Forward:
$$a_1' = g(x_1 \omega_{11}' + x_2 \omega_{12}' + b_1') = 0.15$$

$$a_2' = g(x_1 \omega_{21}' + x_2 \omega_{22}' + b_2') = 0.15$$

$$a_1^2 = g(a_1' \omega_{11}' + a_2' \omega_{12}' + b_1') = 0.15$$

back ward:
$$\frac{dL}{d\omega_{ii}} = \frac{dL}{dz_{i}'} \cdot \frac{dz_{i}'}{d\omega_{ii}'} = (\alpha_{i}' - y_{i}) \cdot x_{i} = (0.15 - y_{i}) x_{i}$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega_{ii}'} = \frac{dL}{dz_{i}'} \cdot \frac{dz_{i}'}{d\omega_{ii}'} = (\alpha_{i}' - y_{i}) \cdot x_{i}$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega'_{12}} = \frac{dL}{dz'_{1}} \cdot \frac{dz'_{1}}{d\omega'_{12}} = (\alpha'_{1}-y_{1}) \cdot \lambda_{2} = (0.5-y_{1}) \cdot \lambda_{2}$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega'_{12}} = \frac{dL}{dz'_{1}} \cdot \frac{dz'_{1}}{d\omega'_{12}} = (\alpha'_{1}-y_{1}) \cdot \lambda_{2} = (0.5-y_{1}) \cdot \lambda_{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega_{21}^{\prime}} = \frac{\partial L}{Z_{2}^{\prime}} \cdot \frac{\partial Z_{2}^{\prime}}{\partial \omega_{21}^{\prime}} = (\alpha_{2}^{\prime} - J_{2}) \chi_{1} = (o_{1}5 - J_{2}) \cdot \chi_{1}$$

$$S_{2}^{\prime} \quad \chi_{1}$$

$$\frac{JL}{J\omega_{22}'} = \frac{JL}{Jz_2'} \cdot \frac{Jz_2'}{J\omega_{22}'} = (\alpha_2' - J_2) \chi_2 = (0,5 - J_2) \chi_2$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & \chi_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega_{11}^{2}} = \frac{dL}{dz_{1}^{2}} \cdot \frac{dz_{1}^{2}}{d\omega_{11}^{2}} = (a_{1}^{2} - J_{1}) a_{1}' = \frac{0.15 - J_{1}}{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2 & a_{1}' \\ a_{1}' & a_{1}' \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega_{12}^{2}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_{1}^{2}} \cdot \frac{\partial z_{1}^{2}}{\partial \omega_{12}^{2}} = (\alpha_{1}^{2} - \beta_{1}) \alpha_{2}^{1} = \frac{\alpha_{1}^{2} - \beta_{1}}{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2 & \lambda \\ \alpha_{2}^{1} & \alpha_{2}^{1} \end{cases}$$

$$D_{11}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{11}^{1}} + \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{1}} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot (0.15 - 3.1) \times_{1}$$

$$D_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{1}} + 0 = \frac{1}{m} \cdot (0.15 - 3.1) \times_{2}$$

$$D_{21}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{1}} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot (0.15 - 3.1) \times_{2}$$

$$D_{22}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{2}} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot (0.15 - 3.1) \times_{2}$$

$$D_{12}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{11}^{2}} = \frac{1}{2m} \cdot (0.15 - 3.1)$$

$$D_{12}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{2}} = \frac{1}{2m} \cdot (0.15 - 3.1)$$

$$\omega_{11}^{1} = \omega_{11}^{1} - \alpha D_{11}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (0/5 - J_{1}) x_{1}$$

$$\omega_{12}^{1} = \omega_{12}^{1} - \alpha D_{12}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (0/5 - J_{1}) x_{2}$$

$$\omega_{21}^{1} = \omega_{21}^{1} - \alpha D_{21}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (0/5 - J_{2}) x_{1}$$

$$\omega_{22}^{1} = \omega_{22}^{1} - \alpha D_{21}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (0/5 - J_{2}) x_{2}$$

$$\omega_{11}^{2} = \omega_{12}^{2} - \alpha D_{11}^{2} = -\frac{\alpha}{2m} (0/5 - J_{1})$$

$$\omega_{12}^{2} = \omega_{12}^{2} - \alpha D_{12}^{2} = -\frac{\alpha}{2m} (0/5 - J_{1})$$

$$\omega_{12}^{2} = \omega_{12}^{2} - \alpha D_{12}^{2} = -\frac{\alpha}{2m} (0/5 - J_{1})$$

