

# Wacaha

## Pricing and Retail Analytics

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## 1 Technical section

This is where your technical material should go. You might start by reading in the data.

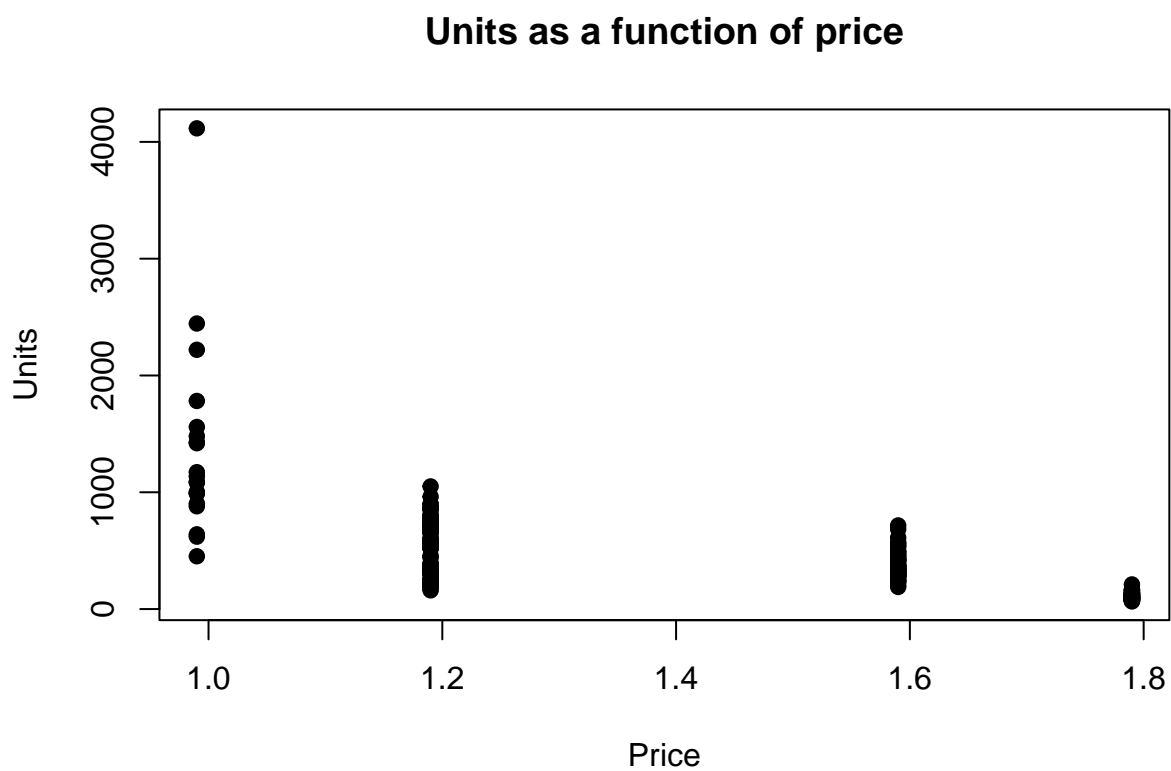
### 1.1 Data setup

```
# Read in the data
df <- read_excel("small_salsa.xlsx")

# Create logged prices and quantities
df <- df %>%
  mutate(ln_p = log(price),
         ln_q = log(units),
         Dholiday = factor(holiday),
         Dstore = factor(store),
         Dzone= factor(zone))
```

