Análisis de contenido de comunicación ciudadana

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¿Qué es el análisis de contenido? (I)

Para algunos autores, el análisis de contenido es una técnica de investigación, mientras que para otros es un método de investigación, o inclusive, un conjunto de procedimientos.

Fuente: http://www.redalyc.org/articulo.oa?id=15309604

¿Qué es el análisis de contenido? (II)

Kerlinger (1988), se considera sobre todo como un método de observación y medición. En lugar de observar el comportamiento de las personas en forma directa, o de pedirles que respondan a escalas, o aun de entrevistarlas, <u>el investigador toma las comunicaciones que la gente ha producido y pregunta acerca de dichas comunicaciones</u>

Fuente: http://www.redalyc.org/articulo.oa?id=15309604

¿Qué es el análisis de contenido? (III)

Díaz y Navarro (1998) puede concebirse como un conjunto de procedimientos que tienen como objetivo la producción de un meta-texto analítico en el que se representa el corpus textual de manera transformada.

Fuente: http://www.redalyc.org/articulo.oa?id=15309604

¿Qué es la minería de texto?

Es una de las ramas de la lingüística computacional que permite extraer información que no se encuentra dispuesta de forma explícita

Q Problema

Las políticas de **apertura de datos** por parte de los ayuntamientos no están siguiendo, por lo general, un **diseño centrado en la ciudadanía**. Se centran en la **oferta** sin observar lo que **demanda** la ciudadanía.

Solución

Desarrollo de un sistema que permita realizar la clasificación de las opiniones de los ciudadanos a través de sus **redes sociales (twitter)** para luego poder compararlo con los datos **publicados por el ayuntamiento de Valencia** en su **portal de transparencia (**<u>http://gobiernoabierto.valencia.es/es/data/)</u>.

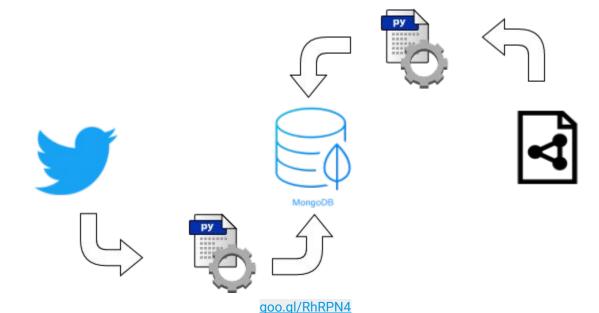


Con el fin de realizar una solución escalable y fácilmente mantenible se ha realizado un diseño modular.

Módulo 1. Clasificación.

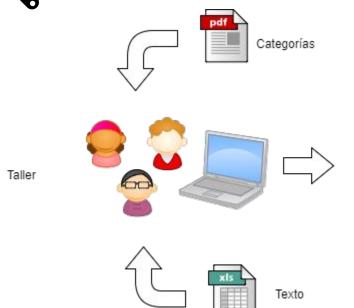


Módulo 1. Clasificación/Datos





Módulo 1. Clasificación/Entrenamiento



Categorías: La categorización ha sido elaborada con base en la taxonomía de sectores primarios recogida en la Guía de aplicación de la Norma Técnica de Interoperabilidad



Módulo 1. Clasificación/Entrenamiento

















Clasificador





Módulo 1. Clasificación/Clasificado



Clasificador

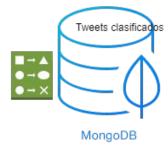








Algoritmo de clasificación















https://goo.gl/nBcb2y



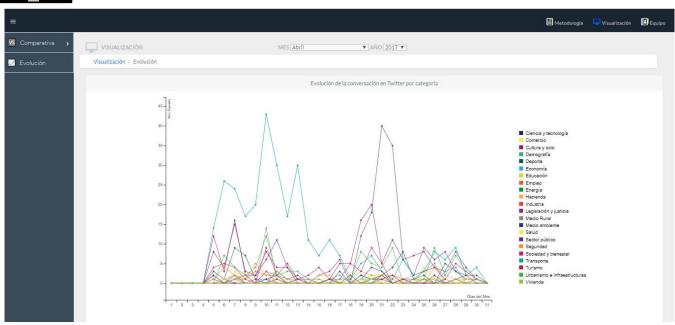












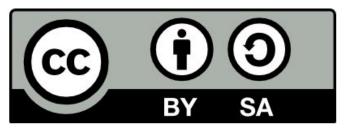


Licencia

- Puede usarla cualquier ayuntamiento o institución que lo desee.
- El código y documentación disponibles en GitHub https://goo.gl/RhRPN4
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PARTE II

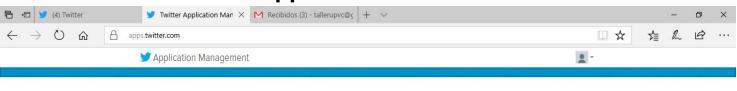


1. Ingresar al link https://apps.twitter.com/





2. Click en Create New App



Twitter Apps

You don't currently have any Twitter Apps.

Create New App



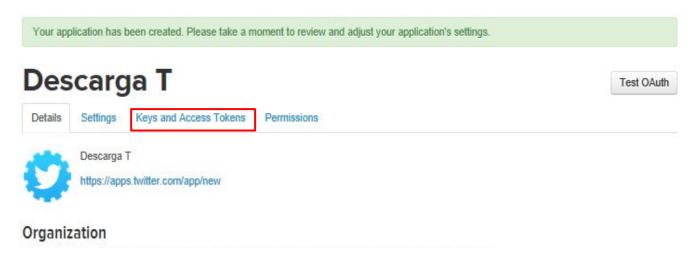
3. Llenar el formulario y dar click en **Create your Twitter application**

Create an application

Descarga T	
Your application name. This is used	to attribute the source of a tweet and in user-facing authorization screens. 32 characters max.
Description *	
Descarga T	
Your application description, which w	rill be shown in user-facing authorization screens. Between 10 and 200 characters max.
Website *	
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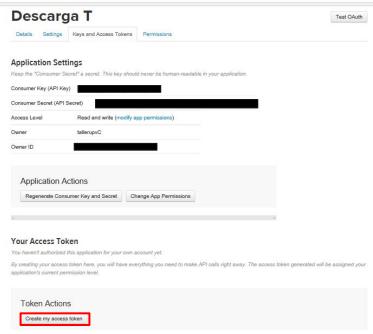
GENERANDO CREDENCIALES (IV)

4. En la ventana que aparece dar clic en la pestaña **Keys** and **Access Tokens**





5. Una vez allí, dar click en Create my Access token



GENERANDO CREDENCIALES (VI)

6. Finalmente tiene todo lo necesario para poder comenzar a trabajar. Los datos a tener en cuenta son: Consumer Key (API Key), Consumer Secret (API Secret), Access Token y Access Token Secret .

Consumer Secret (API Access Level Owner	Secret) Read and write (mo	diff. one permissions)	
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Access Token Access Token Secret	Read and write	100200000 XXXX XXXX 2004000	16: 16:00 (20:00)

INGRESAR A......

https://github.com/marymatt/Taller20171214

LINKS A TENER EN CUENTA......

http://tweepy.readthedocs.io/en/v3.5.0/

REPORTES:

https://goo.gl/nBcb2y

GIT:

https://goo.gl/RhRPN4

Gracias