

Functional:

$$\begin{aligned}
\min_{p, \theta, \lambda_1, \lambda_2} \mathcal{L} = & k_0 \int_x p(x, t_0) \ln \frac{p(x, t_0)}{p_0(x)} dx + k_1 \int_x p(x, t_1) \ln \frac{p(x, t_1)}{p_1(x)} dx + \\
& + \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \int_x \lambda_1(x, t) \left[\frac{\partial p(x, t)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [f(x, \theta) \cdot p(x, t)] \right] dx dt + \\
& + \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \lambda_2(t) \left[\int_x p(x, t) dx - 1 \right] dt + \lambda_3(\dot{x} - f(x, \theta))
\end{aligned}$$

Final system:

1. variation by p :

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta p(X_{max}, t) : \lambda_1(X_{max}, t) &= 0 \\
\delta p(X_{min}, t) : \lambda_1(X_{min}, t) &= 0 \\
\frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial t} + \lambda_1 f + \lambda_2 = 0 &\Leftrightarrow \delta p \left[-\frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial X} f(X, \theta) + \lambda_2 \right] = 0 \\
\delta p(X, t_0) \left[k_0 \left(1 + \ln p - \ln(\hat{p}_0(X)) \right) - \lambda_1(X, t_0) \right] &= 0 \\
\delta p(X, t_1) \left[k_1 \left(1 + \ln p - \ln(\hat{p}_1(X)) \right) - \lambda_2(X, t_1) \right] &= 0
\end{aligned}$$

2. variation by λ_1 :

$$\delta \lambda_1 \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial X} [fp] \right) = 0$$

3. variation by λ_2 :

$$\int_X p(X, t) dX = 1$$

4. variation by λ_3 :

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial t} - f(X, \theta) = 0$$

5. variation by X :

(a) variation of differential equation term

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta X \left(\frac{\partial \lambda_3}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} \right) &= 0 \\
\int_X \int_t \left[\lambda_1 \delta X \left(\frac{2\partial^2 p}{\partial X \partial t} + \frac{\partial p}{\partial X} f + \frac{\partial p}{\partial X} \frac{\partial f}{\partial X} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial X^2} p + \frac{\partial f}{\partial X} \frac{\partial p}{\partial X} \right) + \lambda_1' \delta X \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial t} \right) \right] dt dX &= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda_2 \frac{\partial p}{\partial X} = 0$$

$$\delta X(t_0) \lambda_3(t_0) = 0$$

$$\delta X(t_1) \lambda_3(t_1) = 0$$

(b) variation of divergence

$$\delta X_0 k_0 \left(p'_x - \frac{\hat{p}_0' X}{\hat{p}_0} p \right) = 0$$

$$\delta X_1 k_1 \left(p'_x - \frac{\hat{p}_1' X}{\hat{p}_1} p \right) = 0$$

variation by θ :

$$\delta \theta : \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \lambda_2 - \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \lambda_3 + \frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial t} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} - \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial x^2} \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \right)^2 \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} \lambda_1 + \frac{\partial \lambda_1}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} p = 0$$

$$\delta \theta(t_0) : -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \lambda_1 - \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \lambda_3 + k_0 \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \left(1 - \frac{p}{\hat{p}_0} + \ln \frac{p}{\hat{p}_0} \right) \Big|_{t_0} = 0$$

$$\delta \theta(t_1) : \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \lambda_1 + \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \lambda_3 + k_1 \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \left(1 - \frac{p}{\hat{p}_1} + \ln \frac{p}{\hat{p}_1} \right) \Big|_{t_1} = 0$$