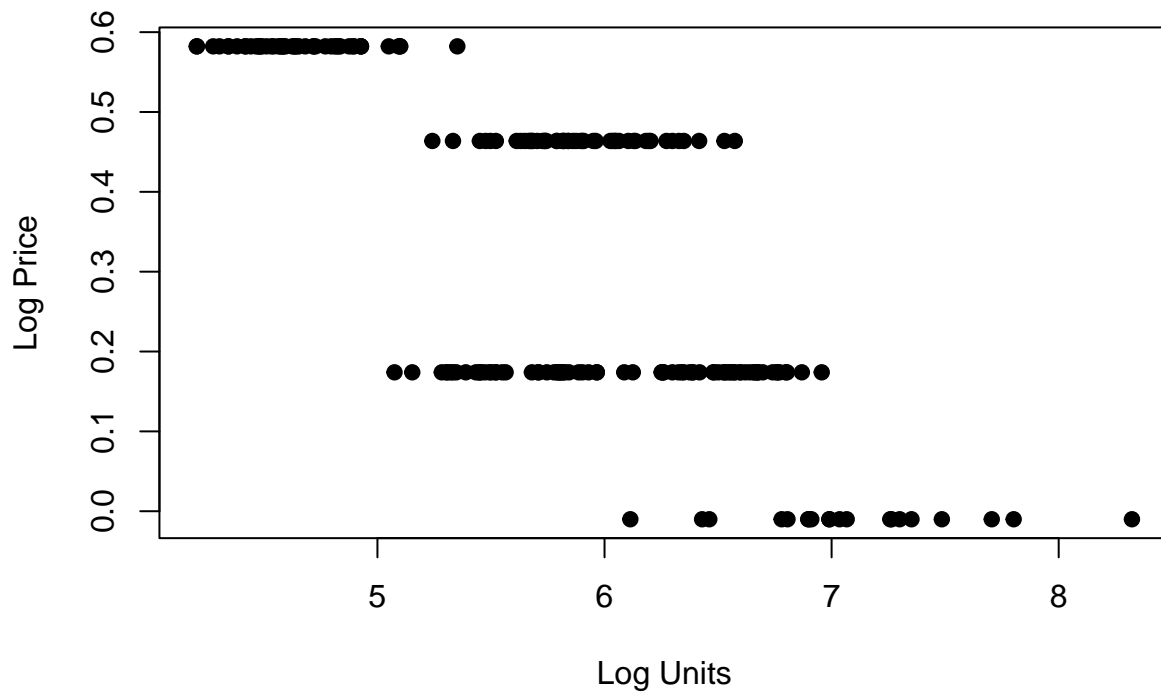
### 1.2 Data Exploration

```
#plot price versus units
plot(df$price, df$units,main="Units as a function of price",xlab="Price",ylab="Units",pc
```



```
plot(df$ln_q,df$ln_p,main="Log price as a function of log units",xlab="Log Units",ylab="Log Price")
```

### Log price as a function of log units



## 1.3 Correlation

```
corr.test(df %>% select(price, pop, units, holiday))
```

```
Call:corr.test(x = df %>% select(price, pop, units, holiday))
```

```
Correlation matrix
```

|         | price | pop   | units | holiday |
|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| price   | 1.00  | -0.17 | -0.61 | -0.50   |
| pop     | -0.17 | 1.00  | 0.45  | 0.00    |
| units   | -0.61 | 0.45  | 1.00  | 0.67    |
| holiday | -0.50 | 0.00  | 0.67  | 1.00    |

```
Sample Size
```

```
[1] 200
```

```
Probability values (Entries above the diagonal are adjusted for multiple tests.)
```

|         | price | pop  | units | holiday |
|---------|-------|------|-------|---------|
| price   | 0.00  | 0.03 | 0     | 0       |
| pop     | 0.02  | 0.00 | 0     | 1       |
| units   | 0.00  | 0.00 | 0     | 0       |
| holiday | 0.00  | 1.00 | 0     | 0       |

To see confidence intervals of the correlations, print with the short=FALSE option

## 1.4 Regression

```
reg1 <- lm(ln_q ~ ln_p + Dzone + Dholiday, data=df)
summary(reg1)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = ln_q ~ ln_p + Dzone + Dholiday, data = df)
```

