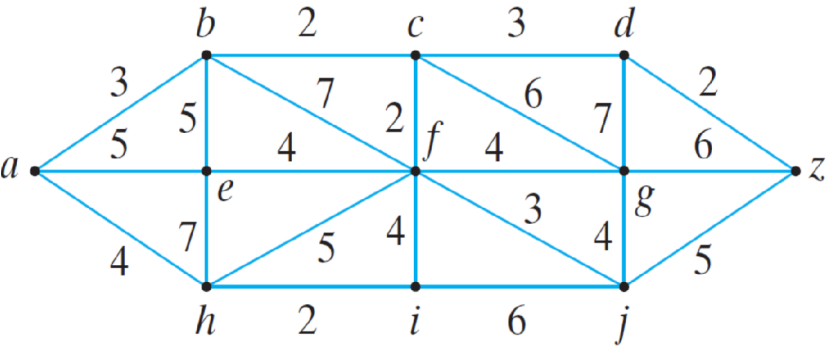


## Canvas Problem

Use Dijkstra’s algorithm to find the shortest path from  $b$  to  $j$ .



Rules for Dijkstra’s algorithm:

- Add the vertex of least distance to set  $S$ .
- Find the least distance from the first to the current vertex, accessed only if  $S$  has the vertex.
- Adding vertices to  $S$  fixes their distances as constants.
- With two vertices of same distance, add either.

**Step 0:** Set empty set  $S$  and each vertex to infinity, as their paths are undetermined.

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$

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## Canvas Problem (Continued)

The current fastest route is emboldened in each step.

**Step 1:** Add  $a$ , the first vertex, to set  $S$ .  
Update the distance to each  $a$ -adjacent vertex:  
 $b$  is distance 3;  
 $e = 5$ ; and  
 $h = 4$ .

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, b</b>	$\infty$	$\infty$	5, $e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	4, $h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$

**Step 2:** Add  $b$  to set  $S$ . Update the columns:  
 $a \in S$ ;  
 $c = 2$ , but  $b + c = 3 + 2 = 5$ ;  
 $b + e = 3 + 5 = 8 > 5, e$ ; and  
 $f = 7$ , but  $b + f = (a, b) + f = 3 + 7 = 10$ .

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, b</b>	$\infty$	$\infty$	5, $e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	4, $h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
2	$\{a, b\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	5, $(a, b)$	$\infty$	5, $e$	10, $(a, b)$	$\infty$	4, $h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$

**Step 3:** Add  $h$  to set  $S$ . Update the columns:  
 $a \in S$ ;  
 $h + e = 4 + 7 = 11 > 5, e$ ;  
 $h + f = 4 + 5 = 9 < 10, (a, b)$ ; and  
 $i = 2$ , but  $(a, h) + i = 4 + 2 = 6$ .

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, b</b>	$\infty$	$\infty$	5, $e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	4, $h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
2	$\{a, b\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	5, $(a, b)$	$\infty$	5, $e$	10, $(a, b)$	$\infty$	4, $h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
3	$\{a, b, h\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	5, $(a, b)$	$\infty$	5, $e$	9, $(a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4 (a, h)</b>	6, $(a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$

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## Canvas Problem (Continued)

**Step 4:** Add  $e$  to set  $S$ , though  $c = e \equiv 5 = 5$ . Update the columns:

$a \in S$ ;  
 $e + b = (a, e) + b = 5 + 5 = 10 > 3, b$ ;  
 $e + f = (a, e) + f = 5 + 4 = 9 = 9, (a, h)$ ; and  
 $h \in S$ .

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	$3, b$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
2	$\{a, b\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$10, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
3	$\{a, b, h\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4 (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
4	$\{a, b, h, e\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$

**Step 5:** Add  $c$  to set  $S$ , as  $e$  didn't yield less distance. Update the columns:

$b \in S$ ;  
 $c + d = (b + c) + d = (3 + 2) + 3 = 5 + 3 = 8$ ;  
 $c + f = (b + c) + f = (3 + 2) + 2 = 5 + 2 = 7 < 9(a, h)$ ; and  
 $g = 6$ , but  $(a, c) + g = 5 + 6 = 11$ .

