

# An Object Oriented Finite Element Library

Reference Guide

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IPF. Iter < T_ > LinearSolver < T_ > LocalMatrix < T_ , NR_ , NC_ > LocalVect < T_ , N_ > Material  Matrix < T_ >  BMatrix < T_ >  DMatrix < T_ >  DSMatrix < T_ >  SKMatrix < T_ >  SKMatrix < T_ >  SKMatrix < T_ >  SKMatrix < T_ >  Matrix < T_ >  Mesh  Mesh  Muscl  Muscl  Muscl  Muscl1D  ICPG1D  ICPG1D  LCL1D	685 695 807 814 816 819 822 222 351 374 996 1011 1027 1098 831 853 858 861 664 783
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# **Module Documentation**

# 5.1 Conservation Law Equations

Conservation law equations.

### Classes

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Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D.

class ICPG2DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D.

class ICPG3DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D.

• class LCL1D

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

• class LCL2DT

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

• class LCL3DT

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

class Muscl

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl1D

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl2DT

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl3DT

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

# 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Conservation law equations.

# 5.2 Electromagnetics

Electromagnetic equations.

#### Classes

• class BiotSavart

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

• class EC2D1T3

 $Eddy\ current\ problems\ in\ 2\text{-}D\ domains\ using\ solenoidal\ approximation}.$ 

• class EC2D2T3

 $Eddy\ current\ problems\ in\ 2-D\ domains\ using\ transversal\ approximation.$ 

• class Equa\_Electromagnetics< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

• class HelmholtzBT3

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles.

# 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Electromagnetic equations.

# 5.3 Finite Element Mesh

Mesh management classes

#### Classes

• class Domain

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class Edge

To describe an edge.

• class Element

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

class Figure

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

• class Rectangle

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

class Brick

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

• class Circle

To store and treat a circular figure.

• class Sphere

To store and treat a sphere.

• class Ellipse

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

• class Triangle

To store and treat a triangle.

class Polygon

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

• class Grid

To manipulate structured grids.

class Mesh

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

class MeshAdapt

To adapt mesh in function of given solution.

class NodeList

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

class ElementList

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

class SideList

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

class EdgeList

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

• class Node

To describe a node.

• class Partition

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

• class Side

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

#### **Macros**

• #define GRAPH\_MEMORY 1000000

Memory necessary to store matrix graph.

• #define MAX\_NB\_ELEMENTS 10000

Maximal Number of elements.

• #define MAX\_NB\_NODES 10000

Maximal number of nodes.

• #define MAX\_NB\_SIDES 30000

Maximal number of sides in.

• #define MAX\_NB\_EDGES 30000

Maximal Number of edges.

#define MAX\_NBDOF\_NODE 6

Maximum number of DOF supported by each node.

• #define MAX\_NBDOF\_SIDE 6

Maximum number of DOF supported by each side.

#define MAX\_NBDOF\_EDGE 2

Maximum number of DOF supported by each edge.

• #define MAX\_NB\_ELEMENT\_NODES 20

Maximum number of nodes by element.

• #define MAX\_NB\_ELEMENT\_EDGES 10

Maximum number of edges by element.

#define MAX\_NB\_SIDE\_NODES 9

Maximum number of nodes by side.

• #define MAX\_NB\_ELEMENT\_SIDES 8

*Maximum number of sides by element.* 

#define MAX\_NB\_ELEMENT\_DOF 27

*Maximum number of dof by element.* 

• #define MAX\_NB\_SIDE\_DOF 4

Maximum number of dof by side.

• #define MAX\_NB\_INT\_PTS 20

Maximum number of integration points in element.

• #define MAX\_NB\_MATERIALS 10

Maximum number of materials.

- #define TheNode (\*theNode)
- #define TheElement (\*theElement)
- #define TheSide (\*theSide)
- #define TheEdge (\*theEdge)
- #define MeshElements(mesh) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).getElement());)
- #define MeshActiveElements(mesh) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).get← ActiveElement());)
- #define MeshNodeLoop(mesh, node) for ((mesh).topNode(); ((node)=(mesh).getNode());)
- #define MeshNodes(mesh) for ((mesh).topNode(); (theNode=(mesh).getNode());)
- #define MeshSides(mesh) for ((mesh).topSide(); (theSide=(mesh).getSide());)
- #define MeshSideSet(sl) for ((sl).top(); (theSide=(sl).get());)
- #define MeshBoundarySides(mesh) for ((mesh).topBoundarySide(); (theSide=(mesh).get← BoundarySide());)

- #define MeshEdges(mesh) for ((mesh).topEdge(); (theEdge=(mesh).getEdge());)
- #define the Node->n()
- #define theSideLabel theSide->n()

A macro that returns side label in a loop using macro MeshSides

#define theSideNodeLabel(i) theSide->getNodeLabel(i)

A macro that returns label of i-th node of side using macro MeshSides

• #define the Element Label the Element -> n()

A macro that returns element label in a loop using macro MeshElements

• #define the Element Node Label (i) the Element -> get Node Label (i)

A macro that returns label of i-th node of element using macro MeshElements

#### **Functions**

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Edge &ed)

Output edge data.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Element &el)</li>

Output element data.

• Figure operator&& (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the intersection of two Figure instances.

• Figure operator (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the union of two Figure instances.

• Figure operator- (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the set subtraction of two Figure instances.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Material &m)

Output material data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Mesh &ms)

Output mesh data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const MeshAdapt &a)

Output MeshAdapt class data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const NodeList &nl)

Output NodeList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const ElementList &el)

Output ElementList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const SideList &sl)

Output SideList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const EdgeList &el)

Output EdgeList instance.

• size\_t Label (const Node &nd)

Return label of a given node.

• size\_t Label (const Element &el)

Return label of a given element.

size\_t Label (const Side &sd)

Return label of a given side.

• size\_t Label (const Edge &ed)

Return label of a given edge.

• size\_t NodeLabel (const Element &el, size\_t n)

Return global label of node local label in element.

• size\_t NodeLabel (const Side &sd, size\_t n)

Return global label of node local label in side.

• Point< real\_t > Coord (const Node &nd)

Return coordinates of a given node.

• int Code (const Node &nd, size\_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) node.

• int Code (const Element &el)

Return code of a given element.

• int Code (const Side &sd, size\_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) side.

• bool operator== (const Element &el1, const Element &el2)

Check equality between 2 elements.

• bool operator== (const Side &sd1, const Side &sd2)

Check equality between 2 sides.

• void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field.

• void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const PETScVect< real\_t > &u, real\_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field as instance of PETScVect.

• void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real\_t > &u1, Vect< real\_t > &u2, size\_t nx, size\_t ny=0, size\_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real\_t > &u1, Vect< real\_t > &u2, const Point< real\_t > &xmin, const Point< real\_t > &xmax, size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz, size\_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

• real\_t getMaxSize (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal size of element edges for given mesh.

real\_t getMinSize (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal size of element edges for given mesh.

real\_t getMinElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real\_t getMinSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real\_t getMaxSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real\_t getMeanElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real\_t getMeanSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

• void setNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundaryNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setSideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundarySideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setElementCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code)

Assign a given code to all elements satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• int NodeInElement (const Node \*nd, const Element \*el)

Say if a given node belongs to a given element.

• int NodeInSide (const Node \*nd, const Side \*sd)

Say if a given node belongs to a given side.

• int SideInElement (const Side \*sd, const Element \*el)

Say if a given side belongs to a given element.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Node &nd)

Output node data.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Side &sd)

Output side data.

# 5.3.1 Detailed Description

Mesh management classes

#### 5.3.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### #define GRAPH\_MEMORY 1000000

Memory necessary to store matrix graph.

This value is necessary only if nodes are to be renumbered.

#### #define TheNode (\*theNode)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Node

### #define The Element (\*the Element)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Element

#### #define TheSide (\*theSide)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Side

## #define TheEdge (\*theEdge)

A macro that gives the instance pointed by the Edge

### #define MeshElements( mesh ) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).getElement());)

A macro to loop on mesh elements mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Element to current Element

# #define MeshActiveElements( mesh ) for ((mesh).topElement(); (theElement=(mesh).getActiveElement());)

A macro to loop on mesh active elements mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Element to current Element

: This macro is necessary only if adaptive meshing is used

## #define MeshNodeLoop( mesh, node ) for ((mesh).topNode(); ((node)=(mesh).getNode());)

A macro to loop on mesh nodes mesh: Instance of Mesh node: Pointer to pointed node

### #define MeshNodes( mesh ) for ((mesh).topNode(); (theNode=(mesh).getNode());)

A macro to loop on mesh nodes *mesh*: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Node to current Node

# #define MeshBoundaryNodes( *mesh* ) for ((mesh).topBoundaryNode(); (theNode=(mesh).getBoundaryNode());)

A macro to loop on mesh nodes mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Node to current Node

### #define MeshSides( mesh ) for ((mesh).topSide(); (theSide=(mesh).getSide());)

A macro to loop on mesh sides mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Side to current Side

### #define MeshSideSet( sl ) for ((sl).top(); (theSide=(sl).get());)

A macro to loop on a subset of mesh sides s1: Instance of SideList class

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Side to current Side

# #define MeshBoundarySides( mesh ) for ((mesh).topBoundarySide(); (theSide=(mesh).getBoundarySide());)

A macro to loop on mesh boundary sides mesh: Instance of Mesh Notes:

- List of boundary sides must have been previously created by using class SideList
- Each iteration updates the pointer the Side to current Side

# #define MeshEdges( mesh ) for ((mesh).topEdge(); (theEdge=(mesh).getEdge());)

A macro to loop on mesh edges mesh: Instance of Mesh

Note

: Each iteration updates the pointer the Edge to current Edge

#### #define the Node Label the Node -> n()

A macro that returns node label in a loop using macro MeshNodes

### 5.3.3 Function Documentation

## Figure operator&& ( const Figure & f1, const Figure & f2 )

Function to define a Figure instance as the intersection of two Figure instances.

#### **Parameters**

in	f1	First Figure instance
in	<i>f</i> 2	Second Figure instance

#### Returns

Updated resulting Figure instance

# Figure operator || ( const Figure & f1, const Figure & f2 )

Function to define a Figure instance as the union of two Figure instances.

### Parameters

in	f1	First Figure instance
in	<i>f</i> 2	Second Figure instance

#### Returns

Updated resulting Figure instance

## Figure operator- (const Figure & f1, const Figure & f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the set subtraction of two Figure instances.

#### **Parameters**

in	f1	First Figure instance to subtract from
in	<i>f</i> 2	Second Figure instance to subtract

```
Returns
     Updated resulting Figure instance
ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const NodeList & nl )
Output NodeList instance.
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
ostream & operator<< ( ostream & s, const ElementList & el )
Output ElementList instance.
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const SideList & sl )
Output SideList instance.
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const EdgeList & el )
Output EdgeList instance.
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
size_t Label ( const Node & nd )
```

Return label of a given node.

#### Parameters

in nd	Reference to Node instance
-------	----------------------------

Returns

Label of node

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## size\_t Label (const Element & el)

Return label of a given element.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
----	----	-------------------------------

### Returns

Label of element

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# size\_t Label ( const Side & sd )

Return label of a given side.

### Parameters

	-	7 (
in	sd	Reference to Side instance

Returns

Label of side

Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# size\_t Label ( const Edge & ed )

Return label of a given edge.

#### Parameters

in	ed	Reference to Edge instance
----	----	----------------------------

## Returns

Label of edge

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## size\_t NodeLabel ( const Element & el, size\_t n )

Return global label of node local label in element.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	n	Local label of node in element

### Returns

Global label of node

# Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# size\_t NodeLabel ( const Side & sd, size\_t n )

Return global label of node local label in side.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	n	Local label of node in side

### Returns

Global label of node

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## Point < real\_t > Coord ( const Node & nd )

Return coordinates of a given node.

#### **Parameters**

in	nd	Reference to Node instance
----	----	----------------------------

### Returns

Coordinates of node

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# int Code ( const Node & nd, size\_t i = 1 )

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) node.

### Parameters

in	nd	Reference to Node instance
in	i	Label of dof [Default: 1]

#### Returns

Code of dof of node

Author

Rachid Touzani

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### int Code (const Element & el)

Return code of a given element.

#### Parameters

i	n	el	Reference to Element instance	
---	---	----	-------------------------------	--

Returns

Code of element

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## int Code ( const Side & sd, size\_t i = 1 )

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) side.

### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	i	Label of dof [Default: 1]

Returns

Code of dof of side

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Rachid Touzani

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# operator== ( const Element & el1, const Element & el2 )

Check equality between 2 elements.

#### Parameters

in	el1	Reference to first Side instance
in	el2	Reference to second Side instance

## Returns

true is elements are equal, *i.e.* if they have the same nodes, false if not.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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## bool operator== ( const Side & sd1, const Side & sd2 )

Check equality between 2 sides.

## Parameters

in	sd1	Reference to first Side instance
in	sd2	Reference to second Side instance

## Returns

true is sides are equal, *i.e.* if they have the same nodes, false if not.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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## void DeformMesh ( Mesh & mesh, const Vect < real\_t > & u, real\_t a = 1 )

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	mesh	Mesh instance. On output, node coordinates are modified to take into account the displacement
in	и	Displacement field at nodes
in	а	Amplification factor [Default: 1]. The displacement is multiplied by a before to be added to node coordinates

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void DeformMesh (Mesh & mesh, const PETScVect < real\_t > & u, real\_t a = 1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field as instance of PETScVect.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	mesh	Mesh instance. On output, node coordinates are modified to take into account the displacement	
in	и	Displacement field at nodes	
in	а	Amplification factor [Default: 1]. The displacement is multiplied by a before to be added to node coordinates	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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void MeshToMesh ( Mesh & m1, Mesh & m2, const Vect< real\_t > & u1, Vect< real\_t > & u2, size\_t nx, size\_t ny = 0, size\_t nz = 0.

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

The program interpolates (piecewise linear) first the vector on a finer structured grid. Then the values on the new mesh nodes are computed.

## Remarks

For efficiency the number of grid cells must be large enough so that interpolation provides efficient accuracy

#### **Parameters**

in	m1	Reference to the first mesh instance	
out	<i>m</i> 2	Reference to the second mesh instance	
in	и1	Input vector of nodal values defined on first mesh	
out	и2	Output vector of nodal values defined on second mesh	
in	nx	Number of cells in the x-direction in the fine structured grid	
in	пу	Number of cells in the y-direction in the fine structured grid The default value on ny is 0, i.e. a 1-D grid	
in	nz	Number of cells in the z-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of nz is 0, i.e. a 1-D or 2-D grid	
3 <b>2</b> in	dof	Label of degree of freedom of vector u. Only this dof is considered effected Clide	

#### Note

The input vector u1 is a one degree of freedom per node vector, i.e. its size must be equal (or greater than) the total number of nodes of mesh m1. The size of vector u2 is deduced from the mesh m2

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The program interpolates (piecewise linear) first the vector on a finer structured grid. Then the values on the new mesh nodes are computed.

#### Remarks

For efficiency the number of grid cells must be large enough so that interpolation provides efficient accuracy

#### **Parameters**

in	и1	Input vector of nodal values defined on first mesh. This vector instance must contain Mesh instance	
out	и2	Output vector of nodal values defined on second mesh. This vector instance must contain Mesh instance	
in	nx	Number of cells in the x-direction in the fine structured grid	
in	ny	Number of cells in the y-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of ny is 0, i.e. a 1-D grid	
in	nz	Number of cells in the z-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of nz is 0, i.e. a 1-D or 2-D grid	
in	dof	Label of degree of freedom of vector u. Only this dof is considered. [Default: 1]	

#### Note

The input vector u1 is a one degree of freedom per node vector, i.e. its size must be equal (or greater than) the total number of nodes of mesh m1. The size of vector u2 is deduced from the mesh m2

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Rachid Touzani

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void MeshToMesh ( Mesh & m1, Mesh & m2, const Vect< real\_t > & u1, Vect< real\_t > & u2, const Point< real\_t > & xmin, const Point< real\_t > & xmax, size\_t nx, size\_t nx,

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

The program interpolates (piecewise linear) first the vector on a finer structured grid. Then the values on the new mesh nodes are computed. In this function the grid rectangle is defined so that this one can cover only a submesh of  $\mathtt{m}1$ .

#### Remarks

For efficiency the number of grid cells must be large enough so that interpolation provides efficient accuracy

#### Parameters

in	m1	Reference to the first mesh instance	
out	m2	Reference to the second mesh instance	
in	и1	Input vector of nodal values defined on first mesh	
out	и2	Output vector of nodal values defined on second mesh	
in	xmin	Point instance containing minimal coordinates of the rectangle that defines the grid	
in   xmax   Point instance containing maximal coordinates of the rectang grid		Point instance containing maximal coordinates of the rectangle that defines the grid	
in	пх	Number of cells in the x-direction in the fine structured grid	
in	пу	Number of cells in the y-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of ny is 0, i.e. a 1-D grid	
in	nz	Number of cells in the z-direction in the fine structured grid The default value of nz is 0, i.e. a 1-D or 2-D grid	
in	dof	Label of degree of freedom of vector u. Only this dof is considered. [Default: 1]	

## Note

The input vector u1 is a one degree of freedom per node vector, i.e. its size must be equal (or greater than) the total number of nodes of mesh m1. The size of vector u2 is deduced from the mesh m2

## Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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## real\_t getMaxSize ( const Mesh & m )

Return maximal size of element edges for given mesh.

#### Parameters

in 1	m	Reference to mesh instance
------	---	----------------------------

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## real\_t getMinSize ( const Mesh & m )

Return minimal size of element edges for given mesh.

#### Parameters

i	n	m	Reference to mesh instance
---	---	---	----------------------------

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## real\_t getMinElementMeasure ( const Mesh & m )

Return minimal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh. Return maximal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

## Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## real\_t getMinSideMeasure ( const Mesh & m )

Return minimal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

#### **Parameters**

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

Note

Use this function only if sides are present in the mesh and for 2-D meshes

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Rachid Touzani

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## real\_t getMaxSideMeasure ( const Mesh & m )

Return maximal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

#### **Parameters**

	in	m	Reference to mesh instance
--	----	---	----------------------------

Note

Use this function only if sides are present in the mesh and for 2-D meshes

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Rachid Touzani

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## real\_t getMeanElementMeasure ( const Mesh & m )

Return average measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

### Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance

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Rachid Touzani

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## real\_t getMeanSideMeasure ( const Mesh & m )

Return average measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

#### Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
----	---	----------------------------

## Note

Use this function only if sides are present in the mesh and for 2-D meshes

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void setNodeCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size\_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all nodes satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

#### **Parameters**

in	m	Reference to mesh instance	
in	ехр	Regular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of nodes, according to fparser	
		parser	
in	code	Code to assign	
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]	

## void setBoundaryNodeCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size\_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all nodes on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

## Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance	
in	exp	Regular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of nodes, according to fparser	
		parser	
in	code	Code to assign	
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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## void setSideCodes ( Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given code to all sides satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

#### Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance	
in	exp	Regular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of side nodes, according to	
		fparser parser	
in	code	Code to assign	
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void setBoundarySideCodes (Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code, size\_t dof = 1)

Assign a given code to all sides on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

#### **Parameters**

in	m	Reference to mesh instance	
in	ехр	Regular expression using x, y, and z coordinates of side nodes, according to	
		fparser parser	
in	code	Code to assign	
in	dof	Degree of freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]	

## Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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## void setElementCodes ( Mesh & m, const string & exp, int code )

Assign a given code to all elements satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

#### Parameters

in	m	Reference to mesh instance
in	ехр	Regular expression using $x$ , $y$ , and $z$ coordinates of element nodes, according to fparser parser
in	code	Code to assign

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#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## int NodeInElement ( const Node \* nd, const Element \* el )

Say if a given node belongs to a given element.

#### Parameters

in	nd	Pointer to Node
in	el	Pointer to Element

#### Returns

Local label of the node if this one is found, 0 if not.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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## int NodeInSide ( const Node \* nd, const Side \* sd )

Say if a given node belongs to a given side.

## Parameters

in	nd	Pointer to Node
in	sd	Pointer to Side

#### Returns

Local label of the node if this one is found, 0 if not.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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## int SideInElement ( const Side \*sd, const Element \*el )

Say if a given side belongs to a given element.

## Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side
in	el	Pointer to Element

## Returns

Local label of the side if this one is found, 0 if not.

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Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const Node & nd )

Output node data.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const Side & sd )

Output side data.

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# 5.4 Fluid Dynamics

Fluid Dynamics equations.

#### Classes

- - Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.
- class NSP2DQ41

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using  $Q_1/P_0$  element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

• class TINS2DT3S

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 3-node triangle finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

• class TINS3DT4S

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 3-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 4-node tatrahedral finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

## 5.4.1 Detailed Description

Fluid Dynamics equations.

# 5.5 General Purpose Equations

Gathers equation related classes.

#### Classes

• class AbsEqua < T\_>

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

• class Equation < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for all equation classes.

class Estimator

*To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.* 

#### **Functions**

• template < class  $T_-$ , size\_t  $N_-$ , class  $E_-$  > void element\_assembly (const  $E_-$  &e, const LocalVect <  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$  > &be, Vect <  $T_-$  > &b)

Assemble local vector into global vector.

template < class T\_, size\_t N\_, class E\_ > void element\_assembly (const E\_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, Vect < T\_ > &b)
 Assemble diagonal local vector into global vector.

• template < class T\_ , size\_t N\_ , class E\_ > void element\_assembly (const E\_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_ , N\_ , N\_ > &ae, Matrix < T\_ > \*A)

Assemble local matrix into global matrix.

• template < class T\_, size\_t N\_, class E\_ > void element\_assembly (const E\_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, SkMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global skyline matrix.

• template < class  $T_-$ , size\_t  $N_-$ , class  $E_-$  > void element\_assembly (const  $E_-$  &e, const LocalMatrix <  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$ ,  $N_-$  > &ae, SkSMatrix <  $T_-$  > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global symmetric skyline matrix.

template < class T\_, size\_t N\_, class E\_ > void element\_assembly (const E\_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, SpMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global sparse matrix.

• template < class T\_, size\_t N\_> void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, SpMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SpMatrix).

• template < class T\_ , size\_t N\_> void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_ , N\_ , N\_ > &ae, SkSMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkSMatrix).

• template < class T\_, size\_t N\_> void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, SkMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkMatrix).

- template < class T\_, size\_t N\_>
   void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalVect < T\_, N\_ > &be, Vect < T\_ > &b)
   Side assembly of local vector into global vector.
- ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Estimator &r)

  Output estimator vector in output stream.

## 5.5.1 Detailed Description

Gathers equation related classes.

## 5.5.2 Function Documentation

void element\_assembly ( const  $E_- \& e$ , const LocalVect $< T_-$ ,  $N_- > \& be$ , Vect $< T_- > \& b$ )

Assemble local vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	e	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	be	Local vector	
in,out	b	Global vector	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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void element\_assembly ( const E\_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, Vect< T\_ > & b )

Assemble diagonal local vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	ae	Local matrix	
in,out	b	Global vector	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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void element\_assembly ( const  $E_-$  & e, const LocalMatrix<  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$ ,  $N_-$  > & ae, Matrix<  $T_-$  > \* A )

Assemble local matrix into global matrix.

This function is to be called with an abstract pointer to matrix (class Matrix)

#### **Parameters**

in	e	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	ae	Local matrix	
in,out	Α	Pointer to global matrix	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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void element\_assembly ( const E\_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, SkMatrix< T\_ > & A )

Assemble local matrix into global skyline matrix.

## Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	ae	Local matrix	
in,out	Α	Global matrix	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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void element\_assembly ( const E\_ & e, const Local Matrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, SkSMatrix< T\_ > & A )

Assemble local matrix into global symmetric skyline matrix.

### Parameters

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)	
in	ae	Local matrix	
in,out	A	Global matrix	

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void element\_assembly ( const E\_ & e, const LocalMatrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, SpMatrix< T\_ > & A )

Assemble local matrix into global sparse matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to local entity (Element or Side)
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

## Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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# void side\_assembly ( const Element & e, const LocalMatrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, SpMatrix< T\_ > & A )

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SpMatrix).

## Parameters

in	e	Reference to local Element
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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# void side\_assembly ( const Element & e, const LocalMatrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, SkSMatrix< T\_ > & A )

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkSMatrix).

#### Parameters

in	e	Reference to local Element
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void side\_assembly ( const Element & e, const LocalMatrix< T\_, N\_, N\_ > & ae, SkMatrix< T\_ > & A )

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkMatrix).

## Parameters

in	e	Reference to local Element
in	ae	Local matrix
in,out	Α	Global matrix

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void side\_assembly ( const Element & e, const LocalVect< T\_-, N\_- > & be, Vect< T\_- > & b)

Side assembly of local vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	е	Reference to local Element
in	be	Local vector
in,out	b	Global vector

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 5.6 Global Variables

All global variables in the library.

## **Variables**

• Node \* theNode

A pointer to Node.

• Element \* the Element

A pointer to Element.

• Side \* theSide

A pointer to Side.

• Edge \* theEdge

A pointer to Edge.

• int theStep

Time step counter.

• int theIteration

Iteration counter.

int NbTimeSteps

Number of time steps.

• int MaxNbIterations

Maximal number of iterations.

• int Verbosity

Parameter for verbosity of message outputting.

real\_t theTimeStep

Time step label.

• real\_t theTime

Time value.

• real\_t theFinalTime

Final time value.

• real\_t theTolerance

Tolerance value for convergence.

• real\_t theDiscrepancy

Value of discrepancy for an iterative procedure Its default value is 1.0.

• bool Converged

Boolean variable to say if an iterative procedure has converged.

• bool InitPetsc

## 5.6.1 Detailed Description

All global variables in the library.

#### 5.6.2 Variable Documentation

Node\* theNode

A pointer to Node.

Useful for loops on nodes

#### **Element\* the Element**

A pointer to Element.

Useful for loops on elements

#### Side\* theSide

A pointer to Side.

Useful for loops on sides

## Edge\* theEdge

A pointer to Edge.

Useful for loops on edges

## int theStep

Time step counter.

This counter must be initialized by the user if the macro timeLoop is not used

#### Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. In this case, it has to be initialized before. Its default value is 1

## int theIteration

Iteration counter.

This counter must be initialized by the user

## Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro IterationLoop. Its default value is 1

## int NbTimeSteps

Number of time steps.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop.

#### int MaxNbIterations

Maximal number of iterations.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro IterationLoop. Its default value is 1000

## int Verbosity

Parameter for verbosity of message outputting.

Its default value is 1

## real\_t theTimeStep

Time step label.

#### Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. In this case, it has to be initialized before

#### real\_t theTime

Time value.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. Its default value is 0.0

#### real\_t theFinalTime

Final time value.

Remarks

May be used in conjunction with the macro TimeLoop. In this case, it has to be initialized before

#### real\_t theTolerance

Tolerance value for convergence.

Remarks

May be used within an iterative procedure. Its default value is 1.e-8

## bool Converged

Boolean variable to say if an iterative procedure has converged. Its default value is false

## bool InitPetsc

Boolean to say if PETSc use was initialized. Useful only if PETSc is used

## 5.7 Heat Transfer

Heat Transfer equations.

#### Classes

• class DC1DL2

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements.

• class DC2DT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC2DT6

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

• class DC3DAT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC3DT4

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

• class Equa\_Therm< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

class PhaseChange

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

## 5.7.1 Detailed Description

Heat Transfer equations.

# 5.8 Input/Output

Input/Output utility classes.

#### Classes

• class IOField

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

• class IPF

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

• class Prescription

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

## **Macros**

• #define MAX\_NB\_PAR 50

Maximum number of parameters.

• #define MAX\_ARRAY\_SIZE 100

Maximum array size.

• #define MAX\_INPUT\_STRING\_LENGTH 100

Maximum string length.

• #define FILENAME\_LENGTH 150

Length of a string defining a file name.

• #define MAX\_FFT\_SIZE 15

Maximal size for the FFT Table This table can be used by the FFT for any number of points from 2 up to  $MAX\_FFT\_SIZE$ . For example, if  $MAX\_FFT\_SIZE = 14$ , then we can transform anywhere from 2 to  $2^15 = 32,768$  points, using the same sine and cosine table.

## 5.8.1 Detailed Description

Input/Output utility classes.

## 5.8.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## #define MAX\_NB\_PAR 50

Maximum number of parameters.

Used in class IPF

#### #define MAX\_ARRAY\_SIZE 100

Maximum array size.

Used in class IPF

#### #define MAX\_INPUT\_STRING\_LENGTH 100

Maximum string length.

Used in class IPF

# 5.9 Interface Problems

Interface problems, including image processing.

## Classes

• class FastMarching2D

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

• class FMMSolver

The Fast Marching Method solver.

# 5.9.1 Detailed Description

Interface problems, including image processing.

# 5.10 Laplace equation

Laplace and Poisson equations.

#### Classes

• class Equa\_Laplace< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

• class Laplace1DL2

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element  $(P_1)$ .

• class Laplace1DL3

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line  $(P_2)$ .

• class Laplace2DFVT

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

• class Laplace2DMHRT0

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT<sub>0</sub>).

• class Laplace2DT3

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element  $(P_1)$ .

• class LaplaceDG2DP1

To build and solve the linear system for the Poisson problem using the DG  $P_1$  2-D triangle element.

• class SteklovPoincare2DBE

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

## 5.10.1 Detailed Description

Laplace and Poisson equations.

## **5.11 OFELI**

## **Modules**

• Conservation Law Equations

Conservation law equations.

Electromagnetics

Electromagnetic equations.

• Finite Element Mesh

Mesh management classes

• Fluid Dynamics

Fluid Dynamics equations.

• General Purpose Equations

Gathers equation related classes.

• Global Variables

All global variables in the library.

• Heat Transfer

Heat Transfer equations.

• Input/Output

Input/Output utility classes.

• Interface Problems

Interface problems, including image processing.

• Laplace equation

Laplace and Poisson equations.

· Physical properties of media

Physical properties of materials and media.

• Porous Media problems

Porous Media equation classes.

• Shape Function

Shape function classes.

• Solid Mechanics

Solid Mechanics finite element equations.

• Solver

Solver functions and classes.

• Utilities

Utility functions and classes.

• Vector and Matrix

Vector and matrix classes.

## **Files**

• file AbsEqua.h

Definition file for abstract class AbsEqua.

• file ICPG1D.h

Definition file for class ICPG1D.

• file ICPG2DT.h

Definition file for class ICPG2DT.

• file ICPG3DT.h

Definition file for class ICPG3DT.

• file LCL1D.h

Definition file for class LCL1D.

• file LCL2DT.h

Definition file for class LCL2DT.

• file LCL3DT.h

Definition file for class LCL3DT.

• file Muscl.h

Definition file for class Muscl.

• file Muscl1D.h

Definition file for class Muscl1D.

• file Muscl2DT.h

Definition file for class Muscl2DT.

• file Muscl3DT.h

Definition file for class Muscl3DT.

file BiotSavart.h

Definition file for class BiotSavart.

• file EC2D1T3.h

Definition file for class EC2D1T3.

• file EC2D2T3.h

Definition file for class EC2D2T3.

• file Equa\_Electromagnetics.h

Definition file for class FE\_Electromagnetics.

• file HelmholtzBT3.h

Definition file for class HelmholtzBT3.

• file Equation.h

Definition file for class Equation.

• file Equa\_Fluid.h

Definition file for class Equa\_Fluid.

• file NSP2DQ41.h

Definition file for class NSP2DQ41.

• file TINS2DT3S.h

Definition file for class TINS2DT3S.

• file TINS3DT4S.h

Definition file for class TINS3DT4S.

• file Equa\_Laplace.h

Definition file for class Equa\_Laplace.

• file Laplace1DL2.h

Definition file for class Laplace1DL2.

• file Laplace1DL3.h

Definition file for class Laplace1DL3.

• file Laplace2DFVT.h

Definition file for class Laplace.

• file Laplace2DMHRT0.h

Definition file for class Laplace2DMHRT0.

• file Laplace2DT3.h

Definition file for class Laplace2DT3.

• file Laplace3DT4.h

Definition file for class Laplace3DT4.

• file SteklovPoincare2DBE.h

Definition file for class SteklovPoincare2DBE.

• file Equa\_Porous.h

Definition file for class Equa\_Porous.

• file WaterPorous1D.h

Definition file for class WaterPorous1D.

• file WaterPorous2D.h

Definition file for class WaterPorous2D.

• file Bar2DL2.h

Definition file for class Bar2DL2.

• file Beam3DL2.h

Definition file for class Beam3DL2.

• file Elas2DQ4.h

Definition file for class Elas2DQ4.

• file Elas2DT3.h

Definition file for class Elas2DT3.

• file Elas3DH8.h

Definition file for class Elas3DH8.

• file Elas3DT4.h

 $Definition\ file\ for\ class\ Elas 3DT 4.$ 

• file Equa\_Solid.h

Definition file for class Equa\_Solid.

• file DC1DL2.h

Definition file for class DC1DL2.

• file DC2DT3.h

Definition file for class DC2DT3.

• file DC2DT6.h

Definition file for class DC2DT6.

• file DC3DAT3.h

Definition file for class DC3DAT3.

• file DC3DT4.h

Definition file for class DC3DT4.

• file Equa\_Therm.h

 $Definition\ file\ for\ class\ Equa\_Therm.$ 

• file PhaseChange.h

Definition file for class PhaseChange and its parent abstract class.

• file Funct.h

Definition file for class Funct.

• file IOField.h

Definition file for class IOField.

• file IPF.h

Definition file for class IPF.

• file output.h

File that contains some output utility functions.

• file Prescription.h

Definition file for class Prescription.

• file saveField.h

Prototypes for functions to save mesh in various file formats.

file saveField.h

Prototypes for functions to save mesh in various file formats.

• file Tabulation.h

Definition file for class Tabulation.

• file UserData.h

Definition file for abstract class UserData.

• file BMatrix.h

Definition file for class BMatrix.

• file DMatrix.h

Definition file for class DMatrix.

• file DSMatrix.h

Definition file for abstract class DSMatrix.

• file LocalMatrix.h

Definition file for class LocalMatrix.

• file LocalVect.h

Definition file for class LocalVect.

• file Matrix.h

Definition file for abstract class Matrix.

• file PETScMatrix.h

Definition file for class PETScMatrix.

• file Point.h

Definition file and implementation for class Point.

• file Point2D.h

 $Definition\ file\ for\ class\ Point 2D.$ 

• file SkMatrix.h

Definition file for class SkMatrix.

• file SkSMatrix.h

Definition file for class SkSMatrix.

• file SpMatrix.h

Definition file for class SpMatrix.

• file TrMatrix.h

Definition file for class TrMatrix.

• file Domain.h

Definition file for class Domain.

• file Edge.h

Definition file for class Edge.

• file Element.h

Definition file for class Element.

• file Figure.h

Definition file for figure classes.

• file getMesh.h

Definition file for mesh conversion functions.

• file Grid.h

Definition file for class Grid.

• file Material.h

Definition file for class Material.

• file Mesh.h

Definition file for class Mesh.

• file MeshAdapt.h

Definition file for class MeshAdapt.

file MeshExtract.h

Definition file for classes for extracting submeshes.

• file MeshUtil.h

*Definitions of utility functions for meshes.* 

• file Node.h

Definition file for class Node.

• file saveMesh.h

Prototypes for functions to save mesh in various file formats.

• file Side.h

Definition file for class Side.

• file FEShape.h

Definition file for class FEShape.

• file Hexa8.h

Definition file for class Hexa8.

• file Line2.h

Definition file for class Line2.

• file Line2H.h

Definition file for class Line2H.

• file Line3.h

Definition file for class Line3.

• file Penta6.h

Definition file for class Penta6.

• file Quad4.h

Definition file for class Quad4.

• file Tetra4.h

Definition file for class Tetra4.

• file Triang3.h

Definition file for class Triang3.

• file Triang6S.h

Definition file for class Triang6S.

• file BiCG.h

Solves an unsymmetric linear system of equations using the BiConjugate Gradient method.

• file BSpline.h

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

• file CG.h

Functions to solve a symmetric positive definite linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient method.

• file CGS.h

Solves an unsymmetric linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient Squared method.

• file EigenProblemSolver.h

Definition file for class EigenProblemSolver.

• file GMRes.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Generalized Minimum Residual method.

• file GS.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Gauss-Seidel method.

• file Jacobi.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Jacobi method.

• file MyNLAS.h

Definition file for abstract class MyNLAS.

• file MyOpt.h

Definition file for abstract class MyOpt.

• file ODESolver.h

Definition file for class ODESolver.

• file Prec.h

Definition file for preconditioning classes.

• file Richardson.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Richardson method.

• file SSOR.h

Function to solve a linear system of equations using the Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation method.

• file TimeStepping.h

Definition file for class TimeStepping.

• file constants.h

File that contains some widely used constants.

file Gauss.h

Definition file for struct Gauss.

• file qksort.h

File that contains template quick sorting function.

• file Timer.h

 $Definition\ file\ for\ class\ Timer.$ 

• file util.h

File that contains various utility functions.

#### Classes

• class SkMatrix< T\_>

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

class SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>

 ${\it To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.}$ 

class SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

class AbsEqua< T\_>

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

• class LocalVect< T\_, N\_>

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

• class ICPG1D

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D.

• class ICPG2DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D.

class ICPG3DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D.

• class LCL1D

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

class LCL2DT

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

class LCL3DT

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

class Muscl

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Vect< T\_>

To handle general purpose vectors.

class Muscl1D

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

class Muscl2DT

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

class Muscl3DT

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

class BiotSavart

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

• class EC2D1T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

• class EC2D2T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using transversal approximation.

class Equa\_Electromagnetics< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

• class HelmholtzBT3

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles.

class Equation < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for all equation classes.

• class Equa\_Fluid < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

• class NSP2DQ41

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using  $Q_1/P_0$  element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

• class TINS2DT3S

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 3-node triangle finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

• class TINS3DT4S

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 3-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 4-node tatrahedral finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

• class FastMarching2D

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

• class FMM2D

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm

• class FMM3D

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm

class FMMSolver

The Fast Marching Method solver.

• class Equa\_Laplace< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

class Laplace1DL2

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element  $(P_1)$ .

• class Laplace1DL3

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line  $(P_2)$ .

• class Laplace2DFVT

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

• class Laplace2DMHRT0

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas  $RT_0$ ).

• class Laplace2DT3

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element  $(P_1)$ .

class SteklovPoincare2DBE

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

• class Equa\_Porous< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Porous Media Finite Element classes.

• class WaterPorous2D

To solve water flow equations in porous media (1-D)

class Bar2DL2

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

• class Beam3DL2

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

class Elas2DQ4

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

• class Elas2DT3

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.

class Elas3DH8

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

class Elas3DT4

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

class Equa\_Solid < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

• class DC1DL2

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements.

• class DC2DT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC2DT6

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

• class DC3DAT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

class DC3DT4

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

• class Equa\_Therm< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

class PhaseChange

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

class Funct

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

• class IOField

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

class IPF

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

• class Prescription

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

• class Tabulation

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

class UserData< T\_>

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

class BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>

To handle band matrices.

• class DMatrix< T\_>

To handle dense matrices.

class DSMatrix< T\_>

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

• class LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_>

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

class Matrix< T<sub>-</sub>>

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

class PETScVect< T\_>

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

• class PETScMatrix< T\_>

 ${\it To handle matrices in sparse storage form at using the Petsc library.}$ 

• class PETScWrapper< T\_>

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

class Point< T\_>

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Point2D< T\_>

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class LinearSolver< T\_>

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

• class TrMatrix< T\_>

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

• class Domain

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class Edge

To describe an edge.

• class Element

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

• class Figure

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

• class Rectangle

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

class Brick

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

class Circle

To store and treat a circular figure.

class Sphere

To store and treat a sphere.

• class Ellipse

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

class Triangle

To store and treat a triangle.

• class Polygon

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

• class Grid

To manipulate structured grids.

class Material

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

• class Mesh

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

class MeshAdapt

To adapt mesh in function of given solution.

• class NodeList

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

• class ElementList

 ${\it Class\ to\ construct\ a\ list\ of\ elements\ having\ some\ common\ properties}.$ 

• class SideList

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

class EdgeList

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

• class Node

To describe a node.

• class Partition

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

class Side

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

• class OFELIException

To handle exceptions in OFELI.

• class FEShape

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

class triangle

Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

class Hexa8

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

• class Line2

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

• class Line2H

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

• class Line3

*To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.* 

• class Penta6

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation in local coordinates (s.x, s.y) and  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x, s.z) and (s.y, s.z).

class Quad4

*Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using*  $Q_1$  *isoparametric interpolation.* 

• class Tetra4

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation.

• class Triang3

Defines a 3-Node  $(P_1)$  triangle.

class Triang6S

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P2 interpolation.

• class Prec< T\_>

To set a preconditioner.

• class EigenProblemSolver

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, i.e. Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that  $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$  where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as Stiffness and Mass matrices respectively.

• class Iter< T\_>

Class to drive an iterative process.

class MyNLAS

Abstract class to define by user specified function.

class MyOpt

Abstract class to define by user specified optimization function.

• class ODESolver

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

class TimeStepping

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form  $[A2]\{y''\}+[A1]\{y'\}+[A0]\{y\}=\{b\}$ .

• class Gauss

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

class Timer

To handle elapsed time counting.

## **Enumerations**

#### **Functions**

```
• T_*A()
```

Return element matrix.

• T\_\*b()

Return element right-hand side.

• T\_ \* Prev ()

Return element previous vector.

• IOField ()

Default constructor.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name.

• IOField (const string &mesh\_file, const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name, mesh file and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, const string &name)

Constructor using file name and field name.

• ∼IOField ()

Destructor.

• void setMeshFile (const string &file)

Set mesh file.

• void open ()

Open file.

• void open (const string &file, AccessType access)

Open file.

void close ()

Close file.

void put (Mesh &ms)

Store mesh in file.

void put (const Vect< real\_t > &v)

Store Vect instance v in file.

• void put (const PETScVect < real\_t > &v)

Store PETScVect instance v in file.

real\_t get (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Get Vect v instance from file.

• int get (Vect< real\_t > &v, const string &name)

Get Vect v instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (DMatrix< real\_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (DSMatrix< real\_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DSMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (Vect< real\_t > &v, real\_t t)

Get Vect v instance from file corresponding to a specific time value.

• void saveGMSH (string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save field vectors in a file using **GMSH** format.

• Tabulation ()

Default constructor.

• Tabulation (string file)

Constructor using file name.

• ∼Tabulation ()

Destructor.

• void setFile (string file)

Set file name.

• real\_t getValue (string funct, real\_t v)

Return the calculated value of the function.

• real\_t getDerivative (string funct, real\_t v)

Return the derivative of the function at a given point.

• real\_t getValue (string funct, real\_t v1, real\_t v2)

Return the calculated value of the function.

• real\_t getValue (string funct, real\_t v1, real\_t v2, real\_t v3)

Return the calculated value of the function.

Point< double > CrossProduct (const Point< double > &lp, const Point< double > &rp)

Return Cross product of two vectors lp and rp

• Grid ()

Construct a default grid with 10 intervals in each direction.

Grid (real\_t xm, real\_t xM, size\_t npx)

Construct a 1-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (real\_t xm, real\_t xM, real\_t ym, real\_t yM, size\_t npx, size\_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (Point < real\_t > m, Point < real\_t > M, size\_t npx, size\_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (real\_t xm, real\_t xM, real\_t ym, real\_t yM, real\_t zm, real\_t zM, size\_t npx, size\_t npx, size\_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (Point< real\_t > m, Point< real\_t > M, size\_t npx, size\_t npy, size\_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

void setXMin (const Point< real\_t > &x)

Set min. coordinates of the domain.

- void setXMax (const Point < real\_t > &x)
- void setDomain (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 1-D case.

void setDomain (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 2-D case.

• void setDomain (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, real\_t zmin, real\_t zmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

void setDomain (Point< real\_t > xmin, Point< real\_t > xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

• const Point< real\_t > & getXMin () const

Return min. Coordinates of the domain.

const Point< real\_t > & getXMax () const

Return max. Coordinates of the domain.

• void setN (size\_t nx, size\_t ny=0, size\_t nz=0)

Set number of grid intervals in the x, y and z-directions.

• size\_t getNx () const

Return number of grid intervals in the x-direction.

• size\_t getNy () const

Return number of grid intervals in the y-direction.

• size\_t getNz () const

Return number of grid intervals in the z-direction.

real\_t getHx () const

*Return grid size in the x-direction.* 

• real\_t getHy () const

Return grid size in the y-direction.

real\_t getHz () const

Return grid size in the z-direction.

• Point< real\_t > getCoord (size\_t i) const

Return coordinates a point with label i in a 1-D grid.

• Point< real\_t > getCoord (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j) in a 2-D grid.

• Point< real\_t > getCoord (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j, k) in a 3-D grid.

real\_t getX (size\_t i) const

Return x-coordinate of point with index i

• real\_t getY (size\_t j) const

Return y-coordinate of point with index j

real\_t getZ (size\_t k) const

Return z-coordinate of point with index k

• Point2D< real\_t > getXY (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j)

Point< real\_t > getXYZ (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j, k)

• real\_t getCenter (size\_t i) const

Return coordinates of center of a 1-D cell with indices i, i+1

Point< real\_t > getCenter (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return coordinates of center of a 2-D cell with indices (i, j), (i+1, j), (i+1, j+1), (i, j+1)

• Point< real\_t > getCenter (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return coordinates of center of a 3-D cell with indices (i, j, k), (i+1, j, k), (i+1, j+1, k), (i, j+1, k), (i, j, k+1), (i+1, j, k+1), (i+1, j+1, k+1), (i, j+1, k+1)

• void setCode (string exp, int code)

Set a code for some grid points.

• void setCode (int side, int code)

Set a code for grid points on sides.

• int getCode (int side) const

Return code for a side number.

• int getCode (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return code for a grid point.

• int getCode (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return code for a grid point.

size\_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

void Deactivate (size\_t i)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (1-D grid)

• void Deactivate (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

• void Deactivate (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size\_t i) const

Say if cell is active or not (1-D grid)

• int isActive (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Say if cell is active or not (2-D grid)

int isActive (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Say if cell is active or not (3-D grid)

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Grid &g)

Output grid data.

• OFELIException (const std::string &s)

This form will be used most often in a throw.

• OFELIException ()

Throw with no error message.

• LocalMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• LocalMatrix (const LocalMatrix < T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > &m)

Copy constructor.

• LocalMatrix (Element \*el, const SpMatrix < T\_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SpMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element \*el, const SkMatrix < T\_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element \*el, const SkSMatrix < T\_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkSMatrix.

• void Localize (Element \*el, const SpMatrix< T\_> &a)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SpMatrix.

void Localize (Element \*el, const SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>> &a)

*Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkMatrix.* 

• void Localize (Element \*el, const SkSMatrix< T\_> &a)

*Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkSMatrix.* 

LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & operator= (const LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > &m)
 Operator =

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & operator= (const T\_ &x)

Operator =

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & operator+= (const LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > &m)

Operator +=

• LocalMatrix < T-, NR-, NC- > & operator-= (const LocalMatrix < T-, NR-, NC- > &m)

• LocalVect< T $_-$ , NR $_-$ > operator\* (LocalVect< T $_-$ , NC $_-$ > &x)

Operator \*

LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub> > & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator +=

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & operator= (const T\_ &x)

Operator -=

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_> & operator\*= (const T\_ &x)

Operator \*=

• LocalMatrix $< T_-$ , NR\_-, NC\_- > & operator/= (const  $T_-$  &x)

Operator /=

void MultAdd (const LocalVect< T\_, NC\_> &x, LocalVect< T\_, NR\_> &y)

Multiply matrix by vector and add result to vector.

void MultAddScal (const T<sub>-</sub> &a, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub> > &x, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub> > &y)
 Multiply matrix by scaled vector and add result to vector.

• void Mult (const LocalVect< T\_, NC\_ > &x, LocalVect< T\_, NR\_ > &y)

Multiply matrix by vector.

• void Symmetrize ()

Symmetrize matrix.

• int Factor ()

Factorize matrix.

• int Solve (LocalVect< T\_, NR\_> &b)

Forward and backsubstitute to solve a linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve linear system.

• void Invert (LocalMatrix < T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > &A)

Calculate inverse of matrix.

•  $T_-$  getInnerProduct (const LocalVect<  $T_-$ ,  $NC_-$  > &x, const LocalVect<  $T_-$ ,  $NR_-$  > &y)

Calculate inner product witrh respect to matrix.

LocalVect ()

Default constructor.

• LocalVect (const T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Constructor using a C-array.

• LocalVect (const Element \*el)

Constructor using Element pointer.

LocalVect (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using Side pointer.

• LocalVect (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)

Copy constructor.

• LocalVect (const Element \*el, const Vect< T\_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• LocalVect (const Side \*sd, const Vect< T\_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of a side vector from a global Vect instance.

• void getLocal (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &v, int type)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• void Localize (const Element \*el, const Vect< T\_> &v, size\_t k=0)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• void Localize (const Side \*sd, const Vect< T\_> &v, size\_t k=0)

Localize a side vector from a global Vect instance.

- LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
   Operator =
- LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_-$ > & operator= (const T $_-$ &x)

Operator =

• LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > & operator+= (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)

Operator +=

• LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > & operator += (const T_- & a)$ 

Operator +=

• LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > \& operator = (const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&v)$ 

Operator -=

• LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_ > & operator= (const T<math>_-$  &a)

Operator -=

• LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_ > & operator*= (const T<math>_-$  &a)

Operator \*=

• LocalVect $< T_-$ ,  $N_- > \& operator/= (const <math>T_- \& a)$ 

Operator /=

•  $T_-$  operator, (const LocalVect $< T_-$ ,  $N_- > &v$ ) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

• Iter ()

Default Constructor.

• Iter (int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose=0)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

• bool check (Vect< T $_->$  &u, const Vect< T $_->$  &v, int opt=2)

Check convergence.

bool check (T<sub>-</sub> &u, const T<sub>-</sub> &v)

Check convergence for a scalar case (one equation)

## 5.11.1 Detailed Description

## 5.11.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### enum PDE\_Terms

Enumerate variable that selects various terms in partial differential equations

#### Enumerator

CONSISTENT\_MASS Consistent mass term

**LUMPED\_MASS** Lumped mass term

MASS Consistent mass term

**CAPACITY** Consistent capacity term

CONSISTENT\_CAPACITY Consistent capacity term

LUMPED\_CAPACITY Lumped capacity term

VISCOSITY Viscosity term

STIFFNESS Stiffness term

**DIFFUSION** Diffusion term

MOBILITY Mobility term

**CONVECTION** Convection term

**DEVIATORIC** Deviatoric term

**DILATATION** Dilatational term

**ELECTRIC** Electric term

MAGNETIC Magnetic term

LOAD Body load term

**HEAT\_SOURCE** Body heat source term

BOUNDARY\_TRACTION Boundary traction (pressure) term

HEAT\_FLUX Boundary heat flux term

CONTACT Signorini contact

**BUOYANCY** Buoyancy force term

LORENTZ\_FORCE Lorentz force term

## enum EqDataType

Enumerate variable that selects equation data type

#### Enumerator

INITIAL\_FIELD Initial condition

**SOLUTION** Solution vector (same as Initial)

INITIAL\_AUX\_1 Initial auxiliary field

INITIAL\_AUX\_2 Initial auxiliary field

INITIAL\_AUX\_3 Initial auxiliary field

INITIAL\_AUX\_4 Initial auxiliary field

BOUNDARY\_CONDITION Boundary condition data

BODY\_FORCE Body force data

**SOURCE** Source data (same as Body force)

POINT\_FORCE Localized (at point) force

**BOUNDARY FORCE** Boundary force data

FLUX Flux data (same as Boundary force)

TRACTION Traction data (same as Boundary force)

AUX\_INPUT\_FIELD\_1 Auxiliary input field 1

AUX\_INPUT\_FIELD\_2 Auxiliary input field 2

AUX\_INPUT\_FIELD\_3 Auxiliary input field 3

AUX\_INPUT\_FIELD\_4 Auxiliary input field 4

DISPLACEMENT\_FIELD A displacement field

VELOCITY\_FIELD A velocity field

TEMPERATURE\_FIELD A temperature field

#### enum ArrayType

Selects local or global option for array as argument.

## Enumerator

LOCAL\_ARRAY For a local array labeled with local numbering GLOBAL\_ARRAY For a local array labeled with global numbering

#### enum TimeScheme

Selects time integration scheme

#### Enumerator

STATIONARY No time scheme: stationary

FORWARD EULER Forward Euler scheme (Explicit)

BACKWARD\_EULER Backward Euler scheme (Implicit)

CRANK\_NICOLSON Crank-Nicolson scheme

**HEUN** Heun scheme

**NEWMARK** Newmark scheme

LEAP\_FROG Leap Frog scheme

ADAMS\_BASHFORTH Adams-Bashforth scheme (2nd Order)

AB2 Adams-Bashforth scheme (2nd Order)

RUNGE\_KUTTA 4-th Order Runge-Kutta scheme (4th Order)

RK4 4-th Order Runge-Kutta scheme

RK3\_TVD 3-rd Order Runge-Kutta TVD scheme

BDF2 Backward Difference Formula (2nd Order)

#### enum FEType

Choose Finite Element Type

#### Enumerator

```
FE_2D_3N 2-D elements, 3-Nodes (P1)
```

FE\_2D\_6N 2-D elements, 6-Nodes (P2)

FE\_2D\_4N 2-D elements, 4-Nodes (Q1)

FE\_3D\_AXI\_3N 3-D Axisymmetric elements, 3-Nodes (P1)

*FE\_3D\_4N* 3-D elements, 4-Nodes (P1)

FE\_3D\_8N 3-D elements, 8-Nodes (Q1)

#### enum AnalysisType

Choose analysis type

#### Enumerator

STEADY\_STATE Steady state analysis

TRANSIENT Transient analysis

**OPTIMIZATION** Optimization analysis

#### enum MatrixType

Choose matrix storage and type

#### Enumerator

DENSE Dense storage

SKYLINE Skyline storage

SPARSE Sparse storage

DIAGONAL Diagonal storage

TRIDIAGONAL Tridiagonal storage

BAND Band storage

SYMMETRIC Symmetric matrix UNSYMMETRIC Unsymmetric matrix

**IDENTITY** Identity matrix

#### enum Iteration

Choose iterative solver for the linear system.

#### Enumerator

DIRECT\_SOLVER Direct solver
CG\_SOLVER CG Method
CGS\_SOLVER CGS Metod
BICG\_SOLVER BiCG Method
BICG\_STAB\_SOLVER BiCGStab Method
GMRES\_SOLVER GMRes Method

#### enum Preconditioner

Choose preconditioner for the linear system.

#### Enumerator

IDENT\_PREC Identity (No preconditioning)
 DIAG\_PREC Diagonal preconditioner
 DILU\_PREC ILU (Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
 ILU\_PREC DILU (Diagonal Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
 SSOR\_PREC SSOR preconditioner

#### enum BCType

To select special boundary conditions.

#### Enumerator

PERIODIC\_A Periodic Boundary conditions (first side)PERIODIC\_B Periodic Boundary conditions (second side)CONTACT\_BC Contact Boundary conditionsSLIP Slip Boundary conditions

## 5.11.3 Function Documentation

#### T\_\* OFELI::A ( )

Return element matrix.

Matrix is returned as a C-array

#### T\_\* OFELI::b()

Return element right-hand side.

Right-hand side is returned as a C-array

#### T\_\* OFELI::Prev ( )

Return element previous vector.

This is the vector given in time dependent constructor. It is returned as a C-array.

## IOField ( const string & file, AccessType access, bool compact = true )

Constructor using file name.

#### **Parameters**

in	file	File name.	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:	
		• IOField::IN to read the file	
		• IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	compact	Flag to choose a compact storage or not [Default: true]	

# IOField ( const string & $mesh\_file$ , const string & file, Mesh & ms, AccessType access, bool compact = true )

Constructor using file name, mesh file and mesh.

in	mesh_file	File containing mesh
in	file	File that contains field stored or to store
in	ms	Mesh instance
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:  • IOField::IN to read the file  • IOField::OUT to write on it
in	compact	Flag to choose a compact storage or not [Default: true]

## IOField ( const string & file, Mesh & ms, AccessType access, bool compact = true )

Constructor using file name and mesh.

#### Parameters

in	file	File that contains field stored or to store	
in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:  • IOField::IN to read the file  • IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	compact	Flag to choose a compact storage or not [Default: true]	

## IOField (const string & file, AccessType access, const string & name)

Constructor using file name and field name.

#### Parameters

in	file	File that contains field stored or to store	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:	
		• IOField::IN to read the file	
		• IOField::OUT to write on it	
in	name	Seek a specific field with given name	

## void setMeshFile ( const string & file )

Set mesh file.

#### Parameters

in	file	Mesh file

## void open ( )

Open file.

Case where file name has been previously given (in the constructor).

## void open ( const string & file, AccessType access )

Open file.

in	file	File name.	
in	access	Access code. This number is to be chosen among two enumerated values:	
		• IOField::IN to read the file	
		• IOField::OUT to write on it	

## void put ( const Vect< real\_t > & v )

Store Vect instance v in file.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance to store
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## void put ( const PETScVect< real\_t > & v )

Store PETScVect instance v in file.

#### Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to store

## real\_t get ( Vect< real\_t > & v )

Get Vect v instance from file.

First time step is read from the XML file.

## int get ( Vect< real\_t > & v, const string & name )

Get Vect v instance from file if the field has the given name. First time step is read from the XML file.

#### Parameters

in,out	v	Vect instance
in	name	Name to seek in the XML file

## int get ( DMatrix< real\_t> & A, const string & name )

Get DMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name. First time step is read from the XML file.

in,out	A	DMatrix instance

in	name	Name to seek in the XML file
----	------	------------------------------

## int get ( DSMatrix < real\_t > & A, const string & name )

Get DSMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name. First time step is read from the XML file.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	A	DSMatrix instance
in	name	Name to seek in the XML file

#### int get ( Vect< real\_t > & v, real\_t t )

Get Vect v instance from file corresponding to a specific time value.

The sought vector corresponding to the time value is read from the XML file.

#### Parameters

in,out	v	Vector instance
in	t	Time value

## void saveGMSH ( string output\_file, string mesh\_file )

Save field vectors in a file using **GMSH** format.

This member function enables avoiding the use of cfield. It must be used once all field vectors have been stored in output file. It closes this file and copies its contents to a **GMSH** file.

#### Parameters

in	output_file	Output file name where to store using GMSH format
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

## void setFile ( string file )

Set file name.

This function is to be used when the default constructor is invoked.

## real\_t getValue ( string funct, real\_t v )

Return the calculated value of the function.

Case of a function of one variable

in	funct	Name of the function to be evaluated, as read from input file

in	v	Value of the variable
----	---	-----------------------

#### Returns

Computed value of the function

## real\_t getDerivative ( string funct, real\_t v )

Return the derivative of the function at a given point.

Case of a function of one variable

#### Parameters

in	funct	Name of the function to be evaluated, as read from input file
in	v	Value of the variable

#### Returns

Derivative value

## real\_t getValue ( string funct, real\_t v1, real\_t v2 )

Return the calculated value of the function.

Case of a function of two variables

#### **Parameters**

in	funct	Name of the function to be evaluated, as read from input file
in	v1	Value of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Value of the second variable

#### Returns

Computed value of the function

## real\_t getValue ( string funct, real\_t v1, real\_t v2, real\_t v3 )

Return the calculated value of the function.

Case of a function of three variables

in	funct	Name of the funct to be evaluated, as read from input file
in	υ1	Value of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Value of the second variable
in	<i>v</i> 3	Value of the third variable

#### Returns

Computed value of the function

## Grid ( real\_t xm, real\_t xM, size\_t npx )

Construct a 1-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

#### Parameters

in	xm	Minimal value for x
in	хM	Maximal value for x
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction

## Grid ( real\_t xm, real\_t xM, real\_t ym, real\_t yM, size\_t npx, size\_t npy )

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

#### Parameters

in	xm	Minimal value for x
in	хM	Maximal value for x
in	ут	Minimal value for y
in	yМ	Maximal value for y
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction

## Grid ( Point < real\_t > m, Point < real\_t > M, size\_t npx, size\_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

#### Parameters

in	m	Minimal coordinate value
in	М	Maximal coordinate value
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction

# Grid ( real\_t xm, real\_t xM, real\_t ym, real\_t yM, real\_t zm, real\_t zM, size\_t npx, size\_t npy, size\_t npz )

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

i	.n	xm	Minimal value for x
i	n	хM	Maximal value for x

in	ym	Minimal value for y
in	уМ	Maximal value for y
in	zm	Minimal value for z
in	zM	Maximal value for z
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction
in	npz	Number of grid intervals in the z-direction

## Grid ( Point< real\_t > m, Point< real\_t > M, size\_t npx, size\_t npy, size\_t npy, size\_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

#### Parameters

in	m	Minimal coordinate value
in	M	Maximal coordinate value
in	прх	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пру	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction
in	npz	Number of grid intervals in the z-direction

## void setXMin ( const Point < real\_t > & x )

Set min. coordinates of the domain.

#### Parameters

in	x	Minimal values of coordinates

#### void setXMax ( const Point < real\_t > & x )

Set max. coordinates of the domain.

#### Parameters

in	x	Maximal values of coordinates

## void setDomain ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax )

Set Dimensions of the domain: 1-D case.

in	xmin	Minimal value of x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal value of x-coordinate

## void setDomain ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax )

Set Dimensions of the domain: 2-D case.

#### **Parameters**

	1	
in	xmin	Minimal value of x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal value of x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal value of y-coordinate
in	ymax	Maximal value of y-coordinate

## void setDomain ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, real\_t zmin, real\_t zmax )

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

#### Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal value of x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal value of x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal value of y-coordinate
in	ymax	Maximal value of y-coordinate
in	zmin	Minimal value of z-coordinate
in	zmax	Maximal value of z-coordinate

## void setDomain ( Point< real\_t > xmin, Point< real\_t > xmax )

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

## Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal coordinate value
in	xmax	Maximal coordinate value

## void setN ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny = 0, size\_t nz = 0 )

Set number of grid intervals in the x, y and z-directions.

Number of points is the number of intervals plus one in each direction

in	nx	Number of grid intervals in the x-direction
in	пу	Number of grid intervals in the y-direction (Default=0: 1-D grid)
in	nz	Number of grid intervals in the z-direction (Default=0: 1-D or 2-D grid)

#### Remarks

: The size of the grid (xmin and xmax) must have been defined before.

## size\_t getNy ( ) const

Return number of grid intervals in the y-direction. ny=0 for 1-D domains (segments)

## size\_t getNz ( ) const

Return number of grid intervals in the z-direction. nz=0 for 1-D (segments) and 2-D domains (rectangles)

## void setCode ( string exp, int code )

Set a code for some grid points.

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Regular expression that determines the set of grid points on which the code is applied.
in	code	Code to assign.

## void setCode ( int side, int code )

Set a code for grid points on sides.

## Parameters

in	side	Side for which code is assigned. Possible values are: MIN_X, MAX_X, MIN_Y, MAX_Y, MIN_Z, MAX_Z
in	code	Code to assign.

## int getCode ( int side ) const

Return code for a side number.

#### Parameters

in	side	Side for which code is returned. Possible values are: MIN_X, MAX_X, MIN_Y, MAX_Y,
		MIN_Z, MAX_Z

## int getCode ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Return code for a grid point.

in	i	i-th index for node for which code is to be returned.

in	j	j-th index for node for which code is to be returned.
----	---	---

## int getCode ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k ) const

Return code for a grid point.

#### Parameters

in	i	i-th index for node for which code is to be returned.
in	j	j-th index for node for which code is to be returned.
in	k	k-th index for node for which code is to be returned.

#### void Deactivate ( size\_t i )

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (1-D grid)

#### Parameters

	in	i	grid cell to remove
--	----	---	---------------------

## void Deactivate ( size\_t i, size\_t j )

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

## Parameters

in	i	i-th index for grid cell to remove. If this value is 0, all cells (*, j) are deactivated
in	j	j-th index for grid cell to remove If this value is 0, all cells (i,*) are deactivated

#### Remarks

if i and j have value 0 all grid cells are deactivated!!

## void Deactivate ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k )

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

in	i	i-th index for grid cell to remove. If this value is 0, all cells (*, j,k) are deactivated
in	j	j-th index for grid cell to remove If this value is 0, all cells (i,*,k) are deactivated
in	k	k-th index for grid cell to remove If this value is 0, all cells (i,j,*) are deactivated

## int is Active ( $size_{-}ti$ ) const

Say if cell is active or not (1-D grid)

#### Parameters

in i	Index of cell
------	---------------

#### Returns

1 if cell is active, 0 if not

## int isActive ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Say if cell is active or not (2-D grid)

#### **Parameters**

in	i	i-th index of cell
in	j	j-th index of cell

#### Returns

1 if cell is active, 0 if not

## int is Active ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k ) const

Say if cell is active or not (3-D grid)

## Parameters

in	i	i-th index of cell
in	j	j-th index of cell
in	k	k-th index of cell

## Returns

1 if cell is active, 0 if not

## LocalMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs a matrix with 0 rows and 0 columns

## LocalMatrix ( Element \* el, const SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > & a )

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SpMatrix.

in	el	Pointer to Element
----	----	--------------------

in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SpMatrix.
----	---	--

## LocalMatrix ( Element \* el, const SkMatrix < $T_- > \& a$ )

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkMatrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SkMatrix.

## LocalMatrix ( Element \* el, const SkSMatrix < $T_- > & a$ )

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkSMatrix.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SkSMatrix.

## void Localize ( Element \* el, const SpMatrix< $T_- > \& a$ )

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SpMatrix.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SpMatrix. This function is called by its
		corresponding constructor.

## void Localize ( Element \* el, const SkMatrix< $T_- > \& a$ )

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkMatrix.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element	
in	а	Global matrix as instance of class SkMatrix. This function is called by its	
		corresponding constructor.	

## void Localize ( Element \* el, const SkSMatrix< $T_- > \& a$ )

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkSMatrix.

in	el	Pointer to Element	
in a Global matrix as instance of class SkSMatrix. This function is called by its		Global matrix as instance of class SkSMatrix. This function is called by its	
		corresponding constructor.	

LocalMatrix< T $_{-}$ , NR $_{-}$ , NC $_{-}$  > & operator= ( const LocalMatrix< T $_{-}$ , NR $_{-}$ , NC $_{-}$  > & m )

Operator =

Copy instance m into current instance.

LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & operator= ( const T<sub>-</sub> & x )

Operator =

Assign matrix to identity times x

LocalMatrix $< T_-$ , NR\_-, NC\_- > & operator+= ( const LocalMatrix $< T_-$ , NR\_-, NC\_- > & m )

Operator +=

Add m to current matrix.

LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & operator-= ( const LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & m )

Operator -=

Subtract m from current matrix.

LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>> operator\* ( LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & x )

Operator \*

Return a Vect instance as product of current matrix by vector x.

LocalMatrix $< T_-$ , NR\_-, NC\_ $> & operator += ( const T_- & x )$ 

Operator +=

Add constant x to current matrix entries.

LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & operator== ( const T<sub>-</sub> & x )

Operator -=

Subtract x from current matrix entries.

LocalMatrix $< T_-$ , NR\_-, NC\_- > & operator\*= ( const  $T_-$  & x )

Operator \*=

Multiply matrix entries by constant x.

LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & operator/= ( const T<sub>-</sub> & x )

Operator /=

Divide by x current matrix entries.

void MultAdd ( const LocalVect< T\_-, NC\_- > & x, LocalVect< T\_-, NR\_- > & y )

Multiply matrix by vector and add result to vector.

in	x	Vector to multiply matrix by.	
out	y	Resulting vector (y += a * x)	

# void MultAddScal ( const T\_ & a, const LocalVect< T\_, NC\_ > & x, LocalVect< T\_, NR\_ > & y )

Multiply matrix by scaled vector and add result to vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Constant to premultiply by vector x.	
in	x	(Scaled) vector to multiply matrix by.	
out	y	Resulting vector (y += a * x)	

## void Mult ( const LocalVect< $T_-$ , $NC_-$ > & x, LocalVect< $T_-$ , $NR_-$ > & y)

Multiply matrix by vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Vector to multiply matrix by.
out	y	Resulting vector.

## void Symmetrize ( )

Symmetrize matrix.

Fill upper triangle to form a symmetric matrix.

#### int Factor ( )

Factorize matrix.

Performs a LU factorization.

#### Returns

- 0: Factorization has ended normally,
- n: n-th pivot was zero.

## int Solve ( Local Vect< T $_{-}$ , NR $_{-}$ > & b )

Forward and backsubstitute to solve a linear system.

in	b	Right-hand side in input and solution vector in output.
----	---	---

#### Returns

- 0: Solution was performed normally.
- n: n-th pivot is zero.

#### Note

Matrix must have been factorized at first.

## int FactorAndSolve ( LocalVect $< T_{-}, NR_{-} > \& b$ )

Factorize matrix and solve linear system.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Right-hand side in input and solution vector in output.	
--------	---	---	--

#### Returns

0 if solution was performed normally. n if n-th pivot is zero. This function simply calls **Factor()** then **Solve(b)**.

## void Invert ( LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub> > & A )

Calculate inverse of matrix.

#### **Parameters**

out	Α	Inverse of matrix
-----	---	-------------------

## $T_-$ getInnerProduct ( const LocalVect< $T_-$ , $NC_-$ > & x, const LocalVect< $T_-$ , $NR_-$ > & y)

Calculate inner product witrh respect to matrix.

Returns the product  $x^TAy$ 

### Parameters

in	х	Left vector
in	y	Right vector

#### Returns

Resulting product

## LocalVect ( const Element \* el, const Vect< $T_- > & v$ , int opt = 0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

in	el	Pointer to Element to localize	
in	v	Global vector to localize	
in	opt	Option for DOF treatment	
		<ul> <li>= 0, Normal case [Default]</li> <li>Any other value : only one DOF is handled (Local vector has as dimension number of degrees of freedom)</li> </ul>	

## LocalVect ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ , int opt = 0)

Constructor of a side vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to Side to localize	
in	v	Global vector to localize	
in	opt	Option for DOF treatment	
		• = 0, Normal case [Default]	
		<ul> <li>Any other value: only one DOF is handled (Local vector has as dimension number of degrees of freedom)</li> </ul>	

## void getLocal ( const Element & el, const Vect< T $_->$ & v, int type )

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes This function is called by the constructor  $\leftarrow$ : LocalVect(const Element \*el, const Vect<T $_->$  &v)

## Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize
in	type	Type of element. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: LINE2, TRIANG3, QUAD4, TETRA4, HEXA8, PENTA6

#### void Localize (const Element \* el, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ , size\_t k = 0)

Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes This function is called by the constructor  $\leftarrow$ : Local Vect(const Element \*el, const Vect< $T_{-}$ > &v)

in	el	Pointer to Side to localize

in	v	Global vector to localize
in	k	Degree of freedom to localize [Default: All degrees of freedom are stored]

#### void Localize (const Side \* sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ , size\_t k = 0)

Localize a side vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes This function is called by the constructor  $\leftarrow$ : Local Vect(const Side \*sd, const Vect< $T_-$ > &v)

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to Side to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize
in	k	Degree of freedom to localize [Default: All degrees of freedom are stored]

## LocalVect< T\_, $N_-$ > & operator= ( const LocalVect< T\_, $N_-$ > & v )

Operator =

Copy a LocalVect instance to the current one

LocalVect
$$<$$
 T $_-$ , N $_ >$  & operator= ( const T $_-$  &  $x$  )

Operator =

Assign value x to all vector entries

LocalVect
$$<$$
 T $_{-}$ , N $_{-}$  > & operator+= ( const LocalVect $<$  T $_{-}$ , N $_{-}$  > &  $v$  )

Operator +=

Add vector v to this instance

LocalVect
$$<$$
 T $_-$ , N $_ >$  & operator+= ( const T $_-$  &  $a$  )

Operator +=

Add constant a to vector entries

LocalVect< T\_, 
$$N_-$$
 > & operator== ( const LocalVect< T\_,  $N_-$  > &  $v$ )

Operator -=

Subtract vector v from this instance

LocalVect
$$< T_-$$
,  $N_- > \&$  operator== ( const  $T_- \& a$  )

Operator -=

Subtract constant a from vector entries

## LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > \& operator*= ( const T_- & a )$

Operator \*=

Multiply vector by constant a

### LocalVect $< T_-, N_- > \& operator/= ( const T_- & a )$

Operator /=

Divide vector by constant a

## $T_-$ operator, ( const LocalVect $< T_-$ , $N_- > \& v$ ) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (v,w) where v and w are 2 instances of Local $\leftarrow$  Vect<double,n>

#### **Parameters**

in	v	LocalVect instance by which the current instance is multiplied
----	---	--

## Iter ( )

Default Constructor.

This constructor set default values: the maximal number of iterations is set to 100 and the tolerance to 1.e-8

## Iter ( int $max_it$ , real\_t toler, int verbose = 0 )

Constructor with iteration parameters.

#### Parameters

in	max⇔ _it	Maximum number of iterations
in	toler	Tolerance value for convergence
in	verbose	Verbosity parameter [default: 0] 0: No message output, > 0: message output with increasing display.

## bool check ( Vect< $T_-$ > & u, const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, int opt = 2)

Check convergence.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	и	Solution vector at previous iteration
in	v	Solution vector at current iteration
in	opt	Vector norm for convergence checking 1: 1-norm, 2: 2-norm, 0: Max. norm [Default: 2]

### Returns

true if convergence criterion is satisfied, false if not

After checking, this function copied v into u.

## bool check ( $T_- \& u$ , const $T_- \& v$ )

Check convergence for a scalar case (one equation)

## Parameters

in,out	и	Solution at previous iteration
in	v	Solution at current iteration

#### Returns

true if convergence criterion is satisfied, false if not

After checking, this function copied v into u.

## 5.12 Physical properties of media

Physical properties of materials and media.

#### Classes

• class Material

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

## 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Physical properties of materials and media.

## 5.13 Porous Media problems

Porous Media equation classes.

## Classes

• class Equa\_Porous< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Abstract class for Porous Media Finite Element classes.

## 5.13.1 Detailed Description

Porous Media equation classes.

## 5.14 Shape Function

Shape function classes.

#### Classes

• class FEShape

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

• class triangle

Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

• class Hexa8

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

• class Line2

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

class Line2H

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

• class Line3

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.

• class Penta6

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z).

• class Quad4

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation.

• class Tetra4

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation.

• class Triang3

Defines a 3-Node  $(P_1)$  triangle.

class Triang6S

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P2 interpolation.

## 5.14.1 Detailed Description

Shape function classes.

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## 5.15 Solid Mechanics

Solid Mechanics finite element equations.

#### Classes

• class Bar2DL2

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

• class Beam3DL2

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

• class Elas2DQ4

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

• class Elas2DT3

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.

• class Elas3DH8

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

• class Elas3DT4

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

• class Equa\_Solid < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

## 5.15.1 Detailed Description

Solid Mechanics finite element equations.

## 5.16 Solver

Solver functions and classes.

#### Classes

• class Reconstruction

To perform various reconstruction operations.

class EigenProblemSolver

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, i.e. Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that  $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$  where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as Stiffness and Mass matrices respectively.

• class Iter< T\_>

Class to drive an iterative process.

• class LinearSolver< T\_>

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

• class MyNLAS

Abstract class to define by user specified function.

• class MyOpt

Abstract class to define by user specified optimization function.

• class NLASSolver

To solve a system of nonlinear algebraic equations of the form f(u) = 0.

class ODESolver

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

class OptSolver

To solve an optimization problem with bound constraints.

• class Prec< T\_>

To set a preconditioner.

class TimeStepping

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form  $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$ 

#### **Macros**

• #define MAX\_NB\_EQUATIONS 5

*Maximum number of equations.* 

• #define MAX\_NB\_INPUT\_FIELDS 3

Maximum number of fields for an equation.

• #define MAX\_NB\_MESHES 10

Maximum number of meshes.

• #define TIME\_LOOP(ts, t, ft, n)

A macro to loop on time steps to integrate on time ts: Time step t: Initial time value updated at each time step ft: Final time value n: Time step index.

#define TimeLoop

A macro to loop on time steps to integrate on time.

• #define IterationLoop while (++theIteration<MaxNbIterations && Converged==false)

A macro to loop on iterations for an iterative procedure.

#### **Functions**

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Muscl3DT &m)

Output mesh data as calculated in class Muscl3DT.

• template<class T\_>

int BiCG (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$ , int prec, const Vect $< T_- > &b$ , Vect $< T_- > &x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix< T $_-$  > &A, const Prec< T $_-$  > &P, const Vect< T $_-$  > &b, Vect< T $_-$  > &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix<  $T_->$  &A, int prec, const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

int CG (const SpMatrix< T $_->$  &A, const Prec< T $_->$  &P, const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

template < class T<sub>−</sub> >

int CG (const SpMatrix<  $T_->$  &A, int prec, const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

template<class T\_>

int CGS (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$ , int prec, const Vect $< T_- > &b$ , Vect $< T_- > &x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate Gradient Squared solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$ , const Prec $< T_- > &P$ , const Vect $< T_- > &b$ , Vect $< T_- > &x$ , size\_t m, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

template<class T₋>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix<  $T_->$  &A, int prec, const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x, size\_t m, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class  $T_->$ 

int GS (const SpMatrix<  $T_->$  &A, const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x, real\_t omega, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Gauss-Seidel solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int Jacobi (const SpMatrix <  $T_-$  > &A, const Vect <  $T_-$  > &b, Vect <  $T_-$  > &x, real\_t omega, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Jacobi solver function.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const NLASSolver &nl)</li>

Output nonlinear system information.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const ODESolver &de)

Output differential system information.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const OptSolver &os)

Output differential system information.

template < class T\_, class M\_>
int Richardson (const M\_ &A, const Vect < T\_> &b, Vect < T\_> &x, real\_t omega, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Richardson solver function.

• template<class T\_>

```
void Schur (SkMatrix< T_- > &A, SpMatrix< T_- > &U, SpMatrix< T_- > &L, SpMatrix< T_- > &D, Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &c)
```

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T\_>

```
void Schur (PETScMatrix< T_- > &A, PETScMatrix< T_- > &U, PETScMatrix< T_- > &L, PETScMatrix< T_- > &D, PETScVect< T_- > &b, PETScVect< T_- > &c)
```

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

template < class T\_, class M\_>
int SSOR (const M\_ &A, const Vect < T\_ > &b, Vect < T\_ > &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

SSOR solver function.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const TimeStepping &ts)

Output differential system information.

## 5.16.1 Detailed Description

Solver functions and classes.

#### 5.16.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## #define MAX\_NB\_EQUATIONS 5

Maximum number of equations. Useful for coupled problems

#### #define MAX\_NB\_INPUT\_FIELDS 3

Maximum number of fields for an equation. Useful for coupled problems

#### #define MAX\_NB\_MESHES 10

Maximum number of meshes.
Useful for coupled problems

#### #define TimeLoop

## Value:

```
NbTimeSteps = int(theFinalTime/theTimeStep); \
    for (theTime=theTimeStep, theStep=1; theTime<
    theFinalTime+0.001*theTimeStep; theTime+=
    theTimeStep, ++theStep)</pre>
```

A macro to loop on time steps to integrate on time.

It uses the following global variables defined in **OFELI**: the Step, the Time, the Time Step, the Final Time

#### #define IterationLoop while (++theIteration<MaxNbIterations && Converged==false)

A macro to loop on iterations for an iterative procedure.

It uses the following global variables defined in OFELI: theIteration, MaxNbIterations, Converged

Warning

The variable the Iteration must be zeroed before using this macro

#### 5.16.3 Function Documentation

int BiCG ( const SpMatrix< T $_->$  & A, int prec, const Vect< T $_->$  & b, Vect< T $_->$  & x, int  $max\_it$ , real $_-$ t oler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient solver function.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
	toler	[in] Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
	verbose	<ul> <li>[in] Information output parameter</li> <li>0: No output</li> <li>1: Output iteration information,</li> <li>2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.</li> </ul>

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations,

## **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ⊷	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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int BiCGStab ( const SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, const Prec<  $T_-$  > & P, const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b, Vect<  $T_-$  > & x, int  $max\_it$ , real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	P	Preconditioner (Instance of class Prec).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess on input and solution of the linear system on output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	<ul> <li>Information output parameter</li> <li>0: No output</li> <li>1: Output iteration information,</li> <li>2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.</li> </ul>

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

## **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

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int BiCGStab ( const SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, int prec, const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b, Vect<  $T_-$  > & x, int  $max\_it$ , real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

in	Α	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	<ul> <li>Information output parameter</li> <li>0: No output</li> <li>1: Output iteration information,</li> <li>2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.</li> </ul>

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

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int CG ( const SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, const Prec<  $T_-$  > & P, const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b, Vect<  $T_-$  > & x, int  $max\_it$ , real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	P	Preconditioner (Instance of class Prec).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).

in	max←	Maximum number of iterations.
	_it	
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter
		• 0: No output
		• 1: Output iteration information,
		2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

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# int CG ( const SpMatrix< $T_-> \& A$ , int prec, const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , Vect< $T_-> \& x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose )

Conjugate gradient solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of abstract class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).

in	verbose	Information output parameter
		• 0: No output
		• 1: Output iteration information,
		<ul> <li>2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.</li> </ul>

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# int CGS ( const SpMatrix< $T_-> \& A$ , int prec, const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , Vect< $T_-> \& x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose )

Conjugate Gradient Squared solver function.

# Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter  • 0: No output
		1: Output iteration information,
		<ul> <li>2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.</li> </ul>

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## Returns

Number of performed iterations

# **Template Parameters**

<t⊷< th=""><th>Data type (real_t, float, complex<real_t>,)</real_t></th><th>]</th></t⊷<>	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>	]
_>		

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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int GMRes ( const SpMatrix< T $_->$  & A, const Prec< T $_->$  & P, const Vect< T $_->$  & b, Vect< T $_->$  & x, size\_t m, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose )

GMRes solver function.

# Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	P	Preconditioner (Instance of class Prec).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	m	Number of subspaces to generate for iterations.
in	max⇔ _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

Author

Rachid Touzani

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int GMRes ( const SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ , int prec, const Vect $< T_- > & b$ , Vect $< T_- > & x$ , size\_t m, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose )

GMRes solver function.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	prec	Enum variable selecting a preconditioner, among the values IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC or SSOR_PREC
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	m	Number of subspaces to generate for iterations.
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_>	

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int GS ( const SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b, Vect<  $T_-$  > & x, real\_t omega, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose )

Gauss-Seidel solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	omega	Relaxation parameter.
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	<ul> <li>Information output parameter</li> <li>0: No output</li> <li>1: Output iteration information</li> <li>2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.</li> </ul>

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations

# **Template Parameters**

$< T \leftarrow$	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
_>	

## Author

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int Jacobi ( const SpMatrix< T $_->$  & A, const Vect< T $_->$  & b, Vect< T $_->$  & x, real $_-$ t omega, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose )

Jacobi solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of class SpMatrix).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	omega	Relaxation parameter.

in	max←	Maximum number of iterations.
	_it	
in,out	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

<t_></t_>	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
<m⊷< th=""><th>Matrix storage class</th></m⊷<>	Matrix storage class
_>	

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int Richardson ( const  $M_- \& A$ , const  $Vect < T_- > \& b$ ,  $Vect < T_- > \& x$ , real\_t omega, int  $max\_it$ , real\_t toler, int verbose)

Richardson solver function.

in	A	Problem matrix problem (Instance of abstract class <b>M</b> <sub>-</sub> ).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	omega	Relaxation parameter.
in	max⇔ _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

## Returns

nb\_it Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Parameters**

<t_></t_>	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
<m⊷< th=""><th>Matrix storage class</th></m⊷<>	Matrix storage class
_>	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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void Schur ( SkMatrix< 
$$T_-$$
 > &  $A$ , SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > &  $U$ , SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > &  $L$ , SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > &  $D$ , Vect<  $T_-$  > &  $D$ , Vect<  $T_-$  > &  $D$ , Vect<  $D$ 

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

The linear system is of the form

## Parameters

in	A	Instance of class SkMatrix class for the first diagonal block. The matrix must be invertible and factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class) where A, U, L, D are instances of matrix classes,
in	U	Instance of class SpMatrix for the upper triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular
in	L	Instance of class SpMatrix for the lower triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular
in	D	Instance of class SpMatrix for the second diagonal block. The matrix must be factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class)
in,out	b	Vector (Instance of class Vect) that contains the first block of right-hand side on input and the first block of the solution on output. b must have the same size as the dimension of A.
in,out	С	Vect instance that contains the second block of right-hand side on output and the first block of the solution on output. c must have the same size as the dimension of D.

Template Argument:

# **Template Parameters**

<t⊷< th=""><th>data type (real_t, float,)</th></t⊷<>	data type (real_t, float,)
_>	

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void Schur ( PETScMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, PETScMatrix<  $T_-$  > & U, PETScMatrix<  $T_-$  > & L, PETScMatrix<  $T_-$  > & D, PETScVect<  $T_-$  > & D, PETScVect< D

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

The linear system is of the form

## Parameters

in	A	Instance of class SkMatrix class for the first diagonal block. The matrix must be invertible and factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class) where A, U, L, D are instances of matrix classes,
in	U	Instance of class PETScMatrix for the upper triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular
in	L	Instance of class PETScMatrix for the lower triangle block. The matrix can be rectangular
in	D	Instance of class PETScMatrix for the second diagonal block. The matrix must be factorizable (Do not use SpMatrix class)
in,out	b	Vector (Instance of class PETScVect) that contains the first block of right-hand side on input and the first block of the solution on output. b must have the same size as the dimension of A.
in,out	С	PETScVect instance that contains the second block of right-hand side on output and the first block of the solution on output. c must have the same size as the dimension of D.

# **Template Argument:**

## **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ←	data type (real_t, float,)
_>	

# int SSOR ( const $M_-$ & A, const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x, int $max\_it$ , real\_t toler, int verbose)

SSOR solver function.

## Parameters

in	A	Problem matrix (Instance of abstract class <b>M</b> ₋).
in	b	Right-hand side vector (class Vect)
in,out	x	Vect instance containing initial solution guess in input and solution of the linear system in output (If iterations have succeeded).
in	max← _it	Maximum number of iterations.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm).
in	verbose	Information output parameter (0: No output, 1: Output iteration information, 2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.

## Returns

Number of performed iterations,

# **Template Arguments:**

- *T*<sub>-</sub> data type (double, float, ...)
- *M*<sub>-</sub> Matrix storage class

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# ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const TimeStepping & ts )

Output differential system information.

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# 5.17 Utilities

Utility functions and classes.

#### **Files**

• file OFELI.h

Header file that includes all kernel classes of the library.

file OFELI\_Config.h

File that contains some macros.

• file constants.h

File that contains some widely used constants.

#### Classes

• class Funct

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

class Tabulation

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

class UserData< T\_>

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

• class Point< T\_>

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Point2D< T\_>

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

class OFELIException

To handle exceptions in OFELI.

• class Gauss

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

• class Timer

To handle elapsed time counting.

#### **Macros**

- #define OFELLE 2.71828182845904523536028747135
- #define OFELI\_PI 3.14159265358979323846264338328

- #define OFELI\_SQRT2 1.41421356237309504880168872421
- #define OFELI\_SQRT3 1.73205080756887729352744634151
- #define OFELI\_ONEOVERPI 0.31830988618379067153776752675
- #define OFELI\_GAUSS2 0.57735026918962576450914878050196
- #define OFELI\_EPSMCH DBL\_EPSILON
- #define OFELI\_TOLERANCE OFELI\_EPSMCH\*10000
- #define OFELI\_IMAG std::complex<double>(0.,1.);
- #define PARSE(exp, var) the Parser. Parse(exp, var)
- #define EVAL(d) the Parser. Eval(d)
- #define CATCH\_EXCEPTION

## **Typedefs**

typedef unsigned long lsize\_t

This type stands for type unsigned long.

typedef double real\_t

This type stands for double.

• typedef std::complex< double > complex\_t

This type stands for type std::complex<double>

#### **Functions**

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const complex\_t &x)

Output a complex number.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::string &c)

Output a string.

template<class T₋>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const vector <  $T_- >$  &v)

Output a vector instance.

template<class T\_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::pair < T\_, T\_ > &a)

Output a pair instance.

• void saveField (Vect< real\_t > &v, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format.

• void saveField (PETScVect< real\_t > &v, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

• void saveField (PETScVect< real\_t > &v, const Mesh &mesh, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (Vect< real\_t > &v, const Grid &g, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format, for a structured grid data.

• void saveGnuplot (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

void saveGnuplot (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

void saveTecplot (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

• void <a href="mailto:saveTecplot">saveTecplot</a> (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

void saveVTK (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

• void saveVTK (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

void saveGmsh (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

• void saveGmsh (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Tabulation &t)

Output Tabulated function data.

```
    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  bool operator== (const Point< T_- > \&a, const Point< T_- > \&b)
      Operator ==
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator + (const Point < T_- > &a, const Point < T_- > &b)
      Operator +

    template<class T_>

  Point< T_- > operator + (const Point < T_- > &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +

    template < class T_>

  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point < T_- > &a)
      Unary Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_-> operator- (const Point< T_-> &a, const Point< T_-> &b)
      Operator -
  template < class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point< T_- > &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const T_- &a, const Point<math>< T_- > &b)
      Operator *

    template<class T₋>

  Point< T_- > operator* (const int &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator *.

    template<class T_>

  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point< T_- > \&b, const T_- \&a)
      Operator /
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point< T_- > \&b, const int &a)
      Operator *

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  T_- operator* (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator *
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator/ (const Point < T_- > &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /

    bool areClose (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b, double toler=OFE←

  LI_TOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point < double > are distant with less then toler
• double SqrDistance (const Point< double > &a, const Point< double > &b)
      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b

    double Distance (const Point< double > &a, const Point< double > &b)

      Return euclidean distance between points a and b

    template<class T_>

  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.
• template<class T₋>
  bool operator== (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
```

```
Operator ==.

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a)
      Unary Operator -

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator -
 template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const T_- &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator *.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const int &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /

    template < class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const int &a)
      Operator *
• template<class T₋>
  T_- operator* (const Point2D< T_- > &b, const Point2D< T_- > &a)
      Operator *.

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator/ (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /
• bool areClose (const Point2D< real_t > &a, const Point2D< real_t > &b, real_t toler=OFE←
  LI_TOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point2D<real_t> are distant with less then toler [Default: OFEL←
      I\_EPSMCH].
• real_t SqrDistance (const Point2D< real_t > &a, const Point2D< real_t > &b)
      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b
• real_t Distance (const Point2D < real_t > &a, const Point2D < real_t > &b)
      Return euclidean distance between points a and b

    template<class T₋>

  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point2D< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.

    void getMesh (string file, ExternalFileFormat form, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in an external file format.

    void getBamg (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)

      Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Bamg format.

    void getEasymesh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size_t nb_dof=1)
```

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Easymesh format.

• void getGambit (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gambit neutral format.

• void getGmsh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gmsh format.

void getMatlab (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a Matlab mesh data.

• void getNetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Netgen format.

• void getTetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Tetgen format.

• void getTriangle (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Triangle format.

• void saveMesh (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh, ExternalFileFormat form)

This function saves mesh data a file for a given external format.

• void saveGmsh (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

• void saveGnuplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

void saveMatlab (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Matlab format.

• void saveTecplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Tecplot format.

void saveVTK (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{VTK}}$  format.

• void saveBamg (const string &file, Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Bamg format.

void BSpline (size\_t n, size\_t t, Vect< Point< real\_t >> &control, Vect< Point< real\_t >> &output, size\_t num\_output)

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

• void banner (const string &prog="")

Outputs a banner as header of any developed program.

template<class T\_>

void QuickSort (std::vector  $< T_- > &a$ , int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

template<class T\_>

void qksort (std::vector< T $_->$  &a, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

• template<class T\_, class C\_>

void qksort (std::vector  $< T_- > &a$ , int begin, int end,  $C_-$  compare)

Function to sort a vector according to a key function.

• int Sgn (real\_t a)

Return sign of a: - 1 or 1.

real\_t Abs2 (complex\_t a)

Return square of modulus of complex number a

• real\_t Abs2 (real\_t a)

Return square of real number a

```
    real_t Abs (real_t a)

      Return absolute value of a

    real_t Abs (complex_t a)

      Return modulus of complex number a

    real_t Abs (const Point < real_t > &p)

      Return Norm of vector a

    real_t Conjg (real_t a)

      Return complex conjugate of real number a

    complex_t Conjg (complex_t a)

      Return complex conjugate of complex number a
• real_t Max (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c)
      Return maximum value of real numbers a, b and c
• int Max (int a, int b, int c)
      Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b and c
• real_t Min (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c)
      Return minimum value of real numbers a, b and c
• int Min (int a, int b, int c)
      Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b and c

    real_t Max (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c, real_t d)

      Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d
• int Max (int a, int b, int c, int d)
      Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

    real_t Min (real_t a, real_t b, real_t c, real_t d)

      Return minimum value of real numbers a, b, c and d
• int Min (int a, int b, int c, int d)
      Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d
real_t Arg (complex_t x)
      Return argument of complex number x

    complex_t Log (complex_t x)

      Return principal determination of logarithm of complex number x
• template<class T_>
  T_- Sqr (T_- x)
      Return square of value x
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, vector < T_- > &x)
      Mutiply vector x by a
• template<class T_>
  void Xpy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Add array x to y
• template<class T_>
```

void Xpy (const vector<  $T_- > &x$ , vector<  $T_- > &y$ )

```
Add vector x to y

    template<class T₋>

  void Axpy (size_t n, T_a, T_*, T_*)
      Multiply array x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (T_a, const vector< T_a > &x, vector< T_a > &y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y

    template<class T₋>

  void Axpy (T_a, const Vect < T_s & x, Vect < T_s & y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Copy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Copy array x to y n is the arrays size.
• real_t Error2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L2 error between vectors x and y
• real_t RError2 (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L^2 error between vectors x and y

    real_t ErrorMax (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)

      Return absolute Max. error between vectors x and y

    real_t RErrorMax (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)

      Return relative Max. error between vectors x and y
• template<class T_>
  T_- Dot (size_t n, T_- *x, T_- *y)
      Return dot product of arrays x and y

    real_t Dot (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)

      Return dot product of vectors x and y.

    real_t Dot (const Vect< real_t > &x, const Vect< real_t > &y)

      Return dot product of vectors x and y
• template<class T_>
  T_{-} Dot (const Point< T_{-} > &x, const Point< T_{-} > &y)
      Return dot product of x and y
real_t exprep (real_t x)
      Compute the exponential function with avoiding over and underflows.

    template < class T_>

  void Assign (vector < T_- > &v, const T_- &a)
      Assign the value a to all entries of a vector v
• template<class T_>
  void Clear (vector < T_- > &v)
      Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.
• template<class T_>
  void Clear (Vect< T_- > &v)
      Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.
• real_t Nrm2 (size_t n, real_t *x)
      Return 2-norm of array x
• real_t Nrm2 (const vector < real_t > &x)
      Return 2-norm of vector x
• template<class T₋>
  real_t Nrm2 (const Point< T_- > &a)
```

Return 2-norm of a

• bool Equal (real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t toler=OFELI\_EPSMCH)

Function to return true if numbers x and y are close up to a given tolerance toler

• char itoc (int i)

Function to convert an integer to a character.

• string itos (int i)

Function to convert an integer to a string.

• std::string itos (size\_t i)

Function to convert an integer to a string.

• string dtos (real\_t d)

Function to convert a real to a string.

template<class T₋>

T\_stringTo (const std::string &s)

Function to convert a string to a template type parameter.

# 5.17.1 Detailed Description

Utility functions and classes.

#### 5.17.2 Macro Definition Documentation

#### #define OFELI\_E 2.71828182845904523536028747135

Value of e or exp (with 28 digits)

#### #define OFELI\_PI 3.14159265358979323846264338328

Value of Pi (with 28 digits)

# 

Value of 1/3 (with 28 digits)

#### 

Value of 1/6 (with 28 digits)

## 

Value of 1/12 (with 28 digits)

## #define OFELI\_SQRT2 1.41421356237309504880168872421

Value of *sqrt*(2) (with 28 digits)

# #define OFELI\_SQRT3 1.73205080756887729352744634151

Value of sqrt(3) (with 28 digits)

# #define OFELI\_ONEOVERPI 0.31830988618379067153776752675

Value of 1/Pi (with 28 digits)

#### #define OFELI\_GAUSS2 0.57735026918962576450914878050196

Value of 1/sqrt(3) (with 32 digits)

#### #define OFELI\_EPSMCH DBL\_EPSILON

Value of Machine Epsilon

#### #define OFELI\_TOLERANCE OFELI\_EPSMCH\*10000

Default tolerance for an iterative process = OFELI\_EPSMCH \* 10000

## #define OFELI\_IMAG std::complex<double>(0.,1.);

= Unit imaginary number (i)

## #define PARSE( exp, var ) the Parser. Parse(exp, var)

A macro that parses a regular expression exp using the variables in the string var. For instance, to parse the function sin(x+y) one must declare PARSE("sin(x+y)","x,y")

## #define EVAL( d ) the Parser. Eval(d)

A macro that evaluates a parsed regular expression For instance, with a declaration  $PARSE("\sin(x+y)","x,y")$  the data x=1 and y=2 using this function must be evaluated as follows: EVAL(d) with d[0]=1, d[1]=2

## #define CATCH\_EXCEPTION

#### Value:

This macro can be inserted after a try loop to catch a thrown exception.

### 5.17.3 Function Documentation

ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const complex\_t & x)

Output a complex number.

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Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const std::string & c )

Output a string.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const vector <  $T_- > \& v$  )

Output a vector instance.

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Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const std::pair < T<sub>-</sub>, T<sub>-</sub> > & a )

Output a pair instance.

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void saveField ( Vect< real\_t > & v, string output\_file, int opt )

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format.

Case where the vector contains mesh information

## Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to save	
in	output_file	file Output file where to save the vector	
in	n opt Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among		
		enumerated values: GMSH GNUPLOT MATLAB TECPLOT VTK	

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveField ( PETScVect< real\_t > & v, string output\_file, int opt )

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

Case where the vector does not contain mesh information

#### **Parameters**

in	v	PETScVect instance to save	
in	output_file	Output file where to save the vector	
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among	
		enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT, VTK	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveField ( PETScVect< real\_t > & v, const Mesh & mesh, string $output\_file$ , int opt )

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

Case where the vector does not contain mesh information

## Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to save	
in	mesh	Mesh instance	
in	output_file	Output file where to save the vector	
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT, VTK	

# Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveField ( Vect< real\_t > & v, const Grid & g, string output\_file, int opt = VTK)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format, for a structured grid data.

i	n	v	Vect instance to save	
i	n	8	Grid instance	
i	n	output_file	Output file where to save the vector	
i	n	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: GMSH, VTK	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveGnuplot ( string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file )

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

Gnuplot is a command-line driven program for producing 2D and 3D plots. It is under the GNU General Public License. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.gnuplot.info/

#### **Parameters**

ir	n input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
ir	output_file	Output file (gnuplot format file)
ir	n mesh_file	File containing mesh data

## Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

GNU Lesser Public License

# void saveGnuplot ( Mesh & mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file )

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

Gnuplot is a command-line driven program for producing 2D and 3D plots. It is under the GNU General Public License. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.gnuplot.info/

in	mesh	Reference to Mesh instance
in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (gnuplot format file)

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

**GNU Lesser Public License** 

# void saveTecplot ( string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file )

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

Tecplot is high quality post graphical commercial processing program developed by **Amtec**. Available information can be found in the site: http://www.tecplot.com

#### **Parameters**

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (gnuplot format file)
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# void saveTecplot ( Mesh & mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file )

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

Tecplot is high quality post graphical commercial processing program developed by **Amtec**. Available information can be found in the site: http://www.tecplot.com

# Parameters

in	mesh	Reference to Mesh instance
in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (gnuplot format file)

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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# saveVTK ( string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file )

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

The Visualization ToolKit (VTK) is an open source, freely available software system for 3D computer graphics. Available information can be found in the site:

http://public.kitware.com/VTK/

#### **Parameters**

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (VTK format file)
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

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Rachid Touzani

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# saveVTK ( Mesh & mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file )

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

The Visualization ToolKit (VTK) is an open source, freely available software system for 3D computer graphics. Available information can be found in the site:

http://public.kitware.com/VTK/

## Parameters

in	mesh	Reference to Mesh instance
in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (VTK format file)

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveGmsh ( string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file )

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

Gmsh is a free mesh generator and postprocessor that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/

in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (Gmsh format file)
in	mesh_file	File containing mesh data

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveGmsh ( Mesh & mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file )

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

Gmsh is a free mesh generator and postprocessor that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Reference to Mesh instance
in	input_file	Input file (OFELI XML file containing a field).
in	output_file	Output file (Gmsh format file)

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# bool operator== ( const Point< T $_->$ & a, const Point< T $_->$ & b)

Operator ==

Return true if a=b, false if not.

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Rachid Touzani

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# Point $< T_- >$ operator+ ( const Point $< T_- > & a$ , const Point $< T_- > & b$ )

Operator +

Return sum of two points a and b

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Rachid Touzani

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```
Point< T_- > operator+ ( const Point< T_- > & a, const T_- & x)
Operator +
   Translate a by x
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     GNU Lesser Public License
Point< T_- > operator- ( const Point< T_- > \& a )
Unary Operator -
   Return minus a
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Point< T_-> operator- ( const Point< T_-> & a, const Point< T_-> & b )
Operator -
   Return point a minus point b
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     GNU Lesser Public License
Point< T_- > operator- ( const Point< T_- > & a, const T_- & x)
Operator -
   Translate a by -x
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     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
```

```
Point< T_- > operator* ( const T_- & a, const Point< T_- > & b)
Operator *
   Return point b premultiplied by constant a
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Point< T_- > operator* ( const int & a, const Point< T_- > \& b )
Operator *.
   Return point b divided by integer constant a
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     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
Point< T_- > operator* ( const Point< T_- > \& b, const T_- \& a)
Operator /
   Return point b multiplied by constant a
Point< T_- > operator* ( const Point< T_- > \& b, const int & a )
Operator *
   Return point b postmultiplied by constant a
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     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
T_- operator* ( const Point< T_- > & b_r const Point< T_- > & a)
Operator *
   Return inner (scalar) product of points a and b
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     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
```

```
Point< T_- > operator/ ( const Point< T_- > \& b, const T_- \& a)
Operator /
   Return point b divided by constant a
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     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
bool areClose ( const Point< double > & a, const Point< double > & b, double toler =
OFELI_TOLERANCE )
Return true if both instances of class Point<double> are distant with less then toler
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double SqrDistance ( const Point< double > & a, const Point< double > & b)
Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b
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double Distance ( const Point < double > & a, const Point < double > & b)
Return euclidean distance between points a and b
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
```

```
ostream & operator << ( std::ostream & s, const Point < T<sub>-</sub> > & a )
Output point coordinates.
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     GNU Lesser Public License
bool operator== ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
   Return true if a=b, false if not.
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     GNU Lesser Public License
Point2D< T_-> operator+ ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator +.
   Return sum of two points a and b
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     Rachid Touzani
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Point2D< T_-> operator+ ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const T_- & x )
Operator +.
   Translate a by x
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     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
```

```
Point2D< T_-> operator- ( const Point2D< T_-> & a )
Unary Operator -
   Return minus a
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     Rachid Touzani
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Point2D< T_-> operator- ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b )
Operator -
   Return point a minus point b
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Point2D< T_-> operator- ( const Point2D< T_-> & a, const T_- & x )
Operator -
   Translate a by -x
Author
     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const T_- & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b )
   Return point b premultiplied by constant a
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
     GNU Lesser Public License
```

```
Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const int & a, const Point2D< T_-> & b)
Operator *.
   Return point b divided by integer constant a
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     Rachid Touzani
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Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const Point2D< T_-> & b, const T_- & a)
Operator /
   Return point b postmultiplied by constant a
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Point2D< T_-> operator* ( const Point2D< T_-> & b, const int & a )
Operator *
   Return point b postmultiplied by constant a
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     Rachid Touzani
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T_- operator* ( const Point2D< T_- > & b, const Point2D< T_- > & a )
   Return point b postmultiplied by integer constant a.
Author
     Rachid Touzani
Copyright
```

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```
Point2D< T_-> operator/ ( const Point2D< T_-> & b, const T_- & a )
Operator /
   Return point b divided by constant a
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     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
real_t SqrDistance ( const Point2D< real_t > & a, const Point2D< real_t > & b)
Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b
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     Rachid Touzani
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real_t Distance ( const Point2D< real_t > & a, const Point2D< real_t > & b)
Return euclidean distance between points a and b
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     Rachid Touzani
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     GNU Lesser Public License
ostream & operator << ( std::ostream & s, const Point2D < T<sub>-</sub> > & a)
Output point coordinates.
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     Rachid Touzani
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void getMesh ( string file, ExternalFileFormat form, Mesh & mesh, size_t nb\_dof = 1 )
Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in an external file format.
```

in	file	Input mesh file name.
in	form	Format of the mesh file. This one can be chosen among the enumerated values:
		• GMSH: Mesh generator <b>Gmsh</b> , see site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/
		• MATLAB: Matlab file, see site: http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/
		• EASYMESH: Easymesh is a 2-D mesh generator, see site: http://web.mit.edu/easymesh_v1.4/www/easymesh.html
		• GAMBIT: <b>Gambit</b> is a mesh generator associated to <b>Fluent</b> http://www.stanford.edu/class/me469b/gambit_download.html
		• BAMG: Mesh generator Bamg, see site: http://raweb.inria.fr/rapportsactivite/RA2002/gamma/uid25.← html
		<ul> <li>NETGEN: Netgen is a 3-D mesh generator, see site: http://www.hpfem.jku.at/netgen/</li> </ul>
		• TETGEN: <b>Tetgen</b> is a 3-D mesh generator, see site: http://tetgen.berlios.de/
		• TRIANGLE_FF: <b>Triangle</b> is a 2-D mesh generator, see site: http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~quake/triangle.html
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

# Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void getBamg ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Construct an instance of class  $\underline{\mathsf{Mesh}}$  from a mesh file stored in  $\underline{\mathsf{Bamg}}$  format.

in	file	Name of a file written in the Bamg format.

## Note

**Bamg** is a 2-D mesh generator. It allows to construct adapted meshes from a given metric. It was developed at INRIA, France. Available information can be found in the site: http://raweb.inria.fr/rapportsactivite/RA2002/gamma/uid25.html

## Parameters

out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void getEasymesh ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Easymesh format.

#### **Parameters**

in	file	Name of a file (without extension) written in <b>Easymesh</b> format. Actually, the
		function Easymesh2MDF attempts to read mesh data from files file.e, file.n
		and file.s produced by <b>Easymesh</b> .

## Note

**Easymesh** is a free program that generates 2-D, unstructured, Delaunay and constrained Delaunay triangulations in general domains. It can be downloaded from the site: http://www-dinma.univ.trieste.it/nirftc/research/easymesh/Default.htm

## Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in		Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

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Rachid Touzani

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# void getGambit ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t nb\_dof = 1 )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gambit neutral format.

Note

**Gambit** is a commercial mesh generator associated to the CFD code **Fluent**. Informations about **Gambit** can be found in the site:

http://www.fluent.com/software/gambit/

#### **Parameters**

in	file	Name of a file written in the <b>Gambit</b> neutral format.
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void getGmsh ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gmsh format.

Note

**Gmsh** is a free mesh generator that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/

## Parameters

in	file	Name of a file written in the <b>Gmsh</b> format.
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void getMatlab ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t nb\_dof = 1 )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a Matlab mesh data.

## Note

**Matlab** is a language of scientific computing including visualization. It is developed by MathWorks. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/

#### Parameters

in	file	Name of a file created by Matlab by executing the script file Matlab20FELI.m
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.

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# void getNetgen ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t nb\_dof = 1 )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Netgen format.

# Note

**Netgen** is a tetrahedral mesh generator that can be downloaded from the site: http://www.hpfem.jku.at/netgen/

#### **Parameters**

in	file	Name of a file written in the Netgen format.
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. [ default = 1 ]

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# void getTetgen ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Tetgen format.

## Note

**Tetgen** is a free three-dimensional mesh generator that can be downloaded in the site: <a href="http://tetgen.berlios.de/">http://tetgen.berlios.de/</a>

## **Parameters**

in	file	Name of a file written in the <b>Tetgen</b> format.	
out	mesh	Mesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void getTriangle ( string file, Mesh & mesh, size\_t nb\_dof = 1 )

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Triangle format.

#### Note

**TRIANGLE** is a C program that can generate meshes, Delaunay triangulations and Voronoi diagrams for 2D pointsets that can be downloaded in the site:

http://people.scs.fsu.edu/~burkardt/c\_src/triangle/triangle.html/

#### **Parameters**

in	file	Name of a file written in the <b>Tetgen</b> format.	
out	mesh	Sesh instance created by the function.	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node. This information is not provided, in general, by mesh generators. Its default value here is 1.	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void saveMesh (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh, ExternalFileFormat form)

This function saves mesh data a file for a given external format.

#### Parameters

in	file	File where to store mesh		
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save		
in	form	Format of the mesh file. This one can be chosen among the enumerated values:		
		• GMSH: Mesh generator and graphical postprocessor <b>Gmsh</b> : http://www.geuz.org/gmsh/		
		• GNUPLOT: Well known graphics software: http://www.gnuplot.info/		
		MATLAB: Matlab file: http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/		
		TECPLOT: Commercial graphics software: http://www.tecplot.com		
		• VTK: Graphics format for the free postprocessor <b>ParaView:</b> <pre>http://public.kitware.com/VTK/</pre>		

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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# void saveGmsh (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

# Note

**Gmsh** is a free mesh generator that can be downloaded from the site:  $http://www.geuz. \leftarrow org/gmsh/$ 

## Parameters

01	ut	file	Output file in <b>Gmsh</b> format.
iı	n	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

GNU Lesser Public License

# void saveGnuplot (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

#### Note

**Gnuplot** is a command-line driven program for producing 2D and 3D plots. It is under the GNU General Public License. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.gnuplot.info/

#### Parameters

out	file	Output file in <b>Gnuplot</b> format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void saveMatlab (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Matlab format.

#### Note

**Matlab** is a language of scientific computing including visualization. It is developed by MathWorks. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.mathworks.com/products/matlab/

## Parameters

out	file	Output file in <b>Matlab</b> format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

**GNU Lesser Public License** 

# void saveTecplot (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Tecplot format.

#### Note

**Tecplot** is high quality post graphical commercial processing program developed by Amtec. Available information can be found in the site:

http://www.tecplot.com

#### **Parameters**

out	file	Output file in <b>Tecplot</b> format.
in	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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## void saveVTK (const string & file, const Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in VTK format.

#### Note

The Visualization ToolKit (VTK) is an open source, freely available software system for 3D computer graphics. Available information can be found in the site:

http://public.kitware.com/VTK/

#### **Parameters**

0	ut	file	Output file in <b>VTK</b> format.
i	n.	mesh	Mesh instance to save.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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## void saveBamg (const string & file, Mesh & mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Bamg format.

#### Parameters

	in	file	Name of a file written in the Bamg format.
L			

## Note

**Bamg** is a 2-D mesh generator. It allows to construct adapted meshes from a given metric. It was developed at INRIA, France. Available information can be found in the site:

http://raweb.inria.fr/rapportsactivite/RA2002/gamma/uid25.html

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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BSpline ( size\_t n, size\_t t, Vect< Point< real\_t >> & control, Vect< Point< real\_t >> & output, size\_t num\_output )

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

This program is adapted from a free program ditributed by Keith Vertanen (vertankd@cda. ← mrs.umn.edu) in 1994.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	Number of control points minus 1.
in	t	Degree of the polynomial plus 1.
in	control	Control point array made up of Point stucture.
out	output	Vector in which the calculated spline points are to be put.
in	num_output	How many points on the spline are to be calculated.

## Note

Condition: n+2>t (No curve results if n+2<=t) Control vector contains the number of points specified by n Output array is the proper size to hold num\_output point structures

## Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# void banner ( const string & prog = " ")

Outputs a banner as header of any developed program.

#### **Parameters**

in	prog	Calling program name. Enables writing a copyright notice accompanying the
		program.

Author

Rachid Touzani

Copyright

GNU Lesser Public License

# void QuickSort ( std::vector< $T_-$ > & a, int begin, int end )

Function to sort a vector.

qksort uses the famous quick sorting algorithm.

#### Parameters

in,out	а	Vector to sort.
in	begin	index of starting iterator
in	end	index of ending iterator

The calling program must provide an overloading of the operator < for the type T\_

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## void qksort ( std::vector $< T_- > & a$ , int begin, int end )

Function to sort a vector.

qksort uses the famous quick sorting algorithm.

## Parameters

in,out	а	Vector to sort.
in	begin	index of starting index (default value is 0)
in	end	index of ending index (default value is the vector size - 1)

Author

Rachid Touzani

Copyright

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void qksort ( std::vector $< T_- > & a$ , int begin, int end,  $C_-$  compare )

Function to sort a vector according to a key function.

qksort uses the famous quick sorting algorithm.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	а	Vector to sort.
in	begin	index of starting index (0 for the beginning of the vector)
in	end	index of ending index
in	compare	A function object that implements the ordering. The user must provide this function that returns a boolean function that is true if the first argument is less than the second and false if not.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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```
void Scale ( T_-a, const vector< T_- > \& x, vector< T_- > \& y)
```

Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y x and y are instances of class vector<T\_>

void Scale ( 
$$T_-a$$
, const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& y$ )

Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y x and y are instances of class  $Vect < T_- >$ 

void Scale ( $T_a$ , vector< $T_s \gg x$ )

Mutiply vector x by a

x is an instance of class vector<T $_->$ 

void Xpy ( const vector $< T_- > & x$ , vector $< T_- > & y$ )

Add vector x to y

x and y are instances of class vector<T\_>

void Axpy ( size\_t n,  $T_- a$ ,  $T_- * x$ ,  $T_- * y$  )

Multiply array x by a and add result to y n is the arrays size.

void Axpy (  $T_- a$ , const vector<  $T_- > \& x$ , vector<  $T_- > \& y$ )

Multiply vector x by a and add result to y x and y are instances of class vector<T\_>

void Axpy (  $T_-a$ , const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& y$ )

Multiply vector x by a and add result to y x and y are instances of class Vect<T\_>

## $T_-$ Dot ( size\_t n, $T_- * x$ , $T_- * y$ )

Return dot product of arrays x and y n is the arrays size.

## double Dot ( const vector< real\_t > & x, const vector< real\_t > & y)

Return dot product of vectors x and y.
x and y are instances of class vector<double>

## real\_t Dot ( const Vect< real\_t > & x, const Vect< real\_t > & y)

Return dot product of vectors x and y x and y are instances of class Vect<T\_>

#### void Clear ( vector< T $_->$ & v )

Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Vector to clear
--	----	---	-----------------

## void Clear ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.

### Parameters

in	v	Vector to clear

## real\_t Nrm2 ( size\_t n, real\_t \* x )

Return 2-norm of array x

#### **Parameters**

in	n	is Array length
in	x	Array to treat

## bool Equal ( real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t toler = OFELI\_EPSMCH )

Function to return true if numbers x and y are close up to a given tolerance toler Default value of tolerance is the constant OFELI\_EPSMCH

# 5.18 Vector and Matrix

Vector and matrix classes.

#### Classes

```
• class BMatrix< T_>
```

To handle band matrices.

• class DMatrix< T\_>

To handle dense matrices.

• class DSMatrix< T\_>

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

• class LocalMatrix< T\_, NR\_, NC\_>

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

• class LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>>

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

• class PETScMatrix< T\_>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

• class PETScVect< T\_>

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

class PETScWrapper < T\_>

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

class SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SkSMatrix< T\_>

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SpMatrix< T\_>

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

• class TrMatrix< T\_>

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

• class Vect< T\_>

To handle general purpose vectors.

# **Typedefs**

• typedef Eigen::Matrix< T\_, Eigen::Dynamic, 1 > VectorX

This type is the vector type in the Eigen library.

# **Functions**

```
    template<class T->
```

```
Vect < T_{-} > operator* (const BMatrix < T_{-} > &A, const Vect < T_{-} > &b)
```

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T\_>

```
BMatrix< T_- > operator* (T_- a, const BMatrix<math>< T_- > &A)
```

Operator \* (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

• template<class T\_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const BMatrix < T_> &a)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

```
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const DMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DMatrix < T_- > &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const DSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DSMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator* (T_ a, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x)
      Operator * (Multiply matrix x by scalar a)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator / (T_ a, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x)
      Operator / (Divide matrix x by scalar a)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator+ (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x, const
  LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&y)
      Operator + (Add matrix x to y)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator- (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x, const
  LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&y)
      Operator - (Subtract matrix y from x)

    template<class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &a)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> operator+ (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>>
  &y)
      Operator + (Add two vectors)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T_-, N_- > operator- (const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > 0
  &y)
      Operator - (Subtract two vectors)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > operator* (T<sub>-</sub> a, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &x)
      Operator * (Premultiplication of vector by constant)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T_-, N_- > operator/ (T_- a, const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&x)
      Operator / (Division of vector by constant)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  real_t Dot (const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &b)
      Calculate dot product of 2 vectors (instances of class Local Vect)
 template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &y)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in y.
```

```
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Scale (T_- a, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in x.
• template<class T_, size_t N_>
  void Axpy (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &y)
      Add a*x to vector y.

    template < class T_, size_t N_>

  void Copy (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &y)
      Copy vector x into vector y.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const LocalVect < T_, N_ > &v)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  PETScVect < T_- > operator* (const PETScMatrix < T_- > &A, const PETScVect < T_- > &x)
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, PETScMatrix < T_> &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const PETScWrapper < T_> &w)
      Output Petsc Wrapper data in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.

    template<class T₋>

  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkSMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const SpMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SpMatrix < T_ > &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  Vect < T_- > operator* (const TrMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
      Operator * (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

    template < class T_>

  TrMatrix < T_- > operator* (T_a, const TrMatrix < T_- > &A)
      Operator * (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const TrMatrix < T_> &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• real_t operator* (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Operator * (Dot product of 2 vector instances)
```

## **Friends**

template<class TT\_>
 ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const SpMatrix< TT\_> &A)

# 5.18.1 Detailed Description

Vector and matrix classes.

# 5.18.2 Typedef Documentation

### VectorX

This type is the vector type in the Eigen library.

#### Remarks

: This type is available only if the Eigen library was installed in conjunction with OFELI

## 5.18.3 Function Documentation

Vect< 
$$T_-$$
 > operator\* ( const BMatrix<  $T_-$  > &  $A$ , const Vect<  $T_-$  > &  $b$ )

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	BMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

#### Returns

Vect instance containing A\*b

## BMatrix $< T_- >$ operator\* ( $T_- a$ , const BMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Operator \* (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

Returns

a\*A

# Vect< $T_- >$ operator\* ( const DMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& b$ )

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

## Parameters

in	A	DMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

#### Returns

**Vect** instance containing A\*b

## Vect< T $_->$ operator\* ( const DSMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	DSMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

## Returns

Vect instance containing A\*b

LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> operator\* ( T<sub>-</sub> a, const LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & x )

Operator \* (Multiply matrix x by scalar a)

Returns

a\*x

LocalMatrix< T $_-$ , NR $_-$ , NC $_-$ > operator/ ( T $_-$ a, const LocalMatrix< T $_-$ , NR $_-$ , NC $_-$ > & x )

Operator / (Divide matrix x by scalar a)

Returns

x/a

LocalMatrix<br/>< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > operator+ ( const LocalMatrix<br/>< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & x, const LocalMatrix<br/>< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & y )

Operator + (Add matrix x to y)

Returns

x+y

LocalMatrix<br/>< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > operator- ( const LocalMatrix<br/>< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & x, const LocalMatrix<br/>< T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > & y )

Operator - (Subtract matrix y from x)

Returns

х-у

Local Vect< T\_, N\_ > operator+ ( const Local Vect< T\_, N\_ > & x, const Local Vect< T\_, N\_ > & y )

Operator + (Add two vectors)

Returns

x+y

Local Vect< T\_, N\_ > operator- ( const Local Vect< T\_, N\_ > & x, const Local Vect< T\_, N\_ > & y )

Operator - (Subtract two vectors)

Returns

х-у

LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_-$ > operator\* ( T $_-$  a, const LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_-$ > & <math>x )

Operator \* (Premultiplication of vector by constant)

Returns

a\*x

LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_-$ > operator/ ( T $_-$  a, const LocalVect< T $_-$ , N $_-$ > & x )

Operator / (Division of vector by constant)

Returns

x/a

double Dot ( const LocalVect< T\_, N\_ > & a, const LocalVect< T\_, N\_ > & b )

Calculate dot product of 2 vectors (instances of class LocalVect)

Returns

Dot product

PETScVect< T $_->$  operator\* ( const PETScMatrix< T $_->$  & A, const PETScVect< T $_->$  & x)

Multiply a matrix by a vector

Parameters

in	A	Matrix to multiply by (Instance of class PETScMatrix)
in	x	Vector to multiply by (Instance of class PETScVect)

## Returns

Vector product y = Ax

## Vect< T $_->$ operator\* ( const SkMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	SkMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

## Returns

**Vect** instance containing A\*b

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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# ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const SkMatrix < T $_->$ & a )

Output matrix in output stream.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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# Vect< $T_-$ > operator\* ( const SkSMatrix< $T_-$ > & A, const Vect< $T_-$ > & b)

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

# Parameters

in	Α	SkSMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

#### Returns

**Vect** instance containing A\*b

Author

Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const SkSMatrix < T $_->$  & a)

Output matrix in output stream.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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Vect<  $T_-$  > operator\* ( const SpMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b)

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

## Parameters

in	Α	SpMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

## Returns

Vect instance containing A\*b

Author

Rachid Touzani

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ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > & A )

Output matrix in output stream.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# Vect< $T_- >$ operator\* ( const TrMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& b$ )

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	TrMatrix instance to multiply by vector
in	b	Vect instance

## Returns

**Vect** instance containing A\*b

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Rachid Touzani

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# $TrMatrix < T_- > operator* ( T_- a, const TrMatrix < T_- > & A )$

Operator \* (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

Returns

a\*A

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const TrMatrix < T<sub>-</sub>> & a)

Output matrix in output stream.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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real\_t operator\* ( const vector< real\_t > & x, const vector< real\_t > & y)

Operator \* (Dot product of 2 vector instances)

Returns

x.y

# **5.18.4** Friends

ostream & operator << ( ostream & s, const SpMatrix <  $TT_- > \& A$  ) [friend]

Output matrix in output stream

# Chapter 6

# Namespace Documentation

# 6.1 OFELI Namespace Reference

A namespace to group all library classes, functions, ...

#### Classes

class AbsEqua

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

• class Bar2DL2

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

class Beam3DL2

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

• class BiotSavart

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

class BMatrix

To handle band matrices.

• class Brick

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

• class Circle

To store and treat a circular figure.

class DC1DL2

 $Builds\ finite\ element\ arrays\ for\ thermal\ diffusion\ and\ convection\ in\ 1-D\ using\ 2-Node\ elements.$ 

• class DC2DT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC2DT6

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

• class DC3DAT3

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

• class DC3DT4

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

class DG

Enables preliminary operations and utilities for the Discontinous Galerkin method.

• class DMatrix

To handle dense matrices.

• class Domain

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

class DSMatrix

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

class EC2D1T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

• class EC2D2T3

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using transversal approximation.

class Edge

To describe an edge.

class EdgeList

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

• class EigenProblemSolver

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, i.e. Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that  $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$  where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as Stiffness and Mass matrices respectively.

• class Elas2DQ4

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

• class Elas2DT3

*To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.* 

class Elas3DH8

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

class Elas3DT4

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

• class Element

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

class ElementList

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

• class Ellipse

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

class Equa\_Electromagnetics

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

• class Equa\_Fluid

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

class Equa\_Laplace

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

class Equa\_Porous

Abstract class for Porous Media Finite Element classes.

• class Equa\_Solid

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

class Equa\_Therm

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

• class Equation

Abstract class for all equation classes.

• class Estimator

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

• class FastMarching2D

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

• class FEShape

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

class Figure

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

class FMM2D

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm

class FMM3D

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm

• class FMMSolver

The Fast Marching Method solver.

class Funct

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

• class Gauss

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

class Grid

To manipulate structured grids.

• class HelmholtzBT3

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles.

class Hexa8

 $Defines\ a\ three-dimensional\ 8-node\ hexahedral\ finite\ element\ using\ Q1-is oparametric\ interpolation.$ 

class ICPG1D

 ${\it Class\ to\ solve\ the\ Inviscid\ compressible\ fluid\ flows\ (Euler\ equations)\ for\ perfect\ gas\ in\ 1-D.}$ 

class ICPG2DT

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D.

class ICPG3DT

 ${\it Class\ to\ solve\ the\ Inviscid\ compressible\ fluid\ flows\ (Euler\ equations)\ for\ perfect\ gas\ in\ 3-D.}$ 

• class IOField

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

• class IPF

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

class Iter

Class to drive an iterative process.

• class Laplace1DL2

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element  $(P_1)$ .

• class Laplace1DL3

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P2).

class Laplace2DFVT

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

• class Laplace2DMHRT0

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas RT<sub>0</sub>).

• class Laplace2DT3

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element  $(P_1)$ .

• class LaplaceDG2DP1

To build and solve the linear system for the Poisson problem using the DG P<sub>1</sub> 2-D triangle element.

• class LCL1D

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

class LCL2DT

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

class LCL3DT

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

class Line2

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

class Line2H

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

• class Line3

*To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.* 

• class LinearSolver

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

• class LocalMatrix

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

class LocalVect

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

class Material

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

• class Matrix

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

class Mesh

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

class MeshAdapt

To adapt mesh in function of given solution.

class Muscl

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl1D

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

class Muscl2DT

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

• class Muscl3DT

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

class MyNLAS

Abstract class to define by user specified function.

class MyOpt

Abstract class to define by user specified optimization function.

• class NLASSolver

To solve a system of nonlinear algebraic equations of the form f(u) = 0.

class Node

To describe a node.

• class NodeList

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

• class NSP2DQ41

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using  $Q_1/P_0$  element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

class ODESolver

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

class OFELIException

To handle exceptions in OFELI.

class OptSolver

To solve an optimization problem with bound constraints.

class Partition

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

• class Penta6

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z).

class PETScMatrix

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

class PETScVect

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

• class PETScWrapper

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

class PhaseChange

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

class Point

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

class Point2D

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

• class Polygon

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

• class Prec

To set a preconditioner.

class Prescription

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

• class Quad4

*Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using*  $Q_1$  *isoparametric interpolation.* 

• class Reconstruction

To perform various reconstruction operations.

class Rectangle

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

• class Side

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

• class SideList

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

class SkMatrix

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

• class SkSMatrix

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

• class Sphere

To store and treat a sphere.

• class SpMatrix

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

class SteklovPoincare2DBE

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

class Tabulation

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

class Tetra4

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation.

class Timer

To handle elapsed time counting.

• class TimeStepping

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form  $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$ 

class TINS2DT3S

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 3-node triangle finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

• class TINS3DT4S

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 3-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 4-node tatrahedral finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

• class Triang3

Defines a 3-Node  $(P_1)$  triangle.

• class Triang6S

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P2 interpolation.

class triangle

Defines a triangle. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

class Triangle

To store and treat a triangle.

class TrMatrix

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

• class UserData

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

class Vect

To handle general purpose vectors.

class WaterPorous2D

To solve water flow equations in porous media (1-D)

### **Enumerations**

# **Functions**

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Muscl3DT &m)</li>

Output mesh data as calculated in class Muscl3DT.

•  $T_- * A ()$ 

Return element matrix.

```
• T<sub>-</sub> * b ()
```

Return element right-hand side.

• T\_ \* Prev ()

Return element previous vector.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const complex\_t &x)</li>

Output a complex number.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::string &c)

Output a string.

• template<class T\_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const vector <  $T_- >$  &v)

Output a vector instance.

template<class T\_>

ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const std::pair < T<sub>-</sub>, T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Output a pair instance.

void saveField (Vect< real\_t > &v, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (PETScVect< real\_t > &v, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

• void saveField (PETScVect< real\_t > &v, const Mesh &mesh, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a PETSc vector to an output file in a given file format.

void saveField (Vect< real\_t > &v, const Grid &g, string output\_file, int opt)

Save a vector to an output file in a given file format, for a structured grid data.

• void <a href="mailto:saveGnuplot">saveGnuplot</a> (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

void saveGnuplot (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an input Gnuplot file.

void saveTecplot (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

void saveTecplot (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an output file to an input Tecplot file.

void saveVTK (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

void saveVTK (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an output VTK file.

void saveGmsh (string input\_file, string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

• void saveGmsh (Mesh &mesh, string input\_file, string output\_file)

Save a vector to an output Gmsh file.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Tabulation &t)

Output Tabulated function data.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} class \ T_{-} \ , size\_t \ N_{-}, class \ E_{-} {>}$ 

void element\_assembly (const E\_ &e, const LocalVect< T\_, N\_> &be, Vect< T\_> &b)

Assemble local vector into global vector.

• template < class  $T_-$ , size\_t  $N_-$ , class  $E_- >$ 

void element\_assembly (const  $E_-$  &e, const LocalMatrix<  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$ ,  $N_-$  > &ae, Vect<  $T_-$  > &b)

Assemble diagonal local vector into global vector.

• template < class  $T_-$ , size\_t  $N_-$ , class  $E_-$  > void element\_assembly (const  $E_-$  &e, const LocalMatrix <  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$ ,  $N_-$  > &ae, Matrix <  $T_-$  > \*A)

Assemble local matrix into global matrix.

• template < class  $T_-$ , size\_t  $N_-$ , class  $E_-$  > void element\_assembly (const  $E_-$  &e, const LocalMatrix <  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$ ,  $N_-$  > &ae, SkMatrix <  $T_-$  > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global skyline matrix.

• template < class  $T_-$ , size\_t  $N_-$ , class  $E_-$  > void element\_assembly (const  $E_-$  &e, const LocalMatrix <  $T_-$ ,  $N_-$ ,  $N_-$  > &ae, SkSMatrix <  $T_-$  > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global symmetric skyline matrix.

template < class T\_, size\_t N\_, class E\_ > void element\_assembly (const E\_ &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, SpMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble local matrix into global sparse matrix.

• template < class T\_, size\_t N\_> void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_, N\_, N\_ > &ae, SpMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SpMatrix).

• template < class T\_ , size\_t N\_> void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_ , N\_ , N\_ > &ae, SkSMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Side assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class SkSMatrix).

• template < class T\_ , size\_t N\_> void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalMatrix < T\_ , N\_ , N\_ > &ae, SkMatrix < T\_ > &A)

*Side* assembly of local matrix into global matrix (as instance of class *SkMatrix*).

template < class T\_, size\_t N\_>
 void side\_assembly (const Element &e, const LocalVect < T\_, N\_ > &be, Vect < T\_ > &b)
 Side assembly of local vector into global vector.

• template<class T\_>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const BMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T\_>

```
BMatrix< T_- > operator* (T_- a, const BMatrix<math>< T_- > &A)
```

Operator \* (Premultiplication of matrix by constant)

• template<class T\_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const BMatrix < T_-> &a)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

• template<class T\_>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const DMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

• template<class T\_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &a)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

• template<class T\_>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const DSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

```
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const DSMatrix < T_> &a)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > operator* (T. a, const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &x)
      Operator * (Multiply matrix x by scalar a)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > operator / (T. a, const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &x)
      Operator / (Divide matrix x by scalar a)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > operator+ (const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &x, const
  LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&y)
      Operator + (Add matrix x to y)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > operator- (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &x, const
  LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > \&y)
      Operator - (Subtract matrix y from x)
• template < class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &a)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T_-, N_-> operator+ (const LocalVect< T_-, N_-> &x, const LocalVect< T_-, N_->
      Operator + (Add two vectors)

    template<class T_, size_t N_>

  LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > operator- (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &x, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> >
  &y)
      Operator - (Subtract two vectors)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  LocalVect< T_-, N_-> operator* (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_-> &x)
      Operator * (Premultiplication of vector by constant)
• template < class T_-, size _t N_- >
  LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > operator/ (T<sub>-</sub> a, const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &x)
      Operator / (Division of vector by constant)
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  real_t Dot (const LocalVect< T_, N_> &a, const LocalVect< T_, N_> &b)
      Calculate dot product of 2 vectors (instances of class LocalVect)
• template < class T_-, size_t N_->
  void Scale (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &y)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in y.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Scale (T_- a, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \&x)
      Multiply vector x by constant a and store result in x.
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  void Axpy (T_- a, const LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &x, LocalVect< T_-, N_- > &y)
      Add a*x to vector y.
• template < class T_-, size_t N_->
  void Copy (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &x, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub>> &y)
      Copy vector x into vector y.
```

```
• template < class T_, size_t N_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Local Vect < T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
      Output vector in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  PETScVect< T_> operator* (const PETScMatrix< T_> &A, const PETScVect< T_> &x)

    template<class T_>

  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, PETScMatrix < T_> &A)
      Output matrix in output stream.
• string itos (int i)
      Function to convert an integer to a string.

    string dtos (real_t d)

      Function to convert a real to a string.
• template<class T_>
  ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const PETScWrapper < T_> &w)
      Output Petsc Wrapper data in output stream.
• template<class T_>
  bool operator== (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator ==
• template<class T₋>
  Point< T_- > operator + (const Point < T_- > &a, const Point < T_- > &b)
      Operator +
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator+ (const Point< T_- > &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point< T_-> operator- (const Point< T_-> &a)
      Unary Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator- (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator -

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point < T_- > operator- (const Point < T_- > &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -

    template<class T₋>

  Point< T_- > operator* (const T_- &a, const Point<math>< T_- > &b)
      Operator *

    template < class T_>

  Point < T_- > operator* (const int &a, const Point < T_- > \&b)
      Operator *.
• template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point<math>< T_- > \&b, const T_- \&a)
      Operator /
  template<class T_>
  Point< T_- > operator* (const Point< T_- > \&b, const int &a)
      Operator *
• template<class T_>
  T_- operator* (const Point< T_- > &a, const Point< T_- > &b)
      Operator *
```

```
    template<class T<sub>−</sub>>

  Point< T_- > operator/ (const Point < T_- > &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /
• Point < double > CrossProduct (const Point < double > &lp, const Point < double > &rp)
      Return Cross product of two vectors lp and rp

    bool areClose (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b, double toler=OFE ←

  LL_TOLERANCE)
      Return true if both instances of class Point < double > are distant with less then toler

    double SqrDistance (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b)

      Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b

    double Distance (const Point < double > &a, const Point < double > &b)

      Return euclidean distance between points a and b
• template<class T_>
  std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point< T_> &a)
      Output point coordinates.

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  bool operator== (const Point2D < T<sub>-</sub> > &a, const Point2D < T<sub>-</sub> > &b)
      Operator ==.

    template<class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator +.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator+ (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator +.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a)
      Unary Operator -

    template < class T_>

  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator -
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator- (const Point2D< T_-> &a, const T_- &x)
      Operator -

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const T_- &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)
      Operator *.
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const int &a, const Point2D< T_-> &b)

    template<class T<sub>-</sub>>

  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
      Operator /
• template<class T_>
  Point2D< T_-> operator* (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const int &a)
      Operator *
• template<class T_>
  T_- operator* (const Point2D< T_- > &b, const Point2D< T_- > &a)
      Operator *.
• template<class T₋>
  Point2D< T_-> operator/ (const Point2D< T_-> &b, const T_- &a)
```

```
Operator /
```

 bool areClose (const Point2D< real\_t > &a, const Point2D< real\_t > &b, real\_t toler=OFE← LI\_TOLERANCE)

Return true if both instances of class Point2D<real\_t> are distant with less then toler [Default: OFEL I\_EPSMCH].

• real\_t SqrDistance (const Point2D< real\_t > &a, const Point2D< real\_t > &b)

Return squared euclidean distance between points a and b

• real\_t Distance (const Point2D< real\_t > &a, const Point2D< real\_t > &b)

Return euclidean distance between points a and b

• template<class T\_>

std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &s, const Point2D< T\_> &a)

Output point coordinates.

• template<class T\_>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

template<class T\_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkMatrix < T_ > &a)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

template<class T₋>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const SkSMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

*Operator* \* (*Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.* 

• template<class T\_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SkSMatrix < T_> &a)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

template<class T\_>

```
Vect < T_- > operator* (const SpMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)
```

Operator \* (Multiply vector by matrix and return resulting vector.

template<class T₋>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const SpMatrix < T_> &A)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

• template<class T\_>

$$Vect < T_- > operator* (const TrMatrix < T_- > &A, const Vect < T_- > &b)$$

 $Operator* (Multiply\ vector\ by\ matrix\ and\ return\ resulting\ vector.$ 

• template<class T\_>

```
TrMatrix < T_- > operator* (T_- a, const TrMatrix < T_- > &A)
```

*Operator* \* (*Premultiplication of matrix by constant*)

• template<class T\_>

```
ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const TrMatrix < T_> &A)
```

Output matrix in output stream.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Edge &ed)

Output edge data.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Element &el)

Output element data.

• Figure operator&& (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the intersection of two Figure instances.

• Figure operator (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the union of two Figure instances.

• Figure operator- (const Figure &f1, const Figure &f2)

Function to define a Figure instance as the set subtraction of two Figure instances.

void getMesh (string file, ExternalFileFormat form, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in an external file format.

• void getBamg (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Bamg format.

• void getEasymesh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Easymesh format.

void getGambit (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gambit neutral format.

• void getGmsh (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Gmsh format.

void getMatlab (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a Matlab mesh data.

void getNetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Netgen format.

• void getTetgen (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Tetgen format.

• void getTriangle (string file, Mesh &mesh, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Construct an instance of class Mesh from a mesh file stored in Triangle format.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Grid &g)

Output grid data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Material &m)

Output material data.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Mesh &ms)

Output mesh data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const MeshAdapt &a)

Output MeshAdapt class data.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const NodeList &nl)

Output NodeList instance.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const ElementList &el)</li>

Output ElementList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const SideList &sl)

Output SideList instance.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const EdgeList &el)

Output EdgeList instance.

• size\_t Label (const Node &nd)

Return label of a given node.

• size\_t Label (const Element &el)

Return label of a given element.

• size\_t Label (const Side &sd)

Return label of a given side.

• size\_t Label (const Edge &ed)

Return label of a given edge.

• size\_t NodeLabel (const Element &el, size\_t n)

Return global label of node local label in element.

• size\_t NodeLabel (const Side &sd, size\_t n)

Return global label of node local label in side.

• Point< real\_t > Coord (const Node &nd)

Return coordinates of a given node.

• int Code (const Node &nd, size\_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) node.

• int Code (const Element &el)

Return code of a given element.

• int Code (const Side &sd, size\_t i=1)

Return code of a given (degree of freedom of) side.

• bool operator== (const Element &el1, const Element &el2)

Check equality between 2 elements.

• bool operator== (const Side &sd1, const Side &sd2)

Check equality between 2 sides.

void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field.

• void DeformMesh (Mesh &mesh, const PETScVect< real\_t > &u, real\_t a=1)

Calculate deformed mesh using a displacement field as instance of PETScVect.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real\_t > &u1, Vect< real\_t > &u2, size\_t nx, size\_t ny=0, size\_t nz=0, size\_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

void MeshToMesh (Mesh &m1, Mesh &m2, const Vect< real\_t > &u1, Vect< real\_t > &u2, const Point< real\_t > &xmin, const Point< real\_t > &xmax, size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz, size\_t dof=1)

Function to redefine a vector defined on a mesh to a new mesh.

real\_t getMaxSize (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal size of element edges for given mesh.

• real\_t getMinSize (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal size of element edges for given mesh.

real\_t getMinElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real\_t getMinSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return minimal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

• real\_t getMaxSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return maximal measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

real\_t getMeanElementMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length, area or volume) of elements of given mesh.

real\_t getMeanSideMeasure (const Mesh &m)

Return average measure (length or area) of sides of given mesh.

void setNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setBoundaryNodeCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all nodes on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setSideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• void setBoundarySideCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given code to all sides on boundary that satisfy a boolean expression using node coordinates.

void setElementCodes (Mesh &m, const string &exp, int code)

Assign a given code to all elements satisfying a boolean expression using node coordinates.

• int NodeInElement (const Node \*nd, const Element \*el)

Say if a given node belongs to a given element.

• int NodeInSide (const Node \*nd, const Side \*sd)

Say if a given node belongs to a given side.

• int SideInElement (const Side \*sd, const Element \*el)

Say if a given side belongs to a given element.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Node &nd)</li>

Output node data.

void saveMesh (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh, ExternalFileFormat form)

This function saves mesh data a file for a given external format.

• void saveGmsh (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

• void saveGnuplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Gmsh format.

• void saveMatlab (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Matlab format.

• void saveTecplot (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Tecplot format.

• void saveVTK (const string &file, const Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in VTK format.

• void saveBamg (const string &file, Mesh &mesh)

This function outputs a Mesh instance in a file in Bamg format.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const Side &sd)

Output side data.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Estimator &r)

Output estimator vector in output stream.

• template<class T\_>

int BiCG (const SpMatrix  $< T_- > &A$ , int prec, const Vect  $< T_- > &b$ , Vect  $< T_- > &x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix  $< T_- > &A$ , const Prec  $< T_- > &P$ , const Vect  $< T_- > &b$ , Vect  $< T_- > &x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

 $Biconjugate\ gradient\ stabilized\ solver\ function.$ 

• template<class T\_>

int BiCGStab (const SpMatrix  $< T_- > &A$ , int prec, const Vect  $< T_- > &b$ , Vect  $< T_- > &x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Biconjugate gradient stabilized solver function.

void BSpline (size\_t n, size\_t t, Vect< Point< real\_t >> &control, Vect< Point< real\_t >> &output, size\_t num\_output)

Function to perform a B-spline interpolation.

template<class T\_>

int CG (const SpMatrix< T $_->$  &A, const Prec< T $_->$  &P, const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

template < class T\_ >
 int CG (const SpMatrix < T\_ > &A, int prec, const Vect < T\_ > &b, Vect < T\_ > &x, int max\_it,
 real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate gradient solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int CGS (const SpMatrix $< T_- > &A$ , int prec, const Vect $< T_- > &b$ , Vect $< T_- > &x$ , int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Conjugate Gradient Squared solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_-$  > &A, const Prec< T $_-$  > &P, const Vect< T $_-$  > &b, Vect< T $_-$  > &x, size $_-$ t m, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int GMRes (const SpMatrix< T $_-$  > &A, int prec, const Vect< T $_-$  > &b, Vect< T $_-$  > &x, size $_-$ t m, int max $_-$ it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

GMRes solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int GS (const SpMatrix< T $_-$  > &A, const Vect< T $_-$  > &b, Vect< T $_-$  > &x, real $_-$ t omega, int max\_it, real $_-$ t toler, int verbose)

Gauss-Seidel solver function.

• template<class T\_>

int Jacobi (const SpMatrix  $< T_- > &A$ , const Vect  $< T_- > &b$ , Vect  $< T_- > &x$ , real\_t omega, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Jacobi solver function.

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const NLASSolver &nl)

Output nonlinear system information.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const ODESolver &de)

Output differential system information.

ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const OptSolver &os)</li>

Output differential system information.

 $\bullet$  template<class  $T_-$ , class  $M_-$ >

int Richardson (const  $M_-$  &A, const Vect<  $T_-$  > &b, Vect<  $T_-$  > &x, real\_t omega, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

Richardson solver function.

• template<class T\_>

```
void Schur (SkMatrix< T_- > &A, SpMatrix< T_- > &U, SpMatrix< T_- > &L, SpMatrix< T_- > &D, Vect< T_- > &b, Vect< T_- > &c)
```

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T\_>

```
void Schur (PETScMatrix< T_- > &A, PETScMatrix< T_- > &U, PETScMatrix< T_- > &L, PETScMatrix< T_- > &D, PETScVect< T_- > &b, PETScVect< T_- > &c)
```

Solve a linear system of equations with a 2x2-block matrix.

• template<class T\_, class M\_>

int SSOR (const  $M_-$  &A, const Vect<  $T_-$  > &b, Vect<  $T_-$  > &x, int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose)

SSOR solver function.

• ostream & operator<< (ostream &s, const TimeStepping &ts)

Output differential system information.

• void banner (const string &prog="")

Outputs a banner as header of any developed program.

• template<class T\_>

void QuickSort (std::vector<  $T_->$  &a, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

template<class T\_>

void qksort (std::vector<  $T_->$  &a, int begin, int end)

Function to sort a vector.

 $\bullet \ \ template {<} class \ T_{-} \ , \ class \ C_{-} {>}$ 

void qksort (std::vector<  $T_->$  &a, int begin, int end,  $C_-$  compare)

Function to sort a vector according to a key function.

• int Sgn (real\_t a)

Return sign of a: - 1 or 1.

real\_t Abs2 (complex\_t a)

Return square of modulus of complex number a

real\_t Abs2 (real\_t a)

Return square of real number a

• real\_t Abs (real\_t a)

Return absolute value of a

• real\_t Abs (complex\_t a)

Return modulus of complex number a

real\_t Abs (const Point < real\_t > &p)

Return Norm of vector a

real\_t Conjg (real\_t a)

Return complex conjugate of real number a

complex\_t Conjg (complex\_t a)

Return complex conjugate of complex number a

• real\_t Max (real\_t a, real\_t b, real\_t c)

Return maximum value of real numbers a, b and c

• int Max (int a, int b, int c)

Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b and c

• real\_t Min (real\_t a, real\_t b, real\_t c)

Return minimum value of real numbers a, b and c

• int Min (int a, int b, int c)

Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b and c

• real\_t Max (real\_t a, real\_t b, real\_t c, real\_t d)

Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

• int Max (int a, int b, int c, int d)

Return maximum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

• real\_t Min (real\_t a, real\_t b, real\_t c, real\_t d)

Return minimum value of real numbers a, b, c and d

• int Min (int a, int b, int c, int d)

Return minimum value of integer numbers a, b, c and d

real\_t Arg (complex\_t x)

Return argument of complex number  $\boldsymbol{x}$ 

complex\_t Log (complex\_t x)

Return principal determination of logarithm of complex number x

```
• template<class T_>
  T_- Sqr (T_- x)
      Return square of value x
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, const Vect< T_- > &x, Vect< T_- > &y)
      Mutiply vector x by a and save result in vector y
• template<class T_>
  void Scale (T_- a, vector< T_- > &x)
      Mutiply vector x by a
• template<class T_>
  void Xpy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Add array x to y
• template<class T_>
  void Xpy (const vector < T_- > &x, vector < T_- > &y)
      Add vector x to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (size_t n, T_a, T_*, T_*)
      Multiply array x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (T_- a, const vector< T_- > &x, vector< T_- > &y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Axpy (T_a, const Vect < T_s & x, Vect < T_s & y)
      Multiply vector x by a and add result to y
• template<class T_>
  void Copy (size_t n, T_-*x, T_-*y)
      Copy array x to y n is the arrays size.
• real_t Error2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L2 error between vectors x and y
• real_t RError2 (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return absolute L^2 error between vectors \boldsymbol{x} and \boldsymbol{y}
• real_t ErrorMax (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Return absolute Max. error between vectors x and y
• real_t RErrorMax (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Return relative Max. error between vectors x and y
• template<class T_>
  T_- Dot (size_t n, T_- *x, T_- *y)
      Return dot product of arrays x and y
• real_t Dot (const vector < real_t > &x, const vector < real_t > &y)
      Return dot product of vectors x and y.
• real_t operator* (const vector< real_t > &x, const vector< real_t > &y)
      Operator * (Dot product of 2 vector instances)
• real_t Dot (const Vect< real_t > &x, const Vect< real_t > &y)
      Return dot product of vectors x and y
```

```
    template < class T_ >
        T_ Dot (const Point < T_ > &x, const Point < T_ > &y)
        Return dot product of x and y
```

real\_t exprep (real\_t x)

Compute the exponential function with avoiding over and underflows.

template<class T\_>

```
void Assign (vector < T_- > &v, const T_- &a)
```

Assign the value a to all entries of a vector v

• template<class T\_>

```
void Clear (vector < T_- > &v)
```

Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.

• template<class T\_>

```
void Clear (Vect< T_- > &v)
```

Assign 0 to all entries of a vector.

• real\_t Nrm2 (size\_t n, real\_t \*x)

Return 2-norm of array x

• real\_t Nrm2 (const vector< real\_t > &x)

Return 2-norm of vector x

• template<class T\_>

```
real_t Nrm2 (const Point< T_- > &a)
```

Return 2-norm of a

• bool Equal (real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t toler=OFELI\_EPSMCH)

Function to return true if numbers x and y are close up to a given tolerance toler

• char itoc (int i)

Function to convert an integer to a character.

• std::string itos (size\_t i)

Function to convert an integer to a string.

template<class T₋>

```
T_stringTo (const std::string &s)
```

Function to convert a string to a template type parameter.

# **Variables**

• Node \* theNode

A pointer to Node.

• Element \* the Element

A pointer to Element.

• Side \* theSide

A pointer to Side.

• Edge \* theEdge

A pointer to Edge.

• int theStep

Time step counter.

int theIteration

Iteration counter.

• int NbTimeSteps

Number of time steps.

• int MaxNbIterations

Maximal number of iterations.

• int Verbosity

Parameter for verbosity of message outputting.

• real\_t theTimeStep

Time step label.

• real\_t theTime

Time value.

real\_t theFinalTime

Final time value.

• real\_t theTolerance

Tolerance value for convergence.

real\_t theDiscrepancy

Value of discrepancy for an iterative procedure Its default value is 1.0.

bool Converged

Boolean variable to say if an iterative procedure has converged.

• bool InitPetsc

# 6.1.1 Detailed Description

A namespace to group all library classes, functions, ...

Namespace OFELI groups all OFELI library classes, functions and global variables.

# Chapter 7

# **Class Documentation**

# 7.1 AbsEqua< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

Mother abstract class to describe equation. Inheritance diagram for AbsEqua< T $_->$ :



### **Public Member Functions**

• AbsEqua ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~AbsEqua ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< T $_-$ >\*A, Vect<math>< T $_-$ > &b, Vect< T $_-$ > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T\_> &b, Vect< T\_> &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

# 7.1.1 Detailed Description

 $template < class \ T_{-}> \\ class \ OFELI::AbsEqua < T_{-}>$ 

Mother abstract class to describe equation.

# CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION ABSEQUA $< T_- >$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

# **Template Parameters**

< <i>T</i> ↔	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>	1
_>		

### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# 7.1.2 Member Function Documentation

# Mesh& getMesh ( ) const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ )

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

### void setMatrixType ( int t )

Choose type of matrix.

### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< $T_- > *A$ , Vect< $T_- > \&b$ , Vect< $T_- > \&x$ )

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x )

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

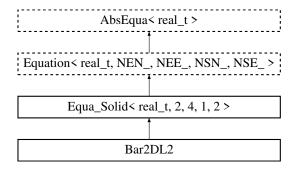
### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# 7.2 Bar2DL2 Class Reference

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

Inheritance diagram for Bar2DL2:



# **Public Member Functions**

• Bar2DL2 ()

Default Constructor.

• Bar2DL2 (Element \*el, real\_t section)

Constructor using element data.

• ~Bar2DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void Mass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void LMass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix ans right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element stiffness to left hand side.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• real\_t Stress () const

Return stresses in bar.

• void getStresses (const Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &s)

Return stresses in the truss structure (elementwise)

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

*Solve the equation.* 

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &K, SkSMatrix< real\_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &K, Vect < real\_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Deviator (real\_t coef=1)

Add deviator matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1)

Add dilatation matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add dilatation vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add deviator vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

• void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

Localize Element Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real.t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< real\_t > \*A, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.2.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for Planar Elastic Bar element with 2 DOF (Degrees of Freedom) per node.

This class implements a planar (two-dimensional) elastic bar using 2-node lines. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

#### 7.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Bar2DL2()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

### Bar2DL2 ( Element \* el, real\_t section )

Constructor using element data.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	section	Section of bar at present element

# 7.2.3 Member Function Documentation

void Mass ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

#### Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

## void LMass ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix ans right-hand side after multiplication by coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

# void LMassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

# void LMassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

# void MassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].	1
----	------	---	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

### void MassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

### void Stiffness ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element stiffness to left hand side.

# Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multuply by added term [Default: 1].
	cocj	Coefficient to martapry by daded term [Berdan: 1].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 2, 4, 1, 2 >.

# void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

|--|

#### void getStresses ( const Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & s)

Return stresses in the truss structure (elementwise)

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vect instance containing displacements at nodes
in	S	Vect instance containing axial stresses in elements

# int runOneTimeStep ( )

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a TRANSIENT analysis is required.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

### int run ( )

Solve the equation.

If the analysis (see function **setAnalysis**) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

#### void build ( )

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent mass matrix
- The choice of desired linear system solver

# void buildEigen ( SkSMatrix< real\_t > & K, SkSMatrix< real\_t > & M )

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

Case where the mass matrix is consistent

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Consistent mass matrix

### void buildEigen ( SkSMatrix< real\_t > & K, Vect< real\_t > & M )

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system. Case where the mass matrix is lumped

#### **Parameters**

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Vector containing diagonal mass matrix

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t> & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
		r

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > \& \ b, \ LocalVect< real\_t , NEN_- > \& \ be, \ int \ dof ) \ \ [\mbox{inherited}]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN $_->$ & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in		b	Global vector to be localized.
ou	t	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

 ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect< real\_t>\&\ b}$  ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $BMatrix < real_t > \& A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

**Parameters** 

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix{<}$ real\_t > \& A ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

|--|

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {\it real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ SideAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real\_t > *A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $\label{eq:cond_side_assembly} \mbox{ ( $SkSMatrix$<$ real$\_$t $> \& A ) } \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $\label{eq:cond_def} \mbox{void DGElementAssembly ( } \mbox{Matrix} < \mbox{real\_t} > * \mbox{\it A} \mbox{ ) } \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real_t > & A) [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

# real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

# Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER		
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]		
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver		
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver		
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver		
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:		
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])		
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner		
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner		

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

# Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

# $int \ solveLinearSystem \ (\ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ b, \ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ x \ ) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.2.4 Member Data Documentation

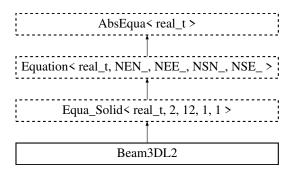
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.3 Beam3DL2 Class Reference

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines. Inheritance diagram for Beam3DL2:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Beam3DL2 ()

Default Constructor.

• Beam3DL2 (Element \*el, real\_t A, real\_t I1, real\_t I2)

Constructor using element data.

• Beam3DL2 (Element \*el, real\_t A, real\_t I1, real\_t I2, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0)

Constructor for dynamic problems.

Beam3DL2 (Mesh &ms, const Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &d)

Constructor to determine displacements.

• ~Beam3DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped Mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

• void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped Mass contribution to RHS after multiplication by coef

• void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent Mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef (not implemented)

• void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent Mass contribution to RHS after multiplication by coef (not implemented)

• void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element stiffness to left hand side.

• void Load (const Vect < real\_t > &f)

Add contributions for loads.

• void setBending ()

Set bending contribution to stiffness.

void setAxial ()

Set axial contribution to stiffness.

• void setShear ()

Set shear contribution to stiffness.

• void setTorsion ()

Set torsion contribution to stiffness.

void setNoBending ()

Set no bending contribution.

• void setNoAxial ()

Set no axial contribution.

• void setNoShear ()

Set no shear contribution.

• void setNoTorsion ()

Set no torsion contribution.

• void setReducedIntegration ()

Set reduced integration.

• real\_t AxialForce () const

Return axial force in element.

• Point< real\_t > ShearForce () const

Return shear force in element.

• Point< real\_t > BendingMoment () const

Return bending moment in element.

• real\_t TwistingMoment () const

Return twisting moment in element.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &K, Vect< real\_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Mass (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

virtual void LMass (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Deviator (real\_t coef=1)

Add deviator matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1)

Add dilatation matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add dilatation vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add deviator vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

• void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### **Public Attributes**

LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

Local Vect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.3.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 3-D beam equations using 2-node lines.

This class enables building finite element arrays for 3-D beam elements using 6 degrees of freedom per node and 2-Node line elements.

#### 7.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Beam3DL2 ( Element \* el, real\_t A, real\_t I1, real\_t I2 )

Constructor using element data.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element
in	Α	Section area of the beam
in	I1	first (x) momentum of inertia
in	I2	second (y) momentum of inertia

# Beam3DL2 ( Element \* el, real\_t A, real\_t I1, real\_t I2, const Vect< real\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0 )

Constructor for dynamic problems.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element	
in	A	Section area of the beam	
in	I1	first (x) momentum of inertia	
in	<i>I</i> 2	second (y) momentum of inertia	
in	и	Vector containing previous solution (at previous time step)	
in	time	Current time value	

# Beam3DL2 ( Mesh & ms, const Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & d )

Constructor to determine displacements.

The unknowns consist in planar and rotational degrees of freedom. This member function construct a 3-D node vector that gives the displacement vector at each node.

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	и	Vector containing the solution vector	

out	 Vector containing three components for each node that are x, y and z	
	displacements.	

# 7.3.3 Member Function Documentation

# void buildEigen ( SkSMatrix< real\_t > & K, Vect< real\_t > & M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system. Case where the mass matrix is lumped

#### **Parameters**

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Vector containing diagonal mass matrix

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el Reference to current element instance	
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

# Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

ir	ı	b	Global vector to be localized.	
οι	ıt	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > \& \ b, \ \mbox{LocalVect} < \ real\_t \ , \ \mbox{NEN}\_> \& \ be, \ \mbox{int } dof \ \ \mbox{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

# Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

### void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

# ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ Matrix < real\_t > *A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	------	--	---

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t> & x, Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

### real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

# Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

#### int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.3.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.4 BiotSavart Class Reference

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula.

### **Public Member Functions**

• BiotSavart ()

Default constructor.

• BiotSavart (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using mesh data.

BiotSavart (Mesh &ms, const Vect< real\_t > &J, Vect< real\_t > &B, int code=0)

Constructor using mesh and vector of real current density.

BiotSavart (Mesh &ms, const Vect< complex\_t > &J, Vect< complex\_t > &B, int code=0)
 Constructor using mesh and vector of complex current density.

• ~BiotSavart ()

Destructor.

void setCurrentDensity (const Vect< real\_t > &J)

Set (real) current density given at elements.

void setCurrentDensity (const Vect< complex\_t > &J)

Set (real) current density given at elements.

void setMagneticInduction (Vect< real\_t > &B)

Transmit (real) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

void setMagneticInduction (Vect< complex\_t > &B)

Transmit (complex) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

• void selectCode (int code)

Choose code of faces or edges at which current density is given.

void setPermeability (real\_t mu)

Set the magnetic permeability coefficient.

void setBoundary ()

Choose to compute the magnetic induction at boundary nodes only.

• Point< real\_t > getB3 (Point< real\_t > x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula.

• Point < real\_t > getB2 (Point < real\_t > x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula.

• Point< real\_t > getB1 (Point< real\_t > x)

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

Point< complex\_t > getBC3 (Point< real\_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula.

Point< complex\_t > getBC2 (Point< real\_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula.

Point< complex\_t > getBC1 (Point< real\_t > x)

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

• int run ()

Run the calculation by the Biot-Savart formula.

# 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Class to compute the magnetic induction from the current density using the Biot-Savart formula. Given a current density vector given at elements, a collection of sides of edges (piecewise constant), this class enables computing the magnetic induction vector (continuous and piecewise linear) using the Ampere equation. This magnetic induction is obtained by using the Biot-Savart formula which can be either a volume, surface or line formula depending on the nature of the current density vector.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

BiotSavart ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using mesh data.

Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
----	----	---------------

### BiotSavart ( Mesh & ms, const Vect < real t > & I, Vect < real t > & B, int code = 0 )

Constructor using mesh and vector of real current density.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	J	Sidewise vector of current density (J is a real valued vector), in the case of a surface supported current
		Surface supported contains

in	В	Nodewise vector that contains, once the member function run is used, the magnetic induction
in	code	Only sides with given <i>code</i> support current [Default: 0]

### BiotSavart (Mesh & ms, const Vect < complex t > & J, Vect < complex t > & B, int code = 0)

Constructor using mesh and vector of complex current density.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	J	Sidewise vector of current density (J is a complex valued vector), in the case of a surface supported current
in	В	Nodewise vector that contains, once the member function run is used, the magnetic induction
in	code	Only sides with given code support current [Default: 0]

### 7.4.3 Member Function Documentation

# void setCurrentDensity ( const Vect< real\_t > & J )

Set (real) current density given at elements.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant and real valued. This function can be used in the case of the volume Biot-Savart formula.

#### **Parameters**

in	J	Current density vector (Vect instance) and real entries	]
----	---	---	---

### void setCurrentDensity ( const Vect< complex\_t > & J )

Set (real) current density given at elements.

The current density is assumed piecewise constant and complex valued. This function can be used in the case of the volume Biot-Savart formula.

#### **Parameters**

in	J	Current density vector (Vect instance) of complex entries
----	---	---

### void setMagneticInduction ( Vect< real\_t > & B )

Transmit (real) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

out	В	Magnetic induction vector (Vect instance) and real entries
-----	---	--

### void setMagneticInduction ( Vect< complex\_t > & B )

Transmit (complex) magnetic induction vector given at nodes.

#### **Parameters**

out	В	Magnetic induction vector (Vect instance) and complex entries
-----	---	---

### void setPermeability ( real\_t mu )

Set the magnetic permeability coefficient.

### Parameters

in	ти	Magnetic permeability
----	----	-----------------------

### void setBoundary ( )

Choose to compute the magnetic induction at boundary nodes only.

By default the magnetic induction is computed (using the function run) at all mesh nodes

### Note

This function has no effect for surface of line Biot-Savart formula

# Point<real\_t> getB3 ( Point< real\_t> x )

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a real valued magnetic induction for a real valued current density field

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

### Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

# Point<real $_t>$ getB2 ( Point< real $_t>$ x )

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a real valued magnetic induction for a real valued current density field

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

### Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

### Point<real\_t> getB1 ( Point< real\_t> x )

Compute the real magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a real valued magnetic induction for a real valued current density field

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed	
----	---	--	--

#### Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

### Point<complex\_t> getBC3 ( Point< real\_t > x )

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the volume Biot-Savart formula. This function computes a complex valued magnetic induction for a complex valued current density field

### Parameters

in $x$ Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed in $x$	ted
--	-----

#### Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

### Point<complex $_t>$ getBC2 ( Point< real $_t>x$ )

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the surface Biot-Savart formula. This function computes a complex valued magnetic induction for a complex valued current density field

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed
----	---	--

### Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

### Point<complex $_t>$ getBC1 ( Point< real $_t>x$ )

Compute the complex magnetic induction at a given point using the line Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes a complex valued magnetic induction for a complex valued current density field

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the magnetic induction is computed	
----	---	--	--

#### Returns

Value of the magnetic induction at x

### int run ( )

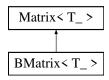
Run the calculation by the Biot-Savart formula.

This function computes the magnetic induction, which is stored in the vector B given in the constructor

# 7.5 BMatrix< T\_> Class Template Reference

To handle band matrices.

Inheritance diagram for BMatrix< T $_->$ :



# **Public Member Functions**

• BMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• BMatrix (size\_t size, int ld, int ud)

Constructor that for a band matrix with given size and bandwidth.

• BMatrix (const BMatrix &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ∼BMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setSize (size\_t size, int ld, int ud)

Set size (number of rows) and storage of matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y

void MultAdd (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector  $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$  and add result to  $\mathbf{y}$ 

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y

```
• void TMult (const Vect< T_-> &x, Vect< T_-> &y) const
      Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save result in y
• void Axpy (T_a, const BMatrix < T_b > \&x)
      Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.
• void Axpy (T_- a, const Matrix < T_- > *x)
      Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.
• void set (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)
      Add constant val to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

    void add (size_t i, size_t j, const T_ &val)

      Add constant val value to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Operator () (Constant version).
• T_ & operator() (size_t i, size_t j)
      Operator () (Non constant version).
• BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &m)
      Operator =.
• BMatrix< T_> & operator= (const T_ &x)
      Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.
• BMatrix< T_-> & operator*= (const T_- &x)
      Operator *=.
• BMatrix< T_- > & operator += (const T_- & x)
      Operator +=.
• int setLU ()
      Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)
• int solve (Vect< T_- > \&b)
      Solve linear system.
• int solve (const Vect< T_-> &b, Vect< T_-> &x)
      Solve linear system.
• T_* get () const
      Return C-Array.

    T<sub>-</sub> get (size_t i, size_t j) const

      Return entry (i, j) of matrix.
• virtual void reset ()
      Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.
• size_t getNbRows () const
```

Return number of rows.

• size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

• void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

• void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• T<sub>-</sub> getDiag (size\_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T\_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T<sub>-</sub>\*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.* 

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

*Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).* 

• T\_operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

*Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).* 

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T\_operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

### 7.5. BMATRIX< T\_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE APTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator -=.

# 7.5.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_> class OFELI::BMatrix< T\_>

To handle band matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating band matrices. The matrix can have different numbers of lower and upper co-diagonals

### **Template Parameters**

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

#### Author

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# 7.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### BMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero dimension band matrix

# BMatrix ( size\_t size, int ld, int ud )

Constructor that for a band matrix with given size and bandwidth. Assign 0 to all matrix entries.

#### Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns
in	ld	Number of lower co-diagonals (must be $> 0$ )
in	ud	Number of upper co-diagonals (must be $> 0$ )

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# 7.5.3 Member Function Documentation

void setSize ( size\_t size, int ld, int ud )

Set size (number of rows) and storage of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns
in	ld	Number of lower co-diagonals (must be $> 0$ )
in	ud	Number of upper co-diagonals (must be $> 0$ )

# void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const BMatrix< $T_- > \& x$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	x	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

### void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > *x$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	x	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### T\_ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### $T_{\infty}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

in i	Row index
------	-----------

# 7.5. BMATRIX< T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFEREN**CE**IAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in j	Column index
------	--------------

Implements Matrix $< T_->$ .

### BMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= ( const BMatrix< T $_->$ & m )

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

### BMatrix<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator \*=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x

### BMatrix<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator +=.

Add constant x to matrix entries.

#### int setLU ( )

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

#### Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

#### Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

### int solve ( Vect< $T_-> & b$ ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

in,out	Vect instance that contains right-	nand side on input and solution on output.
--------	------------------------------------	--

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

### int solve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

virtual void reset( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented in  $DMatrix < T_- >$ .