كشر مى ننذ

: Us' epoch Oly od ell inepoch

backward ?
$$\frac{dL}{db'_{1}} = \delta'_{1} = a'_{1} - J'_{1} = 0.75 - J'_{1}$$

$$\frac{dL}{db_{2}^{1}} = S_{2}^{1} = \alpha_{2}^{1} - J_{2} = 0, 5 - J_{2}.$$

$$\frac{JL}{Jb_1^2} = \delta_1^2 = \alpha_1^2 - y_1 = 0.75 - y_1$$

$$\beta_2 = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{db_2} = \frac{1}{m} \left(0/5 - J_2\right)$$

$$B_1^2 = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{db_1^2} = \frac{1}{m} (0.5 - y_1)$$

$$b_2 = b_2 - \alpha B_2' = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (015 - J_2)$$

apolate in la cor!

forward:
$$a_1' = g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_1)\chi_1^2 - \frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_1)\chi_2^2 - \frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_1)\right)$$

$$= g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_1)(\chi_1^2 + \chi_2^2 + 1)\right) = m_1 = D \qquad (5-J_2) \cos (-\frac{1}{2}) \cos (-\frac{1}{2})$$

$$a_1' = g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_2)\chi_1^2 - \frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_2)\chi_2^2 - \frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_2)\right)$$

$$= g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{m}(0|5-J_2)(\chi_1^2 + \chi_2^2 + 1)\right) = m_2$$

$$a_{1}^{2} = g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{2m} \left(0/5 - J_{1}\right) g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{m} \left(0/5 - J_{1}\right) \left(x_{1}^{2} + x_{2}^{2} + 1\right)\right) - \frac{\alpha}{2m} \left(0/5 - J_{1}\right) g\left(-\frac{\alpha}{m} \left(0/5 - J_{1}\right) \left(x_{1}^{2} + x_{2}^{2} + 1\right)\right) - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left(0/5 - J_{1}\right) = m_{3}$$

backward:
$$\frac{dL}{d\omega'_{\parallel}} = (\alpha'_{\parallel} - \gamma_{\parallel}) \cdot \chi_{\parallel} = (m_{\parallel} - \gamma_{\parallel}) \cdot \chi_{\parallel}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega'} = (\alpha'_1 - J_1) \lambda_2 = (m_1 - J_1) \times_2$$

$$\frac{JL}{J\omega_{21}'} = (\alpha_2^1 - J_2) \chi_1 = (m_2 - J_2) \chi_1$$

$$\frac{JL}{d\omega_{22}'} = (\alpha_2^l - J_2) \varkappa_2 = (m_2 - J_2) \varkappa_2$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega^{2}} = (a_{1}^{2} - J_{1}) a_{1}^{1} = (m_{3} - J_{1}) m_{1}$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{2}} = (\alpha_{1}^{2} - J_{1})\alpha_{2}^{1} = (m_{3} - J_{1})m_{2}$$

$$D_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{d\omega_{12}^{1}} + \frac{1}{m} \omega_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} (m_{1} - J_{1}) \times_{1} - \frac{1}{m^{2}} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{1}) \times_{1} = n_{1}$$

$$D_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{JL}{J\omega_{12}^{1}} + \frac{1}{m} \omega_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} (m_{1} - J_{1}) \times_{2} - \frac{1}{m^{2}} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{1}) \times_{2} = n_{2}$$

$$D_{21}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{JL}{J\omega_{21}^{1}} + \frac{1}{m} \omega_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} (m_{2} - J_{2}) \times_{1} - \frac{1}{m^{2}} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{1} = n_{2}$$

$$D_{12}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{JL}{J\omega_{22}^{2}} + \frac{1}{m} \omega_{12}^{1} = \frac{1}{m} (m_{2} - J_{2}) \times_{2} - \frac{1}{m^{2}} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{2} = n_{2}$$

