Reresja wieloraka

$$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_1 + \dots + \beta_{n-1} X_{n-1} + \xi$$

$$Y_{n\times 1} = X_{n\times p}\beta_{p\times 1} + \xi_{n\times 1}$$

p - liczba "bet" n - liczba obserwacji

$$\xi \sim N(0, \sigma^2 I)$$

$$Y \sim N(X\beta, \sigma^2 I)$$

Rozwiązania MNK:

$$b = (X'X)^{-1}X'Y$$

$$\hat{Y} = Xb = HY$$

$$H = X(X'X)^{-1}X'$$

Reszty:

$$e = Y - \hat{Y} = Y - HY$$

Macierz kowariancji reszt

$$Cov(e) = \sigma^2(I - H)$$

$$Var(e_i) = \sigma^2(1 - h_{ii})$$

$$Cov(e_i, e_j) = -sigma^2 h_{ij}$$

estymator σ^2

$$S^2 = \frac{e'e}{n-p} = MSE$$

estymacja b

$$b \sim N(\beta, \sigma^2(X'X)^{-1})$$

estymacja wariancji:

$$s^2(X'X)^{-1}$$

$$R^2 = \frac{SSM}{SST} = cos\alpha$$

$$SST = \sum (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2 MST = \frac{SST}{dfT}$$

$$SSM = \sum_{i} (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2, MSM = \frac{SSM}{dfM}$$

$$SSE = \sum_{i} (\hat{Y}_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2, MSE = \frac{SSE}{dfE}$$

$$SSE = \sum (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2, MSE = \frac{SSE}{dfE}$$

$$SSt = SSM + SSE$$

$$F = \frac{MSM}{MSE} \sim F(dfM, dfE) = F(1, n-2)$$

$$dfM = p - 1$$

$$dfE = n - p$$
$$dfT = n - 1$$

Teoria $E(Y_h)$ CI

$$X_{h} = (1, X_{h1}, \dots, X_{hp-1})$$
$$\hat{\mu}_{h} = X'_{h}b$$
$$\sigma^{2}(\hat{\mu}_{h}) = \sigma^{2}X'_{h}(X'X)^{-1}X_{h}$$
$$s^{2}(\hat{\mu}_{h}) = s^{2}X'_{h}(X'X)^{-1}X_{h}$$

CI : $\hat{\mu}_h \pm s(\hat{\mu}_h) t_{0.975,n-p}$

$$Y_h = X'_h \beta + \xi$$

$$\hat{Y}_h = \hat{\mu}_h = X'_h b$$

$$\sigma^2(pred) = Var(Y_h - \hat{Y}_h) = \sigma^2(1 + X'_h (X'X)^{-1} X_h)$$

$$s^2(pred) = s^2(1 + X'_h (X'X)^{-1} X_h)$$

 $PI : \hat{\mu}_h \pm s(pred)t_{0.975,n-p}$

$$F = \frac{\frac{SSE(R) - SSE(F)}{df E(R) - df E(F)}}{MSE(F)}$$

F(liczbadodatkowychzmiennych, dfE(model"wikszy"))

 $C_p B_i = E(\hat{Y}_i) - E(Y_i)$ - bias C-p to estymator

$$\sum_{i}^{n} B_{i}^{2}/\sigma^{2}$$

$$C_p = \frac{SSE_p}{MSE(F)} - (n - 2p)$$

AIC

$$nlog\left(\frac{SSE_p}{n}\right) + 2p$$

SBC

$$nlog\left(\frac{SSE_p}{n}\right) + plog(n)$$

Studentyzowane reszty

$$\frac{e_i}{\sqrt{MSE(1-h_{ii})}}$$

DFFITS 1 i $2\sqrt{p/n}$ SFBETAS 1 i \sqrt{n}

$$VIF_k = (1 - R_k^2)^{-1}$$

$$tol=1/VIF$$