

Midterm Exam Solutions

Word – Short Answer

1. (a) The Word application window is build up of several parts. State the name of the part displayed in the image in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Window Area

- (b) Explain the purpose of **one** element (button, icon, etc.) in the area whose name you mentioned in part a.

(Pages: 368 – 370) (7.14 points)

Correct answer:

- (a) This is the Quick Access Toolbar.
- (b) (For example:) The Save button saves the recent changes made to the Word document.
2. Which button in Word should you click to change the paragraph:
Brooklyn College is an integral part of the artistic energy of New York.
to the following paragraph:

Brooklyn College is an integral part of the artistic energy of New York.

(Pages: 1078 – 1079) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select the paragraph → Click the Home Tab → Click the Borders arrow → Either click the “Outside Borders” option, or click the “Borders and Shading” option, and in the dialog box that opens, click “Box”, and then OK.

3. Explain **one** difference between a **.docx** Word file and a **.doc** Word file.

(Pages: 380 – 382) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: One of the following answers would suffice:

- A **.docx** Word file belongs the newest version of Word, while a **.doc** Word file belongs to an older version of Word.
- A **.docx** Word file works with Word 2007 and beyond, while a **.doc** Word file works with Microsoft Word 2003 and older.
- A **.docx** Word file has improved scripts, macros, and other features, compared to a **.doc** Word file.

4. What are the Rulers in Word used for? Describe **one** use.

(Pages: 454 – 459) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: The Rulers can help you creating first-line indentation in a research paper.

5. Which button in Word should you click to change the text:

Good morning!

to the following text:

Good morning!

(Pages: 396 – 399) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select the phrase → Click the Home Tab → Click the Font arrow → Scroll down until you find the font name → Click on the new font name

6. Describe **one** way in which you can change the picture inside a Word document shown in Figure 2, “Apple: Before” to the picture shown in Figure 3, “Apple: After”.

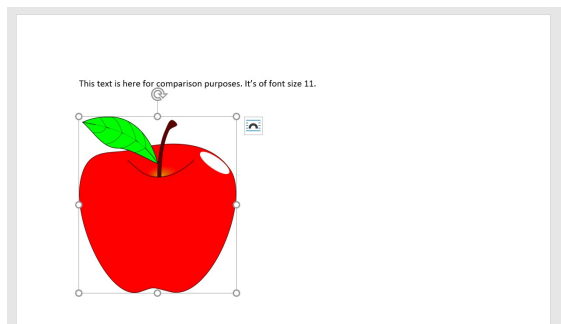


Figure 2: Apple: Before

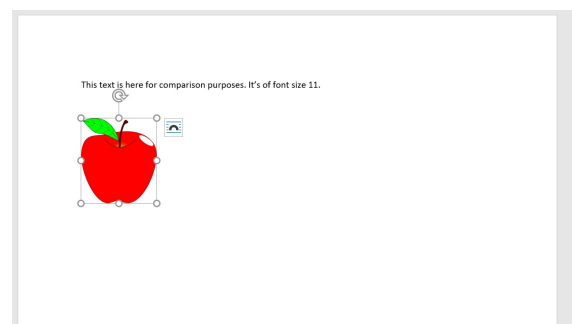


Figure 3: Apple: After

(Pages: 514 – 516) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select the picture → Click on any one of the 4 corner sizing handles (those white small circles on the picture's corners,) and drag it towards the opposite corner (inwards the picture) until the picture becomes as small as needed.

7. What is the purpose of the buttons displayed in Figure 4?

(Pages: 772 — 774) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: The buttons set the margins of the Word document to a certain size.