```
void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]
```

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

```
T_getDiag(size_t k) const [inherited]
```

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element & el,  $T_- * a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

### 7.5. BMATRIX< T\_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEIAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

# void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

### void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

### void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

# void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

-			
	in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.

in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

### Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction

is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

### void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function set← Penal(..).

### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

#### Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output	
--------	---	---	--

### int FactorAndSolve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

### Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

# Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

### T\_ operator() ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in i	entry index
------	-------------

### T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### Parameters

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

### T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

### T\_operator[]( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

#### Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

### Matrix& operator-= ( const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

### Matrix& operator=( const $T_- & x )$ [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

# 7.6 Brick Class Reference

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure. Inheritance diagram for Brick:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Brick ()

Default constructor.

- Brick (const Point < real\_t > &bbm, const Point < real\_t > &bbM, int code=1)
   Constructor.
- void setBoundingBox (const Point< real\_t > &bbm, const Point< real\_t > &bbM)
   Assign bounding box of the brick.
- Point< real\_t > getBoundingBox1 () const

Return first point of bounding box (xmin,ymin,zmin)

• Point< real\_t > getBoundingBox2 () const

Return second point of bounding box (xmax,ymax,zmax)

real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current brick.

• Brick & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

*Operator* +=.

• Brick & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=.

void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

- void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const
  - Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.
- real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
   const

Compute signed distance from a line.

# 7.6.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a brick (parallelepiped) figure.

### 7.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Brick ( const Point< real\_t > & bbm, const Point< real\_t > & bbM, int code = 1 )

Constructor.

in	bbm	first point (xmin,ymin,zmin)
in	bbM	second point (xmax,ymax,zmax)
in	code	Code to assign to rectangle

### 7.6.3 Member Function Documentation

void setBoundingBox ( const Point< real\_t > & bbm, const Point< real\_t > & bbM)

Assign bounding box of the brick.

#### **Parameters**

in	bbm	first point (xmin,ymin,zmin)
in	bbM	second point (xmax,ymax,zmax)

### real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point < real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current brick.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the brick, negative if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

#### **Parameters**

i	n	p	Point <double> instance</double>
---	---	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

# Brick& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate brick by a vector a

### Brick& operator+= $( real_t a )$

Operator \*=.

Scale brick by a factor a

### void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

#### Returns

Signed distance

# 7.7 Circle Class Reference

To store and treat a circular figure. Inheritance diagram for Circle:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Circle ()

Default construcor.

• Circle (const Point < real\_t > &c, real\_t r, int code=1)

Constructor.

• void setRadius (real\_t r)

Assign radius of circle.

real\_t getRadius () const

Return radius of circle.

• void setCenter (const Point< real\_t > &c)

Assign coordinates of center of circle.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of circle.

real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current circle.

• Circle & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Circle & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

• void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

# 7.7.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a circular figure.

### 7.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Circle ( const Point< real\_t > & c, real\_t r, int code = 1)

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

in	С	Coordinates of center of circle
in	r	Radius
in	code	Code to assign to the generated domain [Default: 1]

### 7.7.3 Member Function Documentation

real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current circle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the disk, positive if it is outside, and 0 on the circle

#### **Parameters**

in p	Point <double> instance</double>
------	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

### Circle& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate circle by a vector a

### Circle& operator+= $( real_t a )$

Operator \*=.

Scale circle by a factor a

### void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real\_t dLine ( const Point < real\_t > & p, const Point < real\_t > & a, const Point < real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

#### **Parameters**

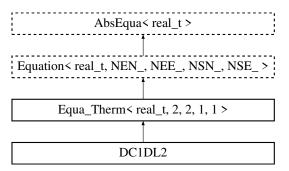
in	р	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

#### Returns

Signed distance

# 7.8 DC1DL2 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements. Inheritance diagram for DC1DL2:



### **Public Member Functions**

• DC1DL2()

Default Constructor.

• DC1DL2 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC1DL2 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

- DC1DL2 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

  Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.
- DC1DL2 (Mesh &ms)
- ~DC1DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void build ()

Build the linear system without solving.

void LCapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacity (real\_t coef)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void CapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Capacity (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void DiffusionToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const real\_t &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (const Vect< real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void ConvectionToRHS (const real\_t &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void ConvectionToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BoundaryRHS (real\_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• real\_t Flux () const

Return (constant) heat flux in element.

void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

• virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real\_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real\_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

*Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.* 

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

# **Protected Member Functions**

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.8.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 1-D using 2-Node elements. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

### 7.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### DC1DL2()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

### DC1DL2 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for an element (transient case).

#### **Parameters**

el	[in] Pointer to element
и	[in] Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
time	[in] Current time value (Default value is 0)

### DC1DL2 (const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value (Default value is 0).
in	deltat	Value of time step
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

### DC1DL2 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using mesh instance

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

### 7.8.3 Member Function Documentation

# void LCapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]	1
----	------	--	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void LCapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

### Parameters

|--|

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void LCapacity ( real\_t coef )

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]	
----	------	--	--

### void CapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

# void CapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void Capacity ( real\_t coef = 1 )

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in   coef   Coefficient to multiply by added term [default:	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
---	----	------	--

### void Diffusion ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void DiffusionToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void Convection ( const real\_t & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

### Parameters

in	v	Constant velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

### void Convection ( const Vect< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

### void Convection ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

#### **Parameters**

Coefficient to multiply b	y added term [default: 1]
---------------------------	---------------------------

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void ConvectionToRHS ( const real\_t & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit convection term.

### Parameters

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

# void ConvectionToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

# Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of a derived class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]

### void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ ) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

in	b	Vector containing source at element nodes.

in	n opt Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with	
		Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void BoundaryRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	ud	Instance of <b>UserData</b> or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.	
in	in coef Coefficient to multiply by added term [default: 1]		

# void BoundaryRHS ( real\_t flux )

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

### Parameters

	in	flux	Vector containing source at side nodes.	
--	----	------	---	--

# void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect < real t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing source at side nodes.	
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].	

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

### void setInput ( EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set equation input data.

in	opt	Parameter that selects data type for input. This parameter is to be chosen in the enumerated variable EqDataType	
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature	
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)	
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source	
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition)	
		VELOCITY: Velocity vector (for the convection term)	
in	и	Vector containing input data	

## virtual void setStab ( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

## void build ( TimeStepping & s ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### Parameters

Γ	in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
		_	

### void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

### Parameters

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

## int runTransient( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a TRANSIENT

analysis is required.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int runOneTimeStep( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function  $\operatorname{run}$  $\leftarrow$  Transient.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

# int run ( ) [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}t>\&\ bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

### **Parameters**

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > \& \ b, \ \mbox{LocalVect} < \ real\_t \ , \ \mbox{NEN}\_> \& \ be, \ \mbox{int } dof \ \ \mbox{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

# Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in b Global vector to be localized.		Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

# ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ Matrix < real\_t > *A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SkMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	-------------------------------

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
---	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	]
----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

# Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [\texttt{inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

# Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

#### int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	Α	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.8.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

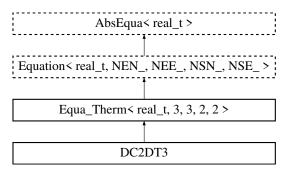
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.9 DC2DT3 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for DC2DT3:



# **Public Member Functions**

• DC2DT3 ()

Default Constructor. Constructs an empty equation.

DC2DT3 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

• DC2DT3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Constructor using Mesh and initial condition.

• DC2DT3 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC2DT3 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

• DC2DT3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

• DC2DT3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

DC2DT3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

DC2DT3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~DC2DT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LCapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void LCapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void LCapacity (real\_t coef)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Capacity (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix < real\_t, 2, 2 > &diff, real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void DiffusionToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term.

void Convection (const Point < real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const Vect< real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void ConvectionToRHS (const Point < real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void ConvectionToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void LinearExchange (real\_t coef, real\_t T)

Add an edge linear exchange term to left and right-hand sides.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BodyRHS (real\_t bf)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BoundaryRHS (real\_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Periodic (real\_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

• Point< real\_t > & Flux () const

Return (constant) heat flux in element.

• Point< real\_t > & Grad (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

Point< real\_t > & Grad (const Vect< real\_t > &u) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

• void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

void JouleHeating (const Vect< real\_t > &sigma, const Vect< real\_t > &psi)

Set Joule heating term as source.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real\_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real\_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

  Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

 $Assemble\ element\ vector\ into\ global\ one.$ 

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect < real\_t > &x, Vect < real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

# **Protected Member Functions**

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.9.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

## 7.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## DC2DT3 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using Mesh data.

## Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance

# DC2DT3 ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Constructor using Mesh and initial condition.

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	и	Vect instance containing initial solution	

## DC2DT3 (const Element \* el)

Constructor for an element.

### Parameters

el Pointer to Element instance

# DC2DT3 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance
----	----	--------------------------

# DC2DT3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for an element (transient case).

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

# DC2DT3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].
in	deltat	Value of time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

# DC2DT3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

# DC2DT3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].
in	deltat	Value of time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:
		FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme

# 7.9.3 Member Function Documentation

void LCapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void LCapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

## void LCapacity ( real\_t coef )

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

# void CapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void CapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]	1
--	----	------	--	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void Capacity ( real\_t coef = 1 )

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

# void Diffusion ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

## void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix< real\_t, 2, 2 > & diff, real\_t coef = 1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where the diffusivity matrix is given as an argument.

#### **Parameters**

in	diff	Diffusion matrix (class LocalMatrix).
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

## void DiffusionToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void Convection ( const Point< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Constant velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

# void Convection ( const Vect< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term (Default: 1]

# void Convection ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void ConvectionToRHS ( const Point< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit convection term.

## **Parameters**

in	v	Velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

# void ConvectionToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

#### **Parameters**

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

## void LinearExchange ( real\_t coef, real\_t T )

Add an edge linear exchange term to left and right-hand sides.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient of exchange
in	T	External value for exchange

## Remarks

This assumes a constant value of T

# void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of a derived class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

# void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & bf, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ ) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void BodyRHS ( real\_t bf )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side. Case where the body right-hand side is piecewise constant.

#### **Parameters**

in	bf	Value of thermal source (Constant in element).
----	----	--

# void BoundaryRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

## Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

# void BoundaryRHS ( real\_t flux )

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

# Parameters

in	flux	Vector containing source at side nodes.

# void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	b	Vector containing source at side nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 2 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void Periodic ( real\_t coef = 1.e20 )

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC\_A on one side and PERIODIC\_B on the opposite side.

## Parameters

in	coef	Value of penalty parameter [Default: 1.e20]	1
----	------	---	---

# Point<real\_t>& Grad ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u ) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

#### Parameters

	in	и	Vector for which gradient is computed.
--	----	---	--

#### Point<real\_t>& Grad ( const Vect< real\_t>& u ) const

Return gradient of a vector in element.

## Parameters

in	и	Global vector for which gradient is computed. Vector u has as size the total number
		of nodes

# void setInput ( EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set equation input data.

in	opt	Parameter to select type of input (enumerated values)
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition)
		VELOCITY_FIELD: Velocity vector (for the convection term)
in	и	Vector containing input data

## void JouleHeating (const Vect< real\_t > & sigma, const Vect< real\_t > & psi)

Set Joule heating term as source.

#### **Parameters**

in	sigma	Vect instance containing electric conductivity (elementwise)
in	psi	Vect instance containing electric potential (elementwise)

#### void build ( )

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

## virtual void setStab ( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

## int runTransient( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

## Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int runOneTimeStep( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int run ( ) [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in bc Vector that contains imposed values at all I	OFs
--	-----

# Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

# Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN $_->$ & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

i	.n	b	Global vector to be localized.
0	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

 ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect< real\_t>\&\ b}$  ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

**Parameters** 

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

**Parameters** 

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; ( \; {\bf SpMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real\_t} > \& \; A \; ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

|--|

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {\it real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix {<\ real.} t > \&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

|--|

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $\label{eq:cond_def} \mbox{void DGElementAssembly ( } \mbox{Matrix} < \mbox{real\_t} > * \mbox{\it A} \mbox{ ) } \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix{<}\,real.t{}>\&\,A\ ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

ir	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

# real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

# Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

# Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER			
		<ul> <li>DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]</li> </ul>			
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver			
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver			
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver			
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver			
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver			
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver			
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:			
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])			
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner			
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner			

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

# Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

# $int \ solveLinear System \ ( \ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ b, \ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ x \ ) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	х	x Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

#### 7.9.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

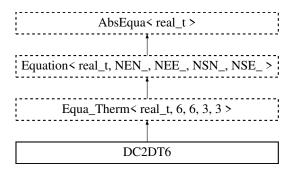
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.10 DC2DT6 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for DC2DT6:



## **Public Member Functions**

• DC2DT6 ()

Default Constructor.

• DC2DT6 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC2DT6 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

• DC2DT6 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (Transient case).

• DC2DT6 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• DC2DT6 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

• DC2DT6 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• DC2DT6 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

• ~DC2DT6 ()

Destructor.

• void Diffusion (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (Point< real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (const Vect< real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• virtual void LCapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

virtual void LCapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

• virtual void CapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

virtual void CapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void DiffusionToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add diffusion term to right-hand side.

• void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void setRhoCp (const real\_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real\_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect < real\_t > &x, Vect < real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< real\_t > \*A, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

### **Protected Member Functions**

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.10.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 2-D domains using 6-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

## 7.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# DC2DT6()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

## DC2DT6 (const Element \* el)

Constructor for an element.

in el	Pointer to element.
-------	---------------------

# DC2DT6 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

## Parameters

in sd	Pointer to side.
-------	------------------

# DC2DT6 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for an element (Transient case).

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].	

# DC2DT6 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

# Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value [Default: 1]	
in	deltat	Value of time step	
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:	
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme	
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme,	
		• CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.	

# DC2DT6 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

_			
	in	sd	Pointer to side.

in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].	

# DC2DT6 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value	
in	deltat	Value of time step	
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme: To be chosen among the enumerated values:	
		• FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme	
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme,	
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.	

## DC2DT6 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using Mesh data.

### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance

# 7.10.3 Member Function Documentation

void Diffusion ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

# void Convection ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].	]
----	------	---	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

# void Convection ( Point< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Constant velocity vector.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

# void Convection ( const Vect< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Velocity vector.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int  $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$  ) [virtual] Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Local vector (of size 6) containing source at element nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 6 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & sf, int  $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$  ) [virtual] Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

# Parameters

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 6, 6, 3, 3 >.

## virtual void setStab ( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

## virtual void LCapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

	in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
--	----	------	--

# virtual void LCapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

# virtual void CapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

#### Parameters

in   coef   coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
--

## virtual void CapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

## void build ( ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

## void build ( TimeStepping & s ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance	]
----	---	---	---

# int runTransient( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int runOneTimeStep( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

## Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

#### int run ( ) [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs	
----	----	---	--

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

## Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# ${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ ( ${f Vect}{<}$ ${f real\_t} > \&$ b ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

j	in	b	Global vector to be localized.
C	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.

	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is
--	-----	----	--------------------------------------

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_\mathtt{theSide}$ 

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SkMatrix < real\_t > \& A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real.t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
---	---	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in v Global vector (Vect instar	ice)
---------------------------------	------

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

$\boldsymbol{A}$	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Vect< realt > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## Parameters

-	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
---	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real.t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	]
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

in	sd	d Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

# real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

### 7.10.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

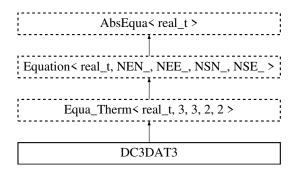
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.11 DC3DAT3 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

Inheritance diagram for DC3DAT3:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• DC3DAT3 ()

Default Constructor.

• DC3DAT3 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• DC3DAT3 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

DC3DAT3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for an element (transient case).

• DC3DAT3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

DC3DAT3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

• DC3DAT3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• DC3DAT3 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

• ~DC3DAT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LCapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

void LCapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void LCapacity (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

void Capacity (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void Diffusion (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (const LocalMatrix < real\_t, 2, 2 > &diff, real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void DiffusionToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (real\_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• Point< real\_t > & Grad (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Return gradient of a vector in element.

• void build ()

Build the linear system without solving.

virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Convection (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to left-hand side.

virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

• void setRhoCp (const real\_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

• void setConductivity (const real\_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

  Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.11.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains with axisymmetry using 3-Node triangles.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

# 7.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# DC3DAT3()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

#### DC3DAT3 (const Element \* el)

Constructor for an element.

Parameters

	-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
in	el	Pointer to element.

#### DC3DAT3 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

in   sd   Pointer to side	— е.
---------------------------	---------

# DC3DAT3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for an element (transient case).

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

# DC3DAT3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value.
in	deltat	Value of time step
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme ():
		<ul> <li>FORWARD_EULER for Forward Euler scheme, BACKWARD_EULER for Backward Euler scheme,</li> </ul>
		CRANK_NICOLSON for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.

# DC3DAT3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

# DC3DAT3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

sd	Pointer to side	
и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
time	Current time value.	
deltat	Value of time step	
scheme	Time Integration Scheme (enumerated values):	
	• FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme	
	BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme	
	• CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme	
	u time deltat	

# DC3DAT3 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using Mesh data.

#### Parameters

	in	ms	Mesh instance
--	----	----	---------------

## 7.11.3 Member Function Documentation

## void LCapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

#### Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void LCapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void LCapacity ( real\_t coef = 1 )

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

## void CapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficientcoef

#### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void CapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add Consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

#### Parameters

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void Capacity ( real\_t coef = 1 )

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

# Parameters

1			
	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

# void Diffusion ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void Diffusion ( const LocalMatrix< real\_t, 2, 2 > & diff, real\_t coef = 1)

Add diffusion matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where the diffusivity matrix is given as an argument

in	diff	Instance of class DMatrix containing diffusivity matrix
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]

# void DiffusionToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]	Ì
----	------	--	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void BodyRHS ( UserData< real $_{-}$ t > & ud )

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### Parameters

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that
		provides body source.

# void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ ) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### Parameters

in	b	Local vector (of size 3) containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# void BoundaryRHS ( real\_t flux )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### Parameters

in	flux	Value of flux to impose on the side

# void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & sf, int opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 2 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

## Point<real\_t>& Grad ( const Vect< real\_t>& u )

Return gradient of a vector in element.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vector for which gradient is computed.
----	---	--

# virtual void setStab ( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

## void build ( TimeStepping & s ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

## Parameters

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance	
----	---	---	--

# int runTransient( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int runOneTimeStep( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

#### int run ( ) [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

### void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > \& A)$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< real\_t> & v ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	------	--	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

### Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

# Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t > \&\ A\ )}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

# Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.11.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

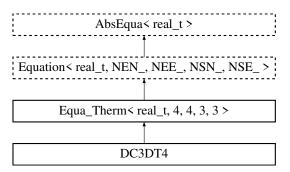
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.12 DC3DT4 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

Inheritance diagram for DC3DT4:



# **Public Member Functions**

- DC3DT4()
  - Default Constructor.
- DC3DT4 (const Element \*el)
  - Constructor for an element.
- DC3DT4 (const Side \*sd)
  - Constructor for a boundary side.
- DC3DT4 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)
  - Constructor for an element (transient case).
- DC3DT4 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)
  - Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).
- DC3DT4 (const Element \*el, const Vect < real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)
  - Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.
- DC3DT4 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)
  - Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

DC3DT4 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

• ~DC3DT4 ()

Destructor.

• void build ()

Build the linear system without solving.

• void LCapacity (real\_t coef=1.)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void LCapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void LCapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Capacity (real\_t coef=1)

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void CapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void CapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Diffusion (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

• void Diffusion (const DMatrix < real\_t > &diff, real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void DiffusionToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void Convection (const Point < real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void Convection (const Vect< Point< real\_t >> &v, real\_t coef=1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void RHS\_Convection (const Point< real\_t > &v, real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

void BoundaryRHS (real\_t flux)

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

• Point< real\_t > Flux () const

Return (constant) heat flux in element.

• Point< real\_t > Grad (const Vect< real\_t > &u) const

Return gradient of vector u in element. u is a local vector.

• void Periodic (real\_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

• virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

• void setRhoCp (const real\_t &rhocp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)

void setConductivity (const real\_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### **Public Attributes**

LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

# **Protected Member Functions**

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.12.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for thermal diffusion and convection in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that will be multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

# 7.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### DC3DT4()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

## DC3DT4 (const Element \* el)

Constructor for an element.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element.
----	----	---------------------

# DC3DT4 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor for a boundary side.

#### Parameters

sd [in] Pointer to side.

# DC3DT4 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for an element (transient case).

	in	el	Pointer to element.
-	in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
	in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

# DC3DT4 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor for a boundary side (transient case).

## Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].	

# DC3DT4 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value.	
in	deltat	Value of time step	
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme:	
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme	
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme	
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme	
1	I		

# DC3DT4 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

in	sd	Pointer to side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.	
in	time	Current time value.	
in	deltat	Value of time step	
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme ():	
		FORWARD_EULER: for Forward Euler scheme	
		BACKWARD_EULER: for Backward Euler scheme	
		• CRANK_NICOLSON: for Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme	

#### DC3DT4 (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

#### **Parameters**

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

## 7.12.3 Member Function Documentation

# void LCapacity ( real\_t coef = 1. )

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

#### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

# void LCapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

# void LCapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

## void Capacity ( real\_t coef = 1 )

Add Consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

## void CapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

# void CapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

## void Diffusion ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef.

### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term (default value = 1).
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

# void Diffusion ( const DMatrix< real\_t > & diff, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add diffusion matrix to left hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where the diffusivity matrix is given as an argument.

#### **Parameters**

in	diff	Diffusion matrix (class DMatrix).
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

# void DiffusionToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add diffusion contribution to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit diffusion term

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

## void Convection ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field has been previouly defined

### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

## void Convection ( const Point< real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Constant velocity vector
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

## void Convection ( const Vect< Point< real\_t >> & v, real\_t coef = 1)

Add convection matrix to left-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where velocity field is given by a vector v.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Velocity vector.
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

# void RHS\_Convection ( const Point < real\_t > & v, real\_t coef = 1. )

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef To be used for explicit convection term.

#### **Parameters**

ir	. 0	Velocity vector.
ir	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

## void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that
		provides body source.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

# void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real t > & b, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ ) [virtual]

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Local vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 4 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

# void BoundaryRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1 )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef

#### **Parameters**

in	ud	Instance of UserData or of an inherited class. Contains a member function that provides body source.
in	coef	Value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1].

# void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t> & b, int opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplying it by coefficient coef Case where body source is given by a vector

#### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing source at side nodes.	
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].	

Reimplemented from Equa\_Therm< real\_t, 4, 4, 3, 3 >.

# void BoundaryRHS ( real\_t flux )

Add boundary right-hand side flux to right hand side.

in	flux	Vector containing source at side nodes.

## void Periodic ( real\_t coef = 1.e20 )

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC\_A on one side and PERIODIC\_B on the opposite side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Value of penalty parameter [Default: 1.e20].
----	------	--

## virtual void setStab ( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

## void build ( TimeStepping & s ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

# void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

## int runTransient( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

## Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int runOneTimeStep( ) [inherited]

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

## Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int run ( ) [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int $dof\_type = NODE\_DOF$ , int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
	<ul> <li>NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides</li> </ul>
	dof_type

#### Parameters

in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

# Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

# Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

# Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

# ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ Matrix < real\_t > *A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

$\boldsymbol{A}$	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real.t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	------	--	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

### Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t > \&\ A\ )}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t> & x, Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

# Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

# Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

#### int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.12.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.13 DG Class Reference

Enables preliminary operations and utilities for the Discontinous Galerkin method. Inheritance diagram for DG:



# **Public Member Functions**

- DG (Mesh &ms, size\_t degree=1)
  - Constructor with mesh and degree of the method.
- ~DG ()

Destructor.

• int setGraph ()

Set matrix graph.

# 7.13.1 Detailed Description

Enables preliminary operations and utilities for the Discontinous Galerkin method.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# 7.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

DG ( Mesh & ms, size\_t degree = 1 )

Constructor with mesh and degree of the method.

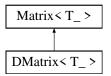
#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	degree	Polynomial degree of the DG method [Default: 1]

# 7.14 DMatrix < T\_ > Class Template Reference

To handle dense matrices.

Inheritance diagram for DMatrix< T $_->$ :



# **Public Member Functions**

• DMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• DMatrix (size\_t nr)

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nr columns.

• DMatrix (size\_t nr, size\_t nc)

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nc columns.

• DMatrix (Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > &v)

Constructor that uses a Vect instance. The class uses the memory space occupied by this vector.

• DMatrix (const DMatrix < T\_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

• DMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize structure of matrix.

• ∼DMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void setDiag (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

void setDiag (const vector < T<sub>-</sub> > &d)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

• void setSize (size\_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

void setSize (size\_t nr, size\_t nc)

Set size (number of rows and columns) of matrix.

• void getColumn (size\_t j, Vect< T\_> &v) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T\_> getColumn (size\_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

```
    void getRow (size_t i, Vect< T_ > &v) const
        Get i-th row vector.
    Vect< T_ > getRow (size_t i) const
        Get i-th row vector.
```

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Assign a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

• void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

• void setRow (size\_t i, const Vect< T\_> &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

• void setColumn (size\_t j, const Vect< T\_> &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

void MultAdd (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector  $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$  and add result to  $\mathbf{y}$ .

void MultAdd (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

• void Mult (const Vect<  $T_->$  &x, Vect<  $T_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

• void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Add constant val to entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• void Axpy (T\_a, const DMatrix < T\_> &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• int setQR ()

Construct a QR factorization of the matrix.

• int setTransQR ()

Construct a QR factorization of the transpose of the matrix.

• int solveQR (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve a linear system by QR decomposition.

• int solveTransQR (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve a transpose linear system by QR decomposition.

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version). Return a(i, j)

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version). Return a(i, j)

• int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

• int setTransLU ()

*Factorize the transpose of the matrix (LU factorization)* 

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$ )

Solve linear system.

• int solveTrans (Vect< T\_> &b)

Solve the transpose linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve linear system.

```
• int solveTrans (const Vect< T_-> &b, Vect< T_-> &x)
      Solve the transpose linear system.
• DMatrix & operator= (DMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)
      Operator =
• DMatrix & operator+= (const DMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)
      Operator +=.
• DMatrix & operator-= (const DMatrix < T_ > &m)
      Operator -=.
• DMatrix & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)
      Operator =

    DMatrix & operator*= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

      Operator *=
• DMatrix & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)
      Operator +=

    DMatrix & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

      Operator -=
• T<sub>-</sub> * getArray () const
      Return matrix as C-Array.
• T<sub>_</sub> get (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

    size_t getNbRows () const

      Return number of rows.

    size_t getNbColumns () const

      Return number of columns.

    void setPenal (real_t p)

      Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

    void setDiagonal ()

      Set the matrix as diagonal.

    void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

      Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

    T_ getDiag (size_t k) const

      Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.
• size_t size () const
      Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).
• virtual void clear ()
      brief Set all matrix entries to zero
• void Assembly (const Element &el, T<sub>-</sub>*a)
      Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.
• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T_> &a)
      Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.
• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T<sub>-</sub> *a)
      Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

    void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

      Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.
```

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous* (=0) *essential boundary condition.* 

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

*Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.* 

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

• virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T\_operator() (size\_t i) const

*Operator () with one argument (Constant version).* 

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T\_ operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

*Operator* +=.

Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Operator -=.

# 7.14.1 Detailed Description

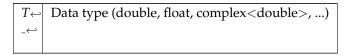
```
template < class T_>
class OFELI::DMatrix < T_>
```

To handle dense matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating general dense matrices. Matrices can be square or rectangle ones.

### 7.14. DMATRIX < T. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE PTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

### **Template Parameters**



#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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### 7.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### DMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-dimension matrix.

### DMatrix ( size\_t nr )

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nr columns. Matrix entries are set to 0.

# DMatrix ( size\_t nr, size\_t nc )

Constructor for a matrix with nr rows and nc columns.

Matrix entries are set to 0.

# DMatrix ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Constructor that uses a Vect instance. The class uses the memory space occupied by this vector.

### Parameters

in	v	Vector to copy

# DMatrix ( const DMatrix $< T_- > & m$ )

Copy Constructor.

### Parameters

in	m	Matrix to copy
		1 /

# DMatrix ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0, int $is\_diagonal = false$ )

Constructor using mesh to initialize structure of matrix.

### Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.

# 7.14.3 Member Function Documentation

# void setDiag ( const $T_- \& a$ )

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

### Parameters

in	а	Value to assign to all diagonal entries
----	---	---

# void setDiag ( const vector< $T_- > \& d$ )

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

### Parameters

in	d	Vector entries to assign to matrix diagonal entries
----	---	---

### void setSize ( size\_t size )

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

### Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns.
----	------	-----------------------------

# void setSize ( size\_t nr, size\_t nc )

Set size (number of rows and columns) of matrix.

in	nr	Number of rows.
in	пс	Number of columns.

# 7.14. DMATRIX $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCE PAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

# void getColumn ( size\_t j, Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) const

Get j-th column vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	j	Index of column to extract
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the column is stored

### Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# $Vect < T_- > getColumn ( size_t j ) const$

Get j-th column vector.

### Parameters

in	j	Index of column to extract
----	---	----------------------------

### Returns

Vect instance where the column is stored

### Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# void getRow ( size\_t $i_r$ Vect< T\_ > & v ) const

Get i-th row vector.

### Parameters

in	i	Index of row to extract	
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the row is stored	

# Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# $Vect < T_{-} > getRow ( size_t i ) const$

Get i-th row vector.

in	i	Index of row to extract

### Returns

Vect instance where the row is stored

#### Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Assign a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

### Parameters

in	i	row index of matrix
in	j	column index of matrix
in	val	Value to assign to a(i,j).

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### void reset( ) [virtual]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

# Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented from Matrix $< T_- >$ .

# void setRow ( size\_t i, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ )

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

# Parameters

in	i	row index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

# void setColumn ( size\_t j, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ )

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

in	i	column index to be assigned	
in	v	Vect instance to copy	

### 7.14. DMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE APTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

# void MultAdd ( $T_-a$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add result to y.

### Parameters

in	а	constant to multiply by	
in	x	Vector to multiply by a	
in,out	у	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

# void MultAdd ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & x, Vect< $T_-$ > & y ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

### Parameters

i	n	x	Vector to add to y	
i	n,out	y	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# void Mult ( const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

# Parameters

in	x	Vector to add to y
out	у	Result.

Implements Matrix $< T_->$ .

# void TMult ( const Vect< $T_- > & x$ , Vect< $T_- > & y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

### Parameters

in	x	Vector to add to y	
in,out	y	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Add constant val to entry (i,j) of the matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	row index
in	j	column index
in	val	Constant to add

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const DMatrix< $T_- > \& m$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

# void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### int setQR ( )

Construct a QR factorization of the matrix.

This function constructs the QR decomposition using the Householder method. The upper triangular matrix R is returned in the upper triangle of the current matrix, except for the diagonal elements of R which are stored in an internal vector. The orthogonal matrix Q is represented as a product of n-1 Householder matrices Q1 . . . Qn-1, where Qj = 1 - uj.uj/cj. The i-th component of uj is zero for i = 1, ..., j-1 while the nonzero components are returned in a[i][j] for i = j, ..., n.

#### Returns

0 if the decomposition was successful, k is the k-th row is singular

# Remarks

The matrix can be square or rectangle

### int setTransQR ( )

Construct a QR factorization of the transpose of the matrix.

This function constructs the QR decomposition using the Householder method. The upper triangular matrix R is returned in the upper triangle of the current matrix, except for the diagonal elements of R which are stored in an internal vector. The orthogonal matrix Q is represented as a

product of n-1 Householder matrices Q1 . . . Qn-1, where Qj = 1 - uj.uj /cj . The i-th component of uj is zero for i=1,...,j-1 while the nonzero components are returned in a[i][j] for i=j,...,n.

#### Returns

0 if the decomposition was successful, k is the k-th row is singular

### Remarks

The matrix can be square or rectangle

# int solveQR ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x)

Solve a linear system by QR decomposition.

This function constructs the QR decomposition, if this was not already done by using the member function QR and solves the linear system

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Right-hand side vector	
out	x	Solution vector. Must have been sized before using this function.	

#### Returns

The same value as returned by the function QR

### int solveTransQR ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x )

Solve a transpose linear system by QR decomposition.

This function constructs the QR decomposition, if this was not already done by using the member function QR and solves the linear system

### Parameters

in	b	Right-hand side vector
out	x	Solution vector. Must have been sized before using this function.

#### Returns

The same value as returned by the function QR

### T\_operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version). Return a(i,j)

in	i	row index
in	j	column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### T\_& operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version). Return a(i,j)

#### **Parameters**

in	i	row index
in	j	column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### int setLU ( )

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

#### Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

### Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

# int setTransLU()

Factorize the transpose of the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the transpose of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

### Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

### Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

### int solve ( Vect< $T_-> \& b$ ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
--------	---	--	--

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

#### int solveTrans ( Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Solve the transpose linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a transpose matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

#### **Parameters**

in,ou	t l	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
-------	-----	---	--	--

### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

# int solve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_->$ .

### int solveTrans ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x )

Solve the transpose linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a transpose matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

### DMatrix& operator= ( DMatrix $< T_- > \& m$ )

Operator =

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

# DMatrix& operator+= ( const DMatrix $< T_- > \& m$ )

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

# DMatrix& operator== ( const DMatrix $< T_- > \& m$ )

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

### DMatrix& operator= ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator =

Assign matrix to identity times x

### DMatrix& operator\*= ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator \*=

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

### DMatrix& operator+= ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator +=

Add constant value x to matrix entries

### DMatrix& operator== ( const $T_- & x$ )

Operator -=

Subtract constant value x from matrix entries.

# T\_\* getArray ( ) const

Return matrix as C-Array.

Matrix is stored row by row.

### void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

### T\_getDiag(size\_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

# void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

### void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

# void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

# void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

### void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

#### void Prescribe (Vect< $T_-> & b$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

### void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

# void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output	
--------	---	---	--

### int FactorAndSolve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

### **Parameters**

i	n	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
01	ut	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

### $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index

# T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

### T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

### T\_operator[]( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

### Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

### Matrix& operator== ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

# 7.15 Domain Class Reference

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

### **Public Member Functions**

• Domain ()

Constructor of a null domain.

• Domain (const string &file)

Constructor with an input file.

• ∼Domain ()

Destructor.

• void setFile (string file)

Set file containing Domain data.

• void setDim (size\_t d)

Set space dimension.

• size\_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

• void setNbDOF (size\_t n)

Set number of degrees of freedom.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of degrees of freedom.

• size\_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of vertices.

• size\_t getNbLines () const

Return number of lines.

• size\_t getNbContours () const

Return number of contours.

• size\_t getNbHoles () const

Return number of holes.

• size\_t getNbSubDomains () const

Return number of sub-domains.

• int get ()

Read domain data interactively.

• void get (const string &file)

Read domain data from a data file.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to generated Mesh instance.

void genGeo (string file)

Generate geometry file.

• void genMesh ()

Generate 2-D mesh.

• void genMesh (const string &file)

Generate 2-D mesh and save in file (OFELI format)

• void genMesh (string geo\_file, string bamg\_file, string mesh\_file)

Generate 2-D mesh and save geo, bamg and mesh file (OFELI format)

void generateMesh ()

Generate 2-D mesh using the BAMG mesh generator.

Domain & operator\*= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=

• void insertVertex (real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t h, int code)

Insert a vertex.

• void insertVertex (real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t z, real\_t h, int code)

Insert a vertex (3-D case)

• void insertLine (size\_t n1, size\_t n2, int c)

Insert a straight line.

• void insertLine (size\_t n1, size\_t n2, int dc, int nc)

Insert a straight line.

• void insertCircle (size\_t n1, size\_t n2, size\_t n3, int c)

Insert a circluar arc.

• void insertCircle (size\_t n1, size\_t n2, size\_t n3, int dc, int nc)

Insert a circluar arc.

• void insertRequiredVertex (size\_t v)

*Insert a required (imposed) vertex.* 

• void insertRequiredEdge (size\_t e)

Insert a required (imposed) edge (or line)

• void insertSubDomain (size\_t n, int code)

Insert subdomain.

• void insertSubDomain (size\_t ln, int orient, int code)

Insert subdomain.

void setNbDOF (int nb\_dof)

Set Number of degrees of freedom per node.

Point< real\_t > getMinCoord () const

Return minimum coordinates of vertices.

• Point< real\_t > getMaxCoord () const

Return maximum coordinates of vertices.

• real\_t getMinh () const

Return minimal value of mesh size.

• void setOutputFile (string file)

Define output mesh file.

# 7.15.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

This class is essentially useful to construct data for mesh generators.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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### 7.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### Domain ( )

Constructor of a null domain.

This constructor assigns maximal values of parameters.

### Domain (const string & file)

Constructor with an input file.

### **Parameters**

in	file	Input file in the XML format defining the domain
----	------	--

# 7.15.3 Member Function Documentation

# void get ( const string & file )

Read domain data from a data file.

Parameters

in	file	Input file in Domain XML format	
----	------	---------------------------------	--

# void genMesh ( const string & file )

Generate 2-D mesh and save in file (OFELI format)

**Parameters** 

	in	file	File where the generated mesh is saved
--	----	------	--

# void genMesh ( string geo\_file, string bamg\_file, string mesh\_file )

Generate 2-D mesh and save geo, bamg and mesh file (OFELI format)

### Parameters

in	geo_file	Geo file
in	bamg_file	Bamg file
in	mesh_file	File where the generated mesh is saved

# Domain& operator\*= ( real\_t a )

### Operator \*=

Rescale domain coordinates by myltiplying by a factor

### Parameters

in	. a	Value to multiply by
----	-----	----------------------

# void insertVertex ( real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t h, int code )

Insert a vertex.

### Parameters

in	x	x-coordinate of vertex
in	y	y-coordinate of vertex
in	h	mesh size around vertex
in	code	code of coordinate

# void insertVertex ( real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t z, real\_t h, int code )

Insert a vertex (3-D case)

# Parameters

in	х	x-coordinate of vertex
in	y	y-coordinate of vertex
in	Z	z-coordinate of vertex
in	h	mesh size around vertex
in	code	code of coordinate

# void insertLine ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2, int c )

Insert a straight line.

in	n1	Label of the first vertex of line	
in	n2	Label of the second vertex of line	

### Parameters

in	С	Code to associate to created nodes (Dirichlet) or sides (Neumann) if $< 0$	
----	---	--	--

# void insertLine ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2, int dc, int nc )

Insert a straight line.

### Parameters

in	n1	Label of the first vertex of line	
in	n2	Label of the second vertex of line	
in	dc	Code to associate to created nodes (Dirichlet)	
in	пс	Code to associate to created sides (Neumann)	

# void insertCircle ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2, size\_t n3, int c )

Insert a circluar arc.

# Parameters

in	n1	Label of vertex defining the first end of the arc	
in	n2	abel of vertex defining the second end of the arc	
in	п3	abel of vertex defining the center of the arc	
in	С	Code to associate to created nodes (Dirichlet) or sides (Neumann) if $< 0$	

# void insertCircle ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2, size\_t n3, int dc, int nc )

Insert a circluar arc.

### Parameters

in	n1	Label of vertex defining the first end of the arc	
in	n2	Label of vertex defining the second end of the arc	
in	п3	Label of vertex defining the center of the arc	
in	dc	Code to associate to created nodes (Dirichlet)	
in	пс	Code to associate to created sides (Neumann)	

# void insertRequiredVertex ( $size_t v$ )

Insert a required (imposed) vertex.

in	v	Label of vertex

# void insertRequiredEdge ( size\_t e )

Insert a required (imposed) edge (or line)

### Parameters

in	e	Label of line
----	---	---------------

# void insertSubDomain ( size\_t n, int code )

Insert subdomain.

### **Parameters**

in	п	
in	code	

# void insertSubDomain ( size\_t ln, int orient, int code )

Insert subdomain.

### Parameters

in	ln	Line label
in	orient	Orientation (1 or -1)
in	code	Subdomain code or reference

# void setOutputFile ( string file )

Define output mesh file.

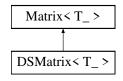
### Parameters

	in	file	String defining output mesh file
--	----	------	----------------------------------

# 7.16 DSMatrix< T\_> Class Template Reference

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

Inheritance diagram for DSMatrix $< T_- >$ :



### **Public Member Functions**

• DSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• DSMatrix (size\_t dim)

Constructor that for a symmetric matrix with given number of rgows.

• DSMatrix (const DSMatrix < T\_> &m)

Copy Constructor.

• DSMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize matrix.

• ~DSMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void setSize (size\_t dim)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Assign constant to entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• void getColumn (size\_t j, Vect< T\_ > &v) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T\_> getColumn (size\_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

void getRow (size\_t i, Vect< T\_> &v) const

Get i-th row vector.

• Vect< T\_> getRow (size\_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

• void setRow (size\_t i, const Vect< T\_> &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

• void setColumn (size\_t j, const Vect< T\_ > &v)

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

void setDiag (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

• void setDiag (const vector < T\_> &d)

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

 $Add\ constant\ to\ an\ entry\ of the\ matrix.$ 

T\_ operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T\_ & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• DSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const DSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Operator = Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

• DSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$ 

• DSMatrix & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator +=.

• DSMatrix & operator== (const T\_ &x)

```
Operator -=.
```

• int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix  $(LDL^T)$ 

• void MultAdd (const Vect<  $T_-> &x$ , Vect<  $T_-> &y$ ) const

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add result to y.

• void MultAdd (T\_a, const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector  $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$  and add to  $\mathbf{y}$ .

• void Mult (const Vect<  $T_->$  &x, Vect<  $T_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect<  $T_->$  &x, Vect<  $T_->$  &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

• void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const DSMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy  $(T_a, const Matrix < T_ > *m)$ 

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• int solve (Vect<  $T_->$  &b)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve linear system.

• T<sub>-</sub> \* getArray () const

Return matrix as C-Array. Matrix is stored row by row. Only lower triangle is stored.

• T\_get (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• virtual void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

T<sub>-</sub> getDiag (size\_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T\_ \*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T\_\*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T\_> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect<  $T_->$  &b, const Vect<  $T_->$  &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous* (=0) *essential boundary condition.* 

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

*Operator* [] (Non constant version).

• T\_ operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator\*= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator \*=.

# 7.16.1 Detailed Description

template < class T\_> class OFELI::DSMatrix < T\_>

To handle symmetric dense matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating symmetric dense matrices.

# **Template Parameters**

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

### Author

Rachid Touzani

# Copyright

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# 7.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### DSMatrix ( size\_t dim )

Constructor that for a symmetric matrix with given number of rqows.

#### **Parameters**

in	dim	Number of rows
----	-----	----------------

# DSMatrix ( const DSMatrix $< T_- > & m$ )

Copy Constructor.

### Parameters

i	in	m	DSMatrix instance to copy	
---	----	---	---------------------------	--

# DSMatrix ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor using mesh to initialize matrix.

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0.
		dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that
		matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.

# 7.16. DSMATRIX< T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

### Parameters

in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.	]
----	-------------	---	---

# 7.16.3 Member Function Documentation

### void setSize ( size\_t dim )

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

### Parameters

in	dim	Number of rows and columns.
----	-----	-----------------------------

# void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Assign constant to entry (i,j) of the matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	row index
in	j	column index
in	val	value to assign to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# void getColumn ( size\_t j, Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) const

Get j-th column vector.

# Parameters

in	j	Index of column to extract	
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the column is stored	

### Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# $Vect < T_- > getColumn ( size_t j ) const$

Get j-th column vector.

in	j	Index of column to extract
----	---	----------------------------

### Returns

Vect instance where the column is stored

#### Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# void getRow ( size\_t i, Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) const

Get i-th row vector.

### Parameters

in	i	Index of row to extract
out	v	Reference to Vect instance where the row is stored

### Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# $Vect < T_- > getRow ( size_t i ) const$

Get i-th row vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Index of row to extract

# Returns

Vect instance where the row is stored

# Remarks

Vector v does not need to be sized before. It is resized in the function

# void setRow ( size\_t i, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ )

Copy a given vector to a prescribed row in the matrix.

## Parameters

in	i	row index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

# void setColumn ( size\_t j, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ )

Copy a given vector to a prescribed column in the matrix.

# 7.16. DSMATRIX< T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

### Parameters

in	i	column index to be assigned
in	v	Vect instance to copy

# void setDiag ( const $T_- \& a$ )

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries as a constant.

### Parameters

ir	а	Value to assign to all diagonal entries
----	---	---

# void setDiag ( const vector< $T_- > \& d$ )

Set matrix as diagonal and assign its diagonal entries.

### Parameters

in	d	Vector entries to assign to matrix diagonal entries	
----	---	---	--

# void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Add constant to an entry of the matrix.

### Parameters

in	i	row index
in	j	column index
in	val	value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# T\_ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# $T_{\&}$ operator() ( $size_{t} i$ , $size_{t} j$ ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

# Warning

To modify a value of an entry of the matrix it is safer not to modify both lower and upper triangles. Otherwise, wrong values will be assigned. If not sure, use the member functions set or add.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### DSMatrix& operator+= ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

### DSMatrix& operator== ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from to all matrix entries.

### int setLDLt ( )

Factorize matrix (LDL<sup>T</sup>)

### Returns

- 0, if factorization was normally performed,
- n, if the n-th pivot is null.

# $void\ MultAdd\ (\ T_{-}\ \textit{a,\ const}\ Vect < T_{-} > \&\ \textit{x,\ Vect} < T_{-} > \&\ \textit{y}\ )\ const\quad \texttt{[virtual]}$

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add to y.

### Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
in,out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# void TMult ( const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add result in y.

in	x	Vector to add to y
in,out	y	on input, vector to add to. On output, result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const DSMatrix $< T_- > \& m$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

# void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

### int solve ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The matrix is factorized using the LDLt (Crout) decomposition. If this one is already factorized, no further factorization is performed. If the matrix has been modified the user has to refactorize it using the function setLDLt.

### Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.
--------	---	--

### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

# int solve ( const Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , Vect< $T_- > \& x$ ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The matrix is factorized using the LDLt (Crout) decomposition. If this one is already factorized, no further factorization is performed. If the matrix has been modified the user has to refactorize it using the function setLDLt.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

# virtual void reset( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

### Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented in DMatrix $< T_->$ .

# void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

# T\_getDiag(size\_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

### void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_- * a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

### void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

### void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

### 7.16. DSMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance	
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance	

### void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance	
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance	

### void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

### Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in   dof   Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced		Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in	code	de Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_- > & b$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

### void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

# void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

### 7.16. DSMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCEPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

#### **Parameters**

1			
	in.out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
	,		veet instance that contains ingite indicate on inp at their solution on output

# int FactorAndSolve ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , Vect< $T_-> \& x$ ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side	
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution	

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

### T\_operator() ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

### Parameters

in	i	entry index

### T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

in i	entry index
------	-------------

### T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

### T\_operator[]( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

# Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

# Matrix& operator-= ( const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

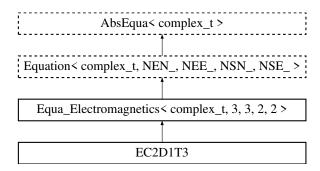
### Matrix& operator\*= ( const $T_- & x$ ) [inherited]

Operator \*=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x

# 7.17 EC2D1T3 Class Reference

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation. Inheritance diagram for EC2D1T3:



# **Public Member Functions**

• EC2D1T3 ()

Default constructor.

• EC2D1T3 (const Element \*el)

Constructor using element data.

• EC2D1T3 (const Side \*side)

Constructor using side data.

• EC2D1T3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< complex\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

• EC2D1T3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< complex\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~EC2D1T3 ()

Destructor.

• void Magnetic (real\_t omega, real\_t coef=1.)

Add magnetic contribution to matrix.

• void Electric (real\_t coef=1.)

Add electric contribution to matrix.

• real\_t Joule ()

Compute Joule density in element.

complex\_t IntegMF ()

Add element integral contribution.

complex\_t IntegND (const Vect< complex\_t > &h, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Compute integral of normal derivative on edge.

• real\_t VacuumArea ()

Add contribution to vacuum area calculation.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< complex\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< complex\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

  Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < complex\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< complex\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < complex\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< complex\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < complex\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< complex\_t > &x, Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< complex\_t > &x, Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< complex\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < complex\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < complex\_t > \*A, Vect < complex\_t > &b, Vect < complex\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< complex\_t > &b, Vect< complex\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

LocalMatrix < complex\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< complex\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void MagneticPermeability (const real\_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

• void ElectricConductivity (const real\_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

• void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

• void ElectricResistivity (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) electric resistivity.

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.17.1 Detailed Description

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using solenoidal approximation.

Builds finite element arrays for time harmonic eddy current problems in 2-D domains with solenoidal configurations (Magnetic field has only one nonzero component). Magnetic field is constant in the vacuum, and then zero in the outer vacuum. Uses 3-Node triangles.

The unknown is the time-harmonic magnetic induction (complex valued).

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## EC2D1T3 (const Element \* el)

Constructor using element data.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element instance

## EC2D1T3 ( const Side \* side )

Constructor using side data.

## Parameters

in	side	Pointer to Side instance

## EC2D1T3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< complex\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0. )

Constructor using element and previous time data.

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
in	и	Solution at previous iteration
in	time	Time value [Default: 0]

## EC2D1T3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< complex\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0. )

Constructor using side and previous time data.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance
in	и	Solution at previous iteration
in	time	Time value [Default: 0]

## 7.17.3 Member Function Documentation

void Magnetic ( real\_t omega, real\_t coef = 1. )

Add magnetic contribution to matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	omega	Angular frequency
in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by [Default: 1]

## void Electric ( real\_t coef = 1. )

Add electric contribution to matrix.

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by [Default: 1]
----	------	---

## complex\_t IntegND ( const Vect< complex\_t > & h, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ )

Compute integral of normal derivative on edge.

#### **Parameters**

in	h	Vect instance containing magnetic field at element nodes
in	opt	Vector h is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

#### Note

This member function is to be called within each element, it detects boundary sides as the ones with nonzero code

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< complex\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## ${f void\ update BC\ (\ const\ Vect < complex\_t > \&\ bc}\ )\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## ${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ ( ${f Vect}{<}$ ${f complex}_{f t}{>}$ & ${f b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, LocalVect< complex\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, LocalVect< complex\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.  Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
out	be		
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, LocalVect< complex\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

j	in	b	Global vector to be localized.
C	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, LocalVect< complex\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in <i>b</i> Global vector to be localized.	
--	--

out	be	Local vector, the length of which is
-----	----	--------------------------------------

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< complex $_{-}$ t > & b, int $dof_{-}type = NODE_{-}FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < complex\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_\mathtt{theSide}$ 

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( Matrix < complex.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScVect < {f complex}\_t > \&\ b \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix < complex_t > & A ) [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
---	---	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < complex_t > \&v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in v Global vector (Vect instar	ice)
---------------------------------	------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < complex.t > \&\ A\ )} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable theSide

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< complex\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ SideAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<} complex.t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

$\boldsymbol{A}$	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ SpMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< complex $_t$ > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ complex_t>*A\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\,complex\_t>\&\,A\ )}\quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
		1	ı

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix{<}\ complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< complex\_t > & x, Vect< complex\_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

## void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< complex\_t > & x, Vect< complex\_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< complex\_t > \* A, Vect< complex\_t > & b, Vect< complex\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< complex\_t > & b, Vect< complex\_t > & x ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.17.4 Member Data Documentation

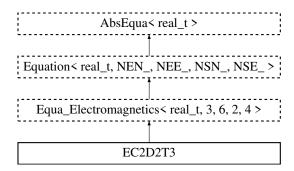
LocalVect<complex\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.18 EC2D2T3 Class Reference

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using transversal approximation. Inheritance diagram for EC2D2T3:



## **Public Member Functions**

• EC2D2T3 ()

Default Constructor.

• EC2D2T3 (const Element \*el)

Constructor using element data.

• EC2D2T3 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using one side data.

• EC2D2T3 (const Side \*sd1, const Side \*sd2)

Constructor using two side data.

• ~EC2D2T3 ()

Destructor.

• void RHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Compute Contribution to Right-Hand Side.

• void FEBlock (real\_t omega)

Compute Finite Element Diagonal Block.

 void BEBlocks (size\_t n1, size\_t n2, SpMatrix< real\_t > &L, SpMatrix< real\_t > &U, Sp← Matrix< real\_t > &D)

Compute boundary element blocks.

complex\_t Constant (real\_t omega, const Vect< real\_t > &u, complex\_t &I)

Compute constant to multiply by potential.

real\_t MagneticPressure (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Compute magnetic pressure in element.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

void MagneticPermeability (const real\_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

• void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

• void ElectricConductivity (const real\_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

• void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

• void ElectricResistivity (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) electric resistivity.

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.18.1 Detailed Description

Eddy current problems in 2-D domains using transversal approximation.

Builds finite element arrays for time harmonic eddy current problems in 2-D domains with transversal configurations (Magnetic field has two nonzero components). Uses 3-Node triangles. The unknown is the time-harmonic scalar potential (complex valued).

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.18.2 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

## Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## ${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ ( ${f Vect}{<{\it real\_t}>\&b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_- > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int  $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_$ theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ BMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{\bf void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix{<}\,real\_t > \&\,A\ ) \quad [\mbox{\it inherited}]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SkMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

ir	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

## Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
	-	

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

### Parameters

d		
	A	Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Matrix {<}\ real\_t > *A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A\ )}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

## Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER		
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]		
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver		
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver		
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver		
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:		
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])		
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner		
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner		

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.18.3 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.19 Edge Class Reference

To describe an edge.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Edge ()

Default Constructor.

• Edge (size\_t label)

Constructor with label.

• Edge (const Edge &ed)

Copy constructor.

• ~Edge ()

Destructor.

• void Add (Node \*node)

*Insert a node at end of list of nodes of edge.* 

• void setLabel (size\_t i)

Assign label of edge.

• void setFirstDOF (size\_t n)

Define First DOF.

• void setNbDOF (size\_t nb\_dof)

Define number of DOF of edge.

• void DOF (size\_t i, size\_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

void setDOF (size\_t &first\_dof, size\_t nb\_dof)

Define number of DOF.

• void setCode (size\_t dof, int code)

Assign code code to DOF number dof.

void AddNeighbor (Side \*sd)

Add side pointed by sd to list of edge sides.

• size\_t getLabel () const

Return label of edge.

• size\_t n () const

Return label of edge.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of edge equations.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of DOF.

• int getCode (size\_t dof=1) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

• size\_t getDOF (size\_t i) const

Return label of i-th DOF.

• size\_t getFirstDOF () const

Return number of first dof of node.

• Node \* getPtrNode (size\_t i) const

List of element nodes.

• Node \* operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator ().

• size\_t getNodeLabel (size\_t i) const

Return node label.

• Side \* getNeighborSide (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to neighbor i-th side.

• int isOnBoundary () const

Say if current edge is a boundary edge or not.

void setOnBoundary ()

Say that the edge is on the boundary.

• Node \* operator() (size\_t i)

Operator ().

## 7.19.1 Detailed Description

To describe an edge.

Defines an edge of a 3-D finite element mesh. The edges are given in particular by a list of nodes. Each node can be accessed by the member function getPtrNode.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Edge ( )

Default Constructor.

Initializes data to zero

Edge ( size\_t label )

Constructor with label.

Define an edge by giving its label

## 7.19.3 Member Function Documentation

void DOF ( size\_t i, size\_t dof )

Define label of DOF.

Parameters

in	i	DOF index
in	dof	Its label

## void setDOF ( size\_t & first\_dof, size\_t nb\_dof )

Define number of DOF.

Parameters

in,out	first_dof	Label of the first DOF in input that is actualized
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF

## void setCode ( size\_t dof, int code )

Assign code code to DOF number dof.

in	dof	index of dof for assignment.

	in	code	Value of code to assign.	
--	----	------	--------------------------	--

#### int getCode ( $size_t dof = 1$ ) const

Return code for a given DOF of node. Default value is 1

## Node\* operator() ( $size_t i$ ) const

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

#### size\_t getNodeLabel ( size\_t i ) const

Return node label.

#### Parameters

in	i	Local label of node for which global label is returned
----	---	--

## int isOnBoundary ( ) const

Say if current edge is a boundary edge or not.

Note this information is available only if boundary edges were determined. See class Mesh

## Node\* operator() ( size\_t i )

Operator ().

Returns pointer to node of local label i

## 7.20 EdgeList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

## **Public Member Functions**

EdgeList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ~EdgeList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Select edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• void unselectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Unselect edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• size\_t getNbEdges () const

Return number of selected edges.

• void top ()

## 7.21. EIGENPROBLEMSOLVER CLASS REFERENCE HAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

Reset list of edges at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of edges at its top position (Constant version)

• Edge \* get ()

Return pointer to current edge and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Edge \* get () const

Return pointer to current edge and move to next one (Constant version)

## 7.20.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of edges having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.20.2 Member Function Documentation

void selectCode ( int code, int dof = 1 )

Select edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code that edges share
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

## void unselectCode ( int code, int dof = 1 )

Unselect edges having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code of edges to exclude
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

## 7.21 EigenProblemSolver Class Reference

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, *i.e.* Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that  $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$  where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as *Stiffness* and *Mass* matrices respectively.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• EigenProblemSolver ()

Default constructor.

• EigenProblemSolver (DSMatrix < real\_t > &K, int n=0)

Constructor for a dense symmetric matrix that computes the eigenvalues.

EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &K, SkSMatrix < real\_t > &M, int n=0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

• EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &K, Vect < real\_t > &M, int n=0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

• EigenProblemSolver (DSMatrix< real\_t > &A, Vect< real\_t > &ev, int n=0)

Constructor for a dense matrix that compute the eigenvalues.

• EigenProblemSolver (AbsEqua < real\_t > &eq, bool lumped=true)

Consttuctor using partial differential equation.

• ~EigenProblemSolver ()

Destructor.

void setMatrix (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &K, SkSMatrix < real\_t > &M)

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

• void setMatrix (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &K, Vect < real\_t > &M)

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

void setMatrix (DSMatrix < real\_t > &K)

*Set matrix instance (Symmetric matrix).* 

• void setPDE (AbsEqua < real\_t > &eq, bool lumped=true)

 $Define\ partial\ differential\ equation\ to\ solve.$ 

• int run (int nb=0)

Run the eigenproblem solver.

void Assembly (const Element &el, real\_t \*eK, real\_t \*eM)

Assemble element arrays into global matrices.

void SAssembly (const Side &sd, real\_t \*sK)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

• int runSubSpace (size\_t nb\_eigv, size\_t ss\_dim=0)

Run the subspace iteration solver.

void setSubspaceDimension (int dim)

Define the subspace dimension.

• void setMaxIter (int max\_it)

set maximal number of iterations.

void setTolerance (real\_t eps)

set tolerance value

int checkSturm (int &nb\_found, int &nb\_lost)

Check how many eigenvalues have been found using Sturm sequence method.

• int getNbIter () const

Return actual number of performed iterations.

• real\_t getEigenValue (int n) const

Return the n-th eigenvalue.

void getEigenVector (int n, Vect< real\_t > &v) const

Return the n-th eigenvector.

## 7.21.1 Detailed Description

Class to find eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of a given matrix in a generalized eigenproblem, *i.e.* Find scalars l and non-null vectors v such that  $[K]\{v\} = l[M]\{v\}$  where [K] and [M] are symmetric matrices. The eigenproblem can be originated from a PDE. For this, we will refer to the matrices K and M as *Stiffness* and *Mass* matrices respectively.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## EigenProblemSolver ( DSMatrix < real\_t > & K, int n = 0 )

Constructor for a dense symmetric matrix that computes the eigenvalues.

This constructor solves in place the eigenvalues problem and stores them in a vector (No need to use the function runSubSpace). The eigenvectors can be obtained by calling the member function getEigenVector.

#### **Parameters**

in <i>K</i> Matrix for which eigenmodes are sought.		Matrix for which eigenmodes are sought.
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.

## EigenProblemSolver ( SkSMatrix < real\_t > & K, SkSMatrix < real\_t > & M, int n = 0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

#### Parameters

in	K	"Stiffness" matrix	
in	M	"Mass" matrix	
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.	

## Note

The generalized eigenvalue problem is defined by Kx = aMx, where K and M are referred to as stiffness and mass matrix.

## EigenProblemSolver (SkSMatrix< real\_t > & K, Vect< real\_t > & M, int n = 0)

Constructor for Symmetric Skyline Matrices.

in	K	"Stiffness" matrix	
in	M	Diagonal "Mass" matrix stored as a Vect instance	

in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.	
----	---	--	--

## Note

The generalized eigenvalue problem is defined by Kx = aMx, where K and M are referred to as stiffness and mass matrix.

## EigenProblemSolver ( DSMatrix< real\_t > & A, Vect< real\_t > & ev, int n = 0 )

Constructor for a dense matrix that compute the eigenvalues.

This constructor solves in place the eigenvalues problem and stores them in a vector (No need to use the function runSubSpace). The eigenvectors can be obtained by calling the member function getEigenVector.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Matrix for which eigenmodes are sought.	
in	n ev Vector containing all computed eigenvalues sorted increasingly.		
in	n	Number of eigenvalues to extract. By default all eigenvalues are computed.	

#### Remarks

The vector ev does not need to be sized before.

## EigenProblemSolver ( AbsEqua< real\_t> & eq, bool lumped = true )

Consttuctor using partial differential equation.

The used equation class must have been constructed using the Mesh instance

## **Parameters**

in	eq	Reference to equation instance
in	lumped	Mass matrix is lumped (true) or not (false) [Default: true]

## 7.21.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setMatrix ( SkSMatrix < real\_t > & K, SkSMatrix < real\_t > & M )

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

This function is to be used when the default constructor is applied. Case where the mass matrix is consistent.

	in	K	Stiffness matrix instance
ĺ	in	M	Mass matrix instance

## void setMatrix ( SkSMatrix < real\_t > & K, Vect < real\_t > & M )

Set matrix instances (Symmetric matrices).

This function is to be used when the default constructor is applied. Case where the mass matrix is (lumped) diagonal and stored in a vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	K	Stiffness matrix instance	
in	M	Mass matrix instance where diagonal terms are stored as a vector	

## void setMatrix ( DSMatrix < real\_t > & K )

Set matrix instance (Symmetric matrix).

This function is to be used when the default constructor is applied. Case of a standard (not generalized) eigen problem is to be solved

#### **Parameters**

in	K	Stiffness matrix instance
----	---	---------------------------

## void setPDE ( AbsEqua< real\_t > & eq, bool lumped = true )

Define partial differential equation to solve.

The used equation class must have been constructed using the Mesh instance

#### **Parameters**

j	in	eq	Reference to equation instance
j	in	lumped	Mass matrix is lumped (true) or not (false) [Default: true]

## int run ( int nb = 0 )

Run the eigenproblem solver.

## Parameters

in	nb	Number of eigenvalues to be computed. By default, all eigenvalues are computed.	
----	----	---	--

# void Assembly ( const Element & el, real\_t \* eK, real\_t \* eM )

Assemble element arrays into global matrices.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

in	el	Reference to Element class
in	еK	Pointer to element stiffness (or assimilated) matrix

in eM Pointer to element mass (or assimilated) matri	x
--	---

# void SAssembly ( const Side & sd, real\_t \* sK )

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side class
in	sK	Pointer to side stiffness

# int runSubSpace ( size\_t nb\_eigv, size\_t ss\_dim = 0 )

Run the subspace iteration solver.

This function rune the Bathe subspace iteration method.

#### **Parameters**

in	nb_eigv	Number of eigenvalues to be extracted
in	ss_dim	Subspace dimension. Must be at least equal to the number eigenvalues to seek. [Default: nb_eigv]

## Returns

1: Normal execution. Convergence has been achieved. 2: Convergence for eigenvalues has not been attained.

# void setSubspaceDimension (int dim)

Define the subspace dimension.

#### **Parameters**

eigenvalues. By default this value will be set to the number of wanted eigenvalues	in dim	
--	--------	--

# void setTolerance ( real\_t eps )

set tolerance value

in	eps	Convergence tolerance for eigenvalues [Default: 1.e-8]
----	-----	--

## int checkSturm ( int & nb\_found, int & nb\_lost )

Check how many eigenvalues have been found using Sturm sequence method.

#### **Parameters**

out	nb_found	number of eigenvalues actually found
out	nb_lost	number of eigenvalues missing

#### Returns

- 0, Successful completion of subroutine.
  - 1, No convergent eigenvalues found.

# void getEigenVector ( int n, Vect< real\_t > & v ) const

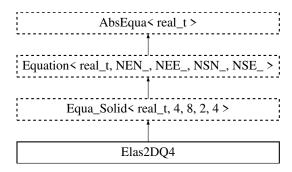
Return the n-th eigenvector.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	Label of eigenvector (They are stored in ascending order of eigenvalues)
in,out	v	Vect instance where the eigenvector is stored.

# 7.22 Elas2DQ4 Class Reference

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals. Inheritance diagram for Elas2DQ4:



# **Public Member Functions**

- Elas2DQ4 ()
  - Default Constructor.
- Elas2DQ4 (const Element \*el)
  - Constructor using element data.
- Elas2DQ4 (const Side \*sd)
  - Constructor using side data.
- Elas2DQ4 (const Element \*element, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

• Elas2DQ4 (const Side \*side, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~Elas2DQ4 ()

Destructor.

• void PlaneStrain ()

Set plane strain hypothesis.

• void PlaneStrain (real\_t E, real\_t nu)

Set plane strain hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

void PlaneStress ()

Set plane stress hypothesis.

• void PlaneStress (real\_t E, real\_t nu)

Set plane stress hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

• void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LMass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by  $coef[Default \leftarrow : 1]$ .

• void Mass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Deviator (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &sf)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

• int SignoriniContact (UserData< real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

void Strain (LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &eps)

Calculate strains at element barycenter.

• void Stress (LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &s, real\_t &vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

• void Stress (LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &sigma, LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &s, real\_t &vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

• void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect < real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.22.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 4-node quadrilaterals.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 2-D domains using 4-Node quadrilaterals.

Unilateral contact is handled using a penalty function. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

## 7.22.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Elas2DQ4()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

#### Elas2DQ4 (const Element \* element, const Vect < real\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0. )

Constructor using element and previous time data.

#### **Parameters**

in	element	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

## Elas2DQ4 ( const Side \* side, const Vect < real\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0. )

Constructor using side and previous time data.

in	side	Pointer to side
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0]

## 7.22.3 Member Function Documentation

## void PlaneStrain ( real\_t E, real\_t nu )

Set plane strain hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

#### **Parameters**

in	Е	Young's modulus
in	пи	Poisson ratio

## void PlaneStress ( real\_t E, real\_t nu )

Set plane stress hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus and Poisson ratio.

#### **Parameters**

in	Е	Young's modulus
in	пи	Poisson ratio

# void DilatationToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element dilatational contribution to right hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

To use for explicit formulations

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 4, 8, 2, 4 >.

# void BodyRHS ( UserData< real\_t > & ud )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef Body forces are deduced from UserData instance ud

## void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & bf, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

## Parameters

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 8 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Total number of DOF [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

## void BoundaryRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef Boundary forces are deduced from UserData instance ud

## void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & sf )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

in	sf	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).
----	----	---

# Warning

The vector sf is sidewise constant, *i.e.* its size is twice the number of sides.

# int SignoriniContact ( UserData< real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance defining contact data	
in	coef	Penalty value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1.e07]	

## Returns

0 if no contact was realized on this side, 1 otherwise

# void Strain ( LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & eps )

Calculate strains at element barycenter.

## Parameters

1				i
	out	eps	Vector containing strains in element	

## void Stress ( LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & s, real\_t & vm )

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

## Parameters

out	s	LocalVect containing principal stresses in element
out	vm	Value of Von-Mises stress in element

# void Stress ( LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & sigma, LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & s, real\_t & vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress at element barycenter.

out	sigma	Vector containing principal stresses in element
out	s	Vector containing principal stresses in element
out	vm	Value of Von-Mises stress in element

# virtual void MassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

# virtual void MassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

# Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

|b| Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real.t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< real\_t> & v ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ ) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

### Parameters

in $v$	Global vector (Vect instance)
--------	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t > \&\ A\ )}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

# Parameters

in	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
	DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.22.4 Member Data Documentation

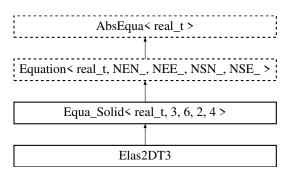
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.23 Elas2DT3 Class Reference

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles. Inheritance diagram for Elas2DT3:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Elas2DT3 ()
  - Default Constructor.
- Elas2DT3 (Mesh &ms)
  - Constructor using Mesh data.
- Elas2DT3 (const Element \*el)
  - Constructor using element data.
- Elas2DT3 (const Side \*sd)
  - Constructor using side data.
- Elas2DT3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)
  - Constructor using element, previous time solution u and time value.
- Elas2DT3 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)
- Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

   Elas2DT3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time=0.)
  - Constructor using side, previous time solution u and time value.
- Elas2DT3 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme)

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

• ~Elas2DT3 ()

Destructor.

• void Media (real\_t E, real\_t nu, real\_t rho)

Set media properties.

• void PlaneStrain ()

Set plane strain hypothesis.

• void PlaneStrain (real\_t E, real\_t nu)

Set plane strain hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus E and Poisson ratio nu

• void PlaneStress ()

*Set plane stress hypothesis.* 

void PlaneStress (real\_t E, real\_t nu)

Set plane stress hypothesis by giving values of Young's modulus E and Poisson ratio nu

• void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

• void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void LMass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

• void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void Mass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void Deviator (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

• void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

• int SignoriniContact (UserData < real\_t > &ud, real\_t coef=1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

int SignoriniContact (Vect< real\_t > &f, real\_t coef=1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

void Reaction (Vect< real\_t > &r)

Calculate reactions.

void ContactPressure (const Vect< real\_t > &f, real\_t penal, Point< real\_t > &p)

Calculate contact pressure.

• void Strain (Vect< real\_t > &eps)

Calculate strains in element.

• void Stress (Vect< real\_t > &s, real\_t &vm)

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress in element.

• void Periodic (real\_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

 $Assemble\ element\ matrix\ into\ global\ one\ for\ the\ Discontinuous\ Galerkin\ approximation.$ 

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.23.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 2-D linearized elasticity using 3-node triangles.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 2-D domains using 3-Node triangles.

Unilateral contact is handled using a penalty function. Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a real coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

# 7.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Elas2DT3()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

#### Elas2DT3 (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using Mesh data.

#### **Parameters**

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

#### Elas2DT3 ( const Element \*el )

Constructor using element data.

*el* Pointer to Element instance

# Elas2DT3 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor using side data.

#### Parameters

sd | Pointer to Side instance

# Elas2DT3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor using element, previous time solution u and time value.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

# Elas2DT3 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for an element (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

# Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value.
in	deltat	Time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme: To be chosen among the enumerated values:
		FORWARD_EULER: Forward Euler scheme
		BACKWARD_EULER: Backward Euler scheme,
		CRANK_NICOLSON: Crank-Nicolson Euler scheme.

# Elas2DT3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time = 0. )

Constructor using side, previous time solution u and time value.

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].

## Elas2DT3 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, real\_t time, real\_t deltat, int scheme )

Constructor for a side (transient case) with specification of time integration scheme.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution at previous time step.
in	time	Current time value [Default: 0].
in	deltat	Time step.
in	scheme	Time Integration Scheme

## 7.23.3 Member Function Documentation

void Media ( real\_t E, real\_t nu, real\_t rho )

Set media properties.

Useful to override material properties deduced from mesh file.

# void LMassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void LMassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

## Parameters

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void LMass ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void MassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef

#### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
--	----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void MassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

## void Mass ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

## void Deviator ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

## void DeviatorToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element deviatoric contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1].
----	------	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void Dilatation ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef

#### **Parameters**

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void DilatationToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add element dilatational contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef To use for explicit formulations

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Coefficient to multiply by added term [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Solid < real\_t, 3, 6, 2, 4 >.

# void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side after multiplication by coef Body forces are deduced from UserData instance ud

# void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & f, int $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$ )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### Parameters

in	f	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF)
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 6 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of element DOF [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

# void BoundaryRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef

Ī	in ud	UserData instance defining boundary forces	
---	-------	--	--

## void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & f )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Vect instance that contains constant traction to impose to side.
----	---	--

# int SignoriniContact ( UserData< real\_t > & ud, real\_t coef = 1.e07)

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance defining contact data
in	coef	Penalty value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1.e07]

#### Returns

= 0 if no contact is achieved on this side, 1 otherwise

# int SignoriniContact ( Vect< real\_t > & f, real\_t coef = 1.e07 )

Penalty Signorini contact side contribution to matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

j	in	f	Vect instance that contains contact data
j	in	coef	Penalty value by which the added term is multiplied [Default: 1.e07]

## Returns

= 0 if no contact is achieved on this side, 1 otherwise

# void Reaction ( Vect< real\_t > & r )

Calculate reactions.

This function can be invoked in postprocessing

#### **Parameters**

$\mid$ in $\mid r \mid$ Reaction on the side
--

# void ContactPressure ( const Vect< real\_t > & f, real\_t penal, Point< real\_t > & p )

Calculate contact pressure.

This function can be invoked in postprocessing

in	f	
in	penal	Penalty parameter that was used to impose contact condition
out	р	Contact pressure

# void Strain ( Vect< real\_t > & eps )

Calculate strains in element.

This function can be invoked in postprocessing.

#### void Stress ( Vect< real\_t > & s, real\_t & vm )

Calculate principal stresses and Von-Mises stress in element.

## **Parameters**

in	S	vector of principal stresses
in	vm	Von-Mises stress. This function can be invoked in postprocessing.

# void Periodic ( real\_t coef = 1.e20 )

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC\_A on one side and PERIODIC\_B on the opposite side.

## Parameters

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b\ )\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lem:const} woid \ ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( \ const \ Vect < real\_t > \& \ b, \ LocalVect < real\_t \ , \ NEN\_ > \& \ be \ ) \ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int  $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

# Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_\mathtt{theSide}$ 

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $BMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SkMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
------	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \&\ A\ )} \quad {\it [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

d		
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

```
b Reference to global right-hand side vector
```

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real\_t > *A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A\ )}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

## Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER  • DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]  • CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver  • CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver  • BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver  • BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver  • GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver  • QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:  • IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])  • DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner  • ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.23.4 Member Data Documentation

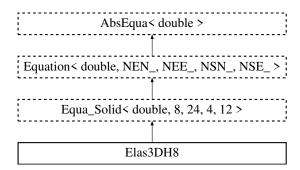
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.24 Elas3DH8 Class Reference

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra. Inheritance diagram for Elas3DH8:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Elas3DH8 ()

Default Constructor.

• Elas3DH8 (const Element \*el)

Constructor using element data.

• Elas3DH8 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using side data.

• Elas3DH8 (const Element \*element, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element, previous time solution u and time value.

• Elas3DH8 (const Side \*side, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side, previous time solution u and time value.

• ~Elas3DH8 ()

Destructor.

• void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef.

• void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

void LMass (real\_t coef)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand and left-hand sides after multiplication by coef.

• void Mass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void Deviator (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left hand-side after multiplication by coef.

• void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right hand-side after multiplication by coef.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &bf, int opt=LOCAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

• void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< double > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< double > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< double > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NE  $\sim$  N\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< double > &b, LocalVect< double, NSE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< double > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

• void SideVector (const Vect< double > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

Localize Element Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< double > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< double > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< double > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< double > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix< double > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< double > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< double > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< double > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< double > &x, Vect< double > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< double > &x, Vect< double > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< double > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < double > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

- int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< double > \*A, Vect< double > &b, Vect< double > &x) Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.
- int solveLinearSystem (Vect< double > &b, Vect< double > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< double, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< double, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< double, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< double, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< double, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< double, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

# **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.24.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 8-node hexahedra.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 3-D domains using 8-Node hexahedra.

Note that members calculating element arrays have as an argument a double coef that is multiplied by the contribution of the current element. This makes possible testing different algorithms.

## 7.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Elas3DH8()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

## 7.24.3 Member Function Documentation

