

🎯 Combination Sum

<http://leetcode.com/problems/combination-sum/>

ans.add(list);

- Adds the same `list` object (a reference) to `ans`.
- In recursion, `list` is modified (elements are added and removed).
- Because all entries in `ans` point to the same list, they all change as the list changes.
- This leads to incorrect or duplicated results.

ans.add(new ArrayList<>(list));

- Adds a new copy of the current `list` to `ans`.
- This copy stays unchanged even when recursion modifies the original `list`.
- Ensures each stored combination is correct and independent of future changes.

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] coin = { 2, 3, 6, 7 };  
        int amount = 7;  
        List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();  
        List<List<Integer>> ans = new ArrayList<>();  
        comb(coin, amount, list, 0, ans);  
        System.out.println(ans);  
    }  
  
    public static void comb(int[] coin, int amount, List<Integer> list, int idx,  
    List<List<Integer>> ans) {  
        if (amount == 0) {  
            // System.out.println(l1);  
            ans.add(list);  
            return;  
        }  
  
        for (int i = idx; i < coin.length; i++) {  
            if (amount >= coin[i]) {  
                List<Integer> tempList = new ArrayList<>(list);  
                tempList.add(coin[i]);  
                comb(coin, amount - coin[i], tempList, i, ans);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] coin = { 2, 3, 6, 7 };  
        int amount = 7;  
        List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();  
        List<List<Integer>> ans = new ArrayList<>();  
        comb(coin, amount, list, 0, ans);  
    }  
}
```

```

        System.out.println(ans);
    }

    public static void comb(int[] coin, int amount, List<Integer> list, int idx,
List<List<Integer>> ans) {
        if (amount == 0) {
            // System.out.println(list);
            ans.add(new ArrayList<>(list));
            return;
        }

        for (int i = idx; i < coin.length; i++) {
            if (amount >= coin[i]) {
                list.add(coin[i]);
                comb(coin, amount - coin[i], list, i, ans);
                list.remove(list.size() - 1);
            }
        }
    }

}

```

```

class Solution {
    public List<List<Integer>> combinationSum(int[] candidates, int target) {
        List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
        List<List<Integer>> ans = new ArrayList<>();
        int idx = 0;
        comb(candidates, target, list, idx, ans);
        return ans;
    }

    public static void comb(int[] coin, int amount, List<Integer> list, int idx,
List<List<Integer>> ans) {
        if (amount == 0) {
            // System.out.println(ll);
            ans.add(list);
            return;
        }

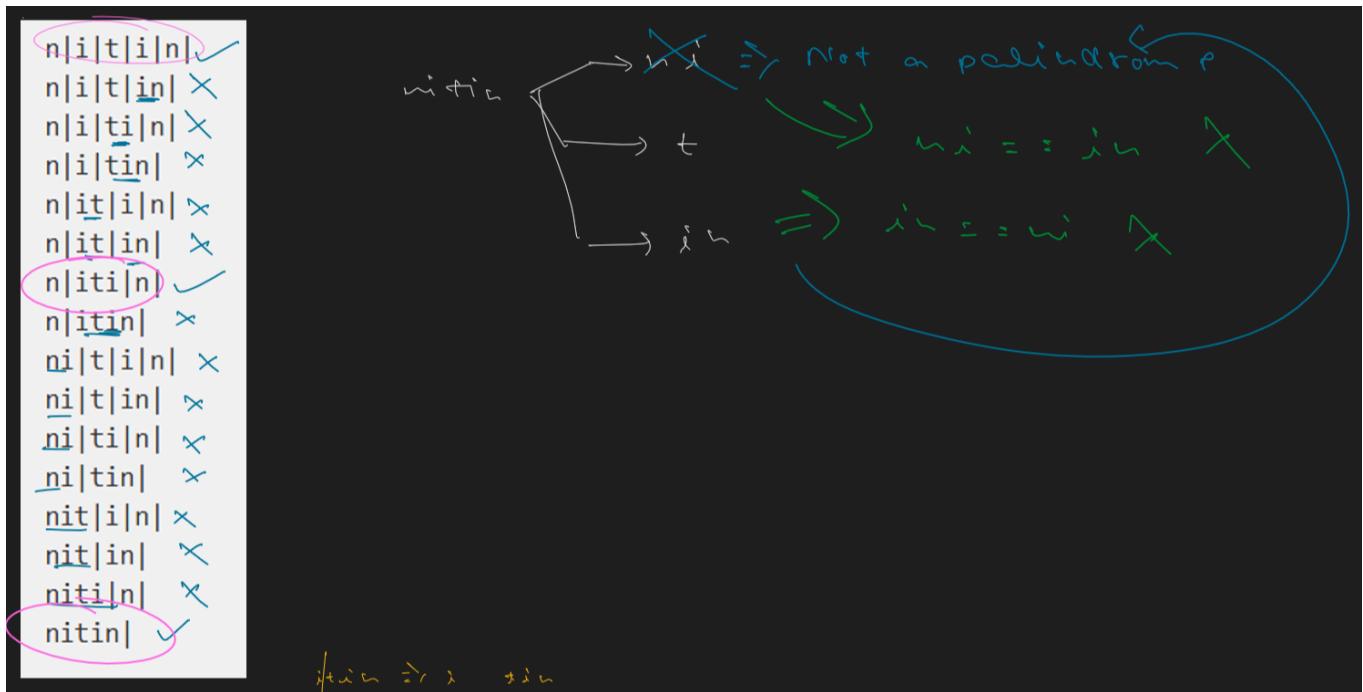
        for (int i = idx; i < coin.length; i++) {
            if (amount >= coin[i]) {
                List<Integer> tempList = new ArrayList<>(list);
                tempList.add(coin[i]);
                comb(coin, amount - coin[i], tempList, i, ans);
            }
        }
    }

