

# Zoho Practice Questions 2

## Java (10)

---

### Q1. SQL Injection

```
String query = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE id=" + request.getParameter("id");
Statement st = conn.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery(query);
```

**Bug:** SQL Injection.

**Fix:** Use `PreparedStatement` with placeholders.

---

### Q2. Hardcoded credentials

```
String dbUser = "admin";
String dbPass = "password123";
Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, dbUser, dbPass);
```

**Bug:** Hardcoded credentials.

**Fix:** Store secrets in environment variables or secure vault.

---

### Q3. XSS in JSP

```
<%= request.getParameter("username") %>
```

**Bug:** Reflected XSS (unsanitized input rendered).

**Fix:** Use `<c:out>` or OWASP Java Encoder.

---

### Q4. Insecure cookie

```
Cookie c = new Cookie("session", sessionId);
c.setHttpOnly(false);
response.addCookie(c);
```

**Bug:** Cookie accessible via JS, can be stolen via XSS.

**Fix:** Set `HttpOnly=true` , `Secure=true` , `SameSite` .

---

## Q5. Insecure Random

```
int otp = new Random().nextInt(999999);
```

**Bug:** `java.util.Random` is predictable.

**Fix:** Use `SecureRandom` .

---

## Q6. Insecure Deserialization

```
ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(request.getInputStream());  
User u = (User) in.readObject();
```

**Bug:** Insecure deserialization, possible RCE.

**Fix:** Avoid raw deserialization, use JSON with schema validation.

---

## Q7. Missing authorization

```
if (request.getParameter("role").equals("admin")) {  
    showAdminPage();  
}
```

**Bug:** Trusts client input for role.

**Fix:** Check role from server-side session/JWT claims.

---

## Q8. Sensitive data exposure

```
System.out.println("User password: " + password);
```

**Bug:** Logging sensitive info.

**Fix:** Mask or avoid logging credentials.

---

## Q9. SSRF

```
URL url = new URL(request.getParameter("url"));
InputStream in = url.openStream();
```

**Bug:** SSRF (attacker can hit internal services).

**Fix:** Whitelist allowed domains/IP ranges.

---

## Q10. Weak password storage

```
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5");
md.update(password.getBytes());
```

**Bug:** MD5 hashing (fast & broken).

**Fix:** Use bcrypt/argon2.

---

---

# Python (10)

---

## Q11. SQL Injection

```
cur.execute("SELECT * FROM users WHERE name='%s'" % username)
```

**Bug:** SQL Injection.

**Fix:** Use parameterized queries: `cur.execute("SELECT ... WHERE name=%s", (username,))`.

---

## Q12. Command Injection

```
os.system("ping -c 1 " + ip)
```

**Bug:** OS Command Injection.

**Fix:** Use `subprocess.run(["ping", "-c", "1", ip])` + input validation.

---

## Q13. Insecure Deserialization

```
data = pickle.loads(request.data)
```

**Bug:** Arbitrary code execution.

**Fix:** Use JSON with validation.

---

#### Q14. Debug mode enabled

```
app.run(debug=True)
```

**Bug:** Debug in production → RCE.

**Fix:** Disable debug in production.

---

#### Q15. Weak random

```
token = str(random.random())
```

**Bug:** Predictable token.

**Fix:** Use `secrets.token_hex()`.

---

#### Q16. Path traversal

```
f = open("/var/www/uploads/" + filename)
```

**Bug:** Path traversal ( `../../etc/passwd` ).

**Fix:** Canonicalize path, restrict to allowed dirs.

---

#### Q17. Weak password storage

```
hash = hashlib.sha1(password.encode()).hexdigest()
```

**Bug:** SHA1 weak.

**Fix:** Use `bcrypt` / `argon2`.

---

#### Q18. Logging sensitive data

```
logging.info("Password entered: %s", password)
```

**Bug:** Logs sensitive info.

**Fix:** Mask/omit sensitive fields.

---

## Q19. CSRF missing

```
@app.route('/transfer', methods=['POST'])
def transfer():
    # no CSRF token
    ...
```

**Bug:** No CSRF protection.

**Fix:** Implement CSRF tokens (Flask-WTF / Django CSRF middleware).

---

## Q20. XSS in templates

```
return f"<h1>{request.args['msg']}</h1>"
```

**Bug:** Reflected XSS.

**Fix:** Use autoescaping template engines (Jinja2 with autoescape).

---

---

# C / C++ (10)

---

## Q21. Buffer Overflow

```
char buf[10];
strcpy(buf, input);
```

**Bug:** No bounds check → buffer overflow.

**Fix:** Use `strncpy(buf, input, sizeof(buf)-1)`.

---

## Q22. Format String Vulnerability

```
printf(user_input);
```

**Bug:** User controls format string.

**Fix:** `printf("%s", user_input);` .

---

## Q23. Command Injection

```
char cmd[100];  
sprintf(cmd, "ls %s", user_input);  
system(cmd);
```

**Bug:** OS command injection.

**Fix:** Avoid `system()` . Use library calls (e.g., `opendir` ).

---

## Q24. Use-after-free

```
char *p = malloc(10);  
free(p);  
strcpy(p, "test");
```

**Bug:** Use-after-free.

**Fix:** Avoid using freed pointers, set `p=NULL` .

---

## Q25. Double Free

```
char *p = malloc(10);  
free(p);  
free(p);
```

**Bug:** Double free → memory corruption.

**Fix:** Set pointer to NULL after `free()` .

---

## Q26. Integer Overflow

```
int size = user_input * 1000;  
char *buf = malloc(size);
```

**Bug:** Integer overflow may allocate smaller buffer.

**Fix:** Validate ranges before allocation.

---

## Q27. Hardcoded cryptographic key

```
char key[] = "mysecretkey";
```

**Bug:** Hardcoded secret.

**Fix:** Load from secure storage / env vars.

---

## Q28. Race Condition

```
if (access(file, W_OK) == 0) {  
    fd = open(file, O_WRONLY);  
}
```

**Bug:** TOCTOU race.

**Fix:** Open file directly with secure flags.

---

## Q29. Insecure Random

```
int token = rand();
```

**Bug:** `rand()` is predictable.

**Fix:** Use `RAND_bytes()` from OpenSSL or `/dev/urandom`.

---

## Q30. Path Traversal

```
char path[256];  
sprintf(path, "/var/www/%s", user_input);  
fopen(path, "r");
```

**Bug:** Path traversal ( `../../../../etc/passwd` ).

**Fix:** Validate filename, canonicalize, restrict to safe directory.