Handling Bad, Missing, and Duplicate Data



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Overview



Cleaning Bad Data

- What is "bad" data?
- Define your goal
- Drop, fill, or replace



Demo



Strip white space

Replace bad data

Fill missing data

Drop bad data

Drop duplicate data



Stripping White Space



Replacing Bad Data with NaN



Filling Missing Data with a Value



Dropping Rows of Data



Identifying and Dropping Duplicate Data



Review





df.title.str.strip()

df.title.transform(lambda x: x.strip())

■ Strip whitespace from entire column

■ Strip with a lambda function for greater flexiblity

from numpy import nan
df.replace({ 'colName': { 'value': nan } })

inplace=True

df.loc[df.col == 'value', ['col']] = nan

 ■ Import nan from numpy and replace all occurences of a specific value in a column

■ Remember to add inplace=True to change original data

■ Filter with loc and fill with NaN



df.fillna(-1)

▼ Fill all NaN values in entire dataset

df.fillna(value={'col': 0})

▼ Fill NaN values in a specific column

Inplace=True

■ Use inplace=True to change original data



df.dropna()

■ Drop rows with ANY NaN values

df.dropna(how='all')

■ Drop rows with ALL NaN values

df.dropna(thresh=15)

◆ Drop rows with AT LEAST a certain number of NaN values

df.dropna(subset=['col1', 'col2'],
inplace=True)

■ Only look at certain columns



df.drop_duplicates()

◆ Drop all duplicates

df.drop_duplicates(subset=['col1'])

■ Drop duplicates if they match across certain columns

data.drop_duplicates(keep=False)

■ Keep 'first', 'last' or False

data.loc[data.duplicated(subset=['col1', 'col2'], keep=False)]

◄ Find and see duplicates using .loc across specific columns

