



# CM Géo éco UK

LEA1 SEMESTRE 2 2020-2021 – UNIVERSITÉ JEAN MOULIN LYON 3

M. BOURDEAU

# Objectifs

- ▶ Compréhension des dynamiques géo-économiques (lien espace géographique et développement éco)
- ▶ => focus sur histoire, géo (cartes), institutions (exécutif, législatif, judiciaire, médias), régions.
- ▶ Point focal : **enjeux éco et politiques et leur répartition spatiale.**

# Contents

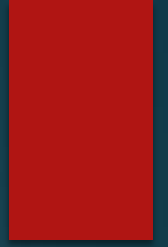


- ▶ 1. General Introduction
- ▶ 2. London & institutions
- ▶ 3. North/South divide
- ▶ 4. Wales
- ▶ 5. Scotland
- ▶ 6. Northern Ireland

# Exam

- ▶ The exam will consist in a series of 30 multiple-choice questions at the end of the semester
- ▶ “Terminal écrit”, 30 min

# Ressources utiles



- [marion.bourdeau@univ-lyon3.fr](mailto:marion.bourdeau@univ-lyon3.fr)
- Moodle: BOURDEAU CM LEA1 Géoéco  
UK 2020-2021 s2

## **Bibliography:**

- ▶ Pickard, Sarah, *Civilisation Britannique*, Paris : Pocket, 2015. [ouvrage bilingue]
- ▶ John, Peter. Lurbe , Pierre, *Civilisation Britannique* (8ème edition), Paris : Hachette, 2014
- ▶ Mioche, Antoine, *Les grandes dates de l'histoire britannique*, Paris : Hachette, 2010

## **Webography :**

- ▶ British history : <http://www.bbc.co.uk/history/british/>
- ▶ Encyclopedia Britannica: <https://www.britannica.com/> (accès limité)
- ▶ British institutions : <https://www.gov.uk/government/how-government-works>

# Libération



## Le guide des festivals de l'été

SUPPLÉMENT GRATUIT DE 32 PAGES AVEC CE NUMÉRO

David Johnson est une éprouvée à Londres, le 16 août 2022, avant le lancement des JO, 19h00-20h00

# GOOD LUCK

Sidération au Royaume-Uni et beaucoup d'interrogations dans les pays de l'Union après la victoire, à 51,9%, du Brexit porté notamment par Boris Johnson.

REPORTAGE, INTERVIEW, DEBATE, ANALYSIS, PAGES 3-12

**IMPBOMT EN FRANCE / PRIBOTEN EN FRANCE** Allemagne 3,40 €; Belgique 3,40 €; Autriche 3,60 €; Espagne 3,60 €; Canada 0,30 €; Japon 30 ¥; 3,70-3,80 €; France 3,40 €; Pays-Bas 0,30 €; Finlande 3,60 €; Danemark 3,60 €; Grèce 3,60 €; Hongrie 3,60 €; Italie 3,60 €; Israël 3,60 €; Mexique 3,60 €; Norvège 3,60 €; Pays-Bas 3,40 €; Portugal 3,40 €; Espagne 3,60 €; Suède 3,60 €; Suisse 4,40-5,70-6,00 CHF; Royaume-Uni 3,60 £; Japon 3,40-3,60 ¥.

## Brief Brexit reminder :

**(2016: referendum: 52% OUT vs 48% IN**

**(2016-2020: deal-no deal? Out date postponed over and over again**

## Dec 24th 2020: UK/EU deal

**Dec 31st 2020/Jan 1st 2021: UK out)**

[https://www.franceculture.fr/emissions/series/grande-bretagne-keep-calm-and-carry?fbclid=IwAR3OKLW2J2ihQVR7ImEuBJro6G3wAFo0jsyR5VRIE\\_U2Dgb0VErUZwBcpmo](https://www.franceculture.fr/emissions/series/grande-bretagne-keep-calm-and-carry?fbclid=IwAR3OKLW2J2ihQVR7ImEuBJro6G3wAFo0jsyR5VRIE_U2Dgb0VErUZwBcpmo)

## 'Keep Calm and Carry On': 3 podcasts about Brexit







# Libération

## BREXIT

# THE END

- Quatre ans et demi après le référendum, le Royaume-Uni tourne définitivement le dos à l'UE.
- Passeports, Erasmus, immigration, Gibraltar... Tout ce qui va changer à partir du 1<sup>er</sup> janvier.
- Sans Londres, l'Europe peut-elle se réinventer ?
- Chez les expatriés, la course au «settled status».

