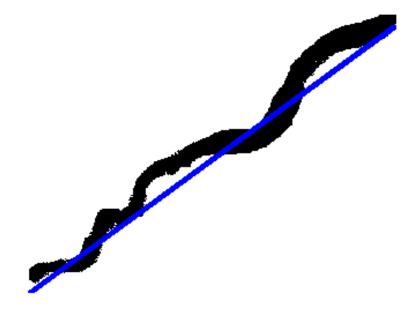
Table of Contents

1 Descripción de bordes

```
clear all; close all;
I = imread('Tema06a.bmp', 'bmp');
R = I (:,:,1);
[M,N] = size(R);
for i=1:M
    for j=1:N
        if (R(i,j) == 0)
                y(i,1) = 1;
                y(i,2) = j;
                b(i) = i;
        end
    end
end
a = pinv(y) * b';
x1 = 0;
x2 = N;
y1 = a(1) + a(2) * x1;
y2 = a(1) + a(2) * x2;
figure(); imshow(R); line([x1, x2], [y1, y2], 'LineWidth', 4);
% Se observa como el programa ajusta la línea curva de la imagen a la mejor
% recta que ha encontrado
```



1B)

```
clear all; close all;

X = imread('lineas1.bmp','bmp');
detectar_lineas(X);

X = imread('lineas2.bmp','bmp');
detectar_lineas(X);

X = imread('lineas3.bmp','bmp');
detectar_lineas(X);

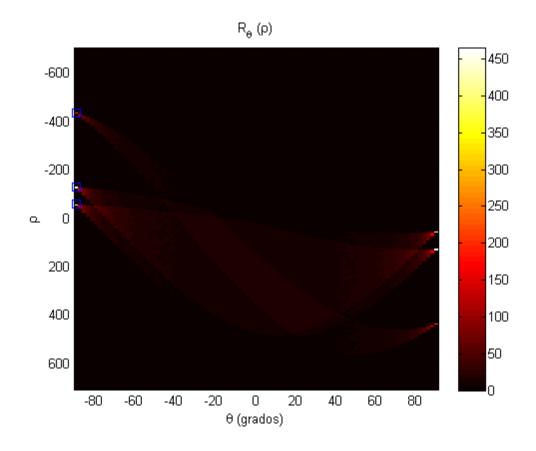
X = imread('lineas4.bmp','bmp');
detectar_lineas(X);

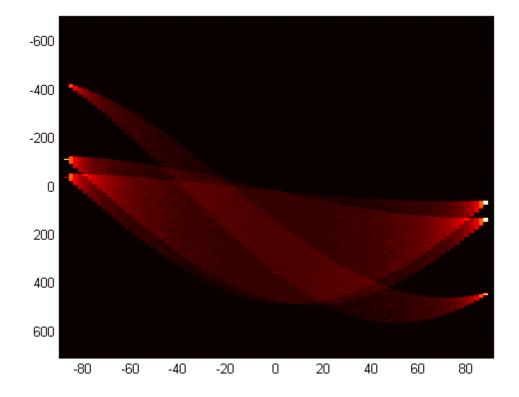
X = imread('Tema06b.bmp','bmp');
detectar_lineas(X);

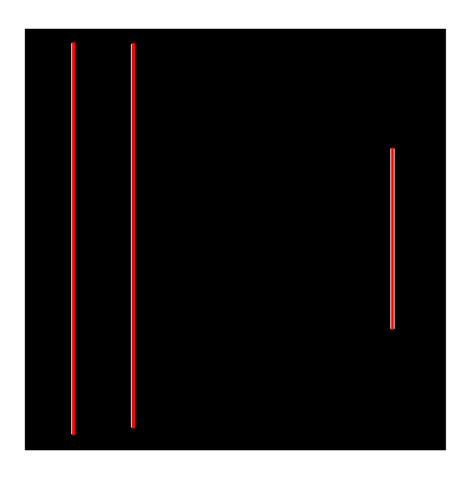
X = imread('Tema06b.bmp','bmp');
detectar_lineas(X);

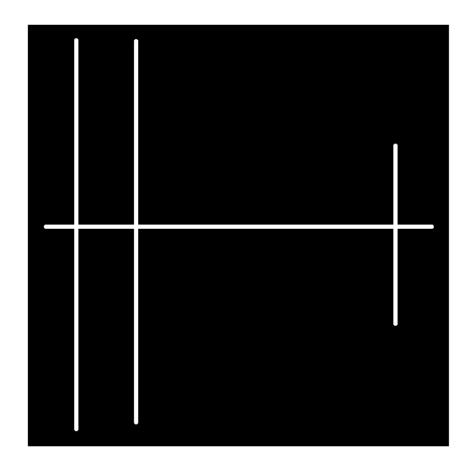
% Se observa que los cuadrados azules caracterizan a las rectas: la
% posición en el eje y (ro) está relacionado por la posición de la recta;
% mientras que el valor del eje x determina el ángulo de la misma.
```

