

CS341A Fall 2018

Project #1: Socket Programming

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1. Instruction to compile the programs

\$make all: make server & client program
by client.c and server.c

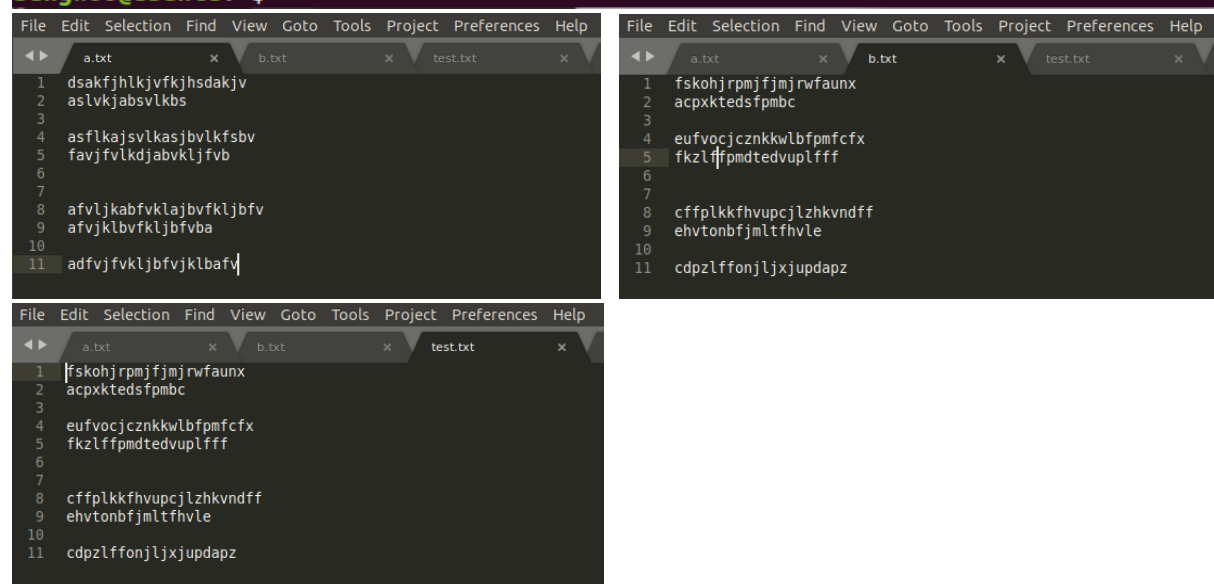
\$make clean: delete the server & client
program

```
1  CC = gcc
2
3  all: server client
4  clobber: clean
5      rm -f *~ \
6  clean:
7      rm -f server *.o
8      rm -f client *.o
9
10 server: server.c
11     $(CC) server.c -o server
12 client: client.c
13     $(CC) client.c -o client
14
```

2. Self-test results of client & server

-Comparing the output between test server and my server with client

```
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$ ./client -h 143.248.53.25 -p 60000 -o 0 -k cake < a.txt > test
.txt
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$ ./client -h 127.0.0.1 -p 10000 -o 0 -k cake < a.txt > b.txt
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$ diff -i test.txt b.txt
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$
```



-Comparing the encrypt and decrypt data with my server & client

```

sungwoo@ubuntu:~$ ./client -h 127.0.0.1 -p 10000 -o 0 -k cake < a.txt > b.txt
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$ ./client -h 127.0.0.1 -p 10000 -o 1 -k cake < b.txt > test.txt
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$ diff a.txt test.txt
sungwoo@ubuntu:~$

```

3. Structure of client

Packet: I make struct packet to send with protocol. In packet, there is 5 elements: operator, checksum, keyword, length, and the pointer of data array. For operator and length, I change them from host-order to network-order. And I

```

14 // define protocol packet
15 struct packet {
16     unsigned short op;
17     unsigned short checksum;
18     char keyword[4];
19     unsigned long long length;
20     char* data;
21 };

```

allocate the memory for data in packet and struct packet.

