

Ten. Million. Questions. Let's celebrate [all we've done together](#).

Stack Overflow is a question and answer site for professional and enthusiast programmers. It's 100% free.

[Take the 2-minute tour](#)

## Neo4j Cypher traversal - find path by multiple relationship types


Add  projects to your  **stackoverflow**careers profile.

asked 4 months ago

viewed 165 times

active 4 months ago

Blog

 [Why Stack Overflow is a Good Workplace for Women](#)

I have a schema, where nodes are connected by 2 types of relationship - r:A and r:B. I'm trying to write a pattern, which will find every path from node N to node M. This can be simply done by following cypher query:

```
match path = (n)-[:A|B*]->(m) return path;
```

Unfortunately this is not what I need exactly. I need to find every path from (n) to (m) where depth via relation r:A can be infinite, but along the way only limited number of r:B relations can be use. In happy day scenario the cypher query would look like this:

```
match path = (n)-[:A*|B*0..3]->(m) return path;
```

However cypher does not allow this syntax. I can't solve this problem even with usage of another "helping" node on the way:

```
match path = (n)-[:A*]->()-[:B*0..3]->(m) return path;
```

This does not match my need also, because the nodes can be interconnected in any possible way. For example:

```
(n)-[:r:A]-()-[:r:A]-()-[:r:A]-()
(n)-[:r:A]-()
(n)-[:r:A]-()-[:r:B]-()-[:r:A]-()-[:r:B]-()-[:r:A]-()-[:r:A]-()
```

Is there a way how this can be achieved? If not in cypher, can it be done in gremlin / neo4j traversal api / embedded functions of spring data neo4j project?

Thank's for the answers.

[java](#) [neo4j](#) [cypher](#) [traversal](#)

[share](#) [improve this question](#)

[add a comment](#)

asked Mar 27 at 22:51

 [Jakub Chalupa](#)  
8 ● 2

1 Answer

[active](#) [oldest](#) [votes](#)

Try this:

```
MATCH path = (n)-[:A|B*]->(m)
WITH path, relationships(path) AS r, filter(rel in relationships(path)
WHERE type(rel) = 'B') AS Brels
WITH path, reduce(Bcount = 0, rel IN Brels | Bcount + 1) AS Bcount
WHERE Bcount <= 3
RETURN path
```

I don't know if I understand the question completely clear. Just let me know.

EDIT:

I added the second query after comments. This solution is ugly but it is good workaround.

```
MATCH path = (n)-[:A|B*]->(m)
WITH path, filter(rel in relationships(path) WHERE type(rel) = 'B') AS Brels
```

### Looking for a job?

[UI Java Developer](#)  
**Hyperwallet Systems**  
Vancouver, BC, Canada  
[java](#) [rest](#)

[Senior Software Engineer](#)  
**Zillow**  
Seattle, WA  
[java](#) [python](#)

### Related

- 1 [Neo4j cypher query with variable relationship path length](#)
- 0 [Traversing using cypher in Neo4j](#)
- 2 [Cypher query: find path by relationship properties](#)
- 1 [neo4j Multiple optional paths - cypher](#)
- 2 [Neo4J Cypher Match by multiple relationship types - strange behavior](#)
- 0 [Cypher query to find all paths with same relationship type](#)
- 0 [Cypher traversal](#)
- 1 [Getting extra relationships in the Neo4j query](#)

```
WITH path, reduce(Bcount = 0, rel IN Brels | Bcount + 1) AS Bcount
WHERE Bcount <= 3
WITH path, relationships(path) AS rels
WITH path, rels, reduce(count = 0, rel IN rels | count + 1) AS count
WITH path, rels, range(0,count-1) as counter
WITH path, reduce(x = 0, c IN counter |
CASE WHEN (type(rels[c])='B' AND type(rels[c+1])='B') THEN x+200000 ELSE x+1 END) AS
countX
WHERE countX<200000
RETURN path, countX
```

share improve this answer

edited Mar 28 at 20:32

answered Mar 28 at 10:26



- 1 Yes, this answers my question - thanks a lot. Unfortunately, if I'm not mistaken, the algorithm will firstly find all possible ways (even the paths, where more then 3 r:B relations were used) and filter the results afterwards? I'd appreciate, if the search would not even follow any path with more then 3 r:B relations. In addition - is it possible to say, that I want use only one r:B relation at a time? - This means, that (n)-[:B]-()-[:B]-() is not the result I want, because the path follows two :B relations consecutively. In other words - if r:B relation was used, next relation MUST be r:A. - [Jakub Chalupa](#) Mar 28 at 18:38