}

```

Palindrome Partitioning

<https://leetcode.com/problems/palindrome-partitioning/>



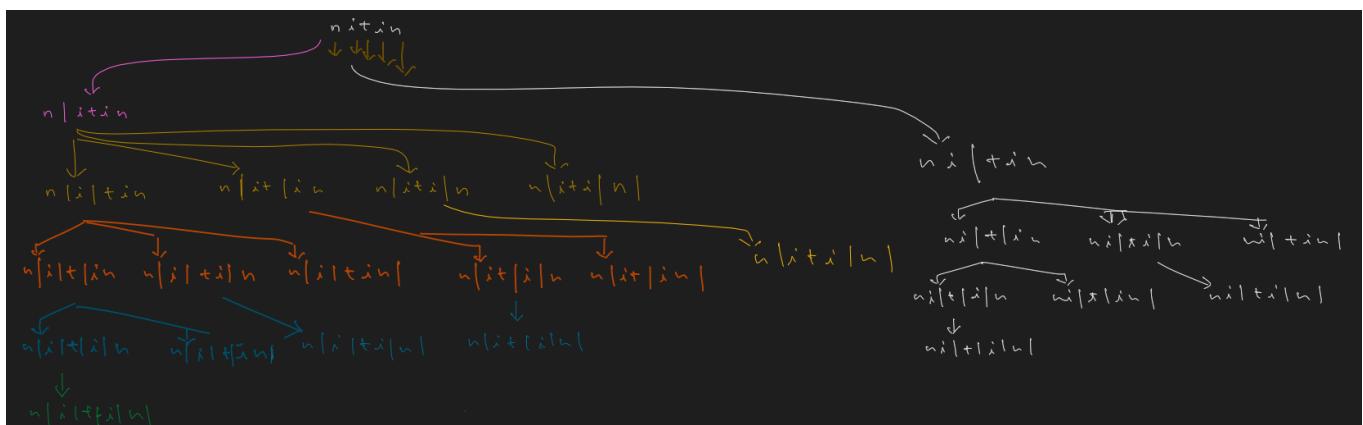
Suppose I have a string "nitin". I want to split it into paths, I have 5 options—essentially, I'll try to split it at every possible position.

For example, if I split it after the first character 'n', I'll get two substrings:

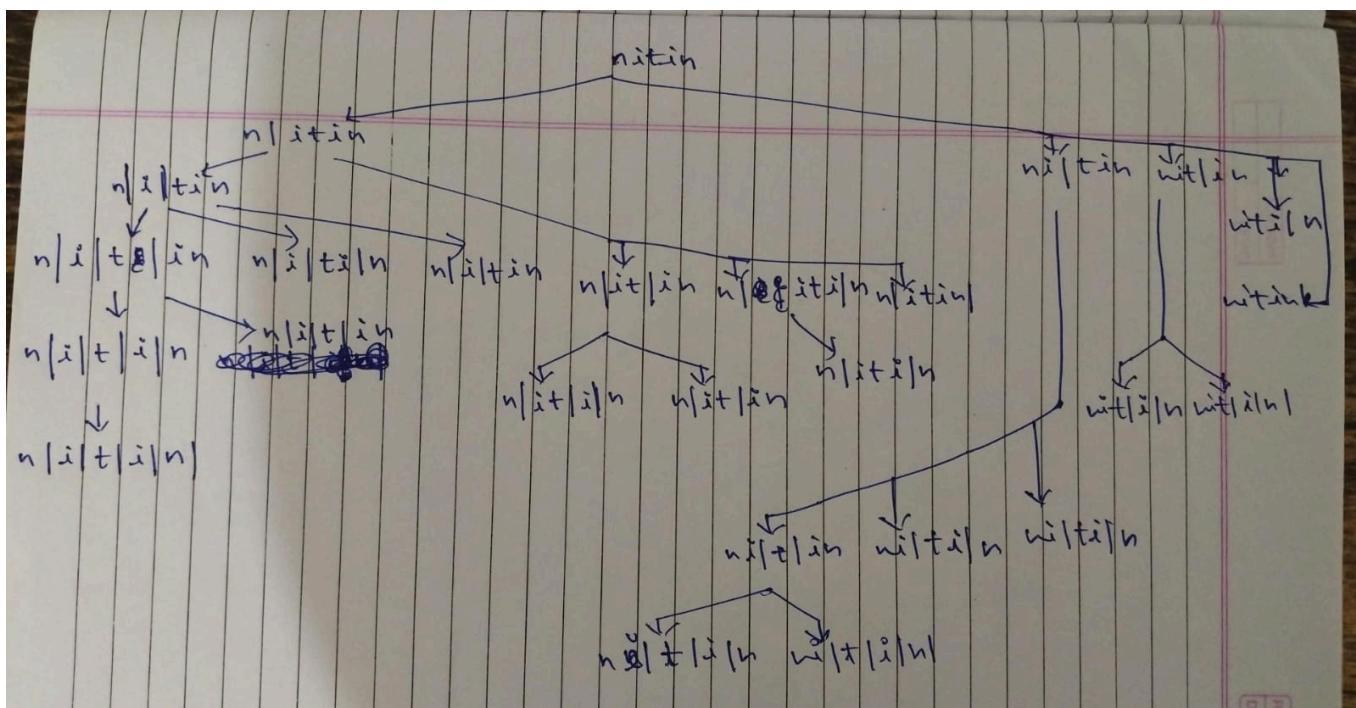
- Left: "n"
- Right: "itin"

Next, I will recursively split the **right** substring ("itin") into four parts, and continue this process until I reach individual characters.

Basically i will keep splitting the right part everytime



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{nitin} \rightarrow \lambda \quad \text{true} \\
 | \\
 \text{it} \mid \text{in} \rightarrow \text{it} \quad \text{true} \\
 | \\
 \text{it} + \cancel{\text{in}} = \cancel{\text{it}} + \text{in} \\
 | \\
 \cancel{\text{nitin}} = \text{nitin}
 \end{array}$$



	prefix	suff
0 1 2 3 4		
n i t i n		
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		
① ② ③ ④ ⑤	Σ, cut	
cut = 1	n substring(0,1)	itin substr)
cut = 2	ni substring(0,2)	tin substr)
cut = 3	nit substring(0,3)	in substr)
cut = 4	niti substring(0,4)	n substr)
cut = 5	nitin substring(0,5)	- substr(5)

