## Университет ИТМО Факультет программной инженерии и компьютерной техники

# Низкоуровневое программирование

Лабораторная работа №8

Выполнила: Машина Е.А.

Группа Р33113

Преподаватель: Логинов И.П.

### Задание

In this assignment, we will create a program to perform a sepia filter on an image. A sepia filter makes an image with vivid colors look like an old, aged photograph. Most graphical editors include a sepia filter.

#### Код

main.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "picture.h"
#include "sepia.h"
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <sys/resource.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void write ans(char* filename, image t* img) {
    switch (write bmp(filename, img)) {
        case WRITE IMAGE NOT FOUND: {
            printf("Изображение для записи не найдено.\n");
        case WRITE FILENAME NOT FOUND: {
            printf("A тут как-то неправильно передается filename.\n");
            break;
        }
        case WRITE ERROR: {
            printf("Незнаю, как такое получилось, но тут ошибка при открытии
файла.\n");
            break;
        }
        case WRITE OK: {
            printf("Я записаль в %s :3\n", filename);
            break;
        }
        default: {
            printf("Совсем что-то не так пошло.\n");
            break;
        }
    }
}
int main() {
    image_t image c;
    switch (read_bmp("s.bmp", &image_c)) {
        case READ FILENAME NOT FOUND :{
           printf("He найден файл.\n");
            return 1;
        case READ INVALID BITS: {
            printf("Проблемы с данными.\n");
            return 1;
        case READ INVALID HEADER: {
            printf("Проблемы с заголовком.\n");
            return 1;
        case READ OK:{
            printf("Изображение получено.\n");
            break;
```

```
default: {
           printf("Вообще что-то не так.\n");
            return 1;
        }
    }
    image t image asm;
    read bmp("s.bmp", &image asm);
    struct rusage r;
    struct timeval start;
    struct timeval end;
    getrusage(RUSAGE SELF, &r);
    start = r.ru utime;
   sepia c inplace(&image c);
   getrusage(RUSAGE SELF, &r);
    end = r.ru utime;
   long res = ((end.tv sec - start.tv sec) * 1000000L) + end.tv usec -
start.tv_usec;
   printf( "Время выполнения sepia (c): %ld\n", res);
   printf( "end.tv sec: %ld\n", end.tv sec);
   printf( "start.tv sec: %ld\n", start.tv sec);
   printf( "end.tv usec: %ld\n", end.tv usec);
   printf( "start.tv usec: %ld\n", start.tv usec);
   write ans("out c.bmp", &image c);
   getrusage(RUSAGE SELF, &r);
   start = r.ru utime;
   sepia sse inplace(&image asm);
   getrusage(RUSAGE SELF, &r);
   end = r.ru utime;
   res = ((end.tv sec - start.tv sec) * 1000000L) + end.tv usec - start.tv usec;
   printf( "Время выполнения sepia (sse): %ld\n", res);
   printf( "end.tv_sec: %ld\n", end.tv_sec);
   printf( "start.tv_sec: %ld\n", start.tv_sec);
   printf( "end.tv_usec: %ld\n", end.tv_usec);
   printf( "start.tv_usec: %ld\n", start.tv_usec);
   write ans("out sse.bmp", &image asm);
   return 0;
}
picture.h
#ifndef LAB5 PICTURE H
#define LAB5 PICTURE H
#include <stdint.h>
typedef struct __attribute__((packed)){
   uint16 t bfType;
   uint32 t bfileSize;
   uint32 t bfReserved;
   uint32 t bOffBits;
   uint32 t biSize;
   uint32_t biWidth;
```

