## **Final Project Submission**

#### Please fill out:

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- Student pace: self paced / part time / full time : Full Time Remote (DSFT13)
- Scheduled project review date/time: 29/6/2025
- · Instructor name: William Okomba
- Blog post URL:

# Aviation Accident Risk Analysis

## Introduction

Welcome to my aviation accident analysis project!

In this project, I analyzed aviation accident data from the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) to help a company decide which types The dataset includes accidents from 1962 to 2022, with information about flight phases, aircraft damage, fatalities, and more.

My goal was to clean and explore the data to find patterns in aviation accidents and identify which aircraft characteristics are linked to h I created visualizations and summarized the most important findings to support business decisions and reduce potential risks when purchasing

... <del>...</del>

'\nWelcome to my aviation accident analysis project!\n\nIn this project, I analyzed aviation accident data from the National Transporta tion Safety Board (NTSB) to help a company decide which types of aircraft might be the safest investment as they enter the aviation ind ustry.\nThe dataset includes accidents from 1962 to 2022, with information about flight phases, aircraft damage, fatalities, and more \n\nMv goal was to clean and explore the data to find natterns in aviation accidents and identify which aircraft characteristics are

# Data Preparation

```
#All neccessary imports
import pandas as pd
import numpy
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#Loading the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('AviationData.csv', encoding='latin1')
state_codes = pd.read_csv('USState_Codes.csv')
```

/tmp/ipython-input-75-2741206010.py:2: DtypeWarning: Columns (6,7,28) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low\_memory df = pd.read\_csv('AviationData.csv', encoding='latin1')



df.head()

<b>→</b>		Event.Id	Investigation.Type	Accident.Number	Event.Date	Location	Country	Latitude	Longitude	Airport.Code	Airport.N
	0	20001218X45444	Accident	SEA87LA080	1948-10-24	MOOSE CREEK, ID	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	١
	1	20001218X45447	Accident	LAX94LA336	1962-07-19	BRIDGEPORT, CA	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	1
	2	20061025X01555	Accident	NYC07LA005	1974-08-30	Saltville, VA	United States	36.922223	-81.878056	NaN	1
	3	20001218X45448	Accident	LAX96LA321	1977-06-19	EUREKA, CA	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	1
	4	20041105X01764	Accident	CHI79FA064	1979-08-02	Canton, OH	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	1
	5 rc	ws × 31 columns									
	4										•

df.shape

**→** (88889, 31)

df.info(verbose=True, show\_counts=True)

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 88889 entries, 0 to 88888
Data columns (total 31 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Event.Id	88889 non-null	object
1	Investigation.Type	88889 non-null	object
2	Accident.Number	88889 non-null	object
3	Event.Date	88889 non-null	object
4	Location	88837 non-null	object
5	Country	88663 non-null	object
6	Latitude	34382 non-null	object
7	Longitude	34373 non-null	object
8	Airport.Code	50132 non-null	object
9	Airport.Name	52704 non-null	object
10	Injury.Severity	87889 non-null	object
11	Aircraft.damage	85695 non-null	object
12	Aircraft.Category	32287 non-null	object
13	Registration.Number	87507 non-null	object
14	Make	88826 non-null	object
15	Model	88797 non-null	object
16	Amateur.Built	88787 non-null	object
17	Number.of.Engines	82805 non-null	float64
18	Engine.Type	81793 non-null	object
19	FAR.Description	32023 non-null	object
20	Schedule	12582 non-null	object
21	Purpose.of.flight	82697 non-null	object
22	Air.carrier	16648 non-null	object
23	Total.Fatal.Injuries	77488 non-null	float64
24	Total.Serious.Injuries	76379 non-null	float64
25	Total.Minor.Injuries	76956 non-null	float64
26	Total.Uninjured	82977 non-null	float64
27	Weather.Condition	84397 non-null	object
28	Broad.phase.of.flight	61724 non-null	object
29	Report.Status	82505 non-null	object
30	Publication.Date	75118 non-null	object
dtvp	es: float64(5), object(2	6)	

dtypes: float64(5), object(26)
memory usage: 21.0+ MB

for column in df:
 unique\_values = df[column].unique()
 print(f"Unique values in column '{column}','\n': {unique\_values}",'\n')

