

Homework 3 DATA3421

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```
a = matrix(1:36,3,12, byrow = T)
a
```

1.) Using R, create a 3*12 matrix (3 rows and 12 columns); then calculate the means for each column of the matrix.

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12]
## [1,]    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9   10   11   12
## [2,]   13   14   15   16   17   18   19   20   21   22   23   24
## [3,]   25   26   27   28   29   30   31   32   33   34   35   36
```

```
a_mean = apply(a,2,mean)
a_mean
```

```
## [1] 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
```

```
job = read.csv('job.csv')
balance = job$Balance

sum(balance)
```

2. Calculate sum, mean, median, standard deviation, skewness, quantile, kurtosis, and variance for variable “Balance” in the job data set.

```
## [1] 159622523
```

```
mean(balance)
```

```
## [1] 39766.45
```

```
median(balance)
```

```
## [1] 33567.33
```

```
sd(balance)
```

```
## [1] 29859.49
```

```
skewness(balance)
```

```
## [1] 0.9755534
```

```
quantile(balance)
```

```
##          0%          25%          50%          75%         100%  
##    11.52  16115.37  33567.33  57533.93 183467.70
```

```
kurtosis(balance)
```

```
## [1] 0.7675059
```

```
var(balance)
```

```
## [1] 891589095
```

```
age = job$Age  
quantile(age, probs = c(0.30,0.60,0.80))
```

3.Recode the “Age” variable to three categories of “Young Adult”,“Middle-aged Adult”, and “Old Adult”, based on quantiles of 30%, 60%,and 80%.

```
## 30% 60% 80%  
## 33 40 47
```

```
age_categorized = cut(age,breaks = c(-Inf,33,40,47,Inf), labels = c('YoungAdult','Middle-agedAdult','OldAdult'))  
head(age_categorized, n = 10)
```

```
## [1] YoungAdult      Middle-agedAdult OldAdult      YoungAdult  
## [5] Middle-agedAdult YoungAdult      Middle-agedAdult Other  
## [9] YoungAdult      OldAdult  
## Levels: YoungAdult Middle-agedAdult OldAdult Other
```

```
bal_sorted = job[order(job$Balance, decreasing = T), ]  
bal_jobclass_sorted = bal_sorted[c('Balance','Job.Classification')]  
head(bal_jobclass_sorted, n= 10)
```

4.Sort the “Balance” variable from high to low in the job data set and create a new subset of the data set with just Balance and Job Classification variables.

```
##      Balance Job.Classification
## 1307 183467.7      White Collar
## 3450 181681.0      White Collar
## 2010 172085.5          Other
## 3832 161517.8      Blue Collar
## 914  149698.1      Blue Collar
## 1823 149684.4      White Collar
## 3108 146892.4      White Collar
## 639  146569.8      White Collar
## 524  145996.0      White Collar
## 3185 144607.4      White Collar
```

```
job_subset = subset(job, Region == 'England' & Balance > 100000)
head(job_subset, n=10)
```

5. Subset the job data set with just the England region and with a balance of higher than 100,000.

```
##      Gender Age  Region Job.Classification  Balance
## 1      Male  21 England      White Collar 113810.1
## 3      Male  46 England      White Collar 101536.8
## 120 Female  31 England      White Collar 136370.4
## 124      Male  39 England          Other 111149.5
## 183      Male  31 England      White Collar 115312.9
## 206 Female  36 England      White Collar 109026.8
## 227      Male  29 England          Other 106172.1
## 243      Male  47 England      Blue Collar 116144.9
## 274 Female  34 England          Other 111818.3
## 281      Male  37 England      Blue Collar 103875.8
```

```
job_subset = job_subset[c('Region', 'Balance')]
head(job_subset, n=10)
```

```
##      Region  Balance
## 1  England 113810.1
## 3  England 101536.8
## 120 England 136370.4
## 124 England 111149.5
## 183 England 115312.9
## 206 England 109026.8
## 227 England 106172.1
## 243 England 116144.9
## 274 England 111818.3
## 281 England 103875.8
```

```
delay_time = mutate(flights, delay_time=arr_time-sched_arr_time)
head(delay_time$delay_time, n=10)
```

6. Using the flights data set, create a new variable using existing variables (arr_time and sched_arr_time) and call it delay time.

```
## [1] 11 20 73 -18 -25 12 59 -14 -8 8
```