```
void BodyRHS ( UserData < real_t > & ud )
```

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side. Body forces are deduced from UserData instance *ud*.

## void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & f )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### Parameters

	·	C	Vactor containing two stiers (boson dams forms) at aid as
-	in	Ţ	Vector containing traction (boundary force) at sides
- 1		,	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

## void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & bf, int opt = LOCAL\_ARRAY )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).
in	opt	Vector is local ( <i>LOCAL_ARRAY</i> ) with size 24 or global ( <i>GLOBAL_ARRAY</i> ) with size = Number of element DOF.

## virtual void MassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

## virtual void MassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< double > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< double > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## $void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < double > \&\ b\ )\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# $\label{localVect} {\bf void\ ElementNodeVector\ (\ const\ Vect<\ double>\&\ b,\ LocalVect<\ double\ ,\ NEE\_>\&\ be\ )} $$ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< double > & b, LocalVect< double , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< double > & b, LocalVect< double , NEN\_> & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< double > & b, LocalVect< double , NSE\_> & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< double > & b, int $dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< double > & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

# Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

# ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; ( \; {\bf Matrix} {<} \; {\bf double} > * \; A \; ) \quad {\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < double > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< double > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix < double > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ SkSMatrix < double > \& A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ SkMatrix < double > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ SpMatrix < double > \& A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < double > \& A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in A Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ Vect < double > \&\ v \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < double > \& A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect<\ double>\&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < double > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkSMatrix < double > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ SkMatrix < double > \& A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix < double > \&\ A\ )} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < double > \&\ v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ double>*A\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < double > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < double > & A) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < double > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( TrMatrix < double > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< double > & x, Vect< double > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< double > & x, Vect< double > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< double > \* A, Vect< double > & b, Vect< double > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< double > & b, Vect< double > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.24.4 Member Data Documentation

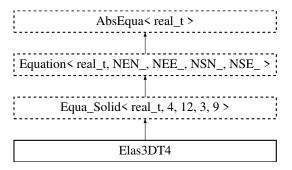
LocalVect<double ,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.25 Elas3DT4 Class Reference

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra. Inheritance diagram for Elas3DT4:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Elas3DT4 ()

Default Constructor.

• Elas3DT4 (const Element \*el)

Constructor using element data.

• Elas3DT4 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using side data.

- Elas3DT4 (const Element \*element, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)
  - Constructor using element and previous time data.
- Elas3DT4 (const Side \*side, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~Elas3DT4 ()

Destructor.

• void Media (real\_t E, real\_t nu, real\_t rho)

Set Media properties.

void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef.

void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add element lumped mass contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void LMass (real\_t coef)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix and right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void Deviator (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to left hand-side after multiplication by coef.

void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element deviatoric matrix to right hand-side after multiplication by coef.

• void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef.

• void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element dilatational contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef.

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by coef.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f, int opt=LOCAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

void buildEigen (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &K, Vect < real\_t > &M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

 $Add\ consistent\ mass\ contribution\ to\ left-hand\ side.$ 

virtual void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Mass (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

• void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)
   Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.25.1 Detailed Description

To build element equations for 3-D linearized elasticity using 4-node tetrahedra.

This class enables building finite element arrays for linearized isotropic elasticity problem in 3-D domains using 4-Node tetrahedra.

## 7.25.2 Member Function Documentation

void Media ( real\_t E, real\_t nu, real\_t rho )

Set Media properties.

in	Е	Young's modulus
in	пи	Poisson ratio
in	rho	Density

## void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side after multiplication by *coef*. Body forces are deduced from UserData instance *ud*.

## void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & f, int $opt = LOCAL\_ARRAY$ )

Add body right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### Parameters

in	f	Vect instance containing source at element nodes (DOF by DOF).
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 12 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of element DOF.

# void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & f )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right hand side.

#### Parameters

iı	f		Vect instance that contains constant traction to impose to side.	
----	---	--	--	--

## void buildEigen ( SkSMatrix< real\_t > & K, Vect< real\_t > & M)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system. Case where the mass matrix is lumped

#### Parameters

in	K	Stiffness matrix
in	M	Vector containing diagonal mass matrix

## virtual void MassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]

## virtual void MassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< real $_t> \& b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN $_->$ & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in		b	Global vector to be localized.
ou	.t	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

 ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect< real\_t>\&\ b}$  ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix{<}$ real\_t > \& A ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; ( \; {\bf SpMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real\_t} > \& \; A \; ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < real.t > \& A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \&v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

#### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real\_t > *A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix {<\ real.} t > \&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

#### void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

|--|

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

#### void SideAssembly ( Vect< realt > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $\label{eq:cond_def} \mbox{void DGElementAssembly ( } \mbox{Matrix} < \mbox{real\_t} > * \mbox{\it A} \mbox{ ) } \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

$\boldsymbol{A}$	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

ir	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	----	---	--	---

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

## void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t> & x, Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

## Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,	
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY	

## int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## $int \ solveLinearSystem \ (\ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ b, \ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ x \ ) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.25.3 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.26 Element Class Reference

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Element ()

Default constructor.

• Element (size\_t label, const string &shape)

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

• Element (size\_t label, int shape)

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

• Element (size\_t label, const string &shape, int c)

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

• Element (size\_t label, int shape, int c)

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

• Element (const Element &el)

Copy constructor.

• ∼Element ()

Destructor.

• void setLabel (size\_t i)

Define label of element.

void setCode (int c)

Define code of element.

• void setCode (const string &exp, int code)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of element nodes.

• void Add (Node \*node)

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of element.

• void Add (Node \*node, int n)

Insert a node and set its local node number.

void Replace (size\_t label, Node \*node)

Replace a node at a given local label.

• void Replace (size\_t label, Side \*side)

Replace a side at a given local label.

• void Add (Side \*sd)

Assign Side to Element.

• void Add (Side \*sd, int k)

Assign Side to Element with assigned local label.

• void Add (Element \*el)

Add a neighbor element.

• void set (Element \*el, int n)

Add a neighbor element and set its label.

• void setDOF (size\_t i, size\_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

• void setCode (size\_t dof, int code)

Assign code to a DOF.

void setNode (size\_t i, Node \*node)

Assign a node given by its pointer as the i-th node of element.

void setNbDOF (size\_t i)

Set number of degrees of freedom of element.

void setFirstDOF (size\_t i)

Set label of first DOF in element.

• int getShape () const

Return element shape.

• size\_t getLabel () const

Return label of element.

• size\_t n () const

Return label of element.

• int getCode () const

Return code of element.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of element vertices.

• size\_t getNbSides () const

Return number of element sides (Constant version)

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

return element nb of DOF

• size\_t getDOF (size\_t i=1) const

Return element DOF label.

• size\_t getFirstDOF () const

Return element first DOF label.

• size\_t getNodeLabel (size\_t n) const

Return global label of node of local label i.

• size\_t getSideLabel (size\_t n) const

Return global label of side of local label i.

Node \* getPtrNode (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to node of label i (Local labelling).

• Node \* operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator ().

• Side \* getPtrSide (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to side of label i (Local labelling).

int Contains (const Node \*nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

• int Contains (const Node &nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

int Contains (const Side \*sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

• int Contains (const Side &sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

Element \* getNeighborElement (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to element Neighboring element.

size\_t getNbNeigElements () const

Return number of neigboring elements.

• real\_t getMeasure () const

Return measure of element.

Point< real\_t > getUnitNormal (size\_t i) const

Return outward unit normal to i-th side of element.

• bool isOnBoundary () const

Say if current element is a boundary element or not.

Node \* operator() (size\_t i)

Operator ().

• int setSide (size\_t n, size\_t \*nd)

Initialize information on element sides.

• bool isActive () const

Return true or false whether element is active or not.

• int getLevel () const

Return element level Element level decreases when element is refined (starting from 0). If the level is 0, then the element has no father.

void setChild (Element \*el)

Assign element as child of current one and assign current element as father This function is principally used when refining is invoked (e.g. for mesh adaption)

• Element \* getChild (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to i-th child element Return null pointer is no childs.

• size\_t getNbChilds () const

Return number of children of element.

• Element \* getParent () const

Return pointer to parent element Return null if no parent.

• size\_t IsIn (const Node \*nd)

Check if a given node belongs to current element.

## 7.26.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat finite element geometric information.

Class Element enables defining an element of a finite element mesh. The element is given in particular by its shape and a list of nodes. Each node can be accessed by the member function getPtrNode. Moreover, class Mesh can generate for each element its list of sides. The string that defines the element shape must be chosen according to the following list:

#### Remarks

Once a Mesh instance is constructed, one has access for each Element of the mesh to pointers to element sides provided the member function getAllSides of Mesh has been invoked. With this, an element can be tested to see if it is on the boundary, i.e. if it has at least one side on the boundary

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Element ( size\_t label, const string & shape )

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

## Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to element.
in	shape	Shape of element (See class description).

#### Element ( size\_t label, int shape )

Constructor initializing label, shape of element.

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label to assign to element.	
in	shape	ape Shape of element (See enum ElementShape in Mesh	

#### Element ( size\_t label, const string & shape, int c )

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

#### Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to element.	
in shape Shape of element (See class description).			

in	С	Code to assign to element (useful for media properties).
----	---	--

## Element ( size\_t label, int shape, int c )

Constructor initializing label, shape and code of element.

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label to assign to element.	
in	shape	Shape of element (See enum ElementShape in Mesh).	
in	С	Code to assign to element (useful for media properties	

## 7.26.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setLabel ( size\_t i )

Define label of element.

#### Parameters

in	i	Label to assign to element
----	---	----------------------------

## void setCode ( int c )

Define code of element.

#### Parameters

in	С	Code to assign to element.
----	---	----------------------------

## void setCode ( const string & exp, int code )

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of element nodes.

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Boolean algebraic expression as required by fparser	
in	code	Code to assign to node if the algebraic expression is true	

## void Add ( Node \* node )

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of element.

in	node	Pointer to Node instance.
----	------	---------------------------

## void Add ( Node \* node, int n )

Insert a node and set its local node number.

#### Parameters

	node	[in] Pointer to Node instance
in	n	Element node number to assign

## void Replace ( size\_t label, Node \* node )

Replace a node at a given local label.

#### Parameters

in	label	Node to replace.
in	node	Pointer to Node instance to copy to current instance.

## void Replace ( size\_t label, Side \* side )

Replace a side at a given local label.

#### Parameters

in	label	Side to replace.
in	side	Pointer to Side instance to copy to current instance.

## void Add ( Side \*sd )

Assign Side to Element.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance.

## void Add ( Side \* sd, int k )

Assign Side to Element with assigned local label.

## Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance.

in k	Local label.
------	--------------

## void Add ( Element \* el )

Add a neighbor element.

## Parameters

in <i>el</i> Pointer to	Element instance
-------------------------	------------------

## void set ( Element \*el, int n )

Add a neighbor element and set its label.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
in	n	Neighbor element number to assign

## void setDOF ( size\_t i, size\_t dof )

Define label of DOF.

## Parameters

in	i	Index of DOF.
in	dof	Label of DOF to assign.

## void setCode ( size\_t dof, int code )

Assign code to a DOF.

#### Parameters

in	dof	Index of dof for assignment.
in	code	Code to assign.

## Node\* operator() ( size\_t i ) const

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

## int Contains (const Node \* nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

This function tests if the element contains a node with the same pointer at the sought one

#### **Parameters**

in	nd	Pointer to Node instance
----	----	--------------------------

#### Returns

Local node label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this node

#### int Contains (const Node & nd) const

Say if element contains given node.

This function tests if the element contains a node with the same label at the sought one

#### **Parameters**

in	nd	Reference to Node instance
----	----	----------------------------

#### Returns

Local node label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this node

#### int Contains (const Side \* sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

This function tests if the element contains a side with the same pointer at the sought one

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance
----	----	--------------------------

#### Returns

Local side label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this side

#### int Contains (const Side & sd) const

Say if element contains given side.

This function tests if the element contains a side with the same label at the sought one

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance

#### Returns

Local side label in element. If 0, the element does not contain this side

#### Element\* getNeighborElement ( size\_t i ) const

Return pointer to element Neighboring element.

#### **Parameters**

in <i>i</i> Index of element to l	look for.
-----------------------------------	-----------

#### Note

This method returns valid information only if the Mesh member function Mesh::getElement ← NeighborElements() has been called before.

## size\_t getNbNeigElements ( ) const

Return number of neigboring elements.

Note

This method returns valid information only if the Mesh member function Mesh::getElement ← NeighborElements() has been called before.

#### real\_t getMeasure ( ) const

Return measure of element.

This member function returns length, area or volume of element. In case of quadrilaterals and hexahedrals it returns determinant of Jacobian of mapping between reference and actual element

#### Point<real\_t> getUnitNormal ( size\_t i ) const

Return outward unit normal to i-th side of element. Sides are ordered [node\_1,node\_2], [node\_2,node\_3], ...

## bool isOnBoundary ( ) const

Say if current element is a boundary element or not.

Note

this information is available only if boundary elements were determined i.e. if member function Mesh::getBoundarySides or Mesh::getAllSides has been invoked before.

#### Node\* operator() ( size\_t i )

Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

#### int setSide ( size\_t n, size\_t \* nd )

Initialize information on element sides.

This function is to be used to initialize loops over sides.

in	n	Label of side.
in	nd	Array of pointers to nodes of the side (nd[0], nd[1], point to first, second nodes,

#### void setChild ( Element \* el )

Assign element as child of current one and assign current element as father This function is principally used when refining is invoked (e.g. for mesh adaption)

#### Parameters

	in	el	Pointer to element to assign
--	----	----	------------------------------

#### size\_t IsIn ( const Node \* nd )

Check if a given node belongs to current element.

#### Parameters

in <i>nd</i> Pointer to n	ode to locate
---------------------------	---------------

#### Returns

local label of node if this one is found, 0 otherwise

## 7.27 ElementList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• ElementList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ~ElementList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code)

Select elements having a given code.

• void unselectCode (int code)

Unselect elements having a given code.

• void selectLevel (int level)

Select elements having a given level.

• size\_t getNbElements () const

Return number of selected elements.

• void top ()

Reset list of elements at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of elements at its top position (Constant version)

• Element \* get ()

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Element \* get () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Constant version)

## 7.27.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of elements having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.27.2 Member Function Documentation

void unselectCode ( int code )

Unselect elements having a given code.

**Parameters** 

in   code   Code of elements to exclu
---------------------------------------

### void selectLevel ( int level )

Select elements having a given level.

**Parameters** 

in   level   Level of elements to select
--

Elements having a given level (for mesh adaption) are selected in a list

## 7.28 Ellipse Class Reference

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure. Inheritance diagram for Ellipse:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Ellipse ()

Default constructor.

• Ellipse (Point< real\_t > c, real\_t a, real\_t b, int code=1)

Constructor with given ellipse data.

• real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current ellipse.

• Ellipse & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

Operator +=

• Ellipse & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

### 7.28.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat an ellipsoidal figure.

#### 7.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Ellipse ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs an ellipse with semimajor axis = 1, and semiminor axis = 1

Ellipse ( Point< real\_t > c, real\_t a, real\_t b, int code = 1 )

Constructor with given ellipse data.

#### **Parameters**

in	С	Coordinates of center
in	а	Semimajor axis
in	b	Semiminor axis
in	code	Code to assign to the generated figure [Default: 1]

## 7.28.3 Member Function Documentation

real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current ellipse.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the ellipse, positive if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

in	p	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

## Ellipse& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

#### Operator +=

Translate ellipse by a vector a

#### Parameters

	in	а	Vector defining the translation	
--	----	---	---------------------------------	--

## Ellipse& operator+= ( real\_t a )

Operator \*=

Scale ellipse by a factor a

#### Parameters

in a Scaling value	in	а	Scaling value
--------------------	----	---	---------------

## void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

#### Parameters

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

## Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

## real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

#### Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

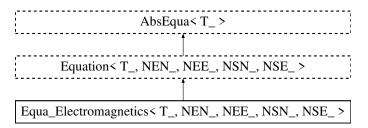
Returns

Signed distance

# 7.29 Equa\_Electromagnetics< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa\_Electromagnetics < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T\_> &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEE<sub>-</sub> > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be, int dof)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEN\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_-, NSE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T\_> &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v)

 $Assemble\ side\ (edge\ or\ face)\ vector\ into\ global\ one.$ 

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< T $_->*A$ , Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T\_> &b, Vect< T\_> &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void MagneticPermeability (const real\_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

• void ElectricConductivity (const real\_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

• void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

• void ElectricResistivity (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) electric resistivity.

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.29.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_, size\_t NEN\_, size\_t NEE\_, size\_t NSN\_, size\_t NSE\_> class OFELI::Equa\_Electromagnetics< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Electromagnetics Equation classes.

#### **Template Parameters**

<t_></t_>	data type (double, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE_&gt;</i>	Number of side equations

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

#### Copyright

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#### 7.29.2 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect<  $T_- > \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

#### void updateBC ( const Vect< T $_->$ & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS<br/> < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE<br/> REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

**Parameters** 

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \&\ b,\ LocalVect< T_-,\ NEE_-> \&\ be$ ) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	<i>b</i> Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS<br/> < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION<br/> REFERENCE

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$ , NEN $_->$ & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in b Global vector to be localized.		Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equation	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	in b Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## $void \ Element Side Vector \ (\ const \ Vect < T_-> \& \ b, \ Local Vect < T_-, \ NSE_-> \& \ be \ ) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

## void ElementVector ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS<br/> < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE<br/> REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:			
		<ul> <li>NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>			
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides			
in	flag	Option to set:			
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]			
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system			
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.			

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< T $_-> & b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with  $\underline{\mathsf{Side}}$  was invoked. It uses the  $\underline{\mathsf{Side}}$  pointer  $\underline{\mathtt{theSide}}$ 

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

#### void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

#### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $BMatrix < T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

**Parameters** 

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS<br/> < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION<br/> REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	atrix stored as an TrMatrix instan	Α	in	
--	------------------------------------	---	----	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

i	n	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
---	---	---	-------------------------------

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< T $_->$ & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

#### void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< T $_->$ & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	------	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

1	in	Λ	Clabal matrix stored as an Tri Matrix instance
	111	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& b$  ) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]
Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## 7.29. EQUA\_ELECTROMAGNETICS < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

#### Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

#### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## 7.30. EQUA\_FLUID < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ $\times$ CHIARSETEM PILATES INDICATES INDICATES IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

#### void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix <  $T_->*A$ , Vect <  $T_->&b$ , Vect <  $T_->&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.29.3 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect < T_-, NEE_- > ePrev$  [inherited]

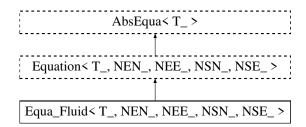
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.30 Equa\_Fluid< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa\_Fluid < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Equa\_Fluid ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa\_Fluid ()

Destructor.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect < T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEE<sub>-</sub> > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEN\_> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_-, NSE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>&A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T\_> &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< T $_->*A$ , Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRHS

Local Vect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void Viscosity (const real\_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

• void ThermalExpansion (const real\_t \*e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

• void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.30.1 Detailed Description

template<class  $T_-$  = real\_t, size\_t NEN\_ = 3, size\_t NEE\_ = 3, size\_t NSN\_ = 2, size\_t NSE\_ = 2> class OFELI::Equa\_Fluid<  $T_-$ , NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for Fluid Dynamics Equation classes.

**Template Parameters** 

<t_></t_>	data type (double, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE</i> _>	Number of side equations

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Equa\_Fluid ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

#### 7.30.3 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect<  $T_-> \& bc$  ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

i:	n	el	Reference to current element instance
i:	n	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< $T_-> \&\ bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

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## Remarks

The current element is pointed by  $\_\texttt{theElement}$ 

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEE $_-> \& be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ , int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-$ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## $void \ Element Side Vector \ (\ const \ Vect < T_-> \& \ b, \ Local Vect < T_-, \ NSE_-> \& \ be \ ) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

## void ElementVector ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
----	---	-------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
	_	
in	flag	Option to set:
in	flag	Option to set:  • = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
in	flag	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_$ theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

#### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \&A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### 7.30. EQUA\_FLUID< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ XCHIARSEREMEILARS REPERIMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	atrix stored as an TrMatrix instan	Α	in	
--	------------------------------------	---	----	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in v Global vector (Vect instance)	
------------------------------------	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Poi

Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

#### void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< T $_->$ & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### 7.30. EQUA\_FLUID< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE., XCHIAARSEREMEILASS EXERCIMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### CHAPTEROT. HQLAASHDOUDEMIENTANIONEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect<  $T_->$  & x, Vect<  $T_->$  & b ) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited] Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## 7.30. EQUA\_FLUID< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ & CHIARSETEMPILATES INDICATED IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

#### Parameters

## Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

#### CHABITERQUALASPDOCRAMENTANIONEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

### void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix <  $T_->*A$ , Vect <  $T_->&b$ , Vect <  $T_->&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , Vect< $T_- > \& x$ ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.30.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect < T_-, NEE_- > ePrev$  [inherited]

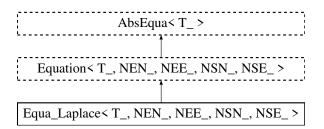
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.31 Equa\_Laplace< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

Inheritance diagram for Equa\_Laplace < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >:



#### **Public Member Functions**

Equa\_Laplace ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa\_Laplace ()

Destructor.

• virtual void LHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

• virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add body source term to right-hand side.

virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &h)

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEN\_> &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NSE<sub>-</sub> > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T\_> &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < T<sub>−</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < T\_ > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T\_> &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < T\_ > \*A, Vect < T\_ > &b, Vect < T\_ > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.31.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_, size\_t NEN\_, size\_t NEE\_, size\_t NSN\_, size\_t NSE\_> class OFELI::Equa\_Laplace< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >

Abstract class for classes about the Laplace equation.

**Template Parameters** 

$T_{-}$	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
NE↔	Number of element nodes
$N_{-}$	
NE⊷	Number of element equations
$E_{-}$	-
NS⊷	Number of side nodes
$N_{-}$	
NS⊷	Number of side equations
$E_{-}$	•

Author

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## 7.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa\_Laplace ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

## 7.31.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual void LHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

**Parameters** 

in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix
----	------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3, Laplace2DFVT, and Laplace1DL2.

virtual void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real\_t > & f ) [virtual]

Add body source term to right-hand side.

in	f	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes
----	---	---

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3, Laplace1DL2, and Laplace1DL3.

#### virtual void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t> & h ) [virtual]

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	h	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3, Laplace1DL2, and Laplace1DL3.

#### int run ( )

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

#### void build ( )

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

#### void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e )

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance	
----	---	---	--

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

#### void updateBC ( const Vect< T $_->$ & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## CHAISTER QUALASP DOCK MENTANIONEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int $dof\_type = NODE\_DOF$ , int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## $void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < T_- > \&\ b\ )\ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $\rm T_-> \&~\it b,~LocalVect< T_-,~NEE_-> \&~\it be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect<  $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect<  $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ , int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect<  $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect<  $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$  ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector ( const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b, LocalVect<  $T_-$ , NSE\_- > & be ) [inherited] Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect<  $T_-$  > & b, int  $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
----	---	-------------------------------

#### **Parameters**

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
in	flag	Option to set:  • = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
in	flag	•

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< T $_-> & b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### 7.31. EQUA\_LAPLACE< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSEHAPTIASSTEMASSADEREHIRNIATION

#### void SideNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

#### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### CHABITERQUALASPDOCRAMENTANIONEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \&A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

iı	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### 7.31. EQUA\_LAPLACE< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSEHAPTASS.TEMASSADEREHIRENIATION

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in v Global vector (Vect instance)
------------------------------------

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< T $_->$ & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Po

Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

#### void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable  ${\tt theSide}$ 

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< $T_-> \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## 7.31. EQUA\_LAPLACE< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSEHAPTIASS.TEMASSAIDEREIMIRINIATEION

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### CHABITERQUALASPDOCRAMENTANIONEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_->$ & x, Vect< $T_->$ & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
in	x		
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect<  $T_->$  & x, Vect<  $T_->$  & b ) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
in	x		
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]
Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## 7.31. EQUA\_LAPLACE<br/>< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSEHA**CUAIS**5.T**EMASSADE/REHMRINIA**EION

#### Parameters

## Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

### void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix <  $T_->*A$ , Vect <  $T_->&b$ , Vect <  $T_->&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.31.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect < T_{-\!\prime} NEE_{-} > ePrev \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$ 

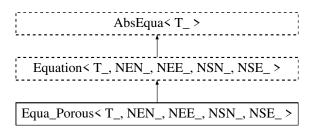
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.32 Equa\_Porous< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Porous Media Finite Element classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa\_Porous< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Equa\_Porous ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa\_Porous ()

Destructor.

• virtual void Mobility ()

Add mobility term to the 0-th order element matrix.

• virtual void Mass ()

Add porosity term to the 1-st order element matrix.

virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add source right-hand side term to right-hand side.

virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

• void Mu (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEN\_> &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>−</sub>, NEN<sub>−</sub> > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < T\_ > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect<  $T_- > &x$ , Vect<  $T_- > &b$ )

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T\_> &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< T $_->*A$ , Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.32.1 Detailed Description

template<class  $T_-$ , size\_t NEN\_, size\_t NEE\_, size\_t NSN\_, size\_t NSE\_> class OFELI::Equa\_Porous<  $T_-$ , NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Porous Media Finite Element classes.

## **Template Parameters**

<t_></t_>	data type (real_t, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn↔< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn↔<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE</i> _>	Number of side equations

## 7.32.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Equa\_Porous ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

#### 7.32.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & bf, int opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY ) [virtual] Add source right-hand side term to right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented in WaterPorous2D.

virtual void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & sf, int opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented in WaterPorous2D.

#### void build ( )

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

## void build ( TimeStepping & s )

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme. If transient analysis is chosen, the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### **Parameters**

	in s	Reference to used TimeStepping instance	
--	------	---	--

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e )

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### Parameters

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance	
----	---	---	--

#### int run ( )

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< $T_-> \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## $void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < T_- > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed	
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element	
		was invoked.	

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEE $_-$ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ , int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$ , NEN $_->$ & be) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

i	n	b	Global vector to be localized.	
C	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations	

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$ , NSE $_->$ & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

i	n	b	Global vector to be localized.
0	ut	be	Local vector, the length of which is

## void ElementVector ( const Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

### void SideVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \&A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## 7.32. EQUA\_POROUS< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSECHADIZASS TEMPASSID REGINENCETION

## void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## 7.32. EQUA\_POROUS< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSECHADIZASSTEGIEASSTEGIEARENCATION

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< T $_-> & v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)	
--	----	---	-------------------------------	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > \&A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## CHAPBER EQUIABS ROUS AMENTANIONEE., NSN., NSE. > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

## void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

## 

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

#### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix <  $T_->*A$ , Vect <  $T_->&b$ , Vect <  $T_->&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.32.4 Member Data Documentation

 $LocalVect < T_{-}NEE_{-} > ePrev$  [inherited]

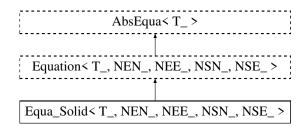
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.33 Equa\_Solid< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa\_Solid < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Equa\_Solid ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa\_Solid ()

Destructor.

virtual void LMassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass contribution to left-hand side.

• virtual void LMassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side.

• virtual void MassToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

virtual void MassToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedMass ()

Add lumped mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setMass ()

Add consistent mass contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Mass (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void LMass (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped mass matrix to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Deviator (real\_t coef=1)

Add deviator matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

virtual void Dilatation (real\_t coef=1)

Add dilatation matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DilatationToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add dilatation vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void DeviatorToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add deviator vector to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• virtual void Stiffness (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to left-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

virtual void StiffnessToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add stiffness matrix to right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme, after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void setDilatation ()

Add dilatation matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time.

• void setDeviator ()

Add deviator matrix to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

void setStiffness ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< T\_> &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be, int dof)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 $\bullet \ \ void \ \underline{ElementVector} \ (const \ \underline{Vect} < T_{-} > \&b, int \ dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int \ flag=0) \\$ 

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T<sub>−</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T\_> &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix < T\_> \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T<sub>−</sub> > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix $< T_- > *A$ , Vect $< T_- > \&b$ , Vect $< T_- > \&x$ )

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_> sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void Young (const real\_t &E)

Set (constant) Young modulus.

void Poisson (const real\_t &nu)

Set (constant) Poisson ratio.

• void Density (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) density.

• void Young (const string &exp)

Set Young modulus given by an algebraic expression.

• void Poisson (const string &exp)

Set Poisson ratio given by an algebraic expression.

void Density (const string &exp)

Set density given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.33.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_, size\_t NEN\_, size\_t NEE\_, size\_t NSN\_, size\_t NSE\_> class OFELI::Equa\_Solid< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Solid Mechanics Finite Element classes.

## **Template Parameters**

<t_></t_>	data type (double, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE_&gt;</i>	Number of side equations

## 7.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa\_Solid ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

## 7.33.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual void LMassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped mass contribution to left-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Elas2DQ4, Beam3DL2, Elas3DH8, Elas3DT4, and Bar2DL2.

## virtual void LMassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped mass contribution to right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Elas2DQ4, Beam3DL2, Elas3DH8, Elas3DT4, and Bar2DL2.

## virtual void MassToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent mass contribution to left-hand side.

## Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Beam3DL2, and Bar2DL2.

## virtual void MassToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent mass contribution to right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in Elas2DT3, Beam3DL2, and Bar2DL2.

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_-> \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< $T_-> \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

## Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< $T_-> & b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEE $_-> \& be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

	in	n b Global vector to be localized.	
ſ	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ , int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

inbGlobal vector to be localized.outbeLocal vector, the length of which is the total number of element equa		Global vector to be localized.
		Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	in <i>b</i> Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

void ElementSideVector ( const Vect<  $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect<  $T_-$ , NSE\_-> & be ) [inherited] Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect<  $T_- > \& b$ , int  $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize **Element** Vector.

## Parameters

	1	
in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

void SideVector ( const Vect< T $_->$  & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.



A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $BMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SkMatrix< $T_{\scriptscriptstyle -} > \&\,A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## 7.33. EQUA\_SOLID< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE., XCHARSEREMELLARS REPERIMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ TrMatrix < T_- > \& A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< $T_- > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## 7.33. EQUA\_SOLID< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE., XCHIARSEREMEILARS REPERIMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect {<\ T_{-}>\&\ }v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > \&A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

ir	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& b$  ) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]
Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

## Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner  $pc = IDENT\_PREC$  ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix <  $T_->*A$ , Vect <  $T_->&b$ , Vect <  $T_->&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

int solveLinearSystem ( Vect<  $T_- > \& b$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& x$  ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.33.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<T\_,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

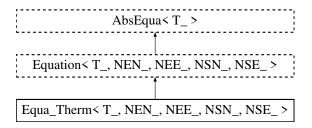
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.34 Equa\_Therm< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equa\_Therm< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Equa\_Therm ()

Default constructor.

• virtual ~Equa\_Therm ()

Destructor.

virtual void setStab ()

Set stabilized formulation.

• virtual void LCapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

virtual void LCapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

virtual void CapacityToLHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

virtual void CapacityToRHS (real\_t coef=1)

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

void setLumpedCapacity ()

Add lumped capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

void setCapacity ()

Add consistent capacity contribution to left and right-hand sides taking into account time integration scheme.

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• virtual void Diffusion (real\_t coef=1.)

Add diffusion term to left-hand side.

• virtual void DiffusionToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add diffusion term to right-hand side.

void setDiffusion ()

Add diffusion contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

• virtual void Convection (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to left-hand side.

• virtual void ConvectionToRHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection term to right-hand side.

void setConvection ()

Add convection contribution to left and/or right-hand side taking into account time integration scheme.

virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void build ()

*Build the linear system of equations.* 

void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int runTransient ()

Run one time step.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

• void setRhoCp (const real\_t &rhocp)

*Set product of Density by Specific heat (constants)* 

void setConductivity (const real\_t &diff)

Set (constant) thermal conductivity.

• void RhoCp (const string &exp)

Set product of Density by Specific heat given by an algebraic expression.

• void Conduc (const string &exp)

Set thermal conductivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be, int dof)
   Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be)
   Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NSE<sub>-</sub> > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

  Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < T<sub>−</sub> > &A)

 $Assemble\ element\ matrix\ into\ global\ one.$ 

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_> &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub>>\*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T\_> &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

*Define a material property by an algebraic expression.* 

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > \*A, Vect < T<sub>-</sub> > &b, Vect < T<sub>-</sub> > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T\_> &b, Vect< T\_> &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

LocalMatrix< T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.34.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_, size\_t NEN\_, size\_t NEE\_, size\_t NSN\_, size\_t NSE\_> class OFELI::Equa\_Therm< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for Heat transfer Finite Element classes.

**Template Parameters** 

<t_></t_>	data type (real_t, float,)
<nen></nen>	Number of element nodes
<nee↔< th=""><th>Number of element equations</th></nee↔<>	Number of element equations
_>	
<nsn←< th=""><th>Number of side nodes</th></nsn←<>	Number of side nodes
_>	
< <i>NSE</i> _>	Number of side equations

## 7.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equa\_Therm ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

## 7.34.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual void setStab ( ) [virtual]

Set stabilized formulation.

Stabilized variational formulations are to be used when the Pclet number is large. By default, no stabilization is used.

virtual void LCapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to left-hand side.

## CHAP**T.BR** 7EQUL**ASSHEROXL**\*MENTANIONEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

## virtual void LCapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add lumped capacity contribution to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

## virtual void CapacityToLHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity contribution to left-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the matrix before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

## virtual void CapacityToRHS ( real\_t coef = 1 ) [virtual]

Add consistent capacity contribution to right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	coef	coefficient to multiply by the vector before adding [Default: 1]
----	------	--

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC3DAT3, and DC1DL2.

virtual void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & bf, int opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY ) [virtual] Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC2DT6, DC1DL2, and DC3DAT3.

## virtual void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t> & sf, int opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented in DC2DT3, DC3DT4, DC2DT6, DC1DL2, and DC3DAT3.

#### void build ( )

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

## void build ( TimeStepping & s )

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e )

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

#### int runTransient( )

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is to be used only if a *TRANSIENT* analysis is required.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

## int runOneTimeStep ( )

Run one time step.

This function performs one time step in equation solving. It is identical to the function run← Transient.

#### Returns

Return error from the linear system solver

#### int run ( )

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

## void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< T $_->$ & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect< T_-> \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \&\ b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEE\_ $> \&\ be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ , int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< $T_-> \& b$ , LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEN $_-> \& be$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$ , NSE $_->$ & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

## void ElementVector ( const Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $BMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \&A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### 7.34. EQUA\_THERM< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_CHAPASSRIZEMINASSELECTED THE NOTE AT ION

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( Vect< T $_->$ & v ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix{<\ T_-}>\&\ A\ )}\quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

### 7.34. EQUA\_THERM< T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE\_CHAPASSTEMPLASSHEREFRENCIATION

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix< $T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < T_- > \&\ v}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in v Global v	vector (Vect instance)
---------------	------------------------

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void DGElementAssembly ( $Matrix < T_- > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix $< T_- > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	]
----	---	--	---

### 7.34. EQUA\_THERM<br/> < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_CHAPASSKIZEMINASSELECTEMENT<br/> = T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_, NSN\_, NSN\_, NSE\_, NSN\_, NSN\_,

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& b$  ) [inherited] Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited] Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

### Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

### void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

### void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix<  $T_->*A$ , Vect<  $T_->\&b$ , Vect<  $T_->\&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.34.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<T\_,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.35 Equation < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > Class Template Reference

Abstract class for all equation classes.

Inheritance diagram for Equation < T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ >:



### **Public Member Functions**

- Equation ()
- Equation (Mesh &mesh)

Constructor with mesh instance.

Equation (Mesh &mesh, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, real<sub>-</sub>t &t, real<sub>-</sub>t &ts)

Constructor with mesh instance, matrix and right-hand side.

Equation (const Element \*el)

Constructor using Element data.

• Equation (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using Side data.

Equation (const Element \*el, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, real\_t time=0)

Constructor using element data, solution at previous time step and time value.

• Equation (const Side \*sd, const Vect< T\_> &u, real\_t time=0)

Constructor using side data, solution at previous time step and time value.

• virtual ~Equation ()

Destructor.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< T\_> &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T\_> &b, LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NEN<sub>-</sub> > &be, int dof)
   Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementSideVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, NSE<sub>-</sub> > &be)
   Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementVector (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)
   Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< T\_> &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< T\_> \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< T\_> &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>&A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< T\_> &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect<  $T_->$  &x, Vect<  $T_->$  &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < T\_> & getLinearSolver ()

 $Return\ reference\ to\ linear\ solver\ instance.$ 

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix $< T_- > *A$ , Vect $< T_- > \&b$ , Vect $< T_- > \&x$ )

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### **Public Attributes**

- LocalMatrix< T\_, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat
  - LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.
- LocalMatrix < T\_, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat
  - LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.
- LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > ePrev
  - LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.
- LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_> eRHS
  - LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.
- LocalVect< T\_, NEE\_ > eRes
  - LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.
- LocalVect< T\_, NSE\_ > sRHS
  - LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

### **Protected Member Functions**

- void Init (const Element \*el)
  - Set element arrays to zero.
- void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

### 7.35.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_, size\_t NEN\_, size\_t NEE\_, size\_t NSN\_, size\_t NSE\_> class OFELI::Equation< T\_, NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_>

Abstract class for all equation classes.

**Template Arguments:** 

- T\_: data type (real\_t, float, ...)
- NEN\_: Number of element nodes
- NEE\_: Number of element equations
- NSN\_: Number of side nodes
- NSN\_: Number of side equations

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### 7.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Equation ( )

Default constructor. Constructs an "empty" equation

Equation ( Mesh & mesh )

Constructor with mesh instance.

### 7.35. EQUATION $< T_-$ , NEN\_, NEE\_, NSN\_, NSE\_ > CLEASE THE MP LOAD ASSET ENGINEENTATION

#### Parameters

in <i>mesh</i>	Mesh instance
----------------	---------------

### Equation ( Mesh & mesh, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , real\_t & t, real\_t & ts )

Constructor with mesh instance, matrix and right-hand side.

### Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	b	Vect instance containing Right-hand side.
in	t	Time value
in	ts	Time step

### Equation ( const Element \*el )

Constructor using Element data.

### Parameters

	in	el	Pointer to Element
--	----	----	--------------------

### Equation (const Element \* el, const Vect< $T_- > & u$ , real\_t time = 0)

Constructor using element data, solution at previous time step and time value.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Time value (Default value is 0)

### Equation (const Side \* sd, const Vect< $T_- > & u$ , real\_t time = 0)

Constructor using side data, solution at previous time step and time value.

in	sd	Pointer to side
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at previous time step
in	time	Time value (Default value is 0)

### 7.35.3 Member Function Documentation

### void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$ )

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

### void updateBC ( const Vect< T $_->$ & bc )

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

### void DiagBC ( int $dof\_type = NODE\_DOF$ , int dof = 0 )

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

### Parameters

dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
	<ul> <li>NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
	• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
dof	DOF setting:
	• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
	• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

### void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

### void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, LocalVect< $T_-$ , NEE\_- > & be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

### void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$ , NEN $_->$ & be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

### void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, LocalVect< T $_-$ , NEN $_->$ & be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

### void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, LocalVect< $T_-$ , NSE\_- > & be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

### void ElementVector ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0)

Localize **Element** Vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	h	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void Side Vector ( const Vect< T\_ > & b )

Localize Side Vector.

### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

### void ElementNodeCoordinates ( )

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates ( )

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the **Element** pointer \_theElement

### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble side matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b )

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b )

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### 7.35. EQUATION < T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE. > CLEASBTILL MPLATASSHDEKENMENTATION

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in A Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	à
---	---

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	----	---	--	---

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < T_- > & A$ )

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

### 7.35. EQUATION < T., NEN., NEE., NSN., NSE. > CLEASBTILL NPLATE SHIP OF THE NEW TATION

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void SideAssembly ( Matrix $< T_- > *A$ )

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly (SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

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#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void ElementAssembly ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void SideAssembly ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

j	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
---	----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void AxbAssembly (const Element & el, const Vect< T $_->$ & x, Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

### void AxbAssembly (const Side & sd, const Vect< T $_->$ & x, Vect< T $_->$ & b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

### real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop )

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

### Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

### Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

### void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

#### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER		
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]		
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver		
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver		
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver		
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver		
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:		
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])		
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner		
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner		

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### void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARS:	
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY	

int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix <  $T_->*A$ , Vect <  $T_->&b$ , Vect <  $T_->&x$ ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

### 7.35.4 Member Data Documentation

### $LocalVect < T_-, NEE_- > ePrev$

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

### 7.36 Estimator Class Reference

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

### **Public Types**

### **Public Member Functions**

- Estimator ()
  - Default Constructor.
- Estimator (Mesh &m)

Constructor using finite element mesh.

• ~Estimator ()

Destructor.

void setType (EstimatorType t=ESTIM\_ZZ)

Select type of a posteriori estimator.

• void setSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Provide solution vector in order to determine error index.

void getElementWiseIndex (Vect< real\_t > &e)

Get vector containing elementwise error index.

real\_t getAverage () const

Return averaged error.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return a reference to the finite element mesh.

### 7.36.1 Detailed Description

To calculate an a posteriori estimator of the solution.

This class enables calculating an estimator of a solution in order to evaluate reliability. Estimation uses the so-called Zienkiewicz-Zhu estimator.

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Rachid Touzani

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### 7.36.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

### enum EstimatorType

Enumerate variable that selects an error estimator for mesh adaptation purposes

Enumerator

ESTIM\_ZZ Zhu-Zienckiewicz elementwise estimator

ESTIM\_ND\_JUMP Normal derivative jump sidewise estimator

### 7.36.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Estimator ( Mesh & m )

Constructor using finite element mesh.

Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance

### 7.36.4 Member Function Documentation

void setType ( EstimatorType  $t = ESTIM_ZZ$  )

Select type of a posteriori estimator.

#### **Parameters**

in	t	Type of estimator. It has to be chosen among the enumerated values:		
		<ul> <li>ESTIM_ZZ: The Zhu-Zienckiewicz estimator (Default value)</li> </ul>		
		ESTIM_ND_JUMP: An estimator based on the jump of normal derivatives of the solution across mesh sides		

### void setSolution ( const Vect< real\_t > & u )

Provide solution vector in order to determine error index.

#### Parameters

in	и	Vector containing solution at mesh nodes
----	---	--

### void getElementWiseIndex ( Vect< real\_t > & e )

Get vector containing elementwise error index.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	е	Vector that contains once the member function setError is invoked a posteriori	
		estimator at each element	

# 7.37 FastMarching2D Class Reference

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

### **Public Member Functions**

• FastMarching2D ()

Default constructor.

• FastMarching2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &ls)

Constructor using grid and level set function.

• FastMarching2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &ls, Vect< real\_t > &F)

Constructor using grid, level set function and velocity to extend.

• ~FastMarching2D ()

Destructor.

• void execute ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

• void Check ()

Check distance function.

### 7.37.1 Detailed Description

To run a Fast Marching Method on 2-D structured uniform grids.

This class enables running a Fast Marching procedure to calculate the signed distance function and extend a given front speed.

#### Author

M. Sylla, B. Meden

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### 7.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FastMarching2D ( const Grid & g, Vect < real\_t > & ls )

Constructor using grid and level set function.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Instance of class Grid
in	ls	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.

### FastMarching2D ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & ls, Vect< real\_t > & F)

Constructor using grid, level set function and velocity to extend.

#### Parameters

in	8	Instance of class Grid
in	ls	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided their sign is right.
in	F	Vector containing the front speed at grid nodes. Only values on nodes surrounding the interface are relevant.

### 7.37.3 Member Function Documentation

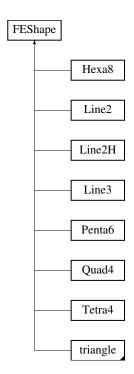
#### void execute ( )

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

Once this function was called, the vector 1s used in the constructor will contain the signed distance function and F will contain the extended speed.

## 7.38 FEShape Class Reference

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes. Inheritance diagram for FEShape:



### **Public Member Functions**

• FEShape ()

Default Constructor.

• FEShape (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• FEShape (const Side \*sd)

Constructor for a side.

• virtual ~FEShape ()

Destructor.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point< real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const Localize a point in the element.

### 7.38.1 Detailed Description

Parent class from which inherit all finite element shape classes.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.38.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### FEShape (const Element \* el )

Constructor for an element.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element
----	----	--------------------

### FEShape (const Side \* sd)

Constructor for a side.

#### **Parameters**

in sd	Pointer to side
-------	-----------------

### 7.38.3 Member Function Documentation

### real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s ) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

### Point<real\_t> DSh ( size\_t i ) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### **Parameters**

	in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
--	----	---	--------------------------------------

### real\_t getDet ( ) const

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint ( ) const

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint ( const Point< real\_t> & s ) const

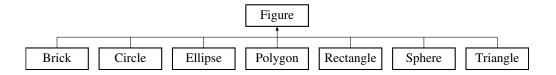
Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.39 Figure Class Reference

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

Inheritance diagram for Figure:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Figure ()

Default constructor.

• Figure (const Figure &f)

Copy constructor.

virtual ~Figure ()

Destructor.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

virtual real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance from a given point to current figure.

• Figure & operator= (const Figure &f)

Operator =

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

### 7.39.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a figure (or shape) information.

This class is essentially useful to construct data for mesh generators and for distance calculations.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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### 7.39.2 Member Function Documentation

virtual real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point < real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance from a given point to current figure.

#### **Parameters**

in	р	Point instance from which distance is computed
----	---	--

Reimplemented in Polygon, Triangle, Ellipse, Sphere, Circle, Brick, and Rectangle.

### void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

# real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const

Compute signed distance from a line.

in	p	Point for which distance is computed	
in	а	First vertex of line	
in	b	Second vertex of line	

#### Returns

Signed distance

### 7.40 FMM2D Class Reference

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm Inherits FMM.

### **Public Member Functions**

- FMM2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &phi, bool HA)
  - Constructor.
- FMM2D (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &phi, const Vect< real\_t > &F, bool HA)

Constructor.

• void init ()

*Initialize the heap.* 

• void run ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

• void eval (IPoint &pt, int sign)

compute the distance from node to interface

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real\_t > &F)

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

real\_t check\_error ()

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm.

### 7.40.1 Detailed Description

class for the fast marching 2-D algorithm
This class manages the 2-D Fast Marching method

Author

M. Sylla, B. Meden

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### 7.40.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FMM2D ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & phi, bool HA )

Constructor.

Constructor using Grid instance

in	8	Instance of class Grid
----	---	------------------------

### Parameters

in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.
in	HA	true if the program must be executed with high accuracy, false otherwise

### FMM2D ( const Grid & g, Vect< real.t > & phi, const Vect< real.t > & F, bool HA)

### Constructor.

Constructor using Grid instance

#### Parameters

in	8	Instance of class Grid
in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.
in	F	Right hand-side of the Eikonal equation
in	HA	true if the program must be executed with high accuracy, false otherwise

### 7.40.3 Member Function Documentation

### void eval ( IPoint & pt, int sign )

compute the distance from node to interface

### Parameters

in	pt	node to treat
in	sign	Node sign

### Returns

distance from node pt to interface

### void ExtendSpeed ( Vect< real\_t > & F )

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

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:

#### real\_t check\_error( )

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm. This function returns discrete L<sup>2</sup> and Max. errors

### 7.41 FMM3D Class Reference

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm Inherits FMM.

### **Public Member Functions**

• FMM3D (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &phi, bool HA)

Constructor.

• FMM3D (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &phi, const Vect< real\_t > &F, bool HA)

Constructor.

• void init ()

Initialize heap.

• void run ()

Execute Fast Marching Procedure.

• void eval (IPoint &pt, int sign)

Compute the distance from node to interface.

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real\_t > &F)

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

real\_t check\_error ()

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm.

### 7.41.1 Detailed Description

class for the 3-D fast marching algorithm
This class manages the 3-D Fast Marching Method

### 7.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FMM3D ( const Grid & g, Vect < real\_t > & phi, bool HA )

Constructor.

Constructor using Grid instance

in	8	Instance of class Grid
in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.
in	HA	true if the program must be executed with high accuracy, false otherwise

#### Author

M. Sylla, B. Meden

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### FMM3D ( const Grid & g, Vect< real t > & phi, const Vect< real t > & F, bool HA )

### Constructor.

Constructor using Grid instance

### Parameters

in	g	Instance of class Grid	
in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The values are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface but can take any value on other nodes, provided they have the right sign.	
in	F	Vector containing the right-hand side of the Eikonal equation	
in	HA	true if the program must be executed with high accuracy, false otherwise	

#### Author

M. Sylla, B. Meden

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### 7.41.3 Member Function Documentation

### void eval ( IPoint & pt, int sign )

Compute the distance from node to interface.

#### Parameters

in	pt	Node to treat
in	sign	Node's sign

#### Returns

Distance from node pt to interface

### void ExtendSpeed ( Vect< real\_t > & F )

Extend the speed function to the whole grid.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	F	Vector containing the speed at interface nodes on input and extended speed at whole grid nodes
		whole grid nodes

### real\_t check\_error ( )

Check error by comparing with the gradient norm. This function prints discrete  $L^2$  and Max. errors

### 7.42 FMMSolver Class Reference

The Fast Marching Method solver.

### **Public Member Functions**

• FMMSolver (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &phi, bool ha=false)

Constructor.

• ~FMMSolver ()

Destructor.

• void run ()

Execute the fast marching program.

void ExtendSpeed (Vect< real\_t > &F)

Extend speed by Sethian's method.

real\_t check\_error ()

Return the consistency error of the method.

### 7.42.1 Detailed Description

The Fast Marching Method solver.

This class enables computing the signed distance function with respect to an interface. It works in 2-D and 3-D on a structured grid. The class is an interface for client. It points to FMM

Author

M. Sylla, B. Meden

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### 7.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

FMMSolver (const Grid & g, Vect < real\_t > & phi, bool ha = false)

Constructor.

in	8	Instance of class Grid defining the grid on which the distance is computed.
----	---	---

#### **Parameters**

in	phi	Vector containing the level set function at grid nodes. The vector entries are 0 on the interface (from which the distance is computed), positive on one side and negative on the other side. They must contain the signed distance on the nodes surrounding the interface. These values identify by linear interpolation the interface position. The vector entries can take any value on other grid nodes, provided they have the right sign.	
in	ha	true if high accuracy FMM is active. The high accuracy version is more accurate but requires more accurate values on the nodes neighbouring the interface.	

### 7.42.3 Member Function Documentation

### void ExtendSpeed ( Vect< real\_t > & F )

Extend speed by Sethian's method.

The method consists in calculating a speed F such that its gradient is orthogonal to the gradient of the level set function

#### **Parameters**

in,out	F	Speed function where on input the value of the function is meaningful on the interface. On output F contains the extended speed
--------	---	---

### real\_t check\_error( )

Return the consistency error of the method.

Consistency is measured by computing the discrete value of the norm of the gradient of the signed distance and subtracting the obtained norm from 1. The absolute value of the result is returned.

# 7.43 Funct Class Reference

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

### **Public Member Functions**

• Funct ()

Default constructor.

• Funct (string v)

Constructor for a function of one variable.

• Funct (string v1, string v2)

Constructor for a function of two variables.

• Funct (string v1, string v2, string v3)

Constructor for a function of three variables.

• Funct (string v1, string v2, string v3, string v4)

Constructor for a function of four variables.

• ~Funct ()

Destructor.

• real\_t operator() (real\_t x) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with one variable  $\boldsymbol{x}$ 

• real\_t operator() (real\_t x, real\_t y) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with two variables x, y

• real\_t operator() (real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t z) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with three variables x, y, z

• real\_t operator() (real\_t x, real\_t y, real\_t z, real\_t t) const

Operator () to evaluate the function with four variables x, y, z

• void operator= (string e)

Operator =.

### 7.43.1 Detailed Description

A simple class to parse real valued functions.

Functions must have 1, 2, 3 or at most 4 variables.

Warning

Data in the file must be listed in the following order:

```
for x=x_0,...,x_I

for y=y_0,...,y_J

for z=z_0,...,z_K

read v(x,y,z)
```

Author

Rachid Touzani

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### 7.43.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### Funct ( string v )

Constructor for a function of one variable.

Parameters

in	v	Name of the variable
----	---	----------------------

### Funct ( string v1, string v2 )

Constructor for a function of two variables.

in	v1	Name of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Name of the second variable

## Funct ( string v1, string v2, string v3 )

Constructor for a function of three variables.

#### Parameters

in	v1	Name of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Name of the second variable
in	<i>v</i> 3	Name of the third variable

## Funct ( string v1, string v2, string v3, string v4 )

Constructor for a function of four variables.

#### **Parameters**

in	v1	Name of the first variable
in	<i>v</i> 2	Name of the second variable
in	v3	Name of the third variable
in	v4	Name of the fourth variable

## 7.43.3 Member Function Documentation

void operator= ( string e )

Operator =.

Define the function by an algebraic expression following regexp rules

## Parameters

in	e	Algebraic expression defining the function.
----	---	---

## 7.44 Gauss Class Reference

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Gauss ()

Default constructor.

• Gauss (size\_t np)

Constructor using number of Gauss points.

• void setNbPoints (size\_t np)

Set number of integration points.

• void setTriangle (LocalVect< real\_t, 7 > &w, LocalVect< Point< real\_t >, 7 > &x)

Choose integration on triangle (7-point formula)

• real\_t x (size\_t i) const

Return coordinate of *i*-th Gauss-Legendre point.

• const Point< real\_t > & xt (size\_t i) const

Return coordinates of points in the reference triangle.

• real\_t w (size\_t i) const

Return weight of i-th Gauss-Legendre point.

## 7.44.1 Detailed Description

Calculate data for Gauss integration.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.44.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Gauss ( size\_t np )

Constructor using number of Gauss points.

#### **Parameters**

in	пр	Number of integration points
----	----	------------------------------

#### 7.44.3 Member Function Documentation

void setTriangle ( LocalVect< real\_t, 7 > & w, LocalVect< Point< real\_t >, 7 > & x)

Choose integration on triangle (7-point formula)

If this is not selected, Gauss integration formula on [-1,1] is calculated.

#### Parameters

out	w	Array of weights of integration points
out	х	Array of coordinates of integration points

## 7.45 Grid Class Reference

To manipulate structured grids.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Grid ()

Construct a default grid with 10 intervals in each direction.

• Grid (real\_t xm, real\_t xM, size\_t npx)

Construct a 1-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

• Grid (real\_t xm, real\_t xM, real\_t ym, real\_t yM, size\_t npx, size\_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (Point< real\_t > m, Point< real\_t > M, size\_t npx, size\_t npy)

Construct a 2-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (real\_t xm, real\_t xM, real\_t ym, real\_t yM, real\_t zm, real\_t zM, size\_t npx, size\_t npx, size\_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

Grid (Point < real\_t > m, Point < real\_t > M, size\_t npx, size\_t npy, size\_t npz)

Construct a 3-D structured grid given its extremal coordinates and number of intervals.

void setXMin (const Point< real\_t > &x)

Set min. coordinates of the domain.

- void setXMax (const Point < real\_t > &x)
- void setDomain (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 1-D case.

void setDomain (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 2-D case.

- void setDomain (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, real\_t zmin, real\_t zmax) Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.
- void setDomain (Point< real\_t > xmin, Point< real\_t > xmax)

Set Dimensions of the domain: 3-D case.

• const Point< real\_t > & getXMin () const

Return min. Coordinates of the domain.

• const Point < real\_t > & getXMax () const

Return max. Coordinates of the domain.

• void setN (size\_t nx, size\_t ny=0, size\_t nz=0)

Set number of grid intervals in the x, y and z-directions.

• size\_t getNx () const

Return number of grid intervals in the x-direction.

size\_t getNy () const

Return number of grid intervals in the y-direction.

• size\_t getNz () const

Return number of grid intervals in the z-direction.

• real\_t getHx () const

Return grid size in the x-direction.

• real\_t getHy () const

Return grid size in the y-direction.

real\_t getHz () const

Return grid size in the z-direction.

Point< real\_t > getCoord (size\_t i) const

Return coordinates a point with label i in a 1-D grid.

Point< real\_t > getCoord (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j) in a 2-D grid.

Point< real\_t > getCoord (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return coordinates a point with label (i, j, k) in a 3-D grid.

• real\_t getX (size\_t i) const

Return x-coordinate of point with index i

• real\_t getY (size\_t j) const

Return y-coordinate of point with index j

real\_t getZ (size\_t k) const

Return z-coordinate of point with index k

Point2D< real\_t > getXY (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j)

Point< real\_t > getXYZ (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return coordinates of point with indices (i, j, k)

real\_t getCenter (size\_t i) const

Return coordinates of center of a 1-D cell with indices i, i+1

Point< real\_t > getCenter (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return coordinates of center of a 2-D cell with indices (i,j), (i+1,j), (i+1,j+1), (i,j+1)

Point< real\_t > getCenter (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return coordinates of center of a 3-D cell with indices (i,j,k), (i+1,j,k), (i+1,j+1,k), (i,j+1,k), (i,j,k+1), (i+1,j,k+1), (i+1,j+1,k+1), (i,j+1,k+1)

• void setCode (string exp, int code)

Set a code for some grid points.

• void setCode (int side, int code)

Set a code for grid points on sides.

• int getCode (int side) const

Return code for a side number.

int getCode (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return code for a grid point.

• int getCode (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Return code for a grid point.

• size\_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

void Deactivate (size\_t i)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (1-D grid)

• void Deactivate (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

void Deactivate (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k)

Change state of a cell from active to inactive (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size\_t i) const

*Say if cell is active or not (1-D grid)* 

• int isActive (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Say if cell is active or not (2-D grid)

• int isActive (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Say if cell is active or not (3-D grid)

## 7.45.1 Detailed Description

To manipulate structured grids.

Author

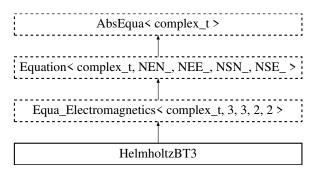
Rachid Touzani

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## 7.46 HelmholtzBT3 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles. Inheritance diagram for HelmholtzBT3:



## **Public Member Functions**

• HelmholtzBT3 ()

Default Constructor.

HelmholtzBT3 (Element \*el)

Constructor using element data.

• HelmholtzBT3 (Side \*sd)

Constructor using side data.

• ~HelmholtzBT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LHS (real\_t wave\_nb)

Add element Left-Hand Side.

void BoundaryRHS (UserData < complex\_t > &ud)

Add element Right-Hand Side using a UserData instance.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< complex\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< complex\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

 void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, LocalVect< complex\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)
   Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < complex\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< complex\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix< complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < complex\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< complex\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < complex<sub>-</sub>t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < complex\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< complex\_t > &x, Vect< complex\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

- void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< complex\_t > &x, Vect< complex\_t > &b)
  - Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.
- size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< complex\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < complex\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< complex\_t > \*A, Vect< complex\_t > &b, Vect< complex\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< complex\_t > &b, Vect< complex\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< complex\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < complex\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_ > ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< complex\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< complex\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void MagneticPermeability (const real\_t &mu)

Set (constant) magnetic permeability.

• void MagneticPermeability (const string &exp)

Set magnetic permeability given by an algebraic expression.

• void ElectricConductivity (const real\_t &sigma)

Set (constant) electric conductivity.

• void ElectricConductivity (const string &exp)

set electric conductivity given by an algebraic expression

• void ElectricResistivity (const real\_t &rho)

Set (constant) electric resistivity.

• void ElectricResistivity (const string &exp)

Set electric resistivity given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.46.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for Helmholtz equations in a bounded media using 3-Node triangles. Problem being formulated in time harmonics, the solution is complex valued.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.46.2 Member Function Documentation

void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< complex t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

void updateBC ( const Vect< complex $_t$  > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## ${\bf void}\; {\bf LocalNodeVector} \; (\; {\bf Vect} {<} \; {\bf complex}\_{\bf t} > \& \; b \; \; ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## $void \; ElementNodeVector \, ( \; const \; Vect < complex\_t > \& \; b, \; LocalVect < complex\_t \, , \, NEE\_ > \& \; be \; ) \quad [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## $\label{localVect} woid \ ElementNodeVector (\ const \ Vect < complex_t > \&\ b,\ LocalVect < complex_t \ , \ NEN_- > \&\ be,\ int\ dof\ ) \ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, LocalVect< complex\_t , NEN\_> & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, LocalVect< complex\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect< complex\_t > & b, int  $dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < complex\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < complex_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $PETScMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \; Element Assembly \; ( \; PETScVect < complex_t > \& \; b \; ) \; \; [inherited]}$

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< complex\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; ( \; {\bf SkSMatrix} {<} \; {\bf complex} {\_t} > \& \; A \; ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< complex\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A
------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < complex_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < complex\_t > \&\ A\ )\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A	Reference to global matrix

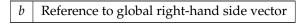
#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< complex\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**



## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ Matrix{<} \ complex\_t > *A \ ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ SideAssembly\ (\ SkSMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ SkMatrix < complex_t > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ SpMatrix < complex_t > \& \ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< complex $_{ ext{-}}t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ complex_t>*A\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\,complex\_t>\&\,A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < complex_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < complex_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< complex\_t > & x, Vect< complex\_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

## void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< complex\_t > & x, Vect< complex\_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

#### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< complex\_t > \* A, Vect< complex\_t > & b, Vect< complex\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< complex\_t > & b, Vect< complex\_t > & x ) [inherited] Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.46.3 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<complex\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.47 Hexa8 Class Reference

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

Inheritance diagram for Hexa8:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Hexa8 ()

Default Constructor.

• Hexa8 (const Element \*el)

Constructor when data of *Element* el are given.

• ∼Hexa8 ()

Destructor.

• void setLocal (const Point < real\_t > &s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i)

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

• void atGauss1 (LocalVect< Point< real\_t >, 8 > &dsh, real\_t &w)

Calculate shape function derivatives and integration weights for 1-point Gauss rule.

void atGauss2 (LocalMatrix < Point < real t >, 8, 8 > &dsh, LocalVect < real t, 8 > &w)

Calculate shape function derivatives and integration weights for 2x2x2-point Gauss rule.

• real\_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length.

• real\_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.47.1 Detailed Description

Defines a three-dimensional 8-node hexahedral finite element using Q1-isoparametric interpolation.

The reference element is the cube [-1,1]x[-1,1]x[-1,1]. The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **getLocal(s)** must be invoked.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.47.2 Member Function Documentation

#### void setLocal ( const Point < real\_t > & s )

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Point in the reference element This function computes jacobian, shape functions and
		their partial derivatives at s. Other member functions only return these values.

#### Point<real $_t>$ DSh ( size $_ti$ )

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Member function *setLocal* must have been called before in order to calculate relevant quantities.

#### void atGauss1 ( LocalVect< Point< real\_t >, 8 > & dsh, real\_t & w )

Calculate shape function derivatives and integration weights for 1-point Gauss rule.

#### Parameters

in	dsh	Vector of shape function derivatives at the Gauss point
in	w	Weight of integration formula at Gauss point

## void atGauss2 ( LocalMatrix< Point< real\_t >, 8, 8 > & dsh, LocalVect< real\_t, 8 > & w )

Calculate shape function derivatives and integration weights for 2x2x2-point Gauss rule.

#### Parameters

in	dsh	Vector of shape function derivatives at the Gauss points
in	w	Weights of integration formula at Gauss points

## $real_t Sh ( size_t i, Point < real_t > s ) const [inherited]$

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### Parameters

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

#### Point<real\_t> DSh ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
----	---	--------------------------------------

## real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

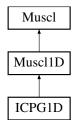
## $Point < real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point < real_t > & s) const [inherited]$

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.48 ICPG1D Class Reference

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D. Inheritance diagram for ICPG1D:



## **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• ICPG1D (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using Mesh instance.

- ICPG1D (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &r, Vect< real\_t > &v, Vect< real\_t > &p)
  - Constructor using mesh and initial data.
- ~ICPG1D ()

Destructor.

• void setReconstruction ()

Set reconstruction from class Muscl.

real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Advance one time step.

void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > &flux, Vect< real\_t > &field)

Add flux to field.

• void setSolver (SolverType solver)

Choose solver type.

• void setGamma (real\_t gamma)

Set value of constant Gamma for gases.

void setCv (real\_t Cv)

Set value of Cv (specific heat at constant volume)

• void setCp (real\_t Cp)

Set value of  $C_p$  (specific heat at constant pressure)

void setKappa (real\_t Kappa)

Set value of constant Kappa.

• real\_t getGamma () const

Return value of constant Gamma.

real\_t getCv () const

Return value of  $C_v$  (specific heat at constant volume)

real\_t getCp () const

Return value of  $C_p$  (specific heat at constant pressure)

• real\_t getKappa () const

Return value of constant Kappa.

• void getMomentum (Vect< real\_t > &m) const

Get vector of momentum at elements.

void getInternalEnergy (Vect< real\_t > &ie) const

Get vector of internal energy at elements.

void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real\_t > &te) const

*Get vector of total energy at elements.* 

void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real\_t > &s) const

Get vector of sound speed at elements.

void getMach (Vect< real\_t > &m) const

Get vector of elementwise Mach number.

void setInitialCondition\_shock\_tube (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &BcG, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &BcD, real\_t x0)

Initial condition corresponding to the shock tube.

• void setInitialCondition (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u)

A constant initial condition.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real\_t u)

Assign a boundary condition as a constant to a given side.

void setBC (int code, real\_t a)

Assign a boundary condition value.

void setBC (real\_t a)

Assign a boundary condition value.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

• void setBC (int code, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &U)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

• void setBC (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u)

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

• void setInOutflowBC (const Side &sd, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on a given side.

• void setInOutflowBC (int code, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on sides with a given code.

• void setInOutflowBC (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u)

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on boundary sides.

real\_t getMeanLength () const

Return mean length.

• real\_t getMaximumLength () const

Return maximal length.

• real\_t getMinimumLength () const

Return mimal length.

• real\_t getTauLim () const

Return mean length.

• void print\_mesh\_stat ()

Output mesh information.

• void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

 $Return\ code\ of\ solid\ zone,\ 0\ if\ this\ one\ is\ not\ present.$ 

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## 7.48.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 1-D. Solution method is a second-order MUSCL Finite Volume scheme

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.48.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

#### enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF\_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

#### 7.48.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ICPG1D ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & r, Vect< real\_t > & v, Vect< real\_t > & p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

in	ms	Reference to Mesh instance
in	r	Vector containing initial (elementwise) density
in	v	Vector containing initial (elementwise) velocity
in	р	Vector containing initial (elementwise) pressure

## 7.48.4 Member Function Documentation

void Forward ( const Vect< real\_t > & flux, Vect< real\_t > & field )

Add flux to field.

If this function is used, the user must call getFlux himself

#### Parameters

in	flux	Vector containing fluxes at sides (points)
out	field	Vector containing solution vector

## void getMomentum ( Vect< real\_t > & m ) const

Get vector of momentum at elements.

#### Parameters

in,out	<i>m</i> Vect instance that contains on output element	momentum
--------	--	----------

## void getInternalEnergy ( Vect< real\_t > & ie ) const

Get vector of internal energy at elements.

## Parameters

in,out	ie	Vect instance that contains on output element internal energy

## void getTotalEnergy ( Vect< real\_t > & te ) const

Get vector of total energy at elements.

#### Parameters

in,out	te	Vect instance that contains on output element total energy
--------	----	--

## void getSoundSpeed ( Vect< real\_t > & s ) const

Get vector of sound speed at elements.

Ī
---

## void getMach ( Vect< real\_t > & m ) const

Get vector of elementwise Mach number.

#### Parameters

in,out	m	Vect instance that contains on output element Mach number	
--------	---	---	--

## void setInitialCondition ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u )

A constant initial condition.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	LocalVect instance containing density, velocity and pressure
----	---	--

## void setBC ( const Side & sd, real\_t u )

Assign a boundary condition as a constant to a given side.

## Parameters

in	sd	Side to which the value is assigned	
in	и	Value to assign	

## void setBC ( int code, real\_t a )

Assign a boundary condition value.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code value to which boundary condition is assigned	
in	а	Value to assign to sides that have code code	

## void setBC ( real\_t a )

Assign a boundary condition value.

## Parameters

in	а	Value to assign to all boundary sides

## void setBC ( const Side & sd, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u )

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Side instance to which the values are assigned	
in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the side	

## void setBC ( int code, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & U )

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

#### Parameters

in	code	Side code for which the values are assigned	
in	U	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to sides with code <i>code</i>	

#### void setBC ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u )

Assign a Dirichlet boundary condition vector.

#### Parameters

in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to all boundary sides
----	---	---

## void setInOutflowBC ( const Side & sd, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u )

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on a given side.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Instance of Side on which the condition is prescribed
in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the side

## void setInOutflowBC ( int code, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u )

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on sides with a given code.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Value of code for which the condition is prescribed	
in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the side	

## void setInOutflowBC ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u )

Impose a constant inflow or outflow boundary condition on boundary sides.

#### Parameters

in	и	LocalVect instance that contains values to assign to the sides
----	---	--

## $void setTimeStep ( real_t dt ) [inherited]$

Assign time step value.

#### Parameters

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

## void setCFL ( real\_t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

#### Parameters

in	CFI	Value of CFL
1n	CFL	value of CFL

## ${f void} \ {f setReferenceLength} \ ( \ {f real} \ {f t} \ dx \ ) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Assign reference length value.

#### Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length
--	----	----	---------------------------

## void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

#### Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter

bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof ) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

#### **Parameters**

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

#### void setMethod ( const Method & s ) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

#### Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

## void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

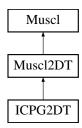
Choose a flux limiter.

#### Parameters

in <i>l</i> Limiter to choose
-------------------------------

## 7.49 ICPG2DT Class Reference

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D. Inheritance diagram for ICPG2DT:



## **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• ICPG2DT (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• ICPG2DT (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &r, Vect< real\_t > &v, Vect< real\_t > &p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~ICPG2DT ()

Destructor.

• void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct.

real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Advance one time step.

void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > &Flux, Vect< real\_t > &Field)

Add Flux to Field.

real\_t getFlux ()

Get flux.

• void setSolver (SolverType s)

Choose solver.

• void setGamma (real\_t gamma)

Set Gamma value.

• void setCv (real\_t Cv)

Set value of heat capacity at constant volume.

void setCp (real\_t Cp)

Set value of heat capacity at constant pressure.

• void setKappa (real\_t Kappa)

Set Kappa value.

• real\_t getGamma () const

Return value of Gamma.

• real\_t getCv () const

Return value of heat capacity at constant volume.

real\_t getCp () const

Return value of heat capacity at constant pressure.

• real\_t getKappa () const

Return value of Kappa.

• Mesh & getMesh ()

Return reference to mesh instance.

• void getMomentum (Vect< real\_t > &m) const

 $Calculate\ element wise\ momentum.$ 

void getInternalEnergy (Vect< real\_t > &e) const

Calculate elementwise internal energy.

• void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real\_t > &e) const

Return elementwise total energy.

void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real\_t > &s) const

Return elementwise sound speed.

• void getMach (Vect< real\_t > &m) const

Return elementwise Mach number.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real\_t a)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at given side.

• void setBC (int code, real\_t a)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

• void setBC (real\_t u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition on all boundary sides.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > &u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at a given side.

• void setBC (int code, const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > &u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

• void setBC (const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > &u)

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at all boundary sides.

• real\_t getR (size\_t i) const

Return density at given element label.

- real\_t getV (size\_t i, size\_t j) const
- real\_t getP (size\_t i) const

Return pressure at given element label.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Initialize ()

Construction of normals to sides.

## 7.49.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 2-D. Solution method is a second-order MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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**GNU Lesser Public License** 

## 7.49.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

#### enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

#### enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF\_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

#### 7.49.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ICPG2DT ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & r, Vect< real\_t > & v, Vect< real\_t > & p )

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	r	Initial density vector (as instance of Vect)
in	v	Initial velocity vector (as instance of Vect)
in	р	Initial pressure vector (as instance of Vect)

## 7.49.4 Member Function Documentation

## void setReconstruction ( )

Reconstruct.

exit(3) if reconstruction fails

## void Forward ( const Vect< real\_t > & Flux, Vect< real\_t > & Field )

Add Flux to Field.

If this function is used, the function getFlux must be called

## void setSolver ( SolverType s )

Choose solver.

#### Parameters

in	S	Index of solver in the enumerated variable SolverType Available values are:
		ROE_SOLVER, VFROE_SOLVER, LF_SOLVER, RUSANOV_SOLVER, HLL_SOLVER, HLLC_SOLVER,
		MAX_SOLVER

## void setBC ( const Side & sd, real\_t a )

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at given side.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	а	Value to prescribe

## void setBC ( int code, real\_t a )

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

#### Parameters

in	code	Code for which value is imposed
in	а	Value to prescribe

## void setBC ( real\_t u )

Prescribe a constant boundary condition on all boundary sides.

#### Parameters

in	и	Value to prescribe
----	---	--------------------

## void setBC ( const Side & sd, const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 >& u )

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at a given side.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	и	Vector (instance of class LocalVect) with as components the constant values to
		prescribe for the four fields (r, vx, vy, p)

## void setBC ( int code, const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > & u )

Prescribe a constant boundary condition for a given code.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code for which value is imposed
in	и	Vector (instance of class LocalVect) with as components the constant values to prescribe for the four fields (r, vx, vy, p)

## void setBC ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > & u )

Prescribe a constant boundary condition at all boundary sides.

#### **Parameters**

i	in	и	Vector (instance of class LocalVect) with as components the constant values to	
			prescribe for the four fields (r, vx, vy, p)	

## real\_t getR ( $size_t i$ ) const

Return density at given element label.

#### Parameters

in i	Element label
------	---------------

## real\_t getV ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Return velocity at given element label

#### Parameters

in	i	Element label
in	j	component index (1 or 2)

## real\_t getP ( size\_t i ) const

Return pressure at given element label.

#### Parameters

in	i	Element label
----	---	---------------

## bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

#### Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

## void Initialize( ) [protected], [inherited]

Construction of normals to sides.

Convention: for a given side, getPtrElement(1) is the left element and getPtrElement(2) is the right element. The normal goes from left to right. For boundary sides, the normal points outward.

## ${f void\ setTimeStep\ (\ real\_t\ dt\ )}$ [inherited]

Assign time step value.

#### Parameters

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

#### void setCFL ( real\_t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

#### **Parameters**

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

# $void setReferenceLength ( real_t dx ) [inherited]$

Assign reference length value.

#### Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length	
--	----	----	---------------------------	--

# ${f void} \ {f setVerbose} \ (\ {f int} \ v \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]$

Set verbosity parameter.

#### Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	
--	----	---	------------------------------	--

## void setMethod (const Method & s) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

## Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose

# ${f void\ setLimiter\ (\ Limiter\ l\ )}$ [inherited]

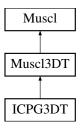
Choose a flux limiter.

## Parameters

in	1	Limiter to choose

# 7.50 ICPG3DT Class Reference

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D. Inheritance diagram for ICPG3DT:



# **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• ICPG3DT (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using mesh data.

• ICPG3DT (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &r, Vect< real\_t > &v, Vect< real\_t > &p)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~ICPG3DT ()

Destructor.

• void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct.

• real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Advance one time step.

void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > &flux, Vect< real\_t > &field)

Add flux to field.

• real\_t getFlux ()

Return flux.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign a reference length.

void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign a time step.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL.

• void setGamma (real\_t gamma)

Set  $\gamma$  value.

• void setCv (real\_t Cv)

Set value of  $C_v$  (Heat capacity at constant volume)

• void setCp (real\_t Cp)

Set value of  $C_p$  (Heat capacity at constant pressure)

• void setKappa (real\_t Kappa)

Set Kappa value.

• real\_t getGamma () const

*Return value of*  $\gamma$ *.* 

real\_t getCv () const

Return value of  $C_v$  (Heat capacity at constant volume)

real\_t getCp () const

Return value of  $C_p$  (Heat capacity at constant pressure)

• real\_t getKappa () const

Return value of  $\kappa$ .

Mesh & getMesh ()

Return reference to mesh instance.

Mesh \* getPtrMesh ()

Return pointer to mesh.

• void getMomentum (Vect< real\_t > &m) const

Calculate elementwise momentum.

• void getInternalEnergy (Vect< real\_t > &e) const

Calculate elementwise internal energy.

• void getTotalEnergy (Vect< real\_t > &e) const

Return elementwise total energy.

void getSoundSpeed (Vect< real\_t > &s) const

Return elementwise sound speed.

void getMach (Vect< real\_t > &m) const

Return elementwise Mach number.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• real\_t getMinimumFaceArea () const

Return minimum area of faces in the mesh.

• real\_t getMinimumElementVolume () const

Return minimum volume of elements in the mesh.

real\_t getMaximumFaceArea () const

Return maximum area of faces in the mesh.

• real\_t getMaximumElementVolume () const

Return maximum volume of elements in the mesh.

real\_t getMeanFaceArea () const

Return mean area of faces in the mesh.

• real\_t getMeanElementVolume () const

Return mean volume of elements in the mesh.

• real\_t getMinimumEdgeLength () const

 $Return\ minimum\ length\ of\ edges\ in\ the\ mesh.$ 

• real\_t getMinimumVolumebyArea () const

Return minimum volume by area in the mesh.

real\_t getMaximumEdgeLength () const

Return maximum length of edges in the mesh.

real\_t getTauLim () const

Return value of tau lim.

• real\_t getComega () const

Return value of Comega.

• void setbetalim (real\_t bl)

Assign value of beta lim.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

# 7.50.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the Inviscid compressible fluid flows (Euler equations) for perfect gas in 3-D. Solution method is a second-order MUSCL Finite Volume scheme with tetrahedra

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.50.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

## Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF\_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

## 7.50.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ICPG3DT ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using mesh data.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance
----	----	---------------

## ICPG3DT ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & r, Vect< real\_t > & v, Vect< real\_t > & p )

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

#### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	r	Elementwise initial density vector (as instance of Element Vect)	
in	v	Elementwise initial velocity vector (as instance of Element Vect)	
in	р	Elementwise initial pressure vector (as instance of Element Vect)	

## 7.50.4 Member Function Documentation

void setReconstruction ( )

Reconstruct.

exit(3) if reconstruction failed

bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

in	U	Field to reconstruct

#### Parameters

out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

#### void setVerbose ( int v ) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	Ì
--	----	---	------------------------------	---

## void setMethod ( const Method & s ) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

## void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

#### Parameters

in	1	Limiter to choose

# 7.51 IOField Class Reference

Enables working with files in the XML Format. Inherits XMLParser.

# **Public Types**

# **Public Member Functions**

• IOField ()

Default constructor.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name.

• IOField (const string &mesh\_file, const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)

Constructor using file name, mesh file and mesh.

IOField (const string &file, Mesh &ms, AccessType access, bool compact=true)
 Constructor using file name and mesh.

• IOField (const string &file, AccessType access, const string &name)

Constructor using file name and field name.

• ∼IOField ()

Destructor.

• void setMeshFile (const string &file)

Set mesh file.

void open ()

Open file.

• void open (const string &file, AccessType access)

Open file.

• void close ()

Close file.

• void put (Mesh &ms)

Store mesh in file.

void put (const Vect< real\_t > &v)

Store Vect instance v in file.

• void put (const PETScVect< real\_t > &v)

Store PETScVect instance v in file.

real\_t get (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Get Vect v instance from file.

• int get (Vect< real\_t > &v, const string &name)

Get Vect v instance from file if the field has the given name.

int get (DMatrix < real\_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (DSMatrix< real\_t > &A, const string &name)

Get DSMatrix A instance from file if the field has the given name.

• int get (Vect< real\_t > &v, real\_t t)

*Get Vect v* instance from file corresponding to a specific time value.

• void saveGMSH (string output\_file, string mesh\_file)

Save field vectors in a file using GMSH format.

## 7.51.1 Detailed Description

Enables working with files in the XML Format.

This class has methods to store vectors in files and read from files.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.52 IPF Class Reference

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

## **Public Member Functions**

• IPF ()

Default constructor.

• IPF (const string &file)

Constructor that gives the data file name.

• IPF (const string &prog, const string &file)

Constructor that reads parameters in file file and prints header information for the calling program prog. It reads parameters in IPF Format from this file.

• ~IPF ()

Destructor.

real\_t getDisplay ()

Display acquired parameters.

• int getVerbose () const

Return parameter read using keyword Verbose.

• int getOutput () const

Return parameter read using keyword **Output**.

• int getSave () const

Return parameter read using keyword Save.

• int getPlot () const

Return parameter read using keyword Plot.

• int getBC () const

Return parameter read using keyword BC.

• int getBF () const

Return parameter read using keyword BF.

• int getSF () const

Return parameter read using keyword SF.

• int getInit () const

Return parameter read using keyword Init.

• int getData () const

Return parameter read using keyword Data.

• size\_t getNbSteps () const

Return parameter read using keyword NbSteps.

• size\_t getNbIter () const

Return parameter read using keyword NbIter.

real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return parameter read using keyword **TimeStep**.

real\_t getMaxTime () const

Return parameter read using keyword MaxTime.

• real\_t getTolerance () const

Return parameter read using keyword Tolerance.

• int getIntPar (size\_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword IntPar

• string getStringPar (size\_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword **StringPar**.

• real\_t getDoublePar (size\_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword DoublePar.

• Point< real\_t > getPointDoublePar (size\_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword PointDoublePar.

complex\_t getComplexPar (size\_t n=1) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword StringPar.

string getString (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string.

string getString (const string &label, string def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string.

• int getInteger (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer.

• int getInteger (const string &label, int def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer.

real\_t getDouble (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real\_t.

• real\_t getDouble (const string &label, real\_t def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real\_t.

complex\_t getComplex (const string &label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number.

• complex\_t getComplex (const string &label, complex\_t def) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number.

• int contains (const string &label) const

check if the project file contains a given parameter

• void get (const string &label, Vect< real\_t > &a) const

Read an array of real values, corresponding to a given label.

real\_t getArraySize (const string &label, size\_t j) const

Return an array entry for a given label.

• void get (const string &label, int &a) const

Return integer parameter corresponding to a given label.

• void get (const string &label, real\_t &a) const

Return real parameter corresponding to a given label.

void get (const string &label, complex\_t &a) const

Return complex parameter corresponding to a given label.

• void get (const string &label, string &a) const

Return string parameter corresponding to a given label.

• string getProject () const

Return parameter read using keyword **Project**.

• string getDomainFile () const

Return pameter using keyword Mesh.

• string getMeshFile (size\_t i=1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword mesh\_file.

• string getInitFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword **InitFile**.

• string getRestartFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword RestartFile.

• string getBCFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword BCFile.

string getBFFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword BFFile.

• string getSFFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword SFFile.

• string getSaveFile () const

Return parameter read using keyword SaveFile.

• string getPlotFile (int i=1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword PlotFile.

• string getPrescriptionFile (int i=1) const

Return parameter read using keyword **DataFile**.

• string getAuxFile (size\_t i=1) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword Auxfile.

• string getDensity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for density function.

• string getElectricConductivity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for electric conductivity.

• string getElectricPermittivity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for electric permittivity.

• string getMagneticPermeability () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for magnetic permeability.

• string getPoissonRatio () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for Poisson ratio.

string getThermalConductivity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for thermal conductivity.

• string getRhoCp () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for density \* specific heat.

• string getViscosity () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for viscosity.

• string getYoungModulus () const

Return expression (to be parsed, function of x, y, z, t) for Young's modulus.

## 7.52.1 Detailed Description

To read project parameters from a file in IPF format.

This class can be used to acquire various parameters from a parameter file of IPF (Input Project File). The declaration of an instance of this class avoids reading data in your main program. The acquired parameters are retrieved through information members of the class. Note that all the parameters have default values

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### IPF (const string & file)

Constructor that gives the data file name.

It reads parameters in IPF Format from this file.

## 7.52.3 Member Function Documentation

# int getOutput ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword Output.

This parameter can be used to control output behavior in a program.

#### int getSave ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword Save.

This parameter can be used to control result saving in a program (e.g. for a restarting purpose).

## int getPlot ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **Plot**.

This parameter can be used to control result saving for plotting in a program.

#### int getBC ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword BC.

This parameter can be used to set a boundary condition flag.

## int getBF ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword BF.

This parameter can be used to set a body force flag.

## int getSF ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword SF.

This parameter can be used to set a surface force flag.

#### int getInit ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **Init**.

This parameter can be used to set an initial data flag.

# int getData ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **Data**.

This parameter can be used to set a various data flag.

#### size\_t getNbSteps ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **NbSteps**.

This parameter can be used to read a number of time steps.

#### size\_t getNbIter ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword NbIter.

This parameter can be used to read a number of iterations.

## real\_t getTimeStep ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword TimeStep.

This parameter can be used to read a time step value.

## real\_t getMaxTime ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword MaxTime.

This parameter can be used to read a maximum time value.

#### real\_t getTolerance ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **Tolerance**.

This parameter can be used to read a tolerance value to control convergence.

## int getIntPar ( size\_t n = 1 ) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword IntPar

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

## string getStringPar ( $size_t n = 1$ ) const

Return *n-th* parameter read using keyword **StringPar**.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

#### real\_t getDoublePar ( size\_t n = 1 ) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword **DoublePar**.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

## Point<real\_t> getPointDoublePar ( size\_t n = 1 ) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword PointDoublePar.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

## complex\_t getComplexPar ( size\_t n = 1 ) const

Return n-th parameter read using keyword **StringPar**.

Here we have at most 20 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for n is 1

## string getString (const string & label) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string.

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label that identifies the string (read from input file) If this label is not found an
		error message is displayed and program stops

## string getString ( const string & label, string def ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a string. Case where a default value is provided

#### Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the string (read from input file)
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

## int getInteger ( const string & label ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer.

#### Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the integer number (read from input file) If this label is not
		found an error message is displayed and program stops

## int getInteger ( const string & label, int def ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is an integer. Case where a default value is provided

# Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the integer number (read from input file).
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

## real\_t getDouble ( const string & label ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real\_t.

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label that identifies the real number (read from input file). If this label is not
		found an error message is displayed and program stops.

## real\_t getDouble ( const string & label, real\_t def ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a real\_t.

## Case where a default value is provided

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label that identifies the real number (read from input file)
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

## complex\_t getComplex ( const string & label ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number.

#### **Parameters**

in	Label that identifies the complex number (read from input file) If this label is not
	found an error message is displayed and program stops

## complex\_t getComplex ( const string & label, complex\_t def ) const

Return parameter corresponding to a given label, when its value is a complex number. Case where a default value is provided

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label that identifies the complex number (read from input file)
in	def	Default value: Value to assign if the sought parameter is not found

## int contains ( const string & label ) const

check if the project file contains a given parameter

#### **Parameters**

in label Label that identifies the label to seek in f	file
---	------

## Returns

0 if the parameter is not found,  $\tt n$  if the parameter is found, where  $\tt n$  is the parameter index in the parameter list

# void get ( const string & label, Vect< real\_t > & a ) const

Read an array of real values, corresponding to a given label.

in	label	Label that identifies the array (read from input file).
in	а	Vector that contain the array. The vector is properly resized before filling.

## Remarks

If this label is not found an error message is displayed.

## real\_t getArraySize ( const string & label, size\_t j ) const

Return an array entry for a given label.

#### Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the array (read from input file).
in	j	Index of entry in the array (Starting from 1)

#### Remarks

If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops.

## void get (const string & label, int & a) const

Return integer parameter corresponding to a given label.

# Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the integer number (read from input file).
out	а	Returned value. If this label is not found an error message is displayed and
		program stops. Note: This member function can be used instead of getInteger

# void get ( const string & label, real\_t & a ) const

Return real parameter corresponding to a given label.

## Parameters

in	label	Label that identifies the real (real_t) number (read from input file).
out	а	Returned value. If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops. Note: This member function can be used instead of getReal_T

# void get ( const string & label, complex\_t & a ) const

Return complex parameter corresponding to a given label.

in	label	Label that identifies the complex number (read from input file).
out	а	Returned value. If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops.

### void get (const string & label, string & a) const

Return string parameter corresponding to a given label.

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label that identifies the atring (read from input file).
out	а	Returned value. Note: This member function can be used instead of getString If this label is not found an error message is displayed and program stops. Note: This member function can be used instead of getString

## string getProject ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **Project**.

This parameter can be used to read a project's name.

## string getMeshFile ( size\_t i = 1 ) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword mesh\_file.

Here we have at most 10 integer extra parameters that can be used for any purpose. Default value for i is 1

## string getInitFile ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword InitFile.

This parameter can be used to read an initial data file name.

## string getRestartFile ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword RestartFile.

This parameter can be used to read a restart file name.

## string getBCFile ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **BCFile**.

This parameter can be used to read a boundary condition file name.

## string getBFFile ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword BFFile.

This parameter can be used to read a body force file name.

## string getSFFile ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword SFFile.

This parameter can be used to read a source force file name.

## string getSaveFile ( ) const

Return parameter read using keyword SaveFile.

This parameter can be used to read a save file name.

#### string getPlotFile ( int i = 1 ) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword PlotFile.

Here we have at most 10 integer extra parameters that can be used for plot file names. Default value for i is 1

## string getPrescriptionFile ( int i = 1 ) const

Return parameter read using keyword **DataFile**.

This parameter can be used to read a Prescription file.

## string getAuxFile ( size\_t i = 1 ) const

Return i-th parameter read using keyword Auxfile.

Here we have at most 10 integer extra parameters that can be used for any auxiliary file names. Default value for i is 1

# 7.53 Iter< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

Class to drive an iterative process.

# **Public Member Functions**

• Iter ()

Default Constructor.

• Iter (int max\_it, real\_t toler, int verbose=0)

Constructor with iteration parameters.

• ~Iter ()

Destructor.

• void setMaxIter (int max\_it)

Set maximal number of iterations.

void setTolerance (real\_t toler)

Set tolerance value for convergence.

void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool check (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int opt=2)

Check convergence.

• bool check (T\_ &u, const T\_ &v)

Check convergence for a scalar case (one equation)

# 7.53.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::Iter < T_>
```

Class to drive an iterative process.

This template class enables monitoring any iterative process. It simply sets default values for tolerance, maximal number of iterations and enables checking convergence using two successive iterates.

Author

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## 7.53.2 Member Function Documentation

#### void setMaxIter ( int max\_it )

Set maximal number of iterations.