<del>\_</del>\_

```
': [ 0. nan 2. 1. 6. 4. 5. 10. 3. 8. 9. 7. 15. 17. 28. 26. 47. 14. 81. 13. 106. 60. 16. 21. 50. 44. 18. 12.
  45. 39. 43. 11. 25. 59. 23. 55. 63. 88. 41. 34. 53. 33.
  67. 35. 20. 137. 19. 27. 125. 161. 22.]
Unique values in column 'Total.Minor.Injuries','
': [ 0. nan 1. 3. 2. 4. 24. 6. 5. 25. 17. 19. 33. 14. 8. 13. 15. 7. 9. 16. 20. 11. 12. 10. 38. 42. 29. 62.
  28. 31. 39. 32. 18. 27. 57. 50. 23. 125. 45. 26. 36. 69.
  21. 96. 30. 22. 58. 171. 65. 71. 200. 68. 47. 380. 35. 43. 84. 40.]
Unique values in column 'Total.Uninjured','
7: [ 0. nan 44. 2. 1. 3. 6. 4. 149. 12. 182. 154. 5. 7. 119. 36. 51. 16. 83. 9. 68. 30. 20. 18. 8. 108. 11. 152. 21. 48. 56. 113. 129. 109. 29. 13. 84. 74. 142. 102. 393.
 128. 112. 17. 65. 67. 136. 23. 116. 22. 57. 58. 73. 203. 31.
 201. 412. 159. 39. 186. 588. 82. 95. 146. 190. 245. 172. 52.
  59. 131. 151. 180. 150. 86. 19. 133. 240. 15. 145. 125. 440. 77.
 122. 205. 289. 110. 79. 66. 87. 78. 49. 104. 250. 33. 138. 100.
  53. 158. 127. 160. 260. 47. 38. 165. 495. 81. 41. 14. 72. 98.
 263. 188. 239. 27. 105. 111. 212. 157. 46. 121. 75. 71. 45. 91.
  99. 85. 96. 50. 93. 276. 365. 371. 200. 103. 189. 37. 107. 61.
  26. 271. 130. 89. 439. 132. 219. 43. 238. 195. 118. 175. 32. 507.
 421. 90. 225. 269. 169. 236. 224. 134. 106. 331. 140. 94. 192. 161.
 270. 69. 436. 213. 233. 115. 42. 167. 137. 114. 148. 222. 92. 375.
  76. 171. 173. 246. 234. 123. 220. 202. 408. 279. 363. 135. 528. 334.
 178. 147. 126. 62. 70. 97. 228. 226. 64. 290. 206. 297. 349. 208.
 144. 54. 24. 258. 304. 274. 286. 55. 199. 221. 80. 272. 211. 262.
 441. 194. 309. 185. 261. 241. 383. 177. 259. 244. 254. 156. 40. 34.
 247. 176. 63. 28. 218. 282. 320. 204. 124. 215. 298. 120. 280. 179.
 315. 461. 153. 60. 308. 88. 361. 277. 191. 235. 187. 101. 162. 35.
 197. 193. 164. 370. 387. 163. 139. 267. 357. 339. 288. 231. 300. 255.
 306. 443. 385. 248. 459. 141. 414. 229. 166. 209. 184. 168. 170. 198.
 299. 573. 223. 265. 322. 196. 117. 253. 399. 360. 252. 217. 155. 183.
 227. 249. 329. 340. 699. 325. 287. 143. 243. 230. 386. 181. 257. 283.
 404. 319. 450. 356. 216. 174. 558. 214. 448. 324. 338. 273. 232. 401.
 312. 368. 501. 237. 307. 296. 291. 403. 314. 285. 311. 293. 352. 332.
 384, 275, 210, 268, 326, 454, 278, 576, 380, 394, 362, 397, 359, 264,
 333. 367. 302. 348. 351. 358. 295. 321. 521. 301. 294. 378. 207. 406.
 251. 455.]
Unique values in column 'Weather.Condition','
': ['UNK' 'IMC' 'VMC' nan 'Unk']
```

df.isnull().sum()



