

Midterm Exam Solutions

Word – Short Answer

1. Suppose you are working on the SmartArt graphic in Word in Figure 1, “SmartArt: Before”. Where should you click to change the graphic to the one in Figure 2, “SmartArt: After”?

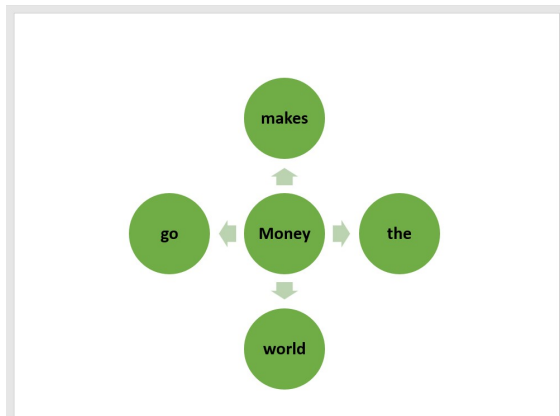


Figure 1: SmartArt: Before

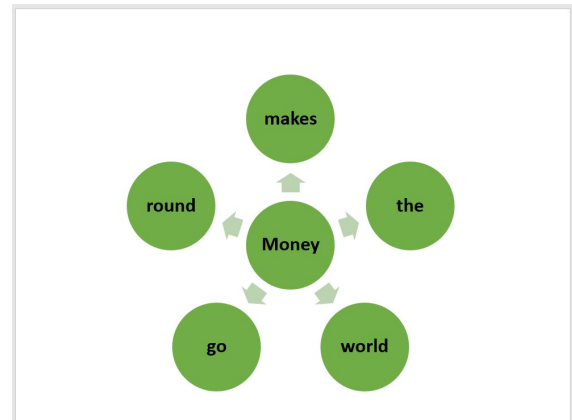


Figure 2: SmartArt: After

(Pages: 930 – 937) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select the SmartArt graphic → Click on the circle with the word “go” → Click the SmartArt Tools: Design tab → Click on “Add Shape” button → Type “round” inside the new shape.

2. (a) Why does Word show a strange colorful underline in the phrase in Figure 3?

The girl eat this.

Figure 3: Phrase in Word

- (b) Mention **one** way to fix the issue and remove this underline with the help of Word (do NOT say “I can simply delete it and re-type it.”)

(Pages: 419 – 423) (7.14 points)

Correct answer:

- (a) The word “eat” should be corrected to “eats” because “girl” is singular, so Word warns you by drawing a blue double underline under that word.
- (b) You can right-click the word or phrase with that underline, and from the options shown, click on the right correction. The correction will replace the mistake, and

the underline will disappear. [Alternatively: open the Review tab, and click the Editor (also called Spelling and Grammar) button to view the detected grammar and spelling errors and correct them.]

3. Explain **one** way to open the Word Application on a Windows 10 computer.

(Pages: 365 – 366) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Click the Start button → scroll through the list of apps until the Word app name appears → Click the Word app name to open the app.

4. If a paragraph has 8 points of space below it, and the paragraph underneath has additional 7 points of space above it, how much space is there between the two paragraphs?

(Pages: 412 – 416) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Since there are 8 points of space below the 1st paragraph and there are 7 points of space above the 2nd paragraph, there will be a total of 15 points of space between the two paragraphs.

5. Where should you click to change the text layout in picture 4, “My Text Layout: Before” to the one in the picture 5, “My Text Layout: After” inside a Word document?