#### **Parameters**

in	max⇔	Maximal number of iterations [Default: 100]	
	_it		

## void setTolerance ( real\_t toler )

Set tolerance value for convergence.

#### **Parameters**

in   toter   Toterance value [Default: 1.e-8	in	toler	toler Tolerance value [Default: 1.e-8
--	----	-------	---------------------------------------

#### void set Verbose ( $\operatorname{int} v$ )

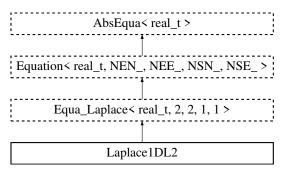
Set verbosity parameter.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Verbosity parameter [Default: 0]
----	---	----------------------------------

# 7.54 Laplace1DL2 Class Reference

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P<sub>1</sub>). Inheritance diagram for Laplace1DL2:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Laplace1DL2 ()

Default constructor.

Laplace1DL2 (Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

- Laplace1DL2 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &u)
- Laplace1DL2 (Mesh &ms)
- ~Laplace1DL2 ()

Destructor.

• void LHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

• void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add Right-Hand Side Contribution.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

void setBoundaryCondition (real\_t f, int lr)

Set Dirichlet boundary data.

void setTraction (real\_t f, int lr)

Set Traction data.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)
 Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.
 void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

The Bellion beautiful (1714)

 $Assemble\ element\ matrix\ into\ global\ one\ for\ the\ Discontinuous\ Galerkin\ approximation.$ 

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< real\_t > \*A, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.54.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for a 1-D elliptic equation using the 2-Node line element (P<sub>1</sub>).

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.54.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace1DL2 ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Constructor using mesh instance and solution vector

#### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in,out	и	Vect instance that contains, after execution of run() the solution

## Laplace1DL2 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using mesh instance

#### Parameters

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

# 7.54.3 Member Function Documentation

void LHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

## **Parameters**

	in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix	
--	----	------	---------------------------------------	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

## void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real t > & f ) [virtual]

Add Right-Hand Side Contribution.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes
----	---	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

## void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t> & f ) [virtual]

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Vector with size the total number of nodes. The first entry stands for the force at the first node (Neumann condition) and the last entry is the force at the last node
		(Neumann condition)

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 2, 2, 1, 1 >.

## void setBoundaryCondition ( real\_t f, int lr )

Set Dirichlet boundary data.

## Parameters

in	f	Value to assign
in	lr	Option to choose location of the value (-1: Left end, 1: Right end)

## void setTraction ( real\_t f, int lr )

Set Traction data.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Value of traction (Neumann boundary condition)	
in	lr	Option to choose location of the traction (-1: Left end, 1: Right end)	

## int run ( ) [inherited]

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

## Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

#### void build ( ) [inherited]

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in el		Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

#### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		<ul> <li>NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides</li> </ul>

#### Parameters

in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

inbGlobal vector to be localized.outbeLocal vector, the length of which is the total number of element eqindofDegree of freedom to transfer to the local vector		Global vector to be localized.
		Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
		Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

### void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ Matrix < real\_t > *A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real_t > \& A)$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance	ı

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t > \&\ A\ )}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf void\ DGE lement Assembly\ (\ TrMatrix{<\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )} & [{\tt inherited}] \end{tabular}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	b Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

#### int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.54.4 Member Data Documentation

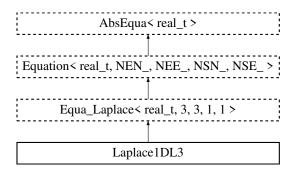
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.55 Laplace1DL3 Class Reference

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line  $(P_2)$ . Inheritance diagram for Laplace1DL3:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Laplace1DL3 (Mesh &ms)
- Laplace1DL3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &u)
- Laplace1DL3 (Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• ~Laplace1DL3 ()

Destructor.

• void Matrix (real\_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add Right-hand side contribution.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &h)

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

• void setTraction (real\_t f, int lr)

Set Traction data.

• virtual void LHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect < real\_t > &x, Vect < real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

- int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< real\_t > \*A, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

  Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.
- int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

Local Vect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

Local Vect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.55.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for the 1-D elliptic equation using the 3-Node line (P<sub>2</sub>).

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# 7.55.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace1DL3 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor using mesh instance

in <i>ms</i> Mesh instar
--------------------------

## Laplace1DL3 ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Constructor using mesh instance and solution vector

#### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in,out	и	Vect instance that contains, after execution of run() the solution	]

# 7.55.3 Member Function Documentation

# void Matrix ( real\_t coef = 1. )

Add finite element matrix to left hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix	
----	------	---------------------------------------	--

# void BodyRHS ( const Vect< real t > & f ) [virtual]

Add Right-hand side contribution.

#### Parameters

i	n.	f	Vector of right-hand side of the Poisson equation at nodes
---	----	---	--

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 3, 3, 1, 1 >.

# ${f void\ Boundary RHS}$ ( ${f const\ Vect}{<\ real\_t} > \&\ h$ ) [virtual]

Add Neumann contribution to Right-Hand Side.

#### Parameters

in	h	Vector with size the total number of nodes. The first entry stands for the force at the
		first node (Neumann condition) and the last entry is the force at the last node
		(Neumann condition)

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 3, 3, 1, 1 >.

void setTraction ( real\_t f, int lr )

Set Traction data.

in	f	Value of traction (Neumann boundary condition)
in	lr	Option to choose location of the traction (-1: Left end, 1: Right end)

# virtual void LHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix
-			r

## int run ( ) [inherited]

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

## void build ( ) [inherited]

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

# void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

## Parameters

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance

#### void updateBC (const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# ${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ ( ${f Vect}{<{f real\_t}}>\&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

# Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

	in	b	Global vector to be localized.
Ī	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_- > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int  $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_t > \& b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

# Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}<_{cont}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \; Element Assembly \; (\; SkMatrix < real\_t > \& A \; ) \; \; [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
------	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

## Parameters

j	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
---	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A	Reference to global matrix

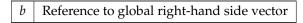
# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**



# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real\_t > *A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A\ )}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ SideAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix < real_t > *A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

# Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

# Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)	

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance	
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)	
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)	

# real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [\texttt{inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

## Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# 7.55.4 Member Data Documentation

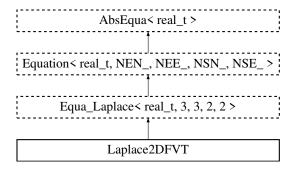
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.56 Laplace2DFVT Class Reference

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method. Inheritance diagram for Laplace2DFVT:



#### **Public Member Functions**

Laplace2DFVT (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &u)
 Standard constructor.

• Laplace2DFVT (Mesh &ms, SpMatrix< real\_t > &A, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Standard constructor.

• ∼Laplace2DFVT ()

Destructor.

• int checkDelaunay (int verb=0)

Check whether triangles are Delaunay ones.

void build (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Build the linear system of equations.

• int run (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Build and solve the linear system of equations.

void LHS (const Element \*e1, const Element \*e2)

Calculate left-hand side.

• void LHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Calculate left-hand side.

void RHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add right-hand side Contribution.

• virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add body source term to right-hand side.

• virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &h)

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)
 Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver< real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.56.1 Detailed Description

To build and solve the Laplace equation using a standard Finite Volume method.

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Rachid Touzani

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## 7.56.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Laplace2DFVT ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Standard constructor.

## Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	b	Vect instance that contains Right-hand side
in	и	Vect instance that contains solution

Laplace2DFVT ( Mesh & ms, SpMatrix< real\_t > & A, Vect< real\_t > & b )

Standard constructor.

in	ms	Mesh instance. The mesh must have been assigned the attribute ELEMENT_DOF to say that unknowns are supported by elements.	
in	Α	Problem matrix to be stored in sparse format (class SpMatrix)	
in	b	Vect instance that contains Right-hand side	

# 7.56.3 Member Function Documentation

## int checkDelaunay ( int verb = 0 )

Check whether triangles are Delaunay ones.

#### Parameters

	in	verb	Output (>0) or not (0) list of failing elements
--	----	------	---

#### Returns

ret Number of Non Delaunay triangles

Add body source term to right-hand side.

### Parameters

in	f	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3.

virtual void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t> & h ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

# Parameters

in	h	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3.

### int run ( ) [inherited]

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

# void build ( ) [inherited]

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

# $void\ build\ (\ EigenProblemSolver\ \&\ e\ )\ \ [inherited]$

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

# void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real.t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

# Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed	
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element	
		was invoked.	

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
ou	; be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equation	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( Vect< real\_t> & v ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix {< \ real\_t > \& \ A \ ) \quad [inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### Parameters

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	------	--	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in a	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
---

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system	
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output	

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.56.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

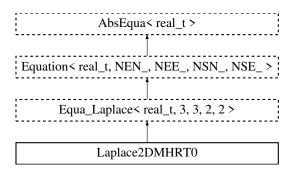
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.57 Laplace2DMHRT0 Class Reference

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas  $RT_0$ ).

Inheritance diagram for Laplace2DMHRT0:



# **Public Member Functions**

• Laplace2DMHRT0 ()

Default Constructor.

Laplace2DMHRT0 (Mesh &ms, SpMatrix < real\_t > &A, Vect < real\_t > &b)

Constructor with problem data.

• ~Laplace2DMHRT0 ()

Destructor.

void setDiffusivity (const LocalMatrix < real\_t, 2, 2 > &K)

Define Diffusivity (or permeability) matrix.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

void Post (const Vect< real\_t > &lambda, const Vect< real\_t > &f, Vect< real\_t > &v, Vect
 Point< real\_t >> &p, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Perform post calculations.

• int solve (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method.

• virtual void LHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

• virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add body source term to right-hand side.

• virtual void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &h)

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• virtual void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build matrices for an eigenvalue problem.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< real\_t > \*A, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

# **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.57.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for the 2-D elliptic equation using the Mixed Hybrid finite element at lowest degree (Raviart-Thomas  $RT_0$ ).

Author

Rachid Touzani

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# 7.57.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Laplace2DMHRT0()

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

# Laplace2DMHRT0 ( Mesh & ms, SpMatrix< real\_t > & A, Vect< real\_t > & b )

Constructor with problem data.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	A	Problem matrix in Sparse format. This matrix must be zeroed before calling the
		constructor
in	b	Problem right-hand side

## 7.57.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setDiffusivity ( const LocalMatrix < real\_t, 2, 2 > & K )

Define Diffusivity (or permeability) matrix.

By default (if this function is not called) the identity matrix (Laplace equation) is used.

#### **Parameters**

in	K	Diffusivity matrix as <b>LocalMatrix</b> instance. Must be symmetric positive definite
----	---	--

## void build ( )

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

void Post ( const Vect< real\_t > & lambda, const Vect< real\_t > & f, Vect< real\_t > & v, Vect< Point< real\_t > > & p, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Perform post calculations.

in	lambda	Solution (Lagrange multiplier) calculated at edges
in	f	Vect instance containing the right-hand side of the Laplace equation
in	υ	Vect instance containing solution at mesh nodes
in	р	Vect instance containing gradient at elements
in	и	Vect instance containing solution at elements

#### int solve ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method. The matrix is preconditioned by an ILU method.

#### **Parameters**

out	и	Vector containing the solution at all sides (Sides where boundary conditions are prescribed are included).
		prescribed are included).

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations in the CG method. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

## virtual void LHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

	in coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix	1
--	---------	---------------------------------------	---

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3, and Laplace2DFVT.

## virtual void BodyRHS (const Vect < real t > & f) [virtual], [inherited]

Add body source term to right-hand side.

# Parameters

in	f	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3.

### virtual void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & h ) [virtual], [inherited]

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

### **Parameters**

in	h	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes
----	---	---

Reimplemented in Laplace2DT3.

#### int run ( ) [inherited]

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof-type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides</li> </ul>

## 7.57. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Parameters

in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## ${f void\ LocalNodeVector}$ ( ${f Vect}{<{\it real\_t}>\&b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out be Local vector, the length of		Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ Matrix < real\_t > *A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)



The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

**Parameters** 

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

**Parameters** 

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

**Parameters** 

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

**Parameters** 

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### 7.57. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix{<}$ real_t > \& A ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real.t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

### 7.57. LAPLACE2DMHRT0 CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t > \&\ A\ )}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

### real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

# void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

### Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

#### int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

### 7.57.4 Member Data Documentation

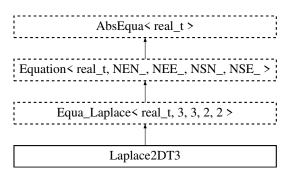
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.58 Laplace2DT3 Class Reference

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element (P<sub>1</sub>). Inheritance diagram for Laplace2DT3:



### **Public Member Functions**

Laplace2DT3 ()

Default constructor.

• Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms)

Constructor with mesh.

Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms, SpMatrix < real\_t > &A, Vect < real\_t > &b)

Constructor with problem data.

• Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Constructor using mesh and solution vector.

• Laplace2DT3 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &Dbc, Vect< real\_t > &Nbc, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Constructor that initializes a standard Poisson equation.

• Laplace2DT3 (Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

Laplace2DT3 (Side \*sd)

Constructor for a side.

• ∼Laplace2DT3 ()

Destructor.

• void LHS (real\_t coef=1.)

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

• void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &f)

Add body source term to right-hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &h)

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

• void buildEigen (int opt=0)

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

void Post (const Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< Point< real\_t >> &p)

Perform post calculations.

• int solve (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method.

• void Axb (const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Compute the product of the stiffness matrix by a given vector.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

• void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver< real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solve LinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.58.1 Detailed Description

To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 2-D triangle element  $(P_1)$ . To build element equation for the Laplace equation using the 3-D tetrahedral element  $(P_1)$ .

Author

Rachid Touzani

Copyright

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## 7.58.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Laplace2DT3 ( Mesh & ms )

Constructor with mesh.

#### **Parameters**

in ms	Mesh instance
-------	---------------

## Laplace2DT3 ( Mesh & ms, SpMatrix< real\_t > & A, Vect< real\_t > & b )

Constructor with problem data.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	Α	Problem matrix in Sparse format. This matrix must be zeroed before calling the	
		constructor	
in	b	Problem right-hand side	

## Laplace2DT3 ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & b )

Constructor using mesh and solution vector.

### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	b	Problem right-hand side

# Laplace2DT3 ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & Dbc, Vect< real\_t > & Nbc, Vect< real\_t > & u)

Constructor that initializes a standard Poisson equation.

This constructor sets data for the Poisson equation with mixed (Dirichlet and Neumann) boundary conditions.

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	b	Vector containing the source term (right-hand side of the equation) at mesh nodes
in	Dbc	Vector containing prescribed values of the solution (Dirichlet boundary condition) at nodes with positive code. Its size is the total number of nodes
in	Nbc	Vector containing prescribed fluxes (Neumann boundary conditions) at sides, its size is the total number of sides
in	и	Vector to contain the finite element solution at nodes once the member function run() is called.

### 7.58.3 Member Function Documentation

void LHS ( real\_t coef = 1. ) [virtual]

Add finite element matrix to left-hand side.

#### Parameters

	in	coef	Value to multiply by the added matrix
--	----	------	---------------------------------------

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

 ${f void\ BodyRHS}$  (  ${f const\ Vect}{<{\it real\_t}} > \& f$  ) [virtual]

Add body source term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes
----	---	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect< real\_t > & h ) [virtual]

Add boundary source term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	h	Vector containing the source given function at mesh nodes
----	---	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

# **void buildEigen ( int** opt = 0 ) [virtual]

Build global stiffness and mass matrices for the eigen system.

in	opt	Flag to choose a lumed mass matrix (0) or consistent (1) [Default: 0]
----	-----	---

Reimplemented from Equa\_Laplace< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

## void Post ( const Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< Point< real\_t > > & p)

Perform post calculations.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Solution at nodes
out	p	Vector containing gradient at elements

#### int solve ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Solve the linear system of equations using the Conjugate Gradient iterative method. The matrix is preconditioned by an ILU method.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vector containing the solution at all sides (Sides where boundary conditions are
		prescribed are included).

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations in the CG method. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

## void Axb ( const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b)

Compute the product of the stiffness matrix by a given vector.

## Parameters

in	x	Vector by which the matrix is multiplied
in	b	Product vector

## int run ( ) [inherited]

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

#### Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

#### void build ( ) [inherited]

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

## void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

### **Parameters**

in	e	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance	
----	---	---	--

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

j	n	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
---	---	----	---

### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

### void LocalNodeVector ( Vect< real $_t> \& b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lementNodeVector} \mbox{ void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > \& b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN_- > \& be, int dof ) \ \mbox{ [inherited]}$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	in b Global vector to be localized.		
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

## Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lem:const} \begin{tabular}{ll} void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN\_ > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& be \end{tabular} \begin$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer  $\_$ theElement

 ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect< real\_t>\&\ b}$  ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, S	kMatrix,
	SpMatrix)	

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

**Parameters** 

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ BMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

Parameters

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

**Parameters** 

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix{<}$ real\_t > \& A ) \quad [\mbox{inherited}] \\$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void} \; {\bf ElementAssembly} \; ( \; {\bf SpMatrix} {<} \; {\bf real\_t} > \& \; A \; ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

### Parameters

|--|

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {\it real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

ir	L	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	---	-------------------------------

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${\bf void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix {<\ real.} t > \&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ v\ )} \quad {f [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## Parameters

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

$\boldsymbol{A}$	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\,real\_t>\&\,A\ )}\quad {\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

# real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

## Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

# Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER	
		<ul> <li>DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]</li> </ul>	
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver	
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver	
		• GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver	
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver	
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:	
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])	
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner	

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

## Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# $int \ solveLinearSystem \ (\ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ b, \ \ Vect < \ real\_t > \& \ x \ ) \quad \texttt{[inherited]}$

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### 7.58.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

# 7.59 LaplaceDG2DP1 Class Reference

To build and solve the linear system for the Poisson problem using the  $\overline{DG}$   $P_1$  2-D triangle element.

Inheritance diagram for LaplaceDG2DP1:



### **Public Member Functions**

LaplaceDG2DP1 (Mesh &ms, Vect< real\_t > &f, Vect< real\_t > &Dbc, Vect< real\_t > &Nbc, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Constructor with mesh and vector data.

• ~LaplaceDG2DP1 ()

Destructor.

• void set (real\_t sigma, real\_t eps)

Set parameters for the DG method.

• void set (const LocalMatrix < real\_t, 2, 2 > &K)

Set diffusivity matrix.

• void build ()

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

• void Smooth (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Perform post calculations.

• int run ()

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

int setGraph ()

Set matrix graph.

# 7.59.1 Detailed Description

To build and solve the linear system for the Poisson problem using the  $\overline{DG}$   $P_1$  2-D triangle element.

This class build the linear system of equations for a standard elliptic equation using the Discontinuous Galerkin  $P_1$  finite element method.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# 7.59.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LaplaceDG2DP1 ( Mesh & ms, Vect< real\_t > & f, Vect< real\_t > & Dbc, Vect< real\_t > & Nbc, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Constructor with mesh and vector data.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance	
in	f	Vector containing the right-hand side of the elliptic equation at triangle vertices	
in	Dbc	Vector containing prescribed values of the solution (Dirichlet boundary condition) at nodes having a positive code	
in	Nbc	Vector containing prescribed values of the flux (Neumann boundary condition) at each side having a positive code	
in	и	Vector where the solution is stored once the linear system is solved	

## 7.59.3 Member Function Documentation

void set ( real\_t sigma, real\_t eps )

Set parameters for the DG method.

in	sigma	Penalty parameters to enforce continuity at nodes (Must be positive) [Default: 100]	
in	eps	Epsilon value of the DG method to choose among the values:	
		• 0 Incomplete Interior Penalty Galerkin method (IIPG)	
		• -1 Symmetric Interior Penalty Galerkin method (SIPG)	
		• 1 Non symmetric interior penalty Galerkin method (NIPG)	
		For a user not familiar with the method, please choose the value of eps=-1 and sigma>100 which leads to a symmetric positive definite matrix [Default: -1]	

#### void set ( const LocalMatrix < real\_t, 2, 2 > & K )

Set diffusivity matrix.

This function provides the diffusivity matrix as instance of class LocalMatrix. The default diffusivity matrix is the identity matrix

#### **Parameters**

in	K	Diffusivity matrix
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

### void build ( )

Build global matrix and right-hand side.

The problem matrix and right-hand side are the ones used in the constructor. They are updated in this member function.

#### void Smooth ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Perform post calculations.

This function gives an averaged solution given at mesh nodes (triangle vertices) by a standard  $L_2$ -projection method.

#### **Parameters**

	in	и	Solution at nodes
--	----	---	-------------------

#### int run ( )

Build and solve the linear system of equations using an iterative method.

The matrix is preconditioned by the diagonal ILU method. The linear system is solved either by the Conjugate Gradient method if the matrix is symmetric positive definite (eps=-1) or the GMRES method if not. The solution is stored in the vector u given in the constructor.

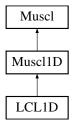
### Returns

Number of performed iterations. Note that the maximal number is 1000 and the tolerance is 1.e-8

# 7.60 LCL1D Class Reference

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

Inheritance diagram for LCL1D:



# **Public Types**

#### **Public Member Functions**

• LCL1D (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• LCL1D (Mesh &m, Vect< real\_t > &U)

Constructor.

• ~LCL1D ()

Destructor.

• Vect< real\_t > & getFlux ()

Return sidewise fluxes.

• void setInitialCondition (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Assign initial condition by a vector.

• void setInitialCondition (real\_t u)

Assign a constant initial condition.

• void setReconstruction ()

Run MUSCL reconstruction.

• real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

• void setBC (real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (int code, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

void setVelocity (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Set convection velocity.

void setVelocity (real\_t v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > &Flux, Vect< real\_t > &Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

• real\_t getMeanLength () const

Return mean length.

• real\_t getMaximumLength () const

Return maximal length.

• real\_t getMinimumLength () const

Return mimal length.

• real\_t getTauLim () const

Return mean length.

• void print\_mesh\_stat ()

Output mesh information.

• void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## 7.60.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the linear conservation law (Hyperbolic equation) in 1-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme.

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.60.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

#### enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

### Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

#### Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF\_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

## 7.60.3 Member Function Documentation

### void setInitialCondition ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Assign initial condition by a vector.

## Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial condition

### void setInitialCondition ( real\_t u )

Assign a constant initial condition.

#### **Parameters**

in u	Constant value for the initial condition
------	--

## real\_t runOneTimeStep ( )

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

#### Returns

Value of the time step

#### void setBC ( real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value u to all boundary sides

#### void setBC ( const Side & sd, real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value to a side

#### Parameters

in	sd	Side to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

## void setBC ( int code, real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value sides with a given code

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code of sides to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

## void setVelocity ( Vect< real\_t > & v )

Set convection velocity.

## Parameters

in	v	Vect instance containing velocity

## void Forward ( const Vect< real\_t > & Flux, Vect< real\_t > & Field )

Computation of the primal variable n-n+1.

Vector **Flux** contains elementwise fluxes issued from the Riemann problem, calculated with, as left element, **getNeighborElement(1)** and right element **getNeighborElement(2)** if **getNeighbor**← **Element(2)** doesn't exist, we are on a boundary and we prescribe a symmetry condition

## void setTimeStep ( real\_t dt ) [inherited]

Assign time step value.

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

## void setCFL ( real t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

#### Parameters

in   <i>CFL</i>   Value of CFL
--------------------------------

## void setVerbose ( int v ) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

#### Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	
--	----	---	------------------------------	--

# bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof ) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

## Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

## ${f void\ setMethod\ (\ const\ Method\ \&\ s\ )}$ [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

## Parameters

in s Solver to choose	e
-----------------------	---

## ${f void\ setLimiter\ (\ Limiter\ l\ )}$ [inherited]

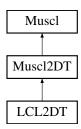
Choose a flux limiter.

in	1	Limiter to choose

## 7.61 LCL2DT Class Reference

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

Inheritance diagram for LCL2DT:



## **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• LCL2DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using Mesh instance.

• LCL2DT (Mesh &m, Vect< real\_t > &U)

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

• ~LCL2DT ()

Destructor.

• Vect< real\_t > & getFlux ()

Return sidewise flux vector.

• void setInitialCondition (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set elementwise initial condition.

• void setInitialCondition (real\_t u)

Set a constant initial condition.

void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct flux using Muscl scheme.

• real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

• void setBC (real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (int code, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

void setVelocity (const Vect< real\_t > &v)

Set convection velocity.

• void setVelocity (const LocalVect< real\_t, 2 > &v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > &Flux, Vect< real\_t > &Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Initialize ()

Construction of normals to sides.

## 7.61.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the linear hyperbolic equation in 2-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on triangles.

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.61.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

#### Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

## Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF\_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

#### 7.61.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LCL2DT ( Mesh & m, Vect< real\_t > & U )

Constructor using mesh and initial data.

in	m	Reference to Mesh instance
in	U	Vector containing initial (elementwise) solution

## 7.61.4 Member Function Documentation

## void setInitialCondition ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set elementwise initial condition.

#### **Parameters**

in u	Vect instance containing initial condition values
------	---

## void setInitialCondition ( real\_t u )

Set a constant initial condition.

## Parameters

in	и	Value of initial condition to assign to all elements
----	---	--

## real\_t runOneTimeStep ( )

Run one time step of the linear conservation law.

#### Returns

Value of the time step

## void setBC ( real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value u to all boundary sides

## void setBC ( const Side & sd, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value to a side

#### Parameters

in	sd	Side to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

## void setBC ( int code, real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

Assign a constant value sides with a given code

in	code	Code of sides to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

## void setVelocity ( const Vect< real\_t > & v )

Set convection velocity.

#### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance containing velocity
----	---	-----------------------------------

## void setVelocity ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 2 > & v )

Set (constant) convection velocity.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vector containing constant velocity to prescribe
----	---	--

## void Forward ( const Vect< real\_t > & Flux, Vect< real\_t > & Field )

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

Vector *Flux* contains elementwise fluxes issued from the Riemann problem, calculated with, as left element, **getNeighborElement(1)** and right element **getNeighborElement(2)** if **getNeighbor**← **Element(2)** doesn't exist, we are on a boundary and we prescribe a symmetry condition

## bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

#### Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

## void Initialize( ) [protected], [inherited]

Construction of normals to sides.

Convention: for a given side, getPtrElement(1) is the left element and getPtrElement(2) is the right element. The normal goes from left to right. For boundary sides, the normal points outward.

## $void setTimeStep ( real_t dt ) [inherited]$

Assign time step value.

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

## void setCFL ( real\_t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

## $void setReferenceLength ( real_t dx ) [inherited]$

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

in $dx$ Value of refe	erence length
-----------------------	---------------

## void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

	in	v	Value of verbosity parameter	
--	----	---	------------------------------	--

## void setMethod ( const Method & s ) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

## void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

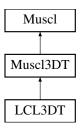
Parameters

in $l$	Limiter to choose
--------	-------------------

## 7.62 LCL3DT Class Reference

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

Inheritance diagram for LCL3DT:



## **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• LCL3DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh.

• LCL3DT (Mesh &m, Vect < real\_t > &U)

Constructor using mesh and initial field.

• ~LCL3DT ()

Destructor.

• void setInitialCondition (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set elementwise initial condition.

• void setInitialCondition (real\_t u)

Set a constant initial condition.

void setReconstruction ()

Reconstruct flux using Muscl scheme.

• real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• void setBC (real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition. Assign a constant value u to all boundary sides.

• void setBC (const Side &sd, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

• void setBC (int code, real\_t u)

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.

void setVelocity (const Vect< real\_t > &v)

Set convection velocity.

• void setVelocity (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &v)

Set (constant) convection velocity.

void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > &Flux, Vect< real\_t > &Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

real\_t getMinimumFaceArea () const

Return minimum area of faces in the mesh.

• real\_t getMinimumElementVolume () const

Return minimum volume of elements in the mesh.

• real\_t getMaximumFaceArea () const

Return maximum area of faces in the mesh.

• real\_t getMaximumElementVolume () const

Return maximum volume of elements in the mesh.

real\_t getMeanFaceArea () const

Return mean area of faces in the mesh.

real\_t getMeanElementVolume () const

Return mean volume of elements in the mesh.

• real\_t getMinimumEdgeLength () const

Return minimum length of edges in the mesh.

real\_t getMinimumVolumebyArea () const

Return minimum volume by area in the mesh.

• real\_t getMaximumEdgeLength () const

Return maximum length of edges in the mesh.

• real\_t getTauLim () const

Return value of tau lim.

• real\_t getComega () const

Return value of Comega.

void setbetalim (real\_t bl)

Assign value of beta lim.

• void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## 7.62.1 Detailed Description

Class to solve the linear conservation law equation in 3-D by a MUSCL Finite Volume scheme on tetrahedra.

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.62.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

## enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF\_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

## 7.62.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LCL3DT ( Mesh & m, Vect< real\_t > & U )

Constructor using mesh and initial field.

in	m	Reference to Mesh instance
in	U	Vector containing initial (elementwise) solution

## 7.62.4 Member Function Documentation

## void setInitialCondition ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set elementwise initial condition.

#### Parameters

in	и	Vect instance containing initial condition values
----	---	---

## void setInitialCondition ( real\_t u )

Set a constant initial condition.

#### **Parameters**

in $u$ Value of initial condition to assign to all	elements
--	----------

## void setBC ( const Side & sd, real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value to a side

#### Parameters

in	sd	Side to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

## void setBC ( int code, real\_t u )

Set Dirichlet boundary condition.
Assign a constant value sides with a given code

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code of sides to which value is prescibed
in	и	Value to prescribe

## void setVelocity ( const Vect< real\_t > & v )

Set convection velocity.

	in	v	Vect instance containing velocity	
--	----	---	-----------------------------------	--

## void setVelocity ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & v )

Set (constant) convection velocity.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vector containing constant velocity to prescribe
----	---	--

#### void Forward (const Vect< real\_t > & Flux, Vect< real\_t > & Field)

Computation of the primal variable n->n+1.

Vector Flux contains elementwise fluxes issued from the Riemann problem, calculated with, as left element, **getNeighborElement(1)** and right element **getNeighborElement(2)** if **getNeighbor**← **Element(2)** doesn't exist, we are on a boundary and we prescribe a symmetry condition

## bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

#### Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

## ${f void\ setTimeStep\ (\ real\_t\ dt\ )}$ [inherited]

Assign time step value.

#### **Parameters**

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

## void setCFL ( real\_t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

in   CFL   Value of CFL	in	CFL	Value of CFL
-------------------------	----	-----	--------------

## void setVerbose ( int v ) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

## Parameters

	in v	Value of verbosity parameter	Ì
--	------	------------------------------	---

## void setMethod ( const Method & s ) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

#### void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

Parameters

in	1	Limiter to choose
----	---	-------------------

## 7.63 Line2 Class Reference

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element. Inheritance diagram for Line2:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Line2 ()

Default Constructor.

• Line2 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• Line2 (const Side \*side)

Constructor for a side.

• Line2 (const Edge \*edge)

Constructor for an edge.

• ~Line2 ()

Destructor.

• real\_t getLength () const

Return element length.

• Point< real\_t > getNormal () const

Return unit normal vector to line.

Point< real\_t > getTangent () const

Return unit tangent vector to line.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, real\_t s) const

Calculate shape function of a given node at a given point.

• real\_t DSh (size\_t i) const

Calculate partial derivative of shape function of a node.

• Point< real\_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real\_t > &x)

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

bool isIn (const Point < real\_t > &x)

Check whether point x is in current line element or not.

real\_t getInterpolate (const Point< real\_t > &x, const LocalVect< real\_t, 2 > &v)

Return interpolated value at a given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.63.1 Detailed Description

To describe a 2-Node planar line finite element.

Defines geometric quantities associated to 2-node linear segment element  $P_1$  in the space. The reference element is the segment [-1,1]. Note that the line length is not checked unless the function check is called.

Author

Rachid Touzani

Copyright

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#### 7.63.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Line2 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

in	el	Pointer to element
----	----	--------------------

## Line2 ( const Side \* side )

Constructor for a side.

#### Parameters

in   <i>side</i>   Pointer to side
------------------------------------

## Line2 (const Edge \* edge )

Constructor for an edge.

#### **Parameters**

in edge
---------

## 7.63.3 Member Function Documentation

## real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, real\_t s ) const

Calculate shape function of a given node at a given point.

## Parameters

in	i	Node number (1 or 2).
in	S	Localization of point in natural coordinates (must be between -1 and 1).

## real\_t DSh ( size\_t i ) const

Calculate partial derivative of shape function of a node.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Node number (1 or 2).
----	---	-----------------------

## Point<real\_t> getRefCoord ( const Point< real\_t> & x )

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

Only the x-coordinate of the returned value has a meaning

## real\_t getInterpolate ( const Point< real\_t > & x, const LocalVect< real\_t, 2 > & v)

Return interpolated value at a given point.

in	х	Point where interpolation is evaluated (in the reference element).
out	v	Computed value.

## real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s ) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

## real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( const Point< real\_t> & s ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.64 Line2H Class Reference

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element. Inheritance diagram for Line2H:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Line2H ()

Default Constructor.

• Line2H (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

Line2H (const Side \*side)

Constructor for a side.

• ~Line2H ()

Destructor.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (real\_t s) const

Localize a point in the element.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, real\_t s) const

Return shape function value of node i at given point s

real\_t DSh (size\_t i, real\_t s) const

Return first derivative (along the abscissa) of shape function of node i at a given point.

• real\_t D2Sh (size\_t i, real\_t s) const

Return second derivatives (along the abscissa) of shape function of node i

real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• real\_t getLength ()

Return element length.

• real\_t check () const

Check line length and number of line nodes.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.64.1 Detailed Description

To describe a 2-Node Hermite planar line finite element.

Defines geometric quantities associated to 2-node segment element in the space using Hermite  $(C^1)$  interpolation. The interpolation functions are polynomials of degree 3. The reference element is the segment [-1,1]. The unknowns are supported by extremities of the interval: each extremity supports two unknowns, the function and its line derivative.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.64.2 Member Function Documentation

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint ( real\_t s ) const

Localize a point in the element.

For a point s in the reference element, return coordinates in the real element.

#### real\_t check ( ) const

Check line length and number of line nodes.

#### Returns

- > 0: m is the length
- = 0: zero length (=> Error)

#### real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s ) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local node label
in	s	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

## Point<real\_t> DSh ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### **Parameters**

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## $Point < real_t > getLocalPoint(const Point < real_t > & s) const [inherited]$

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.65 Line3 Class Reference

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element. Inheritance diagram for Line3:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Line3()

Default Constructor.

• Line3 (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• Line3 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor for a side.

• ~Line3 ()

Destructor.

• void setLocal (real\_t s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• real\_t DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Return actual coordinates of localized point.

real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.65.1 Detailed Description

To describe a 3-Node quadratic planar line finite element.

Defines geometric quantities associated to 3-node quadratic element  $P_2$  in the space. The reference element is the segment [-1,1]. The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **setLocal()** must be invoked.

Element nodes are ordered as the following: the left one, the central one and the right one.

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#### 7.65.2 Member Function Documentation

## $real_t Sh ( size_t i, Point < real_t > s ) const [inherited]$

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

## real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( const Point< real\_t> & s) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.66 LinearSolver< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

## **Public Member Functions**

- LinearSolver ()
  - Default Constructor.
- LinearSolver (int max\_it, real\_t tolerance, int verbose)
  - Constructor with iteration parameters.
- LinearSolver (SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A, const Vect < T<sub>-</sub> > &b, Vect < T<sub>-</sub> > &x)
  - Constructor using matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.
- LinearSolver (SkMatrix <  $T_- > &A$ , const Vect <  $T_- > &b$ , Vect <  $T_- > &x)$ 
  - Constructor using skyline-stored matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.
- LinearSolver (TrMatrix  $< T_- > &A$ , const Vect  $< T_- > &b$ , Vect  $< T_- > &x$ )
  - Constructor using a tridiagonal matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.
- LinearSolver (BMatrix< T $_->$  &A, const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)
  - Constructor using a banded matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.
- LinearSolver (DMatrix <  $T_- > &A$ , const Vect<  $T_- > &b$ , Vect<  $T_- > &x)$ 
  - Constructor using a dense matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.
- LinearSolver (DSMatrix < T\_ > &A, const Vect < T\_ > &b, Vect < T\_ > &x)
  - Constructor using a dense symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.
- LinearSolver (SkSMatrix < T\_ > &A, const Vect < T\_ > &b, Vect < T\_ > &x)
  - $Constructor\ using\ skyline\text{-}stored\ symmetric\ matrix,\ right\text{-}hand\ side\ and\ solution\ vector.}$
- LinearSolver (SkMatrix< T $_->$  &A, Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)
  - Constructor using matrix, right-hand side.
- virtual ~LinearSolver ()

Destructor.

• void setVerbose (int verb)

Set message level.

void setMaxIter (int m)

Set Maximum number of iterations.

• void setTolerance (real\_t tol)

Set tolerance value.

void setSolution (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x)

Set solution vector.

• void setRHS (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Set right-hand side vector.

void setMatrix (OFELI::Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > \*A)

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to Matrix.

void setMatrix (SpMatrix < T<sub>−</sub> > &A)

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to matrix.

• void setMatrix (SkMatrix < T\_ > &A)

Set matrix in the case of a skyline matrix.

• void set (SpMatrix  $< T_- > &A$ , const Vect  $< T_- > &b$ , Vect  $< T_- > &x$ )

Set matrix, right-hand side and initial guess.

• void setSolver (Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG\_PREC)

Set solver and preconditioner.

• Iteration getSolver () const

Return solver code.

int solve (SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A, const Vect < T<sub>-</sub> > &b, Vect < T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG\_PREC)

Solve equations using system data, prescribed solver and preconditioner.

• int solve (Iteration s, Preconditioner p=DIAG\_PREC)

Solve equations using prescribed solver and preconditioner.

• int solve ()

Solve equations all arguments must have been given by other member functions.

• void setFact ()

Factorize matrix.

• void setNoFact ()

Do not factorize matrix.

## 7.66.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::LinearSolver < T_>
```

Class to solve systems of linear equations by iterative methods.

#### 7.66.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### LinearSolver ( )

Default Constructor.

Initializes default parameters and pointers to 0.

## 7.66. LINEARSOLVER $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE RIGHTALENIE T. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

LinearSolver ( int max\_it, real\_t tolerance, int verbose )

Constructor with iteration parameters.

in	max_it	Maximal number of iterations	
in	tolerance	Tolerance for convergence (measured in relative weighted 2-Norm) in input, effective discrepancy in output.	
in	verbose	Information output parameter	
		• 0: No output	
		1: Output iteration information,	
		2 and greater: Output iteration information and solution at each iteration.	

## Author

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## LinearSolver (SpMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Reference to instance of class SpMatrix
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output

## LinearSolver (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ , const Vect $< T_- > & b$ , Vect $< T_- > & x$ )

Constructor using skyline-stored matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

#### Parameters

in	A	SkMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

## LinearSolver ( TrMatrix< T $_->$ & $A_r$ const Vect< T $_->$ & $b_r$ Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using a tridiagonal matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

in	A	TrMatrix instance that contains matrix

in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output

## LinearSolver ( BMatrix $< T_- > & A$ , const Vect $< T_- > & b$ , Vect $< T_- > & x$ )

Constructor using a banded matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	BMatrix instance that contains matrix
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output

## LinearSolver ( DMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using a dense matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	DMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

## LinearSolver ( DSMatrix $< T_- > & A$ , const Vect $< T_- > & b$ , Vect $< T_- > & x$ )

Constructor using a dense symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

#### Parameters

in	A	DSMatrix instance that contains matrix	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side	
in,out	x	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output	

## LinearSolver (SkSMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Constructor using skyline-stored symmetric matrix, right-hand side and solution vector.

in	A	SkMatrix instance that contains matrix
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains initial guess on input and solution on output

## LinearSolver (SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ , Vect $< T_- > & b$ , Vect $< T_- > & x$ )

Constructor using matrix, right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	SkMatrix instance that contains matrix
in	b	Vect instance that contains the right-hand side
in,out	х	Vect instance that contains the initial guess on input and solution on output

## 7.66.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setVerbose ( int verb )

Set message level. Default value is 0

#### void setMaxIter ( int m )

Set Maximum number of iterations. Default value is 1000

## void setMatrix ( OFELI::Matrix $< T_- > *A$ )

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to Matrix.

## Parameters

in	Α	Pointer to abstract Matrix class

## void setMatrix ( SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Set matrix in the case of a pointer to matrix.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to abstract Matrix class
----	---	----------------------------------

## void setMatrix ( SkMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Set matrix in the case of a skyline matrix.

#### Parameters

in	A	Matrix as instance of class SkMatrix
----	---	--------------------------------------

## void set ( SpMatrix< T $_->$ & A, const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Set matrix, right-hand side and initial guess.

in	A	Reference to matrix as a SpMatrix instance
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess on input and solution on output

## void setSolver ( Iteration s, Preconditioner $p = DIAG_PREC$ )

Set solver and preconditioner.

#### Parameters

in	S	Solver identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER
in	p	Preconditioner identification parameter. By default, the diagonal preconditioner is used. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner: IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, SSOR_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: ILU_PREC]

## Note

The argument p has no effect if the solver is DIRECT\_SOLVER

## int solve ( SpMatrix< $T_-$ > & A, const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x, Iteration s, Preconditioner p = DIAG\_PREC )

Solve equations using system data, prescribed solver and preconditioner.

## Parameters

in	A	Reference to matrix as a SpMatrix instance
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess on input and solution on output
in	S	Solver identification parameter To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration:  DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: CGS_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner:  IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, SSOR_PREC, ILU_PREC, DILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

## Remarks

The argument p has no effect if the solver is DIRECT\_SOLVER

## Warning

If the library eigen is used, only the preconditioners IDENT\_PREC, DIAG\_PREC and ILU\_PREC are available.

#### int solve ( Iteration s, Preconditioner $p = DIAG_PREC$ )

Solve equations using prescribed solver and preconditioner.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Solver identification parameter To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: CGS_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner:  IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, SSOR_PREC, DILU_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

#### Note

The argument p has no effect if the solver is DIRECT\_SOLVER

#### int solve ( )

Solve equations all arguments must have been given by other member functions.

Solver and preconditioner parameters must have been set by function setSolver. Otherwise, default values are set.

## 7.67 LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> Class Template Reference

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

## **Public Member Functions**

• LocalMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• LocalMatrix (const LocalMatrix < T\_, NR\_, NC\_ > &m)

Copy constructor.

• LocalMatrix (Element \*el, const SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SpMatrix.

• LocalMatrix (Element \*el, const SkMatrix < T<sub>−</sub> > &a)

 $Constructor\ of\ a\ local\ matrix\ associated\ to\ element\ from\ a\ SkMatrix.$ 

• LocalMatrix (Element \*el, const SkSMatrix < T\_ > &a)

Constructor of a local matrix associated to element from a SkSMatrix.

• ∼LocalMatrix ()

Destructor.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version)

T<sub>-</sub> operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version)

• void Localize (Element \*el, const SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

*Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SpMatrix.* 

• void Localize (Element \*el, const SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkMatrix.

```
• void Localize (Element *el, const SkSMatrix< T_> &a)
      Initialize matrix as element matrix from global SkSMatrix.

    LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > & operator = (const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &m)

• LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator= (const T_ &x)
      Operator =

    LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > & operator+= (const LocalMatrix < T., NR., NC. > &m)

      Operator +=
• LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > & operator = (const LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &m)
      Operator -=
• LocalVect< T_, NR_ > operator* (LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x)
      Operator *

    LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub> > & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

      Operator +=
• LocalMatrix< T_-, NR_-, NC_- > & operator= (const T_- &x)
      Operator -=
• LocalMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>, NR<sub>-</sub>, NC<sub>-</sub>> & operator*= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)
• LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_> & operator/= (const T_ &x)
      Operator /=
• void MultAdd (const LocalVect< T_, NC_> &x, LocalVect< T_, NR_> &y)
      Multiply matrix by vector and add result to vector.

    void MultAddScal (const T_ &a, const LocalVect < T_, NC_ > &x, LocalVect < T_, NR_ > &y)

      Multiply matrix by scaled vector and add result to vector.
• void Mult (const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x, LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &y)
      Multiply matrix by vector.
• void Symmetrize ()
      Symmetrize matrix.
• int Factor ()
      Factorize matrix.
• int Solve (LocalVect< T_, NR_> &b)
      Forward and backsubstitute to solve a linear system.
• int FactorAndSolve (LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &b)
      Factorize matrix and solve linear system.
• void Invert (LocalMatrix < T_, NR_, NC_ > &A)
      Calculate inverse of matrix.

    T_getInnerProduct (const LocalVect< T_, NC_ > &x, const LocalVect< T_, NR_ > &y)

      Calculate inner product witrh respect to matrix.
• T<sub>-</sub> * get ()
      Return pointer to matrix as a C-array.
```

## 7.67.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_, size_t NR_, size_t NC_> class OFELI::LocalMatrix< T_, NR_, NC_>
```

Handles small size matrices like element matrices, with a priori known size.

The template class LocalMatrix treats small size matrices. Typically, this class is recommended to store element and side arrays.

Internally, no dynamic storage is used.

## **Template Parameters**

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_	
$N \leftarrow$	number of rows of matrix
R⊷	
_	
N↔	number of columns of matrix
C←	
_	

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## 7.67.2 Member Function Documentation

## T\_& operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j )

Operator () (Non constant version)
Returns entry at row i and column j.

## $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Operator () (Constant version)
Returns entry at row i and column j.

## 7.68 LocalVect< T $_{-}$ , $N_{-}$ > Class Template Reference

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

## **Public Member Functions**

• LocalVect ()

Default constructor.

• LocalVect (const T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Constructor using a C-array.

• LocalVect (const Element \*el)

Constructor using Element pointer.

LocalVect (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using Side pointer.

• LocalVect (const LocalVect< T\_, N\_ > &v)

Copy constructor.

• LocalVect (const Element \*el, const Vect< T\_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

• LocalVect (const Element &el, const Vect< T\_> &v, int opt=0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

```
• LocalVect (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &v, int opt=0)
      Constructor of a side vector from a global Vect instance.
• ∼LocalVect ()
      Destructor.
• void getLocal (const Element &el, const Vect< T_> &v, int type)
      Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.
• void Localize (const Element *el, const Vect< T_> &v, size_t k=0)
      Localize an element vector from a global Vect instance.
• void Localize (const Side *sd, const Vect< T_> &v, size_t k=0)
      Localize a side vector from a global Vect instance.
• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t i)
      Operator [] (Non constant version).
• T_operator[] (size_t i) const
      Operator [] (Constant version).
• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size_t i)
      Operator () (Non constant version).
• T_ operator() (size_t i) const
      Operator () (Constant version).
Element * El ()
      Return pointer to Element if vector was constructed using an element and NULL otherwise.
• Side * Sd ()
      Return pointer to Side if vector was constructed using a side and NULL otherwise.
• LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
      Operator =
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > & operator = (const T_- & x)
      Operator =
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator += (const LocalVect<math>< T_-, N_- > \&v)
      Operator +=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_-> & operator+= (const T<math>_- &a)
      Operator +=
• LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const LocalVect< T<sub>-</sub>, N<sub>-</sub> > &v)
      Operator -=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator = (const T_- \& a)
      Operator -=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator*= (const T_- \& a)
      Operator *=
• LocalVect< T_-, N_- > \& operator/= (const T_- \& a)
      Operator /=
• T_* get ()
      Return pointer to vector as a C-Array.
• T_ operator, (const LocalVect< T_, N_ > &v) const
      Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.
```

## 7.68.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_-, size_t N_- > class OFELI::LocalVect < T_-, N_- >
```

Handles small size vectors like element vectors.

The template class LocalVect treats small size vectors. Typically, this class is recommended to store element and side arrays. Operators =, [] and () are overloaded so that one can write for instance:

```
LocalVect<double,10> u, v;
v = -1.0;
u = v;
u(3) = -2.0;
```

to set vector  $\mathbf{v}$  entries to -1, copy vector  $\mathbf{v}$  into vector  $\mathbf{u}$  and assign third entry of  $\mathbf{v}$  to -2. Notice that entries of  $\mathbf{v}$  are here  $\mathbf{v}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}(2)$ , ...,  $\mathbf{v}(10)$ , *i.e.* vector entries start at index 1. Internally, no dynamic storage is used.

## **Template Parameters**

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	
N⊷	Vector size
_←	

## Author

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## 7.68.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

LocalVect (const Element & el, const Vect  $< T_- > & v$ , int opt = 0)

Constructor of an element vector from a global Vect instance.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

in	el	Reference to Element instance to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize
in	opt	Option for DOF treatment
		• = 0, Normal case [Default]
		<ul> <li>Any other value: only one DOF is handled (Local vector has as dimension number of degrees of freedom)</li> </ul>

## 7.68.3 Member Function Documentation

```
T_& operator[]( size_t i )
Operator [] (Non constant version).
    v[i] starts at v[0] to v[size()-1]

T_ operator[]( size_t i ) const
Operator [] (Constant version).
    v[i] starts at v[0] to v[size()-1]

T_& operator()( size_t i )
Operator () (Non constant version).
    v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size()). v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]
```

**Material Class Reference** 

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

#### **Public Member Functions**

 $T_{-}$  operator() ( size\_t i ) const Operator () (Constant version).

• Material ()

7.69

Default consructor.

• Material (const Material &m)

Copy constructor.

• ∼Material ()

Destructor.

• int set (int m, const string &name)

Associate to material code number n the material named name

v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size()) v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

• string getName (int m) const

Return material name for material with code m

• int getCode (size\_t i) const

Return material code for i-th material.

• size\_t getNbMat () const

Return Number of read materials.

void setCode (int m)

Associate code m to current material.

- int check (int c)
- real\_t Density ()

Return constant density.

real\_t Density (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return density at point x and time t

real\_t SpecificHeat ()

Return constant specific heat.

real\_t SpecificHeat (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return specific heat at point x and time t

• real\_t ThermalConductivity ()

Return constant thermal conductivity.

real\_t ThermalConductivity (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return thermal conductivity at point x and time t

real\_t MeltingTemperature ()

Return constant melting temperature.

real\_t MeltingTemperature (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return melting temperature at point x and time t

real\_t EvaporationTemperature ()

Return constant evaporation temperature.

real\_t EvaporationTemperature (const Point < real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return evaporation temperature at point x and time t

real\_t ThermalExpansion ()

Return constant thermal expansion coefficient.

real\_t ThermalExpansion (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return thermal expansion coefficient at point x and time t

real\_t LatentHeatForMelting ()

Return constant latent heat for melting.

real\_t LatentHeatForMelting (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return latent heat for melting at point x and time t

• real\_t LatentHeatForEvaporation ()

Return constant latent heat for evaporation.

real\_t LatentHeatForEvaporation (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return latent heat for evaporation at point x and time t

• real\_t DielectricConstant ()

Return constant dielectric constant.

• real\_t DielectricConstant (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return dielectric constant at point x and time t

real\_t ElectricConductivity ()

Return constant electric conductivity.

real\_t ElectricConductivity (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return electric conductivity at point x and time t

real\_t ElectricResistivity ()

Return constant electric resistivity.

• real\_t ElectricResistivity (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return electric resistivity at point x and time t

real\_t MagneticPermeability ()

Return constant magnetic permeability.

• real\_t MagneticPermeability (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return magnetic permeability at point x and time t

• real\_t Viscosity ()

Return constant viscosity.

• real\_t Viscosity (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return viscosity at point x and time t

• real\_t YoungModulus ()

Return constant Young modulus.

• real\_t YoungModulus (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return Young modulus at point x and time t

• real\_t PoissonRatio ()

Return constant Poisson ratio.

• real\_t PoissonRatio (const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return Poisson ratio at point x and time t

• real\_t Property (int i)

Return constant i-th property.

real\_t Property (int i, const Point< real\_t > &x, real\_t t)

Return i-th property at point x and time t

• Material & operator= (const Material &m)

Operator = .

## 7.69.1 Detailed Description

To treat material data. This class enables reading material data in material data files. It also returns these informations by means of its members.

## 7.69.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Material ( )

Default consructor.

It initializes the class and searches for the path where are material data files.

## 7.69.3 Member Function Documentation

```
int set ( int m, const string & name )
```

Associate to material code number n the material named name

Returns

Number of materials

## string getName (int m) const

Return material name for material with code m

If such a material is not found, return a blank string.

#### int check ( int c )

Check if material code c is present.

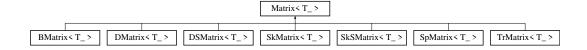
Returns

0 if succeeded, 1 if not.

## 7.70 Matrix $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

Inheritance diagram for Matrix< T $_->$ :



## **Public Member Functions**

• Matrix ()

Default constructor.

• Matrix (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

• virtual ~Matrix ()

Destructor.

virtual void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• T\_getDiag (size\_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void MultAdd (const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &y) const =0

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y

virtual void MultAdd (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const =0

Multiply matrix by vector  $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$  and add to  $\mathbf{y}$ 

• virtual void Mult (const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &y) const =0

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y

• virtual void TMult (const Vect< T\_> &v, Vect< T\_> &w) const =0

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y

• virtual void Axpy  $(T_a, const Matrix < T_x > *x)=0$ 

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• virtual void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

void Assembly (const Element &el, T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect<  $T_->$  &b, const Vect<  $T_->$  &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous* (=0) *essential boundary condition.* 

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)=0

Add val to entry (i, j).

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• virtual int solve (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)=0

Solve the linear system.

• virtual int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)=0

Solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

*Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).* 

• virtual void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)=0

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• virtual T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i, size<sub>-</sub>t j)=0

Operator () (Non constant version).

• virtual T<sub>-</sub> operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const =0

Operator () (Non constant version).

• T\_operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

T\_ operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator= (Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator =.

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator -=.

Matrix & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator = .

• Matrix & operator\*= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator \*=.

Matrix & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

*Operator* +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T\_ &x)

Operator -=.

• virtual T<sub>-</sub> get (size\_t i, size\_t j) const =0

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.

## 7.70.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_{-}> class OFELI::Matrix < T_{-}>
```

Virtual class to handle matrices for all storage formats.

This class enables storing and manipulating dense matrices. The template parameter is the type of matrix entries. Any matrix entry can be accessed by the () operator: For instance, if A is an instance of this class, A(i,j) stands for the entry at the i-th row and j-th column, i and j starting from 1. Entries of A can be assigned a value by the same operator.

Template Parameters

```
<T← Data type (real_t, float, complex<real_t>, ...)
```

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Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.70.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Matrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-size matrix.

### 7.70.3 Member Function Documentation

### virtual void reset( ) [virtual]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

### Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented in DMatrix $< T_- >$ .

#### $T_{-}$ getDiag ( size\_t k ) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix. First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

### virtual void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > *x$ ) [pure virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	in x Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current insta		

Implemented in SpMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DSMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkSMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DMatrix<  $T_-$  >, Sk $\leftrightarrow$  Matrix<  $T_-$  >, TrMatrix<  $T_-$  >, and BMatrix<  $T_-$  >.

### void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh )

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

#### void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_-*a$ )

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

### void Assembly (const Element & $el_r$ const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ )

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ )

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ )

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

## void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect $< T_- > \& b$ , const Vect $< T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , int flag = 0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

### void PrescribeSide ( )

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

## virtual int solve ( Vect< $T_-> \& b$ ) [pure virtual]

Solve the linear system.

If the inherited class is SpMatrix, the function uses an iterative method once this one has been chosen. Otherwise, the method solves the linear system by factorization.

Implemented in SkSMatrix< T $_-$ >, SkMatrix< T $_-$ >, DMatrix< T $_-$ >, DSMatrix< T $_-$ >, Tr $\leftrightarrow$  Matrix< T $_-$ >, and BMatrix< T $_-$ >.

### virtual int solve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [pure virtual]

Solve the linear system.

If the inherited class is SpMatrix, the function uses an iterative method once this one has been chosen. Otherwise, the method solves the linear system by factorization.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

\_

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is null Solution is performed only is factorization has previouly been invoked.

Implemented in SpMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkSMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DS $\leftarrow$  Matrix<  $T_-$  >, TrMatrix<  $T_-$  >, and BMatrix<  $T_-$  >.

### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

### Parameters

in.out	h	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
111,000	"	veet instance that contains fight hand side of input and solution of output

#### int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

### 7.70. MATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFEREN**CE**IAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

### int isFactorized ( ) const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

### virtual void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [pure virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Value to assign

Implemented in SpMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkSMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DMatrix<  $T_-$  >,  $T_-$  >, Matrix<  $T_-$  >, BMatrix<  $T_-$  >, and DSMatrix<  $T_-$  >.

## virtual T\_& operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [pure virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Returns the (i,j) entry of the matrix.

### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implemented in SpMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkSMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DS $\leftarrow$  Matrix<  $T_-$  >, TrMatrix<  $T_-$  >, and BMatrix<  $T_-$  >.

### virtual T\_ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [pure virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

Returns the (i, j) entry of the matrix.

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implemented in SpMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkSMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DMatrix<  $T_-$  >, SkMatrix<  $T_-$  >, DS $\leftarrow$  Matrix<  $T_-$  >, TrMatrix<  $T_-$  >, and BMatrix<  $T_-$  >.

### $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i ) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index
111	ı	entry muex

## $T_{-}$ % operator() ( size\_t i )

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

### $T_{-}$ % operator[] ( size\_t k )

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

### $T_{-}$ operator[] ( size\_t k ) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

### Matrix& operator= ( Matrix $< T_- > \& m$ )

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

## Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ )

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

### Matrix& operator== ( const Matrix $< T_- > \& m$ )

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

### Matrix& operator= ( const $T_- & x$ )

Operator =.

Assign constant value x to all matrix entries.

### Matrix& operator\*= ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator \*=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x

#### Matrix& operator+= ( const $T_- & x$ )

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

### Matrix& operator== ( const $T_- \& x$ )

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

# 7.71 Mesh Class Reference

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Mesh ()

Default constructor (Empty mesh)

• Mesh (const string &file, bool bc=false, int opt=NODE\_DOF, int nb\_dof=1)

Constructor using a mesh file.

• Mesh (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, size\_t nb\_el, size\_t p=1, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Constructor for a 1-D mesh. The domain is the interval [xmin,xmax].

Mesh (const Grid &g, int opt=QUADRILATERAL)

Constructor for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

• Mesh (const Grid &g, int shape, int opt)

Constructor of dual mesh for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

• Mesh (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, size\_t ne, int c1, int c2, int p=1, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Constructor for a uniform 1-D finite element mesh.

• Mesh (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, size\_t nx, size\_t ny, int cx0, int cxN, int cy0, int cyN, int opt=0, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Constructor for a uniform 2-D structured finite element mesh.

• Mesh (real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, real\_t zmin, real\_t zmax, size\_ t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz, int cx0, int cxN, int cy0, int cyN, int cz0, int czN, int opt=0, size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Constructor for a uniform 3-D structured finite element mesh.

Mesh (const Mesh &m, const Point< real\_t > &x\_bl, const Point< real\_t > &x\_tr)

Constructor that extracts the mesh of a rectangular region from an initial mesh.

Mesh (const Mesh &mesh, int opt, size\_t dof1, size\_t dof2, bool bc=false)

Constructor that copies the input mesh and selects given degrees of freedom.

• Mesh (const Mesh &ms)

Copy Constructor.

• ~Mesh ()

Destructor.

• void setDim (size\_t dim)

Define space dimension. Normally, between 1 and 3.

void setVerbose (int verb)

Define Verbose Parameter. Controls output details.

• void Add (Node \*nd)

Add a node to mesh.

• void Add (Element \*el)

Add an element to mesh.

• void Add (Side \*sd)

Add a side to mesh.

• void Add (Edge \*ed)

Add an edge to mesh.

Mesh & operator\*= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=

void get (const string &mesh\_file)

Read mesh data in file.

• void get (const string &mesh\_file, int ff, int nb\_dof=1)

Read mesh data in file with giving its format.

• void setDOFSupport (int opt, int nb\_nodes=1)

Define supports of degrees of freedom.

• void setNbDOFPerNode (size\_t nb\_dof=1)

Define number of degrees of freedom for each node.

void setPointInDomain (Point< real\_t > x)

Define a point in the domain. This function makes sense only if boundary mesh is given without internal mesh (Case of Boundary Elements)

• void removeImposedDOF ()

Eliminate equations corresponding to imposed DOF.

• size\_t NumberEquations (size\_t dof=0)

Renumber Equations.

• size\_t NumberEquations (size\_t dof, int c)

Renumber Equations.

• int getAllSides (int opt=0)

Determine all mesh sides.

• size\_t getNbSideNodes () const

Return the number of nodes on each side.

• size\_t getNbElementNodes () const

Return the number of nodes in each element.

• int getBoundarySides ()

Determine all boundary sides.

• int createBoundarySideList ()

Create list of boundary sides.

int getBoundaryNodes ()

Determine all boundary nodes.

• int createInternalSideList ()

Create list of internal sides (not on the boundary).

• int getAllEdges ()

Determine all edges.

void getNodeNeighborElements ()

Create node neighboring elements.

void getElementNeighborElements ()

Create element neighboring elements.

• void setMaterial (int code, const string &mname)

Associate material to code of element.

void Reorder (size\_t m=GRAPH\_MEMORY)

Renumber mesh nodes according to reverse Cuthill Mc Kee algorithm.

void Add (size\_t num, real\_t \*x)

Add a node by giving its label and an array containing its coordinates.

void DeleteNode (size\_t label)

Remove a node given by its label.

void DeleteElement (size\_t label)

Remove an element given by its label.

void DeleteSide (size\_t label)

Remove a side given by its label.

• void Delete (Node \*nd)

Remove a node given by its pointer.

• void Delete (Element \*el)

Remove a node given by its pointer.

• void Delete (Side \*sd)

Remove a side given by its pointer.

• void Delete (Edge \*ed)

Remove an edge given by its pointer.

• void RenumberNode (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Renumber a node.

• void RenumberElement (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Renumber an element.

• void RenumberSide (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Renumber a side.

• void RenumberEdge (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Renumber an edge.

void setNodeView (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Set viewing window for nodes.

• void setElementView (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Set viewing window for elements.

• void setSideView (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Set viewing window for sides.

• void setEdgeView (size\_t n1, size\_t n2)

Set viewing window for edges.

• void setList (const std::vector < Node \* > &nl)

*Initialize list of mesh nodes using the input vector.* 

void setList (const std::vector< Element \* > &el)

*Initialize list of mesh elements using the input vector.* 

void setList (const std::vector < Side \* > &sl)

*Initialize list of mesh sides using the input vector.* 

• void Rescale (real\_t sx, real\_t sy=0., real\_t sz=0.)

Rescale mesh by multiplying node coordinates by constants.

• int getVerbose () const

Return Verbose Parameter.

• size\_t getDim () const

Return space dimension.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of nodes.

• size\_t getNbMarkedNodes () const

Return number of marked nodes.

size\_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of vertices.

size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return total number of degrees of freedom (DOF)

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of equations.

• size\_t getNbEq (int i) const

Return number of equations for the i-th set of degrees of freedom.

• size\_t getNbElements () const

Return number of elements.

• size\_t getNbSides () const

Return number of sides.

• size\_t getNbEdges () const

Return number of sides.

size\_t getNbBoundarySides () const

Return number of boundary sides.

• size\_t getNbInternalSides () const

Return number of internal sides.

• size\_t getNbMat () const

Return number of materials.

• void AddMidNodes (int g=0)

Add mid-side nodes.

Point< real\_t > getMaxCoord () const

Return maximum coordinates of nodes.

• Point< real\_t > getMinCoord () const

Return minimum coordinates of nodes.

• void set (Node \*nd)

Replace node in the mesh.

• void set (Element \*el)

Replace element in the mesh.

• void set (Side \*sd)

Choose side in the mesh.

• bool NodesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• bool SidesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• bool EdgesAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• bool ElementsAreDOF () const

Return information about DOF type.

• int getDOFSupport () const

Return information on dof support Return an integer according to enumerated values: NODE\_DOF, EL← EMENT\_DOF SIDE\_DOF.

void put (const string &mesh\_file) const

Write mesh data on file.

• void save (const string &mesh\_file) const

Write mesh data on file in various formats.

• bool withImposedDOF () const

Return true if imposed DOF count in equations, false if not.

• bool isStructured () const

Return true is mesh is structured, false if not.

size\_t getNodeNewLabel (size\_t n) const

Return new label of node of a renumbered node.

void getList (vector < Node \* > &nl) const

Fill vector nl with list of pointers to nodes.

void getList (vector< Element \* > &el) const

Fill vector el with list of pointers to elements.

• void getList (vector < Side \* > &sl) const

Fill vector sl with list of pointers to sides.

Node \* getPtrNode (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to node with label i.

• Node & getNode (size\_t i) const

Return refenrece to node with label i

• Element \* getPtrElement (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to element with label i

Element & getElement (size\_t i) const

Return reference to element with label i

Side \* getPtrSide (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to side with label i

• Side & getSide (size\_t i) const

Return reference to side with label i

• Edge \* getPtrEdge (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to edge with label i

Edge & getEdge (size\_t i) const

Return reference to edge with label i

• size\_t getNodeLabel (size\_t i) const

Return label of i-th node.

size\_t getElementLabel (size\_t i) const

Return label of *i*-th element.

• size\_t getSideLabel (size\_t i) const

Return label of i-th side.

• size\_t getEdgeLabel (size\_t i) const

Return label of i-th edge.

• void topNode () const

Reset list of nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

void topBoundaryNode () const

Reset list of boundary nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

void topMarkedNode () const

*Reset list of marked nodes at its top position (Non constant version)* 

• void topElement () const

Reset list of elements at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topSide () const

Reset list of sides at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topBoundarySide () const

Reset list of boundary sides at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topInternalSide () const

Reset list of intrenal sides at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topEdge () const

Reset list of edges at its top position (Non constant version)

• void topBoundaryEdge () const

Reset list of boundary edges at its top position (Non constant version)

• Node \* getNode () const

Return pointer to current node and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Node \* getBoundaryNode () const

Return pointer to current boundary node and move to next one (Non constant version)

Node \* getMarkedNode () const

Return pointer to current marked node and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Element \* getElement () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

Element \* getActiveElement () const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Side \* getSide () const

Return pointer to current side and move to next one (Non constant version)

Side \* getBoundarySide () const

*Return pointer to current boundary side and move to next one (Non constant version)* 

• Side \* getInternalSide () const

Return pointer to current internal side and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Edge \* getEdge () const

Return pointer to current edge and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Edge \* getBoundaryEdge () const

Return pointer to current boundary edge and move to next one (Non constant version)

• int getShape () const

Determine shape of elements Return Shape index (see enum ElementShape) if all elements have the same shape, 0 if not.

• Element \* operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator (): Return pointer to i-th element.

Node \* operator[] (size\_t i) const

*Operator* [] : *Return pointer to i-th node.* 

• size\_t operator() (size\_t i, size\_t n) const

*Operator () : Return pointer to i-th node of n-th element.* 

• Mesh & operator= (Mesh &ms)

*Operator* = : *Assign a Mesh instance*.

### **Friends**

• void Refine (Mesh &in\_mesh, Mesh &out\_mesh)

Refine mesh. Subdivide each triangle into 4 subtriangles. This member function is valid for 2-D triangular meshes only.

## 7.71.1 Detailed Description

To store and manipulate finite element meshes.

Class Mesh enables defining as an object a finite element mesh. A finite element mesh is characterized by its nodes, elements and sides. Each of these types of data constitutes a class in the OFELI library.

The standard procedure to introduce the finite element mesh is to provide an input file containing its data. For this, we have defined our own mesh data file (following the XML syntax). Of course, a developer can write his own function to read his finite element mesh file using the methods in Mesh.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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### 7.71.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Mesh (const string & file, bool bc = false, int  $opt = NODE\_DOF$ , int  $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Constructor using a mesh file.

### Parameters

in	file	File containing mesh data. The extension of the file yields the file format: The extension .m implies OFELI file format and .msh implies GMSH msh file.
in	bc	Flag to remove (true) or not (false) imposed Degrees of Freedom [default: false]
in	opt	Type of DOF support: To choose among enumerated values NODE_DOF, SIDE_DOF or ELEMENT_DOF.  Say if degrees of freedom (unknowns) are supported by nodes, sides or elements.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node [Default: 1].

Mesh ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, size\_t  $nb_el$ , size\_t p = 1, size\_t  $nb_dof = 1$  )

Constructor for a 1-D mesh. The domain is the interval [xmin,xmax].

in	xmin	Value of xmin
in	xmax	Value of xmax
in	nb_el	Number of elements to generate
in	р	Degree of finite element polynomial (Default = 1)

in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom for each node (Default = 1)	]
----	--------	--	---

## Mesh ( const Grid & g, int opt = QUADRILATERAL )

Constructor for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Grid instance
in	opt	Optional value to say which type of elements to generate
		TRIANGLE: Mesh elements are triangles
		QUADRILATERAL: Mesh elements are quadrilaterals [default]

## Mesh (const Grid & g, int shape, int opt)

Constructor of dual mesh for a uniform finite difference grid given by and instance of class Grid.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Grid instance	
in	shape	Value to say which type of elements to generate	
		TRIANGLE: Mesh elements are triangles	
		QUADRILATERAL: Mesh elements are quadrilaterals [default]	
in	opt	This argument can take any value. It is here only to distinguish from the other constructor using Grid instance.	

### Remarks

This constructor is to be used to obtain a dual mesh from a structured grid. It is mainly useful if a cell centered finite volume method is used.

## Mesh ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, size\_t ne, int c1, int c2, int p = 1, size\_t nb\_dof = 1 )

Constructor for a uniform 1-D finite element mesh.

The domain is the line (xmin,xmax)

in	xmin	Minimal coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal coordinate
in	пе	Number of elements
in	c1	Code for the first node (x=xmin)

in	<i>c</i> 2	Code for the last node (x=xmax)
in	р	Degree of approximation polynomial [Default: 1].
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node [Default: 1].

#### Remarks

The option p can be set to 1 if the user intends to use finite differences.

Mesh ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, size\_t nx, size\_t ny, int cx0, int cxN, int cyN, int cyN, int opt = 0, size\_t  $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Constructor for a uniform 2-D structured finite element mesh. The domain is the rectangle (xmin,xmax)x(ymin,ymax)

### Parameters

in	xmin	Minimal x-coordinate
in	xmax	Maximal x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal y-coordinate
in	ymax	Maximal y-coordinate
in	пх	Number of subintervals on the x-axis
in	ny	Number of subintervals on the y-axis
in	cx0	Code for nodes generated on the line $x=x0$ if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	cxN	Code for nodes generated on the line $x=xN$ if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	су0	Code for nodes generated on the line $y=y0$ if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	cyN	Code for nodes generated on the line $y=yN$ if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	opt	Flag to generate elements as well (if not zero) [Default: 0]. If the flag is not 0, it can take one of the enumerated values: TRIANGLE or QUADRILATERAL, with obvious meaning.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node [Default: 1].

#### Remarks

The option opt can be set to 0 if the user intends to use finite differences.

Mesh ( real\_t xmin, real\_t xmax, real\_t ymin, real\_t ymax, real\_t zmin, real\_t zmax, size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz, int cx0, int cxN, int cyN, int czN, int czN, int opt = 0, size\_t  $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Constructor for a uniform 3-D structured finite element mesh.

The domain is the parallepiped (xmin,xmax)x(ymin,ymax)x(zmin,zmax)

in	xmin	Minimal x-coordinate

in	xmax	Maximal x-coordinate
in	ymin	Minimal y-coordinate
in	ymax	Maximal y-coordinate
in	zmin	Minimal z-coordinate
in	zmax	Maximal z-coordinate
in	nx	Number of subintervals on the x-axis
in	ny	Number of subintervals on the y-axis
in	nz	Number of subintervals on the z-axis
in	cx0	Code for nodes generated on the line $x=xmin if >0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	cxN	Code for nodes generated on the line $x=xmax$ if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	cy0	Code for nodes generated on the line y=ymin if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	cyN	Code for nodes generated on the line y=ymax if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	cz0	Code for nodes generated on the line z=zmin if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	czN	Code for nodes generated on the line $z=zmax$ if $>0$ , for sides on this line if $<0$
in	opt	Flag to generate elements as well (if not zero) [Default: 0]. If the flag is not 0, it can take one of the enumerated values: HEXAHEDRON or TETRAHEDRON, with obvious meaning.
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node [Default: 1].

### Remarks

The option opt can be set to 0 if the user intends to use finite differences.

## Mesh ( const Mesh & m, const Point< real\_t > & $x_bl$ , const Point< real\_t > & $x_tr$ )

Constructor that extracts the mesh of a rectangular region from an initial mesh. This constructor is useful for zooming purposes for instance.

## Parameters

in	m	Initial mesh from which the submesh is extracted
in	<i>x</i> ← _ <i>bl</i>	Coordinate of bottom left vertex of the rectangle
in	<i>x</i> ← _tr	Coordinate of top right vertex of the rectangle

## Mesh ( const Mesh & mesh, int opt, size\_t dof1, size\_t dof2, bool bc = false )

Constructor that copies the input mesh and selects given degrees of freedom.

This constructor is to be used for coupled problems where each subproblem uses a choice of degrees of freedom.

in mest initial mest from which the submest is extracted	in	mesh	Initial mesh from which the submesh is extracted
--	----	------	--

in	opt	Type of DOF support: To choose among enumerated values NODE_DOF, SIDE_DOF	
		or ELEMENT_DOF.	
in	dof1	Label of first degree of freedom to select to the output mesh	
in	dof2	Label of last degree of freedom to select to the output mesh	
in	bc	Flag to remove (true) or not (false) imposed Degrees of Freedom [Default: false]	

## Mesh (const Mesh & ms)

Copy Constructor.

### Parameters

in ms	Mesh instance to copy
-------	-----------------------

## 7.71.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setDim ( size\_t dim )

Define space dimension. Normally, between 1 and 3.

### Parameters

in	dim	Space dimension to set (must be between 1 and 3)
----	-----	--

#### void set Verbose ( $int \ verb$ )

Define Verbose Parameter. Controls output details.

## Parameters

in	verb	verbosity parameter (Must be between 0 and 10)

### void Add ( Node \* nd )

Add a node to mesh.

### Parameters

in	nd	Pointer to Node to add
----	----	------------------------

## void Add ( Element \* el )

Add an element to mesh.

in   el   Pointer to Element to	o add
---------------------------------	-------

### void Add ( Side \* sd )

Add a side to mesh.

#### Parameters

## void Add ( Edge \* ed )

Add an edge to mesh.

#### Parameters

in ed P	ointer to Edge to add
---------	-----------------------

## Mesh& operator\*= ( real\_t a )

Operator \*=

Rescale mesh coordinates by myltiplying by a factor

### Parameters

in	а	Value to multiply by
----	---	----------------------

## void get ( const string & mesh\_file )

Read mesh data in file.

Mesh file must be in OFELI format. See "File Formats" page

#### Parameters

in	mesh_file	Mesh file name
----	-----------	----------------

## void get ( const string & $mesh\_file$ , int ff, int $nb\_dof = 1$ )

Read mesh data in file with giving its format.

File format can be chosen among a variety of choices. See "File Formats" page

in mesh-fue Mesh me hame
--------------------------

in	ff	File format: Integer to chose among enumerated values: OFELI_FF, GMSH, MATLAB, EASYMESH, GAMBIT, BAMG, NETGEN, TRIANGLE_FF
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node (Default value: 1)

## void setDOFSupport ( int opt, int nb\_nodes = 1 )

Define supports of degrees of freedom.

#### **Parameters**

in	opt	DOF type:
		<ul> <li>NODE_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by nodes</li> </ul>
		SIDE_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by sides
		EDGE_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by edges
		ELEMENT_DOF: Degrees of freedom are supported by elements
in	nb_nodes	Number of nodes on sides or elements (default=1). This parameter is useful only if dofs are supported by sides or elements

### Note

This member function creates all mesh sides if the option ELEMENT\_DOF or SIDE\_DOF is selected. So it not necessary to call getAllSides() after

## void setNbDOFPerNode ( size\_t nb\_dof = 1 )

Define number of degrees of freedom for each node.

#### Parameters

in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom (unknowns) for each mesh node (Default value
		is 1)

#### Note

This function first declares nodes as unknown supports, sets the number of degrees of freedom and renumbers equations

## void setPointInDomain ( Point< real $_t > x$ )

Define a point in the domain. This function makes sense only if boundary mesh is given without internal mesh (Case of Boundary Elements)

in	x	Coordinates of point to define	
		I	

### $size_t NumberEquations ( size_t dof = 0 )$

Renumber Equations.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of degree of freedom for which numbering is performed. Default value (0)
		means that all degrees of freedom are taken into account

## size\_t NumberEquations ( size\_t dof, int c )

Renumber Equations.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of degree of freedom for which numbering is performed.
in	С	code for which degrees of freedom are enforced.

## int getAllSides ( int opt = 0 )

Determine all mesh sides.

Returns

Number of all sides.

## int getBoundarySides ( )

Determine all boundary sides.

Returns

Number of boundary sides.

## int createBoundarySideList ( )

Create list of boundary sides.

This function is useful to loop over boundary sides without testing Once this one is called, the function getNbBoundarySides() is available. Moreover, looping over boundary sides is available via the member functions topBoundarySide() and getBoundarySide()

### Returns

Number of boundary sides.

### int getBoundaryNodes ( )

Determine all boundary nodes.

Returns

n Number of boundary nodes.

#### int createInternalSideList( )

Create list of internal sides (not on the boundary).

This function is useful to loop over internal sides without testing Once this one is called, the function <a href="mailto:getNbInternalSides">getNbInternalSides</a>() is available. Moreover, looping over internal sides is available via the member functions topInternalSide() and <a href="mailto:getInternalSide">getInternalSide</a>()

#### Returns

n Number of internal sides.

### int getAllEdges ( )

Determine all edges.

#### Returns

Number of all edges.

## void getNodeNeighborElements ( )

Create node neighboring elements.

This function is generally useful when, for a numerical method, one looks for a given node to the list of elements that share this node. Once this function is invoked, one can retrieve the list of neighboring elements of any node (Node::getNeigEl)

### void getElementNeighborElements ( )

Create element neighboring elements.

This function creates for each element the list of elements that share a side with it. Once this function is invoked, one can retrieve the list of neighboring elements of any element (Element← ::getNeigborElement)

### void setMaterial ( int code, const string & mname )

Associate material to code of element.

### **Parameters**

in	code	Element code for which material is assigned
in	mname	Name of material

### void Reorder ( size\_t m = GRAPH\_MEMORY )

Renumber mesh nodes according to reverse Cuthill Mc Kee algorithm.

in	m	Memory size needed for matrix graph (default value is GRAPH_MEMORY, see
		OFELI_Config.h)

### void Add ( size\_t num, real\_t \* x )

Add a node by giving its label and an array containing its coordinates.

#### Parameters

in	num	Label of node to add
in	x	C-array of node coordinates

## void DeleteNode ( size\_t label )

Remove a node given by its label.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label of node to delete
----	-------	-------------------------

### void DeleteElement ( size\_t label )

Remove an element given by its label.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

#### **Parameters**

in	label	Label of element to delete
----	-------	----------------------------

## void DeleteSide ( size\_t label )

Remove a side given by its label.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

## Parameters

in	label	Label of side to delete

### void Delete ( Node \* nd )

Remove a node given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

in   nd   Pointer to node to dele
-----------------------------------

### void Delete ( Element \* el )

Remove a node given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

### Parameters

in <i>el</i> Pointer to elem	nent to delete
------------------------------	----------------

## void Delete (Side \* sd)

Remove a side given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

### Parameters

in sd	Pointer to side to delete
-------	---------------------------

## void Delete ( Edge \* ed )

Remove an edge given by its pointer.

This function does not release the space previously occupied

### Parameters

in	ed	Pointer to edge to delete
----	----	---------------------------

## void RenumberNode ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Renumber a node.

### Parameters

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

## void RenumberElement ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Renumber an element.

## Parameters

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

## void RenumberSide ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Renumber a side.

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

## void RenumberEdge ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Renumber an edge.

## Parameters

in	n1	Old label
in	n2	New label

## void setNodeView ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Set viewing window for nodes.

#### Parameters

in	n1	First node to view
in	n2	last node to view

## void setElementView ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Set viewing window for elements.

### Parameters

in	n1	First element to view
in	n2	last element to view

## void setSideView ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Set viewing window for sides.

#### **Parameters**

in	n1	First side to view
in	n2	last side to view

## void setEdgeView ( size\_t n1, size\_t n2 )

Set viewing window for edges.

in	n1	First edge to view
in	n2	last edge to view

### void setList ( const std::vector< Node \* > & nl )

Initialize list of mesh nodes using the input vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	nl	vector instance that contains the list of pointers to nodes
----	----	---

### void setList ( const std::vector< Element \* > & el )

Initialize list of mesh elements using the input vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	vector instance that contains the list of pointers to elements
----	----	--

### void setList ( const std::vector< Side \* > & sl )

Initialize list of mesh sides using the input vector.

### Parameters

in	sl	vector instance that contains the list of pointers to sides
----	----	---

## void Rescale ( real\_t sx, real\_t sy = 0., real\_t sz = 0. )

Rescale mesh by multiplying node coordinates by constants.

This function can be used e.g. for changing coordinate units

#### Parameters

in	sx	Factor to multiply by x coordinates
in	sy	Factor to multiply by y coordinates [Default: sx]
in	SZ	Factor to multiply by z coordinates [Default: sx]

## size\_t getNbBoundarySides ( ) const

Return number of boundary sides.

This function is valid if member function  $\ensuremath{\textit{getAllSides}}$  or  $\ensuremath{\textit{getBoundarySides}}$  has been invoked before

### size\_t getNbInternalSides ( ) const

Return number of internal sides.

This function is valid if member functions **getAllSides** and **createInternalSideList** have been invoked before

### void AddMidNodes ( int g = 0 )

Add mid-side nodes.

This is function is valid for triangles only

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Option to say of barycentre node is to be added (>0) or not (=0)
----	---	--

## void set ( Node \* nd )

Replace node in the mesh.

If the node label exists already, the existing node pointer will be replaced by the current one. If not, an error message is displayed.

#### **Parameters**

in nd	Pointer to node
-------	-----------------

## void set ( Element \* el )

Replace element in the mesh.

If the element label exists already, the existing element pointer will be replaced by the current one. If not, an error message is displayed.

#### Parameters

in el	Pointer to element
-------	--------------------

## void set ( Side \*sd )

Choose side in the mesh.

If the side label exists already, the existing side pointer will be replaced by the current one. If not, an error message is displayed.

#### **Parameters**

in sd Pointer to sid
----------------------

### bool NodesAreDOF ( ) const

Return information about DOF type.

#### Returns

true if DOF are supported by nodes, false otherwise

## bool SidesAreDOF ( ) const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by sides, false otherwise

## bool EdgesAreDOF ( ) const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by edges, false otherwise

### bool ElementsAreDOF ( ) const

Return information about DOF type.

Returns

true if DOF are supported by elements, false otherwise

## void put ( const string & mesh\_file ) const

Write mesh data on file.

Parameters

ir	ı	mesh_file	Mesh file name
----	---	-----------	----------------

## void save ( const string & mesh\_file ) const

Write mesh data on file in various formats. File format depends on the extension in file name

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh_file	Mesh file name If the extension is '.m', the output file is an OFELI file If the
	-	extension is '.gpl', the output file is a Gnuplot file If the extension is '.msh' or
		'.geo', the output file is a Gmsh file If the extension is '.vtk', the output file is a
		VTK file

## void getList ( vector< Node \* > & nl ) const

Fill vector nl with list of pointers to nodes.

	out	nl	Instance of class vector that contain on output the list	
--	-----	----	--	--

## void getList ( vector< Element \* > & el ) const

Fill vector el with list of pointers to elements.