```
uint32 t biHeight;
   uint16 t biPlanes;
   uint16 t biBitCount;
   uint32 t biCompression;
   uint32_t biSizeImage;
   uint32_t biXPelsPerMeter;
   uint32 t biYPelsPerMeter;
   uint32 t biClrUsed;
   uint32_t biClrImportant;
} bmp_header_t;
typedef struct {
   unsigned char b,g,r;
} pixel_t;
typedef struct {
   uint32 t width, height;
   pixel t* data;
} image t;
typedef enum {
   READ OK = 0,
   READ FILE NOT FOUND,
   READ INVALID BITS,
   READ INVALID HEADER,
   READ FILENAME NOT FOUND
} read error code t;
typedef enum {
   WRITE OK = 0,
   WRITE ERROR,
   WRITE IMAGE NOT FOUND,
   WRITE FILENAME NOT FOUND,
} write error code t;
read error code t read bmp(char const* filename, image t* new image);
write_error_code_t write_bmp(char const* filename, image_t const* image);
#endif
picture.c
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "picture.h"
write_error_code_t write_bmp(char const *filename, image t const *image) {
    if (image == NULL) {
       return WRITE IMAGE NOT FOUND;
    if (filename == NULL) {
        return WRITE FILENAME NOT FOUND;
   bmp_header_t *header = (bmp_header_t *) malloc(sizeof(bmp_header_t));
    int padding = image->width % 4;
   uint32_t i, j;
    image t *new image = (image t *) malloc(sizeof(image t));
   new image->width = image->width + padding;
   new image->height = image->height;
   new image->data = (pixel t *) calloc(1, new image->height * new image->width *
sizeof(pixel t));
```

```
for (i = 0; i < new image->height; ++i) {
        for (j = 0; j < new image->width; ++j) {
            if (j < new image->width - padding) {
                *(new_image->data + i * new_image->width + j) = *(image->data + i *
image->width + j);
           }
        }
    }
    FILE *output = fopen(filename, "wb+");
    if (output == NULL) {
        return WRITE ERROR;
    header->bfType = 19778;
   header->bfileSize = new image->width * new image->height * sizeof(pixel t) +
sizeof(header);
   header->bfReserved = 0;
   header->bOffBits = sizeof(bmp header t);
   header->biSize = 40;
   header->biPlanes = 0;
   header->biBitCount = 24;
   header->biCompression = 0;
   header->biSizeImage = new image->width * new image->height * sizeof(pixel t);
   header->biXPelsPerMeter = 2835;
   header->biYPelsPerMeter = 2835;
   header->biClrUsed = 0;
   header->biClrImportant = 0;
   header->biWidth = new image->width - padding;
   header->biHeight = new image->height;
    fwrite(header, 1, sizeof(bmp_header_t), output);
   fwrite(image->data, 1, new image->height * new image->width * sizeof(pixel t),
output);
   fclose (output);
   return WRITE OK;
read_error_code_t read_bmp(char const *filename, image_t *input image) {
    if (filename == NULL) {
        return READ FILENAME NOT FOUND;
    FILE *input = fopen(filename, "rb");
    if (input == NULL) {
        return READ FILE NOT FOUND;
   bmp_header_t header;
    fread(&header, 1, sizeof(header), input);
    if (header.bfType == 0) {
        return READ INVALID HEADER;
    uint8 t *data = (uint8 t *) malloc(header.biSizeImage);
    fseek(input, header.bOffBits, SEEK SET);
    fread(data, 1, header.biSizeImage, input);
    if (data == NULL) {
        return READ INVALID BITS;
    if (input image == NULL) {
        input image = (image t *) malloc(sizeof(image t));
```

