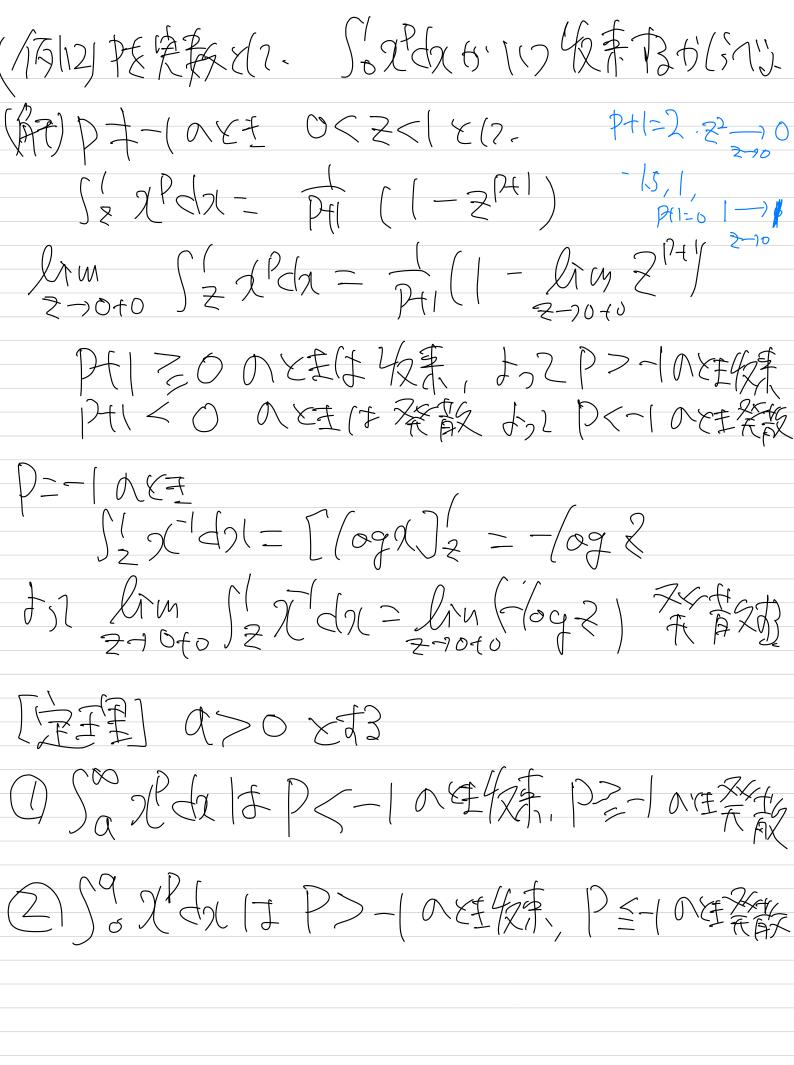
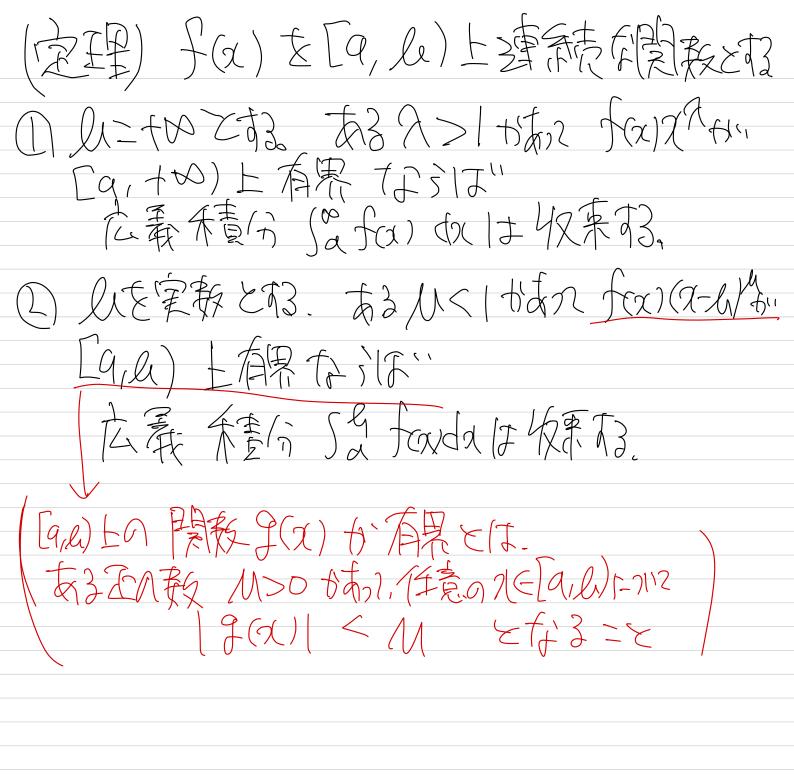
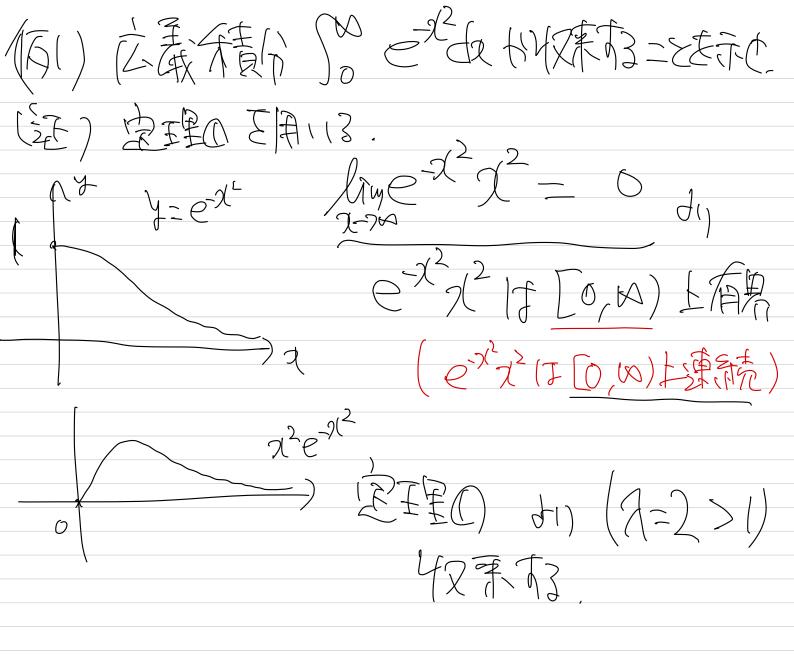
学() 広蒙香的, 十二又崇敬。(川平12,27章) かりたいこくはからスチまら 二个个工艺中的 The Fex 一个大小重要 J=for) (f=1/1/f=1/n)f=1/n/f/f = \(\(\(\(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \)