#### Parameters

out	el	Instance of class vector that contain on output the list
-----	----	--

## void getList ( vector< Side \* > & sl ) const

Fill vector s1 with list of pointers to sides.

### Parameters

out	sl	Instance of class vector that contain on output the list
-----	----	--

## $size_t getNodeLabel ( size_t i ) const$

Return label of i-th node.

### Parameters

in	i	Node index

# $size_t$ getElementLabel ( $size_t$ i ) const

Return label of i-th element.

## Parameters

in	i	Element index

## $size_t getSideLabel ( size_t i ) const$

Return label of i-th side.

in	i	Side index

### size\_t getEdgeLabel ( size\_t i ) const

Return label of i-th edge.

#### **Parameters**

in 1 Edge index
-----------------

### Element\* getActiveElement ( ) const

Return pointer to current element and move to next one (Non constant version)

This function returns pointer to the current element only is this one is active. Otherwise it goes to the next active element (To be used when adaptive meshing is involved)

### 7.71.4 Friends And Related Function Documentation

void Refine ( Mesh & in\_mesh, Mesh & out\_mesh ) [friend]

Refine mesh. Subdivide each triangle into 4 subtriangles. This member function is valid for 2-D triangular meshes only.

#### **Parameters**

in	in_mesh	Input mesh
out	out_mesh	Output mesh

# 7.72 MeshAdapt Class Reference

To adapt mesh in function of given solution.

## **Public Member Functions**

• MeshAdapt ()

 $De fault\ constructor.$ 

MeshAdapt (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using initial mesh.

• MeshAdapt (Domain &dom)

Constructor using a reference to class Domain.

• ~MeshAdapt ()

Destructor.

• Domain & getDomain () const

Get reference to Domain instance.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Get reference to current mesh.

• void set (Domain &dom)

Set reference to Domain instance.

• void set (Mesh &ms)

Set reference to Mesh instance.

• void setSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Define label of node.

• void setJacobi (int n)

Set number of Jacobi iterations for smoothing.

• void setSmooth (int n)

Set number of smoothing iterations.

• void setVerbosity (int verb)

Set verbosity parameter.

• void AbsoluteError ()

Metric is constructed with absolute error.

• void RelativeError ()

Metric is constructed with relative error.

void setError (real\_t err)

Set error threshold for adaption.

• void setHMin (real\_t h)

Set minimal mesh size.

void setHMax (real\_t h)

Set maximal mesh size.

• void setHMinAnisotropy (real\_t h)

Set minimal mesh size and set anisotropy.

void setRelaxation (real\_t omega)

Set relaxation parameter for smoothing.

• void setAnisotropic ()

Set that adapted mesh construction is anisotropic.

void MaxAnisotropy (real\_t a)

Set maximum ratio of anisotropy.

• void setMaxSubdiv (real\_t s)

Change the metric such that the maximal subdivision of a background's edge is bounded by the given number (always limited by 10)

• void setMaxNbVertices (size\_t n)

Set maximum number of vertices.

• void setRatio (real\_t r)

Set ratio for a smoothing of the metric.

void setNoScaling ()

Do not scale solution before metric computation.

• void setNoKeep ()

Do not keep old vertices.

• void setHessian ()

set computation of the Hessian

• void setOutputMesh (string file)

Create mesh output file.

• void setGeoFile (string file)

Set Geometry file.

• void setGeoError (real\_t e)

Set error on geometry.

• void setBackgroundMesh (string bgm)

Set background mesh.

void SplitBoundaryEdges ()

Split edges with two vertices on boundary.

• void CreateMetricFile (string mf)

Create a metric file.

void setMetricFile (string mf)

Set Metric file.

void getSolutionMbb (string mbb)

Set solution defined on background mesh for metric construction.

void getSolutionMBB (string mBB)

Set solution defined on background mesh for metric construction.

• void getSolutionbb (string rbb)

Read solution defined on the background mesh in bb file.

• void getSolutionBB (string rBB)

Read solution defined on the background mesh in BB file.

void getSolution (Vect< real\_t > &u, int is=1)

*Get the interpolated solution on the new mesh.* 

• void getInterpolatedSolutionbb ()

Write the file of interpolation of the solutions in bb file.

• void getInterpolatedSolutionBB ()

Write the file of interpolation of the solutions in BB file.

void setTheta (real\_t theta)

Set angular limit for a corner (in degrees)

• void Split ()

Split triangles into 4 triangles.

void saveMbb (string file, const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Save a solution in metric file.

• int run ()

Run adaptation process.

• int run (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Run adaptation process using a solution vector.

• int run (const Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &v)

Run adaptation process using a solution vector and interpolates solution on the adapted mesh.

## 7.72.1 Detailed Description

To adapt mesh in function of given solution.

Class MeshAdapt enables modifying mesh according to a solution vector defining at nodes. It concerns 2-D triangular meshes only.

### Remarks

Class MeshAdapt is mainly based on the software 'Bamg' developed by F. Hecht, Universite Pierre et Marie Curie, Paris. We warmly thank him for accepting incoporation of Bamg in the OFELI package

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.72.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### MeshAdapt (Mesh & ms)

Constructor using initial mesh.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Reference to initial mesh
----	----	---------------------------

## MeshAdapt ( Domain & dom )

Constructor using a reference to class Domain.

#### **Parameters**

in (	dom	Reference to Domain class
------	-----	---------------------------

## 7.72.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setRelaxation ( real\_t omega )

Set relaxation parameter for smoothing.

Default value for relaxation parameter is 1.8

### void setMaxNbVertices ( size\_t n )

Set maximum number of vertices. Default value is 500000

#### void setRatio ( real\_t r )

Set ratio for a smoothing of the metric.

#### **Parameters**

in r	Ratio value.
------	--------------

### Note

If r is 0 then no smoothing is performed, if r lies in [1.1,10] then the smoothing changes the metric such that the largest geometrical progression (speed of mesh size variation in mesh is bounded by r) (by default no smoothing)

### void setNoScaling( )

Do not scale solution before metric computation. By default, solution is scaled (between 0 and 1)

## void setNoKeep ( )

Do not keep old vertices. By default, old vertices are kept

### void getSolutionbb ( string rbb )

Read solution defined on the background mesh in bb file. Solution is interpolated on created mesh

## void getSolutionBB ( string rBB )

Read solution defined on the background mesh in BB file. Solution is interpolated on created mesh

## void getSolution ( Vect< real\_t > & u, int is = 1 )

Get the interpolated solution on the new mesh.

The solution must have been saved on an output bb file

#### **Parameters**

out	и	Vector that contains on output the obtained solutions. This vector is resized before being initialized	
in	is [Default: 1]		

## void setTheta ( real\_t theta )

Set angular limit for a corner (in degrees)

The angle is defined from 2 normals of 2 consecutive edges

## void saveMbb ( string file, const Vect< real\_t > & u )

Save a solution in metric file.

## Parameters

in	file	File name where the metric is stored
in	и	Solution vector to store

### int run ( )

Run adaptation process.

#### Returns

Return code:

- = 0: Adaptation has been normally completed
- = 1: An error occured

### int run ( const Vect< real\_t > & u )

Run adaptation process using a solution vector.

in	и	Solution vector defined on the input mesh	
----	---	---	--

### Returns

#### Return code:

- = 0: Adaptation has been normally completed
- = 1: An error occured

## int run ( const Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & v)

Run adaptation process using a solution vector and interpolates solution on the adapted mesh.

### Parameters

in	и	Solution vector defined on the input mesh
in	v	Solution vector defined on the (adapted) output mesh

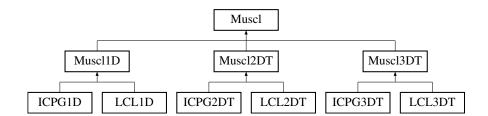
### Returns

#### Return code:

- = 0: Adaptation has been normally completed
- = 1: An error occured

## 7.73 Muscl Class Reference

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme. Inheritance diagram for Muscl:



# **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

- Muscl (Mesh &m)
  - Constructor using mesh instance.
- virtual ~Muscl ()

Destructor.

• void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## 7.73.1 Detailed Description

Parent class for hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

Everything here is common for both 2D and 3D muscl methods! Virtual functions are implemented in Muscl2D and Muscl3D classes

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.73.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

#### enum Method

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

#### enum Limiter

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

## Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

#### Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF\_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

## 7.73.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setTimeStep ( real\_t dt )

Assign time step value.

## Parameters

in	dt	Time step value

## void setCFL ( real\_t CFL )

Assign CFL value.

#### **Parameters**

in CFL	Value of CFL
--------	--------------

# void setReferenceLength ( real\_t dx )

Assign reference length value.

#### Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length
--	----	----	---------------------------

## void setVerbose ( int v )

Set verbosity parameter.

#### Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

# bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof )

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

## Parameters

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

## void setMethod ( const Method & s )

Choose a flux solver.

## Parameters

#### void setLimiter ( Limiter l )

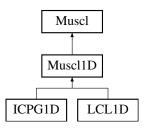
Choose a flux limiter.

## Parameters

in l	Limiter to choose
------	-------------------

# 7.74 Muscl1D Class Reference

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme. Inheritance diagram for Muscl1D:



# **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• Muscl1D (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• ~Muscl1D ()

Destructor.

• real\_t getMeanLength () const

Return mean length.

• real\_t getMaximumLength () const

Return maximal length.

• real\_t getMinimumLength () const

Return mimal length.

• real\_t getTauLim () const

Return mean length.

• void print\_mesh\_stat ()

Output mesh information.

void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

# 7.74.1 Detailed Description

Class for 1-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.74.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method

MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method

MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver

VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver

LF\_SOLVER LF solver

RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver

HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver

HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver

MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

## 7.74.3 Member Function Documentation

 $void setTimeStep ( real_t dt ) [inherited]$ 

Assign time step value.

**Parameters** 

	in	dt	Time step value
--	----	----	-----------------

## void setCFL ( real t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in	CFL	Value of CFL

# void setReferenceLength ( real t dx ) [inherited]

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

in	dx	Value of reference length
----	----	---------------------------

#### void setVerbose ( int v ) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof) [inherited]

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

#### **Parameters**

in	U	Field to reconstruct
out	LU	Left gradient vector
out	RU	Right gradient vector
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct

## void setMethod ( const Method & s ) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

#### Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose
----	---	------------------

## void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

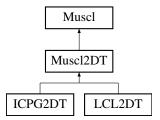
Choose a flux limiter.

## Parameters

	in	1	Limiter to choose
1	T11	ı	Limite to choos

# 7.75 Muscl2DT Class Reference

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme. Inheritance diagram for Muscl2DT:



# **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• Muscl2DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh.

• ~Muscl2DT ()

Destructor.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

• real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

• void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

• real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Initialize ()

Construction of normals to sides.

## 7.75.1 Detailed Description

Class for 2-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme.

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.75.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF\_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

#### 7.75.3 Member Function Documentation

bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof )

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

in	U	Field to reconstruct	
out	LU	Left gradient vector	
out	RU	Right gradient vector	
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct	

# void Initialize( ) [protected]

Construction of normals to sides.

Convention: for a given side, getPtrElement(1) is the left element and getPtrElement(2) is the right element. The normal goes from left to right. For boundary sides, the normal points outward.

# $void setTimeStep ( real_t dt ) [inherited]$

Assign time step value.

## Parameters

in	dt	Time step value
----	----	-----------------

## void setCFL ( real\_t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

#### Parameters

in   CFL   Value of CF.
-------------------------

## void setReferenceLength ( real\_t dx ) [inherited]

Assign reference length value.

## Parameters

in   dx   Value of reference lengt	h
------------------------------------	---

## ${f void} \ {f setVerbose} \ (\ {f int} \ v \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]$

Set verbosity parameter.

#### Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

## void setMethod ( const Method & s ) [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

in	S	Solver to choose

#### void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

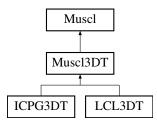
Choose a flux limiter.

**Parameters** 

in $l$	Limiter to choose
--------	-------------------

# 7.76 Muscl3DT Class Reference

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra. Inheritance diagram for Muscl3DT:



# **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• Muscl3DT (Mesh &m)

Constructor using mesh.

• ~Muscl3DT ()

Destructor.

bool setReconstruction (const Vect< real\_t > &U, Vect< real\_t > &LU, Vect< real\_t > &RU, size\_t dof)

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

• real\_t getMinimumFaceArea () const

Return minimum area of faces in the mesh.

real\_t getMinimumElementVolume () const

Return minimum volume of elements in the mesh.

real\_t getMaximumFaceArea () const

Return maximum area of faces in the mesh.

real\_t getMaximumElementVolume () const

Return maximum volume of elements in the mesh.

real\_t getMeanFaceArea () const

Return mean area of faces in the mesh.

• real\_t getMeanElementVolume () const

Return mean volume of elements in the mesh.

real\_t getMinimumEdgeLength () const

Return minimum length of edges in the mesh.

• real\_t getMinimumVolumebyArea () const

Return minimum volume by area in the mesh.

real\_t getMaximumEdgeLength () const

Return maximum length of edges in the mesh.

• real\_t getTauLim () const

Return value of tau lim.

real\_t getComega () const

Return value of Comega.

• void setbetalim (real\_t bl)

Assign value of beta lim.

void setTimeStep (real\_t dt)

Assign time step value.

real\_t getTimeStep () const

Return time step value.

void setCFL (real\_t CFL)

Assign CFL value.

real\_t getCFL () const

Return CFL value.

• void setReferenceLength (real\_t dx)

Assign reference length value.

• real\_t getReferenceLength () const

Return reference length.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• void setVerbose (int v)

Set verbosity parameter.

void setMethod (const Method &s)

Choose a flux solver.

• void setSolidZoneCode (int c)

Choose a code for solid zone.

• bool getSolidZone () const

Return flag for presence of solid zones.

• int getSolidZoneCode () const

Return code of solid zone, 0 if this one is not present.

• void setLimiter (Limiter l)

Choose a flux limiter.

## 7.76.1 Detailed Description

Class for 3-D hyperbolic solvers with Muscl scheme using tetrahedra.

Author

S. Clain, V. Clauzon

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## 7.76.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

enum Method [inherited]

Enumeration for flux choice.

Enumerator

FIRST\_ORDER\_METHOD First Order upwind method MULTI\_SLOPE\_Q\_METHOD Multislope Q method MULTI\_SLOPE\_M\_METHOD Multislope M method

enum Limiter [inherited]

Enumeration of flux limiting methods.

Enumerator

MINMOD\_LIMITER MinMod limiter

VANLEER\_LIMITER Van Leer limiter

SUPERBEE\_LIMITER Superbee limiter

VANALBADA\_LIMITER Van Albada limiter

MAX\_LIMITER Max limiter

## enum SolverType [inherited]

Enumeration of various solvers for the Riemann problem.

Enumerator

ROE\_SOLVER Roe solver
VFROE\_SOLVER Finite Volume Roe solver
LF\_SOLVER LF solver
RUSANOV\_SOLVER Rusanov solver
HLL\_SOLVER HLL solver
HLLC\_SOLVER HLLC solver
MAX\_SOLVER Max solver

#### 7.76.3 Member Function Documentation

bool setReconstruction ( const Vect< real\_t > & U, Vect< real\_t > & LU, Vect< real\_t > & RU, size\_t dof )

Function to reconstruct by the Muscl method.

in	U	Field to reconstruct	
out	LU	Left gradient vector	
out	RU	Right gradient vector	
in	dof	Label of dof to reconstruct	

# void setTimeStep ( real\_t dt ) [inherited]

Assign time step value.

Parameters

in dt	Time step value
-------	-----------------

# void setCFL ( real\_t CFL ) [inherited]

Assign CFL value.

Parameters

in	CFL	Value of CFL
----	-----	--------------

# void setReferenceLength ( real\_t dx ) [inherited]

Assign reference length value.

Parameters

	in	dx	Value of reference length
--	----	----	---------------------------

## void setVerbose (int v) [inherited]

Set verbosity parameter.

Parameters

in	v	Value of verbosity parameter
----	---	------------------------------

## ${f void\ setMethod\ (\ const\ Method\ \&\ s\ )}$ [inherited]

Choose a flux solver.

Parameters

in	S	Solver to choose

## void setLimiter( Limiter l) [inherited]

Choose a flux limiter.

d			
	in	1	Limiter to choose

# 7.77 MyNLAS Class Reference

Abstract class to define by user specified function.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• MyNLAS ()

Default Constructor.

• MyNLAS (const Mesh &mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• virtual ~MyNLAS ()

Destructor.

• virtual real\_t Function (const Vect< real\_t > &x, int i=1)=0

Virtual member function to define nonlinear function to zeroe.

• virtual real\_t Gradient (const Vect< real\_t > &x, int i=1, int j=1)

Virtual member function to define partial derivatives of function.

# 7.77.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class to define by user specified function.

The user has to implement a class that inherits from the present one where the virtual functions are implemented.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.77.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

MyNLAS (const Mesh & mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

Parameters

*mesh* Reference to Mesh instance

## 7.77.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual real\_t Function ( const Vect < real\_t > & x, int i = 1 ) [pure virtual]

Virtual member function to define nonlinear function to zeroe.

in	x	Vector of variables
in	i	component of function to define [Default: 1].

#### Returns

Value of function

## Warning

The component must not be larger than vector size

## virtual real\_t Gradient (const Vect< real\_t > & x, int i = 1, int j = 1) [virtual]

Virtual member function to define partial derivatives of function.

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Vector of variables
in	i	Function component [Default: 1]
in	j	Index of partial derivative [Default: 1]

#### Returns

Value of partial derivative

# 7.78 MyOpt Class Reference

Abstract class to define by user specified optimization function.

## **Public Member Functions**

• MyOpt ()

Default Constructor.

MyOpt (const Mesh &mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• virtual ~MyOpt ()

Destructor

• virtual real\_t Objective (const Vect< real\_t > &x)=0

Virtual member function to define objective.

virtual void Gradient (const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &g)

Virtual member function to define gradient vector of objective.

# 7.78.1 Detailed Description

Abstract class to define by user specified optimization function.

The user has to implement a class that inherits from the present one where the virtual functions are implemented.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.78.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## MyOpt (const Mesh & mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

#### **Parameters**

mesh Reference to Mesh instance

## 7.78.3 Member Function Documentation

virtual real\_t Objective ( const Vect < real\_t > & x ) [pure virtual]

Virtual member function to define objective.

#### **Parameters**

in	х	Vector of optimization variables
----	---	----------------------------------

#### Returns

Value of objective

## virtual void Gradient ( const Vect < real t > & x, Vect < real t > & g ) [virtual]

Virtual member function to define gradient vector of objective.

## Parameters

in	x	Vector of optimization variables
out	8	Gradient vector

# 7.79 NLASSolver Class Reference

To solve a system of nonlinear algebraic equations of the form f(u) = 0.

## **Public Member Functions**

• NLASSolver ()

Default constructor.

• NLASSolver (NonLinearIter nl, int nb\_eq=1)

Constructor defining the iterative method to solve the equation.

• NLASSolver (real\_t &x, NonLinearIter nl=NEWTON)

Constructor defining a one-variable problem.

• NLASSolver (Vect< real\_t > &x, NonLinearIter nl=NEWTON)

Constructor defining a multi-variable problem.

• NLASSolver (MyNLAS &my\_nlas, NonLinearIter nl=NEWTON)

Constructor using a user defined class.

• ~NLASSolver ()

Destructor.

• void setVerbose (int verb)

Set verbosity parameter Value must be between 0 and 5. Default value is 0.

void setMaxIter (int max\_it)

Set Maximal number of iterations.

void setTolerance (real\_t toler)

Set tolerance value for convergence.

void set (NonLinearIter nl)

Define an iterative procedure To be chosen among the enumerated values: BISECTION, REGULA\_FALSI or NEWTON.

void setFunction (function < real\_t(real\_t) > f)

*Define the function associated to the equation to solve.* 

• void setFunction (function < Vect < real\_t > (Vect < real\_t >) > f)

Define the function associated to the equation to solve.

• void setGradient (function < real\_t(real\_t) > g)

Define the function associated to the derivative of the equation to solve.

• void setGradient (function < Vect < real\_t > (Vect < real\_t >) > g)

Define the function associated to the gradient of the equation to solve.

• void setf (string exp)

Set function for which zero is sought (case of one equation)

• void setDf (string exp, int i=1, int j=1)

Set pzrtial derivative of function for which zero is sought (case of many equations)

• void setPDE (AbsEqua < real\_t > &eq)

Define a PDE.

• void setInitial (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial guess for the iterations.

void setInitial (real\_t &x)

Set initial guess for a unique unknown.

void setInitial (real\_t a, real\_t b)

Set initial guesses bisection or Regula falsi algorithms.

• void run ()

Run the solution procedure.

• real\_t get () const

Return solution (Case of a scalar equation)

void get (Vect< real\_t > &u) const

Return solution (case of a nonlinear system of equations)

• int getNbIter () const

Return number of iterations.

# 7.79.1 Detailed Description

To solve a system of nonlinear algebraic equations of the form f(u) = 0. Features:

- The nonlinear problem is solved by the Newton's method in the general case, and in the one variable case, either by the bisection or the Regula Falsi method
- The function and its gradient are given:
  - Either by regular expressions
  - Or by user defined functions
  - Or by a user defined class. This feature enables defining the function and its gradient through a PDE class for instance

## 7.79.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## NLASSolver (NonLinearIter nl, int $nb_eq = 1$ )

Constructor defining the iterative method to solve the equation.

#### **Parameters**

in	nl	Choose an iterative procedure to solve the nonlinear system of equations: To be chosen among the enumerated values: BISECTION, REGULA_FALSI or NEWTON.
in	nb↔ _eq	Number of equations [Default: 1]

## NLASSolver ( real\_t & x, NonLinearIter nl = NEWTON )

Constructor defining a one-variable problem.

## Parameters

in	x	Variable containing on input initial guess and on output solution, if convergence is achieved
in	nl	Iterative procedure to solve the nonlinear system of equations: To be chosen among the enumerated values: BISECTION, REGULA_FALSI or NEWTON.

## NLASSolver ( Vect< real\_t > & x, NonLinearIter nl = NEWTON )

Constructor defining a multi-variable problem.

in	x	Variable containing on input initial guess and on output solution, if convergence is achieved
in	nl	Iterative procedure to solve the nonlinear system of equations: The only possible value (default one) in the current version is NEWTON.

## NLASSolver ( MyNLAS & my\_nlas, NonLinearIter nl = NEWTON )

Constructor using a user defined class.

#### **Parameters**

in	my_nlas	Reference to instance of user defined class. This class inherits from abstract class MyNLAS. It must contain the member function Vect <double> Function(const Vect<double>&amp; x) which returns the value of the nonlinear function, as a vector, for a given solution vector x. The user defined class must contain, if the iterative scheme requires it the member function Vect<double> Gradient(const Vect<real_t>&amp; x) which returns the gradient as a n*n vector, each index (i,j) containing the j-th partial derivative of the i-th function.</real_t></double></double></double>
in	nl	Iterative procedure to solve the nonlinear system of equations: To be chosen among the enumerated values: BISECTION, REGULA_FALSI or NEWTON.

## 7.79.3 Member Function Documentation

#### void setMaxIter ( int max\_it )

Set Maximal number of iterations.

Default value of this parameter is 100

## void setTolerance ( real\_t toler )

Set tolerance value for convergence.

Default value of this parameter is 1.e-8

## void setFunction ( function < real\_t(real\_t) > f )

Define the function associated to the equation to solve.

This function can be used in the case where a user defined function is to be given. To be used in the one-variable case.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Function given as a function of one real variable and returning a real number. This function can be defined by the calling program as a C-function and then cast to an
		instance of class function

## void setFunction ( function < Vect< real\_t > (Vect< real\_t >) > f )

Define the function associated to the equation to solve.

This function can be used in the case where a user defined function is to be given.

in	in <i>f</i> Function given as a function of many variables, stored in an input vector, and	
		returns a vector. This function can be defined by the calling program as a C-function
and then cast to an instance of class function		and then cast to an instance of class function

## void setGradient ( function < real\_t(real\_t) > g )

Define the function associated to the derivative of the equation to solve.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Function given as a function of one real variable and returning a real number. This
function can be defined by the calling program as a C-function and t		function can be defined by the calling program as a C-function and then cast to an
instance of class function		instance of class function

## void setGradient ( function < Vect< real\_t > (Vect< real\_t >) > g )

Define the function associated to the gradient of the equation to solve.

#### **Parameters**

in	g	Function given as a function of many variables, stored in an input vector. and	
		returns a n*n vector (	
		n is the number of variables). This function can be defined by the calling program as	
		a C-function and then cast to an instance of class function	

## void setf ( string exp )

Set function for which zero is sought (case of one equation)

## Parameters

in	ехр	Regular expression defining the function using the symbol x as a variable
----	-----	---

## void setDf ( string exp, int i = 1, int j = 1 )

Set pzrtial derivative of function for which zero is sought (case of many equations)

#### Parameters

in	ехр	Regular expression defining the partial derivative. In this expression, the variables are x1, x2, x10 (up to 10 variables)	
in	i	Component of function [Default: =1]	
in	j	Index of the partial derivative [Default: =1]	

## void setPDE ( AbsEqua < real\_t > & eq )

Define a PDE.

The solver can be used to solve a nonlinear PDE. In this case, the PDE is defined as an instance of a class inheriting of AbsEqua.

#### Parameters

#### Parameters

in	eq	Pointer to equation instance
----	----	------------------------------

## void setInitial ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set initial guess for the iterations.

#### Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial guess for the unknown
----	---	---

## void setInitial ( real\_t & x )

Set initial guess for a unique unknown.

#### Parameters

in	x	Rference to value of initial guess
----	---	------------------------------------

## void setInitial ( real\_t a, real\_t b )

Set initial guesses bisection or Regula falsi algorithms.

## Parameters

in	а	Value of first initial guess
in	b	Value of second initial guess

## Note

The function has to have opposite signs at these values i.e. f(a)f(b) < 0.

## Warning

This function makes sense only in the case of a unique function of one variable

## void get ( Vect < real\_t > & u ) const

Return solution (case of a nonlinear system of equations)

out	и	Vector that contains on output the solution
		rector trial corruins on output the services

# 7.80 Node Class Reference

To describe a node.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Node ()

Default constructor.

• Node (size\_t label, const Point< real\_t > &x)

Constructor with label and coordinates.

• Node (const Node &node)

Copy Constructor.

• ~Node ()

Destructor.

• void setLabel (size\_t label)

Define label of node.

void setNbDOF (size\_t n)

Define number of DOF.

void setFirstDOF (size\_t n)

Define First DOF.

• void setCode (size\_t dof, int code)

Define code for a given DOF of node.

• void setCode (const vector< int > &code)

Define codes for all node DOFs.

• void setCode (int \*code)

Define codes for all node DOFs.

• void setCode (const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking node coordinates.

void setCoord (size\_t i, real\_t x)

Set i-th coordinate.

• void DOF (size\_t i, size\_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

• void setDOF (size\_t &first\_dof, size\_t nb\_dof)

Define number of DOF.

• void setOnBoundary ()

Set node as boundary node.

• size\_t n () const

Return label of node.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of degrees of freedom (DOF)

• int getCode (size\_t dof=1) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

real\_t getCoord (size\_t i) const

Return i-th coordinate of node. i = 1..3.

• Point< real\_t > getCoord () const

Return coordinates of node.

real\_t getX () const

Return x-coordinate of node.

• real\_t getY () const

Return y-coordinate of node.

• real\_t getZ () const

Return z-coordinate of node.

Point< real\_t > getXYZ () const

Return coordinates of node.

• size\_t getDOF (size\_t i) const

Return label of i-th dof.

size\_t getNbNeigEl () const

Return number of neighbor elements.

• Element \* getNeigEl (size\_t i) const

Return i-th neighbor element.

• size\_t getFirstDOF () const

Return label of first DOF of node.

• bool isOnBoundary () const

Say if node is a boundary node.

• void Add (Element \*el)

Add element pointed by el as neighbor element to node.

• void setLevel (int level)

Assign a level to current node.

int getLevel () const

Return node level.

# 7.80.1 Detailed Description

To describe a node.

A node is characterized by its label, its coordinates, its number of degrees of freedom (DOF) and codes that are associated to each DOF.

#### Remarks

Once the mesh is constructed, information on neighboring elements of node can be retrieved (see appropriate member functions). However, the member function getNode $\leftarrow$  NeighborElements of Mesh must have been called before. If this is not the case, the program crashes down since no preliminary checking is done for efficiency reasons.

## 7.80.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Node ( )

Default constructor.

Initialize data to zero

# Node ( size\_t label, const Point< real\_t > & x )

Constructor with label and coordinates.

in	label	Label of node
in	x	Node coordinates

# 7.80.3 Member Function Documentation

# void setCode ( size\_t dof, int code )

Define code for a given DOF of node.

#### Parameters

in	dof	DOF index
in	code	Code to assign to DOF

# void setCode ( const vector< int > & code )

Define codes for all node DOFs.

#### Parameters

in	code	vector instance that contains code for each DOF of current node
----	------	---

## void setCode ( int \* code )

Define codes for all node DOFs.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	code	C-array that contains code for each DOF of current node
---	---	------	---

# void setCode ( const string & exp, int code, size\_t dof = 1 )

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking node coordinates.

## Parameters

in	ехр	Boolean algebraic expression as required by fparser
in	code	Code to assign to node if the algebraic expression is true
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]

## void setCoord ( size\_t i, real\_t x )

Set i-th coordinate.

in	i	Coordinate index (13)
in	х	Coordinate value

## void DOF ( size\_t i, size\_t dof )

Define label of DOF.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	DOF index
in	dof	Label of DOF

## void setDOF ( size\_t & first\_dof, size\_t nb\_dof )

Define number of DOF.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	first_dof	Label of the first DOF in input that is actualized
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF

## void setOnBoundary( )

Set node as boundary node.

This function is mostly internally used (Especially in class Mesh)

## int getCode ( $size_t dof = 1$ ) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

## **Parameters**

in	dof	label of degree of freedom for which code is to be returned. Default value is 1.
111	uoj	label of degree of freedom for which code is to be returned. Default value is 1.

## Point<real\_t> getCoord ( ) const

Return coordinates of node.

Return value is an instance of class Point

## Point<real\_t> getXYZ ( ) const

Return coordinates of node.

Return value is an instance of class Point

## size\_t getNbNeigEl ( ) const

Return number of neighbor elements.

Neighbor elements are those that share node. Note that the returned information is valid only if the Mesh member function **getNodeNeighborElements()** has been invoked before

## Element\* getNeigEl ( size\_t i ) const

Return i-th neighbor element.

Note that the returned information is valid only if the Mesh member function **getNode**← **NeighborElements()** has been invoked before

## bool isOnBoundary ( ) const

Say if node is a boundary node.

Note this information is available only if boundary sides (and nodes) were determined (See class Mesh).

## void setLevel ( int level )

Assign a level to current node.

This member function is useful for mesh adaption.

Default node's level is zero

## int getLevel ( ) const

Return node level.

Node level decreases when element is refined (starting from 0). If the level is 0, then the element has no parents

# 7.81 NodeList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

## **Public Member Functions**

NodeList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ~NodeList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Select nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• void unselectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Unselect nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• void selectCoordinate (real\_t x, real\_t y=ANY, real\_t z=ANY)

Select nodes having given coordinates.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of selected nodes.

void top ()

Reset list of nodes at its top position (Non constant version)

void top () const

Reset list of nodes at its top position (Constant version)

• Node \* get ()

Return pointer to current node and move to next one (Non constant version)

Node \* get () const

Return pointer to current node and move to next one (Constant version)

# 7.81.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of nodes having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

## Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.81.2 Member Function Documentation

void selectCode ( int code, int dof = 1 )

Select nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code that nodes share
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

## void unselectCode ( int code, int dof = 1 )

Unselect nodes having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

## Parameters

in	code	Code of nodes to exclude
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]

## void selectCoordinate ( real\_t x, real\_t y = ANY, real\_t z = ANY )

Select nodes having given coordinates.

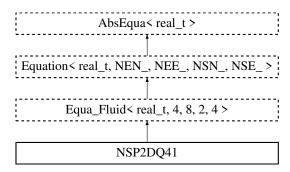
#### **Parameters**

in	x	x-coordinate that share the selected nodes
in	y	y-coordinate that share the selected nodes [Default: ANY]
in	z	z-coordinate that share the selected nodes [Default: ANY]

Coordinates can be assigned the value ANY. This means that any coordinate value is accepted. For instance, to select all nodes with x=0, use **selectCoordinate**(0.,ANY,ANY);

# 7.82 NSP2DQ41 Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using  $Q_1/P_0$  element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition. Inheritance diagram for NSP2DQ41:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• NSP2DQ41 ()

Default Constructor.

NSP2DQ41 (const Element \*el)

Constructor using Element data.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Side \*sd)

Constructor using Side data.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Element \*el, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using element and previous time data.

• NSP2DQ41 (const Side \*sd, const Vect< real\_t > &u, const real\_t &time=0.)

Constructor using side and previous time data.

• ~NSP2DQ41 ()

Destructor.

• void Viscosity (real\_t visc)

Define constant viscosity.

• void Density (real\_t dens)

Define constant density.

void LMass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element lumped mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void Mass (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element consistent mass contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Viscous (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element viscous contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void RHS\_Viscous (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element viscous contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void Penal (real\_t coef=1.)

Add element penalty contribution to matrix after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LHS1\_Convection (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void LHS2\_Convection (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

• void RHS\_Convection (real\_t coef=1.)

Add convection contribution to right-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void BodyRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void BoundaryRHS (UserData < real\_t > &ud)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void Periodic (real\_t coef=1.e20)

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

• real\_t Pressure (real\_t coef=1.)

Calculate element pressure by penalization after multiplication by coef [Default: 1].

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

*Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.* 

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

• void SideVector (const Vect < real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

void Viscosity (const real\_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

void Density (const real\_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

void ThermalExpansion (const real\_t \*e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

• void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.82.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for incompressible Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains using  $Q_1/P_0$  element and a penaly formulation for the incompressibility condition.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.82.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## NSP2DQ41()

Default Constructor.

Builds an empty equation

## NSP2DQ41 ( const Element \*el )

Constructor using Element data.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
----	----	-----------------------------

## NSP2DQ41 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor using Side data.

## Parameters

in sd	Pointer to Side instance
-------	--------------------------

## NSP2DQ41 ( const Element \* el, const Vect< real\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0. )

Constructor using element and previous time data.

### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
in	и	Vector that contains velocity at previous time step
in	time	Time value [Default: 0.]

# NSP2DQ41 ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< real\_t > & u, const real\_t & time = 0. )

Constructor using side and previous time data.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to Side instance
in	и	Vector that contains velocity at previous time step
in	time	Time value [Default: 0.]

## 7.82.3 Member Function Documentation

## void LHS1\_Convection ( real\_t coef = 1. )

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1]. First term, explicit velocity, implicit velocity derivatives

## void LHS2\_Convection ( real\_t coef = 1. )

Add convection contribution to left-hand side after multiplication by coef [Default: 1]. Second term, implicit velocity, explicit velocity derivatives

## void BodyRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add body right-hand side term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	ud	UserData instance that defines data
----	----	-------------------------------------

## void BoundaryRHS ( UserData < real\_t > & ud )

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	ud	UserData instance that defines data

## void Periodic ( real\_t coef = 1.e20 )

Add contribution of periodic boundary condition (by a penalty technique).

Boundary nodes where periodic boundary conditions are to be imposed must have codes equal to PERIODIC\_A on one side and PERIODIC\_B on the opposite side.

### **Parameters**

	in	coef	Value of penalty parameter [Default: 1.e20].
--	----	------	--

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

# ${f void\ update BC\ (\ const\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ bc}$ ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN $_->$ & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

## Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.

	out	be	Local vector, the length of which is	
--	-----	----	--------------------------------------	--

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_-type = NODE_-FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void\ SideVector\ (\ const\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_\mathtt{theSide}$ 

#### void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{t}^{t}$ 

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void ElementAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix < {\it real\_t} > \& A \ ) \ [{\it inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ BMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SkMatrix < real\_t > \& A ) \ [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ ElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real.t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
---	---	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \&v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void SideAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real.t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

$\boldsymbol{A}$	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< realt > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bf void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ ) & [inherited] \end{tabular}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

Α	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SkMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ TrMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh() const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in A Pointer to matrix of the system		Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

#### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.82.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.83 ODESolver Class Reference

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

## **Public Member Functions**

• ODESolver ()

Default constructor.

• ODESolver (TimeScheme s, real\_t time\_step=theTimeStep, real\_t final\_time=theFinalTime, size\_t nb\_eq=1)

Constructor using time discretization data.

• ~ODESolver ()

Destructor.

void set (TimeScheme s, real\_t time\_step=theTimeStep, real\_t final\_time=theFinalTime)

Define data of the differential equation or system.

void setNbEq (size\_t nb\_eq)

*Set the number of equations* [*Default: 1*].

void setCoef (real\_t a0, real\_t a1, real\_t a2, real\_t f)

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

void setCoef (string a0, string a1, string a2, string f)

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

• void setF (string f)

Set time derivative, given as an algebraic expression, for a nonlinear ODE.

• void setDF (string df)

Set derivative with respect to the unknown of the function defining the ODE.

void setRK4RHS (real\_t f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

void setRK4RHS (Vect< real\_t > &f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

• void setInitial (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial condition for a first-oder system of differential equations.

void setInitial (Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &v)

Set initial condition for a second-order system of differential equations.

• void setInitialRHS (Vect< real\_t > &f)

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations.

• void setInitial (real\_t u, real\_t v)

Set initial condition for a second-order ordinary differential equation.

void setInitial (real\_t u)

Set initial condition for a first-order ordinary differential equation.

• void setInitialRHS (real\_t f)

Set initial right-hand side for a single differential equation.

void setMatrices (DMatrix < real\_t > &A0, DMatrix < real\_t > &A1)

Define matrices for a system of first-order ODEs.

void setMatrices (DMatrix < real\_t > &A0, DMatrix < real\_t > &A1, DMatrix < real\_t > &A2)

Define matrices for a system of second-order ODEs.

void seODEVectors (Vect< real\_t > &a0, Vect< real\_t > &a1)

Define matrices for an implicit nonlinear system of first-order ODEs.

void seODEVectors (Vect< real\_t > &a0, Vect< real\_t > &a1, Vect< real\_t > &a2)

Define matrices for an implicit nonlinear system of second-order ODEs.

• void setRHS (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Set right-hand side vector for a system of ODE.

• void setRHS (real\_t f)

Set right-hand side for a linear ODE.

• void setRHS (string f)

Set right-hand side value for a linear ODE.

void setNewmarkParameters (real\_t beta, real\_t gamma)

Define parameters for the Newmarxk scheme.

void setConstantMatrix ()

*Say that matrix problem is constant.* 

void setNonConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is variable.

void setLinearSolver (Iteration s=DIRECT\_SOLVER, Preconditioner p=DIAG\_PREC)

Set linear solver data.

• void setVerbose (int v=0)

Set verbosity parameter:

void setMaxIter (int max\_it)

Set maximal number of iterations.

void setTolerance (real\_t toler)

Set tolerance value for convergence.

real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• void run (bool opt=false)

Run the time stepping procedure.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLSolver ()

Return LinearSolver instance.

real\_t getTimeDerivative (int i=1) const

Get time derivative of solution.

void getTimeDerivative (Vect< real\_t > &y) const

Get time derivative of solution (for a system)

• real\_t get () const

Return solution in the case of a scalar equation.

## 7.83.1 Detailed Description

To solve a system of ordinary differential equations.

The class ODESolver enables solving by a numerical scheme a system or ordinary differential equations taking one of the forms:

A linear system of differential equations of the first-order:

$$A_1(t)u'(t) + A_0(t)u(t) = f(t)$$

• A linear system of differential equations of the second-order:

$$A_2(t)u''(t) + A_1(t)u'(t) + A_0(t)u(t) = f(t)$$

• A system of ordinary differential equations of the form:

```
u'(t) = f(t,u(t))
```

The following time integration schemes can be used:

- Forward Euler scheme (value: FORWARD\_EULER) for first-order systems
- Backward Euler scheme (value: BACKWARD\_EULER) for first-order linear systems
- Crank-Nicolson (value: CRANK\_NICOLSON) for first-order linear systems
- Heun (value: HEUN) for first-order systems
- 2nd Order Adams-Bashforth (value: AB2) for first-order systems
- 4-th order Runge-Kutta (value: RK4) for first-order systems
- 2nd order Backward Differentiation Formula (value: BDF2) for linear first-order systems
- Newmark (value: NEWMARK) for linear second-order systems with constant matrices

#### Author

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#### 7.83.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

ODESolver ( TimeScheme s, real\_t  $time\_step$  = theTimeStep, real\_t  $final\_time$  = theFinalTime, size\_t  $nb\_eq = 1$  )

Constructor using time discretization data.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)
used.		Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime
in	nb_eq	Number of differential equations (size of the system) [Default: 1]

## 7.83.3 Member Function Documentation

void set ( TimeScheme s, real\_t time\_step = theTimeStep, real\_t final\_time = theFinalTime )
Define data of the differential equation or system.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)
in	time_step	Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime

## void setNbEq ( size\_t nb\_eq )

Set the number of equations [Default: 1].

This function is to be used if the default constructor was used

## void setCoef ( real\_t a0, real\_t a1, real\_t a2, real\_t f )

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

This function enables giving coefficients of the differential equation as an algebraic expression of time t (see the function fparse)

#### **Parameters**

in	a0	Coefficient of the 0-th order term
in	a1	Coefficient of the 1-st order term
in	a2	Coefficient of the 2-nd order term
in	f	Value of the right-hand side

#### Note

Naturally, the equation is of the first order if a2=0

#### void setCoef ( string a0, string a1, string a2, string f )

Define coefficients in the case of a scalar differential equation.

#### **Parameters**

in	a0	Coefficient of the 0-th order term
in	a1	Coefficient of the 1-st order term
in	a2	Coefficient of the 2-nd order term
in	f	Value of the right-hand side

#### Note

Naturally, the equation if of the first order if a2=0

## void setF ( string f )

Set time derivative, given as an algebraic expression, for a nonlinear ODE.

This function enables prescribing the value of the 1-st derivative for a 1st order ODE or the 2nd one for a 2nd-order ODE. It is to be used for nonlinear ODEs of the form y'(t) = f(t,y(t)) or y''(t) = f(t,y(t),y'(t))

In the case of a system of ODEs, this function can be called once for each equation, given in the order of the unknowns

## void setDF ( string df )

Set derivative with respect to the unknown of the function defining the ODE.

This function enables prescribing the value of the 1-st derivative for a 1st order ODE or the 2nd one for a 2nd-order ODE. It is to be used for nonlinear ODEs of the form y'(t) = f(t,y(t)) or y''(t) = f(t,y(t),y'(t))

In the case of a system of ODEs, this function can be called once for each equation, given in the order of the unknowns

#### void setRK4RHS ( real\_t f )

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

in	f	

## void setRK4RHS ( Vect< real\_t > & f )

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	right-hand side vector
----	---	------------------------

#### void setInitial ( Vect < real\_t > & u )

Set initial condition for a first-oder system of differential equations.

#### Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
----	---	---

## void setInitial ( Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & v)

Set initial condition for a second-order system of differential equations.

Giving the right-hand side at initial time is somtimes required for high order methods like Runge-Kutta

#### Parameters

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
in	v	Vector containing initial condition for the time derivative of the unknown

## void setInitialRHS ( Vect< real\_t > & f )

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations.

Giving the right-hand side at initial time is somtimes required for high order methods like Runge-Kutta

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Vector containing right-hand side at initial time. This vector is helpful for high order
		methods

## void setInitial ( real\_t u, real\_t v )

Set initial condition for a second-order ordinary differential equation.

in	и	Initial condition (unknown) value
in	v	Initial condition (time derivative of the unknown) value

#### void setInitial ( real\_t u )

Set initial condition for a first-order ordinary differential equation.

#### **Parameters**

in u	Initial condition (unknown) value
------	-----------------------------------

## void setInitialRHS ( $real_t f$ )

Set initial right-hand side for a single differential equation.

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Value of right-hand side at initial time. This value is helpful for high order methods	
----	---	--	--

## void setMatrices ( DMatrix< real\_t > & A0, DMatrix< real\_t > & A1 )

Define matrices for a system of first-order ODEs.

Matrices are given as references to class DMatrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	A0	Reference to matrix in front of the 0-th order term (no time derivative)
in	A1	Reference to matrix in front of the 1-st order term (first time derivative)

#### Remarks

This function has to be called at each time step

# void setMatrices ( DMatrix< real\_t > & A0, DMatrix< real\_t > & A1, DMatrix< real\_t > & A2 )

Define matrices for a system of second-order ODEs.

Matrices are given as references to class DMatrix.

in	A0	Reference to matrix in front of the 0-th order term (no time derivative)
in	A1	Reference to matrix in front of the 1-st order term (first time derivative)
in	A2	Reference to matrix in front of the 2-nd order term (second time derivative)

#### Remarks

This function has to be called at each time step

## void seODEVectors ( Vect< real\_t > & a0, Vect< real\_t > & a1 )

Define matrices for an implicit nonlinear system of first-order ODEs.

The system has the nonlinear implicit form a1(u)' + a0(u) = 0 Vectors a0, a1 are given as references to class Vect.

#### Parameters

in	a0	Reference to vector in front of the 0-th order term (no time derivative)
in	a1	Reference to vector in front of the 1-st order term (first time derivative)

#### Remarks

This function has to be called at each time step

## void seODEVectors ( Vect< real\_t > & a0, Vect< real\_t > & a1, Vect< real\_t > & a2)

Define matrices for an implicit nonlinear system of second-order ODEs.

The system has the nonlinear implicit form a2(u)'' + a1(u)' + a0(u) = 0 Vectors a0, a1, a2 are given as references to class Vect.

#### **Parameters**

in	a0	Reference to vector in front of the 0-th order term (no time derivative)	
in	a1	Reference to vector in front of the 1-st order term (first time derivative)	
in	a2	Reference to vector in front of the 2-nd order term (second time derivative)	

## Remarks

This function has to be called at each time step

## void setRHS ( Vect< real\_t > & b )

Set right-hand side vector for a system of ODE.

## Parameters

in	b	Vect instance containing right-hand side for a linear system of ordinary differential
		equations

## void setRHS ( real\_t f )

Set right-hand side for a linear ODE.

## void setNewmarkParameters ( real\_t beta, real\_t gamma )

Define parameters for the Newmarxk scheme.

#### **Parameters**

in	beta	Parameter beta [Default: 0.25]
in	gamma	Parameter gamma [Default: 0.5]

### void setConstantMatrix ( )

Say that matrix problem is constant.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

## void setNonConstantMatrix ( )

Say that matrix problem is variable.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

## void setLinearSolver ( Iteration $s = DIRECT\_SOLVER$ , Preconditioner $p = DIAG\_PREC$ )

Set linear solver data.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Solver identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: DIRECT_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner:  IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

## Note

The argument *p* has no effect if the solver is DIRECT\_SOLVER

## void setVerbose ( int v = 0 )

Set verbosity parameter:

- = 0, No output
- = 1, Print step label and time value
- = 2, Print step label, time value, time step and integration scheme

#### void setMaxIter ( int max\_it )

Set maximal number of iterations.

This function is useful for a non linear ODE (or system of ODEs) if an implicit scheme is used

#### **Parameters**

in	max⇔	Maximal number of iterations [Default: 100]
	_it	

#### void setTolerance ( real\_t toler )

Set tolerance value for convergence.

This function is useful for a non linear ODE (or system of ODEs) if an implicit scheme is used

#### Parameters

in	toler	Tolerance value [Default: 1.e-8]
----	-------	----------------------------------

## real\_t runOneTimeStep ( )

Run one time step.

Returns

Value of new time step if this one is updated

## void run ( bool opt = false )

Run the time stepping procedure.

#### Parameters

in	opt Flag to say if problem matrix is constant while time stepping (true) or not (value is false)	Default
----	--	---------

## Note

This argument is not used if the time stepping scheme is explicit

## real\_t getTimeDerivative ( int i = 1 ) const

Get time derivative of solution.

Return approximate time derivative of solution in the case of a single equation

in	i	Index of component whose time derivative is sought	]
----	---	--	---

#### Returns

Time derivative of the i-th component of the solution

#### Remarks

If we are solving one equation, this parameter is not used.

## void getTimeDerivative ( Vect< real\_t > & y ) const

Get time derivative of solution (for a system)

Get approximate time derivative of solution in the case of an ODE system

#### **Parameters**

01	ıt	y	Vector containing time derivative of solution
----	----	---	---

# 7.84 OFELIException Class Reference

To handle exceptions in OFELI. Inherits runtime\_error.

## **Public Member Functions**

• OFELIException (const std::string &s)

This form will be used most often in a throw.

• OFELIException ()

Throw with no error message.

## 7.84.1 Detailed Description

To handle exceptions in OFELI.

This class enables using exceptions in programs using OFELI

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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# 7.85 OptSolver Class Reference

To solve an optimization problem with bound constraints.

## **Public Types**

### **Public Member Functions**

• OptSolver ()

Default constructor.

• OptSolver (Vect< real\_t > &x)

Constructor using vector of optimization variables.

OptSolver (MyOpt &opt, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Constructor using vector of optimization variables.

• ∼OptSolver ()

Destructor.

• int getNbFctEval () const

Return the total number of function evaluations.

void setOptMethod (OptMethod m)

Choose optimization method.

• void setBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Prescribe boundary conditions as constraints.

• void setObjective (string exp)

Define the objective function to minimize by an algebraic expression.

• void setGradient (string exp, int i=1)

Define a component of the gradient of the objective function to minimize by an algebraic expression.

void setOptClass (MyOpt &opt)

Choose user defined optimization class.

void setUpperBound (real\_t ub)

Define upper bound for optimization variable.

void setUpperBounds (Vect< real\_t > &ub)

Define upper bounds for optimization variables.

• void setLowerBound (real\_t lb)

Define lower bound for optimization variable.

• void setVerbosity (int verb)

Set verbosity parameter.

void setLowerBounds (Vect< real\_t > &lb)

Define lower bounds for optimization variables.

 void setSAOpt (real\_t rt, int ns, int nt, int &neps, int maxevl, real\_t t, Vect< real\_t > &vm, Vect< real\_t > &xopt, real\_t &fopt)

Set Simulated annealing options.

void setTolerance (real\_t toler)

Set error tolerance.

• void setMaxIterations (int n)

Set maximal number of iterations.

• int getNbObjEval () const

Return number of objective function evaluations.

real\_t getTemperature () const

Return the final temperature.

• int getNbAcc () const

Return the number of accepted objective function evaluations.

• int getNbOutOfBounds () const

Return the total number of trial function evaluations that would have been out of bounds.

real\_t getOptObj () const

Return Optimal value of the objective.

• int run ()

Run the optimization algorithm.

• int run (real\_t toler, int max\_it, int verb)

Run the optimization algorithm.

• real\_t getSolution () const

Return solution in the case of a one variable optimization.

• void getSolution (Vect<  $real_t > &x$ ) const

Get solution vector.

#### **Friends**

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const OptSolver &os)

Output class information.

## 7.85.1 Detailed Description

To solve an optimization problem with bound constraints.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.85.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

## enum OptMethod

Choose optimization algorithm.

Enumerator

GRADIENT Gradient method
TRUNCATED\_NEWTON Truncated Newton method
SIMULATED\_ANNEALING Simulated annealing global optimization method
NELDER\_MEAD Nelder-Mead global optimization method

#### 7.85.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

OptSolver ( Vect< real\_t > & x )

Constructor using vector of optimization variables.

in	x	Vector having as size the number of optimization variables. It contains the initial
		guess for the optimization algorithm.

#### Remarks

After using the member function run, the vector x contains the obtained solution if the optimization procedure was successful

# OptSolver ( MyOpt & opt, Vect< real\_t > & x )

Constructor using vector of optimization variables.

#### **Parameters**

in	opt	Reference to instance of user defined optimization class. This class inherits from abstract class MyOpt. It must contain the member function double Objective(const Vect <double> &amp;x) which returns the value of the objective for a given solution vector x. The user defined class must contain, if the optimization algorithm requires it the member function Gradient(const Vect<double> &amp;x, Vect<double> &amp;g) which stores the gradient of the objective in the vector g for a given optimization vector x. The user defined class must also contain, if the optimization algorithm requires it the member function</double></double></double>
in	x	Vector having as size the number of optimization variables. It contains the initial guess for the optimization algorithm.

## Remarks

After using the member function run, the vector x contains the obtained solution if the optimization procedure was successful

## 7.85.4 Member Function Documentation

void setOptMethod ( OptMethod m )

Choose optimization method.

in m		Enumerated value to choose the optimization algorithm to use. Must be chosen among the enumerated values:
		<ul> <li>GRADIENT: Gradient steepest descent method with projection for bounded constrained problems</li> </ul>
		• TRUNCATED_NEWTON: The Nash's Truncated Newton Algorithm, due to S.G. Nash (Newton-type Minimization via the Lanczos method, SIAM J. Numer. Anal. 21 (1984) 770-778).
		• SIMULATED_ANNEALING: Global optimization simulated annealing method. See Corana et al.'s article: "Minimizing Multimodal Functions of Continuous Variables with the Simulated Annealing Algorithm" in the September 1987 (vol. 13, no. 3, pp. 262-280) issue of the ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software.
		<ul> <li>NELDER_MEAD: Global optimization Nelder-Mead method due to John Nelder, Roger Mead (A simplex method for function minimization, Computer Journal, Volume 7, 1965, pages 308-313). As implemented by R. ONeill (Algorithm AS 47: Function Minimization Using a Simplex Procedure, Applied Statistics, Volume 20, Number 3, 1971, pages 338-345).</li> </ul>

## void setBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc )

Prescribe boundary conditions as constraints.

This member function is useful in the case of optimization problems where the optimization variable vector is the solution of a partial differential equation. For this case, Dirichlet boundary conditions can be prescribed as constraints for the optimization problem

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector containing the values to impose on degrees of freedom. This vector must have been constructed using the Mesh instance.
----	----	---

#### Remarks

Only degrees of freedom with positive code are taken into account as prescribed

## void setObjective ( string exp )

Define the objective function to minimize by an algebraic expression.

in	ехр	Regular expression defining the objective function
----	-----	--

## void setGradient ( string exp, int i = 1 )

Define a component of the gradient of the objective function to minimize by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Regular expression defining the objective function
in	i	Component of gradient [Default: 1]

## void setOptClass ( MyOpt & opt )

Choose user defined optimization class.

#### **Parameters**

in	opt	Reference to inherited user specified optimization class
----	-----	--

## void setUpperBound ( real\_t ub )

Define upper bound for optimization variable. Case of a one-variable problem

#### Parameters

in	иb	Upper bound

## void setUpperBounds ( Vect< real\_t > & ub )

Define upper bounds for optimization variables.

#### Parameters

	in	иb	Vector containing upper values for variables	
--	----	----	--	--

#### void setLowerBound ( real\_t lb )

Define lower bound for optimization variable. Case of a one-variable problem

## Parameters

in	lb	Lower value

## void setVerbosity ( int verb )

Set verbosity parameter.

in	verb	Verbosity parameter
----	------	---------------------

## void setLowerBounds ( Vect< real\_t > & lb )

Define lower bounds for optimization variables.

#### Parameters

	in	lb	Vector containing lower values for variables	
--	----	----	--	--

void setSAOpt ( real\_t rt, int ns, int nt, int & neps, int maxevl, real\_t , Vect < real\_t > & vm, Vect < real\_t > & xopt, real\_t & fopt )

Set Simulated annealing options.

## Remarks

This member function is useful only if simulated annealing is used.

in	rt	The temperature reduction factor. The value suggested by Corana et al. is .85. See Goffe et al. for more advice.	
	maxevl	[in] The maximum number of function evaluations. If it is exceeded, the return <i>code</i> =1.	
in	ns	Number of cycles. After <i>ns*nb_var</i> function evaluations, each element of <i>vm</i> is adjusted so that approximately half of all function evaluations are accepted. The suggested value is 20.	
in	nt	Number of iterations before temperature reduction. After $nt*ns*n$ function evaluations, temperature (t) is changed by the factor $rt$ . Value suggested by Corana et al. is $max(100,5*nb\_var)$ . See Goffe et al. for further advice.	
in	neps	Number of final function values used to decide upon termination. See eps. Suggested value is 4	
in	maxevl		
in	t	The initial temperature. See Goffe et al. for advice.	
in	vm	The step length vector. On input it should encompass the region of interest given the starting value $x$ . For point $x[i]$ , the next trial point is selected is from $x[i]$ -vm[i] to $x[i]$ +vm[i]. Since $vm$ is adjusted so that about half of all points are accepted, the input value is not very important (i.e. is the value is off, $OptimSA$ adjusts $vm$ to the correct value).	
in	xopt		
in	fopt		

#### void setTolerance ( real\_t toler )

Set error tolerance.

#### **Parameters**

ſ	in	toler	Error tolerance for termination. If the final function values from the last neps
			temperatures differ from the corresponding value at the current temperature by
			less than eps and the final function value at the current temperature differs from
			the current optimal function value by less than toler, execution terminates and
			the value 0 is returned.

#### real\_t getTemperature ( ) const

Return the final temperature.

This function is meaningful only if the Simulated Annealing algorithm is used

#### int getNbAcc ( ) const

Return the number of accepted objective function evaluations.

This function is meaningful only if the Simulated Annealing algorithm is used

#### int getNbOutOfBounds ( ) const

Return the total number of trial function evaluations that would have been out of bounds. This function is meaningful only if the Simulated Annealing algorithm is used

#### int run ( )

Run the optimization algorithm.

This function runs the optimization procedure using default values for parameters. To modify these values, user the function run with arguments

## int run ( real\_t toler, int max\_it, int verb )

Run the optimization algorithm.

#### Parameters

in	toler	Tolerance value for convergence testing
in	max⇔ it	Maximal number of iterations to achieve convergence
	_11	
in	verb	Verbosity parameter (to choose between 0 and 10)

## real\_t getSolution ( ) const

Return solution in the case of a one variable optimization.

In the case of a one variable problem, the solution value is returned, if the optimization procedure was successful

## void getSolution ( Vect< real\_t > & x ) const

Get solution vector.

The vector *x* contains the solution of the optimization problem. Note that if the constructor using an initial vector was used, the vector will contain the solution once the member function run has beed used (If the optimization procedure was successful)

#### **Parameters**

		1
011+	Υ	solution vector
Juli	A	Solution vector

## 7.86 Partition Class Reference

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Partition ()

Default constructor.

• Partition (Mesh &mesh, size\_t n, int verb=0)

Constructor to partition a mesh into submeshes.

• Partition (Mesh &mesh, int n, vector < int > &epart, int verb=0)

Constructor using already created submeshes.

• ~Partition ()

Destructor.

size\_t getNbSubMeshes () const

Return number of submeshes.

size\_t getNbNodes (size\_t i) const

Return number of nodes in given submesh.

size\_t getNbElements (size\_t i) const

Return number of elements in given submesh.

Mesh \* getMesh ()

Return the global Mesh instance.

• Mesh \* getMesh (size\_t i)

Return the submesh of label i

size\_t getNodeLabelInSubMesh (size\_t sm, size\_t label) const

Return node label in subdomain by giving its label in initial mesh.

size\_t getElementLabelInSubMesh (size\_t sm, size\_t label) const

Return element label in subdomain by giving its label in initial mesh.

• size\_t getNodeLabelInMesh (size\_t sm, size\_t label) const

Return node label in initial mesh by giving its label in submesh.

• size\_t getElementLabelInMesh (size\_t sm, size\_t label) const Return element label in initial mesh by giving its label in submesh.

• size\_t getNbInterfaceSides (size\_t sm) const

Return Number of interface sides for a given sub-mesh.

• size\_t getSubMesh (size\_t sm, size\_t i) const

Return index of submesh that contains the i-th side label in sub-mesh sm

Mesh & getSubMesh (size\_t i) const

Return reference to submesh.

• size\_t getFirstSideLabel (size\_t sm, size\_t i) const

Return i-th side label in a given submesh.

size\_t getSecondSideLabel (size\_t sm, size\_t i) const

Return side label in the neighbouring submesh corresponding to i-th side label in sub-mesh sm

• int getNbConnectInSubMesh (int n, int s) const

Get number of connected nodes in a submesh.

• int getNbConnectOutSubMesh (int n, int s) const

Get number of connected nodes out of a submesh.

• void put (size\_t n, string file) const

Save a submesh in file.

• void setVerbose (int verb)

Set Message Level.

• void set (Mesh &mesh, size\_t n)

Set Mesh instance.

## **Friends**

• ostream & operator << (ostream &s, const Partition &p)

Output class information.

## 7.86.1 Detailed Description

To partition a finite element mesh into balanced submeshes.

Class Partition enables partitioning a given mesh into a given number of submeshes with a minimal connectivity. Partition uses the well known metis library that is included in the OFELI library. A more detailed description of metis can be found in the web site:

http://www.csit.fsu.edu/~burkardt/c\_src/metis/metis.html

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.86.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Partition (Mesh & mesh, size\_t n, int verb = 0)

Constructor to partition a mesh into submeshes.

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	n	Number of submeshes
in	verb	Verbosity parameter [Default: 0]

## Partition ( Mesh & mesh, int n, vector < int > & epart, int verb = 0 )

Constructor using already created submeshes.

#### Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance	
in	n	Jumber of submeshes	
in	epart	Vector containing for each element its submesh label (Running from 0 to n−1	
in	verb	Verbosity parameter [Default: 0]	

## 7.86.3 Member Function Documentation

## size\_t getNodeLabelInSubMesh ( size\_t sm, size\_t label ) const

Return node label in subdomain by giving its label in initial mesh.

#### **Parameters**

in	sm	Label of submesh
in	label	Label of node in initial mesh

## size\_t getNodeLabelInMesh ( size\_t sm, size\_t label ) const

Return node label in initial mesh by giving its label in submesh.

## Parameters

in	sm	Label of submesh
in	label	Node label

## size\_t getSubMesh ( size\_t sm, size\_t i ) const

Return index of submesh that contains the i-th side label in sub-mesh sm

#### **Parameters**

in	sm	Submesh index
in	i	Side label

#### Returns

Index of submesh

## Mesh& getSubMesh ( size\_t i ) const

Return reference to submesh.

in <i>i</i> Submesh in
------------------------

#### Returns

Reference to corresponding Mesh instance

## size\_t getFirstSideLabel ( size\_t sm, size\_t i ) const

Return i-th side label in a given submesh.

#### Parameters

in	sm	Index of submesh
in	i	Label of side

## size\_t getSecondSideLabel ( size\_t sm, size\_t i ) const

Return side label in the neighbouring submesh corresponding to i-th side label in sub-mesh sm

#### Parameters

in	sm	Label of submesh
in	i	Side label

## int getNbConnectInSubMesh ( int n, int s ) const

Get number of connected nodes in a submesh.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	Label of node for which connections are counted
in	S	Label of submesh (starting from 0)

## int getNbConnectOutSubMesh ( int n, int s ) const

Get number of connected nodes out of a submesh.

#### Parameters

in	n	Label of node for which connections are counted
in	S	Label of submesh (starting from 0)

## void put ( size\_t n, string file ) const

Save a submesh in file.

in	n	Label of submesh
in	file	Name of file in which submesh is saved

## 7.87 Penta6 Class Reference

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z). Inheritance diagram for Penta6:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Penta6 ()

Default Constructor.

• Penta6 (const Element \*element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

• ~Penta6 ()

Destructor.

• void set (const Element \*el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

• void setLocal (const Point < real\_t > &s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

• real\_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return Maximum length of pentahedron edges.

• real\_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return Mimimum length of pentahedron edges.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point< real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.87.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 6-node pentahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.y) and  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation in local coordinates (s.x,s.z) and (s.y,s.z).

The reference element is the cartesian product of the standard reference triangle with the line [-1,1]. The nodes are ordered as follows: Node 1 in reference element is at s=(1,0,0) Node 2 in reference element is at s=(0,1,0) Node 3 in reference element is at s=(0,0,0) Node 4 in reference element is at s=(0,0,0) Node 5 in reference element is at s=(0,0,0) Node 6 in reference element is at s=(0,0,0)

The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **setLocal()** must be invoked.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.87.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Penta6 (const Element \* element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

**Parameters** 

in element	Pointer to Element
------------	--------------------

#### 7.87.3 Member Function Documentation

void setLocal ( const Point< real\_t> & s )

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

## Parameters

in	S	Point in the reference element This function computes jacobian, shape functions an		
		their partial derivatives at s. Other member functions only return these values.		

#### Point<real\_t> DSh ( size\_t i ) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calculate relevant quantities.

real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point< real\_t > s ) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

### real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( const Point< real\_t> & s ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.88 PETScMatrix< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

## **Public Member Functions**

• PETScMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• PETScMatrix (size\_t nr, size\_t nc)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• PETScMatrix (size\_t size)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• PETScMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• PETScMatrix (const vector< std::pair< size\_t, size\_t >> &I, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• PETScMatrix (const PETScMatrix &m)

Copy constructor.

~PETScMatrix (void)

Destructor.

• void Identity ()

Define matrix as identity matrix.

• void Diagonal ()

Define matrix as a diagonal one.

• void Diagonal (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)

Define matrix as a diagonal one with diagonal entries equal to a

- void setAII (const vector< int > &nnz)
- void setAIJ\_MPI (const vector< int > &diag\_nnz, const vector< int > &off\_nnz)
- void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

• void setPartition (Partition &p)

Set a Partition instance in the class.

• void setRank (int np, int r=0)

*Set number of processors and processor rank.* 

• void setOneDOF ()

Activate 1-DOF per node option.

• void setSides ()

Activate Sides option.

void setSymmetric ()

Set matrix as a symmetric one.

• void DiagPrescribe (PETScVect< T\_> &b, const PETScVect< T\_> &u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void setSize (size\_t size)

*Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).* 

• void setSize (size\_t nr, size\_t nc)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void getRange (int istart, int iend)

Return the range of matrix rows owned by this processor.

• void setGraph (const vector < std::pair < size\_t, size\_t > > &I, int opt=1)

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

• T\_operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator ()

size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of matrix rows.

• size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of matrix columns.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return length of matrix.

void getMesh (Mesh &mesh)

Get Mesh instance whose reference will be stored in current instance of PETScMatrix.

void Mult (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

void MultAdd (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void MultAdd (T\_a, const PETScVect< T\_> &x, PETScVect< T\_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector  $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$  and add to  $\mathbf{y}$ .

void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &a)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &a)

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void set (vector< int > &ir, vector< int > &ic, vector< T\_-> &val)

Assign values to a portion of the matrix.

```
    void operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)
    Operator =
```

• void clear ()

Set all matrix entries to zero.

• void Laplace1D (real\_t h, bool mpi=false)

*Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.* 

• void Laplace2D (size\_t nx, size\_t ny, bool mpi=false)

*Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.* 

• int solve (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Solve the linear system of equations.

• int solve (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x)

*Solve the linear system of equations.* 

• void setSolver (string solver, string prec, real\_t toler=1.e-12, int max\_it=1000)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

• T\_\* get () const

Return C-Array.

• T<sub>\_</sub> get (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

• operator Mat () const

Casting operator.

• PetscReal getNorm1 () const

Get 1-norm of matrix.

• PetscReal getFrobeniusNorm () const

Get Frobenius norm of matrix.

PetscReal getNormMax () const

Get infinity norm of matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T\_\*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void setAssembly ()

Matrix assembly.

void setMPI ()

Activate MPI option.

## 7.88.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::PETScMatrix < T_>
```

To handle matrices in sparse storage format using the Petsc library.

Warning

This class is available only when OFELI has been installed with Petsc.

#### **Template Parameters**

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, float, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

## 7.88.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### PETScMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero-dimension matrix

### PETScMatrix ( size\_t nr, size\_t nc )

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

#### Parameters

in	nr	Number of matrix rows.
in	пс	Number of matrix columns.

#### PETScMatrix ( size\_t size )

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

#### **Parameters**

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).
----	------	--------------------------------------

## PETScMatrix ( Mesh & mesh, size t dof = 0 )

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which matrix graph is extracted.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0.
		dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side)
		is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix
		structure is determined using all DOFs.

## PETScMatrix ( const vector < std::pair < size\_t, size\_t > > & I, int opt = 1 )

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

#### 7.88. PETSCMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	I	Vector containing pairs of row and column indices
in	opt	Flag indicating if vectors I is cleaned and ordered (opt=1) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, this vector can have the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered

## 7.88.3 Member Function Documentation

void setAIJ ( const vector< int > & nnz )

#### **Parameters**

nnz	
	nnz

void setAIJ\_MPI ( const vector< int > & diag\_nnz, const vector< int > & off\_nnz )

#### Parameters

in	diag_nnz	
in	off_nnz	

## void setMesh ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0 )

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0.	
		dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix	
		structure is determined using all DOFs.	

## void setPartition ( Partition & p )

Set a Partition instance in the class.

This member function is to be used when parallel computing is considered.

## Parameters

in	p	Reference to Partition instance

## void setRank ( int np, int r = 0 )

Set number of processors and processor rank.

in	пр	Total number of processors.
in	r	Rank of current processor [Default: 0

#### Warning

If this member function is not called, only one processor is used and then sequential computing is involved.

## void DiagPrescribe ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### Parameters

in,out	b	PETScVect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	PETScVect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.

#### void setSize ( size\_t size )

Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).

## Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns.

#### void setSize ( size\_t nr, size\_t nc )

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

#### Parameters

in	nr	Number of rows
in	пс	Number of columns

## void getRange ( int istart, int iend )

Return the range of matrix rows owned by this processor.

## 7.88. PETSCMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Parameters

out	istart	Index of the first local row
out	iend	Index of the last local row

## void setGraph ( const vector< std::pair< size\_t, size\_t >> & I, int opt = 1 )

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

#### Parameters

in	I	Vector containing pairs of row and column indices
in	opt	Flag indicating if vector I is cleaned and ordered (opt=1: default) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, this vector can have the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered

## $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

## Operator ()

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

## size\_t getLength ( ) const

Return length of matrix.

The length is the total number of stored elements in the matrix

## void Mult ( const PETScVect< T\_ > & x, PETScVect< T\_ > & y ) const

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.	

## void MultAdd ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & x, PETScVect< T $_->$ & y ) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

## void MultAdd ( $T_-a$ , const PETScVect< $T_- > \& x$ , PETScVect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add to y.

#### Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix	
in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

## void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & a )

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index	
in	j	Column index	
in	а	Value to assign to a(i,j)	

## void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & a )

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index	
in	j	Column index	
in	а	Constant value to add to a(i,j)	

## void set ( vector< int > & ir, vector< int > & ic, vector< $T_-$ > & val)

Assign values to a portion of the matrix.

## Parameters

in	ir	Vector of row indexes to assign (instance of class vector)	
in	ic	Vector of column indexes to assign (instance of class vector)	
in	val	Vector of values to assign (instance of class vector)	

## void operator= ( const $T_- \& a$ )

## Operator =

Assign constant value a to matrix diagonal entries

## void Laplace1D ( real\_t h, bool mpi = false )

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from  $P_1$  finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -u'' = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

#### Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

#### **Parameters**

in	h	Mesh size (assumed constant)	
in	трі	true if MPI is used for parallel computing, false if not (sequential), [Default: false]	

## void Laplace2D ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny, bool mpi = false )

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from  $P_1$  finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -Delta u = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

#### Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

#### **Parameters**

in	nx	Number of unknowns in the x-direction	
in	ny	Number of unknowns in the y-direction	
in	mpi	true if MPI is used for parallel computing, false if not (sequential), [Default: false]	

## int solve ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & b )

Solve the linear system of equations.

The default parameters are: the Conjugate Gradient method and the Jacobi method for preconditioner. To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

## Parameters

in,out	b	Vector that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
--------	---	--

#### Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

#### int solve ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & b, PETScVect< T $_->$ & x )

Solve the linear system of equations.

## CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTESTIPENSCMATRIX $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCE

The default parameters are: the Conjugate Gradient method and the Jacobi method for preconditioner. To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

#### Parameters

in	b	Vector that contains right-hand side	
out	x	Vector that contains the obtained solution	

## Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

void setSolver ( string solver, string prec, real\_t toler = 1.e-12, int max\_it = 1000 )

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

in

## solver

Option to choose iterative solver among the macros (see PETSc documentation for more details):

- KSPRICHARDSON: The Richardson iterative method (Default damping parameter is 1.0)
- KSPCHEBYSHEV: The Chebyshev iterative method
- KSPCG: The conjugate gradient method [Default]
- KSPCGNE: The CG method for normal equations (without explicitly forming the product A^TA
- KSPGMRES: The GMRES iterative method (see A Generalized Minimal Residual Algorithm for Solving Nonsymmetric Linear Systems. Y. Saad and M. H. Schultz, SIAM J. Sci. Stat. Comput. Vol. 7, No. 3, July 1986, pp. 856-869)
- KSPFGMRES: The Flexible GMRES method (with restart)
- KSPLGMRES: The 'augmented' standard GMRES method where the subspace uses approximations to the error from previous restart cycles
- KSPTCQMR: A variant of QMR (quasi minimal residual) developed by Tony Chan
- KSPBCGS: The BiCGStab (Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPIBCGS: The IBiCGStab (Improved Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method in an alternative form to have only a single global reduction operation instead of the usual 3 (or 4)
- KSPFBCGS: The flexible BiCGStab method.
- KSPCGS: The CGS (Conjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPTFQMR: A transpose free QMR (quasi minimal residual)
- KSPCR: The conjugate residuals method
- KSPLSQR: The LSQR method
- KSPBICG: The Biconjugate gradient method (similar to running the conjugate gradient on the normal equations)
- KSPMINRES: The MINRES (Minimum Residual) method
- KSPSYMMLQ: The SYMMLQ method
- KSPGCR: The Generalized Conjugate Residual method

in	prec	Option to choose preconditioner in an enumerated variable	
		PCJACOBI: [Default] Jacobi (i.e. diagonal scaling) preconditioning	
		PCBJACOBI: Block Jacobi preconditioning, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object	
		PCSOR: (S)SOR (successive over relaxation, Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning	
		PCEISENSTAT: An implementation of SSOR (symmetric successive over relaxation, symmetric Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning that incorporates Eisenstat's trick to reduce the amount of computation needed	
		PCICC: Incomplete Cholesky factorization preconditioners	
		PCILU: Incomplete factorization preconditioners	
		PCASM: Use the (restricted) additive Schwarz method, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object	
		PCLU: Uses a direct solver, based on LU factorization, as a preconditioner	
		PCCHOLESKY: Uses a direct solver, based on Cholesky factorization, as a preconditioner	
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence [Default: 1.e-12]	
in	max← _it	Maximum number of allowed iterations [Default: 1000]	

## $T_-*$ get ( ) const

Return C-Array.

Non zero terms of matrix is stored row by row.

## $T_{-}$ get ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Return entry (i,j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

## operator Mat ( ) const

Casting operator.

This member functions enables casting an instance of class PETScMatrix into the Petsc matrix type Mat. This is useful when one wants to usr any Petsc function that is not available in the wrapper (class PETScWrapper) or PETScMatrix.

## void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_-*a$ )

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ )

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array

## void setAssembly ( )

Matrix assembly.

This function assembles matrix (begins and ends)

## 7.89 PETScVect< T\_> Class Template Reference

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

## **Public Member Functions**

• PETScVect ()

Default Constructor. Initialize a zero-length vector.

PETScVect (size\_t n)

Constructor setting vector size.

• PETScVect (size\_t nx, size\_t ny)

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

PETScVect (size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz)

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

• PETScVect (size\_t n, T\_ \*x)

Create an instance of class PETScVect as an image of a C/C++ array.

• PETScVect (MPI\_Comm comm, size\_t n)

Constructor of a MPI vector using its global size.

• PETScVect (Mesh &m, int nb\_dof=0, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance.

• PETScVect (Mesh &m, string name, real\_t t=0.0, int nb\_dof=0, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect< T\_> &v, const PETScVect< T\_> &bc)

Constructor using boundary conditions.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect < T\_ > &v, size\_t nb\_dof, size\_t first\_dof)

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v)

Copy constructor.

• PETScVect (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, size\_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

• PETScVect (size\_t d, const PETScVect< T\_> &v, const string &name="")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of PETScVect.

• ∼PETScVect ()

Destructor.

• void set (const T<sub>-</sub> \*v, size<sub>-</sub>t n)

Initialize vector with a c-array.

• void setMPI (MPI\_Comm comm, size\_t n, size\_t N)

Initialize a local vector using MPI.

• void select (const PETScVect< T\_> &v, size\_t nb\_dof=0, size\_t first\_dof=1)

Initialize vector with another PETScVect instance.

• void set (const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void set (const Mesh &ms, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

• void set (const PETScVect< real\_t > &x, const string &exp)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m, int nb\_dof=0, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD)

Define mesh class to size vector.

• size\_t size () const

Return vector (global) size.

• PetscInt getLocalSize () const

Return vector local size.

• void setSize (size\_t nx, size\_t ny=1, size\_t nz=1)

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

void setDOFType (int dof\_type)

Set DOF type of vector.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return vector number of degrees of freedom.

• size\_t getNb () const

Return vector number of entities (nodes, elements or sides)

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return Mesh instance.

• bool isWithMesh () const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

- int getDOFType () const
- void setTime (real\_t t)

Set time value for vector.

• real\_t getTime () const

Get time value for vector.

• void setName (string name)

Set name of vector.

• string getName () const

Get name of vector.

• PetscScalar getNorm1 () const

Calculate 1-norm of vector.

• PetscScalar getNorm2 () const

Calculate 2-norm (Euclidean norm) of vector.

• PetscScalar getWNorm1 () const

Calculate weighted 1-norm of vector The wighted 1-norm is the 1-Norm of the vector divided by its size.

• PetscScalar getWNorm2 () const

 ${\it Calculate\ weighted\ 2-norm\ of\ vector.}$ 

• PetscScalar getNormMax () const

Calculate Max-norm (Infinite norm) of vector.

• T<sub>-</sub> getMin () const

Calculate Min value of vector entries.

• T<sub>-</sub> getMax () const

Calculate Max value of vector entries.

• size\_t getNx () const

Return number of grid points in the x-direction if grid indexing is set.

size\_t getNy () const

Return number of grid points in the y-direction if grid indexing is set.

• size\_t getNz () const

Return number of grid points in the z-direction if grid indexing is set.

void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

void setNodeBC (int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

• void setNodeBC (int code, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code

void removeBC (const Mesh &ms, const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void removeBC (const Mesh &ms, const Vect< T\_> &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void removeBC (const PETScVect< T\_> &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

void removeBC (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void transferBC (const PETScVect< T\_> &bc, int dof=0)

*Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.* 

void insertBC (Mesh &m, const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &bc, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (Mesh &m, const PETScVect< T\_> &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

 $\bullet \ \ void \ insertBC \ (const \ PETScVect < T_- > \&v, \ const \ PETScVect < T_- > \&bc, \ int \ dof = 0) \\$ 

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const T<sub>-</sub> \*b)

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T\_\*b)

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into PETScVect instance.

• void getGradient (PETScVect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

void getGradient (PETScVect< Point< T<sub>-</sub> >> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

• void getCurl (PETScVect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

• void getCurl (PETScVect< Point< T\_>> &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

• void getSCurl (PETScVect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

• void getDivergence (PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v)

*Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.* 

• real\_t getAverage (const Element &el, int type) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

• void save (string file, int opt)

Save vector in a file according to a given format.

• PETScVect< T\_> & MultAdd (const PETScVect< T\_> &x, const T\_ &a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x)

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

• void set (size\_t i, T\_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

• void add (size\_t i, T\_ a)

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

• void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_ a)

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

• void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_ a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

• void clear ()

Set all vector entries to zero.

• T\_operator[] (size\_t i) const

Operator []

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

```
Operator ()
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j) const
      Operator () with 2-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)
• T_ operator() (size_t i, size_t j, size_t k) const
      Operator () with 3-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)
• PETScVect< T_> & operator= (const PETScVect< T_> &v)
      Operator = between vectors.
• PETScVect< T_> & operator= (const T_ &a)
      Operator =
• PETScVect< T_> & operator+= (const PETScVect< T_> &v)
      Operator +=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator+= (const T_ &a)
      Operator +=
• PETScVect< T_-> & operator== (const PETScVect< T_-> &v)
      Operator -=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator== (const T_ &a)
      Operator -=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &a)
      Operator *=
• PETScVect< T_> & operator/= (const T_ &a)
      Operator /=

    const Mesh & getMeshPtr () const

      Return reference to Mesh instance.
• T_ operator, (const PETScVect< T_ > &v) const
      Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.
• operator Vec () const
      Casting operator.

    void setAssembly ()

      Vector assembly.

    void Insert (const vector< int > &ii, const vector< Point< T<sub>-</sub> >> &v)

      Insert values into certain locations of the vector.
• void Add (const vector < int > &ii, const vector < T_ > &v)
      Add values into certain locations of the vector.
```

## 7.89.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class \ T_{-} > \\ class \ OFELI::PETScVect < T_{-} >
```

To handle general purpose vectors using Petsc.

This template class enables considering vectors of various data types. Operators =, [] and () are overloaded so that one can write for instance:

```
PETScVect<double> u(10), v(10);
v = -1.0;
u = v;
u.set(3,-2.0);
```

to set vector  $\mathbf{v}$  entries to -1, copy vector  $\mathbf{v}$  into vector  $\mathbf{u}$  and assign third entry of  $\mathbf{v}$  to -2. Note that entries of  $\mathbf{v}$  are here  $\mathbf{v}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}(2)$ , ...,  $\mathbf{v}(10)$ , *i.e.* vector entries start at index 1.

#### Remarks

A PETScVect instance can be 1-D, 2-D or 3-D, i.e. one can have 1, 2 or 3 indices. This is set while the vector is constructed. This can be helpful for instance in the case of a structured grid.

## Warning

This class is available only when OFELI has been installed with Petsc In this case, only vectors used for building and solving linear systems need to be instances of PETScVect.

## **Template Parameters**

$T \leftarrow$	Data type (double, int, complex <double>,)</double>
_←	

## 7.89.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### PETScVect ( size\_t n )

Constructor setting vector size.

#### **Parameters**

in	11	Size of vector
ın	n	Size of vector

## PETScVect ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny )

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 2-D grid vector

#### **Parameters**

in	nx	Size for the first index
in	ny	Size for the second index

#### Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx\*ny

## PETScVect ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz )

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 3-D grid vector

	1	
in	nx	Size for the first index

## 7.89. PETSCVECT < T $_->$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Parameters

in	ny	Size for the second index
in	nz	Size for the third index

#### Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx\*ny\*nz

## PETScVect ( size\_t n, $T_- * x$ )

Create an instance of class PETScVect as an image of a C/C++ array.

#### Parameters

in	n	Dimension of vector to construct
in	x	C-array to copy

## PETScVect ( MPI\_Comm comm, size\_t n )

Constructor of a MPI vector using its global size.