```
input image->data = (pixel t *) malloc(header.biHeight * header.biWidth *
sizeof(pixel_t));
    int padding = header.biWidth % 4;
    for (uint32_t i = 0; i < header.biHeight; ++i) {</pre>
        for (uint32_t j = 0; j < header.biWidth; ++j) {</pre>
            *(input image->data + i * header.biWidth + j) = *(pixel_t *) (((uint8_t
*) data) +
sizeof(pixel t) * (i * header.biWidth + j) + padding * i);
    input image->height = header.biHeight;
    input image->width = header.biWidth;
    fclose(input);
    return READ OK;
sepia.h
#ifndef LAB7 SEPIA H
#define LAB7 SEPIA H
#include "picture.h"
void sepia c inplace(image t *img);
void sepia sse inplace(image t *img);
#endif
sepia.c
#include "sepia.h"
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <glob.h>
#include <stdio.h>
static unsigned char sat( uint64_t x) {
    if (x < 256)
        return (unsigned char) x;
    return 255;
}
static void sepia one(pixel t* const pixel ) {
    static const float c[3][3] = {
            { .393f, .769f, .189f },
            { .349f, .686f, .168f },
            { .272f, .543f, .131f } };
   pixel t const old = *pixel;
    pixel->r = sat( (uint64 t) (old.r * c[0][0] + old.g * c[0][1] + old.b *
c[0][2]));
    pixel->g = sat((uint64_t)(old.r * c[1][0] + old.g * c[1][1] + old.b *
   pixel->b = sat( (uint64_t) (old.r * c[2][0] + old.g * c[2][1] + old.b *
c[2][2]));
void sepia c inplace(image t* pic) {
    for (size t i = 0; i < pic->height; i++) {
        for (size t j = 0; j < pic->width; j++) {
            sepia one(pic->data + i*pic->width + j);
    }
```

```
}
void image_sepia_sse(pixel_t* pixel, uint32_t size);
void sepia_sse_inplace(image_t *img) {
    if (img->height * img->width < 4) {</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < img->height * img->width; ++i) {
            sepia one(img->data + i);
        return;
    }
    image sepia sse(img->data, img->height * img->width - (img->height * img-
>width) % 4);
    for (int i = img->height * img->width - (img->height * img->width) % 4; i <</pre>
img->height * img->width; ++i){
       sepia one(img->data + i);
    }
}
image sepia sse.asm
global image sepia sse
section .data
; матрица для rgbr
align 16
c1 rgbr: dd 0.393, 0.349, 0.272, 0.393
align 16
c2_rgbr: dd 0.769, 0.686, 0.543, 0.769
align 16
c3 rgbr: dd 0.189, 0.168, 0.131, 0.189
; матрица для gbrg
align 16
c1 gbrg: dd 0.349, 0.272, 0.393, 0.349
align 16
c2 gbrg: dd 0.686, 0.543, 0.769, 0.686
align 16
c3 gbrg: dd 0.168, 0.131, 0.189, 0.168
; матрица для brgb
align 16
c1 brgb: dd 0.272, 0.393, 0.349, 0.272
align 16
c2 brgb: dd 0.543, 0.769, 0.686, 0.543
c3 brgb: dd 0.131, 0.189, 0.168, 0.131
align 16
shuffle_rgb_to_bgr: db 2, 1, 0, 5, 4, 3, 8, 7, 6, 11, 10, 9, -1, -1, -1
section .text
; rdi = указатель на массив пикселей
; rsi = количество пикселей
%define xmm ch1 xmm0
%define xmm_ch2 xmm1
%define xmm ch3 xmm2
%define xmm c1 rgbr xmm3
```

```
%define xmm c2 rgbr xmm4
%define xmm c3 rgbr xmm5
%define xmm c1 gbrg xmm6
%define xmm_c2_gbrg xmm7
%define xmm c3 gbrg xmm8
%define xmm c1 brgb xmm9
%define xmm c2 brgb xmm10
%define xmm c3 brgb xmm11
%define xmm rgbr xmm12
%define xmm gbrg xmm13
%define xmm brgb xmm14
%define xmm shuffle rgb to bgr xmm15
%define pixel ptr r8
image sepia sse:
  movaps xmm_c1_rgbr, [c1 rgbr]
 movaps xmm_c2_rgbr, [c2_rgbr]
 movaps xmm_c3_rgbr, [c3_rgbr]
 movaps xmm c1 gbrg, [c1 gbrg]
 movaps xmm c2 gbrg, [c2 gbrg]
 movaps xmm c3 gbrg, [c3 gbrg]
 movaps xmm c1 brgb, [c1 brgb]
 movaps xmm c2 brgb, [c2 brgb]
 movaps xmm c3 brgb, [c3 brgb]
  movdqa xmm shuffle rgb to bgr, [shuffle rgb to bgr]
 mov pixel ptr, rdi
  lea rsi, [rsi + 2*rsi]
  add rsi, rdi
image_sepia_sse_loop_4_pixels:
 mov rdx, [pixel ptr]
 movd xmm ch3, edx
  pmovzxbd xmm ch3, xmm ch3
  shufps xmm ch3, xmm ch3, 0b11000000
  cvtdq2ps xmm_ch3, xmm_ch3
  shr rdx, 8
  movd xmm ch2, edx
  pmovzxbd xmm ch2, xmm ch2
  shufps xmm ch2, xmm ch2, 0b11000000
  cvtdq2ps xmm ch2, xmm ch2
  shr rdx, 8
  movd xmm ch1, edx
  pmovzxbd xmm ch1, xmm ch1
  shufps xmm ch1, xmm ch1, 0b11000000
  cvtdq2ps xmm ch1, xmm ch1
  xorps xmm rgbr, xmm rgbr
  vfmadd231ps xmm rgbr, xmm ch1, xmm c1 rgbr
  vfmadd231ps xmm rgbr, xmm ch2, xmm c2 rgbr
```