And, I use <endian.h> to change the network-order

Open_clientfd: I reference this function from 2018 cs230 class17 ppt.

```

25 // establish a connection with a server
26 // from 2018 cs230 class17 ppt
27 int open_clientfd(char *hostname, char *port) {
28     int clientfd;
29     struct addrinfo hints, *listp, *p;
30
31     /* Get a list of potential server addresses */
32     memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(struct addrinfo));
33     hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM; /* Open a connection */
34     hints.ai_flags = AI_NUMERICSERV; /* ...using numeric port arg. */
35     hints.ai_flags |= AI_ADDRCONFIG; /* Recommended for connections */
36     getaddrinfo(hostname, port, &hints, &listp);
37     /* Walk the list for one that we can successfully connect to */
38     for (p = listp; p; p = p->ai_next) {
39         /* Create a socket descriptor */
40         if ((clientfd = socket(p->ai_family, p->ai_socktype,
41                               p->ai_protocol)) < 0)
42             continue; /* Socket failed, try the next */
43
44         /* Connect to the server */
45         if (connect(clientfd, p->ai_addr, p->ai_addrlen) != -1)
46             break; /* Success */
47         close(clientfd); /* Connect failed, try another */
48     }
49
50     /* Clean up */
51     freeaddrinfo(listp);
52     if (!p) /* All connects failed */
53         return -1;
54     else /* The last connect succeeded */
55         return clientfd;
56 }

```

Checksum: I also reference this function from http://locklessinc.com/article/s/tcp_checksum/. However, I used the packet to send the data, and there is a pointer for data array; so, I add some code to calculate the checksum by pointer.

```
65 // calculate the checksum for packet without data
66 for(int i = 0; i<2; i++){
67     unsigned long long s = *b++;
68     sum += s;
69     if (sum < s) sum ++;
70     size -= 8;
71 }
72 // calculate the checksum for data in packet
73 b = (unsigned long long *) ((packet_T)buf)->data;
```

Main: First, I allocate the memory for packet, and dedicate each argument to packet. And then, I connect the client with server by open_clientfd function; and, calculate the data length and checksum. Lastly, I send the whole data by packet http://locklessinc.com/articles/tcp_checksum/ to server; and, receive the encrypted/decrypted data, print it depend on checksum.

4. Structure of server

Packet: As I mentioned at structure of client, I make struct packet to send with protocol same way.

Checksum: I also reference this function from http://locklessinc.com/article/s/tcp_checksum/. And, I add some code to calculate the checksum by pointer.

```
65 // calculate the checksum for packet without data
66 for(int i = 0; i<2; i++){
67     unsigned long long s = *b++;
68     sum += s;
69     if (sum < s) sum ++;
70     size -= 8;
71 }
72 // calculate the checksum for data in packet
73 b = (unsigned long long *) ((packet_T)buf)->data;
```

Open_listenfd: To create a listening descriptor, I also reference this function from 2018 cs230 class17 ppt.

```
94 // create a listening descriptor that can be used
95 // to accept connection requests from clients
96 // from 2018 cs230 class17 ppt
97 int open_listenfd(char *port)
98 {
99     struct addrinfo hints, *listp, *p;
100     int listenfd, optval=1;
101
102     /* Get a list of potential server addresses */
103     memset(&hints, 0, sizeof(struct addrinfo));
104     hints.ai_socktype = SOCK_STREAM; /* Accept connect. */
105     hints.ai_flags = AI_PASSIVE | AI_ADDRCONFIG; /* ...on any IP addr */
106     hints.ai_flags |= AI_NUMERICSERV; /* ...using port no. */
107     getaddrinfo(NULL, port, &hints, &listp);
108
109     /* Walk the list for one that we can bind to */
110     for (p = listp; p; p = p->ai_next) {
111         /* Create a socket descriptor */
112         if ((listenfd = socket(p->ai_family, p->ai_socktype,
113                               p->ai_protocol)) < 0)
114             continue; /* Socket failed, try the next */
115
116         /* Eliminates "Address already in use" error from bind */
117         setsockopt(listenfd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR,
118                   (const void *)&optval, sizeof(int));
119
120         /* Bind the descriptor to the address */
121         if (bind(listenfd, p->ai_addr, p->ai_addrlen) == 0)
122             break; /* Success */
123         close(listenfd); /* Bind failed, try the next */
124     }
125     /* Clean up */
126     freeaddrinfo(listp);
127     if (!p) /* No address worked */
128         return -1;
129
130     /* Make it a listening socket ready to accept conn. requests */
131     if (listen(listenfd, LISTENQ) < 0) {
132         close(listenfd);
133         return -1;
134     }
135     return listenfd;
136 }
```

Main: Like client, I allocate the memory for packet; and, dedicate the packet from client with connection between server and client by open_listenfd & accept function. And then, depend on operator, I encrypt/decrypt the data by ascii code; and, calculate the checksum again by changed data. Lastly, I write the data to the client from server.