9 名以上は

の連続と離散は

20以50 確學數a統

A X''X5 3 七(X''X5)

- (1) f(x,,x,) ≥0
- (2) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x_1, x_2) dx_1 dx_2 = 1$
- (3) $P(a < X_1 < b, c < X_2 < d)$ $= \int_{a}^{b} \int_{c}^{d} f(x_1, x_2) dx_1 dx_2$

fcx,,xi)はXi,X2の同時確算を度子

XICX21= XTL,

 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x_1, x_2) dx_1 dx_2 = 1$

 $\forall a,b,c,d: a < b, c < d$ $P(a < x_1 < b, c < x_2 < d)$ $= \int_a^b \int_c^d f(x_1,x_2) dx_2 dx_1$

確等多数。一個學家

$$f_{1}(x_{1}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, x) dx = P(a < x_{1} < b, x) < x_{2} < as)$$

$$f_{2}(x_{2}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, x_{2}) dx_{1} \qquad \text{if} \qquad \text{$$

X12 X25-Bu1=

 $\mathbb{Z}_{1} = f(\alpha_{1}, \chi_{2}) = f(\alpha_{1}) \cdot f(\chi_{2}) \quad (\alpha_{1}, \chi_{2}) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$

 $P(a(X_1 < b, C < X_2 < d))$ $= \int_{a}^{b} \int_{c}^{d} for_{1}(x_{2}) dx_{2} dx_{1}$ $= \int_{a}^{b} f(x_{1}) dx_{1} \int_{c}^{d} f_{2}(x_{2}) dx_{2}$ $= P(a(X_{1} < b)) \cdot P(c(X_{2} < d))$

X,,X2。阿阳空高于 千仓(,,X2)

それが対対の引

13/20f, f,(x,), f,(x2)

P(acx,cb,cex,ad) 并 午(x,xi)=斤(x) 午(xi) +(xi)

- (cx,cb,cex,ad) 并 午(x,xi)=斤(x) +(xi)

= Safir, dat, Efrendez

= P(acxich). P(acxild)

同時密度陶取 f(x, x2,-,xm) F (SC, 7 xw)20 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\vec{x}) d\vec{x} = 1$ $\vec{a} < \vec{b}$ $P(\vec{a} < \vec{X} < \vec{b})$ $= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(\vec{x}) d\vec{x}$

確率等数 外個 ×i,...,×n fi(xi)= [f(xi, xm) d(x-dxm 大の周辺宏養千 fa(,,xm)=f(a,)-...fm(xm)a時 X1,X2,··,Xnは Bul=れた P(a(XLb)=P(a,X,Cb)=...P(an(Xbn) $M_{X_1+\cdots+X_m}(\pi)=M_{X_n}(\pi)\cdots M_{X_n}(\pi)$

 $E(\varphi(X_1, X_2))$ $= \int_{-D}^{\infty} \int_{-D}^{\infty} \varphi(X_1, X_2) + f(X_1, X_2)$ $df(dX_2)$

定理 1 X, とX21よ 9位 (P(X,), φ(X2) も 独立

 $= E(\varphi_{i}(X_{i}), \varphi_{i}(X_{i}))$ $= E(\varphi_{i}(X_{i})) \cdot E(\varphi_{i}(X_{i}))$

是以(x)=f(x)·f(x)

 $\varphi(x_1,x_2)=\varphi_1(x_1),\varphi_2(x_2)$

定理10克纳

 $E(\varphi_{i}(X_{i})\cdot\varphi_{2}(X_{i}))$ $=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\varphi_{i}(\hat{X}_{i})\varphi_{2}(X_{i})f(x_{i})f(x_{i})dx_{i}dx_{i}$ $=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\varphi_{i}(\hat{X}_{i})\varphi_{2}(X_{i})f(x_{i})dx_{i}\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}\varphi_{2}(\hat{X}_{2})f_{2}(\hat{x}_{2})dx_{i}$ $=E(\varphi_{i}(X_{i}))\cdot E(\varphi_{i}(X_{i}))$

系2 X,とX2は互独立、 積2円度数 Mx1+X2(+)= Mx(t)、Mx2(+)

 $M_{x}(t) = E(e^{tX})$ $= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{tX} f(x) dx$