```
shr rdx, 8
movd xmm_ch3, edx
pmovzxbd xmm ch3, xmm ch3
shufps xmm ch3, xmm ch3, 0b11110000
cvtdq2ps xmm ch3, xmm ch3
mov rdx, [pixel ptr + 4]
movd xmm ch2, edx
pmovzxbd xmm ch2, xmm ch2
shufps xmm ch2, xmm_ch2, 0b11110000
cvtdq2ps xmm ch2, xmm ch2
shr rdx, 8
movd xmm ch1, edx
pmovzxbd xmm ch1, xmm ch1
shufps xmm ch1, xmm ch1, 0b11110000
cvtdq2ps xmm ch1, xmm ch1
xorps xmm_gbrg, xmm_gbrg
vfmadd231ps xmm_gbrg, xmm_ch1, xmm_c1_gbrg
vfmadd231ps xmm gbrg, xmm ch2, xmm c2 gbrg
vfmadd231ps xmm gbrg, xmm ch3, xmm c3 gbrg
shr rdx, 8
movd xmm ch3, edx
pmovzxbd xmm ch3, xmm ch3
shufps xmm ch3, xmm ch3, 0b11111100
cvtdq2ps xmm ch3, xmm ch3
shr rdx, 8
movd xmm ch2, edx
pmovzxbd xmm ch2, xmm ch2
shufps xmm ch2, xmm ch2, 0b11111100
cvtdq2ps xmm ch2, xmm ch2
shr rdx, 8
movd xmm ch1, edx
pmovzxbd xmm ch1, xmm ch1
shufps xmm ch1, xmm ch1, 0b11111100
cvtdq2ps xmm ch1, xmm ch1
xorps xmm brgb, xmm brgb
vfmadd231ps xmm brgb, xmm ch1, xmm c1 brgb
vfmadd231ps xmm_brgb, xmm_ch2, xmm_c2_brgb
vfmadd231ps xmm_brgb, xmm_ch3, xmm_c3_brgb
cvtps2dq xmm rgbr, xmm rgbr
cvtps2dq xmm gbrg, xmm gbrg
cvtps2dq xmm brgb, xmm brgb
packssdw xmm rgbr, xmm gbrg
packssdw xmm brgb, xmm brgb
packuswb xmm rgbr, xmm brgb
```

vfmadd231ps xmm rgbr, xmm ch3, xmm c3 rgbr

```
pshufb xmm_rgbr, xmm_shuffle_rgb_to_bgr

pextrq rdx, xmm_rgbr, 0
mov [pixel_ptr], rdx
pextrd edx, xmm_rgbr, 2
mov [pixel_ptr + 8], edx

lea pixel_ptr, [pixel_ptr + 12]
cmp pixel_ptr, rsi
jl image_sepia_sse_loop_4_pixels
ret
```

### Вывод

Выполнив эту лабораторную работу, я реализовала фильтр sepia для bmp изображения.