Residuals:

|  | Min      | 1Q       | Median   | 3Q      | Max     |
|--|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
|  | -0.63263 | -0.19428 | -0.02146 | 0.18465 | 0.76698 |

Coefficients:

|             | Estimate | Std. Error | t value | Pr(> t )     |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------|--------------|
| (Intercept) | 6.96265  | 0.04703    | 148.058 | < 2e-16 ***  |
| ln_p        | -2.34677 | 0.11293    | -20.780 | < 2e-16 ***  |
| Dzone2      | -0.92446 | 0.03835    | -24.108 | < 2e-16 ***  |
| Dholiday1   | 0.56942  | 0.07604    | 7.489   | 2.32e-12 *** |

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Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.267 on 196 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.8998, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8983

F-statistic: 586.9 on 3 and 196 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

The regression indicates that the price elasticity is -2.347.

## 1.5 Regression Calculation for Zone 1

```
reg2 <- lm(ln_q ~ ln_p + Dholiday, data=df %>% filter(Dzone==1))
summary(reg2)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = ln_q ~ ln_p + Dholiday, data = df %>% filter(Dzone ==
1))
```

Residuals:

|  | Min      | 1Q       | Median   | 3Q      | Max     |
|--|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
|  | -0.65367 | -0.18896 | -0.01899 | 0.15606 | 0.87123 |

Coefficients:

|             | Estimate | Std. Error | t value | Pr(> t )     |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------|--------------|
| (Intercept) | 6.94964  | 0.07245    | 95.926  | < 2e-16 ***  |
| ln_p        | -2.27334 | 0.19871    | -11.440 | < 2e-16 ***  |
| Dholiday1   | 0.47892  | 0.11352    | 4.219   | 5.53e-05 *** |

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.2715 on 97 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.7706, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7658

F-statistic: 162.9 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

The regression indicates that the price elasticity for Zone 1 is -2.273.

## 1.6 Regression Calculation for Zone 2

```
reg3 <- lm(ln_q ~ ln_p + Dholiday, data=df %>% filter(Dzone==2))
summary(reg3)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = ln_q ~ ln_p + Dholiday, data = df %>% filter(Dzone ==
2))
```

Residuals:

|  | Min      | 1Q       | Median   | 3Q      | Max     |
|--|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
|  | -0.62176 | -0.17960 | -0.01737 | 0.18030 | 0.69492 |

Coefficients:

|             | Estimate | Std. Error | t value | Pr(> t )     |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------|--------------|
| (Intercept) | 6.03401  | 0.06075    | 99.325  | < 2e-16 ***  |
| ln_p        | -2.36523 | 0.13525    | -17.488 | < 2e-16 ***  |
| Dholiday1   | 0.67766  | 0.10303    | 6.577   | 2.43e-09 *** |

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Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.2603 on 97 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.8731, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8705

F-statistic: 333.6 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

The regression indicates that the price elasticity for Zone 2 is -2.365.

## 1.7 Population Regression Calculation for Zone 1

```
reg2 <- lm(ln_q ~ ln_p + pop, data=df %>% filter(Dzone==1))
summary(reg2)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = ln_q ~ ln_p + pop, data = df %>% filter(Dzone ==
1))
```

Residuals:

| Min     | 1Q      | Median  | 3Q     | Max    |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| -0.6605 | -0.1797 | -0.0380 | 0.1585 | 1.0998 |

Coefficients:

|             | Estimate | Std. Error | t value | Pr(> t ) |     |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------|----------|-----|
| (Intercept) | 5.5930   | 0.8907     | 6.279   | 9.61e-09 | *** |
| ln_p        | -2.7796  | 0.1696     | -16.385 | < 2e-16  | *** |
| pop         | 0.2224   | 0.1270     | 1.751   | 0.083    | .   |

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Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.2907 on 97 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.7368, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7314

F-statistic: 135.8 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

The regression indicates that the price elasticity for Zone 1 is -2.78.

## 2 Managerial Discussion

Managerial discussion goes here.