```

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String ip = "nitin";
        String op = "";
        partition(ip, op);
    }

    public static void partition(String ip, String op) {
    }
}

```

```

        if (ip.length() == 0) {
            System.out.println(op);
            return;
        }

        for (int cut = 1; cut <= ip.length(); cut++) {
            String prefix = ip.substring(0, cut);
            String rest = ip.substring(cut);
            partition(rest, op + prefix + "|");
        }
    }

}

```

```

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String ip = "nitin";
        List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
        List<List<String>> ans = new ArrayList<>();
        partition(ip, list, ans);
        System.out.println(ans);
    }

    public static void partition(String ip, List<String> list,
List<List<String>> ans) {
        if (ip.length() == 0) {
            ans.add(list);
            return;
        }

        for (int cut = 1; cut <= ip.length(); cut++) {
            String prefix = ip.substring(0, cut);
            if (isPalindrome(prefix)) {
                List<String> tempList = new ArrayList<>(list);
                tempList.add(prefix);

                String rest = ip.substring(cut);
                partition(rest, tempList, ans);
            }
        }
    }

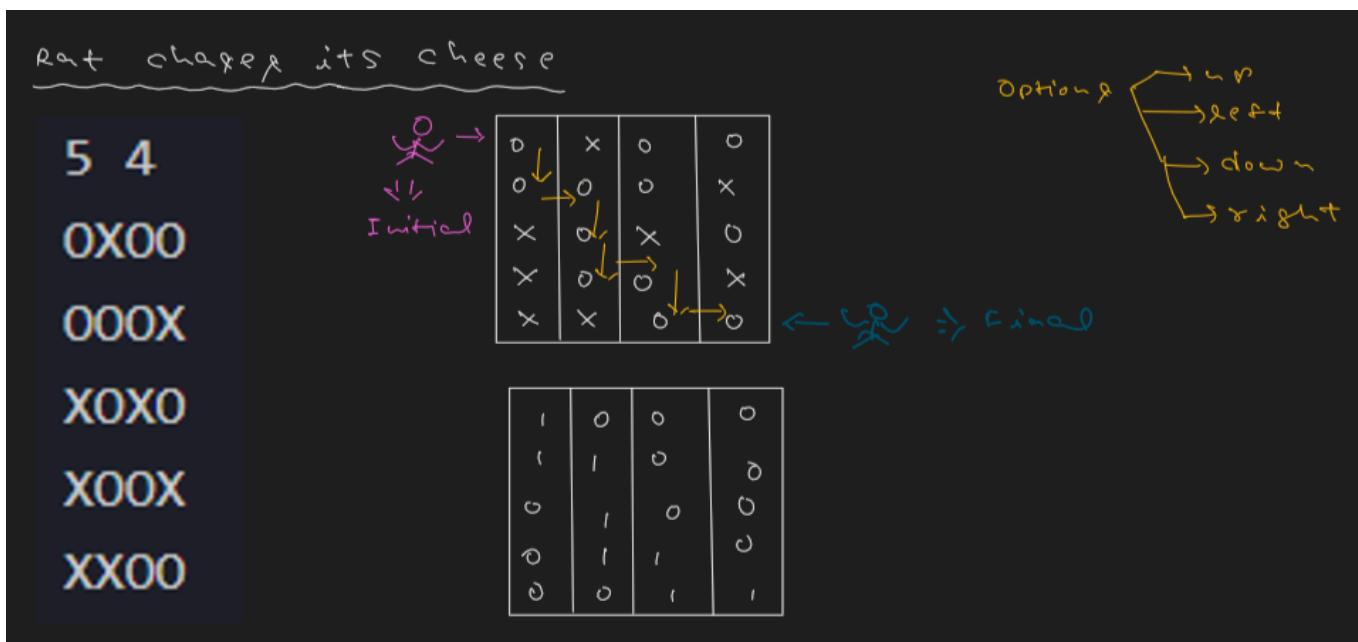
    public static boolean isPalindrome(String s) {
        int i = 0;
        int j = s.length() - 1;
        while (i < j) {
            if (s.charAt(i) != s.charAt(j)) {
                return false;
            }
            i++;
            j--;
        }
        return true;
    }
}

```

```
    }  
  
}
```

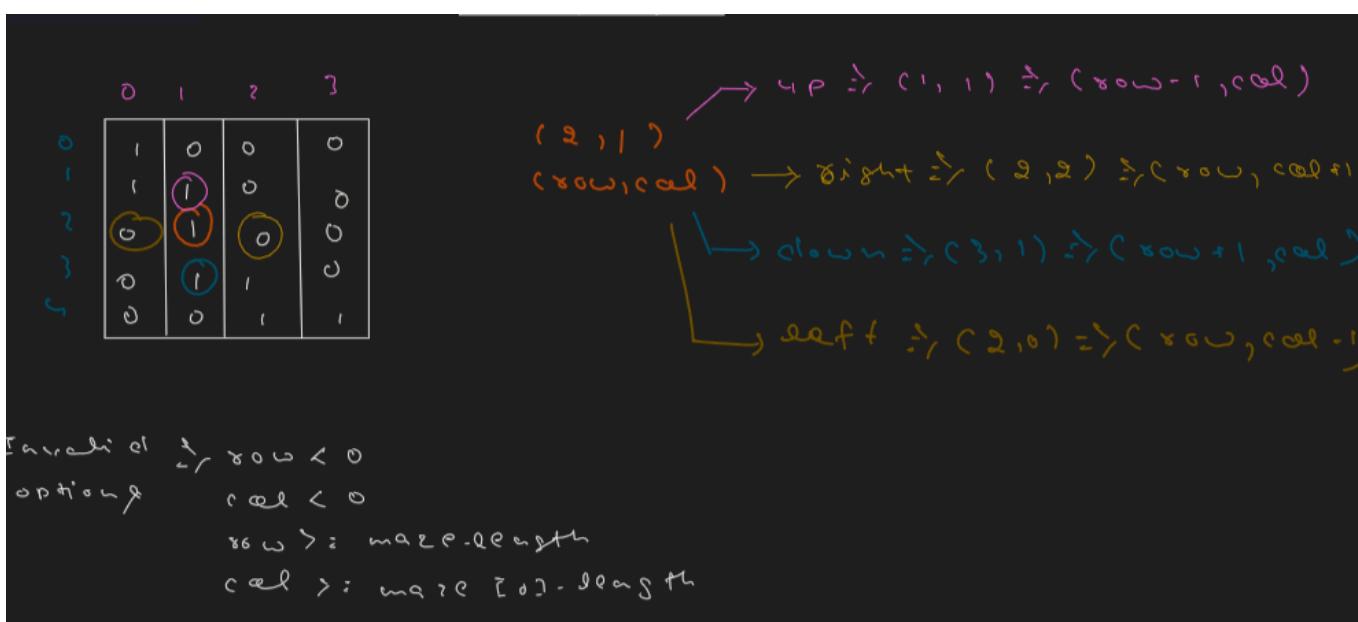
```
class Solution {  
    public List<List<String>> partition(String s) {  
        String ip = s;  
        List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();  
        List<List<String>> ans = new ArrayList<>();  
        partition(ip, list, ans);  
        return ans;  
    }  
  
