

ai-chess-agent

December 5, 2019

```
[1]: import time
import chess
from IPython.display import display, HTML, clear_output
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import timeit
import random
```

1 AI Chess Agent Project

1.1 helper functions

1.1.1 Displays the chess board

```
[2]: def display_board(board, use_svg):
    if use_svg:
        return board._repr_svg_()
    else:
        return "<pre>" + str(board) + "</pre>"
```

1.1.2 Checks if player agent is white or black

```
[3]: def who(agent):
    return "White" if agent == chess.WHITE else "Black"
```

1.1.3 Obtains available moves

```
[4]: def get_move(prompt):
    uci = input(prompt)
    if uci and uci[0] == "q":
        raise KeyboardInterrupt()
    try:
        chess.Move.from_uci(uci)
    except:
        uci = None
    return uci
```

1.1.4 Tallies the white and black players pieces

```
[5]: def count_pieces(board):
    num_pieces = [0,0]

    num_pieces[0] += len(board.pieces(chess.PAWN, chess.WHITE))
    num_pieces[0] += len(board.pieces(chess.BISHOP, chess.WHITE))
    num_pieces[0] += len(board.pieces(chess.KING, chess.WHITE))
    num_pieces[0] += len(board.pieces(chess.QUEEN, chess.WHITE))
    num_pieces[0] += len(board.pieces(chess.KNIGHT, chess.WHITE))
    num_pieces[0] += len(board.pieces(chess.ROOK, chess.WHITE))

    num_pieces[1] += len(board.pieces(chess.PAWN, chess.BLACK))
    num_pieces[1] += len(board.pieces(chess.BISHOP, chess.BLACK))
    num_pieces[1] += len(board.pieces(chess.KING, chess.BLACK))
    num_pieces[1] += len(board.pieces(chess.QUEEN, chess.BLACK))
    num_pieces[1] += len(board.pieces(chess.KNIGHT, chess.BLACK))
    num_pieces[1] += len(board.pieces(chess.ROOK, chess.BLACK))

    return num_pieces
```

1.1.5 Plays a single game with two agent players

```
[6]: def play_game(agent1, agent2, visual="svg", pause=0.1):
    """
    agentN1, agent2: functions that takes board, return uci move
    visual: "simple" | "svg" | None
    """
    use_svg = (visual == "svg")
    board = chess.Board()
    try:
        while not board.is_game_over(claim_draw=True):
            if board.turn == chess.WHITE:
                uci = agent1(board)
            else:
                uci = agent2(board)
            name = who(board.turn)
            board.push_uci(uci)
            board_stop = display_board(board, use_svg)
            html = "<b>Move %s %s, Play '%s':</b><br/>%s" % (
                len(board.move_stack), name, uci, board_stop)
            if visual is not None:
                if visual == "svg":
                    clear_output(wait=True)
                    display(HTML(html))
                if visual == "svg":
                    time.sleep(pause)
```

```

except KeyboardInterrupt:
    msg = "Game interrupted!"
    return (False, msg, board)
game_has_winner = False
if board.is_checkmate():
    msg = "checkmate: " + who(not board.turn) + " wins!"
    game_has_winner = not board.turn
elif board.is_stalemate():
    msg = "draw: stalemate"
elif board.is_fifefold_repetition():
    msg = "draw: 5-fold repetition"
elif board.is_insufficient_material():
    msg = "draw: insufficient material"
elif board.can_claim_draw():
    msg = "draw: claim"
if visual is not None:
    print(msg)

return (game_has_winner, msg, board)

```

1.1.6 “Driver” allows for two agent players to play multiple games for a provided number of iterations. Returns a list of scores

```

[7]: def run(agent1, agent2, iterations, agent1_name, agent2_name):
#     df_scoreboard = pd.DataFrame(data={},
#     ↪columns=['game_result', 'winner', 'moves_played',
#     ↪'remaining_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])
    scores_list = list()

    for round_num in range(iterations):

        terminal_state = play_game(agent1, agent2, visual="svg", pause=0.001)
#         time = timeit.timeit(play_game(agent1, agent2, visual="svg",
#         ↪pause=0), number=100)/100

        game_hase_winner = terminal_state[0]
        msg = terminal_state[1]
        moves_played = len(terminal_state[2].move_stack)
        remaining_w_pieces = count_pieces(terminal_state[2])[0]
        remaining_b_pieces = count_pieces(terminal_state[2])[1]

#         result_list = (game_hase_winner, msg, moves_played,
#         ↪count_pieces(result[2])[0], count_pieces(result[2])[1], result[3])
        result_list = (round_num + 1, iterations, agent1_name, agent2_name,
#         ↪game_hase_winner, msg, moves_played, remaining_w_pieces, remaining_b_pieces)
        scores_list.append(result_list)

