

# MOBILE DEVELOPMENT FUNCTIONS AND CONNECTING CODE TO INTERFACE BUILDER

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## **FUNCTIONS AND CONNECTING CODE TO IB**

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# **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

- › Identify functions and implement best practices
- › Create hooks from interface builder to Swift code
- › Create and implement custom classes
- › Access Xcode documentation for any external classes

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# REVIEW LESSON 4

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# INTRO TO FUNCTIONS

# WHAT IS A FUNCTION?

- A function is a series of repeatable steps that, at some point, ends
- Optional input and output
- Multiple inputs and outputs, as needed

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# DEFINING FUNCTIONS

- ▶ `func name() { /* code */ }` // No parameters, no return
- ▶ `func name(parameterName: type) { /* code */ }` // One parameter, no return
- ▶ `func name(parameterName: type, parameterTwoName: type) { /* code */ }` // Two parameters, no return
- ▶ `func name(parameterName: type) -> returnType { /* code */ }` // One parameter, one returned value
- ▶ `func name() -> (returnOne: valueOne, returnTwo: valueTwo) { /* code */ }` // No parameters, two returned values

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# CALLING FUNCTIONS

- ***name()*** // No parameters, no return
- ***name(parameter)*** // One parameter, no return
- ***name(parameter, parameterTwoName: parameterTwo)*** // Two parameters, no return
- `var result = name(parameter)` // One parameter, one returned value
- `let result = name() { /* code */ }` // No parameters, two returned values
- `println("\(result.paramOneName) \(\(result.paramTwoName))")`

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# **XCODE DEMO: FUNCTIONS**



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# FUNCTIONS RECAP

- ▶ Be descriptive: Name your functions with descriptive names and descriptive parameters
- ▶ Be brief: Keep your functions short (i.e. approximately less than a screen's worth of content). You should be able to describe what they do in once sentence
- ▶ Compose: Your functions can call each other
- ▶ DRY: Don't repeat yourself. Any time you find the urge to copy and paste, there may be an opportunity to break into a function

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# WHEN TO USE FUNCTIONS

- ▶ Functions are VERY common building blocks when writing code
- ▶ But figuring out how to break them up is HARD, even for intermediate developers
- ▶ Any time you find the urge to copy and paste
- ▶ Any time you have multiple parts of your application sharing the same functionality, or very similar functionality with different parameters
- ▶ KISS: Avoid the urge to over-compose. Over-composed code can be just as difficult to read as under-composed code

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**Group exercise:  
functions**

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# **HOOKING UP INTERFACE BUILDER TO CODE**

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## FUNCTIONS AND CONNECTING CODE

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# STORYBOARDS

- Remember storyboards?
- Our view controllers in storyboards can be (and usually are) represented in code
- Our code can modify those view controllers, change its views, the properties of those views, etc
- We create the connections between our view controllers using ‘outlets’

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## IB'S FUNCTIONS

- Actions dragged into code from IB define **functions** (of a sort)
- Outlets dragged into code from IB define **variables** (of a sort)
- Your functions can interact with your variables
- Do you have a text field, label or text view that you've made an outlet of?
  - You can get its text by using 'var text = label.text'
  - You can set its text by using 'label.text = 'Some text''
  - You can get and set other things, too!

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# **XCODE DEMO: STORYBOARDS**

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# DOCUMENTATION DEMO



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# CLASSES

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# WHAT IS THIS 'CLASS' KEYWORD?

- A basic building block
- A bundle of state and behavior that form an outline of a type
  - Variables (state)
  - Functions (behavior, in this case known as 'methods')
- One can create instances of classes
  - 'Human' is a class, 'Tedi' is the instance
- How does this tie into Interface builder and our code?

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# HOW DOES THIS TIE INTO IB?

- We use IB to set up various **classes** of controllers, and the **segues** that they use to connect with each other
- Uses these storyboards to create an **instance** of the first controller **class** when your app starts. That **instance** is what's displayed on screen.
- When you use a segue to go to a new view controller **class**, a new **instance** of it is created and navigated to
- Multiple **instances** of the same class can exist

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# **XCODE DEMO: CREATING CLASSES**