$$D_{11}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{JL}{J\omega_{12}^{2}} + \frac{1}{m} \omega_{11}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} (m_{3} - J_{1}) m_{1} - \frac{1}{2m^{2}} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{1}) \times_{2} = n_{2}$$

$$D_{12}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \frac{JL}{J\omega_{12}^{2}} + \frac{1}{m} \omega_{11}^{2} = \frac{1}{m} (m_{3} - J_{1}) m_{1} - \frac{1}{2m^{2}} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{1}) = n_{2}$$

$$U_{11}^{2} = \omega_{11}^{1} - \alpha D_{11}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{1}) \times_{2} - \alpha n_{2}$$

$$U_{21}^{1} = \omega_{11}^{1} - \alpha D_{12}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{1} - \alpha n_{3}$$

$$U_{21}^{1} = \omega_{12}^{1} - \alpha D_{12}^{1} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{1} - \alpha n_{3}$$

$$U_{22}^{1} = \omega_{12}^{1} - \alpha D_{11}^{2} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{2} - \alpha n_{4}$$

$$U_{21}^{2} = \omega_{12}^{1} - \alpha D_{11}^{2} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{2} - \alpha n_{4}$$

$$U_{21}^{2} = \omega_{12}^{1} - \alpha D_{11}^{2} = -\frac{\alpha}{m} (\sigma_{1} 5 - J_{2}) \times_{2} - \alpha n_{4}$$

$$w_{12}^2 = w_{12}^2 - \alpha D_{12}^2 = -\frac{\alpha}{2m} (0.5 - J_1)$$

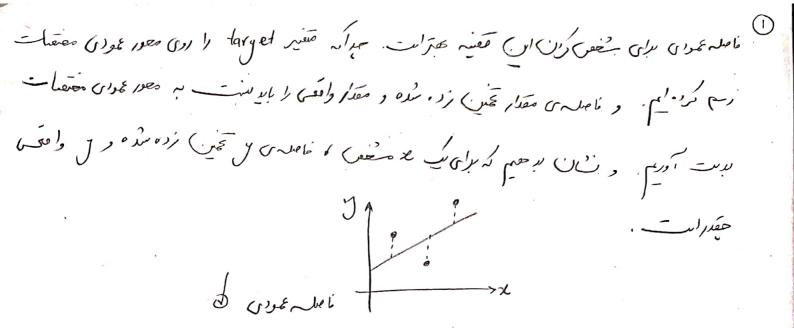
: pos epoch Ullo out inep, of

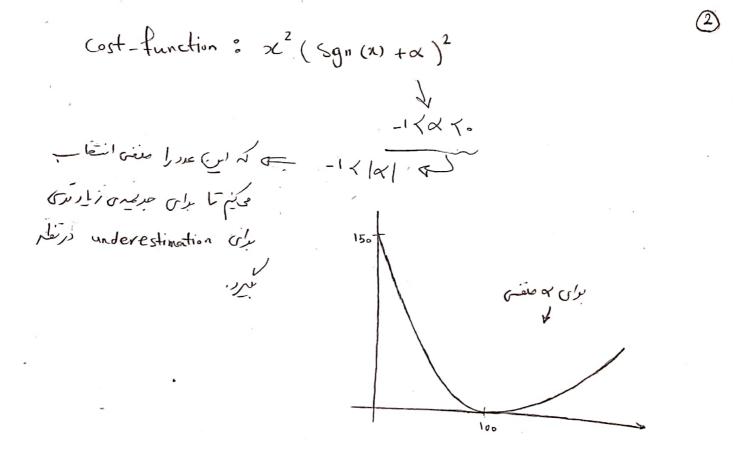
$$\frac{dL}{db_{2}^{'}} = \delta_{2}^{'} = \alpha_{2}^{'} - J_{2}^{'} = m_{2} - J_{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b_1^2} = \left(\frac{2}{1} - \frac{2}{1} - \frac{2}{1} \right) = m_3 - \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\beta_2' = \frac{1}{m} \frac{JL}{Jb_2'} = \frac{1}{m} (m_2 - J_2)$$

$$\beta_1^2 = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{db_1^2} = \frac{1}{m} \left(m_3 - J_1 \right)$$





in a species con of our or one of our of the of the overestinations

$$f(x,y) = \left(\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(y - 2\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4}xy$$
$$= \frac{9}{16}x^2 + y^2 + \frac{1}{4}xy - \frac{9}{4}x - 4y + \frac{25}{4}$$

$$\frac{df(x,y)}{dx} = \frac{9}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}y - \frac{9}{4}$$