```

```
return scores_list
```

1.1.7 Results Scoreboard

```
[8]: df = pd.DataFrame(columns=['round_num', 'iterations', 'agent1_name',
    ↳ 'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
    ↳ 'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])
```

1.2 Random Agent Evaluation

1.2.1 plays two random agents against eachother 10 times

1.2.2 Random Agent player

```
[9]: def random_agent(board):
    move = random.choice(list(board.legal_moves))
    return move.uci()
```

```
[10]: rand_eval_scores = run(random_agent, random_agent, 10, "random_agent",
    ↳ "random_agent")
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

draw: claim

```
[11]: df_rand_eval_scoreboard = pd.DataFrame(data=rand_eval_scores,
    ↳ columns=['round_num', 'iterations', 'agent1_name',
    ↳ 'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
    ↳ 'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])

df_rand_eval_scoreboard.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False,
    ↳ ascending=True)
```

```
[11]:   round_num  iterations  agent1_name  agent2_name  game_has_winner  \
1         2          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
8         9          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
4         5          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
5         6          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
6         7          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
0         1          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
2         3          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
9        10          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
7         8          10  random_agent  random_agent          False
3         4          10  random_agent  random_agent          False

      winner  moves_played  remain_w_pieces  \
1  checkmate: Black wins!         80         10
```

8	checkmate: Black wins!	130	7
4	draw: insufficient material	273	2
5	draw: claim	311	5
6	draw: claim	333	1
0	draw: claim	365	2
2	draw: insufficient material	396	2
9	draw: claim	420	2
7	draw: claim	421	1
3	draw: claim	448	2

	remaining_b_pieces
1	12
8	6
4	1
5	1
6	3
0	2
2	1
9	2
7	5
3	1

```
[12]: #update results scoreboard
df = df.append(df_rand_eval_scoreboard, ignore_index=True)
```

1.2.3 Scoreboard

```
[13]: #10 best games by moves_played ascending
df.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False, ascending=True).head(10)
```

```
[13]:  round_num  iterations  agent1_name  agent2_name  game_has_winner  \
1         2         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
8         9         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
4         5         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
5         6         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
6         7         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
0         1         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
2         3         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
9        10         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
7         8         10  random_agent  random_agent             False
3         4         10  random_agent  random_agent             False

      winner  moves_played  remain_w_pieces  remaining_b_pieces
1  checkmate: Black wins!      80           10                12
8  checkmate: Black wins!     130           7                  6
4  draw: insufficient material    273           2                  1
5      draw: claim              311           5                  1
```

6	draw: claim	333	1	3
0	draw: claim	365	2	2
2	draw: insufficient material	396	2	1
9	draw: claim	420	2	2
7	draw: claim	421	1	5
3	draw: claim	448	2	1

```
[14]: # #update results scoreboard
      # df.append(df_rand_eval_scoreboard, ignore_index=True)
```

1.3 Naive Agent Evaluation

1.3.1 Naive evaluation function

Sets the score to 0 and assigns weights to every piece on the board. The weighted sum of all the available pieces on the board is then computed.

The white pieces are assigned positive values while the black ones are assigned negative values of the same magnitude.

```
[15]: def naive_eval(board, move, my_color):
      score = 0
      ## Check some things about this move:
      # score += 10 if board.is_capture(move) else 0
      # To actually make the move:
      board.push(move)
      # Now check some other things:
      for (piece, value) in [(chess.PAWN, 1),
                             (chess.BISHOP, 4),
                             (chess.KING, 0),
                             (chess.QUEEN, 10),
                             (chess.KNIGHT, 5),
                             (chess.ROOK, 3)]:
          score += len(board.pieces(piece, my_color)) * value
          score -= len(board.pieces(piece, not my_color)) * value
          # can also check things about the pieces position here
      return score
```

1.3.2 Naive Agent

Chooses best score

```
[16]: def naive_agent(board):
      moves = list(board.legal_moves)
      for move in moves:
          newboard = board.copy()
          # go through board and return a score
          move.score = naive_eval(newboard, move, board.turn)
```

```
moves.sort(key=lambda move: move.score, reverse=True) # sort on score
return moves[0].uci()
```

```
[17]: # result = play_game(random_agent, naive_agent, visual="svg", pause=0)
```

