# **Module 2: Linux Fundamentals PT10**

Router - NAT - Network Address Translation

## **Private Address**

Class A: 10.x.x.x are for home network and don't show up in IPv4 "Internet"

Class B: 172.16.x.x - 172.31.x.x

ClassC: 192.168.x.x / 192.168.0.1 - 192.168.255.254

IPv4 uses 8 bits called Octets.

IPv6 uses 16 bit 8 blocks called Quartets.

## **Configure Network Interface**

Manual configuration

Dynamic configuration - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)

### \*\*DHCP\*\*

Static 192.168.8.10

There are times when you'd prefer to manually configure the IP address. See below

email -->192.168.8.1

file --> 192.168.8.2

dbase --> 192.168.8.3

printer --> 192.168.8.4

**DHCP** 

**DNS** 

#### \*\*DHCP Server\*\*

**Ip Addresses** 

Subnet Mask ???

Default Gateway - Router, Firewall, NAT

**DHCP Server** 

**DNS Server** 

Host - Anything network related

Client - devices lease IP config info from DHCP server

Device - a device that

**D.O.R.A.** - Discover, Offer, Request, Acknowledge

Windows - ipconfig /release - releases all information given by the DHCP server - ipconfig /renew

Linux - dhclient -r - dhclient

**Domain Name Space** – retrieve numeric values corresponding to computer hostnames. Below the root ''. is the TLD (Top Level Domain).