

4. (17%) Write a function: `string remove_a(string word)` that removes all occurrences of the letter 'a' from string `word`.

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

string remove_a(string word) {
    string new_word;
    for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) {
        if (word.substr(i) != "a") {
            new_word = new_word + word.substr(i);
        }
    }
    return new_word;
}

int main() {
    cout << remove_a("Isabella") << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

4. (15%) Write a function: `void remove_e(string & sentence)` that removes all occurrences of letter 'e' from string `sentence` in place: in its original memory location in the caller function.

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void remove_e(string & sentence);

int main()
{
    string sentence = "Hello hello";
    remove_e(sentence);
    cout << endl << sentence << endl;
    return 0;
}

void remove_e(string & sentence) {
    for (int i = 0; i < sentence.length(); i++)
    {
        if (sentence[i] == 'e') {
            sentence = sentence.substr(0, i) + sentence.substr(i + 1,
sentence.length() - 1);
        }
    }
}
```

This function receives a string argument, and splits it **into two strings** on the **first space** it finds. For example, "**Fortune favors the bold**" is split into "**Fortune**" and "**favors the bold**".

The two arguments passed by reference, **before** and **after**, will contain the two resulting halves of the string: before and after the space:

```
string line = "AAAA BB CCC";
string beforeSpace;
string afterSpace;
splitOnSpace(line, beforeSpace, afterSpace);
```

After the function call, the second and the third argument variables have the following values:

```
beforeSpace == "AAAA" // contains everything before the first space
afterSpace  == " BB CCC" // contains everything after it
```

```
void splitOnSpace(string s, string & before, string & after) {
    // reset strings
    before = "";
    after = "";
    // accumulate before space
    int i = 0;
    while (i < s.size() && not isspace(s[i])) {
        before = before + s[i];
        i++;
    }
    // skip the space
    i++;
    // accumulate after space
    while (i < s.size()) {
        after = after + s[i];
        i++;
    }
}
```