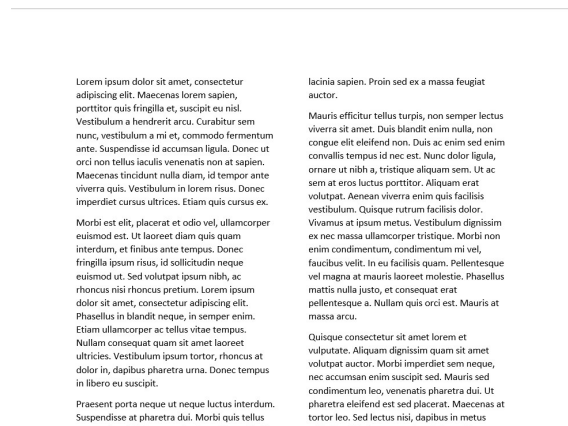


Figure 4: My Text Layout: Before

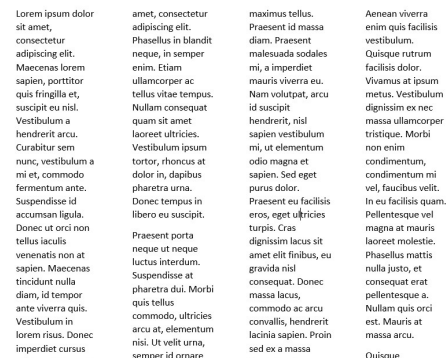


Figure 5: My Text Layout: After

(Pages: 465 – 469) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: The difference between the layout is in the number of columns: while the “My Text Layout: Before” image has 2 columns, the “My Text Layout: After” image has 4 columns. To change the layout to the one shown on the “My Text Layout: After” image, you could select the entire text in the document → click on the Layout tab → click the Column arrow → click the “More Columns...” option, and then type the number 4 next to “Number of Columns”.

6. What is the purpose of the following partially-shown dialog box in Figure 6?

(Pages: 569 – 570) (7.14 points)

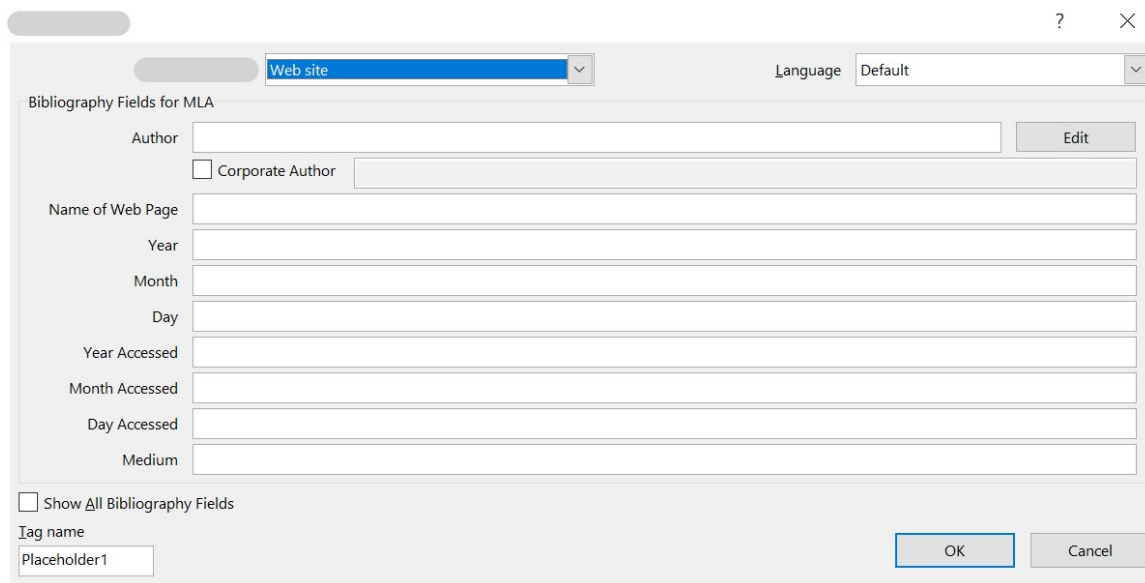


Figure 6: Dialog Box

Correct answer: The purpose of the dialog box is to insert/edit the details of a new bibliographic source into a Word document to later use it inside the bibliography or inside a citation.

7. What are the Rulers in Word used for? Describe **one** use.

(Pages: 454 – 459) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: The Rulers can help you creating first-line indentation in a research paper.

PowerPoint – Short Answer

8. Name **two** tabs in PowerPoint that Word does NOT have. **Hint:** Look at PowerPoint's tabs on the screenshot given on the textbook page listed below.

(Pages: 883) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: (Example:) Transitions, Animations

9. How can you insert a table with 3 rows and 2 columns inside the PowerPoint box shown in Figure 7? Your answer must use the box shown in that Figure.

(Pages: 1055 – 1059) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: This object is a content placeholder. Click the “Insert Table” icon inside this content placeholder to open the Insert Table dialog box → Type 3 in the “Number of rows” box and 2 in the “Number of columns” box → Click OK for the table to be added.