: gradient descent

repeat until convergence of

$$x = x - \alpha \frac{\int f(x,y)}{\partial x} = x - \alpha \left(\frac{9}{8}x + \frac{1}{4}y - \frac{9}{4}\right)$$

$$J = y - \alpha \frac{\int f(x,y)}{\partial y} = y - \alpha \left(2y + \frac{1}{4}x - 4\right)$$

$$(5,4) \circ f(5,4) = 14,06$$

$$x = 5 - (0,01) \left(\frac{45}{2} + 1 - \frac{9}{4}\right) = 4,96$$

$$y = 4 - (0,01) \left(9 + \frac{5}{4} - 4\right) = 3,97$$

$$f(4,96,3,97) = 13,73$$

$$2 \int_{0}^{12} (4,96,3,97) = 13,73$$

راین طلات ، آسویسم حقی کند درمال سیس ادان است. و مقدار که مندی می است ، مقدار که مندی است ، مقدار که مندی است ، کدای است ، کدای است ، مقدار عین از در مان کامندی است ، کدای است ، کدای است ، مقدار عین برزید شویم ، تعداد زیاری رطه باید

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$$f(5,4) = \frac{14,06}{4}$$

$$x = 5 - (0, 5) \left(\frac{35}{4}\right) = 2,151$$

$$y = 4 - (0,5) \left(\frac{11}{4}\right) = 2,63$$

$$y = 4 - (0,5) \left(\frac{11}{4}\right) = 2,163$$

$$y = 2,163 - (0,5) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = 2,03$$

$$y = 2,163 - (0,5) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = \frac{1}{1},65$$

$$x = 2,163 - (0,5) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = \frac{1}{1},65$$

$$x = 2,103 - (0,5) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = \frac{1}{1},91$$

$$y = 1,165 - (0,15) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = \frac{1}{1},91$$

$$y = 1,165 - (0,15) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = \frac{1}{1},75$$

$$y = 1,175 - (0,15) \left(\frac{1}{1}\right) = \frac{1}{1},75$$

x= 1/7 - (0/5) (0/11) = 1/65

f(1,65, 1,79) = 0,851

رایا (مانین وسن کردی) مرایسی مردی می م 5X103 سند ، اسورسم متومّف کود. را برام المع الم المرابر المعان رىدواند كرهان مقدار عد

$$f(5,4) = 14,06$$

$$1\left(x=5-(0)75)\left(\frac{35}{8}\right)=1,72$$

$$J=4-(0,75)\left(\frac{11}{4}\right)=1,94$$

$$f(1,72,1,94-)=0,681$$

$$Z=1,72-(0)75)(0,17)=1,59$$

$$J=1,94-(0,75)(0,17)=1,71$$

$$f(1,59,1,71)=0,95$$

$$Z=1,59-(0,75)(-0,03)=1,61$$

$$J=1,71-(0,75)(-0,18)=1,61$$

$$J=1,71-(0,75)(-0,18)=1,65$$

$$f(1,61,1,25)=0,652$$

$$Z=1,61-(0,75)(0,02)=1,60$$

$$J=1,95-(0,75)(0,10)=1,78$$

$$f(1,61,1,78)=0,850$$

contingency bis Crept po but استفاده مُرُن برين توقف أنوريس دراس طلات ، من (4 مرجب · Cub 0, 850 (1 iss) said سند. که خان محدصرکه با تعداد اوردیم سب به متمت سر ی که سے قان می دھوکہ کمشب کی کہ کومیر مود رونه کن مرن دار<u>ه -</u>. وارب

برحسب که درای منال ایدیه داده ها بیعم ، نسسته ایت . در linear regression برحسب להיה לנם כם ובישום א כוצין העם עה זכני שוני שיים ל א יו אונציים של בי ואים לא יאל אין אין אין אין אין אין אין در سامی linear regression سعی داشتی تا مدسی روی داده ها مراردهم و علی قرارمر ل آن حارا در دام وى عنوار سيني ريخن كره باسيم . ورى حبس ان سال منظادت الت. عدف الأكون لك التواني . مبك عدف عداران درنوع ارزاده ما و دسته بیوه آن حالات . - ver cor and and logistic regression, linear regression and entir ات. كه جون دائع فنال م تسم ، الله با بالمانون المن كسيم .