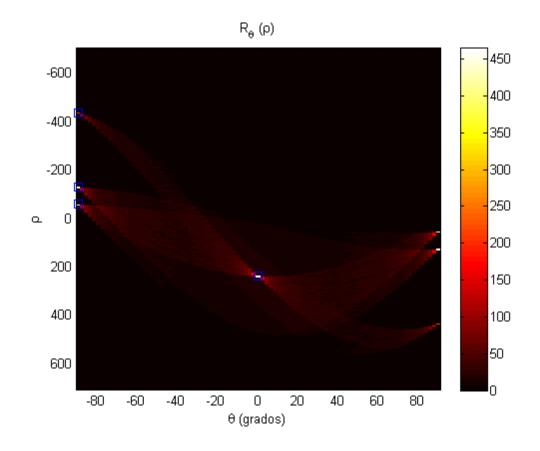


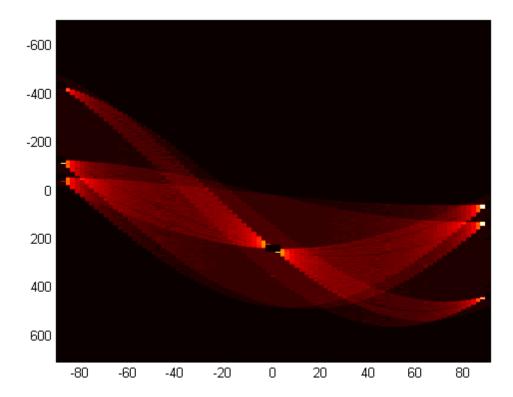


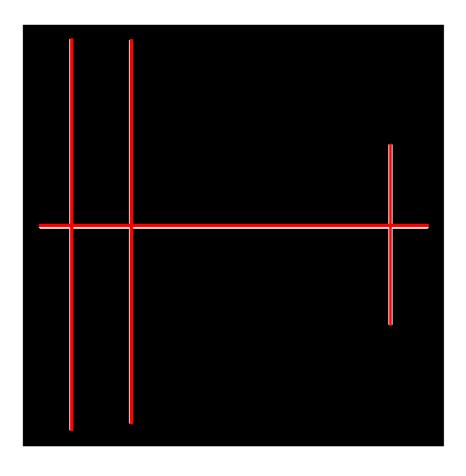


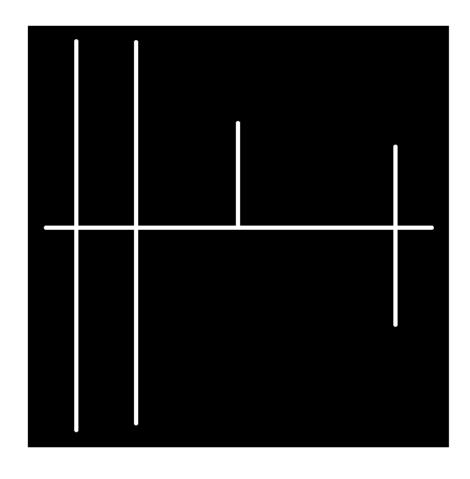


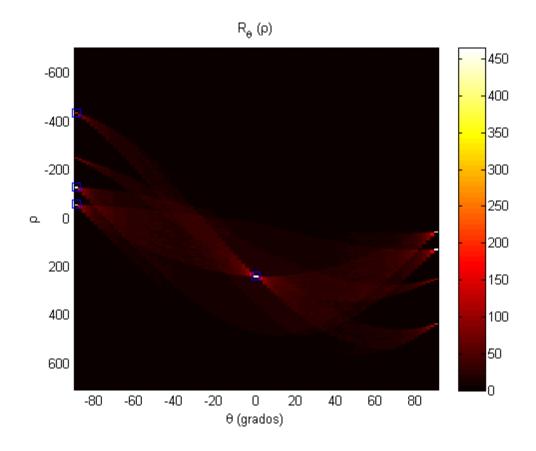


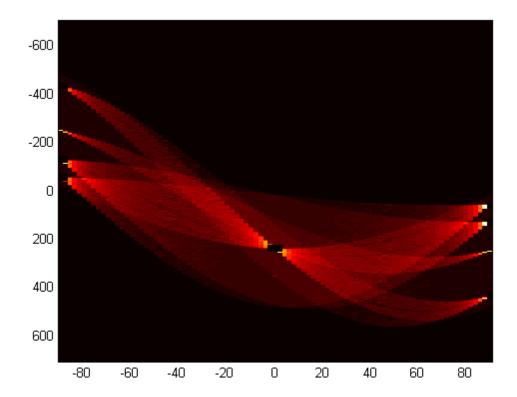


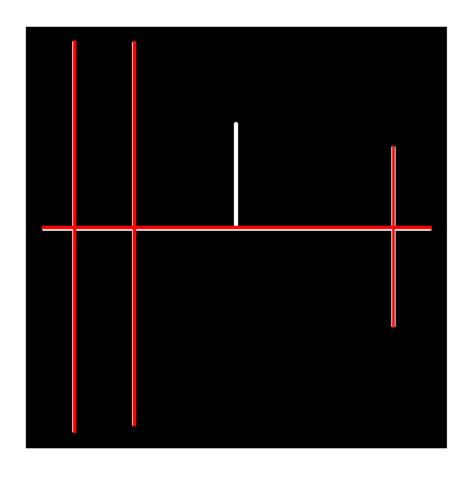


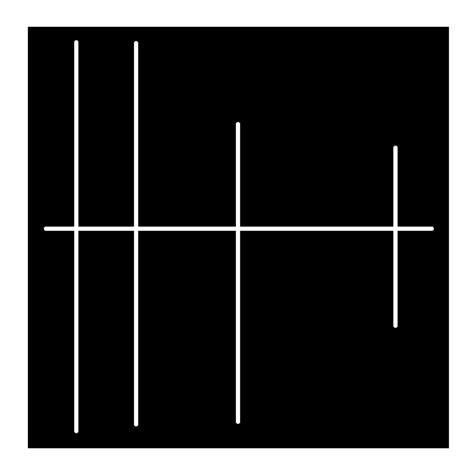


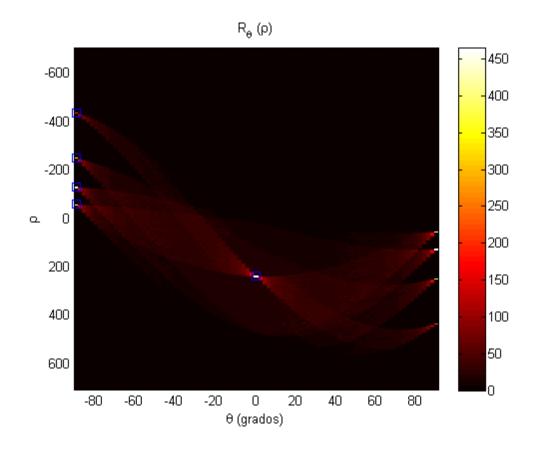


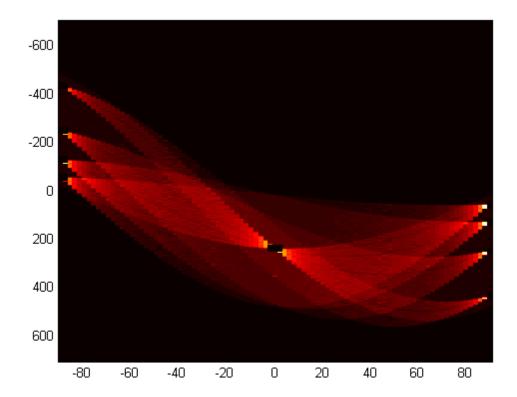


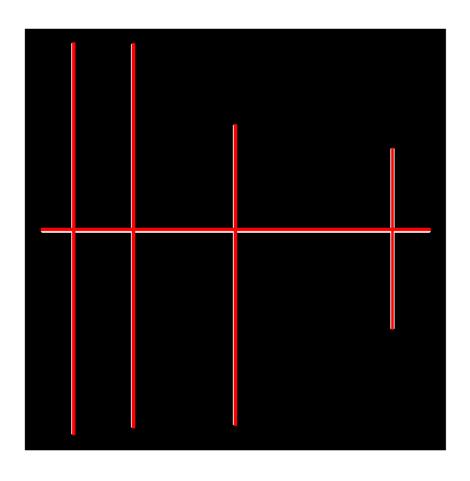


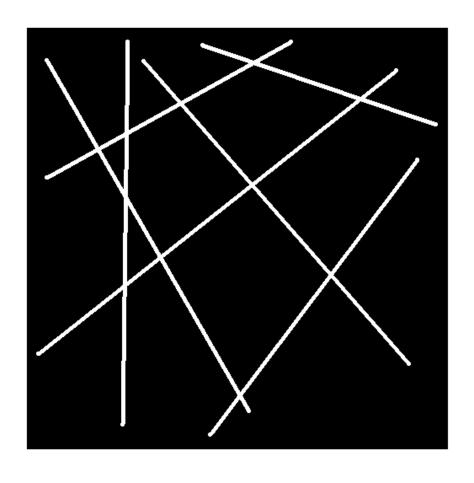


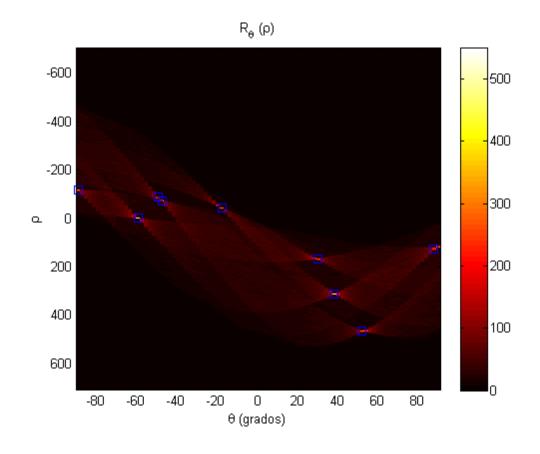


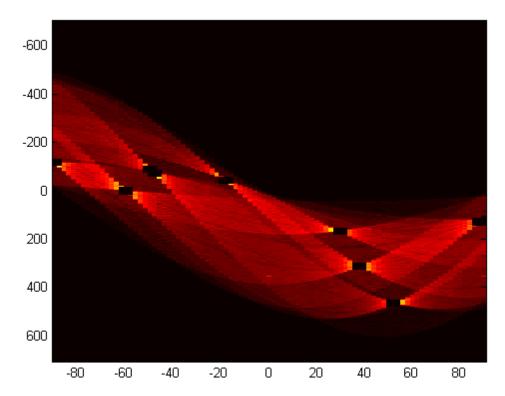


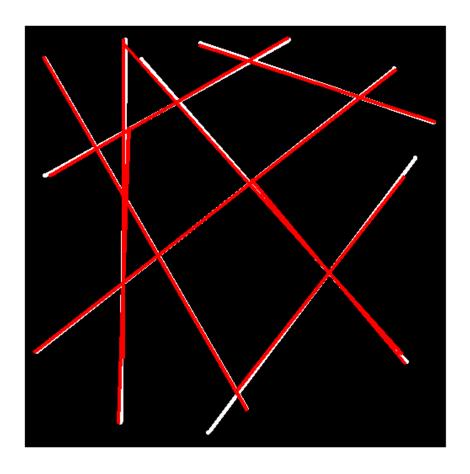












2 Descripción de regiones

```
clear all; close all;
% 2A)

I = imread('Tema06c.bmp', 'bmp');
IR = I(:,:,1);

