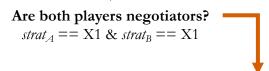


Players get payoffs of advertised moves:

$$\pi_A = matrix_A[adv_A, adv_A]$$

 $\pi_B = matrix_A[adv_B, adv_B]$



Does A have more bargaining power? $power_A > power_B$

Both players get nothing: $\pi_A = \pi_B = 0$

Players get payoff from A's move minus the negotiation cost:

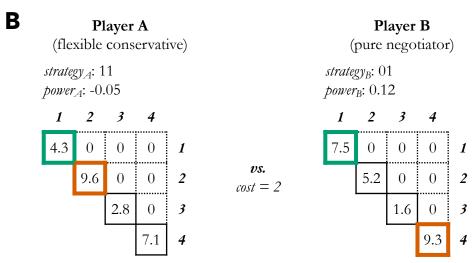
$$\pi_A = matrix_A[adv_A, adv_A] - cost$$

 $\pi_B = matrix_B[adv_A, adv_A] - cost$

Players get payoff from B's move minus the negotiation cost:

$$\pi_A = matrix_A[adv_B, adv_B] - cost$$

 $\pi_B = matrix_B[adv_B, adv_B] - cost$



- 1. A is a conservative, so they advertise the status quo move (default: 1). B is not a conservative, so they advertise their preferred move (highest payoff: 4). These do not match, so play continues.
- 2. Both players are negotiatiors, but B has more bargaining power than A. Both players play B's preferred move and get the corresponding payoff from the matrix minus the negotiation cost.
- 3. Outcome: $\pi_A = 7.1 2 = 5.1$ and $\pi_B = 9.3 2 = 7.3$.