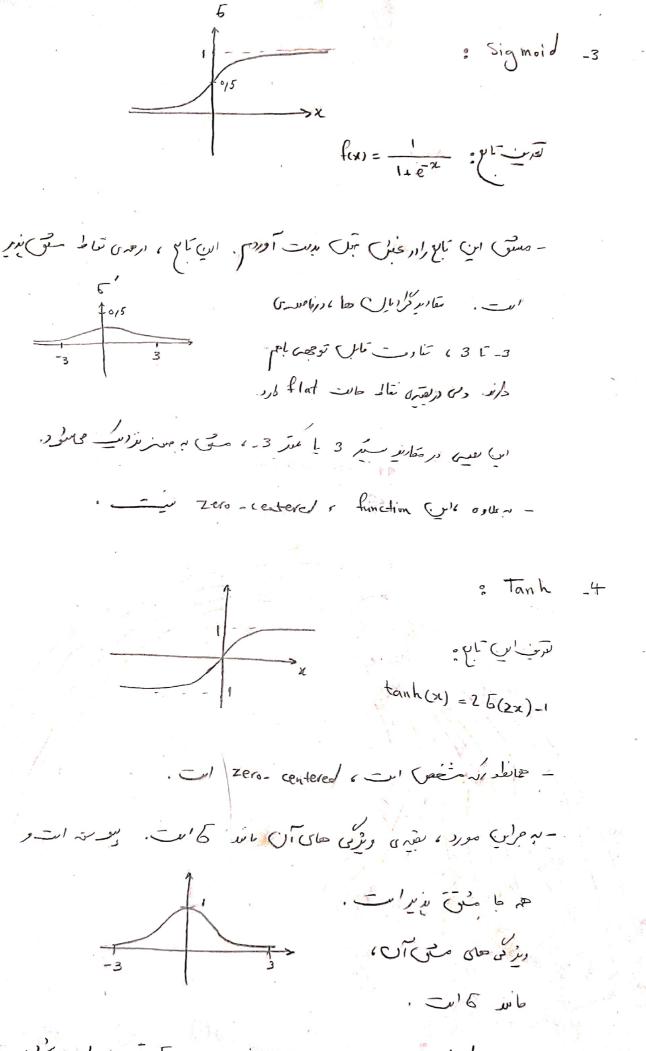
(· · · · · ·

1

: Binary step function -1

for = ax & eliculine

- این کابع ، چا نظور که از عوداری صفی الات که کودیان تر می نظور که از عوداری صفی الات که کودیان کا مرابر می در در این کارویان کا در این کارویان کا مرابر می الات که که می کامن کامریوط به به این الدر این کارویان کامریوط به به این الدر این کارویان می کودیان کامریوط به به این الدر این کارویان کار



الع به خاطر zero-centered وراي ، ست م ترصع طاره محاكل

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به کنوسود کرموداده می سود

$$\mathcal{J}(\theta) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left[-y^{i} \log h_{\theta}(x^{i}) - (1-y^{i}) \log (1-h_{\theta}(x^{i})) \right] \\
= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} T_{i}$$

$$\frac{JJ(\theta)}{J\theta_{j}} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{JT_{i}}{J\theta_{j}} = ?$$

$$\frac{JT_{i}}{J\theta_{j}} = \frac{JT_{i}}{J\delta(z^{i})} \times \frac{J\delta(z^{i})}{J\sigma_{i}} \times \frac{Jz^{i}}{J\theta_{j}}$$

$$\frac{JT_{i}}{J\delta(z^{i})} = -\left[\frac{J^{i}}{\delta(z^{i})} \times \frac{J\delta(z^{i})}{J\sigma_{i}} \times \frac{Jz^{i}}{J\sigma_{j}}\right]$$