figure; imshow(IR); impixelinfo; title('Original');
% Binarizar
T = graythresh(IR);
A = IR < 255*T;
% N = número de etiquetas y valor de las Etiquetas de la imagen izquierda
[Etiquetas, N]=bwlabel(A,8);
figure; imshow(Etiquetas); impixelinfo; title('Etiquetas')

figure; imagesc(Etiquetas); colorbar</pre>
```

```
Prop = regionprops(Etiquetas, 'all');
for i=1:1:N
disp(Prop(i));
end
% Se observa que el programa clasifica cada elemento con una etiqueta
% distinta, y que aporta una serie de propiedades para cada uno de ellos
% que lo definen.
                       Area: 11984
                   Centroid: [73.5000 88]
                BoundingBox: [17.5000 34.5000 112 107]
                SubarrayIdx: {[1x107 double] [1x112 double]}
            MajorAxisLength: 129.3265
            MinorAxisLength: 123.5530
               Eccentricity: 0.2955
                Orientation: 0
                 ConvexHull: [439x2 double]
                ConvexImage: [107x112 logical]
                 ConvexArea: 11984
                      Image: [107x112 logical]
                FilledImage: [107x112 logical]
                 FilledArea: 11984
                EulerNumber: 1
                    Extrema: [8x2 double]
              EquivDiameter: 123.5253
                   Solidity: 1
                     Extent: 1
               PixelIdxList: [11984x1 double]
                  PixelList: [11984x2 double]
                  Perimeter: 424.9560
               PerimeterOld: 434
                       Area: 11917
                   Centroid: [129.1895 351.2594]
                BoundingBox: [65.5000 253.5000 132 214]
                SubarrayIdx: {[1x214 double] [1x132 double]}
            MajorAxisLength: 183.8766
            MinorAxisLength: 99.7329
               Eccentricity: 0.8401
                Orientation: -73.4614
                 ConvexHull: [48x2 double]
                ConvexImage: [214x132 logical]
                 ConvexArea: 12154
                      Image: [214x132 logical]
                FilledImage: [214x132 logical]
                 FilledArea: 11917
                EulerNumber: 1
                    Extrema: [8x2 double]
              EquivDiameter: 123.1795
                   Solidity: 0.9805
                     Extent: 0.4219
               PixelIdxList: [11917x1 double]
```