	0
Event.Id	0
Investigation.Type	0
Accident.Number	0
Event.Date	0
Location	52
Country	226
Latitude	54507
Longitude	54516
Airport.Code	38757
Airport.Name	36185
Injury.Severity	1000
Aircraft.damage	3194
Aircraft.Category	56602
Registration.Number	1382
Make	63
Model	92
Amateur.Built	102
Number.of.Engines	6084
Engine.Type	7096
FAR.Description	56866
Schedule	76307
Purpose.of.flight	6192
Air.carrier	72241
Total.Fatal.Injuries	11401
Total.Serious.Injuries	12510
Total.Minor.Injuries	11933
Total.Uninjured	5912
Weather.Condition	4492
Broad.phase.of.flight	27165
Report.Status	6384
Publication.Date	13771

dtype: int64

df.head()

<del>_</del>		Event.Id	Investigation.Type	Accident.Number	Event.Date	Location	Country	Latitude	Longitude	Airport.Code	Airport.N
	0	20001218X45444	Accident	SEA87LA080	1948-10-24	MOOSE CREEK, ID	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	١
	1	20001218X45447	Accident	LAX94LA336	1962-07-19	BRIDGEPORT, CA	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	1
	2	20061025X01555	Accident	NYC07LA005	1974-08-30	Saltville, VA	United States	36.922223	-81.878056	NaN	1
	3	20001218X45448	Accident	LAX96LA321	1977-06-19	EUREKA, CA	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	1
	4	20041105X01764	Accident	CHI79FA064	1979-08-02	Canton, OH	United States	NaN	NaN	NaN	1
	5 rc	ws × 31 columns									
	4										•

df.dtypes

<del>\_</del>

```
0
      Event.Id
                                object
 Investigation.Type
                                object
 Accident.Number
                               object
     Event.Date
                       datetime64[ns]
      Location
                               object
      Country
                                object
    Airport.Code
                                object
   Airport.Name
                                object
   Injury.Severity
                                object
  Aircraft.damage
                                object
Registration.Number
                                object
        Make
                               object
       Model
                               object
   Amateur.Built
                               object
 Number.of.Engines
                               float64
    Engine.Type
                               object
  Purpose.of.flight
                               object
 Total.Fatal.Injuries
                               float64
Total.Serious.Injuries
                               float64
 Total.Minor.Injuries
                               float64
   Total.Uninjured
                               float64
 Weather.Condition
                                object
Broad.phase.of.flight
                                object
   Report.Status
                                object
  Make_Grouped
                                object
                                 int64
      Is_Fatal
```