PAGES 2-9







▶ Besides Brexit, what first comes to your mind when you think about

▶ The UK?

▶ Scotland?

▶ Wales?

▶ Ireland?

Part 1:

# General Introduction

# Contents



1. Basic Geographical and Historical Data
2. Some Constitutional Remarks
3. Population and linguistics





# 1. BASIC GEOGRAPHICAL AND HISTORICAL DATA

GREAT BRITAIN?

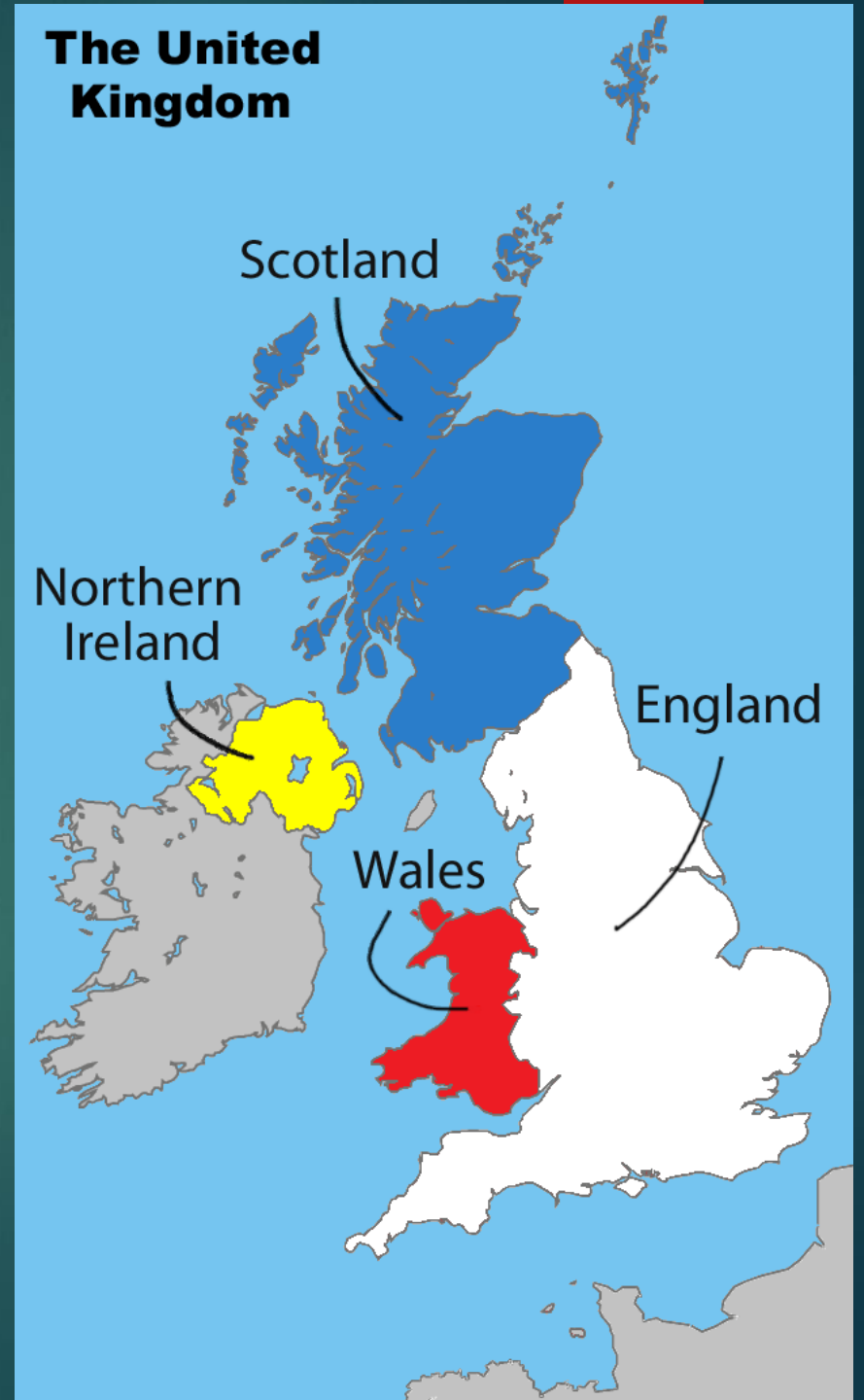
ENGLAND?

