Constitution of Pakistan:

➤ Islamic Provision of 1973 Const.

- i. Sovereignty of God Almighty
- ii. Name of the Country
- iii. Official Religion
- iv. Definition of the Muslim
- v. Condition of Muslim for President and Prime Minister
- vi. Enforcement of Islamic Laws
- vii. Follow the Quran and Sunnah
- viii. Compulsory Teaching of Holy Quran and Islamiyat
- ix. Establishment of Islamic Society
- x. Protection of Islamic Values
- xi. Error Free printing of the Holy Quran
- xii. Teaching of Arabic Language
- xiii. Interest Free Economic System
- xiv. Establishment of Zakaat and Augaaf System
- xv. Create World Islamic Unity
- xvi. Protection the Rights of Minorities
- xvii. Protection of Ideology of Pakistan
- xviii. Establishment of Islamic Ideology Council
- xix. National Language will be Urdu Only
- xx. Welfare Steps for Employment

Foreign Policy of Pakistan:

i. **Definition:**

- o "Relations b/w sovereign states"
- o "It is a reflection of Domestic Politics and an interaction among sovereign states"
- o "It indicates the principles and Preferences on which a country wants to establish relations with another country"

ii. Concepts:

- o It is necessary for every country to formulate a sound foreign policy.
- Pakistan is an important 3rd world country in its development stage
- o It also has formulated a foreign policy keeping in mind its geography, politics and economics.

iii. Determinants of Pakistan Foreign Policy:

- Guarantee the countries security
- o Emerge as the Leader for other countries
- o Confirm the basic believes of citizen.
- o Focus on the ideology of Pakistan.
- o Guarantee of economic and political supremacy
- It is not designed against the country interests
- o Keep in view the interests of the citizens of the country
- o Diplomacy is the key factor of foreign policy

> Objectives of the Pakistan foreign policy:

- i. Security of the Ideology of Pakistan
- ii. Security of the country
- iii. National Interests
- iv. Prefer Peaceful relation with 3rd world country
- v. Membership of Non-Alignment movement
- vi. Close Relations with Muslim Countries
- vii. Support of Independence Movements
- viii. Maintenance of Territorial Integrity
- ix. Improvement in Social & Economic Development
- x. Maintenance of Its political Independence
- xi. Strengthening its place on the globe
- xii. Friendly Relations with all major powers
- xiii. Formation of Islamic Society
- xiv. Creation of Peaceful environment among countries
- xv. Maintenance of Mutual Tolerance and Equality in the world.