dtype: object

### Handling null values

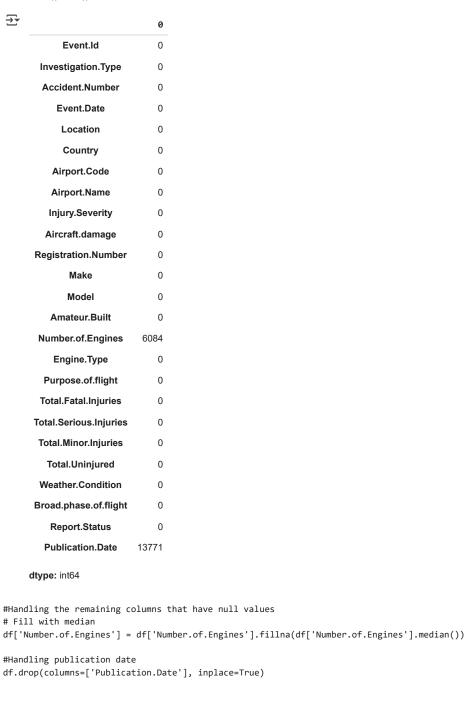
```
#handling the columns with too many null values
high_null_cols = ['Latitude', 'Longitude', 'Aircraft.Category', 'FAR.Description', 'Schedule', 'Air.carrier']
df.drop(columns = high_null_cols, inplace =True)

#Filling numeric cols with 0
num_cols = ['Total.Fatal.Injuries', 'Total.Serious.Injuries', 'Total.Minor.Injuries', 'Total.Uninjured']
df[num_cols] = df[num_cols].fillna(0)

#Filling categorical cols with 'Unknown'
cat_cols = ['Location', 'Country', 'Airport.Code', 'Airport.Name', 'Injury.Severity', 'Aircraft.damage', 'Registration.Number', 'Make', 'Model
df[cat_cols] = df[cat_cols].fillna('Unknown')

#Converting dates and handling null vals
df['Event.Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Event.Date'], errors = 'coerce')
df['Publication.Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Publication.Date'], errors = 'coerce')
```

#Rechecking missing vals
df.isnull().sum()



# EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS (EDA)

```
Univariate Analysis
```

→ np.int64(0)

df.isnull().sum().sum()

```
#Numerical cols
numerical_cols = ['Total.Fatal.Injuries', 'Total.Serious.Injuries', 'Total.Minor.Injuries', 'Total.Uninjured', 'Number.of.Engines']
df[numerical_cols].describe()
```

```
student.ipynb - Colab
₹
             Total.Fatal.Injuries Total.Serious.Injuries Total.Minor.Injuries Total.Uninjured Number.of.Engines
      count
                     8889.000000
                                             8889.000000
                                                                   8889.000000
                                                                                    8889.000000
                                                                                                        8889.000000
                         0.564761
                                                 0.240491
                                                                       0.309127
                                                                                        4.971245
                                                                                                            1.136552
      mean
                         5.126649
                                                 1.434614
                                                                       2.083715
                                                                                        27.002011
                                                                                                            0.432545
       std
                                                                                         0.000000
                                                                                                            0.000000
      min
                         0.000000
                                                 0.000000
                                                                       0.000000
      25%
                         0.000000
                                                 0.000000
                                                                       0.000000
                                                                                         0.000000
                                                                                                            1.000000
      50%
                         0.000000
                                                 0.000000
                                                                       0.000000
                                                                                         1.000000
                                                                                                            1.000000
      75%
                         0.000000
                                                 0.000000
                                                                       0.000000
                                                                                         2.000000
                                                                                                            1.000000
                       349.000000
                                                                     380.000000
                                                                                      699.000000
                                                                                                            8.000000
                                               161.000000
      max
# Convert to numeric in case there are non-numeric entries
df[numerical_cols] = df[numerical_cols].apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce')
# Display summary statistics
summary = df[numerical_cols].describe().T[['min', 'max', 'mean', '50%', 'std']]
summary.rename(columns={'50%': 'median'}, inplace=True)
print(summary)
₹
                             min
                                    max
                                             mean median
                                                                 std
     Total.Fatal.Injuries
                             0.0 349.0 0.564761
                                                            5.126649
                                                      0.0
                                                            1.434614
     Total.Serious.Injuries 0.0 161.0 0.240491
                                                      0.0
     Total.Minor.Injuries
                             0.0
                                  380.0
                                        0.309127
                                                      0.0
                                                            2.083715
     Total.Uninjured
                             0.0
                                 699.0 4.971245
                                                      1.0 27.002011
     Number.of.Engines
                                    8.0 1.136552
                                                            0.432545
                             0.0
                                                      1.0
```