THE UNITED KINGDOM?

THE BRITISH ISLES?



- ▶ **A) The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, or the U.K. for short. (1927)**
- ▶ 1927 <- coined to recognize in name the Independence of the **Irish Free State (1922)**.
- ▶ The inhabitants of the **UK = Britons** ( $\neq$  Breton, from Brittany in France).
- ▶ **British** by nationality



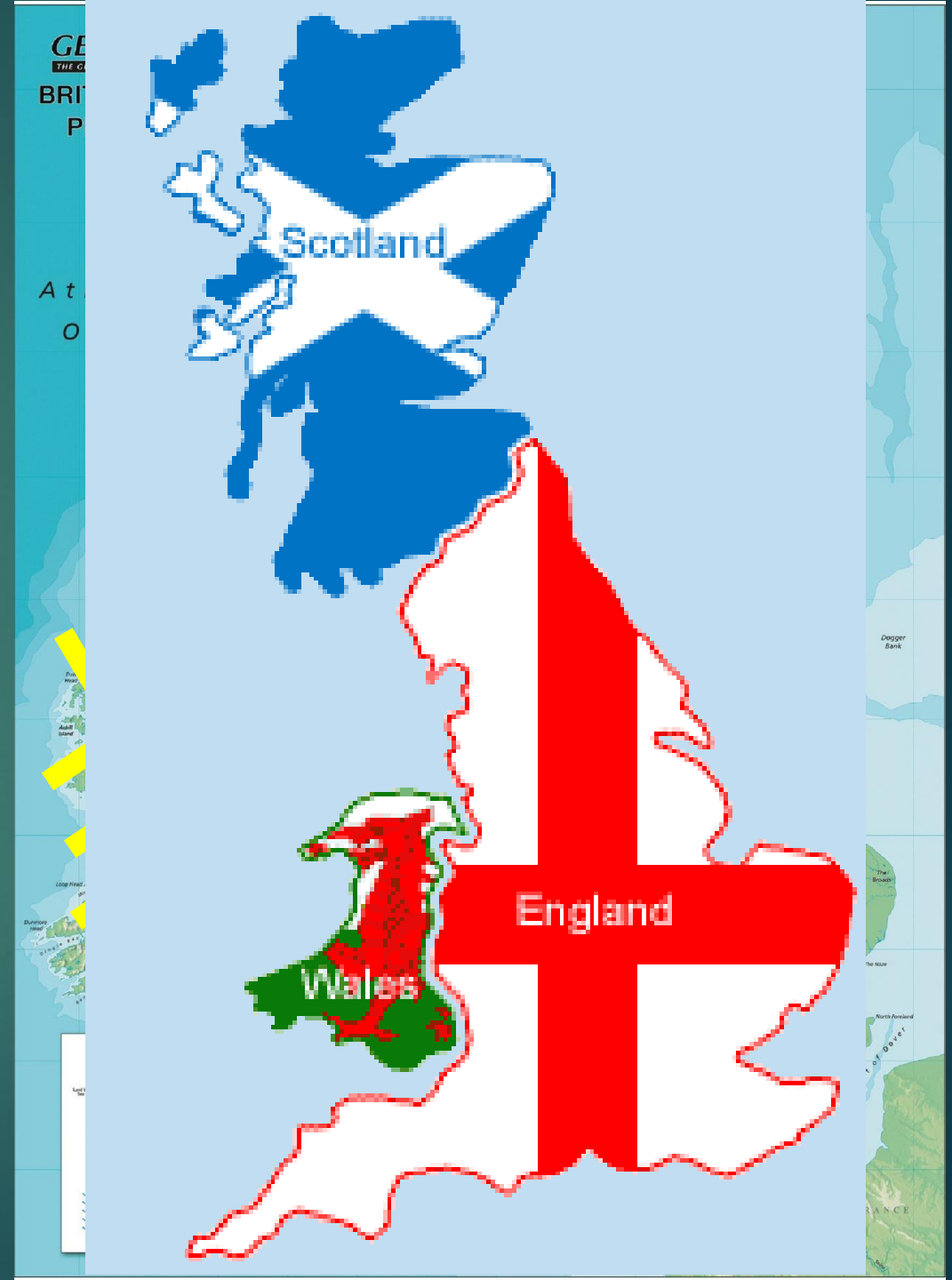
**B) The British Isles** = geographical term for the group of islands in Western Europe:

- ▶ Ireland
- ▶ Great Britain
- ▶ the islands of Wight and Anglesey
- ▶ the Isle of Man
- ▶ the Hebrides
- ▶ the Orkney Islands
- ▶ the Shetland Islands
- ▶ the Channel Islands
- ▶ the Scilly Islands



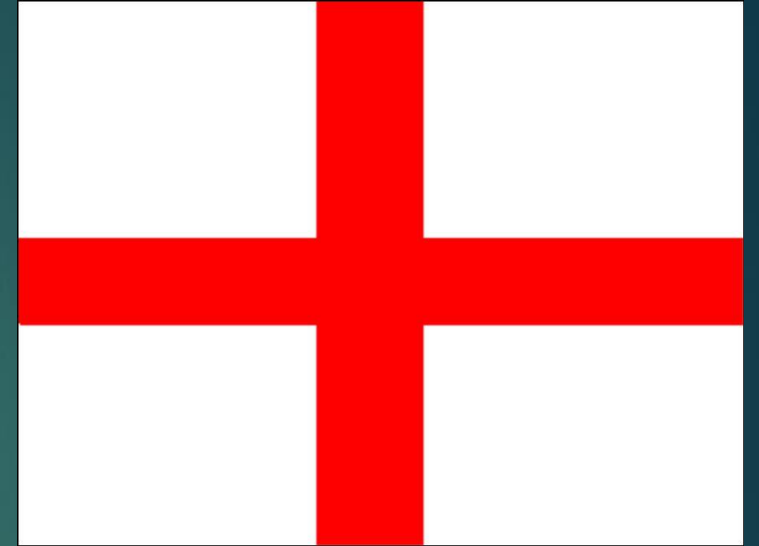


- ▶ **C) Great Britain** is both a geographical and political designation.
- ▶ Largest island in the British Isles
  - Separated from the mainland of western Europe by the **English Channel** and the **North Sea**.
  - Separated from Ireland by the **Irish Sea**, the **North Channel** and **St George's Channel**.
  - Separation: 6, 000 BC
- ▶ **Great Britain = England + Scotland + Wales.**



## D) England

- Largest division of Great Britain
- Kingdom since the 9<sup>th</sup> century.
- 1649-1660: **The Commonwealth of England.**



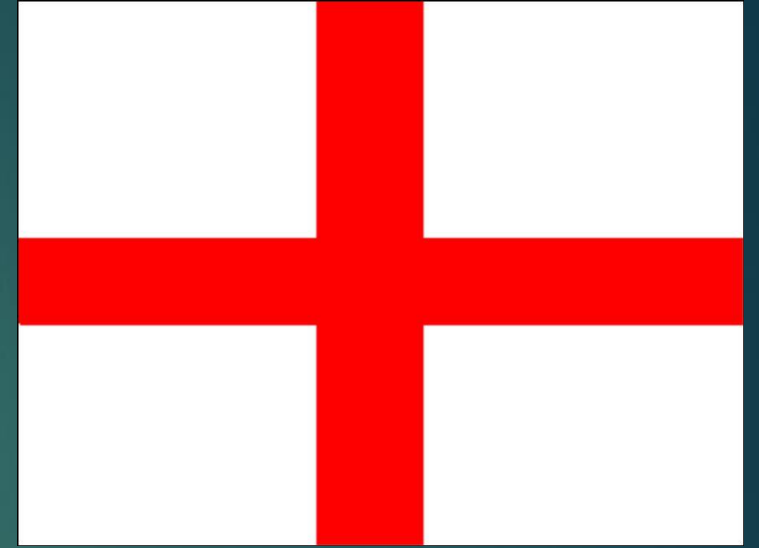


**Oliver Cromwell was not The King but Lord Protector.**



## D) England

- Largest division of Great Britain
- Kingdom since the 9<sup>th</sup> century.
- 1649-1660: **The Commonwealth of England.**





## E) Scotland

- ▶ North of Great Britain.
- ▶ 1603 : Union of the Crowns
- ▶ 1707: Union of parliaments



