

Q3

3 Points

$$P(2, 0, -1) \quad Q(-1, 3, 4) \quad R(3, -1, 2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} a) \quad \vec{RQ} &= Q - R = (-1 - 3, 3 - (-1), 4 - 2) \\ &= (-4, 4, 2) \\ \vec{RQ} &= \langle -4, 4, 2 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{PR} &= R - P = (3 - 2, -1 - 0, 2 - (-1)) \\ &= (1, -1, 3) \\ \vec{PR} &= \langle 1, -1, 3 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$b) \quad A = \frac{1}{2} \|\vec{v} \times \vec{w}\|$$

$$\vec{PQ} = Q - P = (-1 - 2, 3 - 0, 4 - (-1)) = \langle -3, 3, 5 \rangle$$

$$\vec{PR} = \langle 1, -1, 3 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v} &= \begin{bmatrix} i & j & k \\ -3 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = i \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} - j \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} + k \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 14i - 14j + 0k \end{aligned}$$

$$|\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR}| = \sqrt{14^2 + 14^2 + 0^2}$$

$$A = 19.799$$

$$\begin{aligned} c) \quad r &= P + t \vec{PR} = (2, 0, -1) + t \langle 1, -1, 3 \rangle \\ x \quad y \quad z &= x_0 + ta \quad y_0 + tb \quad z_0 + tc \\ &= 2 + t \quad 0 - t \quad -1 + 3t \\ \cancel{x, y, z} &= \cancel{(2 + t, 0 - t, -1 + 3t)} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 2 + t$$

$$y = 0 - t$$

$$z = -1 + 3t$$