#Analysis of the model with the no of incidents df['Model'].value\_counts().head(10) # Check the top 10 models with the most accidents and incidents df['Model'].value\_counts().tail(10)



# Model **DH-82 Tiger Moth** 1 707-330C **Mustang MII** Bird CK Tom Cat Mark 5A 2L 32RT-300T RUATAN SPECIAL 51C Micro Mong

count

dtype: int64

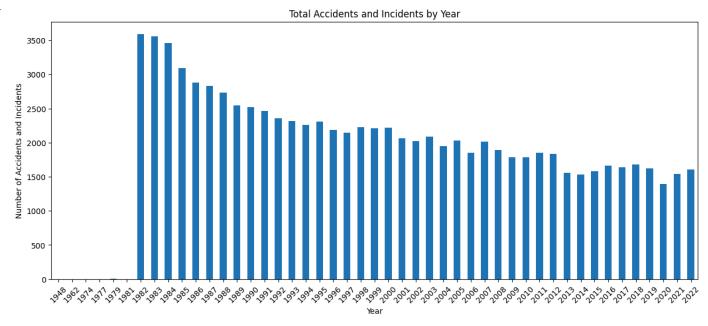
```
# Take the year from the 'Event.Date' column and create a new 'Year' column
df['Year'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Event.Date'], errors='coerce').dt.year
# Total fatalities and injuries by year
df['Year'].value_counts().head(10) # Check the top 10 years with the most accidents and incidents
df['Year'].value_counts().tail(10) # Check the bottom 10 years with the most accidents and incidents
```

```
<del>_</del>__
             count
      Year
      2013
              1561
      2021
              1545
      2014
              1535
      2020
              1392
      1979
                  2
      1974
                  1
      1981
                  1
      1962
                  1
      1977
                  1
      1948
                  1
```

dtype: int64

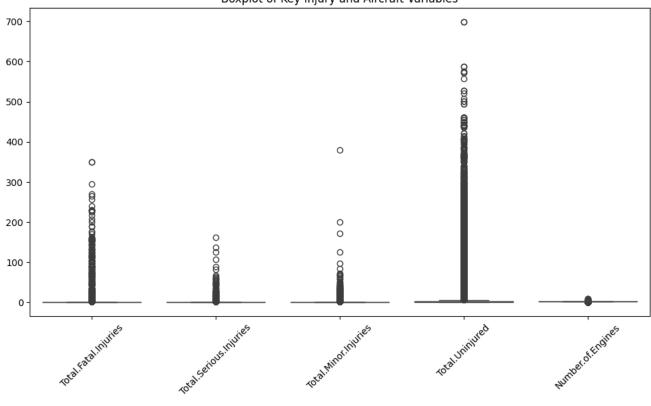
```
#Total accidents and incidents by year
df['Year'].value_counts().sort_index().plot(kind='bar', figsize=(15, 6))
plt.title('Total Accidents and Incidents by Year')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Number of Accidents and Incidents')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```







### Boxplot of Key Injury and Aircraft Variables



```
#Handling skewed data
df['Total.Serious.Injuries'] = pd.to_numeric(df['Total.Serious.Injuries'], errors='coerce')
df['Total.Serious.Injuries'].fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

/tmp/ipython-input-93-3799509882.py:3: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained ass
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting value.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].me