#### Parameters

ir	comm	Communicator which represents all the processs that PETSc knows about
in	n	Global size of vector

## PETScVect ( Mesh & m, int $nb\_dof = 0$ , int $dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD$ )

Constructor with a mesh instance.

#### Parameters

in	т	Mesh instance	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 (default value) the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance	
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values:  NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]	

# PETScVect ( Mesh & m, string name, real\_t t = 0.0, int $nb\_dof = 0$ , int $dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD$ )

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

in	m	Mesh instance

in	name	Name of the vector	
in	t	Time value for the vector	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance	
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]	

## PETScVect ( const PETScVect< $T_-$ > & v, const PETScVect< $T_-$ > & bc )

Constructor using boundary conditions.

Boundary condition values contained in bc are reported to vector v

#### Parameters

:	in	v	PETScVect instance to update
:	in	bc	PETScVect instance containing imposed valued at desired DOF

## PETScVect ( const PETScVect $< T_{-} > & v$ , size\_t nb\_dof, size\_t first\_dof )

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	PETScVect instance to extract from
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF to extract
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector

## PETScVect ( const PETScVect $< T_- > & v$ , size\_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	PETScVect instance to extract from
in	n	Component to extract (must be $> 1$ and $< 4$ or).

## PETScVect ( size\_t d, const PETScVect < T\_ > & v, const string & name = " " )

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of PETSc⊷ Vect.

This constructor enables constructing a subvector of a given PETScVect instance. It selects a given list of degrees of freedom and put it according to a given order in the instance to construct.

in	d	Integer number giving the list of degrees of freedom. This number is made of n digits where n is the number of degrees of freedom. Let us give an example: Assume that the instance v has 3 DOF by entity (node, element or side). The choice d=201 means that the constructed instance has 2 DOF where the first DOF is the third one of v, and the second DOF is the first one of f v. Consequently, no digit can be larger than the number of DOF the constructed instance. In this example, a choice d=103 would produce an error message.
in	v	PETScVect instance from which extraction is performed.
in	name	Name to assign to vector instance [Default: ""].

## Warning

Don't give zeros as first digits for the argument d. The number is in this case interpreted as octal!!

## 7.89.3 Member Function Documentation

void set ( const  $T_- * v$ , size\_t n )

Initialize vector with a c-array.

#### Parameters

in	v	c-array (pointer) to initialize PETScVect
in	n	size of array

## void setMPI ( MPI\_Comm comm, size\_t n, size\_t N )

Initialize a local vector using MPI.

#### Parameters

in	comm	
in	n	local size of vector
in	N	global size of vector

## void select ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, size\_t $nb\_dof = 0$ , size\_t $first\_dof = 1$ )

Initialize vector with another PETScVect instance.

in	v	PETScVect instance to extract from
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF per node, element or side (By default, 0: Number of degrees of freedom extracted from the Mesh instance)
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract (Default: 1) For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector

## void set ( const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

#### Parameters

in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x, y and z which are coordinates of nodes.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

## void set ( const Mesh & ms, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

#### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of $x$ , $y$ and $z$ which are coordinates of nodes.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

## void set ( const PETScVect< real\_t > & x, const string & exp )

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

### Parameters

in	x	PETScVect instance that contains coordinates of points
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x and i which are coordinates of nodes and indices starting from 1.

## void setMesh ( Mesh & m, int nb\_dof = 0, int dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD )

Define mesh class to size vector.

#### Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0
		the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance
in	dof_type	Parameter to precise the type of degrees of freedom. To be chosen among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD, EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]

## PetscInt getLocalSize ( ) const

Return vector local size.

Local size is the size on the current processor

#### void setSize ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny = 1, size\_t nz = 1 )

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

This function allocates memory for the vector but does not initialize its components

#### **Parameters**

in	nx	Number of grid points in x-direction
in	пу	Number of grid points in y-direction [Default: 1]
in	nz	Number of grid points in z-direction [Default: 1]

## void setDOFType ( int dof\_type )

Set DOF type of vector.

The DOF type combined with number of DOF per component enable determining the size of vector

#### **Parameters**

in	Type of degrees of freedom. Value to be chosen among the enumerated
	values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD

#### bool isWithMesh ( ) const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

A PETScVect instance can be constructed using mesh information

## int getDOFType ( ) const

Return DOF type of vector

#### Returns

dof\_type Type of degrees of freedom. Value among the enumerated values: NODE\_FIELD, ELEMENT\_FIELD, SIDE\_FIELD or EDGE\_FIELD

## PetscScalar getWNorm2 ( ) const

Calculate weighted 2-norm of vector.

The weighted 2-norm is the 2-Norm of the vector divided by the square root of its size

#### void setNodeBC ( Mesh & m, int code, T\_val, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

-			
	in	m	Instance of mesh

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

## void setNodeBC (Mesh & m, int code, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### **Parameters**

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

## void setNodeBC ( int code, T\_val, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

## Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

#### void setNodeBC ( int code, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

## void removeBC (const Mesh & ms, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

#### 7.89. PETSCVECT< T $_{-}$ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	v	Vector (PETScVect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom

## void removeBC (const Mesh & ms, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ , int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

#### **Parameters**

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom

## void removeBC ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, int dof = 0 )

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

#### Parameters

in	v	Vector (PETScVect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

#### Remarks

This function is to be used only when the PETScVect instance was constructed by using the Mesh instance

#### void removeBC ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, int dof = 0 )

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

#### Remarks

This function is to be used only when the PETScVect instance was constructed by using the Mesh instance

## void transferBC ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & bc, int dof = 0 )

Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	bc	PETScVect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current
		instance
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

# void insertBC ( Mesh & m, const PETScVect< $T_-$ > & v, const PETScVect< $T_-$ > & bc, int dof = 0 )

Insert boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance.
in	υ	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	bc	PETScVect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side

## void insertBC ( Mesh & m, const PETScVect< $T_- > \& v$ , int dof = 0 )

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

in	m	Mesh instance.

## 7.89. PETSCVECT< T $_-$ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current	
		instance.	
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side	

## void insertBC ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v, const PETScVect< T $_->$ & bc, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current			
		instance.			
in	bc	PETScVect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current			
		instance.			
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side			

## void insertBC ( const PETScVect< $T_- > \& v$ , int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	PETScVect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current
		instance.
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side

## void Assembly (const Element & el, const $T_- * b$ )

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to element instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*b$ )

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into PETScVect instance.

in	sd	Reference to side instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

## void getGradient ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1)$ , $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.

#### void getGradient ( PETScVect< Point< $T_- >> \& v$ )

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P<sub>1</sub> approximation The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$
		are respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.

## void getCurl ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

#### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1)$ , $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

## void getCurl ( PETScVect< Point< $T_- >$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P<sub>1</sub> approximation The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

#### void getSCurl ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in v Vect instance that contains the scalar c
---

## void getDivergence ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

The resulting divergence is stored in a PETScVect instance This function handles node vectors assuming P<sub>1</sub> approximation The divergence is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Vect instance that contains the divergence.	
--	----	---	---	--

#### real\_t getAverage ( const Element & el, int type ) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Element instance
in	type	Type of element. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: LINE2, TRIANG3, QUAD4 TETRA4, HEXA8

## void save ( string file, int opt )

Save vector in a file according to a given format.

#### **Parameters**

in	file	Output file where to save the vector	
in	opt	Option to choose file format to save. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: GMSH, GNUPLOT, MATLAB, TECPLOT and VTK	

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & MultAdd ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & x, const T $_-$ & a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

in	x	PETScVect instance to add
in	а	Constant to multiply before adding

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const PETScVect< $T_- > \& x$ )

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	x	Vect instance by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

## void set ( size\_t i, T\_ a )

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

#### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

## void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_ a )

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

## Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

## void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

## Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

## void add ( size\_t i, T\_a )

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

1			
	in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)

## 7.89. PETSCVECT< $T_-$ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

## Parameters

in <i>a</i> Value to assign	
-----------------------------	--

## void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, $T_-a$ )

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

#### Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

## void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_a)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

## Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	а	Value to assign

## $T_{-}$ operator[] ( size\_t i ) const

Operator []

#### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 0)
----	---	------------------------------------

## $T_-$ operator() ( size\_t i ) const

Operator ()

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
		• v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size())
		• v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

## $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)

#### Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid) $v(i,j)$ starts at $v(1,1)$ to $v(getNx(),getNy())$

## $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k ) const

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Case of a grid vector)

#### Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid)
in	k	third index in vector (Number of vector components in the z-grid) v(i,j,k) starts at v(1,1,1) to v(getNx(),getNy(),getNz())

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator= ( const T $_-$ & a )

#### Operator =

Assign a constant to vector entries

#### Parameters

in	а	Value to set
----	---	--------------

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v )

## Operator +=

Add vector x to current vector instance.

#### Parameters

in	v	PETScVect instance to add to instance
----	---	---------------------------------------

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const T $_-$ & a )

#### Operator +=

Add a constant to current vector entries.

in	а	Value to add to vector entries

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator== ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & v )

Operator -=

#### Parameters

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator=( const T $_-$ & a)

Operator -=

Subtract constant from vector entries.

#### **Parameters**

## PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator \*=

#### Parameters

in	а	Value to multiply by
----	---	----------------------

#### PETScVect<T $_->$ & operator/= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator /=

#### Parameters

in a	Value to divide by
------	--------------------

## $T_-$ operator, ( const PETScVect $< T_- > \& v$ ) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (v,w) where v and w are 2 instances of PETSc $\leftarrow$  Vect<double>

#### **Parameters**

in	v	PETScVect instance by which the current instance is multiplied
----	---	--

## operator Vec ( ) const

Casting operator.

This member functions enables casting an instance of class PETScVect into the Petsc vector type Vec. This is useful when one wants to usr any Petsc function that is not available in the

wrapper (class PETScWrapper) or PETScVect.

#### void setAssembly ( )

Vector assembly.

This function assembles vector (begins and ends)

#### void Insert ( const vector< int > & ii, const vector< Point< $T_-$ > > & v)

Insert values into certain locations of the vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	ii	Vector containing indices where to insert (Note the indices start from 0 like any C-array)
in	υ	Vector of values to insert, corresponding to indices in ii. Here the vector has entries of type Point <t_>.</t_>

#### void Add ( const vector< int > & $ii_r$ const vector< $T_-$ > & v )

Add values into certain locations of the vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	ii	Vector containing indices where to add (Note the indices start from 0 like any C-array)
in	v	Vector of values to add, corresponding to indices in ii

# 7.90 PETScWrapper< T\_> Class Template Reference

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

## **Public Member Functions**

• PETScWrapper (int argc, char \*\*args, string help="")

Constructor with program arguments.

~PETScWrapper ()

Destructor.

• PetscErrorCode getIntOption (string s, PetscInt &n, PetscBool &set) const

Get an option as an integer number.

• PetscErrorCode getBoolOption (string s, PetscBool &b, PetscBool &set) const

Get an option as a bool variable.

• PetscMPIInt size () const

Return wrapper size, i.e. number of processors.

• void setMesh (Mesh &ms)

Set mesh.

• void setPartition (Partition &p)

Set mesh partition.

void setMatrix (PETScMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &A)

Define problem matrix.

 void setLinearSystem (PETScMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &A, PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, string s=KSPCG, string p=PCJACOBI, real\_t tol=1.e-12, size\_t max\_it=1000)

Set linear system features.

• void setPreconditioner (string p)

Choose preconditioner for the iterative procedure.

• void setIterationParameters (real\_t tol, size\_t max\_it)

Choose iteration parameters.

void setIterationMethod (string m)

Choose the iterative method.

void solve (PETScVect < T<sub>−</sub> > &x)

Solve the linear system.

void solve (const PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, PETScVect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x)

*Solve the linear system.* 

• void checkError (PETScVect< T\_> &u) const

Check residual error.

• int getIterationNumber () const

Return the number of iterations.

void setLSTolerances (real\_t rel\_tol, real\_t abs\_tol, real\_t div\_tol=PETSC\_DEFAULT, int max
 \_it=PETSC\_DEFAULT) const

Set tolerance parameters for a linear system.

• PetscMPIInt getRank () const

Return the rank of the current processor.

#### **Friends**

template < class S\_ >
 ostream & operator < < (ostream &s, const PETScWrapper < S\_ > &w)
 Output wrapper information.

## 7.90.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::PETScWrapper < T_>
```

This class is a wrapper to be used when the library Petsc is installed and used with OFELI.

When Petsc is used, an instance of class PETScWrapper is to be declared. It initializes the use of Petsc and enables calling solver functions in Petsc.

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, int, complex<double>, ...)
```

When a linear system is invoked, the choice of iterative solvers can be made among the following methods (see Petsc documentation for more details):

• KSPRICHARDSON: The Richardson iterative method (Default damping parameter is 1.0)

- KSPCHEBYSHEV: The Chebyshev iterative method
- KSPCG: The conjugate gradient method [Default]
- KSPCGNE: The CG method for normal equations (without explicitly forming the product
   <sup>A^TA</sup>
- KSPGMRES: [Default] The GMRES iterative method (see A Generalized Minimal Residual Algorithm for Solving Nonsymmetric Linear Systems. Y. Saad and M. H. Schultz, SIAM J. Sci. Stat. Comput., Vol. 7, No. 3, July 1986, pp. 856-869)
- KSPFGMRES: The Flexible GMRES method (with restart)
- KSPLGMRES: The 'augmented' standard GMRES method where the subspace uses approximations to the error from previous restart cycles
- KSPTCQMR: A variant of QMR (quasi minimal residual) developed by Tony Chan
- KSPBCGS: The BiCGStab (Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPIBCGS: The IBiCGStab (Improved Stabilized version of BiConjugate Gradient Squared) method in an alternative form to have only a single global reduction operation instead of the usual 3 (or 4)
- KSPFBCGS: The flexible BiCGStab method.
- KSPCGS: The CGS (Conjugate Gradient Squared) method
- KSPTFQMR: A transpose free QMR (quasi minimal residual)
- KSPCR: The conjugate residuals method
- KSPLSQR: The LSQR method
- KSPBICG: The Biconjugate gradient method (similar to running the conjugate gradient on the normal equations)
- KSPMINRES: The MINRES (Minimum Residual) method
- KSPSYMMLQ: The SYMMLQ method
- KSPGCR: The Generalized Conjugate Residual method

When a linear system is invoked, the choice of a preconditioner can be made among the following methods (see Petsc documentation for more details):

- PCJACOBI: [Default] Jacobi (i.e. diagonal scaling) preconditioning
- PCBJACOBI: Block Jacobi preconditioning, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object
- PCSOR: (S)SOR (successive over relaxation, Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning
- PCEISENSTAT: An implementation of SSOR (symmetric successive over relaxation, symmetric Gauss-Seidel) preconditioning that incorporates Eisenstat's trick to reduce the amount of computation needed
- PCICC: Incomplete Cholesky factorization preconditioners
- PCILU: Incomplete factorization preconditioners
- PCASM: Use the (restricted) additive Schwarz method, each block is (approximately) solved with its own KSP object
- PCLU: Uses a direct solver, based on LU factorization, as a preconditioner
- PCCHOLESKY: Uses a direct solver, based on Cholesky factorization, as a preconditioner

## 7.90.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

PETScWrapper ( int argc, char \*\* args, string help = "")

Constructor with program arguments.

in	argc Count of number of command line arguments	
----	--	--

in	args	The command line arguments. Here is the list of arguments:
		• -start_in_debugger [noxterm,dbx,xdb,gdb,]
		– Starts program in debugger
		<ul><li>-on_error_attach_debugger [noxterm,dbx,xdb,gdb,]</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>Starts debugger when error detected</li> </ul>
		• -on_error_emacs <machinename> causes emacsclient to jump to error file</machinename>
		<ul><li>on_error_abort calls abort() when error detected (no traceback)</li></ul>
		• -on_error_mpiabort calls MPI_abort() when error detected
		<ul> <li>error_output_stderr prints error messages to stderr instead of the default stdout</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>-error_output_none does not print the error messages (but handles errors in the same way as if this was not called)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>debugger_nodes [node1,node2,] - Indicates nodes to start in debugger</li> </ul>
		• -debugger_pause [sleeptime] (in seconds)
		– Pauses debugger
		• -stop_for_debugger
		<ul> <li>Print message on how to attach debugger manually to process and wait (-debugger_pause) seconds for attachment</li> </ul>
		• -malloc
		<ul> <li>Indicates use of PETSc error-checking malloc (on by default for debug version of libraries)</li> </ul>
		• -malloc no
		<ul> <li>Indicates not to use error-checking malloc</li> </ul>
		• -malloc_debug
		<ul> <li>check for memory corruption at EVERY malloc or free</li> </ul>
		• -malloc_dump
		<ul> <li>prints a list of all unfreed memory at the end of the run</li> </ul>
		• -malloc_test
		<ul> <li>like -malloc_dump -malloc_debug, but only active for debugging builds</li> </ul>
		• -fp_trap
		<ul> <li>Stops on floating point exceptions (Note that on the IBM RS6000 this slows code by at least a factor of 10.)</li> </ul>
		• -no_signal_handler
964		<ul> <li>Indicates not to trap error signals</li> <li>OFELI's Reference Guide</li> </ul>
		• -shared_tmp
		<ul> <li>indicates /tmp directory is shared by all processors</li> </ul>
		• -not_shared_tmp

#### 7.90. PETSCWRAPPER< T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	help	String that contains message to display when argument -v is used
----	------	--

## Warning

This class is available only when OFELI has been installed with Petsc

## ~PETScWrapper ( )

#### Destructor.

Destroy the KSP context and release memory allocated by petsc

## 7.90.3 Member Function Documentation

## PetscErrorCode getIntOption ( string s, PetscInt & n, PetscBool & set ) const

Get an option as an integer number.

#### Parameters

in	S	String to preprend the name of the option
out	n	Obtained integer value
out	set	true if found, false if not.

## PetscErrorCode getBoolOption ( string s, PetscBool & b, PetscBool & set ) const

Get an option as a bool variable.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	String to preprend the name of the option	
out	b	Obtained boolean value	
out	set	true if found, false if not.	

## void setMesh ( Mesh & ms )

Set mesh.

## Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
----	----	---------------

## void setPartition ( Partition & p )

Set mesh partition.

This function is to be used for parallel computing

## CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUM**ENTAPROS**CWRAPPER $< T_- >$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### Parameters

in	р	Partition instance
----	---	--------------------

## void setMatrix ( PETScMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Define problem matrix.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	PETScMatrix instance that contains matrix	
--	----	---	---	--

void setLinearSystem ( PETScMatrix<  $T_-$  > & A, PETScVect<  $T_-$  > & b, string s = KSPCG, string p = PCJACOBI, real\_t tol = 1.  $e^-12$ , size\_t  $max_it = 1000$ )

Set linear system features.

#### Parameters

in	A	PETScMatrix instance that contains matrix		
in	b	Vector containing the right-hand side		
in	S	Option to choose iterative solver. See the definition of the class for iterative methods		
in	p	Option to choose preconditioner. See the definition of the class for available preconditioners.		
in	tol	Tolerance for convergence of iteration process [Default: 1.e-12]		
in	max↔ _it	Maximum number of linear solver iterations [Default: 1000]		

## void setPreconditioner ( string p )

Choose preconditioner for the iterative procedure.

#### Parameters

in	p	Option to choose preconditioner. See the definition of the class for available
		preconditioners.

## void setIterationParameters ( real\_t tol, size\_t max\_it )

Choose iteration parameters.

in	tol	Tolerance for convergence of iteration process
in	max←	Maximum number of linear solver iterations
	_it	

#### void setIterationMethod ( string m )

Choose the iterative method.

#### Parameters

in	m	Option to choose iterative solver. See the definition of the class for available
		iterative solvers.

#### void solve ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & x )

Solve the linear system.

If the member functions setIterationMethod and setPreconditioner have not been used, default methods are used

#### **Parameters**

in,out	x	Vector containing the initial guess on input and, if convergence is achieved, the
		solution on output

#### void solve ( const PETScVect< T $_->$ & b, PETScVect< T $_->$ & x)

Solve the linear system.

If the member functions setIterationMethod and setPreconditioner have not been used, default methods are used

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing the right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing the initial guess on input and, if convergence is achieved, the solution on output

### void checkError ( PETScVect< T $_->$ & u ) const

Check residual error.

This function computes the residual A\*x - b and outputs the number of iterations

### Parameters

out u	Residual vector
-------	-----------------

# void setLSTolerances ( real\_t rel\_tol, real\_t abs\_tol, real\_t div\_tol = PETSC\_DEFAULT, int max\_it = PETSC\_DEFAULT ) const

Set tolerance parameters for a linear system.

in	rel_tol	Relative convergence tolerance, relative decrease in the preconditioned
		residual norm

#### **Parameters**

in	abs_tol	Absolute convergence tolerance of the preconditioned residual norm
in	div_tol	Divergence tolerance: Amount preconditioned residual norm
in		Maximum number of iterations
	$\_it$	

## 7.91 PhaseChange Class Reference

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• virtual ~PhaseChange ()

Destructor.

• int E2T (real\_t &H, real\_t &T, real\_t &gamma)

Calculate temperature from enthalpy.

virtual int EnthalpyToTemperature (real\_t &H, real\_t &T, real\_t &gamma)

Virtual function to calculate temperature from enthalpy.

• void setMaterial (Material &m, int code)

Choose Material instance and material code.

• Material & getMaterial () const

Return reference to Material instance.

## 7.91.1 Detailed Description

This class enables defining phase change laws for a given material.

These laws are predefined for a certain number of materials. The user can set himself a specific behavior for his own materials by defining a class that inherits from PhaseChange. The derived class must has at least the member function

int EnthalpyToTemperature(real\_t &H, real\_t &T, real\_t &gamma)

#### 7.91.2 Member Function Documentation

int E2T ( real\_t & H, real\_t & T, real\_t & gamma )

Calculate temperature from enthalpy.

This member function is to be called in any equation class that needs phase change laws.

#### Parameters

in	Н	Enthalpy value
out	T	Calculated temperature value
out	gamma	Maximal slope of the curve H -> T

virtual int EnthalpyToTemperature ( real\_t & H, real\_t & T, real\_t & gamma ) [virtual]

Virtual function to calculate temperature from enthalpy.

This member function must be implemented in any derived class in order to define user's own material laws.

#### **Parameters**

in	Н	Enthalpy value
out	T	Calculated temperature value
out	gamma	Maximal slope of the curve H -> T

## 7.92 Point $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

#### **Public Member Functions**

```
• Point ()
```

Default constructor.

• Point (T<sub>-</sub> a, T<sub>-</sub> b=T<sub>-</sub>(0), T<sub>-</sub> c=T<sub>-</sub>(0))

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and z-coordinates respectively.

• Point (const Point < T\_ > &p)

Copy constructor.

T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator (): Non constant version.

const T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i) const

Operator (): Constant version.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator []: Non constant version.

• const T\_ & operator[] (size\_t i) const

Operator []: Constant version.

• Point $< T_- > & operator += (const Point < T_- > &p)$ 

Operator +=

• Point $< T_- > & operator = (const Point < T_- > &p)$ 

Operator -=

• Point< T\_> & operator= (const T\_ &a)

Operator =

• Point< T<sub>−</sub> > & operator+= (const T<sub>−</sub> &a)

Operator +=

• Point< T\_> & operator== (const T\_ &a)

Operator -=

• Point< T\_> & operator\*= (const T\_ &a)

Operator \*=

• Point $< T_- > & operator/= (const T_- &a)$ 

Operator /=

• bool operator== (const Point< T\_> &p)

Operator ==

• bool operator!= (const Point< T\_> &p)

Operator !=

• double NNorm () const

Return squared euclidean norm of vector.

• double Norm () const

Return norm (length) of vector.

• void Normalize ()

Normalize vector.

• Point< double > Director (const Point< double > &p) const

Return Director (Normalized vector)

• bool isCloseTo (const Point< double > &a, double toler=OFELL\_TOLERANCE) const

Return true if current point is close to instance a (up to tolerance toler)

• T\_ operator, (const Point< T\_ > &p) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

## **Public Attributes**

• T\_x

First coordinate.

• T\_y

Second coordinate.

• T\_z

Third coordinate.

## 7.92.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::Point< T_>
```

Defines a point with arbitrary type coordinates.

Operators = and () are overloaded.

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.92.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Point (
$$T_a$$
,  $T_b = T_0$ ),  $T_c = T_0$ )

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and z-coordinates respectively. Default values for b and c are 0

#### 7.92.3 Member Function Documentation

```
T_{-}% operator() ( size_t i )
Operator (): Non constant version.
   Values i = 1, 2, 3 correspond to x, y and z respectively
const T_& operator() ( size_t i ) const
Operator (): Constant version.
   Values i = 1, 2, 3 correspond to x, y and z respectively
T_{-} operator[]( size_t i)
Operator []: Non constant version.
   Values i = 0, 1, 2 correspond to x, y and z respectively
const T_& operator[]( size_t i ) const
Operator []: Constant version.
   Values i = 0, 1, 2 correspond to x, y and z respectively
Point<T_->& operator+= ( const Point< T_->& p )
Operator +=
   Add point p to current instance
Point<T_->& operator= ( const Point< T_-> & p )
Operator -=
   Subtract point p from current instance
Point<T_->& operator= ( const T_- & a )
Operator =
   Assign constant a to current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator+= ( const T_- & a )
Operator +=
   Add constant a to current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator== ( const T_- & a )
Operator -=
   Subtract constant a from current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator*= ( const T_-& a )
Operator *=
   Multiply constant a by current instance coordinates
Point<T_->& operator/= ( const T_- & a )
Operator /=
   Divide current instance coordinates by a
```

#### bool operator== ( const Point $< T_- > & p$ )

Operator ==

Return true if current instance is equal to p, false otherwise.

#### bool operator!= ( const Point< $T_- > \& p$ )

Operator !=

Return false if current instance is equal to p, true otherwise.

### void Normalize ( )

Normalize vector.

Divide vector components by its 2-norm

#### bool isCloseTo ( const Point < double > & a, double toler = OFELI\_TOLERANCE ) const

Return true if current point is close to instance a (up to tolerance toler)

Default value for toler is the OFELI\_TOLERANCE constant.

#### $T_-$ operator, (const Point< $T_-$ > & p) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (p,q) where p and q are 2 instances of Point < double >

#### **Parameters**

## 7.93 Point2D < T\_ > Class Template Reference

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Point2D ()

Default constructor.

• Point2D (T<sub>-</sub> a, T<sub>-</sub> b=T<sub>-</sub>(0))

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and y-coordinates respectively.

• Point2D (T\_\*a)

Initialize point coordinates with C-array a.

• Point2D (const Point2D < T\_ > &pt)

Copy constructor.

• Point2D (const Point < T\_ > &pt)

Copy constructor from class Point.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

*Operator(): Non constant version.* 

• const T\_ & operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator(): Constant version.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

```
Operator []: Non constant version.
• const T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t i) const
      Operator [] Constant version.
• Point2D< T_-> & operator= (const Point2D< T_-> &p)
      Operator =
• Point2D< T_-> & operator+= (const Point2D< T_-> &p)
      Operator +=
• Point2D< T_-> & operator= (const Point2D< T_-> &p)
      Operator -=
• Point2D< T_> & operator= (const T_ &a)
      Operator =
• Point2D< T_> & operator+= (const T_ &a)
      Operator +=
• Point2D< T_- > & operator= (const T_- &a)
      Operator -=
• Point2D< T_-> & operator*= (const T_- &a)
      Operator *=

    Point2D< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator/= (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)

      Operator /=
• bool operator== (const Point2D < T_ > &p)
      Operator ==
• bool operator!= (const Point2D < T_ > &p)
      Operator !=

    real_t CrossProduct (const Point2D< real_t > &lp, const Point2D< real_t > &rp)

      Return Cross product of two vectors lp and rp

    real_t NNorm () const

      Return squared norm (length) of vector.
• real_t Norm () const
      Return norm (length) of vector.
• Point2D< real_t > Director (const Point2D< real_t > &p) const
      Return Director (Normalized vector)

    bool isCloseTo (const Point2D < real_t > &a, real_t toler=OFELI_TOLERANCE) const

      Return true if current point is close to instance a (up to tolerance toler)
```

#### **Public Attributes**

• T\_x

First coordinate of point.

• T<sub>-</sub> y

Second coordinate of point.

## 7.93.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_- >
class OFELI::Point2D < T_>
```

Defines a 2-D point with arbitrary type coordinates.

Operators = and () are overloaded. The actual

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.93.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
Point2D ( T_-a, T_-b = T_-(0) )
```

Constructor that assigns a, b to x-, y- and y-coordinates respectively. Default value for b is 0

#### 7.93.3 Member Function Documentation

```
T_{\&} operator() ( size_t i )
```

Operator(): Non constant version.

Values i = 1,2 correspond to x and y respectively

#### const T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) const

Operator() : Constant version.

Values i=1,2 correspond to x and y respectively

## $T_{\&}$ operator[]( size\_t i)

Operator[]: Non constant version.

Values i=0,1 correspond to x and y respectively

#### const T\_& operator[]( size\_t i ) const

Operator[] Constant version.

Values i=0,1 correspond to x and y respectively

#### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator= ( const Point2D< T $_->$ & p )

Operator =

Assign point p to current instance

#### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const Point2D< T $_->$ & p )

Operator +=

Add point p to current instance

### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator== ( const Point2D< T $_->$ & p )

Operator -=

Subtract point p from current instance

#### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator =

Assign constant a to current instance coordinates

#### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator +=

Add constant a to current instance coordinates

## Point2D<T $_->$ & operator== ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator -=

Subtract constant a from current instance coordinates

#### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator \*=

Multiply constant a by current instance coordinates

#### Point2D<T $_->$ & operator/= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator /=

Divide current instance coordinates by a

### bool operator== ( const Point2D < T<sub>-</sub> > & p )

Operator ==

Return true if current instance is equal to p, false otherwise.

#### bool operator!= ( const Point2D< T $_->$ & p )

Operator !=

Return false if current instance is equal to p, true otherwise.

## 7.94 Polygon Class Reference

To store and treat a polygonal figure. Inheritance diagram for Polygon:



## **Public Member Functions**

• polygon ()

Default constructor.

• Polygon (const Vect< Point< real\_t >> &v, int code=1)

Constructor.

• void setVertices (const Vect< Point< real\_t >> &v)

Assign vertices of polygon.

• real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current polygon.

• Polygon & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

*Operator* +=.

• Polygon & operator+= (real\_t a)

*Operator* \*=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

• void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

## 7.94.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a polygonal figure.

## 7.94.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Polygon ( const Vect< Point< real\_t >> & v, int code = 1 )

Constructor.

Parameters

in	v	Vect instance containing list of coordinates of polygon vertices
in	code	Code to assign to the generated domain (Default value = 1)

#### 7.94.3 Member Function Documentation

void setVertices ( const Vect< Point< real\_t >> & v )

Assign vertices of polygon.

in	v	Vector containing vertices coordinates in counter clockwise order
----	---	---

#### real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current polygon.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the polygon, negative if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

#### **Parameters**

in	р	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

#### Polygon& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate polygon by a vector a

#### Polygon& operator+= $( real_t a )$

Operator \*=.

Scale polygon by a factor a

## void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

#### **Parameters**

i	n	8	Grid instance
i	n	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

# real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

in	р	Point for which distance is computed	
in	а	First vertex of line	
in	b	Second vertex of line	

#### Returns

Signed distance

## 7.95 Prec< T<sub>-</sub> > Class Template Reference

To set a preconditioner.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Prec ()

Default constructor.

• Prec (int type)

Constructor that chooses preconditioner.

• Prec (const SpMatrix < T\_ > &A, int type=DIAG\_PREC)

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

• Prec (const Matrix < T\_ > \*A, int type=DIAG\_PREC)

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

• ~Prec ()

Destructor.

• void setType (int type)

Define preconditioner type.

• void setMatrix (const Matrix < T\_ > \*A)

*Define pointer to matrix for preconditioning (if this one is abstract)* 

• void setMatrix (const SpMatrix < T\_> &A)

Define the matrix for preconditioning.

• void solve (Vect $< T_- > &x$ ) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

• void solve (const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

• void TransSolve (Vect< T\_> &x) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

• void TransSolve (const Vect<  $T_-$  > &b, Vect<  $T_-$  > &x) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

• T<sub>-</sub> & getPivot (size\_t i) const

Return i-th pivot of preconditioning matrix.

## 7.95.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::Prec< T_>
```

To set a preconditioner.

The preconditioner type is chosen in the constructor

**Template Parameters** 

< <i>T</i> ←	Data type (real_t, float, complex <real_t>,)</real_t>
_>	

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.95.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Prec (int type)

Constructor that chooses preconditioner.

#### Parameters

type	Preconditioner type:	
	IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
	DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
	DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
	ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
	SSOR_PREC: SSOR (Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation) preconditioner	
	type	

## Prec ( const SpMatrix< T $_->$ & A, int $type = DIAG_PREC$ )

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

#### Parameters

A	Matrix to precondition	
type	Preconditioner type:	
	IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
	DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
	DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
	ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
	SSOR_PREC: SSOR (Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation) preconditioner	

## Prec ( const Matrix $< T_- > *A$ , int type = DIAG\_PREC )

Constructor using matrix of the linear system to precondition.

in	A	Pointer to abstract Matrix class to precondition

#### Parameters

in	type	Preconditioner type:	
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
		DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR (Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation) preconditioner	
1			

## 7.95.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setType ( int type )

Define preconditioner type.

#### Parameters

in	type	Preconditioner type:	
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (No preconditioning)	
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner	
		DILU_PREC: Diagonal Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		ILU_PREC: Incomplete factorization preconditioner	
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR (Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation) preconditioner	

## void setMatrix ( const Matrix $< T_- > *A$ )

Define pointer to matrix for preconditioning (if this one is abstract)

## Parameters

in $A$	Matrix to precondition
--------	------------------------

## void setMatrix ( const SpMatrix $< T_- > & A$ )

Define the matrix for preconditioning.

in	Α	Matrix to precondition (instance of class SpMatrix)
----	---	---

#### void solve ( Vect< T $_->$ & x ) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

#### **Parameters**

i	in,out	х	Right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
---	--------	---	--	--

## void solve ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x ) const

Solve a linear system with preconditioning matrix.

#### Parameters

in	b	Right-hand side
out	x	Solution vector

## void TransSolve ( Vect< $T_- > \& x$ ) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

#### **Parameters**

	in,out x	Right-hand side in input and solution in output.
--	----------	--

#### void TransSolve ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x ) const

Solve a linear system with transposed preconditioning matrix.

#### Parameters

in	b	Right-hand side vector
out	x	Solution vector

## 7.96 Prescription Class Reference

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

### **Public Member Functions**

• Prescription ()

Default constructor.

• Prescription (Mesh &mesh, const string &file)

Constructor that gives an instance of class Mesh and the data file name.

• ~Prescription ()

Destructor.

• int get (int type, Vect< real\_t > &v, real\_t time=0, size\_t dof=0)

## 7.96.1 Detailed Description

To prescribe various types of data by an algebraic expression. Data may consist in boundary conditions, forces, tractions, fluxes, initial condition. All these data types can be defined through an enumerated variable.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.96.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Prescription ( Mesh & mesh, const string & file )

Constructor that gives an instance of class Mesh and the data file name. It reads parameters in Prescription Format from this file.

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in	file	Name of Prescription file

## 7.96.3 Member Function Documentation

int get ( int type, Vect< real\_t > & v, real\_t time = 0, size\_t dof = 0 )

Read data in the given file and stores in a Vect instance for a chosen DOF. The input value type determines the type of data to read.

in	type	Type of data to seek. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION: Read values for (Dirichlet) boundary conditions	
		<ul> <li>BOUNDARY_FORCE: Read values for boundary force (Neumann boundary condition).</li> <li>The values TRACTION and FLUX have the same effect.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>BODY_FORCE: Read values for body (or volume) forces.</li> <li>The value SOURCE has the same effect.</li> </ul>	
		POINT_FORCE: Read values for pointwise forces	
		INITIAL_FIELD: Read values for initial solution	
in,out	υ	Vect instance that is instantiatd on input and filled on output	

#### **Parameters**

in	time	Value of time for which data is read [Default: 0].
in	dof	DOF to store (Default is 0: All DOFs are chosen).

## 7.97 Quad4 Class Reference

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation. Inheritance diagram for Quad4:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Quad4 ()

Default Constructor.

Quad4 (const Element \*element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

Quad4 (const Side \*side)

Constructor when data of Side sd are given.

• ~Quad4 ()

Destructor.

void set (const Element \*el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

• void set (const Side \*sd)

Choose side by giving its pointer.

• void setLocal (const Point< real\_t > &s)

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

• Point< real\_t > Grad (const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > &u, const Point< real\_t > &s)

Return gradient of a function defined at element nodes.

real\_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of quadrilateral.

real\_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of quadrilateral.

real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.97.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 4-node quadrilateral finite element using  $Q_1$  isoparametric interpolation.

The reference element is the square [-1,1]x[-1,1]. The user must take care to the fact that determinant of jacobian and other quantities depend on the point in the reference element where they are calculated. For this, before any utilization of shape functions or jacobian, function **set** $\leftarrow$  **Local()** must be invoked.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.97.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Quad4 (const Element \* element)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

Parameters

in	element	Pointer to Element

#### Quad4 ( const Side \* side )

Constructor when data of Side sd are given.

Parameters

in	side	Pointer to Side
	0,,,,	I chiller to bitte

## 7.97.3 Member Function Documentation

void setLocal ( const Point< real\_t > & s )

Initialize local point coordinates in element.

in	S	Point in the reference element This function computes jacobian, shape functions and	
		their partial derivatives at s. Other member functions only return these values.	

#### Point<real $_t>$ DSh ( size $_ti$ ) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

Member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calculate relevant quantities.

#### Point<real\_t> Grad ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 4> & u, const Point< real\_t> & s)

Return gradient of a function defined at element nodes.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vector of values at nodes
in	S	Local coordinates (in [-1,1]) of point where the gradient is evaluated

#### Returns

Value of gradient

#### Note

If the derivatives of shape functions were not computed before calling this function (by calling setLocal), this function will compute them

#### real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s ) const [inherited]

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### Parameters

in	i	Local node label
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated

## real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

### $Point < real_t > getLocalPoint (const Point < real_t > & s) const [inherited]$

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.98 Reconstruction Class Reference

To perform various reconstruction operations.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• Reconstruction ()

Default constructor.

• Reconstruction (const Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a refrence to a Mesh instance.

• ~Reconstruction ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &ms)

Provide Mesh instance.

void P0toP1 (const Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &v)

Smooth an elementwise field to obtain a nodewise field by  $L^2$  projection.

• void DP1toP1 (const Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &v)

Smooth an Discontinuous P1 field to obtain a nodewise (Continuous  $P_1$ ) field by  $L^2$  projection.

## 7.98.1 Detailed Description

To perform various reconstruction operations.

This class enables various reconstruction operations like smoothing, projections, ...

Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.98.2 Member Function Documentation

void P0toP1 ( const Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & v)

Smooth an elementwise field to obtain a nodewise field by L<sup>2</sup> projection.

#### Parameters

in	и	Vect instance that contains field to smooth
out	v	Vect instance that contains on output smoothed field

#### void DP1toP1 ( const Vect< real\_t > & $u_t$ Vect< real\_t > & v )

Smooth an Discontinuous P1 field to obtain a nodewise (Continuous  $P_1$ ) field by  $L^2$  projection.

in	и	Vect instance that contains field to smooth
out	v	Vect instance that contains on output smoothed field

Warning

This function is valid for  $P_1$  triangles (2-D) only.

## 7.99 Rectangle Class Reference

To store and treat a rectangular figure. Inheritance diagram for Rectangle:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Rectangle ()

Default constructor.

- Rectangle (const Point < real\_t > &bbm, const Point < real\_t > &bbM, int code=1)
   Constructor.
- void setBoundingBox (const Point < real\_t > &bbm, const Point < real\_t > &bbM)
   Assign bounding box of the rectangle.
- Point< real\_t > getBoundingBox1 () const

Return first point of bounding box.

• Point< real\_t > getBoundingBox2 () const

Return second point of bounding box.

- real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const
  - Return signed distance of a given point from the current rectangle.
- Rectangle & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Rectangle & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=.

void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

- void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const
  - Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.
- real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
   const

Compute signed distance from a line.

## 7.99.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a rectangular figure.

## 7.99.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Rectangle (const Point < real t > & bbm, const Point < real t > & bbM, int code = 1)

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

in	bbm	Left Bottom point of rectangle
in	bbM	Right Top point of rectangle
in	code	Code to assign to rectangle

## 7.99.3 Member Function Documentation

void setBoundingBox ( const Point < real\_t > & bbm, const Point < real\_t > & bbM )

Assign bounding box of the rectangle.

#### **Parameters**

in	bbm	Left Bottom point
in	bbM	Right Top point

## real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current rectangle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the rectangle, negative if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

#### Parameters

in	р	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

#### Rectangle& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate rectangle by a vector a

## Rectangle& operator+= ( real\_t a )

Operator \*=.

Scale rectangle by a factor a

## void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

in	g	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real\_t dLine ( const Point < real\_t > & p, const Point < real\_t > & a, const Point < real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

#### **Parameters**

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

#### Returns

Signed distance

## 7.100 Side Class Reference

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

## **Public Types**

## **Public Member Functions**

• Side ()

Default Constructor.

• Side (size\_t label, const string &shape)

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

• Side (size\_t label, int shape)

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

• Side (const Side &sd)

Copy constructor.

• ~Side ()

Destructor.

• void Add (Node \*node)

Insert a node at end of list of nodes of side.

• void Add (Edge \*edge)

Insert an edge at end of list of edges of side.

• void setLabel (size\_t i)

Define label of side.

void setFirstDOF (size\_t n)

Define First DOF.

void setNbDOF (size\_t nb\_dof)

*Set number of degrees of freedom (DOF).* 

• void DOF (size\_t i, size\_t dof)

Define label of DOF.

void setDOF (size\_t &first\_dof, size\_t nb\_dof)

Define number of DOF.

• void setCode (size\_t dof, int code)

Assign code to a DOF.

• void setCode (const string &exp, int code, size\_t dof=1)

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of side nodes.

• void Replace (size\_t label, Node \*node)

Replace a node at a given local label.

void Add (Element \*el)

Set pointer to neighbor element.

• void set (Element \*el, size\_t i)

Set pointer to neighbor element.

void setNode (size\_t i, Node \*node)

Assign a node given by its pointer as the *i*-th node of side.

• void setOnBoundary ()

Say that the side is on the boundary.

• int getShape () const

Return side's shape.

• size\_t getLabel () const

Return label of side.

• size\_t n () const

Return label of side.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of side nodes.

• size\_t getNbVertices () const

Return number of side vertices.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of side equations.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return number of DOF.

int getCode (size\_t dof=1) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

• size\_t getDOF (size\_t i) const

Return label of i-th dof.

• size\_t getFirstDOF () const

Return label of first dof of node.

• Node \* getPtrNode (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to node of local label i.

• Node \* operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator ().

• size\_t getNodeLabel (size\_t i) const

Return global label of node with given local label.

• Element \* getNeighborElement (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to i-th side neighboring element.

• Element \* getOtherNeighborElement (Element \*el) const

Return pointer to other neighboring element than given one.

Point< real\_t > getNormal () const

Return normal vector to side.

Point< real\_t > getUnitNormal () const

Return unit normal vector to side.

• int isOnBoundary () const

Boundary side or not.

• int isReferenced ()

Say if side has a nonzero code or not.

• real\_t getMeasure () const

Return measure of side.

size\_t Contains (const Node \*nd) const

Say if a given node belongs to current side.

• void setActive (bool opt=true)

Set side is active (default) or not if argument is false

• bool isActive () const

Return true or false whether side is active or not.

• int getLevel () const

Return side level Side level increases when side is refined (starting from 0). If the level is 0, then the element has no father.

void setChild (Side \*sd)

Assign side as child of current one and assign current side as father.

• Side \* getParent () const

Return pointer to parent side Return null if no parent.

Side \* getChild (size\_t i) const

Return pointer to i-th child side Returns null pointer is no childs.

• size\_t getNbChilds () const

Return number of children of side.

## 7.100.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat finite element sides (edges in 2-D or faces in 3-D)

Defines a side of a finite element mesh. The sides are given in particular by their shapes and a list of nodes. Each node can be accessed by the member function **getPtrNode()**. The string defining the element shape must be chosen according to the following list:

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.100.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

#### enum SideType

To select side type (boundary side or not).

Enumerator

INTERNAL\_SIDE Internal side

EXTERNAL\_BOUNDARY Side on external boundary

INTERNAL\_BOUNDARY Side on internal boundary

## 7.100.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Side ( size\_t label, const string & shape )

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

#### Parameters

in	label	Label to assign to side.
in	shape	Shape of side (See class description).

## Side ( size\_t label, int shape )

Constructor initializing side label and shape.

#### **Parameters**

in	label	to assign to side.
in	shape	of side (See enum ElementShape in Mesh).

## 7.100.4 Member Function Documentation

void DOF ( size\_t i, size\_t dof )

Define label of DOF.

#### Parameters

in	i	DOF index
in	dof	Its label

## void setDOF ( size\_t & first\_dof, size\_t nb\_dof )

Define number of DOF.

#### Parameters

in,out	first_dof	Label of the first DOF in input that is actualized
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF

## void setCode ( size\_t dof, int code )

Assign code to a DOF.

in	dof	DOF to which code is assigned
in	code	Code to assign

## void setCode ( const string & exp, int code, size\_t dof = 1 )

Define code by a boolean algebraic expression invoking coordinates of side nodes.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Boolean algebraic expression as required by fparser
in	code	Code to assign to node if the algebraic expression is true
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which code is assigned [Default: 1]

## void Add ( Element \* el )

Set pointer to neighbor element.

#### **Parameters**

in   el   Pointer to element to add as a neigbor element
--

#### Remarks

This function adds the pointer el only if this one is not a null pointer

## void set ( Element \*el, size\_t i )

Set pointer to neighbor element.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element to set as a neighbor element
in	i	Local number of neighbor element

### Remarks

This function differs from the Add by the fact that the local label of neighbor element is given

## int getCode ( size\_t dof = 1 ) const

Return code for a given DOF of node.

#### **Parameters**

	in dof	Local label of degree of freedom. [Default: 1]
--	--------	--

## Node\* operator() ( size\_t i ) const

#### Operator ().

Return pointer to node of local label i.

### Element\* getNeighborElement ( size\_t i ) const

Return pointer to i-th side neighboring element.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local label of neighbor element (must be equal to 1 or 2).
----	---	--

#### Element\* getOtherNeighborElement ( Element \* el ) const

Return pointer to other neighboring element than given one.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to a given neighbor element
----	----	-------------------------------------

#### Remarks

If the side is on the boundary this function returns null pointer

#### Point<real\_t> getNormal ( ) const

Return normal vector to side.

The normal vector is oriented from the first neighbor element to the second one.

#### Warning

The norm of this vector is equal to the measure of the side (length of the edge in 2-D and area of the face in 3-D), and To get the unit normal, use rather the member function get← UnitNormal.

### Point<real\_t> getUnitNormal ( ) const

Return unit normal vector to side.

The unit normal vector is oriented from the first neighbor element to the second one.

#### Remarks

The norm of this vector is equal to one.

## int isOnBoundary ( ) const

Boundary side or not.

Returns 1 or -1 if side is on boundary Depending on whether the first or the second neighbor element is defined Returns 0 if side is an inner one

#### Remarks

This member function is valid only if member function Mesh::getAllSides() or Mesh::get← BoundarySides() has been called before.

### real\_t getMeasure ( ) const

Return measure of side.

This member function returns length or area of side. In case of quadrilaterals it returns determinant of Jacobian of mapping between reference and actual side

#### size\_t Contains ( const Node \* nd ) const

Say if a given node belongs to current side.

#### **Parameters**

in <i>nd</i> Pointer to searched noo	le
--------------------------------------	----

#### Returns

index (local label) of node if found, 0 if not

#### void setChild ( Side \* sd )

Assign side as child of current one and assign current side as father.

This function is principally used when refining is invoked (e.g. for mesh adaption)

#### **Parameters**

	in	sd	Pointer to side to assign
--	----	----	---------------------------

## 7.101 SideList Class Reference

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

### **Public Member Functions**

• SideList (Mesh &ms)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• ~SideList ()

Destructor.

• void selectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Select sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• void unselectCode (int code, int dof=1)

Unselect sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

• size\_t getNbSides () const

Return number of selected sides.

• void top ()

Reset list of sides at its top position (Non constant version)

• void top () const

Reset list of sides at its top position (Constant version)

• Side \* get ()

Return pointer to current side and move to next one (Non constant version)

• Side \* get () const

Return pointer to current side and move to next one (Constant version)

## 7.101.1 Detailed Description

Class to construct a list of sides having some common properties.

This class enables choosing multiple selection criteria by using function select... However, the intersection of these properties must be empty.

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.101.2 Member Function Documentation

void selectCode ( int code, int dof = 1 )

Select sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code that sides share	
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]	

## void unselectCode ( int code, int dof = 1 )

Unselect sides having a given code for a given degree of freedom.

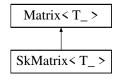
#### Parameters

in	code	Code of sides to exclude	
in	dof	Degree of Freedom label [Default: 1]	

## 7.102 SkMatrix< T\_> Class Template Reference

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

Inheritance diagram for SkMatrix <  $T_->$ :



#### **Public Member Functions**

• SkMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SkMatrix (size\_t size, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix.

• SkMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

• SkMatrix (const Vect< size\_t > &ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column heights.

• SkMatrix (const SkMatrix < T\_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ~SkMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

• void setSkyline (Mesh &mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

• void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

• void setDOF (size\_t i)

Choose DOF to activate.

void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void Axpy (T\_a, const SkMatrix < T\_> &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy  $(T_- a, const Matrix < T_- > *m)$ 

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void TMultAdd (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector **x** and add to y.

• void MultAdd ( $T_a$ , const Vect<  $T_a$  > &x, Vect<  $T_a$  > &y) const

Multiply matrix by a vector and add to another one.

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Add a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

• size\_t getColHeight (size\_t i) const

Return column height.

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• void DiagPrescribe (Mesh &mesh, Vect $< T_- > \&b$ , const Vect $< T_- > \&u$ , int flag=0)

Impose an essential boundary condition.

• void DiagPrescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Operator =.

• SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator =.

• SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator+= (const SkMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

*Operator* +=.

• SkMatrix $< T_- > & operator += (const T_- & x)$ 

*Operator* +=.

• SkMatrix $< T_- > & operator*= (const T_- &x)$ 

Operator \*=.

• int setLU ()

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

• int solve (Vect<  $T_->$  &b)

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve linear system.

• T\_\* get () const

Return C-Array.

• T\_get (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.

• virtual void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

T<sub>-</sub> getDiag (size\_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T\_ \*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T\_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T\_\*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T\_> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect<  $T_->$  &b, const Vect<  $T_->$  &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous* (=0) *essential boundary condition.* 

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

*Operator* [] (Non constant version).

T\_ operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator -=.

## 7.102.1 Detailed Description

template<class T\_> class OFELI::SkMatrix< T\_>

To handle square matrices in skyline storage format.

This template class allows storing and manipulating a matrix in skyline storage format. The matrix entries are stored in 2 vectors column by column as in the following example:

#### **Template Parameters**

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

#### Copyright

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#### 7.102.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### SkMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-dimension matrix

#### SkMatrix ( size\_t size, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix.

Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

#### Parameters

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).
in is_diagonal		Boolean to select if the matrix is diagonal or not [Default: false]

## SkMatrix ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.	
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.	

#### SkMatrix ( const Vect< size\_t> & ColHt )

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column heights.

#### Parameters

in	ColHt	Vect instance that contains rows lengths of matrix.
----	-------	---

#### 7.102.3 Member Function Documentation

void setMesh ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0 )

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

## Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0.  dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.	

## void setSkyline ( Mesh & mesh )

Determine matrix structure.

This member function calculates matrix structure using a Mesh instance.

#### Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance

#### void setDOF ( size\_t i )

Choose DOF to activate.

This function is available only if variable dof is equal to 1 in the constructor

## CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION SKMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### Parameters

in i	Index of the DOF
------	------------------

## void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const $T_- \& val$ ) [virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index (starting at i=1)
in	j	Column index (starting at i=1)
in	val	Value to assign to entry a(i,j)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const SkMatrix< $T_- > \& m$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

## Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## $void\ MultAdd\ (\ const\ Vect < T_-> \&\ \textit{x,}\ \ Vect < T_-> \&\ \textit{y}\ \ )\ const\quad [\texttt{virtual}]$

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

#### **Parameters**

in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix
in,out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void TMultAdd ( const Vect< T $_->$ & x, Vect< T $_->$ & y ) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and add to y.

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	y	y Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result	

## void MultAdd ( $T_-a$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by a vector and add to another one.

#### Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix	
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
in,out	у	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void Mult ( const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y.

## Parameters

in	х	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void TMult ( const Vect< $T_- > & x$ , Vect< $T_- > & y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

#### Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix	
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Add a constant value to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	j	Column index
in	val	Constant value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_->$ .

## size\_t getColHeight ( size\_t i ) const

Return column height.

Column height at entry i is returned.

## T\_ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

#### T\_& operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

## Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void DiagPrescribe (Mesh & mesh, Vect $< T_- > \& b$ , const Vect $< T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0)

Impose an essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. It can be modified by member function **setPenal**(..).

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which information is extracted.	
in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

## void DiagPrescribe ( Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0)

Impose an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. It can be modified by member function **setPenal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

## SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= ( const SkMatrix< T $_->$ & m )

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

### SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator =.

define the matrix as a diagonal one with all diagonal entries equal to x.

#### SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const SkMatrix< T $_->$ & m )

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

#### SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to matrix entries.

#### SkMatrix<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator \*=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

#### int setLU ( )

Factorize the matrix (LU factorization)

LU factorization of the matrix is realized. Note that since this is an in place factorization, the contents of the matrix are modified.

#### Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

#### Remarks

A flag in this class indicates after factorization that this one has been realized, so that, if the member function solve is called after this no further factorization is done.

## int solve ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
--------	---	--	--

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## int solve ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & b, Vect< $T_-$ > & x ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LU decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLU realizes the factorization step only.

### Parameters

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution	

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### T\_\* get ( ) const

Return C-Array.

Skyline of matrix is stored row by row.

### virtual void reset( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

#### Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented in DMatrix $< T_->$ .

## void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

## $T_-$ getDiag ( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

#### void Assembly (const Element & el, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

### void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance	
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance	

## void Assembly ( const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

#### void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

#### void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

### void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

## void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output	
--------	---	---	--

#### int FactorAndSolve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

#### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

#### $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in t entry maex	in	i	entry index
-----------------	----	---	-------------

## T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index

#### T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

#### T\_operator[]( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

#### Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

#### Matrix& operator== ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

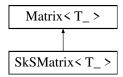
#### Matrix& operator=( const $T_- & x )$ [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

## 7.103 SkSMatrix< T\_> Class Template Reference

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format. Inheritance diagram for SkSMatrix<  $T_->$ :



## **Public Member Functions**

• SkSMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SkSMatrix (size\_t size, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix.

• SkSMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

SkSMatrix (const Vect< size\_t > &ColHt)

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column height.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size\_t > &I, const Vect< size\_t > &J, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• SkSMatrix (const Vect< size\_t > &I, const Vect< size\_t > &J, const Vect< T\_ > &a, int opt=1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

• SkSMatrix (const SkSMatrix < T\_ > &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ~SkSMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

void setSkyline (Mesh &mesh)

Determine matrix structure.

void setDiag ()

```
Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.
```

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const SkSMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Matrix < T<sub>-</sub> > \*m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void MultAdd (const Vect<  $T_->$  &x, Vect<  $T_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void MultAdd (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &x, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector **a**\***x** and add to y.

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

*Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.* 

void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Add a constant to an entry of the matrix.

• size\_t getColHeight (size\_t i) const

Return column height.

• Vect< T\_> getColumn (size\_t j) const

Get j-th column vector.

• Vect< T\_> getRow (size\_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• SkSMatrix< T\_> & operator= (const SkSMatrix< T\_> &m)

Operator = .

• SkSMatrix< T\_> & operator= (const T\_ &x)

Operator = .

• SkSMatrix< T\_> & operator+= (const SkSMatrix< T\_> &m)

*Operator* +=.

• SkSMatrix< T\_> & operator\*= (const T\_ &x)

Operator \*=.

• int setLDLt ()

Factorize matrix (LDLt (Crout) factorization).

• int solveLDLt (const Vect<  $T_-> &b$ , Vect<  $T_-> &x)$ 

Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.

• int solve (Vect $< T_- > \&b$ )

Solve linear system.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve linear system.

• T\_\* get () const

Return C-Array.

• void set (size\_t i, T\_x)

Assign a value to the i-th entry of C-array containing matrix.

• T<sub>-</sub> get (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 else.

• virtual void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

• size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

T<sub>-</sub> getDiag (size<sub>-</sub>t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T\_\*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, T<sub>-</sub>\*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix < T\_ > &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect<  $T_->$  &b, const Vect<  $T_->$  &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous* (=0) *essential boundary condition.* 

void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > &b, Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• T\_ operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator -=.

## 7.103.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::SkSMatrix< T_>
```

To handle symmetric matrices in skyline storage format.

This template class allows storing and manipulating a symmetric matrix in skyline storage format.

The matrix entries are stored column by column as in the following example:

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

#### 7.103. SKSMATRIX< T\_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**REMOT**ER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.103.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### SkSMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initializes a zero-dimension matrix

#### SkSMatrix ( size\_t size, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor that initializes a dense symmetric matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

#### Parameters

in	size	Number of matrix rows (and columns).	
in	is_diagonal	Boolean to select if the matrix is diagonal or not [Default: false]	

## SkSMatrix ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor using mesh to initialize skyline structure of matrix.

## Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.

#### SkSMatrix ( const Vect< size\_t > & ColHt )

Constructor that initializes skyline structure of matrix using vector of column height.

#### **Parameters**

in	ColHt	Vect instance that contains rows lengths of matrix.
----	-------	---

## SkSMatrix ( const Vect< size\_t > & I, const Vect< size\_t > & J, int opt = 1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

#### Parameters

in	I	Vector containing row indices	
in	J	Vector containing column indices	
in	opt	Flag indicating if vectors I and J are cleaned and ordered (opt=1) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, these vectors can contain the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered.	

# SkSMatrix ( const Vect< size\_t > & I, const Vect< size\_t > & J, const Vect< $T_-$ > & a, int opt = 1)

Constructor for a square matrix using non zero row and column indices.

#### Parameters

in	I	Vector containing row indices	
in	J	Vector containing column indices	
in	а	Vector containing matrix entries in the same order than the one given by I and J	
in	opt	Flag indicating if vectors I and J are cleaned and ordered (opt=1) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, these vectors can contain the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered	

## 7.103.3 Member Function Documentation

void setMesh ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0 )

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

## Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side)
		is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix
		structure is determined using all DOFs.

## void setSkyline ( Mesh & mesh )

Determine matrix structure.

This member function calculates matrix structure using Mesh instance mesh.

void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

#### 7.103. SKSMATRIX< T\_> CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**REMOT**ER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Parameters

in	. i	Row index
in	. <i>j</i>	Column index
in	. val	Value to assign to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const SkSMatrix< $T_- > \& m$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	a Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Pointer to Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

void MultAdd ( const Vect<  $T_-$  > & x, Vect<  $T_-$  > & y ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

## Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
in,out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

void MultAdd (  $T_-a$ , const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& y$  ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add to y.

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
in,out	у	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void Mult ( const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and save in y

#### Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void TMult ( const Vect< $T_- > & x$ , Vect< $T_- > & y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Add a constant to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Constant value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix $< T_->$ .

## size\_t getColHeight ( size\_t i ) const

Return column height.

Column height at entry i is returned.

## $T_{\infty}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

#### Warning

To modify a value of an entry of the matrix it is safer not to modify both lower and upper triangles. Otherwise, wrong values will be assigned. If not sure, use the member functions set or add.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

## T\_ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

#### SkSMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= ( const SkSMatrix< T $_->$ & m )

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

#### SkSMatrix<T $_->$ & operator= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator =.

define the matrix as a diagonal one with all diagonal entries equal to x.

#### SkSMatrix<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const SkSMatrix< T $_->$ & m )

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

#### SkSMatrix<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator \*=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

## int setLDLt ( )

Factorize matrix (LDLt (Crout) factorization).

## Returns

- 0 if factorization was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is null

#### int solveLDLt ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x )

Solve a linear system using the LDLt (Crout) factorization.

This function solves a linear system. The LDLt factorization is performed if this was not already done using the function setLU.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null

Solution is performed only is factorization has previouly been invoked.

#### int solve ( Vect< $T_-> & b$ ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LDLt decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLU. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLDLt realizes the factorization step only.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.	
--------	---	--	--

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

#### int solve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [virtual]

Solve linear system.

The linear system having the current instance as a matrix is solved by using the LDLt decomposition. Solution is thus realized after a factorization step and a forward/backward substitution step. The factorization step is realized only if this was not already done.

Note that this function modifies the matrix contents is a factorization is performed. Naturally, if the the matrix has been modified after using this function, the user has to refactorize it using the function setLDLt. This is because the class has no non-expensive way to detect if the matrix has been modified. The function setLDLt realizes the factorization step only.

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## T\_\* get ( ) const

Return C-Array.

Skyline of matrix is stored row by row.

#### virtual void reset( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

#### Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented in DMatrix $< T_->$ .

## void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

#### T\_getDiag(size\_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

## void Assembly ( const Element & el, T\_\* a ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

#### void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

#### void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

# void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_- > & b$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

#### void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_- > & b$ , const Vect< $T_- > & u$ , int flag = 0) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

#### void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

#### **Parameters**

in, out   b   Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
---

#### int FactorAndSolve (const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
out	х	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

#### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

#### T\_ operator() ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### Parameters

in	i	entry index

#### T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### Parameters

	in	i	entry index
--	----	---	-------------

## T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

#### T\_ operator[]( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

#### Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

#### Matrix& operator+= ( const $T_- & x$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

#### Matrix& operator== ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

## Matrix& operator== ( const T\_ & x ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

## 7.104 Sphere Class Reference

To store and treat a sphere.

Inheritance diagram for Sphere:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Sphere ()

Default construcor.

• Sphere (const Point < real\_t > &c, real\_t r, int code=1)

Constructor.

• void setRadius (real\_t r)

Assign radius of sphere.

• real\_t getRadius () const

Return radius of sphere.

void setCenter (const Point< real\_t > &c)

Assign coordinates of center of sphere.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of sphere.

real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current sphere.

• Sphere & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

Operator +=.

• Sphere & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

## 7.104.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a sphere.

#### 7.104.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Sphere ( const Point < real\_t > & c, real\_t r, int code = 1 )

Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

in	С	Coordinates of center of sphere
in	r	Radius
in	code	Code to assign to the generated sphere [Default: 1]

#### 7.104.3 Member Function Documentation

real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current sphere.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the ball, positive if it is outside, and 0 on the sphere

in	р	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

## Sphere& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate sphere by a vector a

#### Sphere& operator+= ( real\_t a )

Operator \*=.

Scale sphere by a factor a

## void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Grid instance
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

## real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

## Parameters

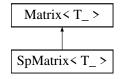
in	р	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

#### Returns

Signed distance

## 7.105 SpMatrix $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

To handle matrices in sparse storage format. Inheritance diagram for SpMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>>:



## **Public Member Functions**

• SpMatrix ()

Default constructor.

• SpMatrix (size\_t nr, size\_t nc)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• SpMatrix (size\_t size, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix.

• SpMatrix (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0, int is\_diagonal=false)

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

• SpMatrix (const SpMatrix &m)

Copy constructor.

∼SpMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void Dense ()

Define matrix as a dense one.

• void Identity ()

Define matrix as identity matrix.

• void Diagonal ()

 $Define\ matrix\ as\ a\ diagonal\ one.$ 

• void Diagonal (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)

Define matrix as a diagonal one with diagonal entries equal to a

void Laplace1D (size\_t n, real\_t h)

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

void Laplace2D (size\_t nx, size\_t ny)

*Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.* 

• void setMesh (Mesh &mesh, size\_t dof=0)

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

• void setOneDOF ()

Activate 1-DOF per node option.

• void setSides ()

Activate Sides option.

void setDiag ()

Store diagonal entries in a separate internal vector.

void DiagPrescribe (Mesh &mesh, Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition.

• void DiagPrescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void setSize (size\_t size)

*Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).* 

• void setSize (size\_t nr, size\_t nc)

*Set size* (*number of rows*) *of matrix*.

• void setGraph (const Vect< RC > &I, int opt=1)

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

• Vect< T\_> getRow (size\_t i) const

Get i-th row vector.

```
• Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > getColumn (size<sub>-</sub>t j) const
```

Get j-th column vector.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version)

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version)

• const T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version)

• const T\_ operator[] (size\_t i) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Vect $< T_- > operator* (const Vect < T_- > &x) const$ 

*Operator* \* to multiply matrix by a vector.

• SpMatrix < T\_> & operator\*= (const T\_ &a)

*Operator* \*= to premultiply matrix by a constant.

void getMesh (Mesh &mesh)

Get mesh instance whose reference will be stored in current instance of SpMatrix.

• void Mult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

• void MultAdd (const Vect<  $T_->$  &x, Vect<  $T_->$  &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

• void MultAdd ( $T_-$  a, const Vect<  $T_-$  > &x, Vect<  $T_-$  > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector  $\mathbf{a} * \mathbf{x}$  and add to  $\mathbf{y}$ .

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const SpMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy  $(T_a, const Matrix < T_ > *m)$ 

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

• void operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator =.

size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return storage information.

size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

Return Row pointer at position i.

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

*Solve the linear system of equations.* 

• void setSolver (Iteration solver=CG\_SOLVER, Preconditioner prec=DIAG\_PREC, int max—it=1000, real\_t toler=1.e-8)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

• void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

• T\_ \* get () const

Return C-Array.

T<sub>-</sub> get (size<sub>-</sub>t i, size<sub>-</sub>t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

• SpMat & getEigenMatrix ()

Return reference to the matrix instance in Eigen library.

• virtual void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

• size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

*Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.* 

• T<sub>-</sub> getDiag (size\_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• void Assembly (const Element &el, T\_ \*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix < T\_ > &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix < T\_> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b, int flag=0)

*Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous* (=0) *essential boundary condition.* 

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

• void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• virtual int solve (Vect<  $T_->$  &b)=0

Solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

*Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).* 

T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

*Operator* +=.

Matrix & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

*Operator* -=.

Matrix & operator-= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator -=.

## **Friends**

template < class TT\_ >
 ostream & operator < < (ostream &s, const SpMatrix < TT\_ > &A)

## 7.105.1 Detailed Description

```
template < class T_> class OFELI::SpMatrix < T_>
```

To handle matrices in sparse storage format.

This template class enables storing and manipulating a sparse matrix, i.e. only nonzero terms are stored. Internally, the matrix is stored as a vector instance and uses for the definition of its graph a Vect<size\_t> instance row\_ptr and a Vect<size\_t> instance col\_ind that contains respectively addresses of first element of each row and column indices.

To illustrate this, consider the matrix