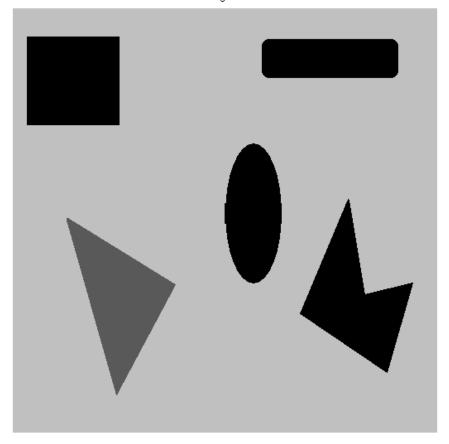
```
PixelList: [11917x2 double]
      Perimeter: 525.9510
   PerimeterOld: 564.3991
           Area: 8980
       Centroid: [290.5000 248]
    BoundingBox: [256.5000 163.5000 68 169]
    SubarrayIdx: {[1x169 double] [1x68 double]}
MajorAxisLength: 168.4657
MinorAxisLength: 67.8815
   Eccentricity: 0.9152
    Orientation: 90
     ConvexHull: [147x2 double]
    ConvexImage: [169x68 logical]
     ConvexArea: 9096
          Image: [169x68 logical]
    FilledImage: [169x68 logical]
     FilledArea: 8980
    EulerNumber: 1
        Extrema: [8x2 double]
  EquivDiameter: 106.9284
       Solidity: 0.9872
         Extent: 0.7814
   PixelIdxList: [8980x1 double]
      PixelList: [8980x2 double]
      Perimeter: 386.2080
   PerimeterOld: 406.7351
           Area: 7687
       Centroid: [383 61]
    BoundingBox: [300.5000 37.5000 165 47]
    SubarrayIdx: {[1x47 double] [1x165 double]}
MajorAxisLength: 188.9521
MinorAxisLength: 53.9023
   Eccentricity: 0.9584
    Orientation: 0
     ConvexHull: [409x2 double]
    ConvexImage: [47x165 logical]
     ConvexArea: 7691
          Image: [47x165 logical]
    FilledImage: [47x165 logical]
     FilledArea: 7687
    EulerNumber: 1
        Extrema: [8x2 double]
  EquivDiameter: 98.9313
       Solidity: 0.9995
         Extent: 0.9912
   PixelIdxList: [7687x1 double]
      PixelList: [7687x2 double]
      Perimeter: 398.3360
   PerimeterOld: 408.2843
           Area: 11907
       Centroid: [413.1093 353.0242]
```

BoundingBox: [346.5000 230.5000 137 210] SubarrayIdx: {[1x210 double] [1x137 double]} MajorAxisLength: 175.7513 MinorAxisLength: 107.5150 Eccentricity: 0.7911 Orientation: -66.2823 ConvexHull: [37x2 double] ConvexImage: [210x137 logical] ConvexArea: 15468 Image: [210x137 logical] FilledImage: [210x137 logical] FilledArea: 11907 EulerNumber: 1 Extrema: [8x2 double] EquivDiameter: 123.1278 Solidity: 0.7698 Extent: 0.4139 PixelIdxList: [11907x1 double] PixelList: [11907x2 double]

