	insertVertex, 360
getArray, 353	operator*=, 360
getColumn, 345	setOutputFile, 362
getDiag, 353	OFELI::EC2D1T3
getRow, 346	AxbAssembly, 384
isFactorized, 356	DGElementAssembly, 383, 384
Mult, 347	DiagBC, 376
MultAdd, 347	EC2D1T3, 374
operator*=, 353	ePrev, 386
operator(), 350, 357	Electric, 375
operator+=, 353, 357	ElementAssembly, 379–381
operator-=, 353, 357	ElementNodeCoordinates, 378
operator=, 353	ElementNodeVector, 376, 377
operator[], 357	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 377
Prescribe, 354, 355	ElementSideVector, 377
PrescribeSide, 356	ElementVector, 377
set, 346	getMesh, 385
setColumn, 347	IntegND, 375
setDiag, 345	LocalNodeVector, 376
o contract of the contract of	Magnetic, 375
setDiagonal, 353	O .
setLU, 350	setMaterialProperty, 384
setQR, 349	setSolver, 385
setRow, 347	SideAssembly, 381, 382
setSize, 345	SideNodeCoordinates, 378
setTransLU, 351	SideVector, 378
setTransQR, 349	SolveLinearSystem, 385
solve, 351, 352	updateBC, 375
solveQR, 349	OFELI::Edge
solveTrans, 351, 352	DOF, 387
solveTransQR, 350	Edge, 387
TMult, 348	getCode, 388
OFELI::DSMatrix	getNodeLabel, 388

isOnBoundary, 388	ContactPressure, 425
operator(), 388	DGElementAssembly, 433, 434
setCode, 388	Deviator, 423
setDOF, 388	DeviatorToRHS, 423
OFELI::EdgeList	DiagBC, 426
selectCode, 389	Dilatation, 423
unselectCode, 389	DilatationToRHS, 423
OFELI::EigenProblemSolver	ePrev, 436
Assembly, 394	Elas2DT3, 420, 421
checkSturm, 395	Element Assembly, 429–431
EigenProblemSolver, 391, 392	•
<u> </u>	ElementNodeCoordinates, 429
getEigenVector, 395	ElementNodeVector, 427
run, 393	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 427
runSubSpace, 394	ElementSideVector, 428
SAssembly, 394	ElementVector, 428
setMatrix, 393	getMesh, 435
setPDE, 393	LMass, 422
setSubspaceDimension, 394	LMassToLHS, 421
setTolerance, 395	LMassToRHS, 422
OFELI::Elas2DQ4	LocalNodeVector, 426
AxbAssembly, 413	Mass, 422
BodyRHS, 401	MassToLHS, 422
BoundaryRHS, 401, 402	MassToRHS, 422
DGElementAssembly, 411, 412	Media, 421
DiagBC, 403	Periodic, 425
DilatationToRHS, 401	Reaction, 425
ePrev, 415	setMaterialProperty, 435
Elas2DQ4, 400	setSolver, 435
ElementAssembly, 406, 408, 409	SideAssembly, 431–433
ElementNodeCoordinates, 406	SideNodeCoordinates, 429
ElementNodeVector, 404	SideVector, 428
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 405	SignoriniContact, 424
ElementSideVector, 405	SolveLinearSystem, 436
Element Vector, 405	Strain, 425
getMesh, 413	Stress, 425
LocalNodeVector, 404	updateBC, 426
MassToLHS, 403	OFELI::Elas3DH8
MassToRHS, 403	
	AxbAssembly, 451 BodyRHS, 441
PlaneStrain, 401	5 .
PlaneStress, 401	BoundaryRHS, 441
setMaterialProperty, 413	DGElementAssembly, 449, 450
setSolver, 414	DiagBC, 442
SideAssembly, 410, 411	ePrev, 452
SideNodeCoordinates, 406	Elas3DH8, 441
SideVector, 406	ElementAssembly, 445–447
SignoriniContact, 402	ElementNodeCoordinates, 445
SolveLinearSystem, 414	ElementNodeVector, 443
Strain, 402	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 444
Stress, 402	ElementSideVector, 444
updateBC, 403	ElementVector, 444
OFELI::Elas2DT3	getMesh, 451
AxbAssembly, 434, 435	LocalNodeVector, 443
BodyRHS, 423, 424	MassToLHS, 441
BoundaryRHS, 424	MassToRHS, 442
•	

setMaterialProperty, 451	OFELI::Ellipse
setSolver, 451	dLine, 481
SideAssembly, 448, 449	Ellipse, 480
SideNodeCoordinates, 445	getSignedDistance, 480, 481
SideVector, 445	operator+=, 480
SolveLinearSystem, 452	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics
updateBC, 442	AxbAssembly, 493, 494
OFELI::Elas3DT4	DGElementAssembly, 492, 493
AxbAssembly, 467	DiagBC, 485
BodyRHS, 457	ePrev, 495
BoundaryRHS, 457	ElementAssembly, 488–490
buildEigen, 458	ElementNodeCoordinates, 488
DGElementAssembly, 466, 467	ElementNodeVector, 486
DiagBC, 459	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 486
ePrev, 469	ElementSideVector, 487
ElementAssembly, 462–464	ElementVector, 487
ElementNodeCoordinates, 461	getMesh, 494
	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
ElementNodeVector, 459, 460	LocalNodeVector, 485
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 460	setMaterialProperty, 494
ElementSideVector, 460	setSolver, 494
ElementVector, 460	SideAssembly, 490–492
getMesh, 468	SideNodeCoordinates, 488
LocalNodeVector, 459	SideVector, 487
MassToLHS, 458	SolveLinearSystem, 495
MassToRHS, 458	updateBC, 485
Media, 457	OFELI::Equa_Fluid
setMaterialProperty, 467	AxbAssembly, 508
setSolver, 468	DGElementAssembly, 506, 507
SideAssembly, 464, 465	DiagBC, 499
SideNodeCoordinates, 461	ePrev, 509
SideVector, 461	ElementAssembly, 502–504
SolveLinearSystem, 468	ElementNodeCoordinates, 502
updateBC, 458	ElementNodeVector, 500
OFELI::Element	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 501
Add, 473, 474	ElementSideVector, 501
Contains, 475, 476	ElementVector, 501
Element, 472	Equa_Fluid, 499
getMeasure, 477	getMesh, 508
getNbNeigElements, 477	LocalNodeVector, 500
getNeighborElement, 476	setMaterialProperty, 508
getUnitNormal, 477	setSolver, 508
IsIn, 478	SideAssembly, 505, 506
isOnBoundary, 477	SideNodeCoordinates, 502
operator(), 475, 477	Side Vector, 502
Replace, 474	
<u>. </u>	SolveLinearSystem, 509
set, 475	updateBC, 499
setChild, 477	OFELI::Equa_Laplace
setCode, 473, 475	AxbAssembly, 522
setDOF, 475	build, 513
setLabel, 473	DGElementAssembly, 521, 522
setSide, 477	DiagBC, 514
OFELI::ElementList	ePrev, 524
selectLevel, 479	ElementAssembly, 517–519
unselectCode, 479	ElementNodeCoordinates, 516

ElementNodeVector, 514, 515	ElementVector, 551
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 515	Equa_Therm, 546
ElementSideVector, 515	getMesh, 558
Element Vector, 515	LCapacityToLHS, 546
Equa_Laplace, 513	LCapacityToRHS, 546
getMesh, 523	LocalNodeVector, 549
LocalNodeVector, 514	run, 548
setMaterialProperty, 522	runOneTimeStep, 548
setSolver, 523	runTransient, 548
SideAssembly, 519, 520	setMaterialProperty, 558
SideNodeCoordinates, 516	setSolver, 558
SideVector, 516	setStab, 546
SolveLinearSystem, 523	SideAssembly, 554–556
updateBC, 513	SideNodeCoordinates, 552
OFELI::Equa_Solid	SideVector, 551
AxbAssembly, 539	SolveLinearSystem, 559
DGElementAssembly, 537, 538	updateBC, 549
DiagBC, 529	OFELI::Equation
ePrev, 540	AxbAssembly, 572
ElementAssembly, 532, 534, 535	DGElementAssembly, 569, 570
ElementNodeCoordinates, 532	DiagBC, 564
ElementNodeVector, 530	ePrev, 574
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 531	ElementAssembly, 567–569, 572
ElementSideVector, 531	ElementNodeCoordinates, 566
ElementVector, 531	ElementNodeVector, 565
Equa_Solid, 528	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 565
getMesh, 539	ElementSideVector, 565
LMassToLHS, 528	ElementVector, 566
LMassToRHS, 528	Equation, 562, 563
LocalNodeVector, 530	getMesh, 573
MassToLHS, 529	LocalNodeVector, 564
MassToRHS, 529	setMaterialProperty, 572
setMaterialProperty, 539	setSolver, 573
setSolver, 540	SideAssembly, 567, 568, 571, 572
SideAssembly, 536, 537	SideNodeCoordinates, 567
SideNodeCoordinates, 532	SideVector, 566
SideVector, 532	SolveLinearSystem, 574
SolveLinearSystem, 540	updateBC, 564
updateBC, 529	OFELI::FEShape
OFELI::Equa_Therm	DSh, 578
AxbAssembly, 557	
•	FEShape, 577
BodyRHS, 547	getDet, 578
BoundaryRHS, 547	getLocalPoint, 578
build, 547, 548	Sh, 577
CapacityToLHS, 546	OFELI::FMM2D
CapacityToRHS, 547	check_error, 581
DGElementAssembly, 556, 557	Evaluate, 581
DiagBC, 549	ExtendSpeed, 581
ePrev, 559	FMM2D, 580
ElementAssembly, 552–554	InitHeap, 581
ElementNodeCoordinates, 552	OFELI::FMM3D
ElementNodeVector, 550	check_error, 583
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 550	Evaluate, 582
ElementSide Vector, 550	ExtendSpeed, 583
Dictional vector, 500	Exteridopeca, 500