```
1 2 0 3 4 0
```

Such a matrix is stored in the vector<real\_t> instance  $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$ . The vectors row\_ptr and col\_ind are respectively:  $\{0,2,4,5\}$ ,  $\{1,2,1,2,2\}$ 

When the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI, the class uses the sparse matrix class of eigen and enables then access to specific solvers (see class LinearSolver)

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow \bigcirc Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### 7.105.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## SpMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero-dimension matrix

#### SpMatrix ( size\_t nr, size\_t nc )

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

#### Parameters

in	nr	Number of matrix rows.	
in	пс	Number of matrix columns.	

## SpMatrix ( size\_t size, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor that initializes current instance as a dense matrix. Normally, for a dense matrix this is not the right class.

#### Parameters

in size Number of matrix rows (and column		Number of matrix rows (and columns).
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.

## SpMatrix ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0, int is\_diagonal = false )

Constructor using a Mesh instance.

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which matrix graph is extracted.	
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.	
in	is_diagonal	Boolean argument to say is the matrix is actually a diagonal matrix or not.	

## 7.105.3 Member Function Documentation

## void Laplace1D ( size\_t n, real\_t h )

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from  $P_1$  finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -u'' = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

#### Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	Size of matrix (Number of rows	
in	h	Mesh size (assumed constant)	

## void Laplace2D ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny )

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 2-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from  $P_1$  finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -Delta u = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

#### Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

#### Parameters

in	nx	Number of unknowns in the x-direction
in	ny	Number of unknowns in the y-direction

#### Remarks

The number of rows is equal to nx\*ny

#### void setMesh ( Mesh & mesh, size\_t dof = 0 )

Determine mesh graph and initialize matrix.

This member function is called by constructor with the same arguments

#### Parameters

in	mesh	Mesh instance for which matrix graph is determined.
in	dof	Option parameter, with default value 0. dof=1 means that only one degree of freedom for each node (or element or side) is taken to determine matrix structure. The value dof=0 means that matrix structure is determined using all DOFs.

OFELI's Reference Guide

#### void DiagPrescribe (Mesh & mesh, Vect $< T_- > \& b$ , const Vect $< T_- > \& u$ )

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance from which information is extracted.	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	

## void DiagPrescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u)

Impose by a diagonal method an essential boundary condition using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.

## void setSize ( size\_t size )

Set size of matrix (case where it's a square matrix).

## Parameters

in	size	Number of rows and columns.

## void setSize ( size\_t nr, size\_t nc )

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

in	nr	Number of rows
in	пс	Number of columns

## void setGraph ( const Vect < RC > & I, int opt = 1 )

Set graph of matrix by giving a vector of its nonzero entries.

#### **Parameters**

in	I	Vector containing pairs of row and column indices	
in	opt	Flag indicating if vector I is cleaned and ordered (opt=1: default) or not (opt=0). In the latter case, this vector can have the same contents more than once and are not necessarily ordered	

## $T_{\infty}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version)

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## T\_ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version)

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## const T\_ operator() ( size\_t i ) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version)

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

## const $T_-$ operator[] ( size\_t i ) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 0. Entries are stored row by row.

#### Vect<T $_->$ operator\* ( const Vect< T $_->$ & x ) const

Operator \* to multiply matrix by a vector.

in	х	Vect instance to multiply by
----	---	------------------------------

## CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION SPMATRIX < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCE

#### Returns

Vector product of matrix by x

## SpMatrix<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator \*= to premultiply matrix by a constant.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Constant to multiply matrix by
----	---	--------------------------------

#### Returns

Resulting matrix

## void Mult ( const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ , Vect< $T_- > \& y$ ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector and save in another one.

#### Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

void MultAdd ( const Vect<  $T_-$  > & x, Vect<  $T_-$  > & y ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector x and add to y.

#### Parameters

in x		Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

void MultAdd (  $T_-a$ , const Vect<  $T_- > \& x$ , Vect<  $T_- > \& y$  ) const [virtual]

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add to y.

#### Parameters

in	а	Constant to multiply by matrix
in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector to add to the result. y contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void TMult ( const Vect< T $_->$ & x, Vect< T $_->$ & y ) const [virtual]

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save in y.

#### Parameters

in	x	Vector to multiply by matrix
out	y	Vector that contains on output the result.

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void Axpy ( $T_- a$ , const SpMatrix< $T_- > \& m$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const Matrix $< T_- > * m$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

#### Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Pointer to Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Assign a value to an entry of the matrix.

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index
in	val	Value to assign to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ & val ) [virtual]

Add a value to an entry of the matrix.

in	i	Row index

#### **Parameters**

in	j	Column index
in	val	Constant value to add to a(i,j)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

void operator= ( const  $T_- \& x$  )

Operator =.

Assign constant value x to all matrix entries.

size\_t getColInd ( size\_t i ) const [virtual]

Return storage information.

Returns

Column index of the i-th stored element in matrix

Reimplemented from Matrix $< T_- >$ .

int solve ( const Vect< T $_->$  & b, Vect< T $_->$  & x ) [virtual]

Solve the linear system of equations.

The default parameters are:

- CG\_SOLVER for solver
- DIAG\_PREC for preconditioner
- Max. Number of iterations is 1000
- Tolerance is 1.e-8

To change these values, call function setSolver before this function

## Parameters

in	b	Vector that contains right-hand side
out	x	Vector that contains the obtained solution

#### Returns

Number of actual performed iterations

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

void setSolver ( Iteration  $solver = CG\_SOLVER$ , Preconditioner  $prec = DIAG\_PREC$ , int  $max\_it = 1000$ , real\_t toler = 1.e-8)

Choose solver and preconditioner for an iterative procedure.

in	solver	Option to choose iterative solver in an enumerated variable
		CG_SOLVER: Conjugate Gradient [default]
		CGS_SOLVER: Squared conjugate gradient
		BICG_SOLVER: Biconjugate gradient
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER: Biconjugate gradient stabilized
		GMRES_SOLVER: Generalized Minimal Residual
		Default value is CG_SOLVER
in	prec	Option to choose preconditioner in an enumerated variable
		IDENT_PREC: Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning)
		DIAG_PREC: Diagonal preconditioner [default]
		SSOR_PREC: SSOR (Symmetric Successive Over Relaxation) preconditioner
		DILU_PREC: ILU (Diagonal Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
		ILU_PREC: ILU (Incomplete factorization) preconditioner
		Default value is DIAG_PREC
in	max← _it	Maximum number of allowed iterations. Default value is 1000.
in	toler	Tolerance for convergence. Default value is 1.e-8

## $T_-*$ get ( ) const

Return C-Array.

Non zero terms of matrix is stored row by row.

## T\_get( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Return entry (i,j) of matrix if this one is stored, 0 otherwise.

## Parameters

in	i	Row index (Starting from 1)
in	j	Column index (Starting from 1)

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

virtual void reset( ) [virtual],[inherited]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified Reimplemented in DMatrix <  $T_->$ .

## void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored. This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

## T\_getDiag(size\_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix. First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

## void Assembly (const Element & $el_t$ T<sub>-</sub> \* a ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

## void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

## void Assembly (const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance

## void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, const Vect< T $_->$ & u, int flag=0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

#### void Prescribe ( Vect< T $_->$ & b, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in,out b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
----------	--

in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified
		(dof>0)
		or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

## void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

#### void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides. This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function set←

Penal(..).

virtual int solve (  $Vect < T_- > \& b$  ) [pure virtual], [inherited]

Solve the linear system.

If the inherited class is SpMatrix, the function uses an iterative method once this one has been chosen. Otherwise, the method solves the linear system by factorization.

Implemented in SkSMatrix<  $T_->$ , SkMatrix<  $T_->$ , DMatrix<  $T_->$ , DSMatrix<  $T_->$ , Tr $\leftarrow$  Matrix<  $T_->$ , and BMatrix<  $T_->$ .

#### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output
--------	---	---

## int FactorAndSolve ( const Vect< T $_->$ & b, Vect< T $_->$ & x ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

#### **Parameters**

j	in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side
C	out	x	Vect instance that contains solution

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

#### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

## T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index

## T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

## Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

### Matrix& operator+= ( const $T_- \& x$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

## Matrix& operator-= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

#### Matrix& operator-= ( const $T_- \& x$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

## 7.106 SteklovPoincare2DBE Class Reference

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

#### **Public Member Functions**

• SteklovPoincare2DBE (bool ext=false)

Default Constructor.

• SteklovPoincare2DBE (const Mesh &mesh, bool ext=false)

Constructor using mesh data.

• SteklovPoincare2DBE (const Mesh &mesh, const Vect< real\_t > &g, Vect< real\_t > &b, bool ext=false)

Constructor that solves the Steklov Poincare problem.

• ~SteklovPoincare2DBE ()

Destructor.

• void setMesh (const Mesh &mesh, bool ext=false)

set Mesh instance

• void Solve ()

Build equation left and right-hand sides for  $P_0$  (piecewise constant) approximation.

• int Solve (Vect< real\_t > &b, const Vect< real\_t > &g)

Build equation left and right-hand sides for  $P_0$  (piecewise constant) approximation.

## 7.106.1 Detailed Description

Solver of the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D geometries using piecewie constant boundary elemen.

SteklovPoincare2DBE solves the Steklov Poincare problem in 2-D: Given the trace of a harmonic function on the boundary of a given (inner or outer) domain, this class computes the normal derivative of the function. The normal is considered as oriented out of the bounded (inner) domain in both inner and outer configurations. The numerical approximation uses piecewise constant (P<sub>0</sub>) approximation on edges of the boundary. Solution is obtained from the GMRES iterative solver without preconditioning. The given data is the vector (instance of class Vect) of piecewise constant values of the harmonic function on the boundary and the returned solution is piecewise constant value of the normal derivative considered either as a Vect instance.

Note

Although the mesh of the inner domain is not necessary to solve the problem, this one must be provided in order to calculate the outward normal.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.106.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## SteklovPoincare2DBE ( bool ext = false )

Default Constructor.

#### **Parameters**

in	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default	1
		value).	

## SteklovPoincare2DBE ( const Mesh & mesh, bool ext = false )

Constructor using mesh data.

This constructor calls member function setMesh.

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh Reference to mesh instance.	
in	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default value).

## SteklovPoincare2DBE ( const Mesh & mesh, const Vect< real\_t > & g, Vect< real\_t > & b, bool ext = false)

Constructor that solves the Steklov Poincare problem.

This constructor calls member function setMesh and Solve.

## Parameters

in	mesh	Reference to mesh instance.	
in	g	Vect instance that contains imposed solution on the boundary	
in	b	Vect instance that contains the left hand side in input and the solution in output	
in <i>ext</i> Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (fixed) value).		Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default value).	

## 7.106.3 Member Function Documentation

void setMesh ( const Mesh & mesh, bool ext = false )

set Mesh instance

in	in mesh Mesh instance	
in	ext	Boolean variable to say if the domain is external (true) or internal (false: Default value).

#### void Solve ( )

Build equation left and right-hand sides for P<sub>0</sub> (piecewise constant) approximation.

This member function is to be used if the constructor using mesh, b and g has been used.

## int Solve ( Vect< real\_t > & b, const Vect< real\_t > & g)

Build equation left and right-hand sides for P<sub>0</sub> (piecewise constant) approximation.

This member function is to be used if the constructor using mesh has been used. It concerns cases where the imposed boundary condition is given by sides

#### **Parameters**

in <i>g</i> Vector that contains imposed solution on the boundary		Vector that contains imposed solution on the boundary
in	b	Vector that contains the left hand side in input and the solution in output

## 7.107 Tabulation Class Reference

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Tabulation ()

Default constructor.

• Tabulation (string file)

Constructor using file name.

• ∼Tabulation ()

Destructor.

• void setFile (string file)

Set file name.

• real\_t getValue (string funct, real\_t v)

Return the calculated value of the function.

• real\_t getDerivative (string funct, real\_t v)

Return the derivative of the function at a given point.

• real\_t getValue (string funct, real\_t v1, real\_t v2)

Return the calculated value of the function.

real\_t getValue (string funct, real\_t v1, real\_t v2, real\_t v3)

 $Return\ the\ calculated\ value\ of\ the\ function.$ 

## 7.107.1 Detailed Description

To read and manipulate tabulated functions.

This class enables reading a tabulated function of one to three variables and calculating the value of the function using piecewise multilinear interpolation.

The file defining the function is an XML file where any function is introduced via the tag " $\leftarrow$  Function".

Author

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## 7.108 Tetra4 Class Reference

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using P<sub>1</sub> interpolation. Inheritance diagram for Tetra4:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• Tetra4 ()

Default Constructor.

• Tetra4 (const Element \*el)

Constructor when data of Element el are given.

• ~Tetra4 ()

Destructor.

void set (const Element \*el)

Choose element by giving its pointer.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function associated to node i.

real\_t getVolume () const

Return volume of element.

• Point< real\_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real\_t > &x) const

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

• bool isIn (const Point< real\_t > &x)

Check whether point x is in current tetrahedron or not.

• real\_t getInterpolate (const Point< real\_t > &x, const LocalVect< real\_t, 4 > &v)

Return interpolated value at point of coordinate x

Point< real\_t > EdgeSh (size\_t k, Point< real\_t > s)

Return edge shape function.

• Point< real\_t > CurlEdgeSh (size\_t k)

Return curl of edge shape function.

• real\_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of tetrahedron.

real\_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of tetrahedron.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.108.1 Detailed Description

Defines a three-dimensional 4-node tetrahedral finite element using  $P_1$  interpolation. The reference element is the right tetrahedron with four unit edges interpolation.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.108.2 Member Function Documentation

## real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point< real\_t > s ) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s. s is a point in the reference tetrahedron.

#### Point<real $_t>$ DSh ( size $_ti$ ) const

Return x, y and z partial derivatives of shape function associated to node i. Note that these are constant in element.

## Point<real\_t> EdgeSh ( size\_t k, Point< real\_t> s )

Return edge shape function.

#### Parameters

in $k$ Local edge number for which the edge shape function is		Local edge number for which the edge shape function is computed	
in	s	Local coordinates in element	

#### Remarks

Element edges are ordered as follows: Edge k has end vertices k and k+1

## Point<real\_t> CurlEdgeSh ( size\_t k )

Return curl of edge shape function.

in	k	Local edge number for which the curl of the edge shape function is computed	
----	---	---	--

#### Remarks

Element edges are ordered as follows: Edge k has end vertices k and k+1

## real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( const Point< real\_t> & s ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.109 Timer Class Reference

To handle elapsed time counting.

## **Public Member Functions**

• Timer ()

Default constructor.

• ~Timer ()

Destructor.

• bool Started () const

Say if time counter has started.

• void Start ()

Start (or resume) time counting.

• void Stop ()

Stop time counting.

• void Clear ()

Clear time value (Set to zero)

• real\_t get () const

Return elapsed time (in seconds)

real\_t getTime () const

Return elapsed time (in seconds)

## 7.109.1 Detailed Description

To handle elapsed time counting.

This class is to be used when testing program performances. A normal usage of the class is, once an instance is constructed, to use alternatively, Start, Stop and Resume. Elapsed time can be obtained once the member function Stop is called.

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## 7.109.2 Member Function Documentation

#### bool Started ( ) const

Say if time counter has started.

Return true if time has started, false if not

## void Start ( )

Start (or resume) time counting.

This member function is to be used to start or resume time counting

## void Stop ( )

Stop time counting.

This function interrupts time counting. This one can be resumed by the function Start

## real\_t getTime ( ) const

Return elapsed time (in seconds) Identical to get

## 7.110 TimeStepping Class Reference

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form  $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$ 

## **Public Member Functions**

• TimeStepping ()

Default constructor.

• TimeStepping (TimeScheme s, real\_t time\_step=theTimeStep, real\_t final\_time=theFinal← Time)

Constructor using time discretization data.

~TimeStepping ()

Destructor.

- void set (TimeScheme s, real\_t time\_step=theTimeStep, real\_t final\_time=theFinalTime)

  Define data of the differential equation or system.
- void setLinearSolver (LinearSolver < real\_t > &ls)

Set reference to LinearSolver instance.

• void setPDE (AbsEqua < real\_t > &eq, bool nl=false)

Define partial differential equation to solve.

void setRK4RHS (Vect< real\_t > &f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

void setRK3\_TVDRHS (Vect< real\_t > &f)

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the TVD Runge-Kutta 3 method.

• void setInitial (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial condition for the system of differential equations.

void setInitial (Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &v)

Set initial condition for a system of differential equations.

• void setInitialRHS (Vect< real\_t > &f)

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations when the used scheme requires it.

• void setRHS (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Set right-hand side vector.

• void setBC (Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set vector containing boundary condition to enforce.

• void setNewmarkParameters (real\_t beta, real\_t gamma)

Define parameters for the Newmark scheme.

void setConstantMatrix ()

*Say that matrix problem is constant.* 

void setNonConstantMatrix ()

Say that matrix problem is variable.

void setLinearSolver (Iteration s=DIRECT\_SOLVER, Preconditioner p=DIAG\_PREC)

Set linear solver data.

• void setNLTerm0 (Vect< real\_t > &a0, Matrix< real\_t > &A0)

Set vectors defining a nonlinear first order system of ODEs.

void setNLTerm (Vect< real\_t > &a0, Vect< real\_t > &a1, Vect< real\_t > &a2)

Set vectors defining a nonlinear second order system of ODEs.

• void setVerbose (int v=0)

Set verbosity parameter:

• real\_t runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• void run (bool opt=false)

Run the time stepping procedure.

void Assembly (const Element &el, real\_t \*b, real\_t \*A0, real\_t \*A1, real\_t \*A2=NULL)

Assemble element arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

• void SAssembly (const Side &sd, real\_t \*b, real\_t \*A=NULL)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

• LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLSolver ()

Return LinearSolver instance.

## 7.110.1 Detailed Description

To solve time stepping problems, i.e. systems of linear ordinary differential equations of the form  $[A2]\{y''\} + [A1]\{y'\} + [A0]\{y\} = \{b\}.$ 

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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#### Features:

- The system may be first or second order (first and/or second order time derivatives
- The following time integration schemes can be used:
  - For first order systems: The following schemes are implemented Forward Euler (value ← : FORWARD\_EULER)

Backward Euler (value: *BACKWARD\_EULER*) Crank-Nicolson (value: *CRANK\_NICOLSON*)

Heun (value: HEUN)

2nd Order Adams-Bashforth (value: *AB2*) 4-th order Runge-Kutta (value: *RK4*)

2nd order Backward Differentiation Formula (value: BDF2)

For second order systems: The following schemes are implemented Newmark (value ← : NEWMARK)

## 7.110.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

 $\label{timestepping} \mbox{ ( TimeScheme $s$, real\_t $time\_step$ = theTimeStep, real\_t $final\_time$ = theFinalTime$ )}$ 

Constructor using time discretization data.

#### Parameters

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)
		Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive method is used. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the global variable theTimeStep
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime

## 7.110.3 Member Function Documentation

void set ( TimeScheme s, real\_t time\_step = theTimeStep, real\_t final\_time = theFinalTime )

Define data of the differential equation or system.

in	S	Choice of the scheme: To be chosen in the enumerated variable <i>TimeScheme</i> (see the presentation of the class)
in	Value of the time step. This value will be modified if an adaptive mused. The default value for this parameter if the value given by the variable theTimeStep	
in	final_time	Value of the final time (time starts at 0). The default value for this parameter is the value given by the global variable theFinalTime

## void setLinearSolver ( LinearSolver < real\_t > & ls )

Set reference to LinearSolver instance.

#### Parameters

in	1s	Reference to LinearSolver instance
T11	i U	Reference to Effication ver historice

## void setPDE ( AbsEqua < real\_t > & eq, bool nl = false )

Define partial differential equation to solve.

The used equation class must have been constructed using the Mesh instance

#### **Parameters**

in	eq	Reference to equation instance
in	nl	Toggle to say if the considered equation is linear [Default: 0] or not

## void setRK4RHS ( Vect< real\_t > & f )

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the Runge-Kutta method.

## Parameters

in	f	Vector containing the RHS

## void setRK3\_TVDRHS ( Vect< real\_t > & f )

Set intermediate right-hand side vector for the TVD Runge-Kutta 3 method.

in f Vector c	ontaining the RHS
---------------	-------------------

#### void setInitial ( Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set initial condition for the system of differential equations.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
----	---	---

## Remarks

If a second-order differential equation is to be solved, use the the same function with two initial vectors (one for the unknown, the second for its time derivative)

## void setInitial ( Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & v)

Set initial condition for a system of differential equations.

#### **Parameters**

in	и	Vector containing initial condition for the unknown
in	v	Vector containing initial condition for the time derivative of the unknown

#### Note

This function can be used to provide solution at previous time step if a restarting procedure is used.

This member function is to be used only in the case of a second order system

## void setInitialRHS ( Vect< real\_t > & f )

Set initial RHS for a system of differential equations when the used scheme requires it.

Giving the right-hand side at initial time is somtimes required for high order methods like Runge-Kutta

#### **Parameters**

in	f	Vector containing right-hand side at initial time. This vector is helpful for high order	
		methods	

## Note

This function can be used to provide solution at previous time step if a restarting procedure is used.

## void setNewmarkParameters ( real\_t beta, real\_t gamma )

Define parameters for the Newmark scheme.

in	beta	Parameter beta [Default: 0.25]

in	gamma	Parameter gamma	[Default: 0.5]
----	-------	-----------------	----------------

## void setConstantMatrix ( )

Say that matrix problem is constant.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

## void setNonConstantMatrix ( )

Say that matrix problem is variable.

This is useful if the linear system is solved by a factorization method but has no effect otherwise

## void setLinearSolver ( Iteration $s = DIRECT\_SOLVER$ , Preconditioner $p = DIAG\_PREC$ )

Set linear solver data.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Solver identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Iteration: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, CGS_SOLVER, BICG_SOLVER, BICG_STAB_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER, QMR_SOLVER [Default: DIRECT_SOLVER]
in	р	Preconditioner identification parameter. To be chosen in the enumeration variable Preconditioner:  IDENT_PREC, DIAG_PREC, ILU_PREC [Default: DIAG_PREC]

#### Note

The argument *p* has no effect if the solver is DIRECT\_SOLVER

## void setNLTerm0 ( Vect< real\_t > & a0, Matrix< real\_t > & A0)

Set vectors defining a nonlinear first order system of ODEs.

The ODE system has the form a1(u)' + a0(u) = 0

#### **Parameters**

in	a0	Vect instance defining the 0-th order term
in	A0	Matrix instance

## void setNLTerm ( Vect< real\_t > & a0, Vect< real\_t > & a1, Vect< real\_t > & a2 )

Set vectors defining a nonlinear second order system of ODEs.

The ODE system has the form a2(u)'' + a1(u)' + a0(u) = 0

	in	а0	Vect instance defining the 0-th order term
Ī	in	a1	Vect instance defining the first order term
Ī	in	a2	Vect instance defining the second order term

#### void setVerbose ( int v = 0 )

Set verbosity parameter:

- = 0, No output
- = 1, Print step label and time value
- = 2, Print step label, time value, time step and integration scheme

## real\_t runOneTimeStep ( )

Run one time step.

Returns

Value of new time step if this one is updated

## void run ( bool opt = false )

Run the time stepping procedure.

## Parameters

in	opt	Flag to say if problem matrix is constant while time stepping (true) or not (Default value is false)
----	-----	--

## Note

This argument is not used if the time stepping scheme is explicit

## void Assembly (const Element & el, real\_t \* b, real\_t \* A0, real\_t \* A1, real\_t \* A2 = NULL)

Assemble element arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

in	el	Reference to Element class
in	b	Pointer to element right-hand side
in	A0	Pointer to matrix of 0-th order term (involving no time derivative)
in	A1	Pointer to matrix of first order term (involving time first derivative)
in	A2	Pointer to matrix of second order term (involving time second derivative) [Default: NULL]

## void SAssembly (const Side & sd, real\_t \* b, real\_t \* A = NULL)

Assemble side arrays into global matrix and right-hand side.

This member function is to be called from finite element equation classes

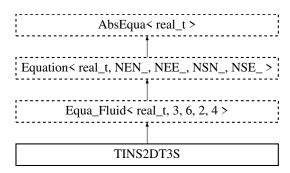
#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side class
in	b	Pointer to side right-hand side
in	A	Pointer to matrix [Default: NULL]

## 7.111 TINS2DT3S Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 3-node triangle finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

Inheritance diagram for TINS2DT3S:



## **Public Member Functions**

• TINS2DT3S ()

Default Constructor.

- TINS2DT3S (Mesh &mesh, Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &p, real\_t &ts, real\_t Re=0.) Constructor using mesh.
- ~TINS2DT3S ()

Destructor.

void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

• int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run (in the case of one step run)

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose be by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

  Localize Element Vector.
- void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

• void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

• void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

• void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set initial solution (previous time step)

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver< real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void Viscosity (const real\_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

void ThermalExpansion (const real\_t \*e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.111.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 2-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 3-node triangle finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.111.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

TINS2DT3S ( Mesh & mesh, Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & p, real\_t & ts, real\_t Re = 0. )

Constructor using mesh.

#### **Parameters**

in	mesh	Mesh instance
in,out	и	Vect instance containing initial velocity. This vector is updated during computations and will therefore contain velocity at each time step
out	p	Vect instance that will contain pressure at nodes. This vector is updated during computations and will therefore contain pressure at each time step
in	ts	Time step
in	Re	Reynolds number. The default value (0) means that no Reynolds number is given and problem data are supplied by material properties. If Re has any other value, then nondimensional form of the equations is assumed and material properties are ignored.

## 7.111.3 Member Function Documentation

void setInput ( EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set equation input data.

## Parameters

in	opt	Parameter to select type of input (enumerated values)
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition)
		VELOCITY_FIELD: Velocity vector (for the convection term)
in	и	Vector containing input data (Vect instance)

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

## Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

## $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect< real\_t>\&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

## $\label{lem:const} \begin{tabular}{ll} void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& be \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} (const Vect < real\_t > \& b, LocalVect < real\_t , NEN_> \& b, LocalVect < real\_t ,$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

## void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int  $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_$ theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

## Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

#### void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## Parameters

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( $BMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( SkSMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SkMatrix < real\_t > \& A ) \ [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \ Element Assembly ( \ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A \ ) \ \ [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

ir	. A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
----	-----	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

in A
------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
--	----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )} \quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

### Parameters

d		
	A	Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

b Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real\_t > *A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A\ )}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ \ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

P	A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
		SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	х	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

## real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

in	exp	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

## Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

#### **Parameters**

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.111.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

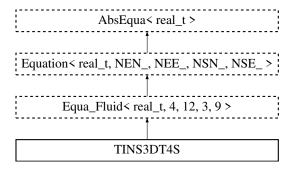
LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.112 TINS3DT4S Class Reference

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 3-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 4-node tatrahedral finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

Inheritance diagram for TINS3DT4S:



#### **Public Member Functions**

• TINS3DT4S ()

Default Constructor.

- TINS3DT4S (Mesh &mesh, Vect< real\_t > &u, Vect< real\_t > &p, real\_t &ts, real\_t Re=0.)
   Constructor using mesh.
- ~TINS3DT4S ()

Destructor.

void setInput (EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > &u)

Set equation input data.

int runOneTimeStep ()

Run one time step.

• int run ()

Run (in the case of one step run)

• void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

*Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.* 

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

• void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix < real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

• void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

• void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect < real\_t > &x, Vect < real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

• size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

LinearSolver < real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix < real\_t > \*A, Vect < real\_t > &b, Vect < real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

• int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix < real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_ > eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

Local Vect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_> sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

## **Protected Member Functions**

• void Viscosity (const real\_t &visc)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Viscosity (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

• void Density (const real\_t &dens)

Set (constant) Viscosity.

• void Density (const string &exp)

Set Density given by an algebraic expression.

• void ThermalExpansion (const real\_t \*e)

Set (constant) thermal expansion coefficient.

• void ThermalExpansion (const string &exp)

Set thermal expansion coefficient given by an algebraic expression.

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

## 7.112.1 Detailed Description

Builds finite element arrays for transient incompressible fluid flow using Navier-Stokes equations in 3-D domains. Numerical approximation uses stabilized 4-node tatrahedral finite elements for velocity and pressure. 2nd-order projection scheme is used for time integration.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.112.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

TINS3DT4S ( Mesh & mesh, Vect< real\_t > & u, Vect< real\_t > & p, real\_t & ts, real\_t Re = 0. )

Constructor using mesh.

in	mesh	Mesh instance	
in,out	и	Vect instance containing initial velocity. This vector is updated during computations and will therefore contain velocity at each time step	
out	p	Vect instance that will contain pressure at nodes. This vector is updated during computations and will therefore contain pressure at each time step	
in	ts	Time step	
in	Re	Reynolds number. The default value (0) means that no Reynolds number is given and problem data are supplied by material properties. If Re has any other value, then nondimensional form of the equations is assumed and material properties are ignored.	

## 7.112.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setInput ( EqDataType opt, Vect< real\_t > & u )

Set equation input data.

#### Parameters

in	opt	Parameter to select type of input (enumerated values)
		INITIAL_FIELD: Initial temperature
		BOUNDARY_CONDITION_DATA: Boundary condition (Dirichlet)
		SOURCE_DATA: Heat source
		FLUX_DATA: Heat flux (Neumann boundary condition). NOT IMPLEMENTED
		VELOCITY_FIELD: Velocity vector (for the convection term)
in	и	Vector containing input data (Vect instance)

## void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

## void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

## Parameters

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs	
----	----	---	--

### Remarks

The current element is pointed by \_theElement

## void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### Parameters

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	dof	DOF setting:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system	

## $void\ LocalNodeVector(\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b$ ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.	

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

## void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in	b	Global vector to be localized.	
out	be Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equation		
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector	

### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	in $b$ Global vector to be localized.	
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

# void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
in	flag	Option to set:	
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]	
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void SideVector ( const Vect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized	
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]	
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements	
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides	
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.	

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates ( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ Matrix < {f real\_t} > *A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real $_t > \& A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( BMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ SpMatrix < real.t > \& A \ ) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### Parameters

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	1
--	----	---	--	---

### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Element Assembly \ ( \ TrMatrix < {f real.t} > \& A \ ) \ \ [{f inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void ElementAssembly ( Vect< real\_t> & v ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ PETScMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ ) \ \ [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Reference to global matrix

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( PETScVect< real\_t> & b ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( Matrix < real\_t > \*A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

### Parameters

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

### void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SkMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > & A) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	----	---	--	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ v\ )}$ [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

#### Parameters

in v	Global vector (Vect instance)
------	-------------------------------

### Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
	SpMatrix)

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

### void DGElementAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $SkMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## ${f void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix{<}\ real\_t > \&\ A\ )}\ \ {f [inherited]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	
--	------	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

### real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

#### **Parameters**

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

## $Mesh\&\ getMesh\ (\ \ )\ const\ \ [{\tt inherited}]$

Return reference to Mesh instance.

#### Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

## void setSolver( Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc = IDENT\_PREC) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

### Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

### Parameters

in	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
	DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

## int solve LinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

in	A	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

### int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

## 7.112.4 Member Data Documentation

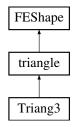
LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

## 7.113 Triang3 Class Reference

Defines a 3-Node (P<sub>1</sub>) triangle. Inheritance diagram for Triang3:



## **Public Member Functions**

- Triang3 ()
  - Default Constructor.
- Triang3 (const Element \*el)
  - Constructor for an element.
- Triang3 (const Side \*sd)
  - Constructor for a side.
- ~Triang3 ()
  - Destructor.
- void set (const Element \*el)
  - Choose element by giving its pointer.
- void set (const Side \*sd)
  - Choose side by giving its pointer.
- real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point < real\_t > s) const
  - Calculate shape function of node at a given point.
- Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const
  - Calculate derivatives of shape function of node i
- real\_t getInterpolate (const Point< real\_t > &x, const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &v)

Return interpolated value at point of coordinate x

real\_t check () const

Check element area and number of nodes.

• Point< real\_t > Grad (const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > &u) const

Return constant gradient vector in triangle.

real\_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of triangle.

• real\_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of triangle.

real\_t getArea ()

Return element area.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

• Point< real\_t > getCircumcenter () const

Return coordinates of circumcenter of element.

• real\_t getCircumRadius () const

Return radius of circumscribed circle of triangle.

• real\_t getInRadius () const

Return radius of inscribed circle of triangle.

• Point< real\_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real\_t > &x) const

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

• bool isIn (const Point < real\_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is in current triangle or not.

• bool isStrictlyIn (const Point< real\_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is strictly in current triangle (not on the boundary) or not.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node *i* at given point.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.113.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 3-Node  $(P_1)$  triangle.

The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.113.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

## Triang3 (const Element \* el )

Constructor for an element.

The constructed triangle is an element in a 2-D mesh.

### Triang3 (const Side \* sd)

Constructor for a side.

The constructed triangle is a side in a 3-D mesh.

## 7.113.3 Member Function Documentation

## real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, Point< real\_t > s ) const

Calculate shape function of node at a given point.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Label (local) of node
in	S	Natural coordinates of node where to evaluate

#### real\_t check ( ) const

Check element area and number of nodes.

#### Returns

- > 0: m is the length
- = 0: zero length (=> Error)

#### Point<real\_t> Grad ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 3 > & u ) const

Return constant gradient vector in triangle.

#### Parameters

in	и	Local vector for which the gradient is evaluated
----	---	--

## $real\_t \; getDet \; ( \ ) \; const \; \; [inherited]$

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

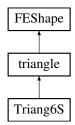
#### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( const Point< real\_t> & s ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.114 Triang6S Class Reference

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using P<sub>2</sub> interpolation. Inheritance diagram for Triang6S:



### **Public Member Functions**

• Triang6S ()

Default Constructor.

Triang6S (const Element \*el)

Constructor for an element.

• ~Triang6S ()

Destructor.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Calculate shape function of a node.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i, const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Calculate derivatives of shape function of a node.

• Point< real\_t > getCenter () const

Return coordinates of center of element.

 $\bullet \ \ Point < real\_t > Grad \ (const \ Local Vect < real\_t, 6 > \&u, const \ Point < real\_t > \&s) \ const$ 

Return gradient vector in triangle at a given point.

• real\_t getMaxEdgeLength () const

Return maximal edge length of triangle.

• real\_t getMinEdgeLength () const

Return minimal edge length of triangle.

real\_t getArea ()

Return element area.

• Point< real\_t > getCircumcenter () const

Return coordinates of circumcenter of element.

real\_t getCircumRadius () const

Return radius of circumscribed circle of triangle.

real\_t getInRadius () const

Return radius of inscribed circle of triangle.

Point< real\_t > getRefCoord (const Point< real\_t > &x) const

Return reference coordinates of a point x in element.

• bool isIn (const Point < real\_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is in current triangle or not.

bool isStrictlyIn (const Point< real\_t > &x) const

Check whether point x is strictly in current triangle (not on the boundary) or not.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i) const

Return shape function of node i at given point.

• real\_t Sh (size\_t i, Point< real\_t > s) const

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

• Point< real\_t > DSh (size\_t i) const

Return derivatives of shape function of node *i* at a given point.

• real\_t getDet () const

Return determinant of jacobian.

Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint () const

Localize a point in the element.

• Point< real\_t > getLocalPoint (const Point< real\_t > &s) const

Localize a point in the element.

## 7.114.1 Detailed Description

Defines a 6-Node straight triangular finite element using  $P_2$  interpolation. The reference element is the rectangle triangle with two unit edges.

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.114.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Triang6S (const Element \* el)

Constructor for an element.

The constructed triangle is an element in a 2-D mesh.

#### Parameters

in	el	Pointer to Element instance
----	----	-----------------------------

## 7.114.3 Member Function Documentation

real\_t Sh ( size\_t i, const Point< real\_t > & s ) const

Calculate shape function of a node.

ſ	in	i	Local label of the node $1 \le i \le 6$
	in	S	Local coordinates of the point where the shape function is evaluated

#### Point<real\_t> DSh ( size\_t i, const Point< real\_t> & s ) const

Calculate derivatives of shape function of a node.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local label of node
in	S	Local coordinates of the point where the gradient of the shape function is evaluated

## Point<real\_t> Grad ( const LocalVect< real\_t, 6 > & u, const Point< real\_t > & s ) const

Return gradient vector in triangle at a given point.

### **Parameters**

in	S	Local coordinates of the point where the gradient of the shape function is evaluated
in	и	Local vector for which the gradient is evaluated

## $real_t Sh ( size_t i, Point < real_t > s ) const [inherited]$

Calculate shape function of node i at a given point s.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Local node label	
in	S	Point in the reference triangle where the shape function is evaluated	

#### Point<real\_t> DSh ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Return derivatives of shape function of node i at a given point.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function setLocal() must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Partial derivative index (1, 2 or 3)
----	---	--------------------------------------

## real\_t getDet( ) const [inherited]

Return determinant of jacobian.

If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in order to calcuate relevant quantities.

## Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates in the reference element. If the transformation (Reference element -> Actual element) is not affine, member function **setLocal()** must have been called before in

order to calcuate relevant quantities.

### Point<real\_t> getLocalPoint( const Point< real\_t> & s ) const [inherited]

Localize a point in the element.

Return actual coordinates where s are coordinates in the reference element.

## 7.115 Triangle Class Reference

To store and treat a triangle.

Inheritance diagram for Triangle:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Triangle ()

Default constructor.

• Triangle (const Point< real\_t > &v1, const Point< real\_t > &v2, const Point< real\_t > &v3, int code=1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

• void setVertex1 (const Point< real\_t > &v)

Assign first vertex of triangle.

• void setVertex2 (const Point < real\_t > &v)

Assign second vertex of triangle.

void setVertex3 (const Point< real\_t > &v)

Assign third vertex of triangle.

• real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

Triangle & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

*Operator* +=.

• Triangle & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=.

• void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

## 7.115.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a triangle.

## 7.115.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Triangle ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs a unit triangle with vertices (0,0), (1,0) and (0,1)

Triangle ( const Point< real\_t > & v1, const Point< real\_t > & v2, const Point< real\_t > & v3, int code = 1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

#### **Parameters**

in	v1	Coordinates of first vertex of triangle
in	<i>v</i> 2	Coordinates of second vertex of triangle
in	v3	Coordinates of third vertex of triangle
in	code	Code to assign to the generated figure [Default: 1]

#### Remarks

Vertices must be given in couterclockwise order

## 7.115.3 Member Function Documentation

real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the triangle, positive if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

#### **Parameters**

in	р	Point <double> instance</double>
----	---	----------------------------------

Reimplemented from Figure.

Triangle& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate triangle by a vector a

Triangle & operator += ( real\_t a )

Operator \*=.

Scale triangle by a factor a

## void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

in	8	Grid instance	

#### **Parameters**

## Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

#### **Parameters**

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

#### Returns

Signed distance

## 7.116 Triangle Class Reference

To store and treat a triangle.

Inheritance diagram for Triangle:



## **Public Member Functions**

• Triangle ()

Default constructor.

• Triangle (const Point< real\_t > &v1, const Point< real\_t > &v2, const Point< real\_t > &v3, int code=1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

• void setVertex1 (const Point< real\_t > &v)

Assign first vertex of triangle.

• void setVertex2 (const Point< real\_t > &v)

Assign second vertex of triangle.

• void setVertex3 (const Point< real\_t > &v)

Assign third vertex of triangle.

• real\_t getSignedDistance (const Point< real\_t > &p) const

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

• Triangle & operator+= (Point< real\_t > a)

*Operator* +=.

• Triangle & operator+= (real\_t a)

Operator \*=.

void setCode (int code)

Choose a code for the domain defined by the figure.

void getSignedDistance (const Grid &g, Vect< real\_t > &d) const

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

real\_t dLine (const Point< real\_t > &p, const Point< real\_t > &a, const Point< real\_t > &b)
 const

Compute signed distance from a line.

## 7.116.1 Detailed Description

To store and treat a triangle.

#### 7.116.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### Triangle ( )

Default constructor.

Constructs a unit triangle with vertices (0,0), (1,0) and (0,1)

Triangle ( const Point< real\_t > & v1, const Point< real\_t > & v2, const Point< real\_t > & v3, int code = 1)

Constructor with vertices and code.

### **Parameters**

in	v1	Coordinates of first vertex of triangle
in	<i>v</i> 2	Coordinates of second vertex of triangle
in	v3	Coordinates of third vertex of triangle
in	code	Code to assign to the generated figure [Default: 1]

#### Remarks

Vertices must be given in couterclockwise order

### 7.116.3 Member Function Documentation

real\_t getSignedDistance ( const Point< real\_t > & p ) const [virtual]

Return signed distance of a given point from the current triangle.

The computed distance is negative if p lies in the triangle, positive if it is outside, and 0 on its boundary

in	p	Point <double> instance</double>

Reimplemented from Figure.

## Triangle& operator+= ( Point< real\_t > a )

Operator +=.

Translate triangle by a vector a

### Triangle& operator+= $( real_t a )$

Operator \*=.

Scale triangle by a factor a

## void getSignedDistance ( const Grid & g, Vect< real\_t > & d ) const [inherited]

Calculate signed distance to current figure with respect to grid points.

#### **Parameters**

in	8	Grid instance	
in	d	Vect instance containing calculated distance from each grid index to Figure	

#### Remarks

Vector d doesn't need to be sized before invoking this function

# real\_t dLine ( const Point< real\_t > & p, const Point< real\_t > & a, const Point< real\_t > & b) const [inherited]

Compute signed distance from a line.

## Parameters

in	p	Point for which distance is computed
in	а	First vertex of line
in	b	Second vertex of line

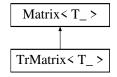
#### Returns

Signed distance

## 7.117 TrMatrix $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

Inheritance diagram for TrMatrix< T\_>:



### **Public Member Functions**

```
• TrMatrix ()
```

Default constructor.

• TrMatrix (size\_t size)

Constructor for a tridiagonal matrix with size rows.

• TrMatrix (const TrMatrix &m)

Copy Constructor.

• ∼TrMatrix ()

Destructor.

• void Identity ()

Define matrix as identity matrix.

• void Diagonal ()

Define matrix as a diagonal one.

• void Diagonal (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)

Define matrix as a diagonal one with diagonal entries equal to a

• void Laplace1D (real\_t h)

*Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.* 

• void setSize (size\_t size)

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

• void MultAdd (const Vect< T\_> &x, Vect< T\_> &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and add result to y.

• void MultAdd ( $T_-$  a, const Vect<  $T_-$  > &x, Vect<  $T_-$  > &y) const

Multiply matrix by vector a\*x and add result to y.

• void Mult (const Vect<  $T_-> &x$ , Vect<  $T_-> &y$ ) const

Multiply matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void TMult (const Vect< T $_->$  &x, Vect< T $_->$  &y) const

Multiply transpose of matrix by vector x and save result in y.

• void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const TrMatrix < T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

• void Axpy (T<sub>-</sub> a, const Matrix< T<sub>-</sub> > \*m)

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Assign constant val to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, const T\_ &val)

Add constant val value to an entry (i, j) of the matrix.

• T\_operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Operator () (Constant version).

• T\_ & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () (Non constant version).

• TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const TrMatrix< T<sub>-</sub> > &m)

Operator =.

• TrMatrix < T\_ > & operator= (const T\_ &x)

 $Operator = Assign \ matrix \ to \ identity \ times \ x.$ 

• TrMatrix < T\_ > & operator\*= (const T\_ &x)

Operator \*=.

• int solve (Vect< T\_> &b)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

• int solve (const Vect< T $_->$  &b, Vect< T $_->$  &x)

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

• T\_\* get () const

Return C-Array.

• T<sub>\_</sub> get (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

Return entry (i, j) of matrix.

• virtual void reset ()

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

• size\_t getNbRows () const

Return number of rows.

• size\_t getNbColumns () const

Return number of columns.

void setPenal (real\_t p)

Set Penalty Parameter (For boundary condition prescription).

• void setDiagonal ()

Set the matrix as diagonal.

• void setDiagonal (Mesh &mesh)

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

• T\_getDiag (size\_t k) const

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix.

• size\_t size () const

Return matrix dimension (Number of rows and columns).

• virtual void clear ()

brief Set all matrix entries to zero

void Assembly (const Element &el, T<sub>-</sub> \*a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const DMatrix< T\_> &a)

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T\_\*a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const DMatrix< T<sub>-</sub>> &a)

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

• void Prescribe (int dof, int code, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

• void Prescribe (Vect< T\_> &b, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

• void Prescribe (size\_t dof, Vect< T\_> &b, const Vect< T\_> &u, int flag=0)

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

void PrescribeSide ()

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

• virtual int Factor ()=0

Factorize matrix. Available only if the storage class enables it.

• int FactorAndSolve (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• int FactorAndSolve (const Vect<  $T_->$  &b, Vect<  $T_->$  &x)

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

• size\_t getLength () const

Return number of stored terms in matrix.

• int isDiagonal () const

Say if matrix is diagonal or not.

• int isFactorized () const

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

virtual size\_t getColInd (size\_t i) const

Return Column index for column i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

virtual size\_t getRowPtr (size\_t i) const

Return Row pointer for row i (See the description for class SpMatrix).

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator [] (Non constant version).

T\_ operator[] (size\_t k) const

Operator [] (Constant version).

• Matrix & operator+= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator+= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator +=.

• Matrix & operator= (const Matrix < T\_ > &m)

Operator -=.

• Matrix & operator-= (const T<sub>-</sub> &x)

Operator -=.

## 7.117.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::TrMatrix< T_>
```

To handle tridiagonal matrices.

This class enables storing and manipulating tridiagonal matrices. The template parameter is the type of matrix entries. Any matrix entry can be accessed by the () operator: For instance, if A is an instance of this class, A(i,j) stands for the entry at the i-th row and j-th column, i and j starting from 1. If is difference from i-1, i or i+1, the returned value is 0. Entries of A can be assigned a value by the same operator. Only nonzero entries can be assigned.

Template Parameters

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (double, float, complex<double>, ...)
```

#### Author

Rachid Touzani

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### 7.117.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### TrMatrix ( )

Default constructor.

Initialize a zero dimension tridiagonal matrix

## 7.117.3 Member Function Documentation

## void Laplace1D ( real\_t h )

Sets the matrix as the one for the Laplace equation in 1-D.

The matrix is initialized as the one resulting from  $P_1$  finite element discretization of the classical elliptic operator -u'' = f with homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions

#### Remarks

This function is available for real valued matrices only.

#### **Parameters**

in	h	Mesh size (assumed constant)
ın	n	Mesh size (assumed constant)

## void setSize ( size\_t size )

Set size (number of rows) of matrix.

#### Parameters

in size Number of rows and columns.
-------------------------------------

## void Axpy ( $T_-a$ , const TrMatrix< $T_- > \& m$ )

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

## Parameters

in	а	Scalar to premultiply
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance

### void Axpy ( $T_a$ , const Matrix< $T_a > * m$ ) [virtual]

Add to matrix the product of a matrix by a scalar.

### 7.117. TRMATRIX $< T_{-} >$ CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**RENGE**TER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	m	Matrix by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

### T\_operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const [virtual]

Operator () (Constant version).

#### **Parameters**

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## T\_& operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) [virtual]

Operator () (Non constant version).

#### Parameters

in	i	Row index
in	j	Column index

Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

## $TrMatrix < T_- > \& operator = ( const TrMatrix < T_- > \& m )$

Operator =.

Copy matrix m to current matrix instance.

### TrMatrix<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & x )

Operator \*=.

Premultiply matrix entries by constant value x.

## int solve ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ ) [virtual]

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output.
--------	---	--

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

**Warning:** Matrix is modified after this function. Implements Matrix $< T_- >$ .

int solve ( const Vect< T $_->$  & b, Vect< T $_->$  & x ) [virtual]

Solve a linear system with current matrix (forward and back substitution).

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution.

#### Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed,
- n if the n-th pivot is null.

**Warning:** Matrix is modified after this function. Implements Matrix  $< T_- >$ .

virtual void reset( ) [virtual], [inherited]

Set matrix to 0 and reset factorization parameter.

Warning

This function must be used if after a factorization, the matrix has modified

Reimplemented in DMatrix $< T_->$ .

#### void setDiagonal ( Mesh & mesh ) [inherited]

Initialize matrix storage in the case where only diagonal terms are stored.

This member function is to be used for explicit time integration schemes

## T\_getDiag(size\_t k) const [inherited]

Return k-th diagonal entry of matrix. First entry is given by **getDiag(1)**.

void Assembly (const Element &  $el_t$   $T_- * a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a C-array.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance
in	а	Element matrix as a C-array

void Assembly (const Element & el, const DMatrix  $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of element matrix into global matrix.

Case where element matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to element instance	
in	а	Element matrix as a DMatrix instance	

### void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a C-array.

#### Parameters

in	sd	Pointer to side instance
in	а	Side matrix as a C-array instance

## void Assembly ( const Side & sd, const DMatrix $< T_- > & a$ ) [inherited]

Assembly of side matrix into global matrix.

Case where side matrix is given by a DMatrix instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to side instance	
in	а	Side matrix as a DMatrix instance	

## void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition, using the Mesh instance provided by the constructor.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

## void Prescribe ( int dof, int code, Vect< $T_- > \& b$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& u$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition to a given degree of freedom for a given code.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### **Parameters**

in	dof	Degree of freedom for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in	code	Code for which a boundary condition is to be enforced
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.
in	и	Vect instance that contains imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

### void Prescribe ( Vect< $T_- > & b$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method a homegeneous (=0) essential boundary condition.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### Parameters

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified (dof>0) or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).	

## void Prescribe ( size\_t dof, Vect< $T_-$ > & b, const Vect< $T_-$ > & u, int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when only one DOF is treated.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. This gunction is to be used if only one DOF per node is treated in the linear system. The penalty parameter is by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function setPenal.

in	dof	Label of the concerned degree of freedom (DOF).	
in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side.	
in	и	Vect instance that conatins imposed valued at DOFs where they are to be imposed.	

## 7.117. TRMATRIX $< T_{-} > CLASS$ TEMPLATE REFERENCETER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	flag	Parameter to determine whether only the right-hand side is to be modified
		(dof>0)
		or both matrix and right-hand side (dof=0, default value).

### void PrescribeSide( ) [inherited]

Impose by a penalty method an essential boundary condition when DOFs are supported by sides.

This member function modifies diagonal terms in matrix and terms in vector that correspond to degrees of freedom with nonzero code in order to impose a boundary condition. The penalty parameter is defined by default equal to 1.e20. It can be modified by member function **set**← **Penal**(..).

#### int FactorAndSolve ( Vect< T $_->$ & b ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage cass enables it.

#### **Parameters**

in,out	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side on input and solution on output	
--------	---	---	--

## int FactorAndSolve ( const Vect< T $_-> & b$ , Vect< T $_-> & x$ ) [inherited]

Factorize matrix and solve the linear system.

This is available only if the storage class enables it.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vect instance that contains right-hand side	
out	x	Vect instance that contains solution	

## Returns

- 0 if solution was normally performed
- n if the n-th pivot is nul

### int isFactorized ( ) const [inherited]

Say if matrix is factorized or not.

If the matrix was not factorized, the class does not allow solving by a direct solver.

### $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i ) const [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index
----	---	-------------

#### T\_& operator() ( size\_t i ) [inherited]

Operator () with one argument (Non Constant version).

Returns i-th position in the array storing matrix entries. The first entry is at location 1. Entries are stored row by row.

#### **Parameters**

in	i	entry index

## T\_& operator[]( size\_t k ) [inherited]

Operator [] (Non constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

## T\_operator[]( size\_t k ) const [inherited]

Operator [] (Constant version).

Returns k-th stored element in matrix Index k starts at 0.

## Matrix& operator+= ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add matrix m to current matrix instance.

## Matrix& operator+= ( const $T_- & x$ ) [inherited]

Operator +=.

Add constant value x to all matrix entries.

### Matrix& operator== ( const Matrix $< T_- > & m$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract matrix m from current matrix instance.

## Matrix& operator-= ( const $T_- & x$ ) [inherited]

Operator -=.

Subtract constant value x from all matrix entries.

## 7.118 UserData $< T_- >$ Class Template Reference

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

### **Public Member Functions**

• UserData ()

Default Constructor.

• UserData (const class Mesh &mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

• virtual ~UserData ()

Destructor.

• void setTime (real\_t time)

Set time value.

• void setDBC (Vect $< T_- > \&b$ )

Set Dirichlet Boundary Conditions.

• void setInitialData (Vect< T\_> &b)

Set initial data.

• void setBodyForce (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Set Nodewise Body Force using a Vect instance.

• void setSurfaceForce (Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Set Surface Force.

• virtual T\_BoundaryCondition (Point< real\_t > x, int code, real\_t time=0., size\_t dof=1)

Define boundary condition to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

• virtual T\_BodyForce (Point< real\_t > x, real\_t time=0., size\_t dof=1)

Define body force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

• virtual T\_SurfaceForce (Point< real\_t > x, int code, real\_t time=0., size\_t dof=1)

Define surface force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

• virtual T\_ InitialData (Point< real\_t > x, size\_t dof=1)

Define initial data to impose at point of coordinates x, for DOF dof

## 7.118.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::UserData< T_>
```

Abstract class to define by user various problem data.

The user has to implement a class that inherits from the present one where the virtual functions are implemented.

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (real_t, float, complex<real_t>, ...)
```

Author

Rachid Touzani

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## 7.118.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### UserData (const class Mesh & mesh)

Constructor using mesh instance.

#### **Parameters**

mesh Reference to Mesh instance

### 7.118.3 Member Function Documentation

## void setDBC ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ )

Set Dirichlet Boundary Conditions.

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function Boundary← Condition to assign the value defined by it

#### **Parameters**

01	ut	b	Vector that contains boundary conditions at nodes This vector must be sized before	
			invoking this function	

### void setInitialData ( Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Set initial data.

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function InitialData to assign the value defined by it

## Parameters

out	b	Vector that contains initial data at nodes This vector must be sized before invoking	
		this function	

## void setBodyForce ( Vect< $T_- > \& b$ )

Set Nodewise Body Force using a Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing body forces at nodes to impose
----	---	--

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function BodyForce to assign the value defined by it

out	b	Vector that contains body forces at nodes This vector must be sized before invoking
		this function

### 7.118. USERDATA < T\_ > CLASS TEMPLATE REFE**RENCE**TER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### void setSurfaceForce ( Vect< T $_->$ & b )

Set Surface Force.

#### **Parameters**

in	b	Vector containing surface forces at nodes to impose
----	---	---

This function loops over all nodes and calls for each node the member function SurfaceForce to assign the value defined by it

#### **Parameters**

out	b	Vector that contains body forces at nodes This vector must be sized before invoking
		this function

# virtual $T_{-}$ BoundaryCondition ( Point< real\_t > x, int code, real\_t time = 0., size\_t dof = 1 ) [virtual]

Define boundary condition to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

Function to implement by user

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the value is to be prescribed	
in	code	Code of node for which the value is to be prescribed	
in	time	Value of time [Default: 0.]	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

#### Returns

Value of boundary condition to prescribe corresponding to these parameters

# virtual T\_BodyForce ( Point< real\_t > x, real\_t time = 0., size\_t dof = 1 ) [virtual]

Define body force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof Function to implement by user

#### Parameters

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the body force is given	
in	time	Value of time [Default: 0.]	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

#### Returns

Value of body force corresponding to these parameters

# virtual T\_ SurfaceForce ( Point< real\_t > x, int code, real\_t time = 0., size\_t dof = 1) [virtual]

Define surface force to impose at point of coordinates x, with code code at time time, for DOF dof

Function to implement by user

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the surface force is given	
in	code	Code of node for which the surface force is given	
in	time	Value of time [Default: 0.]	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

### Returns

Value of surface force corresponding to these parameters

### virtual $T_{-}$ Initial Data ( Point < real\_t > x, size\_t dof = 1 ) [virtual]

Define initial data to impose at point of coordinates x, for DOF dof Function to implement by user

#### **Parameters**

in	x	Coordinates of point at which the surface force is given	
in	dof	Corresponding degree of freedom [Default: 1]	

### Returns

Value of initial data corresponding to these parameters

# 7.119 Vect< T $_->$ Class Template Reference

To handle general purpose vectors.

# **Public Types**

• typedef Eigen::Matrix < T\_, Eigen::Dynamic, 1 > VectorX

This type is the vector type in the Eigen library.

# **Public Member Functions**

• Vect ()

Default Constructor. Initialize a zero-length vector.

• Vect (size\_t n)

Constructor setting vector size.

Vect (size\_t nx, size\_t ny)

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

• Vect (size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz)

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

• **Vect** (size\_t n, T\_ \*x)

Create an instance of class *Vect* as an image of a C/C++ array.

Vect (Grid &g)

Constructor with a Grid instance.

• Vect (Mesh &m, int nb\_dof=0, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance.

Vect (Mesh &m, string name, real\_t t=0.0, int nb\_dof=0, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD)

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

• Vect (const Element \*el, const Vect < T\_ > &v)

Constructor of an element vector.

• Vect (const Side \*sd, const Vect< T\_> &v)

Constructor of a side vector.

• Vect (const Vect< T $_->$  &v, const Vect< T $_->$  &bc)

Constructor using boundary conditions.

• Vect (const Vect< T\_ > &v, size\_t nb\_dof, size\_t first\_dof)

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

• Vect (const Vect $< T_- > \&v$ )

Copy constructor.

• Vect (const Vect< T\_> &v, size\_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

• Vect (size\_t d, const Vect< T\_> &v, const string &name="")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of Vect.

• Vect (const VectorX &v)

Constructor that copies the vector from a Eigen Vector instance.

• ~Vect ()

Destructor.

• void set (const T<sub>-</sub> \*v, size<sub>-</sub>t n)

*Initialize* vector with a c-array.

• void select (const Vect< T\_ > &v, size\_t nb\_dof=0, size\_t first\_dof=1)

*Initialize vector with another Vect instance.* 

• void set (const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void set (const string &exp, const Vect< real\_t > &x)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void set (Mesh &ms, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

• void set (const Vect< real\_t > &x, const string &exp)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m, size\_t nb\_dof=0, size\_t dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD)

Define mesh class to size vector.

• size\_t size () const

Return vector (global) size.

• void setSize (size\_t nx, size\_t ny=1, size\_t nz=1)

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

• void resize (size\_t n)

Set vector size.

• void resize (size\_t n, T\_ v)

Set vector size and initialize to a constant value.

void setDOFType (int dof\_type)

Set DOF type of vector.

• void setDG (int degree=1)

Set Discontinuous Galerkin type vector.

• bool isGrid () const

Say if vector is constructed for a grid.

• size\_t getNbDOF () const

Return vector number of degrees of freedom.

• size\_t getNb () const

Return vector number of entities (nodes, elements or sides)

• Mesh & getMesh () const

Return Mesh instance.

• bool WithMesh () const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

- int getDOFType () const
- void setTime (real\_t t)

Set time value for vector.

• real\_t getTime () const

Get time value for vector.

• void setName (string name)

Set name of vector.

• string getName () const

Get name of vector.

• real\_t getNorm1 () const

Calculate 1-norm of vector.

• real\_t getNorm2 () const

Calculate 2-norm (Euclidean norm) of vector.

real\_t getNormMax () const

Calculate Max-norm (Infinite norm) of vector.

• real\_t getWNorm1 () const

Calculate weighted 1-norm of vector The wighted 1-norm is the 1-Norm of the vector divided by its size.

• real\_t getWNorm2 () const

 ${\it Calculate\ weighted\ 2-norm\ of\ vector.}$ 

• T\_getMin () const

Calculate Min value of vector entries.

• T<sub>-</sub> getMax () const

Calculate Max value of vector entries.

• size\_t getNx () const

Return number of grid points in the x-direction if grid indexing is set.

• size\_t getNy () const

Return number of grid points in the y-direction if grid indexing is set.

• size\_t getNz () const

Return number of grid points in the z-direction if grid indexing is set.

void setIJK (const string &exp)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) of indices components of vector.

• void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

• void setSideBC (Mesh &m, int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code.

• void setNodeBC (Mesh &m, int code, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

• void setSideBC (Mesh &m, int code, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code.

• void setNodeBC (int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

• void setNodeBC (int code, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

• void setSideBC (int code, const string &exp, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

void setSideBC (int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof=1)

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

void removeBC (const Mesh &ms, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void removeBC (const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int dof=0)

Remove boundary conditions.

• void transferBC (const Vect< T\_> &bc, int dof=0)

*Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.* 

void insertBC (Mesh &m, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &bc, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

void insertBC (Mesh &m, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void insertBC (const Vect< T\_> &v, const Vect< T\_> &bc, int dof=0)

*Insert boundary conditions.* 

• void insertBC (const Vect< T\_> &v, int dof=0)

Insert boundary conditions.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assembly of element vector into current instance.

• void Assembly (const Element &el, const T<sub>-</sub> \*b)

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

void Assembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > &b)

Assembly of side vector into Vect instance.

• void Assembly (const Side &sd, T\_\*b)

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

• void getGradient (class Vect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

• void getGradient (Vect< Point< T\_>> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

• void getCurl (Vect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

void getCurl (Vect< Point< T<sub>-</sub>>> &v)

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

• void getSCurl (Vect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

• void getDivergence (Vect< T\_> &v)

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

• real\_t getAverage (const Element &el, int type) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

• Vect $< T_- > & MultAdd$  (const Vect $< T_- > &x$ , const  $T_- &a$ )

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

• void Axpy  $(T_-a, const Vect < T_- > &x)$ 

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

• void set (size\_t i, T\_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

• void set (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

• void add (size\_t i, T\_ val)

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

• void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_ val)

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

• void add (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_ val)

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

• void clear ()

Clear vector: Set all its elements to zero.

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator[] (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator [] (Non constant version)

• T\_operator[] (size\_t i) const

Operator [] (Constant version)

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i)

Operator () (Non constant version)

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i) const

Operator () (Constant version)

• T\_ & operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j)

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Non constant version, case of a grid vector).

• T\_operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j) const

*Operator () with 2-D indexing (Constant version).* 

• T<sub>-</sub> & operator() (size<sub>-</sub>t i, size<sub>-</sub>t j, size<sub>-</sub>t k)

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Non constant version).

• T\_ operator() (size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k) const

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Constant version).

```
• Vect< T_-> & operator= (const Vect< T_-> &v)
      Operator = between vectors.
• Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const VectorX &v)
      Operator = for an instance of VectorX
• void operator= (string s)
      Operator =
• void setUniform (T_vmin, T_vmax, size_t n)
      Initialize vector entries by setting extremal values and interval.
• Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator= (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)
      Operator =
• Vect< T_-> & operator+= (const Vect< T_-> &v)
      Operator +=
• Vect< T_> & operator+= (const T_ &a)
      Operator +=
• Vect< T_-> & operator= (const Vect< T_-> &v)
      Operator -=
• Vect< T<sub>−</sub> > & operator== (const T<sub>−</sub> &a)
      Operator -=
• Vect< T_> & operator*= (const T_ &a)
      Operator *=
• Vect< T<sub>-</sub> > & operator/= (const T<sub>-</sub> &a)
      Operator /=

    void push_back (const T_ &v)

      Add an entry to the vector.

    const Mesh & getMeshPtr () const
```

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• T\_ operator, (const Vect< T\_ > &v) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

• Vect< complex\_t > getFFT ()

 $Compute\ FFT\ transform\ of\ vector.$ 

• Vect< complex\_t > getInvFFT ()

Compute Inverse FFT transform of vector.

• operator VectorX () const

Casting operator.

# 7.119.1 Detailed Description

```
template<class T_> class OFELI::Vect< T_>
```

To handle general purpose vectors.

Author

Rachid Touzani

## Copyright

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This template class enables defining and manipulating vectors of various data types. It inherits from the class std::vector An instance of class Vect can be:

- A simple vector of given size
- A vector with up to three indices, *i.e.*, an entry of the vector can be a(i), a(i,j) or a(i,j,k). This feature is useful, for instance, in the case of a structured grid
- A vector associate to a finite element mesh. In this case, a constructor uses a reference to the Mesh instance. The size of the vector is by default equal to the number of nodes x the number of degrees of freedom by node. If the degrees of freedom are supported by elements or sides, then the vector is sized accordingly

Operators =, [] and () are overloaded so that one can write for instance:

```
Vect<real_t> u(10), v(10);
v = -1.0;
u = v;
u(3) = -2.0;
```

to set vector  $\mathbf{v}$  entries to -1, copy vector  $\mathbf{v}$  into vector  $\mathbf{u}$  and assign third entry of  $\mathbf{v}$  to -2. Note that entries of  $\mathbf{v}$  are here  $\mathbf{v}(1)$ ,  $\mathbf{v}(2)$ , ...,  $\mathbf{v}(10)$ , *i.e.* vector entries start at index 1.

**Template Parameters** 

```
T \leftarrow  Data type (real_t, float, complex<real_t>, ...)
```

#### 7.119.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### Vect ( $size_t n$ )

Constructor setting vector size.

#### Parameters

in	n	Size of vector
----	---	----------------

### Vect ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny )

Constructor of a 2-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 2-D grid vector

in	nx	Size for the first index
in	пу	Size for the second index

### Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx\*ny

### Vect ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny, size\_t nz )

Constructor of a 3-D index vector.

This constructor can be used for instance for a 3-D grid vector

# Parameters

in	nx	Size for the first index
in	ny	Size for the second index
in	nz	Size for the third index

#### Remarks

The size of resulting vector is nx\*ny\*nz

### Vect ( size\_t n, $T_- * x$ )

Create an instance of class Vect as an image of a C/C++ array.

#### **Parameters**

in	n	Dimension of vector to construct
in	x	C-array to copy

# Vect ( Grid & g )

Constructor with a Grid instance.

The constructed vector has as size the total number of grid nodes

### Parameters

in g	Grid instance
------	---------------

# Vect ( Mesh & m, int $nb\_dof = 0$ , int $dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD$ )

Constructor with a mesh instance.

in	m	Mesh instance	
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 (default value) the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance	
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values:  NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD (Default: NODE_FIELD	

### Vect (Mesh & m, string name, real t t = 0.0, int $nb\_dof = 0$ , int $dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD$ )

Constructor with a mesh instance giving name and time for vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	m	Mesh instance
in	name	Name of the vector
in	t	Time value for the vector
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0 the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance
in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. To be given among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD (Default: NODE_FIELD)

### Vect ( const Element \* el, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ )

Constructor of an element vector.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Pointer to Element to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize

### Vect ( const Side \* sd, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ )

Constructor of a side vector.

The constructed vector has local numbering of nodes

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Pointer to Side to localize
in	v	Global vector to localize

### Vect ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, const Vect< $T_-$ > & bc )

Constructor using boundary conditions.

Boundary condition values contained in bc are reported to vector v

#### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to update
in	bc	Vect instance containing imposed valued at desired DOF

### Vect ( const Vect $< T_- > & v$ , size\_t $nb\_dof$ , size\_t $first\_dof$ )

Constructor to select some components of a given vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance to extract from
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF to extract
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector

### Vect ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, size\_t n)

Constructor to select one component from a given 2 or 3-component vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance to extract from
in	n	Component to extract (must be $> 1$ and $< 4$ or).

### Vect ( size\_t d, const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, const string & name = " ")

Constructor that extracts some degrees of freedom (components) from given instance of Vect.

This constructor enables constructing a subvector of a given Vect instance. It selects a given list of degrees of freedom and put it according to a given order in the instance to construct.

#### **Parameters**

in	d	Integer number giving the list of degrees of freedom. This number is made of n digits where n is the number of degrees of freedom. Let us give an example: Assume that the instance v has 3 DOF by entity (node, element or side). The choice d=201 means that the constructed instance has 2 DOF where the first DOF is the third one of v, and the second DOF is the first one of f v. Consequently, no digit can be larger than the number of DOF the constructed instance. In this example, a choice d=103 would produce an error message.
in	v	Vect instance from which extraction is performed.
in	name	Name to assign to vector instance (Default value is " ").

### Warning

Don't give zeros as first digits for the argument  ${\tt d}$ . The number is in this case interpreted as octal  ${\tt !!}$ 

### Vect ( const VectorX & v )

Constructor that copies the vector from a Eigen Vector instance.

in	v	VectorX instance from which extraction is performed
----	---	---

### Warning

This constructor is available only if the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI

#### Remarks

: This constructor is available only if the Eigen library was installed in conjunction with OFFLI

### 7.119.3 Member Function Documentation

### void set ( const $T_- * v$ , size\_t n )

Initialize vector with a c-array.

#### Parameters

in	v	c-array (pointer) to initialize Vect
in	n	size of array

### void select ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, size\_t $nb_-dof = 0$ , size\_t $first_-dof = 1$ )

Initialize vector with another Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance to extract from
in	nb_dof	Number of DOF per node, element or side (By default, 0: Number of degrees of freedom extracted from the Mesh instance)
in	first_dof	First DOF to extract (Default: 1) For instance, a choice first_dof=2 and nb_dof=1 means that the second DOF of each node is copied in the vector

### void set ( const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

This function is to be used is a Mesh instance is associated to the vector

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x, y, z which are coordinates of nodes and t which is the time value.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

### Warning

If the time variable t is involved in the expression, the time value associated to the vector instance must be defined (Default value is 0) either by using the appropriate constructor or by the member function setTime.

### void set ( const string & exp, const Vect< real\_t > & x)

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

This function can be used for instance in 1-D

### Parameters

in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x which are values of vector. This expression must use the variable x as coordinate of vector.
in	x	Vector that defined coordinates

### void set ( Mesh & ms, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression with providing mesh data.

### Parameters

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of $x$ , $y$ and $z$ which are coordinates of nodes.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to which the value is assigned [Default: 1]

# void set ( const Vect< real\_t > & x, const string & exp )

Initialize vector with an algebraic expression.

# Parameters

in	x	Vect instance that contains coordinates of points
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression that defines a function of x and i which are coordinates. Consider for instance that we want to initialize the Vect instance with the values $v[i] = \exp(1+x[i])$ ; then, we use this member function as follows v.set("exp("1+x",x);

### void setMesh ( Mesh & m, size\_t nb\_dof = 0, size\_t dof\_type = NODE\_FIELD )

Define mesh class to size vector.

in	т	Mesh instance
in	nb_dof	Number of degrees of freedom per node, element or side If nb_dof is set to 0
		the constructor picks this number from the Mesh instance
in	dof_type	Parameter to precise the type of degrees of freedom. To be chosen among the enumerated values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD, EDGE_FIELD [Default: NODE_FIELD]

#### size\_t size ( ) const

Return vector (global) size.

### Warning

This constructor is available only if the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI

### void setSize ( size\_t nx, size\_t ny = 1, size\_t nz = 1 )

Set vector size (for 1-D, 2-D or 3-D cases)

This function allocates memory for the vector but does not initialize its components

#### **Parameters**

in	пх	Number of grid points in x-direction
in	пу	Number of grid points in y-direction [Default: 1]
in	nz	Number of grid points in z-direction [Default: 1]

### void resize ( $size_t n$ )

Set vector size.

This function allocates memory for the vector but does not initialize its components

#### **Parameters**

in n	Size of vector
------	----------------

### void resize ( size\_t n, T\_ v )

Set vector size and initialize to a constant value.

This function allocates memory for the vector

### Parameters

in	n	Size of vector
in	v	Value to assign to vector entries

# void setDOFType ( int dof\_type )

Set DOF type of vector.

The DOF type combined with number of DOF per component enable determining the size of vector

in	dof_type	Type of degrees of freedom. Value to be chosen among the enumerated
	3 31	values: NODE_FIELD, ELEMENT_FIELD, SIDE_FIELD or EDGE_FIELD

### void setDG ( int degree = 1 )

Set Discontinuous Galerkin type vector.

When the vector is associated to a mesh, this one is sized differently if the DG method is used.

#### **Parameters**

in	degree	Polynomial degree of the DG method [Default: 1]
----	--------	---

#### bool isGrid ( ) const

Say if vector is constructed for a grid.

Vectors constructed for grids are defined with the help of a Grid instance

#### Returns

true if vector is constructed with a Grid instance

### bool WithMesh ( ) const

Return true if vector contains a Mesh pointer, false if not.

A Vect instance can be constructed using mesh information

### int getDOFType ( ) const

Return DOF type of vector

Returns

 $dof\_type\ Type\ of\ degrees\ of\ freedom.$  Value among the enumerated values: NODE\_FIELD, ELEMENT\_FIELD, SIDE\_FIELD or EDGE\_FIELD

#### real\_t getNorm1 ( ) const

Calculate 1-norm of vector.

Remarks

This function is available only if the template parameter is double or complex<double>

### real\_t getNorm2 ( ) const

Calculate 2-norm (Euclidean norm) of vector.

Remarks

This function is available only if the template parameter is double or complex<double>

### real\_t getNormMax ( ) const

Calculate Max-norm (Infinite norm) of vector.

Remarks

This function is available only if the template parameter is double or complex<double>

### real\_t getWNorm2 ( ) const

Calculate weighted 2-norm of vector.

The weighted 2-norm is the 2-Norm of the vector divided by the square root of its size

### void setIJK ( const string & exp )

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) of indices components of vector.

This function enable assigning a value to vector entries as function of indices

#### **Parameters**

in	exp	Regular algebraic expression to assign. It must involve the variables i, j and/or k.	
----	-----	--	--

### void setNodeBC ( Mesh & m, int code, T\_ val, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code. Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### **Parameters**

in	m	Mesh instance
in	code	The value is assigned if the node has this code
in	val	Value to assign
in	dof	Degree of freedom to assign [Default: 1]

# void setSideBC ( Mesh & m, int code, $T_val$ , size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given value to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code. Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### Parameters

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

### void setNodeBC (Mesh & m, int code, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1)

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

in	m	Instance of mesh
----	---	------------------

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	exp	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

### void setSideBC ( Mesh & m, int code, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector corresponding to sides with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

### **Parameters**

in	m	Instance of mesh
in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

### void setNodeBC ( int code, T\_val, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

### Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

### void setNodeBC ( int code, const string & exp, size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### Parameters

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

# Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

### void setSideBC ( int code, const string & exp, size t dof = 1 )

Assign a given function (given by an interpretable algebraic expression) to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	ехр	Regular algebraic expression to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

### Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

### void setSideBC ( int code, $T_val$ , size\_t dof = 1 )

Assign a given value to components of vector with given code.

Vector components are assumed nodewise

#### **Parameters**

in	code	Code for which nodes will be assigned prescribed value
in	val	Value to prescribe
in	dof	Degree of Freedom for which the value is assigned [default: 1]

#### Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

### void removeBC (const Mesh & ms, const Vect< T $_->$ & v, int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom

### void removeBC ( const Vect< $T_- > & v$ , int dof = 0)

Remove boundary conditions.

This member function copies to current vector a vector where only non imposed DOF are retained.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vector (Vect instance to copy from)
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned [Default: 0] or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

### Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

# void transferBC ( const Vect< $T_- > \& bc$ , int dof = 0)

Transfer boundary conditions to the vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	bc	Vect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current
		instance
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom.

## void insertBC ( Mesh & m, const Vect< T $_->$ & v, const Vect< T $_->$ & bc, int dof = 0 )

Insert boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance.
in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	bc	Vect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side

### void insertBC ( Mesh & m, const Vect< $T_- > \& v$ , int dof = 0 )

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

#### Parameters

in	m	Mesh instance.
in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side

# void insertBC ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, const Vect< $T_-$ > & bc, int dof = 0)

Insert boundary conditions.

### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	bc	Vect instance from which imposed degrees of freedom are copied to current
		instance.
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side

# void insertBC ( const Vect< $T_-$ > & v, int dof = 0 )

Insert boundary conditions.

DOF with imposed boundary conditions are set to zero.

### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance from which free degrees of freedom are copied to current instance.
in	dof	Parameter to say if all degrees of freedom are concerned (=0, Default) or if only one degree of freedom (dof) is inserted into vector v which has only one degree of freedom by node or side

# Warning

This member function is to be used in the case where a constructor with a Mesh has been used

### void Assembly (const Element & el, const Vect< $T_- > \& b$ )

Assembly of element vector into current instance.

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (Instance of class Vect)

### void Assembly (const Element & el, const $T_- * b$ )

Assembly of element vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

# void Assembly (const Side & sd, const Vect $< T_- > & b$ )

Assembly of side vector into Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (Instance of class Vect)

### void Assembly (const Side & sd, $T_-*b$ )

Assembly of side vector (as C-array) into Vect instance.

#### **Parameters**

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	b	Local vector to assemble (C-Array)

### void getGradient ( class Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation. The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1)$ , $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.

# void getGradient ( Vect< Point< $T_->> \& v$ )

Evaluate the discrete Gradient vector of the current vector.

The resulting gradient is stored in an Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P<sub>1</sub> approximation. The gradient is then a constant vector for each element.

in	v	Vect instance that contains the gradient, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$ are respectively the x and y and z derivatives at element n.
----	---	--

### void getCurl ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation. The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1)$ , $v(n,2)$ and $v(n,3)$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

# void getCurl ( Vect< Point< $T_->> \& v$ )

Evaluate the discrete curl vector of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a  $\overline{\text{Vect}}$  instance. This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation. The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance that contains the curl, where $v(n,1).x, v(n,2).y$ and $v(n,3).z$ are
		respectively the x and y and z curl components at element n.

### void getSCurl ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete scalar curl in 2-D of the current vector.

The resulting curl is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming  $P_1$  approximation. The curl is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance that contains the scalar curl.
----	---	--

# void getDivergence ( Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Evaluate the discrete Divergence of the current vector.

The resulting divergence is stored in a Vect instance. This function handles node vectors assuming P<sub>1</sub> approximation. The divergence is then a constant vector for each element.

#### **Parameters**

in v Vect instance	e that contains the divergence.
--------------------	---------------------------------

### real\_t getAverage ( const Element & el, int type ) const

Return average value of vector in a given element.

in	el	Element instance

# 7.119. $VECT < T_- > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCICHAPTER 7$ . CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### Parameters

in	type	Type of element. This is to be chosen among enumerated values: LINE2, TRIANG3,	
		QUAD4 TETRA4, HEXA8, PENTA6	

# Vect<T $_->$ & MultAdd ( const Vect< T $_->$ & x, const T $_-$ & a)

Multiply by a constant then add to a vector.

#### **Parameters**

in	х	Vect instance to add
in	а	Constant to multiply before adding

# void Axpy ( $T_- a$ , const Vect< $T_- > \& x$ )

Add to vector the product of a vector by a scalar.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Scalar to premultiply	
in	x	Vect instance by which a is multiplied. The result is added to current instance	

# void set ( size\_t i, T\_ val )

Assign a value to an entry for a 1-D vector.

### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

# void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_val )

Assign a value to an entry for a 2-D vector.

### Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

# void set ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_val )

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-D vector.

### Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

# void add ( size\_t i, T\_val )

Add a value to an entry for a 1-index vector.

### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

# void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, T\_val )

Add a value to an entry for a 2-index vector.

#### Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

# void add ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k, T\_val )

Assign a value to an entry for a 3-index vector.

### Parameters

in	i	First index in vector (starts at 1)
in	j	Second index in vector (starts at 1)
in	k	Third index in vector (starts at 1)
in	val	Value to assign

# $T_{-}$ operator[] ( size\_t i )

Operator [] (Non constant version)

i	n	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 0)
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# $T_{-}$ operator[] ( size\_t i ) const

Operator [] (Constant version)

### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 0)
----	---	------------------------------------

# $T_{\&}$ operator() ( size\_t i )

Operator () (Non constant version)

### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
		• v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size())
		• v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

# $T_-$ operator() ( size\_t i ) const

Operator () (Constant version)

### Parameters

in	i	Rank index in vector (starts at 1)
		• v(i) starts at v(1) to v(size())
		• v(i) is the same element as v[i-1]

# $T_{-}$ % operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j )

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Non constant version, case of a grid vector).

### Parameters

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid) $v(i,j)$ starts at $v(1,1)$ to $v(getNx(),getNy())$

# $T_-$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j ) const

Operator () with 2-D indexing (Constant version).

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)

#### Parameters

in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid) v(i,j) starts at
		v(1,1) to v(getNx(),getNy())

### $T_{-}$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k )

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Non constant version).

#### **Parameters**

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)	
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid)	
in	k	third index in vector (Number of vector components in the z-grid) v(i,j,k) starts at v(1,1,1) to v(getNx(),getNy(),getNz())	

# $T_-$ operator() ( size\_t i, size\_t j, size\_t k ) const

Operator () with 3-D indexing (Constant version).

#### **Parameters**

in	i	first index in vector (Number of vector components in the x-grid)	
in	j	second index in vector (Number of vector components in the y-grid)	
in	k	third index in vector (Number of vector components in the z-grid) $v(i,j,k)$ starts at $v(1,1,1)$ to $v(getNx(),getNy(),getNz())$	

### Vect<T $_->$ & operator= ( const VectorX & v )

Operator = for an instance of VectorX

#### Parameters

i	n	v	Instance of vector class in library Eigen
---	---	---	---

# Remarks

The Vect instance must have been sized before

This operator is available only if the Eigen library was installed in conjunction with OFELI

# void operator= ( string s )

### Operator =

Assign an algebraic expression to vector entries. This operator has the same effect as the member function set(s)

### 7.119. $VECT < T_- > CLASS TEMPLATE REFERENCICHAPTER 7$ . CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	S	String defining the algebraic expression as a function of coordinates and time
----	---	--

# Warning

A Mesh instance must has been introduced before (e.g. by a constructor)

### void setUniform ( T\_ vmin, T\_ vmax, size\_t n )

Initialize vector entries by setting extremal values and interval.

#### **Parameters**

in	vmin	Minimal value to assign to the first entry
in	vmax	Maximal value to assign to the lase entry
in	п	Number of points (including extremities)

### Remarks

The vector has a size of n. It is sized in this function

# Vect<T $_->$ & operator= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator =

Assign a constant to vector entries

#### **Parameters**

in a	Value to set
------	--------------

### Vect<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Operator +=

Add vector **x** to current vector instance.

### Parameters

in	v	Vect instance to add to instance

# Vect<T $_->$ & operator+= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator +=

Add a constant to current vector entries.

in	а	Value to add to vector entries
----	---	--------------------------------

### Vect<T $_->$ & operator== ( const Vect< T $_->$ & v )

Operator -=

### Parameters

	in	v	Vect instance to subtract from
--	----	---	--------------------------------

### Vect<T $_->$ & operator== ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator -=

Subtract constant from vector entries.

#### **Parameters**

### Vect<T $_->$ & operator\*= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator \*=

#### **Parameters**

in	а	Value to multiply by
----	---	----------------------

### Vect<T $_->$ & operator/= ( const T $_-$ & a )

Operator /=

### Parameters

in	а	Value to divide by
----	---	--------------------

# void push\_back ( const $T_- \& v$ )

Add an entry to the vector.

This function is an overload of the member function push\_back of the parent class vector. It adjusts in addition some vector parameters

#### Parameters

i	n	v	Entry value to add
---	---	---	--------------------

### $T_{-}$ operator, ( const Vect< $T_{-}$ > & v ) const

Return Dot (scalar) product of two vectors.

A typical use of this operator is double a = (v,w) where v and w are 2 instances of Vect<double>

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Vect instance by which the current instance is multiplied
----	---	---

### Vect<complex\_t> getFFT ( )

Compute FFT transform of vector.

This member function computes the FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) of the vector contained in the instance and returns it

#### Returns

Vect<complex<double> > instance containing the FFT

#### Remarks

The size of Vect instance must be a power of two and must not exceed the value of  $2^{\wedge}MA \leftarrow X$ \_FFT\_SIZE (This value is set in the header "constants.h")

The Vect instance can be either a Vect<double> or Vec<complex<double> >

### Vect<complex\_t> getInvFFT ( )

Compute Inverse FFT transform of vector.

This member function computes the inverse FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) of the vector contained in the instance and returns it

#### Returns

Vect<complex<double> > instance containing the FFT

### Remarks

The size of Vect instance must be a power of two and must not exceed the value of  $2^{\wedge}MA \leftarrow X$ .FFT\_SIZE (This value is set in the header "constants.h")

The Vect instance can be either a Vect<double> or Vec<complex<double> >

### operator VectorX ( ) const

Casting operator.

### Warning

This constructor is available only if the library eigen is used in conjunction with OFELI

### 7.120 WaterPorous2D Class Reference

To solve water flow equations in porous media (1-D) Inheritance diagram for WaterPorous2D:

#### **Public Member Functions**

• WaterPorous2D ()

Default Constructor.

WaterPorous2D (Mesh &ms, size\_t verb=1)

Constructor.

~WaterPorous2D ()

Destructor.

- void setCoef (real\_t cw, real\_t phi, real\_t rho, real\_t Kx, real\_t Ky, real\_t mu)
   Set constant coefficients.
- void Mass ()

Add mass term contribution the element matrix.

• void Mobility ()

Add mobility term contribution the element matrix.

void BodyRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &bf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add source right-hand side term to right-hand side.

void BoundaryRHS (const Vect< real\_t > &sf, int opt=GLOBAL\_ARRAY)

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

• void build ()

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (TimeStepping &s)

Build the linear system of equations.

• void build (EigenProblemSolver &e)

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

• int run ()

Run the equation.

void Mu (const string &exp)

Set viscosity given by an algebraic expression.

void updateBC (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

void updateBC (const Vect< real\_t > &bc)

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

• void DiagBC (int dof\_type=NODE\_DOF, int dof=0)

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

void LocalNodeVector (Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

- void ElementNodeVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be, int dof)

  Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.
- void ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NEN\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementSideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > &be)

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

• void ElementVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b, int dof\_type=NODE\_FIELD, int flag=0)

Localize Element Vector.

void SideVector (const Vect< real\_t > &b)

Localize Side Vector.

void ElementNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

void SideNodeCoordinates ()

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

void ElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (PETScMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

• void ElementAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

void ElementAssembly (BMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (SpMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (TrMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one.

void ElementAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble element vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (PETScVect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

void SideAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkSMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

void SideAssembly (Vect< real\_t > &v)

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

• void DGElementAssembly (Matrix< real\_t > \*A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkSMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SkMatrix < real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (SpMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void DGElementAssembly (TrMatrix< real\_t > &A)

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

void AxbAssembly (const Element &el, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

void AxbAssembly (const Side &sd, const Vect< real\_t > &x, Vect< real\_t > &b)

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

size\_t getNbNodes () const

Return number of element nodes.

• size\_t getNbEq () const

Return number of element equations.

• void setInitialSolution (const Vect< real\_t > &u)

*Set initial solution (previous time step)* 

• real\_t setMaterialProperty (const string &exp, const string &prop)

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

• void setMesh (Mesh &m)

Define mesh and renumber DOFs after removing imposed ones.

Mesh & getMesh () const

Return reference to Mesh instance.

• LinearSolver< real\_t > & getLinearSolver ()

Return reference to linear solver instance.

• void setSolver (Iteration ls, Preconditioner pc=IDENT\_PREC)

Choose solver for the linear system.

• void setMatrixType (int t)

Choose type of matrix.

• int solveLinearSystem (Matrix< real\_t > \*A, Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

int solveLinearSystem (Vect< real\_t > &b, Vect< real\_t > &x)

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

### **Public Attributes**

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NEE\_, NEE\_> eMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current element.

• LocalMatrix< real\_t, NSE\_, NSE\_ > sMat

LocalMatrix instance containing local matrix associated to current side.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> ePrev

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_ > eRHS

Local Vect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current element.

LocalVect< real\_t, NEE\_> eRes

LocalVect instance containing local residual vector associated to current element.

• LocalVect< real\_t, NSE\_ > sRHS

LocalVect instance containing local right-hand side vector associated to current side.

#### **Protected Member Functions**

• void setMaterial ()

Set material properties.

• void Init (const Element \*el)

Set element arrays to zero.

• void Init (const Side \*sd)

Set side arrays to zero.

# 7.120.1 Detailed Description

To solve water flow equations in porous media (1-D)

To solve water flow equations in porous media (2-D)

Class WaterPorous2D solves the fluid flow equations of water or any incompressible or slightly compressible fluid in a porous medium in two-dimensional configurations.

Porous media flows are modelled here by the Darcy law. The water, or any other fluid is considered as slightly compressible, i.e., its compressibility coefficient is constant.

Space discretization uses the  $P_1$  (2-Node line) finite element method. Time integration uses class TimeStepping that provides various well known time integration schemes.

Class WaterPorous2D solves the fluid flow equations of water or any incompressible or slightly compressible fluid in a porous medium in two-dimensional configurations.

Porous media flows are modelled here by the Darcy law. The water, or any other fluid is considered as slightly compressible, i.e., its compressibility coefficient is constant.

Space discretization uses the P<sub>1</sub> (3-Node triangle) finite element method. Time integration uses class TimeStepping that provides various well known time integration schemes.

### 7.120.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### WaterPorous2D ( )

Default Constructor.

Constructs an empty equation.

### WaterPorous2D ( Mesh & ms, size\_t verb = 1 )

Constructor.

This constructor uses mesh and reservoir information

in	ms	Mesh instance
in	verb	Verbosity parameter

### 7.120.3 Member Function Documentation

void setCoef ( real\_t cw, real\_t phi, real\_t rho, real\_t Kx, real\_t Ky, real\_t mu )

Set constant coefficients.

#### **Parameters**

in	сw	Compressibility coefficient
in	phi	Porosity
in	rho	Density
in	Kx	x-Absolute permeability
in	Ку	y-Absolute permeability
in	ти	Viscosity

void BodyRHS ( const Vect < real t > & bf, int  $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$  ) [virtual]

Add source right-hand side term to right-hand side.

#### **Parameters**

in	bf	Vector containing source at element nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Porous< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

void BoundaryRHS ( const Vect < real t > & sf, int  $opt = GLOBAL\_ARRAY$  ) [virtual]

Add boundary right-hand side term to right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	sf	Vector containing source at side nodes.
in	opt	Vector is local (LOCAL_ARRAY) with size 3 or global (GLOBAL_ARRAY) with size = Number of nodes [Default: GLOBAL_ARRAY].

Reimplemented from Equa\_Porous< real\_t, 3, 3, 2, 2 >.

### void build ( ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme and a lumped or consistent capacity matrix. If transient analysis is chosen, the lumped capacity matrix option is chosen by default, and the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

### void build ( TimeStepping & s ) [inherited]

Build the linear system of equations.

Before using this function, one must have properly selected appropriate options for:

- The choice of a steady state or transient analysis. By default, the analysis is stationary
- In the case of transient analysis, the choice of a time integration scheme. If transient analysis is chosen, the implicit Euler scheme is used by default for time integration.

#### **Parameters**

in	S	Reference to used TimeStepping instance
----	---	---

### void build ( EigenProblemSolver & e ) [inherited]

Build the linear system for an eigenvalue problem.

#### **Parameters**

in	е	Reference to used EigenProblemSolver instance
----	---	---

#### int run ( ) [inherited]

Run the equation.

If the analysis (see function setAnalysis) is STEADY\_STATE, then the function solves the stationary equation.

If the analysis is TRANSIENT, then the function performs time stepping until the final time is reached.

### void updateBC ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

#### Parameters

in	el	Reference to current element instance
in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs

### void updateBC ( const Vect< real\_t> & bc ) [inherited]

Update Right-Hand side by taking into account essential boundary conditions.

in	bc	Vector that contains imposed values at all DOFs
----	----	---

### Remarks

The current element is pointed by  $\_\texttt{theElement}$ 

# void DiagBC ( int dof\_type = NODE\_DOF, int dof = 0 ) [inherited]

Update element matrix to impose bc by diagonalization technique.

#### **Parameters**

in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		• SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	dof	DOF setting:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF No. dof is handled in the system

# $void\ LocalNodeVector\ (\ Vect < real\_t > \&\ b\ )\ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

### Parameters

in	b	Reference to global vector to be localized. The resulting local vector can be accessed
		by attribute ePrev. This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element
		was invoked.

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

in		b	Global vector to be localized.
ou	t	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

## Remarks

All degrees of freedom are transferred to the local vector

# void ElementNodeVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NEN\_ > & be, int dof ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.
in	dof	Degree of freedom to transfer to the local vector

#### Remarks

Only yhe dega dof is transferred to the local vector

# $\label{lem:const} woid \ ElementNodeVectorSingleDOF ( \ const \ Vect < real\_t > \& \ b, \ LocalVect < real\_t \ , \ NEN\_ > \& \ be \ ) \ \ [inherited]$

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is the total number of element equations.

#### Remarks

Vector b is assumed to contain only one degree of freedom by node.

# void ElementSideVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, LocalVect< real\_t , NSE\_ > & be ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector from a Vect instance.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized.
out	be	Local vector, the length of which is

void ElementVector ( const Vect< real\_t > & b, int  $dof_type = NODE_FIELD$ , int flag = 0 ) [inherited]

Localize Element Vector.

#### Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
in	dof_type	DOF type option. To choose among the enumerated values:
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [Default]
		<ul> <li>ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements</li> </ul>
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
in	flag	Option to set:
		• = 0, All DOFs are taken into account [Default]
		• != 0, Only DOF number dof is handled in the system
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

#### Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Element was invoked. It uses the Element pointer \_theElement

## void SideVector ( const Vect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Localize Side Vector.

## Parameters

in	b	Global vector to be localized
		NODE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by nodes [ default ]
		ELEMENT_FIELD, DOFs are supported by elements
		SIDE_FIELD, DOFs are supported by sides
		The resulting local vector can be accessed by attribute ePrev.

## Remarks

This member function is to be used if a constructor with Side was invoked. It uses the Side pointer  $\_\mathtt{theSide}$ 

# void ElementNodeCoordinates( ) [inherited]

Localize coordinates of element nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array  $_{x}[0]$ ,  $_{x}[1]$ , ... which are instances of class  $_{cont}$ 

# Remarks

This member function uses the Side pointer \_theSide

## void SideNodeCoordinates() [inherited]

Localize coordinates of side nodes.

Coordinates are stored in array \_x[0], \_x[1], ... which are instances of class Point<real\_t>

#### Remarks

This member function uses the Element pointer \_theElement

#### void ElementAssembly ( $Matrix < real_t > *A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( PETScMatrix< real\_t> & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## Parameters

A Reference to global matrix

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void ElementAssembly ( PETScVect< real $_{-}$ t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble element right-hand side vector into global one.

## **Parameters**

*b* Reference to global right-hand side vector

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

#### void ElementAssembly ( $BMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as a BMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

 ${f void \; Element Assembly \; (\; SkMatrix < real\_t > \& A \; ) \; \; [inherited]}$ 

Assemble element matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

#### Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly ( SpMatrix< real t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

void ElementAssembly (  $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$  ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one.

## 7.120. WATERPOROUS2D CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

in	Α	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void ElementAssembly ( $Vect < real_t > \& v$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)
----	---	-------------------------------

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void \ Side Assembly \ ( \ PETScMatrix {< \ real\_t > \& \ } A \ ) \quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble side matrix into global one.

## Parameters

d		
	$\boldsymbol{A}$	Reference to global matrix

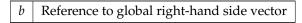
## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ PETScVect < real\_t > \&\ b}$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side right-hand side vector into global one.

#### **Parameters**



# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void \ Side Assembly \ (\ Matrix < real\_t > *A\ )} \quad \hbox{\tt [inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

A Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix, SpMatrix)

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( $SkSMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance
----	---	---

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# ${f void\ Side Assembly\ (\ SkMatrix{<}\, real\_t>\&\, A\ )}\quad \hbox{[inherited]}$

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

## Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

# Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

## void SideAssembly ( SpMatrix < real\_t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) matrix into global one.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance
--	----	---	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# void SideAssembly ( Vect< real $_{ ext{-}}$ t > & v ) [inherited]

Assemble side (edge or face) vector into global one.

## 7.120. WATERPOROUS2D CLASS REFERENCE CHAPTER 7. CLASS DOCUMENTATION

#### **Parameters**

	in	v	Global vector (Vect instance)	
--	----	---	-------------------------------	--

## Warning

The side pointer is given by the global variable the Side

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ Matrix{<}\ real\_t>*A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

P	A	Pointer to global matrix (abstract class: can be any of classes SkSMatrix, SkMatrix,
		SpMatrix)

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# ${\bf void\ DGElement Assembly\ (\ SkSMatrix{<}\ real\_t>\&\ A\ )\quad [{\tt inherited}]}$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

# Parameters

		_
A	Global matrix stored as an SkSMatrix instance	

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( SkMatrix < real.t > & A ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

# Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an SkMatrix instance
----	---	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# $void\ DGElementAssembly\ (\ SpMatrix < real\_t > \&\ A\ )\ [inherited]$

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### **Parameters**

	in	A	Global matrix stored as an SpMatrix instance	]
--	----	---	--	---

# Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

## void DGElementAssembly ( $TrMatrix < real_t > & A$ ) [inherited]

Assemble element matrix into global one for the Discontinuous Galerkin approximation.

#### Parameters

in	A	Global matrix stored as an TrMatrix instance	
----	---	--	--

## Warning

The element pointer is given by the global variable the Element

# void AxbAssembly ( const Element & el, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of element matrix by element vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	el	Reference to Element instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector to add (Vect instance)

# void AxbAssembly ( const Side & sd, const Vect< real\_t > & x, Vect< real\_t > & b ) [inherited]

Assemble product of side matrix by side vector into global vector.

## Parameters

in	sd	Reference to Side instance
in	x	Global vector to multiply by (Vect instance)
out	b	Global vector (Vect instance)

# real\_t setMaterialProperty ( const string & exp, const string & prop ) [inherited]

Define a material property by an algebraic expression.

# Parameters

in	ехр	Algebraic expression
in	prop	Property name

#### Returns

Return value in expression evaluation:

- =0, Normal evaluation
- !=0, An error message is displayed

# Mesh& getMesh ( ) const [inherited]

Return reference to Mesh instance.

## Returns

Reference to Mesh instance

# void setSolver ( Iteration ls, Preconditioner $pc = IDENT\_PREC$ ) [inherited]

Choose solver for the linear system.

## Parameters

in	ls	Solver of the linear system. To choose among the enumerated values: DIRECT_SOLVER, CG_SOLVER, GMRES_SOLVER
		• DIRECT_SOLVER, Use a facorization solver [default]
		CG_SOLVER, Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		CGS_SOLVER, Squared Conjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient iterative solver
		BICG_STAB_SOLVER, BiConjugate Gradient Stabilized iterative solver
		GMRES_SOLVER, GMRES iterative solver
		• QMR_SOLVER, QMR iterative solver
in	рс	Preconditioner to associate to the iterative solver. If the direct solver was chosen for the first argument this argument is not used. Otherwise choose among the enumerated values:
		IDENT_PREC, Identity preconditioner (no preconditioning [default])
		DIAG_PREC, Diagonal preconditioner
		ILU_PREC, Incomplete LU factorization preconditioner

## void setMatrixType ( int t ) [inherited]

Choose type of matrix.

# Parameters

in	t	Type of the used matrix. To choose among the enumerated values: SKYLINE, SPARSE,
		DIAGONAL TRIDIAGONAL, SYMMETRIC, UNSYMMETRIC, IDENTITY

# int solveLinearSystem ( Matrix< real\_t > \* A, Vect< real\_t > & b, Vect< real\_t > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given matrix and right-hand side.

#### Parameters

in	Α	Pointer to matrix of the system
in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	х	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# int solveLinearSystem ( Vect< real $_t$ > & b, Vect< real $_t$ > & x ) [inherited]

Solve the linear system with given right-hand side.

## Parameters

in	b	Vector containing right-hand side
in,out	x	Vector containing initial guess of solution on input, actual solution on output

# 7.120.4 Member Data Documentation

LocalVect<real\_t,NEE\_> ePrev [inherited]

LocalVect instance containing local vector associated to current element.

This vector has been stored as the one at previous iteration or previous time step

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