

PAGINA 1 - EJERCICIO 4

$X =$ "NÚMERO DE SECAS 4 TIENDAS"

$Y =$ "DIFERENCIA EN EL VALOR ABSOLUTO DE CARAS Y SECAS"

~~suma~~

- NÚMERO DE SECAS EN 4 TIENDAS $S = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$

- $S = 4 - C$

- CARAS $= C$ $Y = |C - S| \Rightarrow Y = |C - (4 - C)|$
 $\Rightarrow Y = |2C - 4|$

VALORES POSIBLES DE Y :

$$P(C=0) = |2(0) - 4| = 4$$

$$P(C=1) = |2(1) - 4| = 2$$

$$P(C=2) = |2(2) - 4| = 0$$

$$P(C=3) = |2(3) - 4| = 2$$

$$P(C=4) = |2(4) - 4| = 4$$

VALORES POSIBLES DE X E Y :

SI $X=0$; $Y=4$

SI $X=1$; $Y=2$

SI $X=2$; $Y=0$

SI $X=3$; $Y=2$

SI $X=4$; $Y=4$

DISTRIBUCIÓN DE PROBABILIDAD.

| x/y | 0 | 2 | 4 | $P(x)$ |
|--------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ |
| 1 | 0 | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0 | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 2 | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0 | 0 | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 3 | 0 | $\frac{1}{4}$ | 0 | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ |
| $P(y)$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | |

$$E(x) = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{4} = 1,75$$

$$E(y) = 0 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{2} = 1,5$$

$$E(x^2) = 0^2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 1^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 3^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 4^2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{9}{2} = 4,5$$

$$E(y^2) = 0^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 4^2 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = 4$$

$$E(xy) = 0 \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{1}{6} + 1 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 2 \cdot 0 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 3 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{4} + 4 \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{1}{6} = 3$$

$$V(x) = \frac{9}{2} - \left(\frac{7}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{23}{16}$$

$$\sigma(x) = \sqrt{\frac{23}{16}} = 1,108$$

$$V(y) = 4 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$\sigma(y) = \sqrt{\frac{7}{4}} = 1,3228$$

$$\text{Cov}(x,y) = 3 - (1,75 \times 1,5) = 0,375$$

$$r = \frac{0,375}{\sqrt{\frac{23}{16} \times \frac{7}{4}}} = 0,2364$$

$$r^2 = 0,2364 = 0,055$$

① - SON INDEPENDIENTES

$$P(x=3, y=2) = P(x=2) \cdot P(y=2)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \neq \frac{1}{8}$$

NO SON INDEPENDIENTES

② $P(x \leq 1, y > 0) = P(x=1, y=2) = \frac{1}{4}$

$$P(x < 1) = P(x=0, y=4) = \frac{1}{16}$$