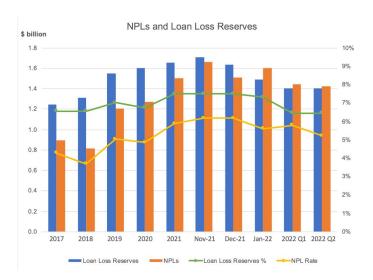
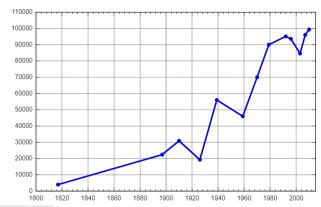
Introduction to Data Visualization

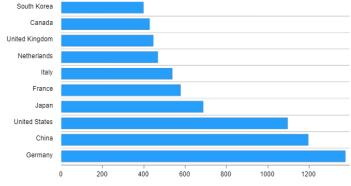
Data Visualization Basics

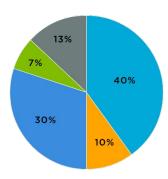
- Helps to understand data easily
- Common types: Bar, Line, Pie charts
- Visualize trends, comparisons, and proportions



Bar, Line, Pie (-Charts)

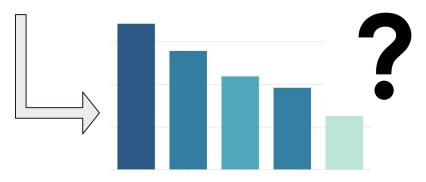






Example

Month	Sales (\$)
January	500
February	700
March	600
April	800
May	750



Data Visualization Basics

- 1. Enter the data in Excel
- 2. Select the data range
- 3. Go to the Insert tab
- 4. Choose a chart type: Bar, Line, or Pie chart.

Right click on Chart Element → Customize Appearance

Task

Your individual **Screen-Time** as Bar-Chart per Weekday (in h)

Make it as green as possible

Part 2: Data Visualization in PYTHON

Basics

- Why Python for Data Visualization?
 - Easy to use and popular for data science.
 - Many powerful libraries like Matplotlib or Seaborn.
 - Perfect for creating quick and interactive charts.

→ VERY customizable





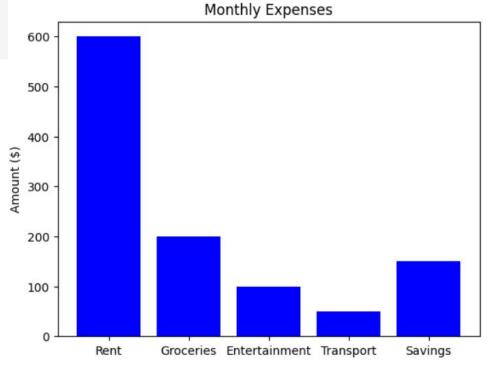
Setup

First, run: pip install matplotlib

```
Import
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Example data
months = ['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May']
                                                           Data
sales = [500, 700, 600, 800, 750]
# Create a simple line plot
plt.plot(months, sales)
                                                 Labels
plt.title("Monthly Sales")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("Sales ($)")
                                                 Show actual plot
plt.show()
```

```
categories = ['Rent', 'Groceries', 'Entertainment', 'Transport', 'Savings']
expenses = [600, 200, 100, 50, 150]

# Create a bar chart
plt.bar(categories, expenses, color='blue')
plt.title("Monthly Expenses")
plt.ylabel("Amount ($)")
plt.show()
Monthly
```

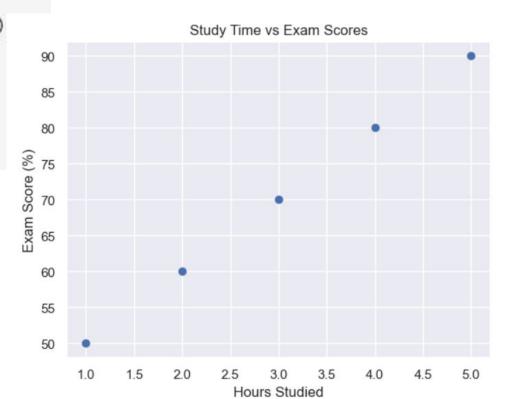


```
hours_studied = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
exam_scores = [50, 60, 70, 80, 90]
```

Scatter plot

plt.show()

plt.scatter(hours_studied, exam_scores)
plt.title("Study Time vs Exam Scores")
plt.xlabel("Hours Studied")
plt.ylabel("Exam Score (%)")



Homework

Task 1:

- Plot a line chart for the temperature data. Add a title, labels for both axes, and a grid.
- This is the data:

```
days = ['Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
temperatures = [20, 22, 19, 24, 25, 23, 21]
```

Homework

Task 2:

- Plot a bar chart for your screen Time (in h) for each day of the week
- Please use your own data or come up with one
- It could look like this (just an example):

```
days = ['Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat', 'Sun']
Screen time = [1, 3, 2, 3, 1, 2, 2]
```