

Given Data:-

$$E = 1.28$$

$$V = 1$$

$$X_{ev} = 0.52$$

Solution:

$$P_e = \frac{EV}{X_{ev}} \sin \delta$$

$$P_e = \frac{(1.28)(1)}{0.52} \sin \delta$$

$$= 2.46 \sin \delta$$

$$\delta_0 = 23.95^\circ =$$

$$\delta_0 = 0.4179 \text{ rad}$$

$$\text{At } t = 384 \mu\text{s} = 0.05 \text{ sec}$$

$$\delta(t) = \frac{w_{sys} P}{4H} t^2 + \delta_0$$

$$\delta_1(0.05 \text{ s}) = \frac{w_{sys} P}{4H} t^2 + \delta_0$$

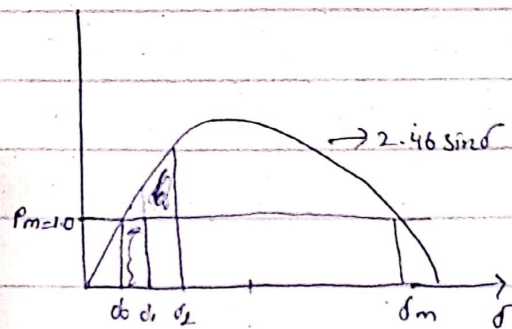
$$= 0.4964$$

$$= 28.44^\circ$$

$$A_1 = \int_{\delta_0}^{\delta_1} p_m d\delta$$

$$= \int_{\delta_0}^{\delta_1} 1 d\delta = 0.4964 - 0.4179$$

$$A_1 = 0.0785$$



$$A_2 = \int_{\delta_1}^{\delta_2} (p_m \sin \delta - p_m) d\delta$$

$$\int_{0.4964}^{\delta_2} m(2.4638 \sin \delta - 1) d\delta = A_1 = 0.0785$$

$$2.4638 \cos \delta_2 + \delta_2 = 0.0785$$

$$\delta_2 = 0.7003 = 40.12^\circ$$

$$\delta_m = 180 - 23.95 = 156.05 = 2.7236 \text{ rad}$$

Critical Angle:

$$A_1 = \int_{\delta_0}^{\delta_{cr}} p_m d\delta = A_2 = \int_{\delta_{cr}}^{\delta_3} (p_{max} \sin \delta - p_m) d\delta$$

$$\int_{0.4179}^{\delta_{cr}} 1.0 d\delta = A_2 = \int_{\delta_{cr}}^{2.7236} (2.4638 \sin \delta - 1) d\delta$$

$$\boxed{\delta_{cr} = 1.5489 = 88.74^\circ}$$

Critical time:

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{4H}{\omega_{sy} P_{apu}} (\delta_{cr} - \delta_0)}$$

$$t = 0.1897 \text{ sec}$$

$$\boxed{t = 11.38 \text{ cycles}}$$

