

# weGROUP DeepAgent Platform - Architektur-Dokumentation

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## Überblick

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Die weGROUP DeepAgent Platform ist eine Multi-Tenant AI-Orchestration Plattform, die auf einer modernen, skalierbaren Architektur basiert.

## Multi-Tenant-Architektur

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### Mandanten-Struktur

Die Plattform unterstützt 8 vorkonfigurierte Mandanten:

1. **weGROUP** (Master-Mandant)
  - Zentrale Verwaltung
  - Super-Admin-Funktionen
  - Mandantenübergreifende Berichte
2. **weANALYTICS**
  - Datenanalyse und Business Intelligence
  - Advanced Analytics Dashboard
  - Predictive Analytics
3. **weFINANCE**
  - Finanzmanagement
  - Budgetierung und Forecasting
  - Expense Tracking
4. **wePROJECT**
  - Projektmanagement
  - Resource Planning
  - Team Collaboration
5. **weHR**
  - Human Resources Management
  - Employee Analytics
  - Performance Tracking
6. **weSALES**
  - Sales Management
  - CRM Integration
  - Sales Analytics
7. **weMARKETING**
  - Marketing Campaigns
  - Lead Management
  - Marketing Analytics

## 8. weOPERATIONS

- Operational Excellence
- Process Optimization
- Supply Chain Management

## Datenbank-Schema

```
-- Multi-Tenant-Schema
CREATE TABLE tenants (
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  slug VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  settings JSONB,
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

-- Benutzer mit Mandanten-Zuordnung
CREATE TABLE users (
  id UUID PRIMARY KEY,
  email VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  tenant_id UUID REFERENCES tenants(id),
  role user_role NOT NULL,
  permissions JSONB,
  created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT NOW()
);

-- Rollen-Hierarchie
CREATE TYPE user_role AS ENUM (
  'SUPER_ADMIN',
  'TENANT_ADMIN',
  'MANAGER',
  'TEAM_LEAD',
  'USER',
  'VIEWER'
);
```

## Benutzerrollen-System

### Hierarchie (6 Stufen)

#### 1. SUPER\_ADMIN

- Vollzugriff auf alle Mandanten
- System-Administration
- Mandanten-Management

#### 2. TENANT\_ADMIN

- Vollzugriff auf eigenen Mandanten
- Benutzerverwaltung
- Mandanten-Konfiguration

#### 3. MANAGER

- Erweiterte Berechtigungen
- Team-Management
- Reporting-Zugriff

**4. TEAM\_LEAD**

- Team-spezifische Verwaltung
- Projekt-Koordination
- Basis-Reporting

**5. USER**

- Standard-Benutzerrechte
- Eigene Daten verwalten
- Basis-Funktionen

**6. VIEWER**

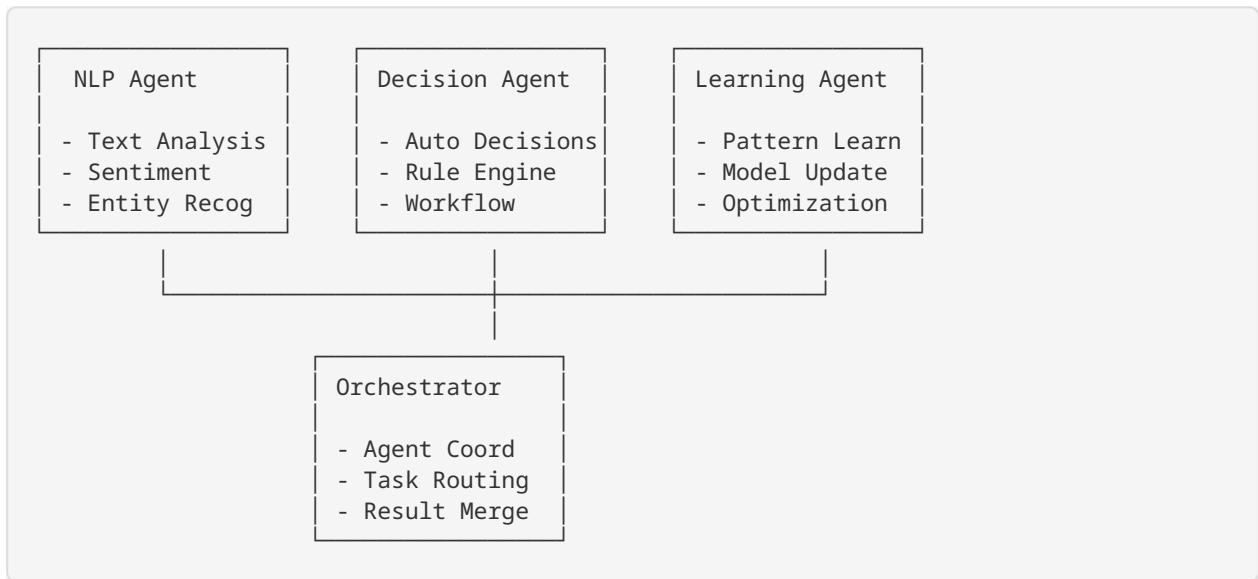
- Nur-Lese-Zugriff
- Dashboard-Ansicht
- Keine Bearbeitungsrechte