度制应表示意分 f(x) を [a, d) 上面新型数据(七年) 左右对是 Jan 52 falch 的存在到在 2-12-0 Ja falch 的存在到在 应最深高分分分级(其股票存入(11)- $\int_{\alpha}^{\alpha} f(x) dx = \lim_{z \to 0} \int_{\alpha}^{2} f(x) dx \times \int_{\alpha}^{2} \frac{1}{2} dx$ 有强限的存在过程 Jafenda 11 7 4 12 2003 二月青行を広報作動分という。

(A7) ° P = - (NX =) (Z × L 7. SixPdx = [phixPt] & 7 pti (2P-11 -1) 2-) (m) 2 2 Ph (2-10) 2/1) P+1=608=42=73, 1,2P<-108=42= $\int_{1}^{2} \chi^{-1} d\chi = \left[(0j\chi) \right]_{1}^{2} = \left[(y2-1) \right]_{1}^{2}$ 27 ling 12 x-69 - ling 1 2-12"
2-160 1 74-45 不有发了





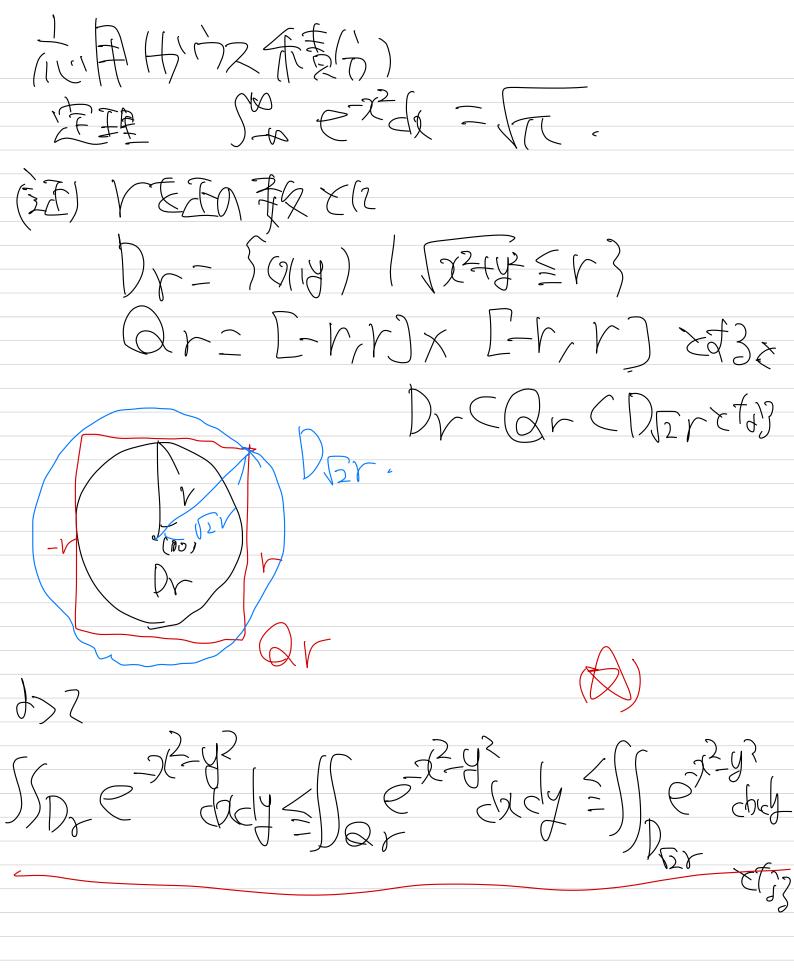


2/5>0(2)112. (23) $7(5) = \int_{1}^{\infty} e^{-\chi} \chi^{5-1} d\chi + \int_{0}^{1} e^{-\chi} \chi^{5-1} d\chi$ br.(e-xx51)。x2(ま[1,以)上有界 (入三2 党王皇〇月142东村、 2) lim (e-2,15+) ~ 1/-5= lime 2 -1 270 M=1-5 よって(e-ススS-1) ~ 11-51ま(6,17) 有界 よって定ま年(2) より4×まする

(BIB) DOO, 900 1=32 B(P, 9, 1= 50 2P-1 (1-2) - (1-1) -B(P,G)+)4尺东了三定表示せ、 (27) B(P, Q) = \(\frac{1}{5} \chi P^{-1} (1-1)^{Q-1} \day \(1-1)^{Q-1} \day \) 1 × (1) 4 (2) + 13 - 22 元 元 Dim (2P1 (1-2) 9-1). 21-P-lin (1-2) 9-1 PIR 0 111427. $\lim_{\lambda \to 1} \left(2^{p-1} (1-1)^{q-1}) (1-1)^{-1} - \lim_{\lambda \to 1} 2^{p-1} \right)$ DIE 2) 11/42 F.

定理 的理中(根积多) (1) ARME+1, 43-ICA FRM>6 5° 4,7°.