```
[18]: naive_eval_scores = run(naive_agent, random_agent, 10, "naive_agent",
    ↪ "random_agent")
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

draw: claim

```
[19]: # df_naive_eval_scoreboard = pd.DataFrame(data=naive_eval_scores,
    ↪ columns=['round_num', 'iterations', 'agent1_name',
    ↪ 'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
    ↪ 'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])
# df_naive_eval_scoreboard

df_naive_eval_scoreboard = pd.DataFrame(data=naive_eval_scores,
    ↪ columns=['round_num', 'iterations', 'agent1_name',
    ↪ 'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
    ↪ 'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])

df_naive_eval_scoreboard.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False,
    ↪ ascending=True)
```

```
[19]:   round_num  iterations  agent1_name  agent2_name  game_has_winner  \
9           10           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
6           7           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
1           2           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
8           9           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
4           5           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
5           6           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
2           3           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
7           8           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
0           1           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False
3           4           10  naive_agent  random_agent           False

   winner  moves_played  remain_w_pieces  remaining_b_pieces
9  draw: claim         35             16                 6
6  draw: claim         39             15                10
1  draw: claim         41             15                 3
8  draw: claim         41             15                12
4  draw: claim         77             13                 2
5  draw: claim         81             16                 1
2  draw: claim         87             15                 3
```

7	draw: claim	95	15	1
0	draw: claim	97	13	1
3	draw: claim	107	10	1

```
[20]: # #update results scoreboard
# df.append(df_naive_eval_scoreboard, ignore_index=True)

#update results scoreboard
df = df.append(df_naive_eval_scoreboard, ignore_index=True)
```

1.3.3 Scoreboard: Top 10 Games With Fewest Moves

```
[21]: #10 best games by moves_played ascending
df.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False, ascending=True).head(10)
```

```
[21]:  round_num iterations  agent1_name  agent2_name game_has_winner \
19         10         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
16          7         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
18          9         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
11          2         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
14          5         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
1           2         10  random_agent  random_agent          False
15          6         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
12          3         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
17          8         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False
10          1         10  naive_agent  random_agent          False

      winner moves_played remain_w_pieces remaining_b_pieces
19      draw: claim          35             16                6
16      draw: claim          39             15               10
18      draw: claim          41             15               12
11      draw: claim          41             15                3
14      draw: claim          77             13                2
1  checkmate: Black wins!          80             10              12
15      draw: claim          81             16                1
12      draw: claim          87             15                3
17      draw: claim          95             15                1
10      draw: claim          97             13                1
```

1.3.4 Naive Agent With Improved Evaluation

1.4 Naive Random Heuristic Evaluation

Sets the score to a random value and assigns weights to every piece on the board. The weighted sum of all the available pieces on the board is then computed.

The white pieces are assigned positive values while the black ones are assigned negative values of the same magnitude.


```
[22]: def naive_random_heuristic_eval(board, move, my_color):
    score = random.random()
    ## Check some things about this move:
    # score += 10 if board.is_capture(move) else 0
    # To actually make the move:
    board.push(move)
    # Now check some other things:
    for (piece, value) in [(chess.PAWN, 1),
                           (chess.BISHOP, 4),
                           (chess.KING, 0),
                           (chess.QUEEN, 10),
                           (chess.KNIGHT, 5),
                           (chess.ROOK, 3)]:
        score += len(board.pieces(piece, my_color)) * value
        score -= len(board.pieces(piece, not my_color)) * value
    # can also check things about the pieces position here
    # Check global things about the board
    score += 100 if board.is_checkmate() else 0
    return score
```

1.4.1 Naive Agent with Random Heuristic Evaluator

Chooses best score

```
[23]: def naive_random_heuristic_agent(board):
    moves = list(board.legal_moves)
    for move in moves:
        newboard = board.copy()
        # go through board and return a score
        move.score = naive_random_heuristic_eval(newboard, move, board.turn)
    moves.sort(key=lambda move: move.score, reverse=True) # sort on score
    return moves[0].uci()
```

```
[24]: naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scores = run(naive_random_heuristic_agent,
    ↪ random_agent, 10, "naive_random_heuristic_agent", "random_agent")
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

checkmate: White wins!