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	$3, b$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
2	$\{a, b\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$10, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
3	$\{a, b, h\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4 (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
4	$\{a, b, h, e\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
5	$\{a, b, h, e, c\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	<b>5, (a, c)</b>	$8, (a, c)$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$7, (a, c)$	$11, (a, c)$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$

**Step 6:** Add  $i$  to set  $S$ . Update the columns:

$i + f = (a, i) + f = 6 + 4 = 10 < 7, (a, c)$ ;  
 $h \in S$ ; and  
 $j = 6$ , but  $(a, i) + j = 6 + 6 = 12$ .

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	$3, b$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
2	$\{a, b\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$10, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
3	$\{a, b, h\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4 (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
4	$\{a, b, h, e\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
5	$\{a, b, h, e, c\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	<b>5, (a, c)</b>	$8, (a, c)$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$7, (a, c)$	$11, (a, c)$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
6	$\{a, b, h, e, c, i\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	<b>5, (a, c)</b>	$8, (a, c)$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$7, (a, c)$	$11, (a, c)$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	<b>6, (a, i)</b>	$12, (a, i)$	$\infty$

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## Canvas Problem (Continued)

**Step 7:** Vertex  $j$  is reached, but path [...]

$$a, h, i, j$$

[...] isn't necessarily the shortest route.

Add  $f$  to set  $S$ . Update the columns:

$b \in S$ ;  
 $c \in S$ ;  
 $e \in S$ ;  
 $f + g = (a, f) + g = 7 + 4 = 11 = 11, (a, c)$ ;  
 $h \in S$ ;  
 $i \in S$ ; and  
 $j = 3$ , but  $f + j = (a, f) + j = 7 + 3 = 10 < 12, (a, i)$

Step	$S$	$L(a)$	$L(b)$	$L(c)$	$L(d)$	$L(e)$	$L(f)$	$L(g)$	$L(h)$	$L(i)$	$L(j)$	$L(z)$
0	$\{\}$	0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
1	$\{a\}$	<b>0, a</b>	$3, b$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
2	$\{a, b\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$10, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$4, h$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
3	$\{a, b, h\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	$5, e$	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4 (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
4	$\{a, b, h, e\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	$5, (a, b)$	$\infty$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$9, (a, h)$	$\infty$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
5	$\{a, b, h, e, c\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	<b>5, (a, c)</b>	$8, (a, c)$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$7, (a, c)$	$11(a, c)$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	$6, (a, h)$	$\infty$	$\infty$
6	$\{a, b, h, e, c, i\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	<b>5, (a, c)</b>	$8, (a, c)$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	$7, (a, c)$	$11(a, c)$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	<b>6, (a, i)</b>	$12, (a, i)$	$\infty$
7	$\{a, b, h, e, c, i, f\}$	<b>0, a</b>	<b>3, (a, b)</b>	<b>5, (a, c)</b>	$8, (a, c)$	<b>5, (a, e)</b>	<b>7, (a, c)</b>	$11(a, c)$	<b>4, (a, h)</b>	<b>6, (a, i)</b>	$10, (a, f)$	$\infty$

**Answer:** A shorter route to  $j$  is now possible, but a viable route still exists in  $8, (a, d)$ . Check the  $d$ -adjacent vertices:

$c \in S$ ;  
 $(a, d) + g = 8 + 7 = 15 > 11(a, f)$ ; and  
 $z = 2$ , but  $(a, d) + z = 8 + 2 = 10$ .

Paths  $(a, f)$  and  $(a, z)$  are distance 10, but  $(a, z)$  hasn't yet reached  $j$ , and traveling an edge of distance 0 isn't possible.

So, the shortest route from  $a$  to  $j$  is:

$$\begin{aligned} & a, b, c, f, j \\ &= \text{distances } 0 + 3 + 2 + 2 + 3 \\ &= \text{distance } 10 \end{aligned}$$