 $M_{X_1+X_2(t)} = E(e^{t(X_1+X_2)})$ $= E(e^{tX_1} \cdot e^{tX_2})$ $= E(e^{tX_1} \cdot E(e^{tX_2}))$ $= E(e^{tX_1} \cdot E(e^{tX_2}))$ $= M_{X_1}(t) \cdot M_{X_2}(t)$

$$X_{1} \sim N(\mu_{1}, \sigma_{1}^{2})$$
 $f_{1}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} exp(-\frac{(x_{1} - \mu_{1})^{2}}{\sqrt{5\pi^{2}}})$
 $X_{2} \sim N(\mu_{2}, \sigma_{2}^{2})$ $f_{2}(\lambda_{2}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} exp(-\frac{(\lambda_{2} - \mu_{1})^{2}}{\sigma_{2}^{2}})$

$$M_{x_i}(t) = E(e^{tX_i}) = exp(\mu_i t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_i^2 t^2)$$

 $M_{x_i}(t) = E(e^{tX_i}) = exp(\mu_i t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_i^2 t^2)$

= exp
$$E(e^{tX_1})$$
, $E(e^{-tX_2})$

$$= \exp((\mu_1 - \mu_2 t^2) \cdot \exp(-\mu_2 t^2))$$

$$= \exp((\mu_1 - \mu_2 t^2) \cdot \exp(-\mu_2 t^2))$$

1= X1-X5 ~ N(M,- M2, 01+(2)

の 発度f g(y) E式放う

$$x_{i}^{2} \sim \chi^{2}(1)$$
 For 2^{i} $M_{x_{i}^{2}}(t) = (1-2t)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $t < \frac{1}{2}$, $i = 1, 2$

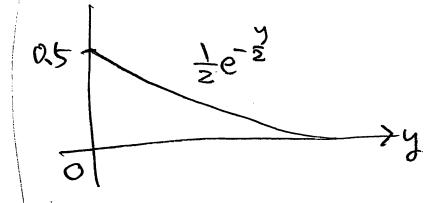
$$M_{\Upsilon}(t) = M_{\chi_{1}^{2}}(t) \cdot M_{\chi_{2}^{2}}(t)$$

$$= (1-2t)^{-1}, t < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cdot \Upsilon \sim \chi^{2}(2)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\frac{x}{\lambda})2^{\frac{x}{\lambda}}} x^{\frac{x}{\lambda}-1} e^{\frac{x}{\lambda}} \quad \text{ocan}$$

$$g(y) = \frac{1}{2} \exp(-\frac{y}{2})$$
oraco



を対象を含める

雅X,Xz~N(yi,Ji)

理2

T= k1X1+b2 X2

~ N (k'h'+ prhs / k'21+ pr25)

運3

人と人とは多見てることと

= p1 \(X1) + p2 \(X5)

=
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-p}^{\infty} (k_1 x_1 + k_2 x_2) f(x_1, x_2) dx_1 dx_2$$

$$= \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} x_{1} \\ -\infty \end{array} \right\} \right\} - \left\{ \left\{ \left\{ x_{1}, x_{2} \right\} \right\} \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ x_{2}, x_{3} \right\} \right\} - \left\{ \left\{ x_{1}, x_{2} \right\} \right\} \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ x_{2}, x_{3} \right\} \right\} - \left\{ \left\{ x_{3}, x_{4} \right\} \right\} + \left\{ \left\{ x_{4}, x_{4} \right\} \right\} +$$

E(k, X, +... +kn Xn)

= k, E(X,)+k, E(X)+..+k, E(X)

= 38p (Mt+ 20-42) T=4,X1+4,X2 Mx(+) = E 1 etx 6 ~ N (R, M, +k2 p2) 2, 0, + k2 02) My(T)= Efexp (+ (b,X1+b,X2))} = E [op (th, X) · op (th, X) } = exp{(k, m, +k, p) t + \frac{1}{2} (k, \sign_1 + k, \sign_2) t > \frac{1}{2} (k, \sign_1 + k, \sign_2) t > \frac{1}{2} \frac{