    public static void partition(String ip, List<String> list, List<List<String>> ans) {  
        if (ip.length() == 0) {  
            ans.add(list);  
            return;  
        }  
  
        for (int cut = 1; cut <= ip.length(); cut++) {  
            String prefix = ip.substring(0, cut);  
            if (isPalindrome(prefix)) {  
                List<String> tempList = new ArrayList<>(list);  
                tempList.add(prefix);  
  
                String rest = ip.substring(cut);  
                partition(rest, tempList, ans);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
  
    public static boolean isPalindrome(String s) {  
        int i = 0;  
        int j = s.length() - 1;  
        while (i < j) {  
            if (s.charAt(i) != s.charAt(j)) {  
                return false;  
            }  
            i++;  
            j--;  
        }  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

Rat Chases its cheese



```
// Input
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int m = sc.nextInt();
        char[][] maze = new char[n][m];

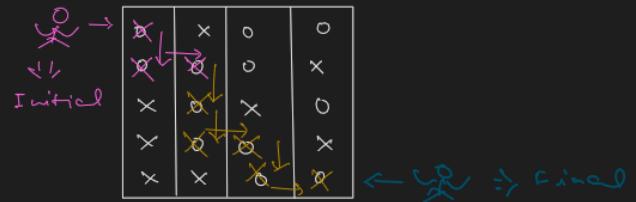
        for (int i = 0; i < maze.length; i++) {
            String s = sc.next();
            for (int j = 0; j < maze[0].length; j++) {
                maze[i][j] = s.charAt(j);
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```

public static void printPath(char[][] maze, int row, int col){
    if(row < 0 || col < 0 || row >= maze.length || col >= maze[0].length)
        return;
    printPath(maze, row-1, col); // up
    printPath(maze, row, col-1); // left
    printPath(maze, row+1, col); // down
    printPath(maze, row, col+1); // right
}

```



```

import java.util.*;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int m = sc.nextInt();
        char[][] maze = new char[n][m];
        for (int i = 0; i < maze.length; i++) {
            String s = sc.next();
            for (int j = 0; j < maze[0].length; j++) {
                maze[i][j] = s.charAt(j);
            }
        }
        int[][] ans = new int[n][m];
        printpath(maze, 0, 0, ans);
        if (!valueFound) {
            System.out.println("NO PATH FOUND");
        }
    }

    static boolean valueFound = false;

    public static void printpath(char[][] maze, int row, int col, int[][] ans) {
        if (row == maze.length - 1 && col == maze[0].length - 1 && maze[row][col] != 'X') {
            ans[row][col] = 1;
            display(ans);
            valueFound = true;
            return;
        }
        if (row < 0 || col < 0 || row >= maze.length || col >= maze[0].length || maze[row][col] == 'X') {
            return;
        }
        maze[row][col] = 'X';
        ans[row][col] = 1;
        int[] r = { -1, 0, 1, 0 };
        int[] c = { 0, -1, 0, 1 };
        for (int i = 0; i < c.length; i++) {
            printpath(maze, row + r[i], col + c[i], ans);
        }
        // printpath(maze, row - 1, col, ans); // up
        // printpath(maze, row, col - 1, ans); // left
        // printpath(maze, row + 1, col, ans); // down
        // printpath(maze, row, col + 1, ans); // right
    }
}

```

```
maze[row][col] = '0';
ans[row][col] = 0;
}

public static void display(int[][] ans) {
    for (int i = 0; i < ans.length; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < ans[0].length; j++) {
            System.out.print(ans[i][j] + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```