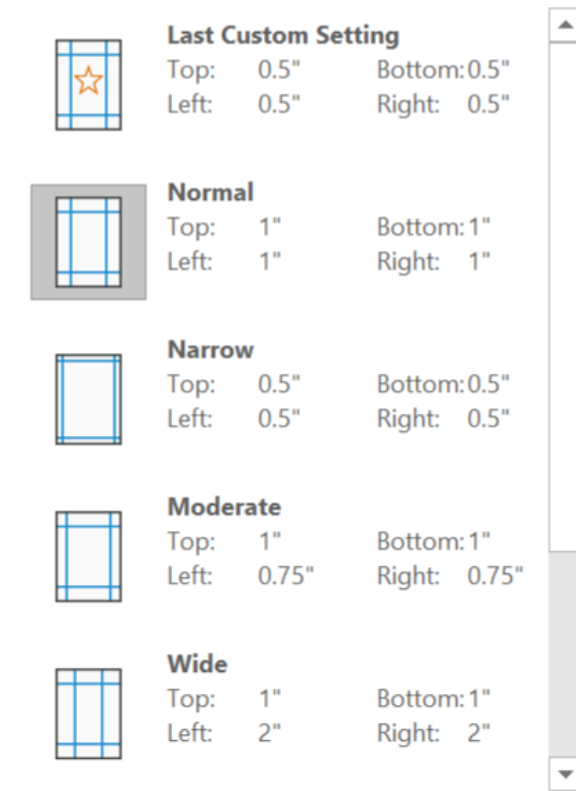


Figure 4: Five Buttons

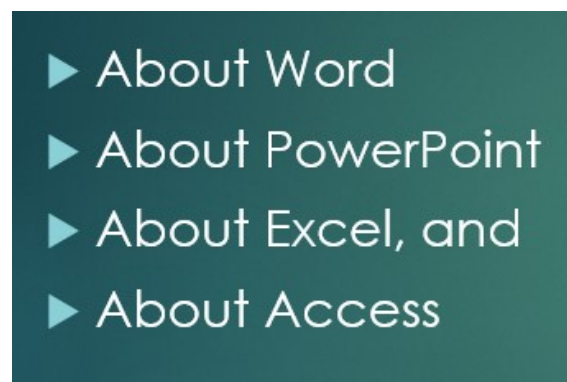


Figure 5: My List

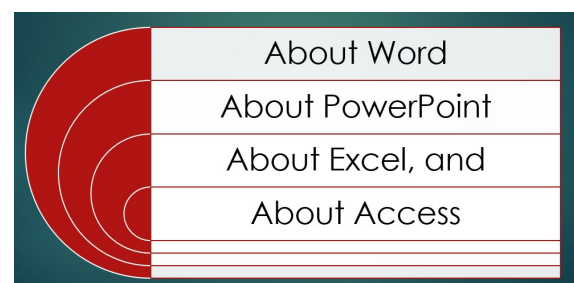


Figure 6: My New List

PowerPoint – Short Answer

8. The bulleted list in Figure 5, “My List” was converted into the object displayed in Figure 6, “My New List”. Where should you click for this object conversion to occur? (**Hint:** what kind of object is displayed in Figure 6, “My New List”?)

(Pages: 930 – 937) (7.14 points)


Correct answer: Select all the bulleted list’s items → Click the Home Tab → Click the “Convert to SmartArt” button → Select the appropriate SmartArt graphic to which you want the list to be converted. The specific graphic in the “My New List” Figure is called “Targeted List,” but you did not have to mention that.

9. A non-square page can have one of two orientation types: portrait and landscape. Which one is the orientation type of a PowerPoint slide, and how can you tell by looking at the slide? **Note:** The cheat-sheet page describes the orientation of an Excel page, but the same idea applies to the orientation of a PowerPoint slide.

(Pages: 770) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Landscape because the width of a slide is longer than its height.

10. (a) What is the name of the PowerPoint object appearing in the Figure 7?
(b) Where do you need to click to delete/remove this object?



Click to add title

Figure 7: Object/Box

(Pages: 880 – 883) (7.14 points)

Correct answer:

- (a) This is the placeholder of the Title, or “Title placeholder” shortly.
(b) You can either right-click it and choose “Cut” from the shortcut menu, or click its boundary and then click on the DELETE key.

11. How can you enter a hyperlink into an existing text?

(Pages: 524 – 529) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: Select the text from which you want to make a hyperlink → Insert tab → Link button (the Insert Hyperlink dialog box will open) → Click OK.

12. Name **two** tabs in PowerPoint that Word does NOT have. **Hint:** Look at PowerPoint's tabs on the screenshot given on the textbook page listed below.