(4° € 0) (=[0.∞) 1-112 (+(01))(1) < M × 63 52 ACP< GC 60 EF3 P/G1=112 Spfala = Spfala <M $\int_{P}^{q} 2^{-1} dx$ -2<-1 di Sa n-2 da 184273. b) PETALECESE SP2-AMIZUCSOMETS, Pa for delt totals 2) & (a)("



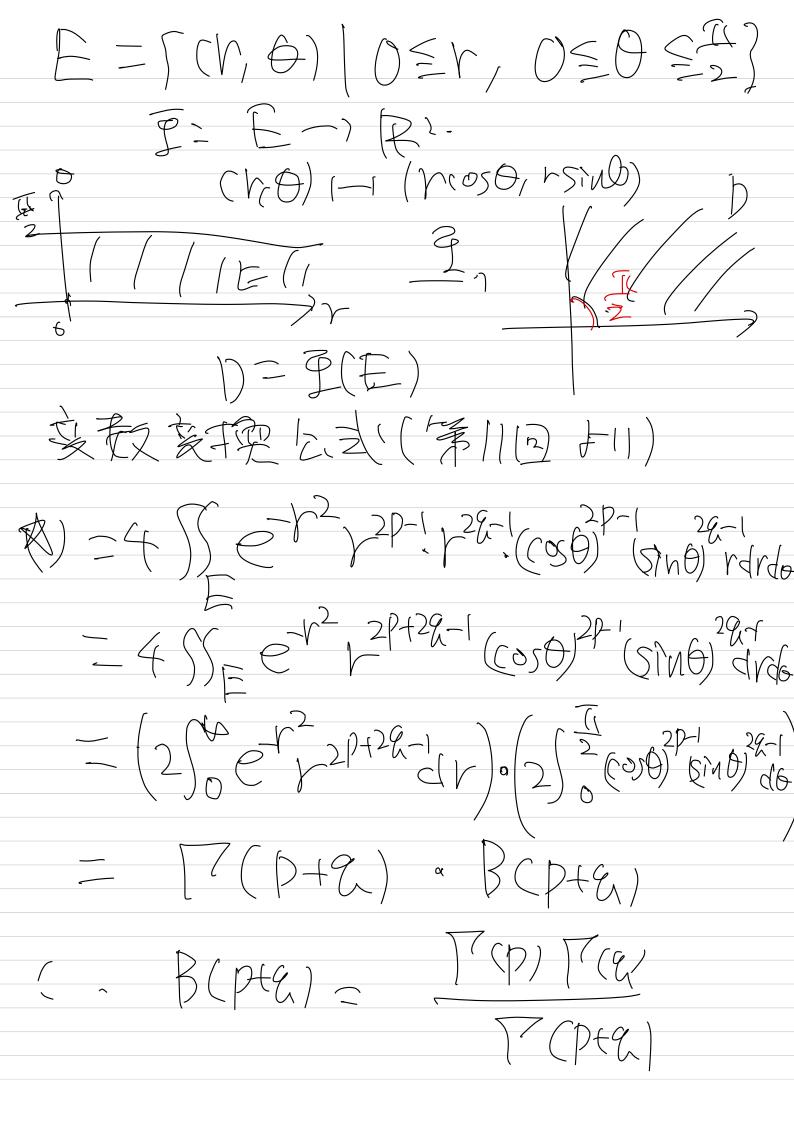
Er= 1(8,0) | 0=8=r) >=8000 ==80520 y=8000 60. Spre-25-43 and = NELE Dell 40 $-\int_{0}^{4} \left[-\frac{1}{2}e^{\beta^{2}}\right]^{r}$ $=\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2}(1-e^{-r^{2}})d\theta$ - ((- e) 2) 2" Ir= J-re-x-qx sq3x 1/mIn = 500 = 72/h (/1/15/13/fet?)) Qr - x2-y2 dxdy = J- (J- r - x2-y2, dx) dx $= \int_{-r}^{r} e^{-2/2} (r + e^{-2/2}) dr$ $= \int_{-r}^{r} r - e^{-2/2} (r + e^{-2/2}) dr$ $= \int_{-r}^{r} r - e^{-2/2} (r + e^{-2/2}) dr$ $= \int_{-r}^{r} r - e^{-2/2} (r + e^{-2/2}) dr$ $= \int_{-r}^{r} r - e^{-2/2} (r + e^{-2/2}) dr$