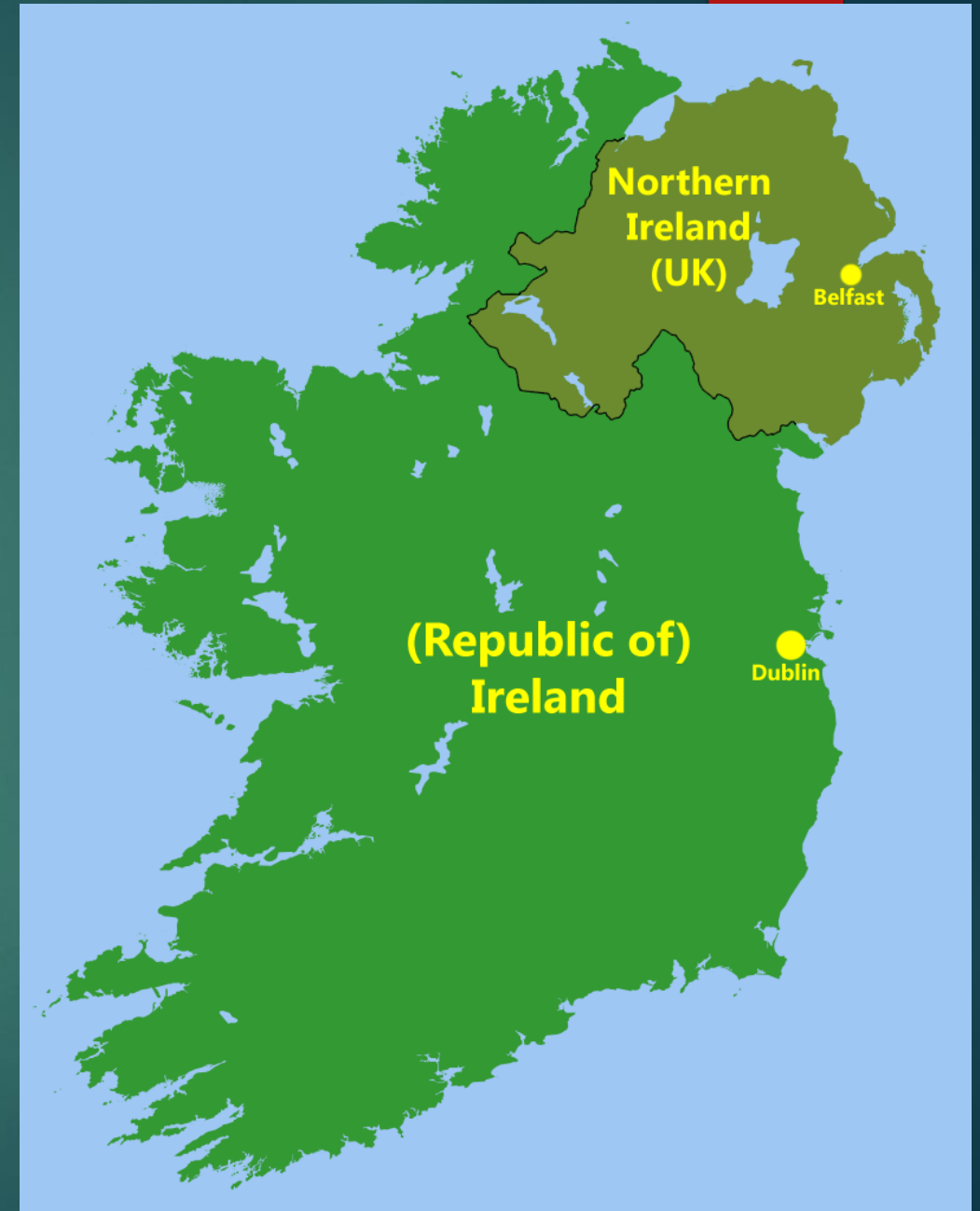
## F) Wales

- ▶ West of Great Britain.
- ▶ Principality
- ▶ 1277 & 1283: conquest by English king Edward I
- ▶ 1536: Parliamentary union



## G) Ireland

- ▶ Geographical term VS political entity?
- ▶ 16th and early 17th centuries: conquest
- ▶ Dependency + colonization
- ▶ 1801: Union with Great Britain
- ▶ 19<sup>th</sup> century: unionists vs nationalists
- ▶ 1916: Easter Rising
- ▶ 1921: Division between
  - **Irish Free State** (today called **the Republic of Ireland**)
  - **Northern Ireland**



## H) Northern Ireland

- ▶ North eastern part of Ireland.
- ▶ Nickname: **Ulster**.
- ▶ **1461**: Ulster passed to the English crown.
- ▶ **1921**: partitioned into the six counties of Northern Ireland **and** the Ulster province of the Republic of Ireland.