Perimeter: 566.5810

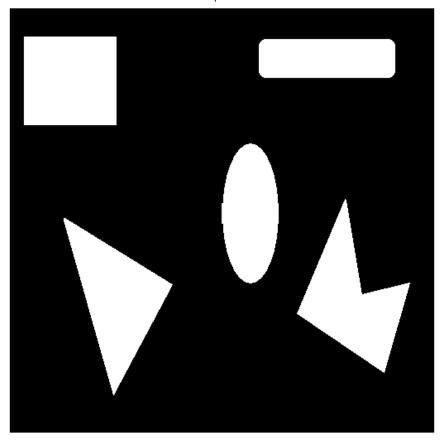
PerimeterOld: 603.7716

Original

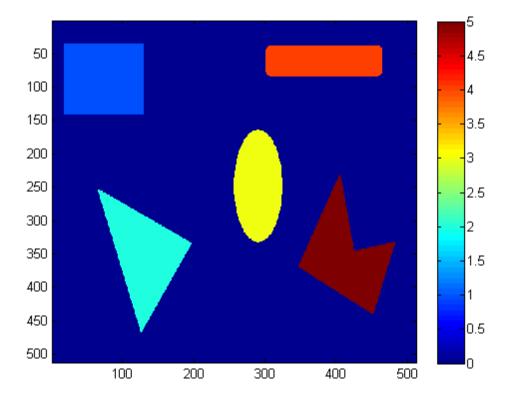


Pixel info: (X, Y) Pixel Value

Etiquetas



Pixel info: (X, Y) Pixel Value

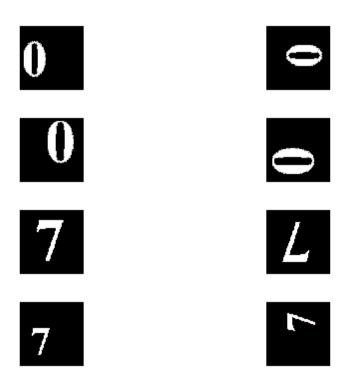


2B)

```
close all; clear all;
% primer 0
F0a = imread('Cero_a.bmp','bmp');
phi = invmoments(F0a);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi primer cero ='); disp(phi);
% segundo 0
F0b = imread('Cero_b.bmp','bmp');
phi = invmoments(F0b);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi segundo cero ='); disp(phi);
% tercer 0
F0c = imread('Cero_c.bmp','bmp');
phi = invmoments(F0c);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi tercer cero ='); disp(phi);
```

```
% cuarto 0
F0d = imread('Cero d.bmp', 'bmp');
phi = invmoments(F0d);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi cuarto cero ='); disp(phi);
% primer 7
F7a = imread('Siete_a.bmp','bmp');
phi = invmoments(F7a);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi primer siete ='); disp(phi);
% segundo 7
F7b = imread('Siete_b.bmp','bmp');
phi = invmoments(F7b);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi segundo siete ='); disp(phi);
% tercer 7
F7c = imread('Siete c.bmp', 'bmp');
phi = invmoments(F7c);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi tercer siete ='); disp(phi);
% cuarto 7
F7d = imread('Siete_d.bmp','bmp');
phi = invmoments(F7d);
%escalado
phi = abs(log10(abs(phi)));
disp('phi cuarto siete ='); disp(phi);
subplot(4,2,1); imshow(F0a)
subplot(4,2,2); imshow(F0b)
subplot(4,2,3); imshow(F0c)
subplot(4,2,4); imshow(F0d)
subplot(4,2,5); imshow(F7a)
subplot(4,2,6); imshow(F7b)
subplot(4,2,7); imshow(F7c)
subplot(4,2,8); imshow(F7d)
% Se observa que, para el mismo número, los valores de los invariantes de
% Hu varían levemente de una imagen a otra; siendo más distantes para
% números difrentes.
% Dentro del mismo número, rotar la imagen no provoca prácticamente ningún
% cambio (parejas 1y2,3y4 de cada número), mientras que al cambiar el
% tamaño (1y3) si se observan leves cambios.
        phi primer cero =
            2.0711
                      4.1944
                               16.7621
                                         15.6232
                                                    32.0455
                                                              17.8112
                                                                        31.9086
```

phi	segundo cero =						
	2.0711	4.1681	16.7621	15.6232	32.0455	17.7981	31.9086
nhi	tercer ce	ro =					
PIII			15.4465	15.4074	30.9923	17.6691	30.9777
. ,							
phi	cuarto ce						
	2.2073	4.4530	15.4465	15.4074	30.9923	17.6513	30.9777
phi	primer siete =						
P	1.9568		9.5698	10.0122	19.8322	12.0364	20.2554
phi segundo siete =							
	1.9568	4.0008	9.5698	10.0122	19.8322	12.0364	20.2554
nhi	tercer siete =						
PIII	1.6334		8 9667	9.1309	19.4303	10.9474	18 1804
	1.0001	2.2307	0.2007	2.2302			20,1001
phi	cuarto siete =						
_			8.6905	8.8252	17.5844	10.4664	18.6870



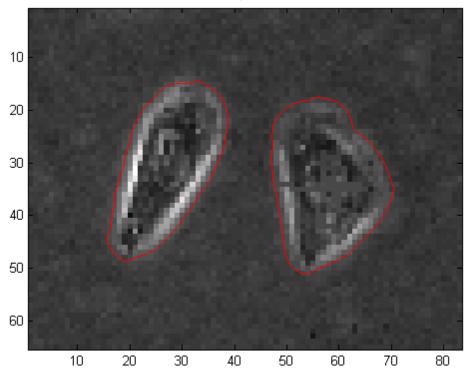
3 Opcionales

clear all; close all;

Demo1

% Se observa como, partiendo de un rectángulo rojo que no delimita nada, se % va cerrando en torno a las células, hasta un momento que se forman dos % zonas y no sólo una, cada una cerrándose poco a poco en torno a cada una % de las células