```
[25]: # df_naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scoreboard = pd.
    ↪ DataFrame(data=naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scores, columns=['round_num',
    ↪ 'iterations', 'agent1_name',
    ↪ 'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
    ↪ 'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])
    # df_naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scoreboard
```

```
df_naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scoreboard = pd.
↳DataFrame(data=naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scores, columns=['round_num',
↳'iterations', 'agent1_name',
↳'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
↳'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])
df_naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scoreboard.sort_values(by=['moves_played'],
↳inplace=False, ascending=True)
```

```
[25]:
```

	round_num	iterations	agent1_name	agent2_name	\
2	3	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
6	7	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
3	4	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
9	10	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
7	8	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
5	6	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
8	9	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
4	5	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
1	2	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
0	1	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	

	game_has_winner	winner	moves_played	remain_w_pieces	\
2	True	checkmate: White wins!	65	11	
6	True	checkmate: White wins!	65	15	
3	True	checkmate: White wins!	67	14	
9	True	checkmate: White wins!	69	14	
7	True	checkmate: White wins!	105	9	
5	False	draw: stalemate	107	13	
8	True	checkmate: White wins!	133	10	
4	True	checkmate: White wins!	155	12	
1	False	draw: claim	214	10	
0	True	checkmate: White wins!	221	6	

	remaining_b_pieces
2	2
6	3
3	1
9	2
7	1
5	1
8	1
4	1
1	1
0	1

```
[26]: #update results scoreboard
df = df.append(df_naive_rand_heuristic_eval_scoreboard , ignore_index=True)
```

1.4.2 Scoreboard: Top 10 Games With Fewest Moves

```
[27]: #10 best games by moves_played ascending
df.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False, ascending=True).head(10)
```

```
[27]:
```

	round_num	iterations	agent1_name	agent2_name	\
19	10	10	naive_agent	random_agent	
16	7	10	naive_agent	random_agent	
18	9	10	naive_agent	random_agent	
11	2	10	naive_agent	random_agent	
26	7	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
22	3	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
23	4	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
29	10	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent	
14	5	10	naive_agent	random_agent	
1	2	10	random_agent	random_agent	

	game_has_winner	winner	moves_played	remain_w_pieces	\
19	False	draw: claim	35	16	
16	False	draw: claim	39	15	
18	False	draw: claim	41	15	
11	False	draw: claim	41	15	
26	True	checkmate: White wins!	65	15	
22	True	checkmate: White wins!	65	11	
23	True	checkmate: White wins!	67	14	
29	True	checkmate: White wins!	69	14	
14	False	draw: claim	77	13	
1	False	checkmate: Black wins!	80	10	

	remaining_b_pieces
19	6
16	10
18	12
11	3
26	3
22	2
23	1
29	2
14	2
1	12

1.5 Minimax

1.6 minimax evaluation

Sets the score to a random value and assigns weights to every piece on the board. The weighted sum of all the available pieces on the board is then computed.

The white pieces are assigned positive values while the black ones are assigned negative values of

the same magnitude.

```
[28]: def minimax_eval(board):
    # moves = list(board.legal_moves)
    # for move in moves:
    #     newboard = board.copy()
    #     # go through board and return a score
    #     move.score = staticAnalysis(newboard, move, board.turn)
    # moves.sort(key=lambda move: move.score, reverse=True) # sort on score
    # return moves[0].uci()
    score = random.random()
    for (piece, value) in [(chess.PAWN, 1),
                           (chess.BISHOP, 4),
                           (chess.KING, 0),
                           (chess.QUEEN, 10),
                           (chess.KNIGHT, 5),
                           (chess.ROOK, 3)]:
        score += len(board.pieces(piece, True)) * value
        score -= len(board.pieces(piece, False)) * value
        # can also check things about the pieces position here
    return score
```

```
[29]: def maxValue(board, currentAgent, depth):
    bestMove = -9999

    moves = list(board.legal_moves)
    for move in moves:
        newboard = board.copy()
        newboard.push_uci(move.uci())
        result = miniMaxDecision(newboard, not currentAgent, depth - 1)
        if result > bestMove:
            bestMove = result
    return bestMove
```

```
[30]: def minValue(board, currentAgent, depth):
    bestMove = 9999

    moves = list(board.legal_moves)
    for move in moves:
        newboard = board.copy()
        newboard.push_uci(move.uci())
        result = miniMaxDecision(newboard, not currentAgent, depth - 1)
        if result < bestMove:
            bestMove = result
    return bestMove
```

```
[31]: def miniMaxDecision(board, currentAgent, depth):
        if depth == 0 :
            return minimax_eval(board)

        if currentAgent:
            return maxValue(board, not currentAgent, depth - 1)
        else:
            return minValue(board, not currentAgent, depth - 1)

[32]: def mini_max_agent(board):
        moves = list(board.legal_moves)
        for move in moves:
            newboard = board.copy()
            newboard.push_uci(move.uci())
            move.score = miniMaxDecision(newboard, False , 2)
        moves.sort(key=lambda move: move.score, reverse=True) # sort on score
        return moves[0].uci()