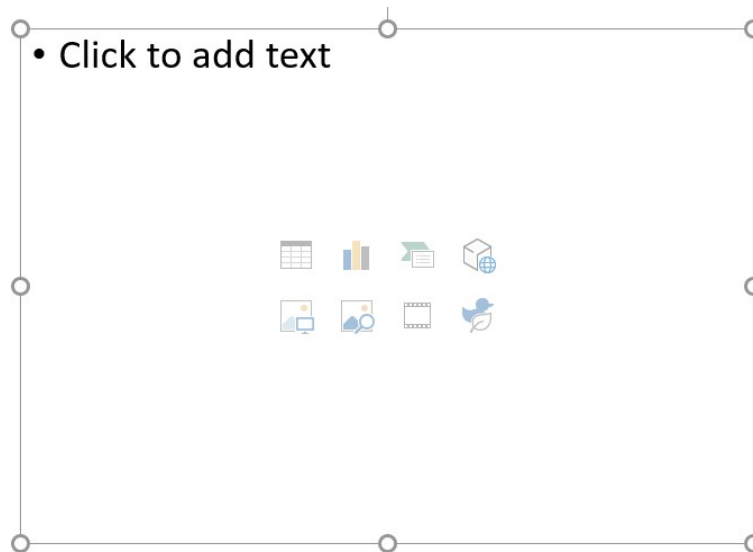


Figure 7: Insert Table Here

10. Which button do you need to click to add the text pointed by the red arrows in Figure 8? (Note: the object the question is asking about is below the red arrows. The arrows are for illustration only and should NOT be a part of the answer.)

(Pages: 967 – 970) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Click the Insert Tab → Click the “Header & Footer” button → Check the “Date and time” box → Click on the Fixed radio button → Check the “Slide Number” box → Check the “Footer” box → Type: “Presentation about Nothing” → Click the “Apply to All” button to insert this footer.

11. The bulleted list in Figure 9, “My List” was converted into the object displayed in Figure 10, “My New List”. Where should you click for this object conversion to occur? (**Hint:** what kind of object is displayed in Figure 10, “My New List”?)

(Pages: 930 – 937) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select all the bulleted list’s items → Click the Home Tab → Click the “Convert to SmartArt” button → Select the appropriate SmartArt graphic to which you want the list to be converted. The specific graphic in the “My New List” Figure is called “Targeted List,” but you did not have to mention that.

12. Explain why the 1st slide in a PowerPoint presentation is called the “Title Slide,” according to our lectures.

(Pages: 1155 – 1156) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: The Title Slide comes with placeholders for both the title and subtitle of the entire presentation, so it serves as the title of the presentation.