FMM3D, 582	LF_SOLVER, 608
InitHeap, 582	Limiter, 608
OFELI::FMMSolver	MAX_LIMITER, 608
check_error, 584	MAX_SOLVER, 608
ExtendSpeed, 584	MINMOD_LIMITER, 608
FMMSolver, 583	MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 608
OFELI::FastMarching2D	MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 608
execute, 576	Method, 608
FastMarching2D, 575	ROE_SOLVER, 608
OFELI::Figure	RUSANOV_SOLVER, 608
dLine, 579	SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 608
getSignedDistance, 579	setBC, 610, 611
OFELI::Funct	setCFL, 612
Funct, 585, 586	setInOutflowBC, 611, 612
operator=, 586	setInitialCondition, 610
OFELI::Gauss	setLimiter, 613
setTriangle, 587	setMethod, 613
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3	setReconstruction, 612
AxbAssembly, 601	setReferenceLength, 612
DGElementAssembly, 600, 601	setTimeStep, 612
DiagBC, 593	setVerbose, 612
ePrev, 603	SolverType, 608
ElementAssembly, 596–598	VANALBADA_LIMITER, 608
ElementNodeCoordinates, 595	VANLEER_LIMITER, 608
ElementNodeVector, 593, 594	VFROE_SOLVER, 608
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 594	OFELI::ICPG2DT
ElementSideVector, 594	FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 616
ElementVector, 594	Forward, 617
getMesh, 602	getP, 618
LocalNodeVector, 593	getR, 618
setMaterialProperty, 601	getV, 618
setSolver, 602	HLL_SOLVER, 616
SideAssembly, 598, 599	HLLC_SOLVER, 616
SideNodeCoordinates, 595	ICPG2DT, 616
SideVector, 595	Initialize, 619
SolveLinearSystem, 602	LF_SOLVER, 616
updateBC, 592, 593	Limiter, 616
OFELI::Hexa8	MAX_LIMITER, 616
DSh, 604, 605	MAX_SOLVER, 616
getDet, 605	MINMOD_LIMITER, 616
getLocalPoint, 605	MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 616
O	•
setLocal, 604	MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 616
Sh, 604	Method, 616
OFELI::ICPG1D	ROE_SOLVER, 616
FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 608	RUSANOV_SOLVER, 616
Forward, 609	SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 616
getInternalEnergy, 609	setBC, 617, 618
getMach, 610	setCFL, 619
getMomentum, 609	setLimiter, 620
getSoundSpeed, 610	setMethod, 620
getTotalEnergy, 609	setReconstruction, 617, 619
HLL_SOLVER, 608	setReferenceLength, 619
HLLC_SOLVER, 608	setSolver, 617
ICPG1D, 609	setTimeStep, 619

setVerbose, 620	getPointDoublePar, 630
SolverType, 616	getPrescriptionFile, 635
VANALBADA_LIMITER, 616	getProject, 634
VANLEER_LIMITER, 616	getRestartFile, 634
VFROE_SOLVER, 616	getSFFile, 634
OFELI::ICPG3DT	getSave, 629
FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 623	getSaveFile, 635
HLL_SOLVER, 623	getSF, 629
HLLC_SOLVER, 623	getString, 631
ICPG3DT, 623, 624	getStringPar, 630
LF_SOLVER, 623	getTimeStep, 630
Limiter, 623	getTolerance, 630
	ě
MAX_LIMITER, 623	IPF, 629
MAX_SOLVER, 623	OFELI::LCL1D
MINMOD_LIMITER, 623	FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 716
MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 623	Forward, 717
MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 623	HLL SOLVER, 716
Method, 623	HLLC_SOLVER, 716
ROE_SOLVER, 623	LF_SOLVER, 716
RUSANOV_SOLVER, 623	Limiter, 716
SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 623	MAX_LIMITER, 716
setLimiter, 624	MAX_SOLVER, 716
setMethod, 624	MINMOD_LIMITER, 716
setReconstruction, 624	MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 716
setVerbose, 624	MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 716
SolverType, 623	Method, 716
VANALBADA_LIMITER, 623	ROE_SOLVER, 716
VANLEER_LIMITER, 623	RUSANOV_SOLVER, 716
VFROE_SOLVER, 623	runOneTimeStep, 717
OFELI::IPF	SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 716
contains, 632	setBC, 717
get, 632–634	setCFL, 718
getArraySize, 633	setInitialCondition, 716
getAuxFile, 635	setLimiter, 719
getBCFile, 634	setMethod, 718
getBFFile, 634	setReconstruction, 718
getBC, 629	setTimeStep, 718
getBF, 629	setVelocity, 717
getComplex, 632	setVerbose, 718
getComplexPar, 630	SolverType, 716
getData, 629	VANALBADA_LIMITER, 716
getDouble, 631, 632	VANLEER_LIMITER, 716
getDoublePar, 630	VFROE_SOLVER, 716
getInit, 629	OFELI::LCL2DT
getInit, 629 getInitFile, 634	FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 721
getIntPar, 630	Forward, 723
O .	
getInteger, 631	HLL_SOLVER, 721
getMaxTime, 630	HLLC_SOLVER, 721
getMeshFile, 634	Initialize, 723
getNbIter, 630	LCL2DT, 721
getNbSteps, 630	LF_SOLVER, 721
getOutput, 629	Limiter, 721
getPlot, 629	MAX_LIMITER, 721
getPlotFile, 635	MAX_SOLVER, 721

MINMOD_LIMITER, 721	BodyRHS, 639
MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 721	BoundaryRHS, 640
MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 721	build, 640
Method, 721	DGElementAssembly, 648, 649
ROE_SOLVER, 721	DiagBC, 641
RUSANOV_SOLVER, 721	ePrev, 651
runOneTimeStep, 722	ElementAssembly, 644–646
SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 721	ElementNodeCoordinates, 644
setBC, <mark>722</mark>	ElementNodeVector, 642
setCFL, 724	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 642
setInitialCondition, 722	ElementSideVector, 642
setLimiter, 724	ElementVector, 643
setMethod, 724	getMesh, 650
setReconstruction, 723	Laplace1DL2, 639
setReferenceLength, 724	LocalNodeVector, 641
setTimeStep, 723	Matrix, 639
•	run, 640
setVelocity, 723	•
setVerbose, 724	setBoundaryCondition, 640
SolverType, 721	setMaterialProperty, 650
VANALBADA_LIMITER, 721	setSolver, 650
VANLEER_LIMITER, 721	setTraction, 640
VFROE_SOLVER, 721	SideAssembly, 646–648
OFELI::LCL3DT	SideNodeCoordinates, 644
FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 727	SideVector, 643
Forward, 729	SolveLinearSystem, 651
HLL_SOLVER, 727	updateBC, 641
HLLC_SOLVER, 727	OFELÎ::Laplace1DL3
LCL3DT, 727	AxbAssembly, 665
LF_SOLVER, 727	BodyRHS, 655
Limiter, 727	BoundaryRHS, 655
MAX_LIMITER, 727	build, 656
MAX_SOLVER, 727	DGElementAssembly, 663, 664
MINMOD_LIMITER, 727	DiagBC, 656
	· ·
MULTI SLOPE O METHOD, 727	ePrev, 666
MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 727	ElementAssembly, 659–661
Method, 727	ElementNodeCoordinates, 659
ROE_SOLVER, 727	ElementNodeVector, 657
RUSANOV_SOLVER, 727	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 658
SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 727	ElementSideVector, 658
setBC, 728	ElementVector, 658
setCFL, 729	getMesh, 665
setInitialCondition, 728	Laplace1DL3, 654
setLimiter, 730	LocalNodeVector, 657
setMethod, 730	Matrix, 655
setReconstruction, 729	run, 655
setTimeStep, 729	setMaterialProperty, 665
setVelocity, 728	setSolver, 665
setVerbose, 729	setTraction, 655
SolverType, 727	SideAssembly, 662, 663
* *	
VANALBADA_LIMITER, 727	SideNodeCoordinates, 659
VANLEER_LIMITER, 727	SideVector, 659
VFROE_SOLVER, 727	SolveLinearSystem, 666
OFELI::Laplace1DL2	updateBC, 656
AxbAssembly, 649	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT

AxbAssembly, 680	DGElementAssembly, 710, 711
build, 671	DiagBC, 703
checkDelaunay, 670	ePrev, 713
DGElementAssembly, 678, 679	ElementAssembly, 706–708
DiagBC, 671	ElementNodeCoordinates, 706
ePrev, 681	ElementNodeVector, 704
ElementAssembly, 674–676	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 705
ElementNodeCoordinates, 674	ElementSideVector, 705
ElementNodeVector, 672	ElementVector, 705
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 673	getMesh, 712
ElementSideVector, 673	LHS, 701
ElementVector, 673	Laplace2DT3, 700, 701
getMesh, 680	LocalNodeVector, 704
Laplace2DFVT, 670	Post, 702
LocalNodeVector, 672	setMaterialProperty, 712
setMaterialProperty, 680	setSolver, 712
setSolver, 680	setSource, 702
SideAssembly, 677, 678	SideAssembly, 709, 710
SideNodeCoordinates, 674	SideNodeCoordinates, 706
SideVector, 674	SideVector, 706
SolveLinearSystem, 681	solve, 702
updateBC, 671	SolveLinearSystem, 713
	-
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0	updateBC, 703
AxbAssembly, 695	OFELI::Line2
build, 685, 686	DSh, 732
DGElementAssembly, 694, 695	getDet, 733
DiagBC, 687	getInterpolate, 732
ePrev, 697	getLocalPoint, 733
ElementAssembly, 690–692	getRefCoord, 732
ElementNodeCoordinates, 689	Line2, 731, 732
ElementNodeVector, 687, 688	Sh, 732
ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 688	OFELI::Line2H
ElementSideVector, 688	check, 734
ElementVector, 688	DSh, 735
getMesh, 696	getLocalPoint, 734, 735
Laplace2DMHRT0, 685	Sh, 734
LocalNodeVector, 687	OFELI::Line3
Post, 685	getDet, 736
setDiffusivity, 685	getLocalPoint, 736
setMaterialProperty, 695	Sh, 736
setSolver, 696	OFELI::LinearSolver
SideAssembly, 692, 693	LinearSolver, 738–740
SideNodeCoordinates, 689	
•	set, 741
SideVector, 689	setMatrix, 740, 741
solve, 686	setMaxIter, 740
SolveLinearSystem, 696	setSolver, 741
updateBC, 686	setVerbose, 740
OFELI::Laplace2DT3	solve, 741, 742
Axb, 703	OFELI::LocalMatrix
AxbAssembly, 712	operator(), 744
BodyRHS, 701	OFELI::LocalVect
BoundaryRHS, 701	operator(), 746
build, 702, 703	operator[], 746
buildEigen, 702	OFELI::Material

check, 749	Refine, 779
getName, 749	RenumberEdge, 774
Material, 748	RenumberElement, 773
set, 749	RenumberNode, 773
OFELI::Matrix	RenumberSide, 774
Assembly, 752, 753	Reorder, 771
Axpy, 752	Rescale, 775
Factor And Solve, 755	save, 777
getDiag, 752	set, 776
isFactorized, 756	setDOFSupport, 769
Matrix, 752	setDim, 767
operator*=, 757	setEdgeView, 774
operator(), 756, 757	setElementView, 774
operator+=, 757, 758	setList, 775
operator-=, 757, 758	setMaterial, 771
operator=,757	setNbDOFPerNode, 769
operator[], 757	setNodeView, 774
Prescribe, 753, 754	setPointInDomain, 769
PrescribeSide, 754	setSideView, 774
set, 756	setVerbose, 767
setDiagonal, 752 solve, 755	SidesAreDOF, 777 OFELI::Muscl
OFELI::Mesh	
	FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 781 HLL_SOLVER, 781
Add, 767, 768, 772	
AddMidNodes, 776	HLLC_SOLVER, 781
Bput, 777	LF_SOLVER, 781
createBoundarySideList, 770	Limiter, 781
createInternalSideList, 771	MAX_LIMITER, 781
Delete, 772, 773	MAX_SOLVER, 781
DeleteElement, 772	MINMOD_LIMITER, 781
DeleteNode, 772	MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 781
DeleteSide, 772	MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 781
EdgesAreDOF, 777	Method, 781
ElementsAreDOF, 777	ROE_SOLVER, 781
get, 768	RUSANOV_SOLVER, 781
getActiveElement, 779	SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 781
getAllEdges, 771	setCFL, 781
getAllSides, 770	setLimiter, 782
getBoundaryNodes, 770	setMethod, 782
getBoundarySides, 770	setReconstruction, 782
getEdgeLabel, 779	setReferenceLength, 782
getElementLabel, 778	setTimeStep, 781
getElementNeighborElements, 771	setVerbose, 782
getList, 778	SolverType, 781
getNbBoundarySides, 775	VANALBADA_LIMITER, 781
getNbInternalSides, 776	VANLEER_LIMITER, 781
getNodeLabel, 778	VFROE_SOLVER, 781
getNodeNeighborElements, 771	OFELI::Muscl1D
getSideLabel, 779	FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 784
Mesh, 764–767	HLL_SOLVER, 785
NodesAreDOF, 777	HLLC_SOLVER, 785
NumberEquations, 770	LF_SOLVER, 784
operator*=, 768	Limiter, 784
put, 777	MAX_LIMITER, 784

MAX_SOLVER, 785	MINMOD_LIMITER, 792
MINMOD_LIMITER, 784	MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 791
MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 784	MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 791
MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 784	Method, 791
Method, 784	ROE_SOLVER, 792
ROE_SOLVER, 784	RUSANOV_SOLVER, 792
RUSANOV_SOLVER, 784	SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 792
SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 784	setCFL, 792
setCFL, 785	setLimiter, 793
setLimiter, 786	setMethod, 793
setMethod, 786	setReconstruction, 792
setReconstruction, 785	setReferenceLength, 793
setReferenceLength, 785	setTimeStep, 792
setTimeStep, 785	setVerbose, 793
setVerbose, 785	SolverType, 792
SolverType, 784	VANALBADA_LIMITER, 792
VANALBADA_LIMITER, 784	VANLEER_LIMITER, 792
·	•
VANLEER_LIMITER, 784	VFROE_SOLVER, 792
VFROE_SOLVER, 784	OFELI::NSP2DQ41
OFELI::Muscl2DT	AxbAssembly, 814
FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 787	BodyRHS, 804
HLLSOLVER, 788	BoundaryRHS, 804
HLLC_SOLVER, 788	DGElementAssembly, 812, 813
Initialize, 788	DiagBC, 805
LF_SOLVER, 788	ePrev, 815
Limiter, 787	ElementAssembly, 808–810
MAX_LIMITER, 788	ElementNodeCoordinates, 808
MAX_SOLVER, 788	ElementNodeVector, 806
MINMOD_LIMITER, 788	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 807
MULTI_SLOPE_M_METHOD, 787	ElementSideVector, 807
MULTI_SLOPE_Q_METHOD, 787	ElementVector, 807
Method, 787	getMesh, 814
ROE_SOLVER, 788	LHS1_Convection, 804
RUSANOV_SOLVER, 788	LHS2_Convection, 804
SUPERBEE_LIMITER, 788	LocalNodeVector, 806
setCFL, 789	NSP2DQ41, 803, 804
setLimiter, 789	Periodic, 805
setMethod, 789	setMaterialProperty, 814
setReconstruction, 788	setSolver, 814
setReferenceLength, 789	SideAssembly, 811, 812
setTimeStep, 788	SideNodeCoordinates, 808
setVerbose, 789	SideVector, 808
SolverType, 788	SolveLinearSystem, 815
VANALBADA_LIMITER, 788	updateBC, 805
VANLEER_LIMITER, 788	OFELI::Node
VFROE_SOLVER, 788	DOF, 796
OFELI::Muscl3DT	getCode, 797
FIRST_ORDER_METHOD, 791	getCoord, 797
HLL_SOLVER, 792	getNbNeigEl, 797
HLLC_SOLVER, 792	getNeigEl, 797
LF_SOLVER, 792	getXYZ, 797
Limiter, 791	isOnBoundary, 798
MAX_LIMITER, 792	Node, 795
MAX_SOLVER, 792	setCode, 796

