

# Midterm Exam

## Programming Workshop 2 (CSCI 1061U)

University of Ontario Institute of Technology

March 6, 2018

---

Total time: 50 minutes

Family name: \_\_\_\_\_

Given names: \_\_\_\_\_

Student number: \_\_\_\_\_

Question	Marks
1	_____/2
2	_____/2
3	_____/2
4	_____/2
5	_____/2
6	_____/6
7	_____/6
8	_____/4
Total	_____/26

## Instructions

- Please write in pen.
- Be tidy and neat.
- This exam sheet contains a total of 6 pages.

## Written Part

### Question 1

Fix the function `some_func()` in the following code to produce the output given below.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void some_func() // TO DO
{
    int i;

    cout << "This is the " << i << "th call of this function." << endl;
}

int main()
{
    for (int i=0; i<3; ++i) some_func();

    return 0;
}
```

### Output

```
This is the 0th call of this function.
This is the 1th call of this function.
This is the 2th call of this function.
```

### Question 2

Provide the copy constructor for this class

```
class vec2 {
public:
    double x;
    double y;

public:
    vec2(): x(0), y(0) {} // Default constructor

    // TO DO: please provide copy constructor

    -----
    -----
    -----
    -----
    -----
}
};
```

### Question 3

Explain the difference between 'x' and "x" when used as constants in C++. Describe the memory representation of both values.

### Question 4

Circle the bug(s) in the following code.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int a[]={1,2,3,4,5};

    for (int i=0; i<=5; ++i) {
        cout << "a[" << i << "] = " << a[i] << endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

## Question 5

Write down the output of the following piece of code.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int increment(int n)
{
    return n + 1;
}

int main()
{
    int n=0;
    for (int i=0; i<3; ++i) {
        increment(n);
    }
    cout << "n = " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output

## Question 6

You are allowed to use a 1D array `arr` to store an  $m \times n$  matrix  $M$ . This matrix has  $m$  rows and  $n$  columns. In order to store entries of matrix  $M$ , array `arr` has  $m \times n$  slots. Complete the following function `get(int* arr, int r, int c)` that returns the value stored at row  $r$  and column  $c$  of the matrix.

```
int get(int* arr, int r, int j)
{
    int val = 0;

    -----

    -----

    -----

    -----

    -----

    return val;
}
```

## Question 7

Complete the following code that updates an array to contain its *commulative sum*. E.g., say an array is 1, 3, 5. Then the array will be modified to 1, 4, 9.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int a[5];

    for (int i=0; i<5; ++i) a[i] = rand();

    for (_____;
        _____;
        _____)
    {
        _____
        _____
        _____
    }

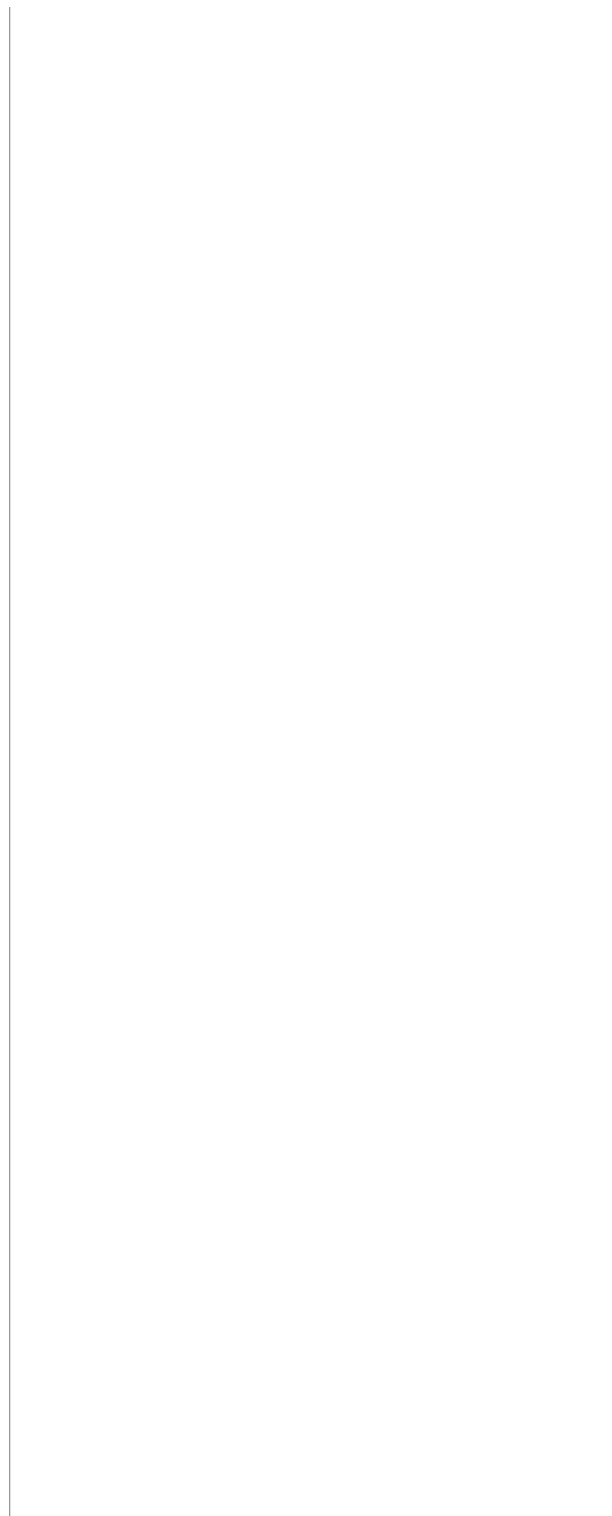
    return 0;
}
```