df['Total.Serious.Injuries'].fillna(0, inplace=True)

```
#zero counts and skewness
for col in numerical_cols:
    zero_count = (df[col] == 0).sum()
    skew = df[col].skew()
    print(f"{col}: Zeros = {zero_count}, Skewness = {skew:.2f}")

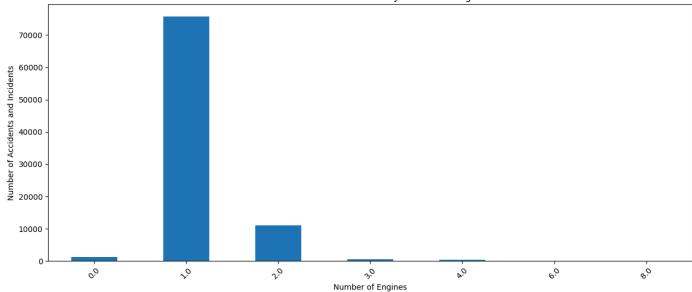
Total.Fatal.Injuries: Zeros = 71076, Skewness = 35.32
    Total.Serious.Injuries: Zeros = 75799, Skewness = 53.01
    Total.Minor.Injuries: Zeros = 73387, Skewness = 93.38
    Total.Uninjured: Zeros = 35791, Skewness = 9.41
    Number.of.Engines: Zeros = 1226, Skewness = 2.71
```

### **Bivariate Aanalysis**

```
# Total accidents by engine type and number of engines
df['Engine.Type'].value_counts().head(10) # Check the top 10 engine types with the most accidents and incidents
df['Number.of.Engines'].value_counts().head(10) # Check the top 10 engine counts with the most accidents and incidents
df['Number.of.Engines'].value_counts().tail(10) # Check the bottom 10 engine counts with the most accidents and incidents
df['Number.of.Engines'].value_counts().sort_index().plot(kind='bar', figsize=(15, 6))
plt.title('Total Accidents and Incidents by Number of Engines')
plt.xlabel('Number of Engines')
plt.ylabel('Number of Accidents and Incidents')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```







#### weather conditions which cause the most incidences

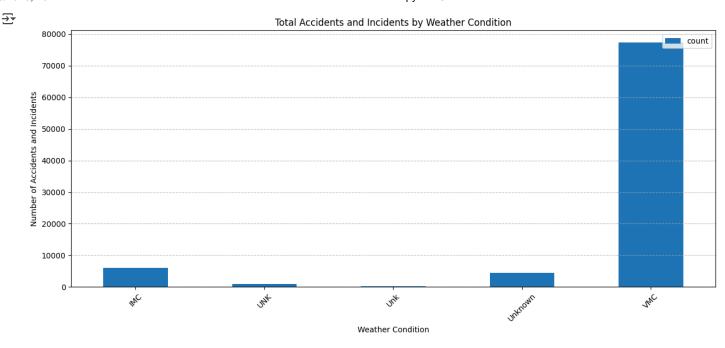
#Weather conditions analysis

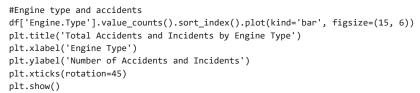
 $df['Weather.Condition'].value\_counts().head(10) # Check the top 10 weather conditions with the most accidents and incidents <math>df['Weather.Condition'].value\_counts().tail(10) # Check the bottom 10 weather conditions with the most accidents and incidents$ 

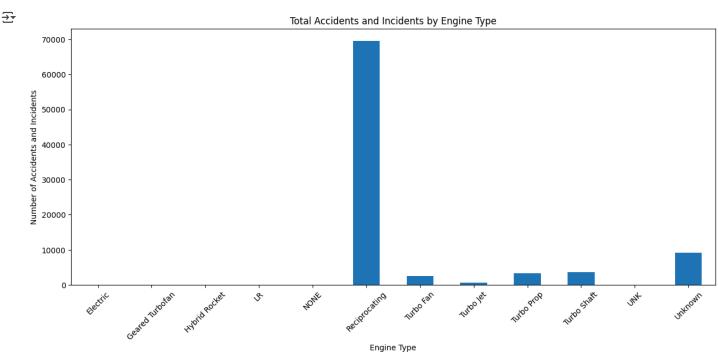
<del>}</del>		count
	Weather.Condition	
	VMC	77303
	IMC	5976
	Unknown	4492
	UNK	856
	Unk	262

dtype: int64

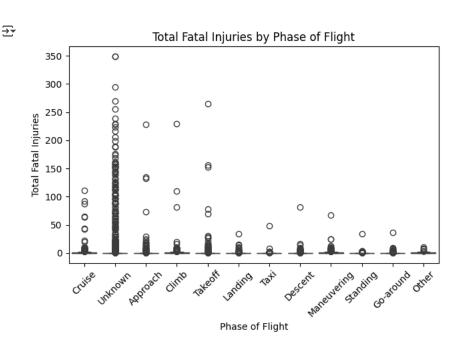
#Weather conditions and accidents
df['Weather.Condition'].value\_counts().sort\_index().plot(kind='bar', figsize=(15, 6))
plt.title('Total Accidents and Incidents by Weather Condition')
plt.xlabel('Weather Condition')
plt.ylabel('Number of Accidents and Incidents')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.legend (loc='upper right')
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)
plt.show()



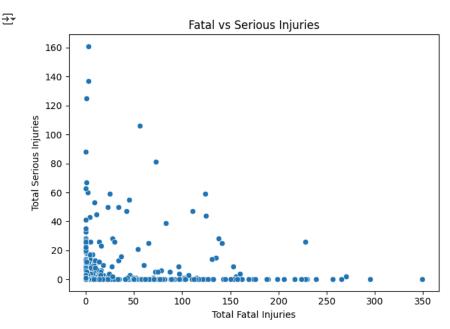