setCoord, 796	add, 858, 859
setDOF, 797	Assembly, 855
setLevel, 798	Axpy, 858
setOnBoundary, 797	getAverage, 857
OFELI::NodeList	getCurl, 856
selectCode, 799	getDOFType, 851
selectCoordinate, 799	getDivergence, 857
unselectCode, 799	getGradient, 856
OFELI::ODESolver	getLocalSize, 850
ODESolver, 818	getSCurl, 857
run, 823	getWNorm2, 851
runOneTimeStep, 823	Insert, 862
set, 818	insertBC, 854, 855
setCoef, 818, 819	isWithMesh, 851
setConstantMatrix, 822	MultAdd, 857
setInitial, 819, 820	operator Vec, 861
setInitialRHS, 820	operator*=, 861
setLinearSolver, 822	operator(), 859, 860
setMatrices, 821	operator+=, 860
setNbEq, 818	operator,, 861
setNewmarkParameters, 822	operator-=, 860, 861
setNonConstantMatrix, 822	operator/=, 861
setRHS, 821	operator=, 860
setRK4RHS, 819	operator[], 859
setVerbose, 822	PETScVect, 846–848
setF, 819	removeBC, 852, 853
OFELI::PETScMatrix	save, 857
add, 836	select, 849
Assembly, 840, 841	set, 849, 850, 858
DiagPrescribe, 834	setAssembly, 862
get, 840	setDOFType, 851
getLength, 835	setMPI, 849
getRange, 834	setMesh, 850
Laplace1D, 836	setNodeBC, 851, 852
Laplace2D, 837	setSize, 851
Mult, 835	transferBC, 854
MultAdd, 835, 836	OFELI::PETScWrapper
operator Mat, 840	~PETScWrapper, 867
operator(), 835	checkError, 869
operator=, 836	getBoolOption, 867
PETScMatrix, 832	getIntOption, 867
set, 836	PETScWrapper, 865
setAIJ_MPI, 833	setIterationMethod, 869
setAIJ, 833	setIterationParameters, 868
setAssembly, 841	setLSTolerances, 869
	setLinearSystem, 868
setGraph, 835	•
setMesh, 833	setMatrix, 868
setPartition, 833	setMesh, 867
setRank, 833	setPartition, 867
setSize, 834	setPreconditioner, 868
setSolver, 838	solve, 869
solve, 837	OFELI::Partition
OFELI::PETScVect	getFirstSideLabel, 826
Add, 862	getNbConnectInSubMesh, 826

getNbConnectOutSubMesh, 826	OFELI::Prescription
getNodeLabelInMesh, 825	get, 884
getNodeLabelInSubMesh, 825	Prescription, 884
getSecondSideLabel, 826	OFELI::Quad4
getSubMesh, 825, 826	DSh, 886
Partition, 824, 825	getDet, 887
put, 827	getLocalPoint, 887
OFELI::Penta6	Grad, 886
DSh, 828	Quad4, 885, 886
getDet, 829	setLocal, 886
getLocalPoint, 829	Sh, 886
Penta6, 828	OFELI::Reconstruction
setLocal, 828	DP1toP1, 889
Sh, 828	P0toP1, 888
OFELI::PhaseChange	OFELI::Rectangle
E2T, 870	dLine, 891
EnthalpyToTemperature, 870	getSignedDistance, 890, 891
OFELI::Point	operator+=, 890, 891
isCloseTo, 874	Rectangle, 890
Normalize, 874	setBoundingBox, 890
operator!=, 873	OFELI::Side
operator*=, 873	Add, 895
operator(), 872	Contains, 897
operator+=, 873	DOF, 894
operator,, 874	EXTERNAL_BOUNDARY, 894
operator-=, 873	getCode, 895
operator/=, 873	getMeasure, 897
operator=, 873	getNeighborElement, 896
operator==, 873	getNormal, 896
operator[], 873	getOtherNeighborElement, 896
Point, 872	getUnitNormal, 896
OFELI::Point2D	INTERNAL_BOUNDARY, 894
operator!=, 877	INTERNAL SIDE, 894
operator*=, 877	isOnBoundary, 896
operator(), 876	operator(), 896
•	set, 895
operator = . 876	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
operator-=, 876, 877	setChild, 897
operator/=, 877	setCode, 895 setDOF, 894
operator=, 876	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
operator==, 877	Side, 894
operator[], 876	SideType, 894
Point2D, 876	OFELI::SideList
OFELI::Polygon	selectCode, 898
dLine, 879	unselectCode, 898
getSignedDistance, 878, 879	OFELI::SkMatrix
operator+=, 878, 879	add, 905
Polygon, 878	Assembly, 909
setVertices, 878	Axpy, 904
OFELI::Prec	DiagPrescribe, 906
Prec, 880, 881	FactorAndSolve, 911
setMatrix, 882	get, 908
setType, 882	getColHeight, 905
solve, 882	getDiag, 908
TransSolve, 883	isFactorized, 912

Mult, 905	Prescribe, 937, 938
MultAdd, 904	PrescribeSide, 938
operator*=, 907	set, 933
operator(), 905, 906, 912	setDiagonal, 936
operator+=, 907, 912	setGraph, 930
operator-=, 912, 913	setMesh, 929
operator=, 907	setSize, 930
operator[], 912	setSolver, 935
Prescribe, 909–911	solve, 934
PrescribeSide, 911	SpMatrix, 927, 928
set, 903	TMult, 932
setDOF, 903	OFELI::Sphere
setDiagonal, 908	dLine, 923
setLU, 907	getSignedDistance, 922
setMesh, 903	operator+=, 922
setSkyline, 903	Sphere, 922
SkMatrix, 902, 903	OFELI::SteklovPoincare2DBE
solve, 907, 908	setMesh, 941
TMult, 905	Solve, 941
TMultAdd, 904	SteklovPoincare2DBE, 940, 941
OFELI::SkSMatrix	OFELI::TINS2DT3B
Assembly, 917	AxbAssembly, 964
Factor And Solve, 919	DGElementAssembly, 963, 964
get, 916	DiagBC, 956
getDiag, 916	ePrev, 966
isFactorized, 920	ElementAssembly, 959–961
operator(), 920	ElementNodeCoordinates, 958
•	
operator = 920	ElementNodeVector, 956, 957
operator==, 921	ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF, 957
operator[], 920	ElementVioletor, 957
Prescribe, 917–919	ElementVector, 957
PrescribeSide, 919	getMesh, 965
setDiagonal, 916	LocalNodeVector, 956
OFELI::SpMatrix	setInput, 955
add, 933	setMaterialProperty, 964
Assembly, 936	setSolver, 965
Axpy, 933	SideAssembly, 961, 962
DiagPrescribe, 929, 930	SideNodeCoordinates, 958
FactorAndSolve, 938	SideVector, 958
get, 935	SolveLinearSystem, 965
getColInd, 934	TINS2DT3B, 954
getDiag, 936	updateBC, 955
isFactorized, 939	OFELI::Tetra4
Laplace1D, 928	CurlEdgeSh, 944
Laplace2D, 929	DSh, 944
Mult, 932	EdgeSh, 944
MultAdd, 932	getDet, 944
operator*, 931	getLocalPoint, 944
operator*=, 931	Sh, 944
operator(), 931, 939	OFELI::TimeStepping
operator+=, 939	Assembly, 950
operator-=, 939	run, 950
operator=, 933	runOneTimeStep, 950
operator[], 931, 939	SAssembly, 951

set, 947	setInitialData, 985
setConstantMatrix, 949	setSurfaceForce, 986
setInitial, 948	SurfaceForce, 987
setInitialRHS, 949	UserData, 985
setLinearSolver, 949	OFELI::Vect
setNewmarkParameters, 949	add, 1008, 1009
setNonConstantMatrix, 949	Assembly, 1005
setPDE, 948	Axpy, 1007
setRK4RHS, 948	getAverage, 1007
setVerbose, 950	getCurl, 1006
TimeStepping, 947	getDOFType, 1000
OFELI::Timer	getDivergence, 1007
getTime, 945	getGradient, 1005, 1006
Start, 945	getNorm1, 1000
Started, 945	getNorm2, 1000
Stop, 945	getNormMax, 1000
OFELI::TrMatrix	getSCurl, 1006
Assembly, 980	getWNorm2, 1000
FactorAndSolve, 982	insertBC, 1003, 1004
getDiag, 979	MultAdd, 1007
isFactorized, 983	operator VectorX, 1013
Laplace1D, 979	operator*=, 1013
operator(), 983	operator(), 1009–1011
operator+=, 983	operator+=, 1012
operator-=, 984	operator,, 1013
operator[], 983	operator-=, 1012
Prescribe, 980–982	operator/=, 1013
PrescribeSide, 982	operator=, 1011, 1012
setDiagonal, 979	operator[], 1009
OFELI::Triang3	push_back, 1013
check, 968	removeBC, 1003
getDet, 968	resize, 999
getLocalPoint, 968	save, 1007
Grad, 968	select, 997
Sh, 968	set, 997, 998, 1008
Triang3, 967	setDOFType, 999
OFELI::Triang6S	setDG, 999
DSh, 970, 971	setMesh, 998
getDet, 971	setNodeBC, 1000-1002
getLocalPoint, 971	setSideBC, 1001, 1002
Grad, 970	setSize, 998
Sh, 970, 971	setUniform, 1011
Triang6S, 970	size, 998
OFELI::Triangle	transferBC, 1003
dLine, 973, 976	Vect, 993–996
getSignedDistance, 973, 975	WithMesh, 999
operator+=, 973, 975	OFELI_EPSMCH
Triangle, 972, 975	Utilities, 134
OFELI::UserData	OFELI_GAUSS2
BodyForce, 987	Utilities, 133
BoundaryCondition, 986	OFELI_IMAG
InitialData, 987	Utilities, 134
setBodyForce, 985	OFELI_ONEOVERPI
setDBČ, 985	Utilities, 133