$$\frac{JT_{i}}{J\delta(z^{i})} = -\left[\frac{J^{i}}{\delta(z^{i})} - \frac{1-y^{i}}{1-\delta(z^{i})}\right]$$

$$\frac{J}{J}(z^{i}) = \frac{J}{J}(z^{i}) \times \frac{Jz^{i}}{J\theta_{j}}$$

$$\frac{J}{J\theta_{j}} = z^{i} \times \frac{Jz^{i}}{J\theta_{j}}$$

$$\frac{JT_{i}}{J\theta_{j}} = z^{i} \times \frac{Jz^{i}}{J\theta_{j}}$$

$$\frac{JT_{i}}{J\theta_{j}} = z^{i} \times \frac{Jz^{i}}{J\theta_{j}}$$

$$\frac{JT_{i}}{J\theta_{j}} = \left[\delta(z^{i}) - y^{i}\right] \times z^{i}$$

$$\frac{J}{J\theta_{j}} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \left[\delta(z^{i}) - y^{i}\right] \times z^{i}$$

pue les régularization (J. 1/9) UL ho (x) = g (+0, +0, x, +0, x2) الما دريم د ومت مقدار لا راضات مزال در مفارس م مقدار و ا ما مد راس الم المعان الم المعان مقدار لا الم المعان مقدار الله الم مرابر موز می سود. عاد ما بررسی تعیم در با میرسان حرفام از زه ها (عراره= را) محم سری رفظی آمرزی رفی مادها. $h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_{1}x_{1} + \theta_{2}x_{2})$ $h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta_{1}x_{1} + \theta_{2}x_{2})$ x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{6} x_{7} x_{1} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{7} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{7} x_{7} x_{7} x_{7} x_{8} x_{1} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{7} x_{7} x_{7} x_{8} x_{1} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{7} x_{7} x_{8} x_{1} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6} x_{7} x_{7} x_{8} x_{1} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{1} x_{2} x_{3} x_{4} x_{4} x_{5} x_{6

مين أنه الوص مان معدورت ، عظام المعرش زياد حواحدس

ار معدد عواحد ساد) بنامولای عطای آموزش دراس دوسان ، از طالت عالی عواری میری از معدد می اور می ایران عواری میری از معدد عواحد ساد) بنامولای ، خلی آموزش دراس دوسان ، از طالت عالی هم سازد

المع بمورط علاداس عط 3 00 / (في على الحر و الحر على مل على دار ومال على . ساده ای است. ومت ازاین ۴ طاهم کیم ، مدل منیم ساده می سرد و خطای آن زیاد

locesie ?
$$a' = tanSig(\omega^{2}p + b^{1}) = tanSig(2) \approx 1$$

$$a^{2} = tanSig(\omega^{2}a' + b^{2}) = tanSig(-1) \approx -1$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega_1} = \frac{dL}{dz_1} \cdot \frac{dz_1}{d\omega_1} = S' \cdot P = (a'-J_1)P = (1-J_1)P$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega_2} = \frac{dL}{dz_2} \cdot \frac{dz_2}{d\omega_2} = \delta^2 \cdot \alpha' = (\alpha^2 - J_2) \alpha' = -(y+1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b_1} = \delta' = \alpha' - \gamma_1 = 1 - \gamma_1$$

$$\frac{dL}{db_1} = \delta^2 = \alpha^2 - J_2 = -(1+J_2)$$

$$D' = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{dL}{d\omega'} + \frac{\lambda}{m} \omega' = \frac{(1-J)P - \lambda}{m}$$

$$D^2 = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{d\omega^2} + \frac{\lambda}{m} \omega^2 = \frac{-(y+1)-2\lambda}{m}$$

$$B' = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{db'} = \frac{1-J}{m}$$

$$B^2 = \frac{1}{m} \frac{dL}{db^2} = \frac{-(1+j)}{m}$$

$$\omega_1 = \omega_1 - \alpha D_1 = -1 - \alpha \frac{(1-J)P-\lambda}{m}$$

$$b^2 = b^2 - \alpha B^2 = 1 - \alpha \frac{-(1+y)}{m}$$

$$\frac{dL}{dn^2} = \alpha^2 - y = \delta^2$$

$$\frac{JL}{Jb^2} = S^2$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega^2} = \delta^2 \cdot a^{1}$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\omega^{2,1}} = \delta^2 \cdot P$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial n'} = \alpha' - \gamma = \delta'$$