(Pages: 883) (7.14 points)

Correct answer: (Example:) Transitions, Animations

13. (a) What is the object displayed in Figure 8?
(b) What happens to the object when you click on the triangle button at the bottom-left of the object?

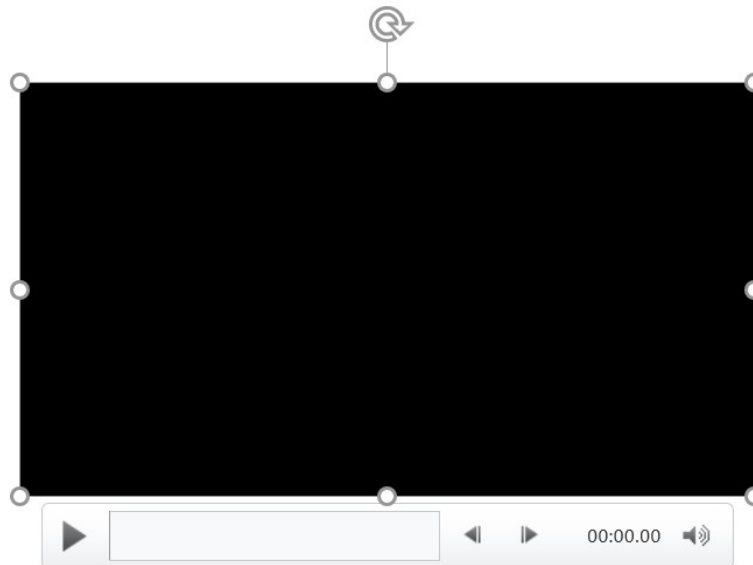


Figure 8: Object with Buttons

(Pages: 980 – 987) (7.14 points)

Correct answer:

- (a) This is a video added to the PowerPoint slide.
(b) When we click on the triangle button, the video starts playing.
14. Which button do you need to click to add the text pointed by the red arrows in Figure 9? (Note: the object the question is asking about is below the red arrows. The arrows are for illustration only and should NOT be a part of the answer.)
- (Pages: 967 – 970) (7.14 points)

Just a Title

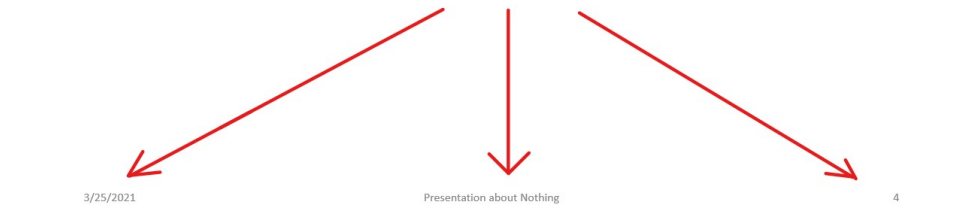


Figure 9: What is This

Correct answer: Click the Insert Tab → Click the “Header & Footer” button → Check the “Date and time” box → Click on the Fixed radio button → Check the “Slide Number” box → Check the “Footer” box → Type: “Presentation about Nothing” → Click the “Apply to All” button to insert this footer.

Extra Credit

Word

15. What is change has been made to the picture in Figure 10, “Dino: Before”, so that it became the picture in Figure 11, “Dino: After”?