OFELI_PI	DIFFUSION, 67
Utilities, 133	DILATATION, 67
OFELI_SIXTH	DILU_PREC, 70
Utilities, 133	DIRECT_SOLVER, 70
OFELI_SQRT2	DISPLACEMENT_FIELD, 68
Utilities, 133	DSMatrix, 84
OFELL-SQRT3	Deactivate, 80
Utilities, 133	ELECTRIC, 67
OFELI_THIRD	EqDataType, 67
Utilities, 133	FE_2D_3N, 69
OFELI-TOLERANCE	FE_2D_4N, 69
Utilities, 134	FE_2D_6N, 69
OFELI_TWELVETH	FE_3D_4N, 69
Utilities, 133	FE_3D_8N, 69
OFELILE	FE_3D_AXI_3N, 69
Utilities, 133	FEType, 69
OFELI, 47, 157	FLUX, 68
A, 71	FORWARD_EULER, 68
AB2, 69	Factor, 92
ADAMS_BASHFORTH, 69	FactorAndSolve, 93
AUX_INPUT_FIELD_1, 68	GLOBAL_ARRAY, 68
AUX_INPUT_FIELD_2, 68	GMRES_SOLVER, 70
AUX_INPUT_FIELD_3, 68	get, 73, 74
AUX_INPUT_FIELD_4, 68	getCode, 79, 80
add, 85, 99	getColHeight, 99
AnalysisType, 69	getColumn, 86
ArrayType, 68	getDerivative, 75
Axpy, 82, 89, 101, 102	getInnerProduct, 93
b,71	getLocal, 94
BACKWARD_EULER, 68	getNy, 79
BCType, 70	getNz, 79
BDF2, 69	getRow, 87
BICG_SOLVER, 70	getValue, 74, 75
BICG_STAB_SOLVER, 70	Grid, 76, 77
BMatrix, 81	HEAT_FLUX, 67
BODY_FORCE, 68	HEAT_SOURCE, 67
BOUNDARY_CONDITION, 68	HEUN, 68
BOUNDARY_FORCE, 68	IDENT_PREC, 70
BOUNDARY_TRACTION, 67	IDENTITY, 70
BUOYANCY, 67	ILU_PREC, 70
CAPACITY, 67	INCOMPRESSIBLE_NAVIER_STOKES, 69
CG_SOLVER, 70	INITIAL_AUX_1, 68
CGS_SOLVER, 70	INITIAL_AUX_2, 68
CONSISTENT_CAPACITY, 67	INITIAL_AUX_3, 68
CONSISTENT_MASS, 67	INITIAL_AUX_4, 68
CONTACT_BC, 70	INITIAL_FIELD, 68
CONTACT, 67	IOField, 71, 72
CONVECTION, 67	Invert, 93
CRANK_NICOLSON, 68	isActive, 80, 81
check, 104	Iter, 103, 104
DEVIATORIC, 67	Iteration, 70
DIAG_PREC, 70	LAPLACE, 69
DIAGONAL, 70	LEAP_FROG, 68
DIFFUSION_CONVECTION, 69	LINEARIZED_ELASTICITY, 69

LOAD, 67	setFile, 74
LOCAL_ARRAY, 68	setLDLt, 86, 100
LORENTZ_FORCE, 67	setLU, 83
LUMPED_CAPACITY, 67	setMesh, 97
LUMPED_MASS, 67	setMeshFile, 72
LocalMatrix, 89, 90	setRow, 87
LocalVect, 93, 94	setSize, 82, 84, 102
Localize, 90, 94, 95	setSkyline, 97
MAGNETIC, 67	setXMax, 77
MASS, 67	setXMin, 77
MatrixType, 69	setN, 78
Mult, 92, 98	SkSMatrix, 96, 97
MultAdd, 88, 91, 98	Solve, 92
MultAddScal, 91	solve, 83, 84, 88, 100, 103, 104
NEWMARK, 68	solveLDLt, 101
OPTIMIZATION, 69	Symmetrize, 92
open, 72	TEMPERATURE_FIELD, 68
operator*, 91	THERMAL_PHASE_CHANGE, 69
operator*=, 83, 91, 95, 100, 103	TMult, 88, 98
operator(), 82, 85, 86, 99, 102	TRACTION, 68
operator+=, 83, 91, 95, 99	TRANSIENT, 69
operator,, 95	TRIDIAGONAL, 70
operator-=, 91, 95	TimeScheme, 68
operator/=, 91, 95	TrMatrix, 101
operator=, 83, 90, 91, 95, 99, 103	UNSYMMETRIC, 70
PDE_Terms, 67	VELOCITY_FIELD, 68
PDE, 69	VISCOSITY, 67
PERIODIC_A, 70	OPTIMIZATION
PERIODIC_B, 70	OFELI, 69
PLANAR_TRUSS, 69	
POINT_FORCE, 68	open OFELI, 72
Preconditioner, 70	operator Mat
Prev, 71	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 840
	operator Vec
put, 73 RK3_TVD, 69	•
•	OFELI::PETScVect, 861
RK4, 69	operator VectorX
RUNGE_KUTTA, 69	OFELI::Vect, 1013
SKYLINE, 70	operator!= OFELI::Point, 873
SLIP, 70 SOLUTION, 68	•
	OFELI::Point2D, 877
SOURCE, 68	operator <<
SPARSE, 70	Vector and Matrix, 154, 155
SPATIAL BEAM, 69	operator*
SSOR_PREC, 70	OFELL 01
STATIONARY, 68	OFELI, 91
STEADY_STATE, 69	Utilities, 137, 138
STIFFNESS, 67	Vector and Matrix, 151–155
SYMMETRIC, 70	operator*=
saveGMSH, 74	OFELI::DMatrix, 353
set, 85, 97	OFELI::DSMatrix, 370
setCode, 79	OFELI::Domain, 360
setColumn, 87	OFELI::Matrix, 757
setDiag, 85	OFELI::Mesh, 768
setDomain, 77, 78	OFELI::PETScVect, 861

OFELI::Point, 873	OFELI, 95
OFELI::Point2D, 877	operator-
OFELI::SkMatrix, 907	Finite Element Mesh, 25
OFELI::SpMatrix, 931	Utilities, 136–138
OFELI::Vect, 1013	Vector and Matrix, 152, 153
OFELI, 83, 91, 95, 100, 103	operator-=
operator()	OFELI::BMatrix, 226
OFELI::BMatrix, 225	OFELI::DMatrix, 353, 357
OFELI::DMatrix, 350, 357	OFELI::DSMatrix, 370
OFELI::DSMatrix, 369	OFELI::Matrix, 757, 758
OFELI::Edge, 388	OFELI::PETScVect, 860, 861
OFELI::Element, 475, 477	OFELI::Point, 873
OFELI::LocalMatrix, 744	OFELI::Point2D, 876, 877
OFELI::LocalVect, 746	OFELI::SkMatrix, 912, 913
OFELI::Matrix, 756, 757	OFELI::SkSMatrix, 921
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 835	OFELI::SpMatrix, 939
	•
OFELL:PETScVect, 859, 860	OFELL::TrMatrix, 984
OFFLL Point, 872	OFELL 01, 05
OFELI::Point2D, 876	OFELI, 91, 95
OFELI::Side, 896	operator/
OFELI::SkMatrix, 905, 906, 912	Utilities, 137, 138
OFELI::SkSMatrix, 920	Vector and Matrix, 152, 153
OFELI::SpMatrix, 931, 939	operator/=
OFELI::TrMatrix, 983	OFELI::PETScVect, 861
OFELI::Vect, 1009–1011	OFELI::Point, 873
OFELI, 82, 85, 86, 99, 102	OFELI::Point2D, 877
operator+	OFELI::Vect, 1013
Utilities, 136, 137	OFELI, 91, 95
Vector and Matrix, 152	operator=
operator+=	OFELI::DMatrix, 353
OFELI::BMatrix, 225	OFELI::Funct, 586
OFELI::Brick, 227	OFELI::Matrix, 757
OFELI::Circle, 229, 230	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 836
OFELI::DMatrix, 353, 357	OFELI::PETScVect, 860
OFELI::DSMatrix, 369, 370	OFELI::Point, 873
OFELI::Ellipse, 480	OFELI::Point2D, 876
OFELI::Matrix, 757, 758	OFELI::SkMatrix, 907
OFELI::PETScVect, 860	OFELI::SpMatrix, 933
OFELI::Point, 873	OFELI::Vect, 1011, 1012
OFELI::Point2D, 876	OFELI, 83, 90, 91, 95, 99, 103
OFELI::Polygon, 878, 879	operator==
OFELI::Rectangle, 890, 891	Finite Element Mesh, 28
OFELI::SkMatrix, 907, 912	OFELI::Point, 873
OFELI::SkSMatrix, 920	OFELI::Point2D, 877
OFELI::SpMatrix, 939	Utilities, 136, 137
OFELI::Sphere, 922	operator&&
OFELI::TrMatrix, 983	Finite Element Mesh, 25
·	operator[]
OFELI::Triangle, 973, 975	OFELI::BMatrix, 225
OFELL: Vect, 1012	
OFELI, 83, 91, 95, 99	OFELI::DMatrix, 357
operator,	OFELI::DSMatrix, 369
OFELL:PETScVect, 861	OFELL: Local Vect, 746
OFELL:Point, 874	OFELL PETS No. 1, 950
OFELI::Vect, 1013	OFELI::PETScVect, 859