```
#categorical vs numerical
sns.boxplot(x='Broad.phase.of.flight', y='Total.Fatal.Injuries', data=df)
plt.title("Total Fatal Injuries by Phase of Flight")
plt.xlabel("Phase of Flight")
plt.ylabel("Total Fatal Injuries")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

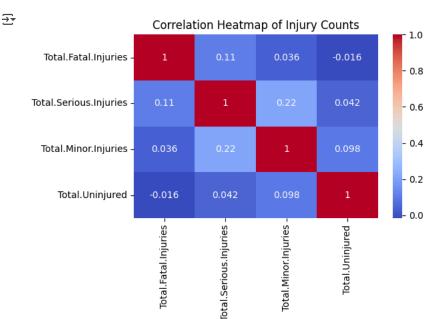


```
#umerical vs numerical
# Scatter plot between Serious and Fatal Injuries
sns.scatterplot(x='Total.Fatal.Injuries', y='Total.Serious.Injuries', data=df)
plt.title("Fatal vs Serious Injuries")
plt.xlabel("Total Fatal Injuries")
plt.ylabel("Total Serious Injuries")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
#correlation heatmap of injury columns
injury_cols = ['Total.Fatal.Injuries', 'Total.Serious.Injuries', 'Total.Minor.Injuries', 'Total.Uninjured']
corr = df[injury_cols].corr()
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title("Correlation Heatmap of Injury Counts")
```

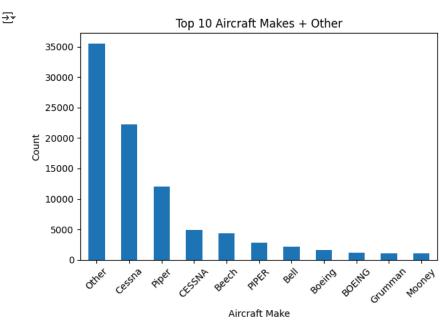
```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



## Mulltivariate Analysis

```
# Count the top 10 most common aircraft makes
top_10_makes = df['Make'].value_counts().nlargest(10).index
# Create a new column that groups lesser makes as 'Other'
df['Make_Grouped'] = df['Make'].apply(lambda x: x if x in top_10_makes else 'Other')

df['Make_Grouped'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', title='Top 10 Aircraft Makes + Other')
plt.xlabel('Aircraft Make')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

