Variant calling of E. coli using illumina paired end read data

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# setup the initial conda environment
####-PACKAGE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS-#####
#########-Variant Calling-#################
NOTE: We will be installing all packages in a conda environment
#----For those of you who have conda installed, need not follow the conda
installation instructions----#
#--In your home directory, enter--#
Command 1: wget https://repo.anaconda.com/miniconda/Miniconda3-latest-
Linux-x86_64.sh
Command 2: sh Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
#---Follow on-screen instructions until the installation is complete---#
**NOTE: When asked to add conda_init , enter YES**
##----Add conda to PATH environment---#
Command 3: source ~/.bashrc
##---If the installation is successful, you should see a list of installed
packages with---#
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Command 4: conda list
#---If the command cannot be found, add conda to PATH environment, open the
.bashrc file and add the export PATH command to the end of the file and
save it---#
Command 5: sudo nano ~/.bashrc
#-----Paste the below command at the end of the bashrc file, and save
using CTRL+o and ENTER and CTRL+X to exit
export PATH=~/miniconda3/bin:$PATH
#--- To check if it was installed correctly----#
Command 6: conda -V
#Adding the required channels to conda for seamless installation
Command 7: conda config --add channels defaults
Command 8: conda config --add channels bioconda
Command 9: conda config --add channels conda-forge
#----For those of you who have java installed, need not follow the java
installation instructions----#
#---To check if java is installed---#
Command 10: java --version
#---if command not found then---#
Command 11: sudo apt-get install default-jre
Command 12: sudo apt-get install default-jdk
### For ease of package management, create a new conda environment ###
Command 13: conda create -n <your-env name>
Command 14: conda activate <your-env-name>
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#### PACKAGE 1: SRA Tools #####
Command 15: conda install sra-tools
#### PACKAGE 2: fastac #####
Command 16: conda install fastqc
#### PACKAGE 3: MultiOC #####
Command 17: conda install multige
#### PACKAGE 4: Bowtie2 #####
Command 18: conda install bowtie2
#### PACKAGE 5: SAMTools #####
Command 19: conda install samtools
#### PACKAGE 6: Integrative Genome Viewer: IGV #####
Command 20: conda install igv
#### PACKAGE 7: BCFTools #####
Command 21: conda install bcftools
###################################
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# After setting up the initall environment run the following commands in
terminal
# Just copy pase the following command in terminal to follow
# unzip the reference genome
# we are using this reference genome
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https://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCF/000/005/845/GCF_000005845.2_AS
M584v2/GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna.gz
# we can download it using browser or the command line
# curl
https://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCF/000/005/845/GCF_000005845.2_AS
M584v2/GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna.gz
or
# wget
https://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genomes/all/GCF/000/005/845/GCF_000005845.2_AS
M584v2/GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna.gz
gunzip GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna.gz
# Download the SRR file using prefetch
prefetch SRR11866736
# let's see if any contaminant plasmids are there
grep '^>' GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna
# split the paired read files from the SRR file
fastq-dump --gzip --defline-qual '+' --split-files SRR11866736
# create a fastqc report
fastqc *fastq.gz
# generate a multiqc report from the existing 2 fastqc html files
multiqc .
# let's open the report in browser
open multiqc_report.html
# let's index the reference genome for easier alignment
bowtie2-build GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna ecoli_k12
# lets's do alignment with the reference genome and create sam file
# this is a unsorted file
bowtie2 -x ecoli_k12 -1 SRR11866736_1.fastq.qz -2 SRR11866736_2.fastq.qz -5
SRR11866736.sam
# let's compress it into a bam file
samtools view -b -o SRR11866736.bam SRR11866736.sam
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# sam file is very large. we won't need it again. so let's delete it
rm SRR11866736.sam
# now let's sort it
samtools sort -o SRR11866736.sort.bam SRR11866736.bam
# let's index the bam file now
samtools view SRR11866736.sort.bam > SRR11866736.sort.bam.bai
# this is a very long file. so let's look at the file using less commmand
samtools view SRR11866736.sort.bam | less
# let's now identify the variant calls and store it in a VCF file
bcftools mpileup -Ou -f GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna -o
SRR11866736.pileup.bcf SRR11866736.sort.bam
# now let's see the create a variant dile in binary format
bcftools call -m -v -Ou -o SRR11866736.call.bcf SRR11866736.pileup.bcf
# let's remove the duplicates
bcftools norm -Ou -f GCF_000005845.2_ASM584v2_genomic.fna -d all -o
SRR11866736.norm.bcf SRR11866736.call.bcf
# Let's filter it for various parameters
bcftools filter -0b -e 'QUAL<40 || DP<10 || GT!="1/1"' -o
SRR11866736.variants.bcf SRR11866736.norm.bcf
# let's convert this file to a non-binary file & and replace the referece
genome version
bcftools view -Ov SRR11866736.variants.bcf | sed
's/NC_000913.3/NC_000913/g' > SRR11866736.variants.vcf
# open the file in IGV
```