OFELI::Point, 873	Point $< T >$, 871
OFELI::Point2D, 876	Point2D $<$ T $>$, 874
OFELI::SkMatrix, 912	Point2D
OFELI::SkSMatrix, 920	OFELI::Point2D, 876
OFELI::SpMatrix, 931, 939	Polygon, 877
OFELI::TrMatrix, 983	OFELI::Polygon, 878
OFELI::Vect, 1009	Post
OptimSA	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 685
•	
Solver, 118	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 702
OptimTN	Prec
Solver, 121	OFELI::Prec, 880, 881
D0: D1	$Prec < T_{-} >$, 879
P0toP1	Preconditioner
OFELI::Reconstruction, 888	OFELI, 70
PARSE	Prescribe
Utilities, 134	OFELI::BMatrix, 223, 224
PDE_Terms	OFELI::DMatrix, 354, 355
OFELI, 67	OFELI::DSMatrix, 367, 368
PDE	OFELI::Matrix, 753, 754
OFELI, 69	OFELI::SkMatrix, 909–911
PERIODIC_A	OFELI::SkSMatrix, 917–919
OFELI, 70	OFELI::SpMatrix, 937, 938
PERIODIC_B	
OFELI, 70	OFELI::TrMatrix, 980–982
•	PrescribeSide
PETScMatrix	OFELI::BMatrix, 224
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 832	OFELI::DMatrix, 356
PETScMatrix< T ₋ >, 829	OFELI::DSMatrix, 368
PETScVect	OFELI::Matrix, 754
OFELI::PETScVect, 846–848	OFELI::SkMatrix, 911
PETScVect $<$ T $>$, 841	OFELI::SkSMatrix, 919
PETScWrapper	OFELI::SpMatrix, 938
OFELI::PETScWrapper, 865	OFELI::TrMatrix, 982
PETScWrapper< T ₋ >, 862	Prescription, 883
PLANAR_TRUSS	OFELI::Prescription, 884
OFELI, 69	Prev
POINT_FORCE	OFELI, 71
OFELI, 68	push_back
Partition, 823	
OFELI::Partition, 824, 825	OFELI::Vect, 1013
Penta6, 827	put Put 1 777
·	OFELI::Mesh, 777
OFELI::Penta6, 828	OFELI::Partition, 827
Periodic	OFELI, 73
OFELI::DC2DT3, 264	_
OFELI::DC3DT4, 328	qksort
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 425	Utilities, 145, 146
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 805	Quad4, 884
PhaseChange, 870	OFELI::Quad4, 885, 886
Physical properties of media, 105	QuickSort
PlaneStrain	Utilities, 145
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 401	
PlaneStress	RHS_Convection
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 401	OFELI::DC3DT4, 327
Point	RK3_TVD
OFELI::Point, 872	OFELI, 69
OI EEIIII OIIII, OI E	

RK4	run
OFELI, 69	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 185
ROE_SOLVER	OFELI::BiotSavart, 218
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI::DC1DL2, 241
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	OFELI::DC2DT3, 266
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::DC2DT6, 286
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 307
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	OFELI::DC3DT4, 329
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 393
OFELI::Muscl, 781	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 548
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 640
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 655
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::ODESolver, 823
RUNGE_KUTTA	OFELI::TimeStepping, 950
OFELI, 69	runOneTimeStep
RUSANOV_SOLVER	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 185
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI::DC1DL2, 241
OFELI::ICPG1D, 606 OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	·
•	OFELL: DC2DT3, 266
OFELL:ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::DC2DT6, 286
OFELI:LCL1D, 716	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 307
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	OFELI::DC3DT4, 329
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 548
OFELI::Muscl, 781	OFELI::LCL1D, 717
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	OFELI::LCL2DT, 722
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	OFELI::ODESolver, 823
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::TimeStepping, 950
Reaction	runSubSpace
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 425	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 394
Reconstruction, 887	runTransient
Rectangle, 889	OFELI::DC1DL2, 241
OFELI::Rectangle, 890	OFELI::DC2DT3, 265
Refine	OFELI::DC2DT6, 286
OFELI::Mesh, 779	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 306
removeBC	OFELI::DC3DT4, 329
OFELI::PETScVect, 852, 853	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 548
OFELI::Vect, 1003	OT EDINEQUALITICITITY OF TO
RenumberEdge	SAssembly
OFELI::Mesh, 774	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 394
RenumberElement	OFELI::TimeStepping, 951
OFELI::Mesh, 773	SKYLINE SKYLINE
RenumberNode	OFELI, 70
OFELI::Mesh, 773	SLIP
RenumberSide	OFELI, 70
OFELI::Mesh, 774	SOLUTION
Reorder	OFELI, 68
OFELI::Mesh, 771	SOURCE
Replace	OFELI, 68
OFELI::Element, 474	SPARSE
Rescale	OFELI, 70
OFELI::Mesh, 775	SPATIAL_BEAM
resize	OFELI, 69
OFELI::Vect, 999	SSOR_PREC
Richardson	OFELI, 70
Solver, 123	SSOR

Solver, 125	OFELI::NodeList, 799
STATIONARY	selectLevel
OFELI, 68	OFELI::ElementList, 479
STEADY_STATE	set
OFELI, 69	OFELI::DC2DT3, 265
STIFFNESS	OFELI::DMatrix, 346
OFELI, 67	OFELI::Element, 475
SUPERBEE_LIMITER	OFELI::LinearSolver, 741
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI::Material, 749
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	OFELI::Matrix, 756
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	OFELI::Mesh, 776
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	OFELI::ODESolver, 818
OFELI::LCL2DT, 721	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 836
OFELI::LCL3DT, 727	OFELI::PETScVect, 849, 850, 858
OFELI::Muscl, 781	OFELI::Side, 895
OFELI::Muscl1D, 784	OFELI::SkMatrix, 903
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	OFELI::SpMatrix, 933
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::TimeStepping, 947
SYMMETRIC	OFELI::Vect, 997, 998, 1008
OFELI, 70	OFELI, 85, 97
save	setAIJ_MPI
OFELI::Mesh, 777	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 833
OFELI::PETScVect, 857	setAIJ
OFELI::Vect, 1007	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 833
saveBamg	setAssembly
Utilities, 144	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 841
saveField	OFELI::PETScVect, 862
Utilities, 134, 135	setBC
saveGMSH	OFELI::ICPG1D, 610, 611
OFELI, 74	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 617, 618
saveGmsh	OFELI::LCL1D, 717
Utilities, 136, 142	OFELI::LCL2DT, 722
saveGnuplot	OFELI::LCL3DT, 728
Utilities, 135, 143	setBodyForce
saveMatlab	OFELI::UserData, 985
Utilities, 143	setBoundary
saveMesh	OFELI::BiotSavart, 216
Utilities, 142	setBoundaryCondition
saveTecplot	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 640
Utilities, 135, 143	setBoundaryNodeCodes
saveVTK	Finite Element Mesh, 32
Utilities, 136, 144	setBoundarySideCodes
Scale	Finite Element Mesh, 32
Utilities, 146	setBoundingBox
Schur	OFELI::Brick, 227
Solver, 123, 124	OFELI::Rectangle, 890
select	setCFL
OFELI::PETScVect, 849	OFELI::ICPG1D, 612
OFELI::Vect, 997	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 619
selectCode	OFELI::LCL1D, 718
OFELI::EdgeList, 389	OFELI::LCL2DT, 724
OFELI::NodeList, 799	OFELI::LCL3DT, 729
OFELI::SideList, 898	OFELI::Muscl, 781
selectCoordinate	OFELI::Muscl1D, 785
	,

OFELI::Muscl2DT, 789	setDomain
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI, 77, 78
setChild	setEdgeView
OFELI::Element, 477	OFELI::Mesh, 774
OFELI::Side, 897	setElementCodes
setCode	Finite Element Mesh, 33
OFELI::Edge, 388	setElementView
OFELI::Element, 473, 475	OFELI::Mesh, 774
OFELI::Node, 796	setFile
OFELI::Side, 895	OFELI, 74
OFELI, 79	setGraph
setCoef	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 835
OFELI::ODESolver, 818, 819	OFELI::SpMatrix, 930
setColumn	setInOutflowBC
	OFELI::ICPG1D, 611, 612
OFELL 87	
OFELI, 87	setInitial
setConstantMatrix	OFELL Times
OFELI::ODESolver, 822	OFELI::TimeStepping, 948
OFELI::TimeStepping, 949	setInitialCondition
setCoord	OFELI::ICPG1D, 610
OFELI::Node, 796	OFELI::LCL1D, 716
setCurrentDensity	OFELI::LCL2DT, 722
OFELI::BiotSavart, 216	OFELI::LCL3DT, 728
setDBC	setInitialData
OFELI::UserData, 985	OFELI::UserData, 985
setDOFSupport	setInitialRHS
OFELI::Mesh, 769	OFELI::ODESolver, 820
setDOFType	OFELI::TimeStepping, 949
OFELI::PETScVect, 851	setInput
OFELI::Vect, 999	OFELI::DC1DL2, 240
setDOF	OFELI::DC2DT3, 264
OFELI::Edge, 388	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 955
OFELI::Element, 475	setIterationMethod
OFELI::Node, 797	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 869
OFELI::Side, 894	setIterationParameters
OFELI::SkMatrix, 903	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 868
setDG	
OFELI::Vect, 999	setLDLt OFELI::DSMatrix, 365
	·
setDiag	OFELI, 86, 100 setLSTolerances
OFELL 95	
OFELI, 85	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 869
setDiagonal	setLabel
OFELI::BMatrix, 222	OFELI::Element, 473
OFELI::DMatrix, 353	setLevel
OFELI::DSMatrix, 366	OFELI::Node, 798
OFELI::Matrix, 752	setLimiter
OFELI::SkMatrix, 908	OFELI::ICPG1D, 613
OFELI::SkSMatrix, 916	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 620
OFELI::SpMatrix, 936	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 624
OFELI::TrMatrix, 979	OFELI::LCL1D, 719
setDiffusivity	OFELI::LCL2DT, 724
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 685	OFELI::LCL3DT, 730
setDim	OFELI::Muscl, 782
OFELI::Mesh, 767	OFELI::Muscl1D, 786