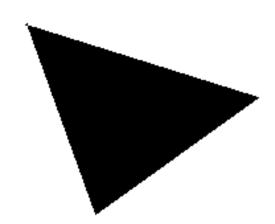


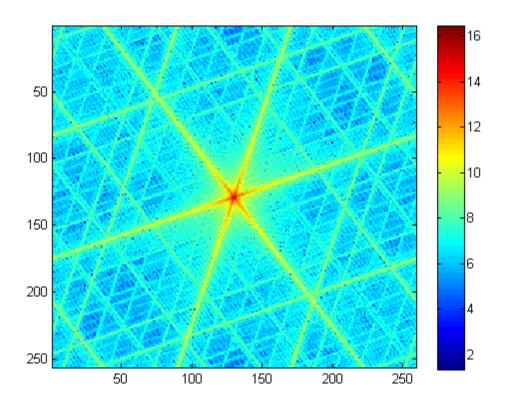
3B)

```
clear all; close all;
% lectura de las imágenes
%I1 = imread('Figura-09-15a.jpg','jpg');
%I2 = imread('Figura-09-16a.jpg','jpg');

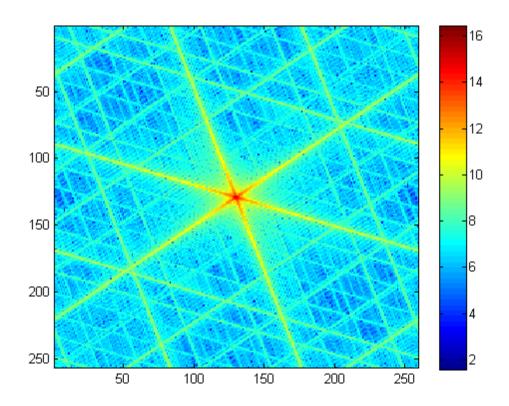
I1 = imread('Tema06d1.bmp','bmp');
I2 = imread('Tema06d2.bmp','bmp');
I3 = imread('Tema06d3.bmp','bmp');
Ia1 = double(I1);
Ia2 = double(I2);
Ia3 = double(I3);
X1 = log(abs(fftshift(fft2(Ia1(:,:,1))));
```

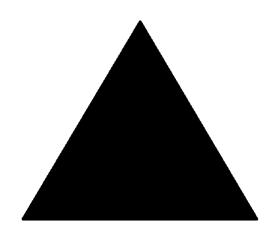
```
X2 = log(abs(fftshift(fft2(Ia2(:,:,1)))));
X3 = log(abs(fftshift(fft2(Ia3(:,:,1)))));
figure; imshow(I1);
figure; imagesc(X1); colorbar;
figure; imshow(I2);
figure; imagesc(X2); colorbar;
figure; imshow(I3);
figure; imagesc(X3); colorbar;
% Se observan unas líneas perpendiculares a los lados de la figura.
% La se qunda imagen al estar girada hace que rote también el espectro de
% frecuencias en el mismo angulo que la figura.
% En la imagen adicional, la del triángulo con la base de abajo a 0°, se
% observa en la transformada que no aparece ninguna paralela a la línea
% vertical: esto se debe a que la base de ese triángulo, al ser una línea
% horizontal, no contiene los "dientes de sierra", que hace aparecer un
% montón de líneas producidas por los píexeles de los dientes de sierra de
% los otros bordes.
```

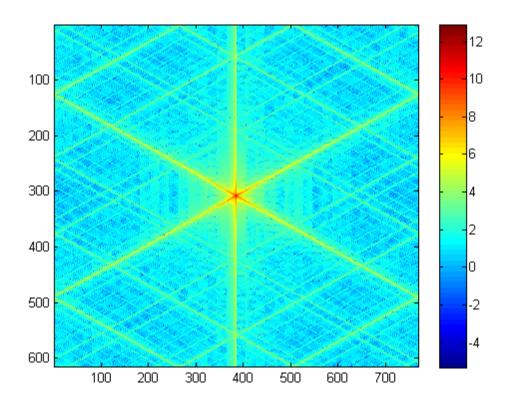












Published with MATLAB® R2014a