Just a Title

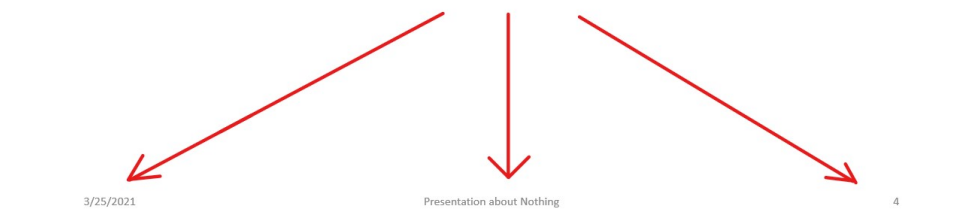


Figure 8: What is This

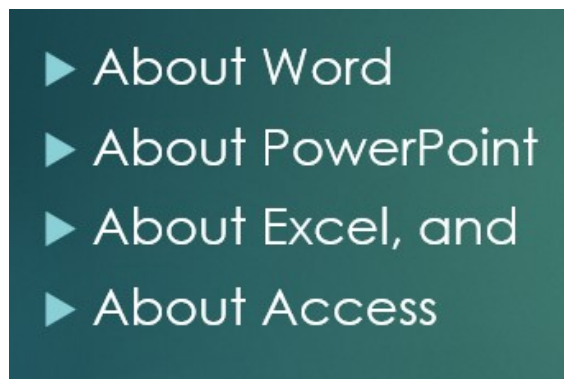


Figure 9: My List

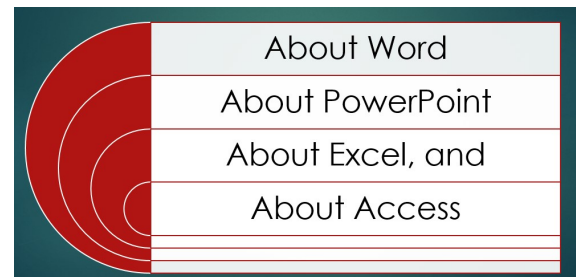


Figure 10: My New List

13. If you click on any of the options shown in Figure 11, what object will change on the PowerPoint slide, and how?

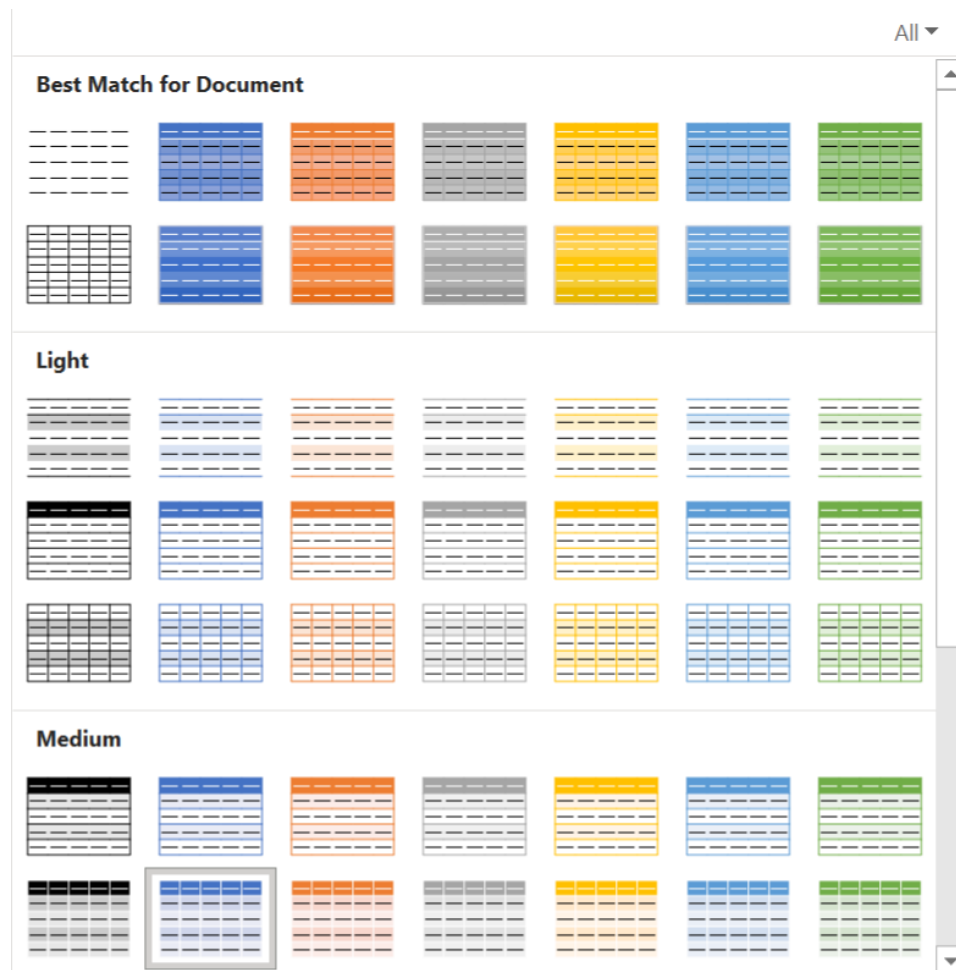


Figure 11: Many options

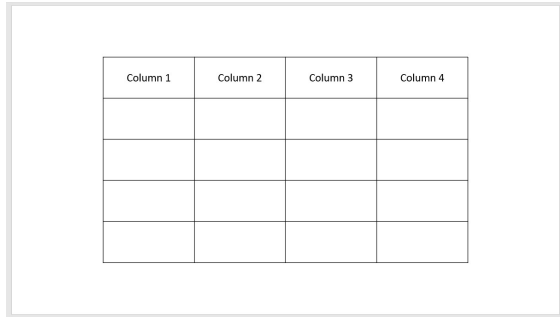
(Pages: 1074 – 1078) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: The style of the table on the PowerPoint slide will change to the one that you click among the “Many options”.

14. Where do you need to click to change the table in Figure 12, “Table: Before” to the table in Figure 13, “Table: After”? Your answer must use a button from the Table Tools: Design tab.

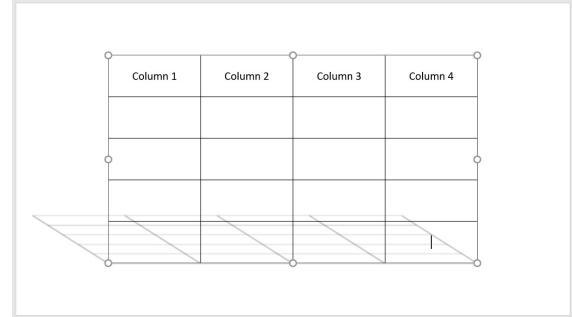
(Pages: 549 – 551) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select the table → click on the Table Tools: Design tab → Click on the Effects button → Move the mouse over the “Shadow” option → Click on the “Perspective: Upper Left” shadow option to add it.



Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4

Figure 12: Table: Before



Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4

Figure 13: Table: After

Extra Credit

Word

15. Using Word, you are writing an MLA paper for your English class. The MLA format requires you to create a page header. Describe the steps of creating a blank header in a Word document. (Don't write about how you add your last name and page number.) (Pages: 470 – 473) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: Insert tab → Header button → Blank option

16. You inserted an oval shape into your Word document shown in Figure 14, “Added Oval Shape”. Where should you click to change the location of the oval in the document to the one shown in Figure 15, “Moved Oval”? [Note: you must use a button on the Drawing Tools (Shape) Format Tab. Don't answer “I can simply drag it there with the mouse.”]

(Pages: 519 – 521) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: Select the shape → Click the Drawing Tools (Shape) Format → Click the Position button → Click “Position in Top Center with Square Wrapping.”

PowerPoint

17. (a) What is the name of the PowerPoint object appearing in the Figure 16?
(b) Where do you need to click to delete/remove this object?

(Pages: 880 – 883) (2.5 points)

Correct answer:

- (a) This is the placeholder of the Title, or “Title placeholder” shortly.
(b) You can either right-click it and choose “Cut” from the shortcut menu, or click its boundary and then click on the DELETE key.
18. A non-square page can have one of two orientation types: portrait and landscape. Which one is the orientation type of a PowerPoint slide, and how can you tell by

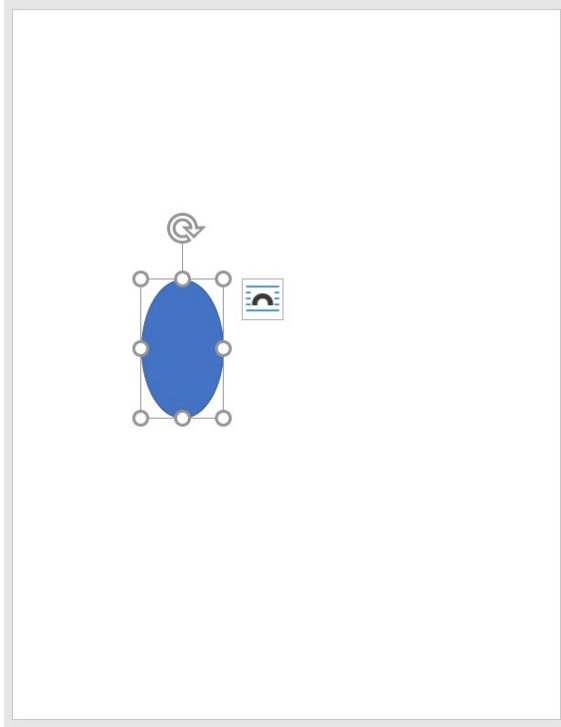


Figure 14: Added Oval Shape

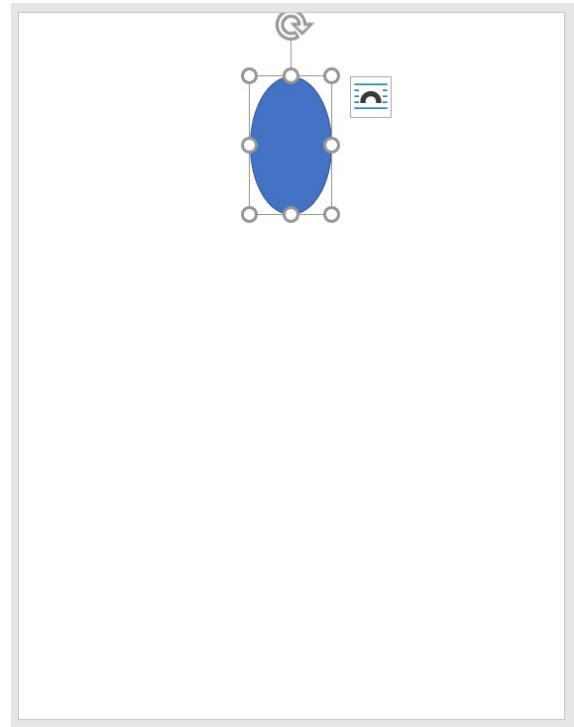


Figure 15: Moved Oval

Click to add title

Figure 16: Object/Box

looking at the slide? **Note:** The cheat-sheet page describes the orientation of an Excel page, but the same idea applies to the orientation of a PowerPoint slide.

(Pages: 770) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: Landscape because the width of a slide is longer than its height.

– End of Midterm Exam Solutions –