$$\left(\delta = \left[(\omega^2)^T \delta^2 \right] \cdot \star f(n') \right)$$

الے آیوت ران بارامتر ماہ

$$D^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{JL}{J\omega^{1}} = \frac{1}{m} (a^{1}y) \cdot P = \frac{1}{m} [f'(\omega p + b') - y] \cdot P$$

$$D^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{JL}{J\omega^{2}} = \frac{1}{m} (a^{2}y) \cdot a' = \frac{1}{m} [f^{2}(\omega^{2}a' + \omega^{2}z'p + b^{2}) - y] \cdot a'$$

$$D^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{JL}{J\omega^{2}z'} = \frac{1}{m} (a^{2}-y) \cdot P = \frac{1}{m} [f^{2}(\omega^{2}a' + \omega^{2}z'p + b^{2}) - y] \cdot P$$

$$B^{1} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{JL}{Jb'} = \frac{1}{m} [a' - y] = \frac{1}{m} [f'(\omega p + b') - y]$$

$$B^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{JL}{Jb'} = \frac{1}{m} [a' - y] = \frac{1}{m} [f'(\omega p + b') - y]$$

$$B^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{JL}{Jb^{2}} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot S^{2} = \frac{1}{m} \left[a^{2} - y \right] = \frac{1}{m} \left[f^{2} (\omega^{2} a' + \omega^{2})' + b^{2} \right] - y$$

$$\omega_{1} = \omega_{1} - \alpha D^{2} = \omega^{1} - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[f'(\omega_{1}^{2} + b^{1}) - y \right] \cdot P$$

$$\omega_{2} = \omega_{2} - \alpha D^{2} = \omega^{2} - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[f^{2}(\omega_{1}^{2} + \omega_{1}^{2}) + b^{2} \right) - y \right] \cdot a^{1}$$

$$- \frac{\omega^{2}}{b^{2}} = \omega^{2} - \alpha D^{2} = \omega^{2} - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[f^{2}(\omega_{1}^{2} + \omega_{1}^{2}) + b^{2} \right) - y \right] \cdot P$$

$$b^{1} = b^{1} - \alpha B^{1} = b^{1} - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[f'(\omega_{1}^{2} + b^{1}) - y \right]$$

$$b^{2} = b^{2} - \alpha B^{2} = b^{2} - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[f^{2}(\omega_{1}^{2} + \omega_{1}^{2}) + b^{2} \right] - y$$

من الفاء كران مرسب منظم سارى عربر رومل أكا الر مواهندارات إ $D' = \frac{1}{m} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega'} + \frac{\lambda}{m} \omega' = \frac{1}{m} \left[f'(\omega'p + b') - J \right] \cdot P + \frac{\lambda}{m} \omega'$ D= 1 . JL + 1 w2 = 1 [f2 (w2a' + w2) p+b2)-y].a' + 1 w2 D2,1 = 1 . dL + L will = 1 [f(w2a'+u2) -y].p+ L w2.1 WI = WI - XD' = W' - \frac{\pi}{m} [(f'(u'p+b') - y).p + \lambda w'] $\omega_2 = \omega_2 - \alpha D^2 = \omega_2 - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[\left(\int_{-\infty}^{2} (\omega^2 a^1 + \omega^2)^2 + b^2 \right) - y \right] \cdot \alpha + \lambda \omega^2 \right]$ $\omega^{2} = \omega^{2} - \alpha D^{2} = \omega^{2} - \frac{\alpha}{m} \left[\left(f^{2} (\omega^{2} \alpha^{1} + \omega^{2}) + b^{2} \right) - y \right) \cdot P + \lambda \omega^{2} \right]$ المع بانوم براس کی تعریف کی سرین کی منز مزے برطان میں عمل عمل عمل عمل کی ا وم کا عصاک می مود ہے کا طاقد طالت منب عواجد ہود.

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