## Question 8

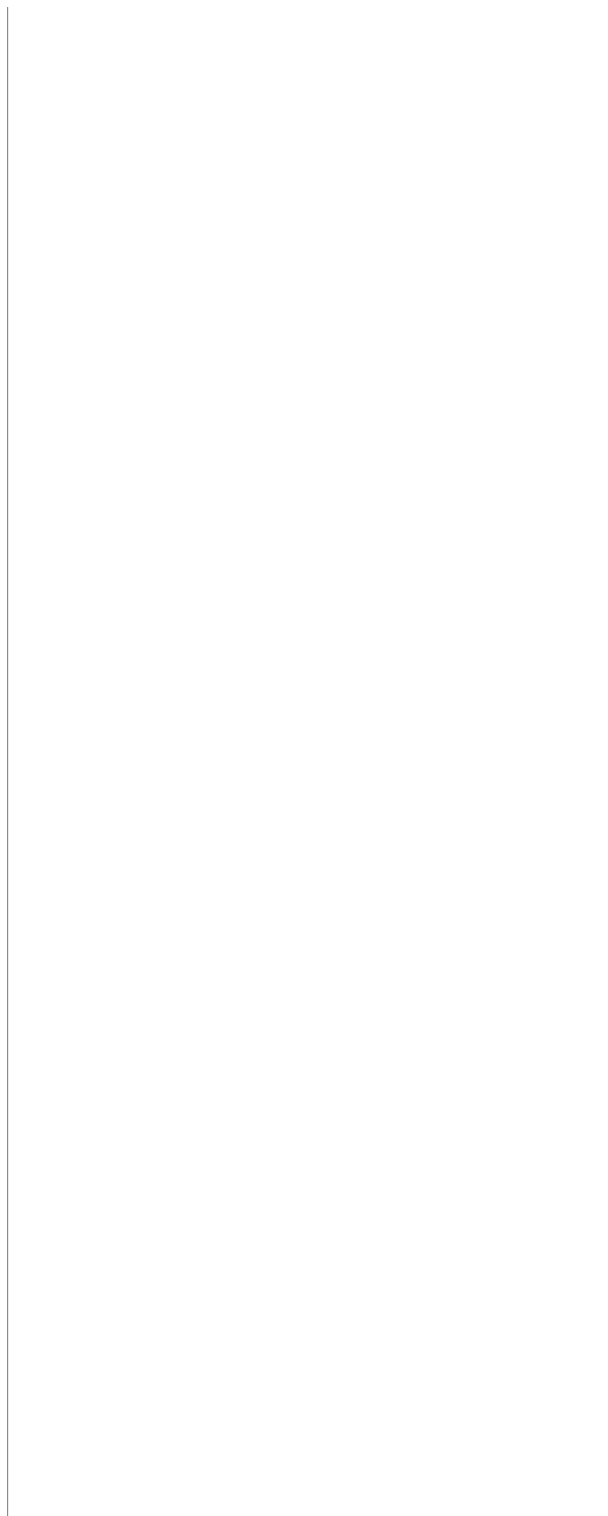
Illustrate the content of stack and heap memories at line 20 of the code shown below.

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #include <cstdlib>
3  using namespace std;
4
5  int main()
6  {
7      int a = (rand() / rand());
8
9      int *b = new int;
10     *b = 2;
11
12     for (int i=0; i<3; ++i) {
13         int c = 2 * i;
14         int *d = new int;
15         *d = 2*c;
16         cout << "c=" << c << " d=" << *d << endl;
17     }
18
19     int* c = b;
20
21     delete b;
```

```
22     return 0;  
23 };
```



Stack



Heap