(2) 分散

$$V(k_{1}X_{1}+k_{2}X_{2}) = \frac{1}{E} \left[(k_{1}X_{1}+k_{2}X_{2}) - E(k_{1}X_{1}+k_{2}X_{2}) \right]^{2}$$

$$= E \left\{ \left[k_{1}(X_{1}-\mu_{1}) + k_{2}(X_{2}-\mu_{2}) \right]^{2} \right\}$$

$$= k_{1}^{2} E \left\{ (X_{1}-\mu_{1})^{2} \right\} + k_{2}^{2} E \left\{ (X_{2}-\mu_{2})^{2} \right\}$$

$$+ 2k_{1}k_{2} E \left\{ (X_{1}-\mu_{1})(X_{2}-\mu_{2})^{2} \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} (k_{1}-\mu_{1})(X_{2}-\mu_{2})^{2}$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{n} \sum_{j=$$

· \(\(\k'\X'+\p^s\X^s\) = \(\k^s\(\X') + \k^s\(\X^s\)

$$M_{X_{\bar{i}}}(t) = E\{e^{tX_{\bar{i}}}\} = (1-2t)^{-\frac{X_{\bar{i}}}{2}}$$
 $t < \frac{1}{2}$

$$M_{\Upsilon}(x) = M_{\chi_1}(x) \cdot M_{\chi_2}(x) \cdot \cdots M_{\chi_n}(x) = 0$$

$$M_{\Upsilon}(x) = (1 - 2x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} v_i$$

$$M_{\Upsilon}(x) = (1 - 2x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n} v_i$$

1314 XICX21339t

 $X_1 \sim 1951-92の指数係$ $<math>X_2 \sim \chi^2(4)$ $Y = 4\chi_1 - \chi_2 の時$

$$E(x_1) = \frac{1}{2}$$
 $E(x_2) = 4$ $V(x_2) = 8$

 $E(4X_1 - X_2) = 4E(X_1) - E(X_2) = -2$ $V(4X_1 - X_2) = 4^2V(X_1) + V(X_2) = 12$

確認的なる。神ののでは、一個学院を実践

X, と X と 1ま 互いに独立 f(xi)、f(xi)か寝度子。 Y=X,+ X 2、 2の客度f・8日)

$$g(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{2}(y-x_{1}) \cdot f_{1}(x_{1}) dx_{1}$$
$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{1}(y-x_{2}) \cdot f_{2}(x_{2}) dx_{2}$$

SEPA

F(X), F(X), G(Y) Ed3

$$= \iint_{X_1+X_2} f(x_1, x_2) dx_1 dx_2$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_1(x_1) \iint_{-\infty}^{y-x_1} f_2(x_2) dx_2 dx_1$$

$$=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}f(x,)F(y-x_1)dx_1$$

$$g(y) = G(y)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_1(x_1) f_2(y-x_1) dx_1$$

$$= \int_{a}^{b} f_{2}(x) f_{2}(y - x_{1}) dx^{2}$$

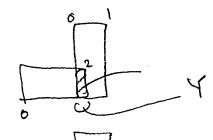
$$= \int_{a}^{b} f_{3}(x) f_{2}(y - x_{1}) dx^{2}$$

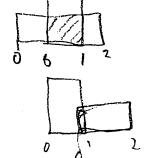
$$= \int_{a}^{b} f_{3}(x) f_{2}(y - x_{1}) dx^{2}$$

回りX,Xz 国独立 へ入の指数部

 $xraxef \ \lambda e^{-\lambda x_i}$ $g(y) = \int_0^y \lambda e^{-\lambda (y-x_i)} \lambda e^{-\lambda x_i} dx_i$ $= \int_0^y \lambda^2 e^{-\lambda y} dx_i$ $= \int_0^y \lambda^2 e^{-\lambda y} dx_i$

千(年)千2(4-21) X1+1/2=4





何后
独立
$$X_1, X_2$$

 $X_1 \sim f_1(X_1) = 1$, $0 < x_1 < 1$
 $X_2 \sim f_2(x_2) = \frac{1}{2}$, $0 < x_2 < 2$

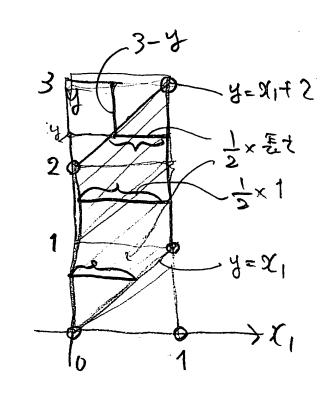
$$g(y) = \int_{\infty}^{\infty} f(y-x_{1}) f(x_{1}) dx_{1}$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} [0 < y - x_{1} < 2] \quad 1 \quad [0 < x_{1} < 1]$$