\$) 5} $T(1-e^{-V^2}) \leq T^2 \leq T(1-e^{-2V^2})$ TE WITZ ET Jan In The 十二又関极。八日到数 これをかこる関致でいう P>0, 90 = 117 B(P,Q)= 50 2P-1 (1-x) dx. 一样人一个是数的

O(SH) = (8 - 2 (SH) - 1 d2 $\frac{1}{2}$ = [- exy(st)-1] + 5) 6 exy 5 da (>>0) - S(7(S)). [7] \(\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \fra $=\int_{\kappa}^{\infty} e^{-\xi^2} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{\kappa}^{\infty} d\xi = 2\pi d\xi$ -210e-t-1 - 500 - td = 177, $7(\pm 40) = ((n-1)+1)$ $\frac{2N-1}{2} = \frac{2N-1}{2} = \frac{2N-3}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{$ $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$

3) B(D/2)= SoxP-1 (1-x)2-14x $=\int_{1}^{1}\left(1-\xi\right)^{2}+\left(-d\xi\right)\frac{S(x)}{d\xi}=-1$ = 56 tan (1-t)P-1+=B(2,P) Q 2P-1(1-2/2=2P-1(1-x)2-1(1-x) $=\chi^{p-1}((-\chi)^{q-1}-\chi^{p}((-\chi)^{q-1}-$ 5-24=662 B(P/941) = B(P/9) - B(P+1/9) FE B(H1,Q)= Slo QP (1-x)2-1dx $=\int_{0}^{\pi} \sqrt{P}\left(-\frac{1}{2}(1-x)^{2}\right)^{2} dx$ - [- \frac{1}{2} \text{P} (1-2)\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \text{P} (1-2)\frac{9}{2} \text{A} = \frac{p}{a}p(P, QH) (B(P, 2+1) = B(D, 2) - & B(P, 2+1) (, B(P, 241) = Pta B(P, 21)

5) B(P,Q)= Solt (1-x) 2-16x =) [(0st) 12 (5) nt) 2 (0st (-sinf) 4 $-25^{2}(\cos\xi^{2})^{-1}(5)^{2}(-14)^{2}$ $\frac{70}{-100} = \frac{100}{000} =$ - 2 (W - t - 2) - 1 (+ 77/7/2-450e-2222-14 -4 Sperior 22-1 122-1 122-1 122-1



 $\sqrt{\frac{M+1}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{M+1}{2}} - M_0^{1}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{N+1}{2}}} = \frac{2^{m+1} (M!)}{2^{m+1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{N+1}{2}}} = \frac{2^{m+1} (M!)}{2^{m+1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{N+1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{N+1}{2}$ $\sum_{M} (M!)$),(HMC) $\frac{N-1}{N} = \frac{42}{53}$ (TAIL2) MAI) Z/QZ In = 53 (cost) ndt & 732 $[0]_{2}^{1} + ((0)_{2}^{1})^{2} + ((0)_{3}^{2})^{2} + ((0)_{3}^{$ $\int 2mf2 \leq \int 2mH1 \leq \int 2m$ $\frac{2m+1)(1)}{2m+2}(1) = \frac{(2m)(1)}{2m+1}(1) = \frac{(2m)(1)}{2m}(1)$ $\frac{(2M+1)[[2M+1][]}{2M+2}$ 2M)[2MH)[$(2m)^2 \qquad (2(m-1))^2$ $(2M+1)(2M-1)^{2}(2(M-1)+1)(2(M-1)-1)^{2}$ 3~[

教から $\frac{2M+1}{2M+2} = \frac{1}{4(M-1)^2} - \frac{1}{4(M-1)^2} - \frac{1}{4(M-1)^2}$ $\frac{1}{2} - \sqrt{m}$ $\sqrt{m-m} \left(\left(-\frac{1}{4m^2} \right)^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{4(m-1)^2} \right)^2 \right) + \frac{1}{4m^2}$ mar 20/23/ - 2.2 44 66 SE - 1.3 35 577-マインからすとかてをはかくたみれる