TRANSACTIONS	EFFECTS ON		
	ASSETS	LIABILITIES	EQUITY/CAPITAL
Ms. Lovely yu started a car business on January 5, 2020. She invested a cash amount to ₱200,000 and one piece of cleaning equipment worth ₱ 30,000. Compute for the correct total owner's equity as of January 5, 2020	CASH: ₱200,000 EQUIPMENT: ₱30,000		Mrs, lovely yu ₱200,000
On January 12,ms yu borrowed ₱ 50,000 cash from her friend to increase the working capital.	CASH: ₱ 50,000		
She used ₱ 10,000 of the money borrowed to buy cleaning supplies on January 13.	CASH: ₱ 10,000 SUPPLIES: ₱ 10,000		
L.yu receive cash of 10,000 as income from car wash business.			SERVICE INCOME : ₱ 10, 000
On January 17, she generate earnings of ₱ 50,000 and paid salaries of 10,000.	CASH: ₱10,000	LOAN: ₱50,000	
January 29, ms. Yu bought new cellphone worth ₱ 30, 000 as a birthday gift for her mother.	CASH: ₱30,000		
She withdrew worth ₱ 20,000 from business fund for her family vacation on January 30.	CASH: ₱ 20,000		

On January 28, she received ₱12,000 on account from her client as income.	CASH: ₱12,000		SERVICE INCOME : ₱ 12,000
TOTAL :	172,000	50,000	1,000,212,000

ASSETS = LIABILITIES + EQUITY/CAPITAL

₱ 172,000 = ₱ 50,000 + **1,000,212,000**

<u>₱ 172,000 = ₱ 172,000</u>