

# **Module 2: Linux Fundamentals PT11**

## Windows command for checking IP details

`ipconfig`

`ipconfig /all`

## Linux command for checking IP details

`ifconfig`

`ip`

`ip a addr show`

`ip r`

## **Network Manager:**

`nmcli` (command line interface)

`nmtui` (text-based menu)

IPv4, Subnet, Default Gateway, DNS Server

DNS - "Name Server", "Domain Name Server" - *Resolver*

Domain Name -> IP Address IPv4 X.X.X.X

-> IP Address IPv6 128 bit Hex

**DHCP Server** - Assigns IP Addresses

**DHCP Client** - requests IP Address to connect to a network

**DNS (Domain Name Server)** - Maps / Resolves IP address vs name address to connect to Internet

**ARP (Address Resolution Protocol)** - IP Address to the MAC Address

MAC Address - 48 bit - uses 32 bits, loves hex

IPv4 - 32 bit

IPv6 - 128 bit

**tcpdump** - Looks at and collects/capturings packets(Network) or frames(Data Link) or segments of datagrams (Transport) Layer and generates a file.

## **System and System Administration**

`systemctl` - command that controls `systemd` system and services

`systemctl status (name.service)` - checks the status of a service

`systemctl start (name.service)` - starts a service

`systemctl stop` - stops a service

systemctl restart - restarts a service

systemctl reload - refreshes a service

systemctl enable - automatically starts on bootup

Installed and used apache2 server on Ubuntu server

Two web services - apache2 and nginxd