**Berechtigungsmatrix**

<b>Funktion</b>	<b>SU- PER_ADMI N</b>	<b>TEN- ANT_ADM IN</b>	<b>MANAGER</b>	<b>TEAM_LE AD</b>	<b>USER</b>	<b>VIEWER</b>
System-Admin						
Mandant-Admin						
User-Management						
Reporting						
Data-Export						
AI-Features						

# AI-Architektur

## Multi-Agent-System



## AI-Services

### 1. Advanced NLP Service

- Textverarbeitung
- Sentiment-Analyse
- Entity Recognition
- Sprachübersetzung

### 2. Multi-Agent AI Service

- Agent-Koordination
- Task-Distribution
- Result-Aggregation

### 3. Autonomous Decision Service

- Regelbasierte Entscheidungen
- ML-basierte Vorhersagen
- Workflow-Automatisierung

### 4. TensorFlow Client Service

- Model-Serving
- Batch-Prediction
- Real-time Inference

### 5. Voice Command Service

- Speech-to-Text
- Intent Recognition
- Voice-UI Integration

### 6. Self-Learning Service

- Continuous Learning
- Model-Updates
- Performance-Monitoring

# Performance-Architektur

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## Optimierungsstrategien

### 1. Caching-Layer

- Redis für Session-Cache
- Application-Level Caching
- Database Query Caching

### 2. Load Balancing

- Horizontal Scaling
- Auto-Scaling Groups
- Health Checks

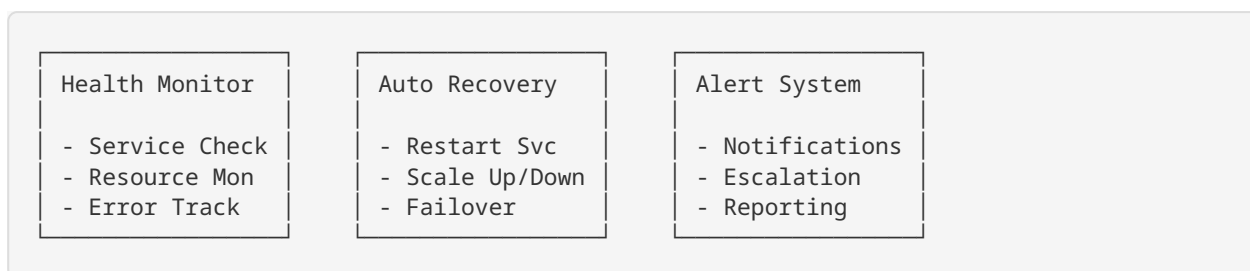
### 3. Database Optimization

- Connection Pooling
- Query Optimization
- Index Strategies

### 4. CDN Integration

- Static Asset Delivery
- Global Distribution
- Edge Caching

## Self-Healing-Mechanismen



# Sicherheitsarchitektur

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## Zero-Trust-Prinzipien

### 1. Identitätsverifikation

- Multi-Faktor-Authentifizierung
- Biometrische Authentifizierung
- Continuous Authentication

### 2. Least-Privilege-Access

- Rollenbasierte Berechtigungen
- Just-in-Time-Access
- Regular Access Reviews

### 3. Verschlüsselung

- End-to-End-Verschlüsselung
- Data-at-Rest-Verschlüsselung
- Transport-Layer-Security

#### 4. Monitoring & Auditing

- Real-time Security Monitoring
- Audit Logs
- Compliance Reporting

## API-Architektur

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### RESTful APIs

```
/api/  
├── admin/  
│   ├── users/  
│   ├── tenants/  
│   ├── permissions/  
│   └── system/  
├── ai/  
│   ├── multi-agent/  
│   ├── nlp/  
│   ├── voice-commands/  
│   └── autonomous-decisions/  
├── multi-tenant/  
│   ├── switch/  
│   └── current/  
└── graphql/  
    └── schema/
```

### GraphQL-Integration

- Flexible Datenabfragen
- Real-time Subscriptions
- Type-Safe Schema
- Efficient Data Loading

## Deployment-Architektur

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### Container-Strategie

```
# Multi-Stage Build  
FROM node:18-alpine AS builder  
WORKDIR /app  
COPY package*.json ./  
RUN npm ci --only=production  
  
FROM node:18-alpine AS runner  
WORKDIR /app  
COPY --from=builder /app/node_modules ./node_modules  
COPY . .  
EXPOSE 3000  
CMD ["npm", "start"]
```

## Kubernetes-Deployment

```

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: wegroup-deepagent
spec:
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: wegroup-deepagent
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: wegroup-deepagent
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: app
          image: wegroup/deepagent:v1.2.0
          ports:
            - containerPort: 3000

```

## Monitoring & Observability

### Metriken

#### 1. Application Metrics

- Response Times
- Error Rates
- Throughput

#### 2. Business Metrics

- User Engagement
- Feature Usage
- Conversion Rates

#### 3. Infrastructure Metrics

- CPU/Memory Usage
- Network I/O
- Database Performance

### Logging-Strategie

- Structured Logging (JSON)
- Centralized Log Aggregation
- Real-time Log Analysis
- Alert-based Monitoring

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Diese Architektur gewährleistet Skalierbarkeit, Sicherheit und Performance für Enterprise-Anforderungen.