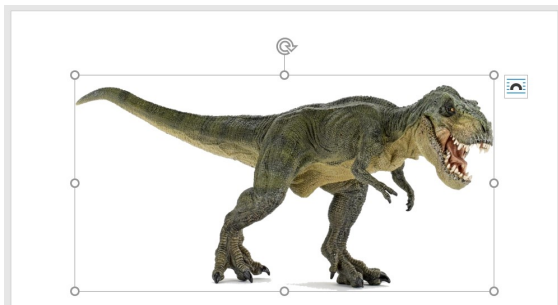


Figure 10: Dino: Before

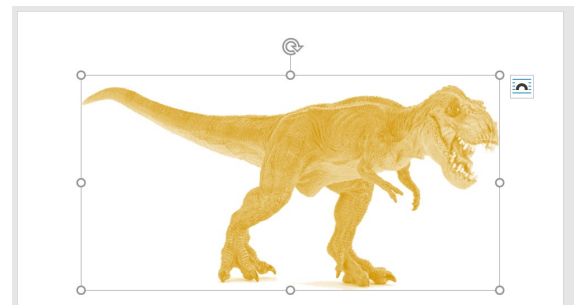


Figure 11: Dino: After

(Pages: 514 – 516) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: The dinosaur picture was colored Gold or Yellow, which is why it is not green anymore. The question didn’t require it, but here is the procedure of

changing a picture's color: Select the picture → Click the Picture Tools: Format Tab → Click the Color button → Click on the Gold or Yellow color.

16. The following text appears in a Word document:

Yesterday, the President delivered a speech at the [United Nations](#) general assembly. When clicking on Ctrl and the words “United Nations”, a web-page will open on the computer's browser. However, you don't want to keep this feature. How do you remove this clickability feature from the words “United Nations”? Mention **one** way. [Note: removing the underline and the blue color will NOT remove the feature!]

(Pages: 530 – 531) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: The clickability feature about which the question talks is called a “hyperlink” (the question didn't use the word hyperlink so that you won't be easily able to find the answer online! :)) To remove it, right-click over the text “United Nations” → click “Remove Hyperlink” to remove the hyperlink!

PowerPoint

17. If you click on any one of the squares in the picture in Figure 12, what will change in the PowerPoint presentation? Explain in general.

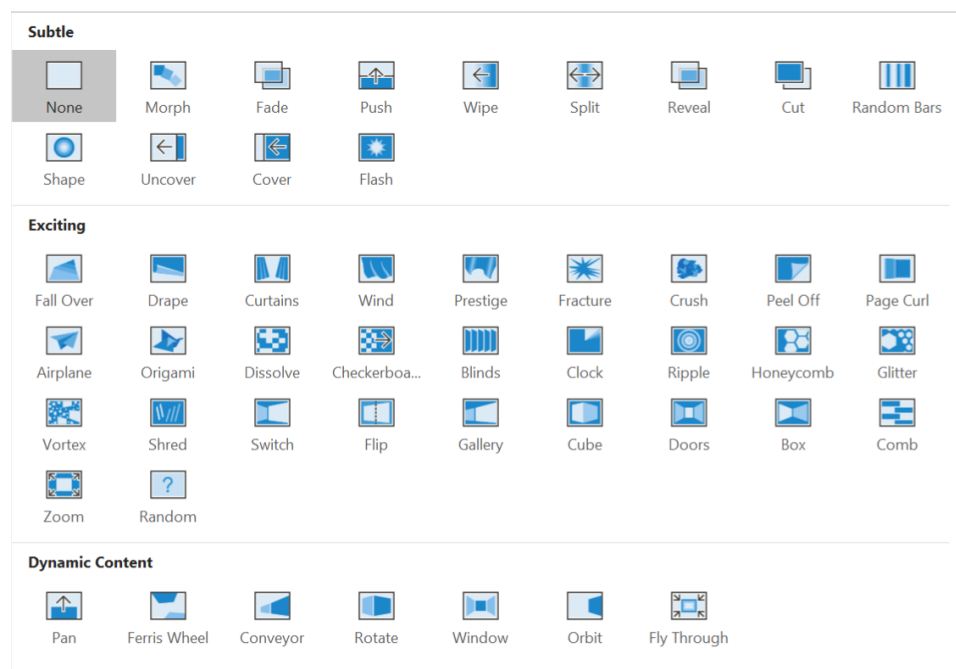


Figure 12: Many Options

(Pages: 962 – 964) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: Clicking on one of these squares will add a transition between the slides of the presentation.

18. Explain why the 1st slide in a PowerPoint presentation is called the “Title Slide,” according to our lectures.

(Pages: 1155 – 1156) (2.5 points)

Correct answer: The Title Slide comes with placeholders for both the title and subtitle of the entire presentation, so it serves as the title of the presentation.

– End of Midterm Exam Solutions –