[33]: minimax_eval_scores = run(mini_max_agent, random_agent, 10, "mini_max_agent",
    ↪ "random_agent")
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

draw: stalemate

```
[34]: df_minimax_eval_scoreboard = pd.DataFrame(data=minimax_eval_scores,
    ↪ columns=['round_num', 'iterations', 'agent1_name',
    ↪ 'agent2_name', 'game_has_winner', 'winner', 'moves_played',
    ↪ 'remain_w_pieces', 'remaining_b_pieces'])

df_minimax_eval_scoreboard.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False,
    ↪ ascending=True)
```

```
[34]:
```

	round_num	iterations	agent1_name	agent2_name	game_has_winner	\
7	8	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
5	6	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
0	1	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
1	2	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
2	3	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
9	10	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	False	
3	4	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
6	7	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	True	
8	9	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	False	
4	5	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent	False	

	winner	moves_played	remain_w_pieces	remaining_b_pieces
7	checkmate: White wins!	17	16	10

5	checkmate: White wins!	37	16	8
0	checkmate: White wins!	47	15	3
1	checkmate: White wins!	49	16	4
2	checkmate: White wins!	57	14	6
9	draw: stalemate	57	15	2
3	checkmate: White wins!	63	16	2
6	checkmate: White wins!	69	15	4
8	draw: stalemate	77	16	3
4	draw: stalemate	93	14	1

```
[35]: #update results scoreboard
df = df.append(df_minimax_eval_scoreboard, ignore_index=True)
```

1.6.1 Scoreboard: Top 10 Games With Fewest Moves

```
[36]: #10 best games by moves_played ascending
df.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False, ascending=True).head(10)
```

```
[36]:  round_num  iterations  agent1_name  agent2_name  game_has_winner  \
37         8          10  mini_max_agent  random_agent             True
19        10          10   naive_agent  random_agent             False
35         6          10  mini_max_agent  random_agent             True
16         7          10   naive_agent  random_agent             False
18         9          10   naive_agent  random_agent             False
11         2          10   naive_agent  random_agent             False
30         1          10  mini_max_agent  random_agent             True
31         2          10  mini_max_agent  random_agent             True
32         3          10  mini_max_agent  random_agent             True
39        10          10  mini_max_agent  random_agent             False

      winner moves_played remain_w_pieces remaining_b_pieces
37  checkmate: White wins!         17          16           10
19          draw: claim         35          16            6
35  checkmate: White wins!         37          16            8
16          draw: claim         39          15           10
18          draw: claim         41          15           12
11          draw: claim         41          15            3
30  checkmate: White wins!         47          15            3
31  checkmate: White wins!         49          16            4
32  checkmate: White wins!         57          14            6
39          draw: stalemate        57          15            2
```

1.6.2 Games Where Player 1 (white) Wins, Ordered by Moves Played Desc

```
[37]: d2 = df.loc[df['winner'] == 'checkmate: White wins!']

# df.sort_values(by=['winner', 'moves_played'], inplace=False, ascending=True).
#     head(10)
```

```
[38]: d2.sort_values(by=['moves_played'], inplace=False, ascending=True)
```

```
[38]:
```

	round_num	iterations	agent1_name	agent2_name	\
	37	8	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	35	6	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	30	1	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	31	2	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	32	3	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	33	4	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	22	3	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	26	7	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	23	4	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	29	10	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	36	7	10	mini_max_agent	random_agent
	27	8	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	28	9	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	24	5	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent
	20	1	10	naive_random_heuristic_agent	random_agent

	game_has_winner	winner	moves_played	remain_w_pieces	\
	37	True	checkmate: White wins!	17	16
	35	True	checkmate: White wins!	37	16
	30	True	checkmate: White wins!	47	15
	31	True	checkmate: White wins!	49	16
	32	True	checkmate: White wins!	57	14
	33	True	checkmate: White wins!	63	16
	22	True	checkmate: White wins!	65	11
	26	True	checkmate: White wins!	65	15
	23	True	checkmate: White wins!	67	14
	29	True	checkmate: White wins!	69	14
	36	True	checkmate: White wins!	69	15
	27	True	checkmate: White wins!	105	9
	28	True	checkmate: White wins!	133	10
	24	True	checkmate: White wins!	155	12
	20	True	checkmate: White wins!	221	6

	remaining_b_pieces	
	37	10
	35	8
	30	3

31	4
32	6
33	2
22	2
26	3
23	1
29	2
36	4
27	1
28	1
24	1
20	1

```
[1]: import os
      print(os.environ['PATH'])
```

```
/anaconda3/bin:/anaconda3/condabin:/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin
```

```
[4]: !export PATH=/Library/TeX/texbin/xelatex:$PATH
```

```
[ ]:
```