OFELI::Muscl2DT, 789	OFELI::LinearSolver, 740, 741
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 793	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 868
setLinearSolver	OFELI::Prec, 882
OFELI::ODESolver, 822	setMaxIter
OFELI::TimeStepping, 949	OFELI::LinearSolver, 740
setLinearSystem	setMesh
OFELI::PETScWrapper, 868	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 833
setList	OFELI::PETScVect, 850
OFELI::Mesh, 775	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 867
setLocal	OFELI::SkMatrix, 903
OFELI::Hexa8, 604	OFELI::SpMatrix, 929
OFELI::Penta6, 828	OFELI::SteklovPoincare2DBE, 941
OFELI::Quad4, 886	OFELI::Vect, 998
setLU	OFELI, 97
OFELI::DMatrix, 350	setMeshFile
OFELI::SkMatrix, 907	OFELI, 72
OFELI, 83	setMethod
setMPI	OFELI::ICPG1D, 613
OFELI::PETScVect, 849	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 620
setMagneticInduction	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 624
OFELI::BiotSavart, 216	OFELI::LCL1D, 718
setMaterial	OFELI::LCL2DT, 724
OFELI::Mesh, 771	OFELI::LCL3DT, 730
setMaterialProperty	OFELI::Muscl, 782
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 195	OFELI::Muscl1D, 786
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 212	OFELI::Muscl2DT, 789
OFELI::DC1DL2, 250	OFELI::Muscl3DT, 793
OFELI::DC2DT3, 275	setNbDOFPerNode
OFELI::DC2DT6, 295	OFELI::Mesh, 769
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 316	setNbEq
OFELI::DC3DT4, 338	OFELI::ODESolver, 818
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 384	setNewmarkParameters
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 413	OFELI::ODESolver, 822
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 435	OFELI::TimeStepping, 949
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 451	setNodeBC
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 467	OFELI::PETScVect, 851, 852
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 494	OFELI::Vect, 1000–1002
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 508	setNodeCodes
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 522	Finite Element Mesh, 32
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 539	setNodeView
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 558	OFELI::Mesh, 774
OFELI::Equation, 572	setNonConstantMatrix
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 601	OFELI::ODESolver, 822
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 650	OFELI::TimeStepping, 949
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 665	setOnBoundary
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 680	OFELI::Node, 797
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 695	
*	setOutputFile OFELI::Domain, 362
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 712 OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 814	setPDE
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 964	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 393
setMatrices OFFI In ODESalver 821	OFELI::TimeStepping, 948 setPartition
OFELI::ODESolver, 821	
setMatrix	OFELL:PETScMatrix, 833
OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 393	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 867

setPermeability	OFELI, 97
OFELI::BiotSavart, 216	setSolver
setPointInDomain	OFELI::AbsEqua, 178
OFELI::Mesh, 769	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 196
setPreconditioner	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 212
OFELI::PETScWrapper, 868	OFELI::DC1DL2, 251
setQR	OFELI::DC2DT3, 275
OFELI::DMatrix, 349	OFELI::DC2DT6, 296
setRHS	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 316
OFELI::ODESolver, 821	OFELI::DC3DT4, 339
setRK4RHS	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 385
OFELI::ODESolver, 819	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 414
OFELI::TimeStepping, 948	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 435
setRank	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 451
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 833	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 468
setReconstruction	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 494
OFELI::ICPG1D, 612	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 508
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 617, 619	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 523
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 624	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 540
OFELI::LCL1D, 718	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 558
OFELI::LCL2DT, 723	OFELI::Equation, 573
OFELI::LCL3DT, 729	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 602
OFELI::Muscl, 782	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 617
OFELI::Muscl1D, 785	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 650
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 665
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 680
setReferenceLength	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 696
OFELI::ICPG1D, 612	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 712
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 619	OFELI::LinearSolver, 741
OFELI::LCL2DT, 724	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 814
OFELI::Muscl, 782	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 838
OFELI::Muscl1D, 785	OFELI::SpMatrix, 935
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 789	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 965
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 793	setSource
setRow	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 702
OFELI::DMatrix, 347	setStab
OFELI, 87	OFELI::DC1DL2, 240
setSide	OFELI::DC2DT3, 265
OFELI::Element, 477	OFELI::DC2DT6, 284
setSideBC	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 306
OFELI::Vect, 1001, 1002	OFELI::DC3DT4, 328
setSideCodes	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 546
Finite Element Mesh, 32	setSubspaceDimension
setSideView	OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 394
OFELI::Mesh, 774	setSurfaceForce
setSize	OFELI::UserData, 986
OFELI::DMatrix, 345	setTimeStep
OFELI::PETScMatrix, 834	OFELI::ICPG1D, 612
OFELI::PETScVect, 851	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 619
OFELI::SpMatrix, 930	OFELI::LCL1D, 718
OFELI::Vect, 998	OFELI::LCL2DT, 718
OFELI: vect, 998 OFELI, 82, 84, 102	OFELI::LCL2DT, 729
setSkyline OFELI::SkMatrix, 903	OFELI::Muscl, 781 OFELI::Muscl1D, 785
OI LLIORIVIAUIA, 700	OI LEIWIUSCIID, 700

OFFILM JODE 700	OFFILE Total A 044
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788	OFELL:Tetra4, 944
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792 setTolerance	OFELL::Triang3, 968
OFELI::EigenProblemSolver, 395	OFELI::Triang6S, 970, 971 Shape Function, 106
setTraction	Side, 891
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 640	OFELI::Side, 894
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 655	side_assembly
setTransLU	General Purpose Equations, 38, 39
OFELI::DMatrix, 351	SideAssembly
setTransQR	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 192, 193
OFELI::DMatrix, 349	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 209, 210
setTriangle	OFELI::DC1DL2, 247, 248
OFELI::Gauss, 587	OFELI::DC2DT3, 272, 273
setType	OFELI::DC2DT6, 292, 293
OFELI::Prec, 882	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 313, 314
setUniform	OFELI::DC3DT4, 335, 336
OFELI::Vect, 1011	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 381, 382
setVelocity	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 410, 411
OFELI::LCL1D, 717	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 431–433
OFELI::LCL2DT, 723	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 448, 449
OFELI::LCL3DT, 728	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 464, 465
setVerbose	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 490–492
OFELI::ICPG1D, 612	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 505, 506
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 620	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 519, 520
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 624	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 536, 537
OFELI::LCL1D, 718	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 554–556
OFELI::LCL2DT, 724	OFELI::Equation, 567, 568, 571, 572
OFELI::LCL3DT, 729	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 598, 599
OFELI::LinearSolver, 740	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 646–648
OFELI::Mesh, 767	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 662, 663
OFELI::Muscl, 782	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 677, 678
OFELI::Muscl1D, 785	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 692, 693
OFELI::Muscl2DT, 789	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 709, 710
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 793	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 811, 812
OFELI::ODESolver, 822	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 961, 962
OFELI::TimeStepping, 950	SideInElement
setVertices	Finite Element Mesh, 33
OFELI::Polygon, 878	SideList, 897
setXMax	SideNodeCoordinates
OFELI, 77	OFELL:Bar2DL2, 189
setXMin	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 206
OFELI, 77 setF	OFELI::DC1DL2, 244 OFELI::DC2DT3, 269
OFELI::ODESolver, 819	OFELI::DC2DT6, 289
setN	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 310
OFELI, 78	OFELI::DC3DT4, 332
Sh	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 378
OFELI::FEShape, 577	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 406
OFELI::Hexa8, 604	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 429
OFELI::Line2, 732	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 445
OFELI::Line2H, 734	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 461
OFELI::Line3, 736	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 488
OFELI::Penta6, 828	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 502
OFELI::Quad4, 886	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 516
	, ,

