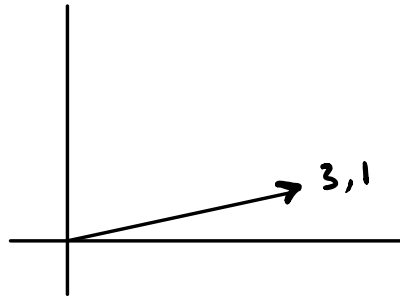


Vectors

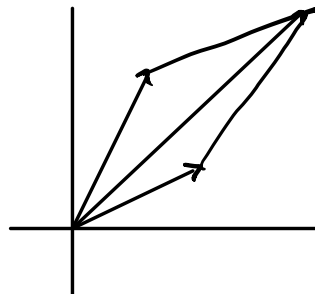
length of vector $\|v\| = \sqrt{v_0^2 + v_1^2 + \dots + v_{n-1}^2}$
euclidean norm.

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \sqrt{3^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{10}$$



Addition

$$v + u = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$



Law of parallelogram

Scalar product

$$kv = \begin{bmatrix} kv_0 \\ kv_1 \\ \vdots \\ kv_{n-1} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{eg} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, k=2$$

$$A = a_{ij} \quad i = \text{row} \quad j = \text{column}$$

eg

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -9 & -1 \\ 4 & 2 & -3 \\ 7 & 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} a_{12} = -9 \\ a_{22} = 2 \\ \text{row} \quad \text{column} \end{matrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrix addition

Add each corresponding dimension. Same $m \times n$.

Translation

When you add matrices, you are translating.

Multiplication

$$m \times \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \times n$$

of columns of A Same # of rows of B

dot product.

row 0 x column 0

row 1 x column 1

$$a_{10}b_{01} + a_{11}b_{11} + a_{12}b_{21} \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{cc} 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{array}$$

$$8-3$$

Transformations

• Identity matrix

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n = \text{Square matrix}$

$\leftarrow 2 \times 2$

eg

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \times B \neq B \times A$$

Determinant

For a 2×2 matrix $A =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A) = |A| = ad - bc$$

