

Hotel Network Design and Implementation

As a part of your end year networking project, you are required to design and implement the Vic Modern Hotel network. The hotel has three floors; in the first floor there are three departments (Reception, Store, and Logistics), in the second floor there are three departments (Finance, HR, and Sales/Marketing), while the third floor hosts the IT and Admin. Therefore, the following are part of the considerations during the design and implementation.

- a) There should be three routers connecting each floor (all placed in the server room in the IT department).
- b) All routers should be connected to each using serial DCE cable.
- c) The network between the routers should be 10.10.10.0/30, 10.10.10.4/30, 10.10.10.8/30.
- d) Each floor is expected to have one switch (placed in the respective floor).
- e) Each floor is expected to have WIFI networks connected to laptops and phones.
- f) Each department is expected to have a printer.
- g) Each department is expected to be in different VLAN with the following details:
 - 1st Floor:
 - Reception: VLAN 80, Network of 192.168.8.0/24
 - Store: VLAN 70, Network of 192.168.7.0/24
 - Logistics: VLAN 60, Network of 192.168.6.0/24
 - 2nd Floor:
 - Finance: VLAN 50, Network of 192.168.5.0/24
 - HR: VLAN 40, Network of 192.168.4.0/24
 - Sales: VLAN 30, Network of 192.168.3.0/24
 - 3rdFloor:
 - Admin: VLAN 20, Network of 192.168.2.0/24
 - IT: VLAN10, Network of 192.168.1.0/24
- h) Use OSPF as the routing protocol to advertise routes.
- i) All devices in the network are expected to obtain IP addresses dynamically with their respective router configured as the DHCP server.
- j) All the devices in the network are expected to communicate with each other.
- k) Configure SSH in all the routers for remote login.
- l) In the IT department, add a PC called Test-PC to port fa0/1 and use it to test remote login.
- m) Configure port security to IT-Department switch to allow only Test-PC to access port fa0/1 (use sticky method to obtain mac-address with violation mode of shutdown).

Technologies Implemented

- Creating a network topology using Cisco Packet Tracer.
- Hierarchical Network Design.
- Connecting Networking devices with Correct cabling.
- Creating VLANs and assigning ports VLAN numbers.
- Subnetting and IP Addressing.

- Configuring Inter-VLAN Routing (Router on a stick).
- Configuring DHCP Server (Router as the DHCP Server).
- Configuring SSH for secure Remote access.
- Configuring switchport security or Port-Security on the switches.
- Configuring WLAN or wireless network (Cisco Access Point).
- Host Device Configurations.
- Test and Verifying Network Communication.