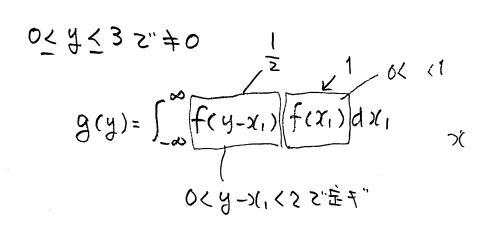
$$= (x_{1} < y < x_{1} + 2)$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} dx_{1} = \frac{1}{2} \quad 0 < \frac{1}{2} < \frac{1}{2}$$

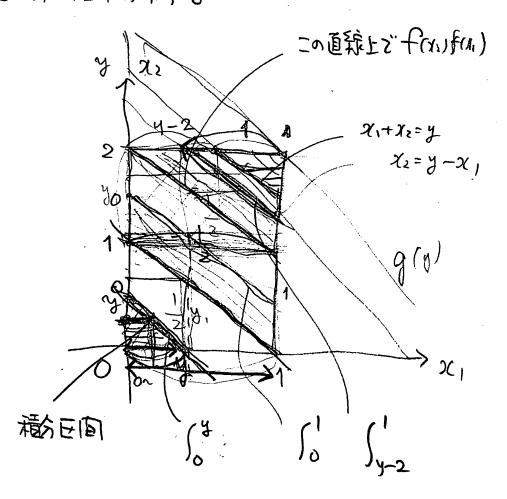
$$= \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{2} dx_{1} = \frac{1}{2} (8-3) \quad 2 \le \frac{1}{2} < \frac{1}{2}$$



1316 独立 X_1, X_2 $X_1 \sim f_1(X_1) = 1$ oc $X_1 < 1$ $X_2 \sim f_2(x_2) = \frac{1}{2}$ oc $x_2 < 2$



 $f(y-x_1)$ $o(y-x_1/2z)$ 定款 $x_1/y/2+x_1$ $0<x_1<1$ 0<y/3



定養3.

国地 X,, Xn 同じ今命に従う (random sample)

大型 密度 f f(xi) 大型 密度 f f(xi) 大い、Xmの lang 密度 f(xi, xm)

定義4、無作為標本X、Xn TEITO 肉数 T= p(Xi, , , Xm) E 統計量 (statustic)

例2年 $X = \frac{1}{n}(X_1 + \dots + X_n)$ 標本平均 sample wear $S^2 = \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}(X_i - \overline{X})^2$ 標本分析分

無作為標本

定理6 Xi~N(µ,o2) i=1:n 無作為標本 ct3

標本平均

$$X= \frac{1}{n}(X_1 + \dots + X_n)$$

 $\sim N(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n})$

平均は同じと 分散はからなる

$$E(\Sigma_{k}X_{i}) = \sum_{k} b_{i}E(X_{i}) \longrightarrow b_{i} = \frac{1}{N} E(\Sigma_{k}^{\dagger}X_{i}) = \frac{1}{N^{2}}\Sigma_{0} = \frac{1}{N^{2}}$$

$$V(\Sigma_{k}X_{i}) = \sum_{k} b_{i}V(X_{i})$$

$$V(\Sigma_{k}X_{i}) = \sum_{k} b_{i}V(X_{i})$$

$$V(\Sigma_{k}X_{i}) = \frac{1}{N^{2}}\Sigma_{0} = \frac{1}{N^{2}}$$

XEVE

TX1, Xn13 N(M, 03) 550

大きされの無作為標本はす

 $X_5 = \frac{45}{15} E(X^2 - M)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 12

自由度への公分布に行う

Xi~ N(M,02) → (Xi-M)~ N(D,1) $\Rightarrow (X_1-M)^2 \sim X_1(1)$

メルへ メデー)の時

Y= SXi は 自由電 EVia X分子に従う

 $\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x_{i}-h}{\sigma}\right)\sim \frac{x^{2}}{4}$