Kubo, yes, the algorithm is not the best solution. I'm afraid, you will need another method of querying than Cypher, because your scenarios are complicated, but you mentioned in the question. I will add the second cypher query to the answer which can help you. - [Richard Günzl](#) Mar 28 at 20:24

@JakubChalupa : I forgot to mention your username in the comment. I fix it here. - [Richard Günzl](#) Mar 30 at 10:29


add a comment


## Your Answer


**B** *I*         

Sign up or [log in](#)

Post as a guest

 Sign up using Google

 Sign up using Facebook

 Sign up using Stack Exchange

**Name**

**Email**

























Post Your Answer

By posting your answer, you agree to the [privacy policy](#) and [terms of service](#).

Not the answer you're looking for? Browse other questions tagged [java](#) [neo4j](#) [cypher](#) [traversal](#) or [ask your own question](#).

- 2 [Neo4j Cypher alternative paths](#)
- 3 [Stop Cypher traversal when where condition on reduce\(\) can no longer be satisfied](#)

## Hot Network Questions

-  Using siunitx, \ohm results in an italic Omega
-  Did a Kamikaze ever impact the hull of a ship, as opposed to the deck?
-  How do I know when my sauce is reduced enough?
-  `cond` with less redundancy
-  Should you always minimize cognitive load
-  Manager sounds upset every time I inform him of a (minor) obstacle
-  Is Let us = Let's?
-  Lunch with the CEO
-  Which type of drill bit for which jobs?
-  Suggested alternatives for that horrible new noun 'nice-to-have'?
-  I added more water to my ciabatta dough by accident
-  Why are my tomatoes cracking and what can I do?
-  Why do we still use keys to start cars? why not passwords?
-  Could an autotrophic civilisation develop, or will evolving life forms always eat each other?
-  Antonym of Overlap?
-  ¿Puede "hopefully" traducirse como "ojalá"?
-  What is aliasing and what causes it?
-  Combining several symmetric ciphers using XOR
-  Approximation of Borel sets by a countable collection of majorants
-  Name for a device purposefully put together from faulty parts
-  Which Star Trek character appeared on screen with the most different ranks?
-  Is it possible to automate tests for in progress sprint
-  Sign that word!
-  If a stock doesn't pay dividends, then why is the stock worth anything?

 [question feed](#)

TECHNOLOGY			LIFE / ARTS	CULTURE / RECREATION	SCIENCE	OTHER
Stack Overflow	Programmers	Database	Photography	English Language & Usage	Mathematics	Stack Apps
Server Fault	Unix & Linux	Administrators	Science Fiction & Fantasy		Cross Validated (stats)	Meta Stack Exchange
Super User	Ask Different (Apple)	Drupal Answers	Graphic Design	Skeptics	Theoretical Computer Science	Area 51
Web Applications	WordPress Development	SharePoint	Movies & TV	Mi Yodeya (Judaism)	Physics	Stack Overflow Careers
Ask Ubuntu	Geographic Information Systems	User Experience	Seasoned Advice (cooking)	Travel	MathOverflow	
Webmasters	Electrical Engineering	Mathematica	Home Improvement	Christianity	Chemistry	
Game Development	Android Enthusiasts	Salesforce	Personal Finance & Money	Arqade (gaming)	Biology	
TeX - LaTeX	Information Security	ExpressionEngine® Answers	Academia	Bicycles	<b>more (5)</b>	
		<b>more (13)</b>	<b>more (9)</b>	<b>more (21)</b>		