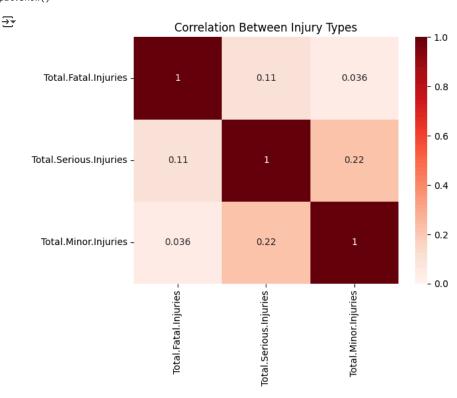


```
injury_vars = ['Total.Fatal.Injuries', 'Total.Serious.Injuries', 'Total.Minor.Injuries']
```

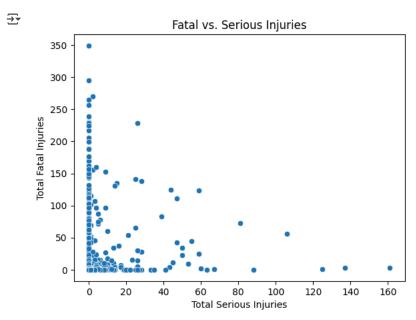
# Convert to numeric in case of issues

```
# Correlation matrix and heatmap
corr = df[injury_vars].corr()
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, cmap='Reds', vmin=0, vmax=1)
plt.title('Correlation Between Injury Types')
plt.show()
```

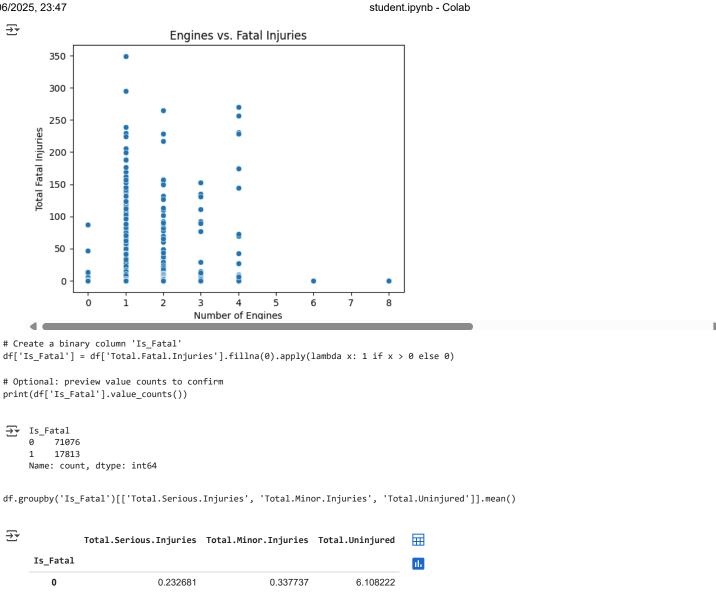
df[injury\_vars] = df[injury\_vars].apply(pd.to\_numeric, errors='coerce')



sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='Total.Serious.Injuries', y='Total.Fatal.Injuries')
plt.title('Fatal vs. Serious Injuries')
plt.xlabel('Total Serious Injuries')
plt.ylabel('Total Fatal Injuries')
plt.show()



```
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='Number.of.Engines', y='Total.Fatal.Injuries')
plt.title('Engines vs. Fatal Injuries')
plt.xlabel('Number of Engines')
plt.ylabel('Total Fatal Injuries')
plt.show()
```



3		Total.Serious.Injuries	Total.Minor.Injuries	Total.Uninjured	$\blacksquare$
	Is_Fatal				11.
	0	0.232681	0.337737	6.108222	
	1	0.271656	0.194970	0.434570	

sns.countplot(data=df, x='Is\_Fatal', palette='Set2') plt.title('Count of Fatal vs Non-Fatal Accidents')