1056 OFELI's Reference Guide

OFELI::Equa_Solid, 532	Solve
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 552	OFELI::SteklovPoincare2DBE, 941
OFELI::Equation, 567	OFELI, 92
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 595	solve
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 644	OFELI::DMatrix, 351, 352
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 659	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 686
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 674	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 702
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 689	OFELI::LinearSolver, 741, 742
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 706	OFELI::Matrix, 755
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 808	OFELI::PETScMatrix, 837
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 958	OFELI::PETScWrapper, 869
SideType	OFELI::Prec, 882
OFELI::Side, 894	OFELI::SkMatrix, 907, 908
SideVector	OFELI::SpMatrix, 934
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 189	OFELI, 83, 84, 88, 100, 103, 104
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 206	solveLDLt
OFELI::DC1DL2, 244	OFELI, 101
OFELL DC2DT6, 269	SolveLinearSystem
OFELI::DC2DT6, 289	OFELI::AbsEqua, 178
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 310	OFELI::Bar2DL2, 196
OFELI::DC3DT4, 332	OFELI::Beam3DL2, 213
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 378	OFELI::DC1DL2, 251
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 406	OFELI::DC2DT3, 276
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 428	OFELI::DC2DT6, 296
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 445	OFELI::DC3DAT3, 317
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 461	OFELI::DC3DT4, 339
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 487	OFELI::EC2D1T3, 385
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 502	OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 414
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 516	OFELI::Elas2DT3, 436
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 532	OFELI::Elas3DH8, 452
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 551	OFELI::Elas3DT4, 468
OFELI::Equation, 566	OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 495
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 595	OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 509
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 643	OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 523
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 659	OFELI::Equa_Solid, 540
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 674	OFELI::Equa_Therm, 559
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 689	OFELI::Equation, 574
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 706	OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 602
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 808	OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 651
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 958	OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 666
SidesAreDOF	OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 681
OFELI::Mesh, 777	OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 696
SignoriniContact	OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 713
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 402	OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 815
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 424	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 965
	solveQR
Size	· •
OFELI::Vect, 998	OFELI::DMatrix, 349
SkMatrix	solveTrans
OFELI::SkMatrix, 902, 903	OFELI::DMatrix, 351, 352
SkMatrix < T_ >, 898	solveTransQR
SkSMatrix	OFELI::DMatrix, 350
OFELI, 96, 97	Solver, 108
SkSMatrix $<$ T $>$, 913	BCAsConstraint, 118
Solid Mechanics, 107	BiCGStab, 112

BiCG, 111	OFELI, 68
CGS, 114	THERMAL_PHASE_CHANGE
CG, 113, 114	OFELI, 69
GMRes, 115, 116	TINS2DT3B, 951
GS, 116	OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 954
IterationLoop, 111	TMult
Jacobi, 117	OFELI::DMatrix, 348
MAX_NB_EQUATIONS, 110	OFELI::SkMatrix, 905
MAX_NB_INPUT_FIELDS, 110	OFELI::SpMatrix, 932
MAX_NB_MESHES, 110	OFELI, 88, 98
OptimSA, 118	TMultAdd
OptimTN, 121	OFELI::SkMatrix, 904
Richardson, 123	TRACTION
SSOR, 125	OFELI, 68
Schur, 123, 124	TRANSIENT
TimeLoop, 110	OFELI, 69
SolverType	TRIDIAGONAL
OFELI::ICPG1D, 608	OFELI, 70
OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616	Tabulation, 942
OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623	Tetra4, 942
OFELI::LCL1D, 716	TheEdge
OFELI:LCL2DT, 710	Finite Element Mesh, 23
	theEdge
OFELI:LCL3DT, 727	Global Variables, 41
OFELI::Muscl, 781	TheElement
OFELL Muscl1D, 784	
OFELL Muscl2DT, 788	Finite Element Mesh, 23
OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792	theElement
SpMatrix	Global Variables, 40
OFELI::SpMatrix, 927, 928	theFinalTime
SpMatrix $< T >$, 923	Global Variables, 42
Sphere, 921	theIteration
OFELI::Sphere, 922	Global Variables, 41
Start	TheNode
OFELI::Timer, 945	Finite Element Mesh, 23
Started	theNode
OFELI::Timer, 945	Global Variables, 40
SteklovPoincare2DBE, 940	theNodeLabel
OFELI::SteklovPoincare2DBE, 940, 941	Finite Element Mesh, 24
Stiffness	TheSide
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 185	Finite Element Mesh, 23
Stop	theSide
OFELI::Timer, 945	Global Variables, 41
Strain	theStep
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 402	Global Variables, 41
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 425	theTime
Stress	Global Variables, 42
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 402	theTimeStep
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 425	Global Variables, 41
SurfaceForce	theTolerance
OFELI::UserData, 987	Global Variables, 42
Symmetrize	TimeLoop
OFELI, 92	Solver, 110
•	TimeScheme
TEMPERATURE_FIELD	OFELI, 68

1058 OFELI's Reference Guide

TimeStepping, 946	UserData $<$ T $>$, 984
OFELI::TimeStepping, 947	Utilities, 126
Timer, 945	Axpy, 146
TrMatrix	BSpline, 144
OFELI, 101	banner, 145
TrMatrix < T > ,976	Clear, 147
TransSolve	Dot, 146, 147
OFELI::Prec, 883	EVAL, 134
transferBC	Equal, 147
OFELI::PETScVect, 854	getBamg, 139
OFELI::Vect, 1003	getEasymesh, 140
Triang3, 966	getGambit, 140
OFELI::Triang3, 967	getGmsh, 140
Triang6S, 969	getMatlab, 141
OFELI::Triang6S, 970	getMesh, 138
Triangle, 971, 974	getNetgen, 141
	getTetgen, 141
OFELI::Triangle, 972, 975	0 0
UNSYMMETRIC	getTriangle, 142
OFELI, 70	Nrm2, 147
	OFELLEPSMCH, 134
unselectCode	OFELLGAUSS2, 133
OFELL:EdgeList, 389	OFELLIMAG, 134
OFELL:ElementList, 479	OFELLONEOVERPI, 133
OFELI::NodeList, 799	OFELL-PI, 133
OFELI::SideList, 898	OFELLSIXTH, 133
updateBC	OFELLSQRT2, 133
OFELI::Bar2DL2, 186	OFELI_SQRT3, 133
OFELI::Beam3DL2, 203	OFELI_THIRD, 133
OFELI::DC1DL2, 241	OFELI_TOLERANCE, 134
OFELI::DC2DT3, 266	OFELLTWELVETH, 133
OFELI::DC2DT6, 286	OFELLE, 133
OFELI::DC3DAT3, 307	operator*, 137, 138
OFELI::DC3DT4, 329	operator+, 136, 137
OFELI::EC2D1T3, 375	operator-, 136–138
OFELI::Elas2DQ4, 403	operator/, 137, 138
OFELI::Elas2DT3, 426	operator==, 136, 137
OFELI::Elas3DH8, 442	PARSE, 134
OFELI::Elas3DT4, 458	qksort, 145, 146
OFELI::Equa_Electromagnetics, 485	QuickSort, 145
OFELI::Equa_Fluid, 499	saveBamg, 144
OFELI::Equa_Laplace, 513	saveField, 134, 135
OFELI::Equa_Solid, 529	saveGmsh, 136, 142
OFELI::Equa_Therm, 549	saveGnuplot, 135, 143
OFELI::Equation, 564	saveMatlab, 143
OFELI::HelmholtzBT3, 592, 593	saveMesh, 142
OFELI::Laplace1DL2, 641	saveTecplot, 135, 143
OFELI::Laplace1DL3, 656	saveVTK, 136, 144
OFELI::Laplace2DFVT, 671	Scale, 146
OFELI::Laplace2DMHRT0, 686	Xpy, 146
OFELI::Laplace2DT3, 703	177
OFELI::NSP2DQ41, 805	VANALBADA_LIMITER
OFELI::TINS2DT3B, 955	OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
UserData	OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
OFELI::UserData, 985	OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623

```
OFELI::LCL1D, 716
    OFELI::LCL2DT, 721
    OFELI::LCL3DT, 727
    OFELI::Muscl, 781
    OFELI::Muscl1D, 784
    OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788
    OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792
VANLEER_LIMITER
    OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
    OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
    OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623
    OFELI::LCL1D, 716
    OFELI::LCL2DT, 721
    OFELI::LCL3DT, 727
    OFELI::Muscl, 781
    OFELI::Muscl1D, 784
    OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788
    OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792
VELOCITY_FIELD
    OFELI, 68
VFROE_SOLVER
    OFELI::ICPG1D, 608
    OFELI::ICPG2DT, 616
    OFELI::ICPG3DT, 623
    OFELI::LCL1D, 716
    OFELI::LCL2DT, 721
    OFELI::LCL3DT, 727
    OFELI::Muscl, 781
    OFELI::Muscl1D, 784
    OFELI::Muscl2DT, 788
    OFELI::Muscl3DT, 792
VISCOSITY
    OFELI, 67
Vect
    OFELI::Vect, 993-996
Vect< T_- >, 988
Vector and Matrix, 148
    Dot, 153
    operator<<, 154, 155
    operator*, 151-155
    operator+, 152
    operator-, 152, 153
    operator/, 152, 153
    VectorX, 151
VectorX
    Vector and Matrix, 151
Verbosity
    Global Variables, 41
WithMesh
    OFELI::Vect, 999
Хру
    Utilities, 146
```

1060 OFELI's Reference Guide