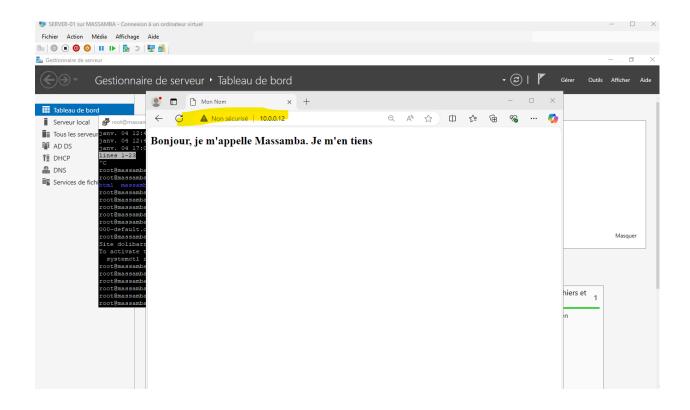
HTTP to HTTPS



Etape 1 : Activation de mod_SSL

sudo a2enmod ssl sudo systemctl restart apache2

```
root@massamba:/var/www/massamba# sudo a2enmod ssl
Considering dependency setenvif for ssl:
Module setenvif already enabled
Considering dependency mime for ssl:
Module mime already enabled
Considering dependency socache_shmcb for ssl:
Enabling module socache_shmcb.
Enabling module ssl.
See /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz on how to configure SSI
elf-signed certificates.
To activate the new configuration, you need to run:
   systemctl restart apache2
root@massamba:/var/www/massamba# systemctl reload apache2
root@massamba:/var/www/massamba#
```

Étape 2 – Création du certificat SSL

Commande:

sudo openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout /etc/ssl/private/apache-selfsigned.key -out /etc/ssl/certs/apache-selfsigned.crt

```
root@massamba: /var/www/massamba
                                                                    Х
                                                               ++++++++++++++++++++*
ou are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated?
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
for some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:FR
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Nord
Locality Name (eg, city) []:Valenciennes
Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:massamba
Email Address []:
oot@massamba:/var/www/massamba#
```

Ajouter dans le fichier de configuration du site concerné les lignes suivantes :

Étape 3 – Configuration d'Apache pour utiliser SSL

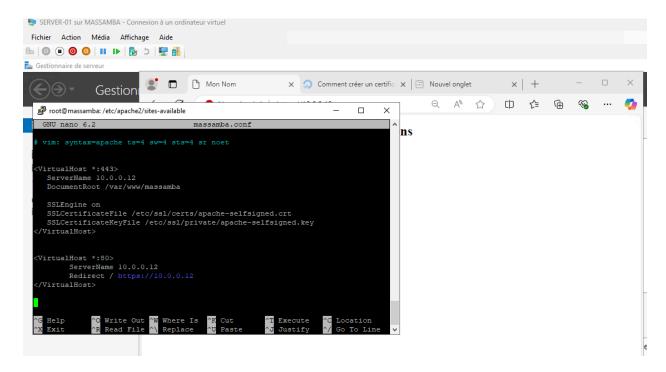
nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/massamba.conf

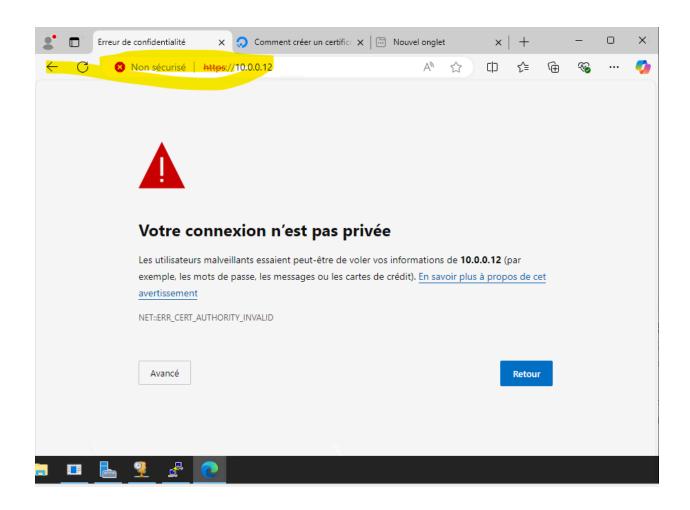
```
<VirtualHost *:443>
ServerName 10.0.0.12
DocumentRoot /var/www/massamba

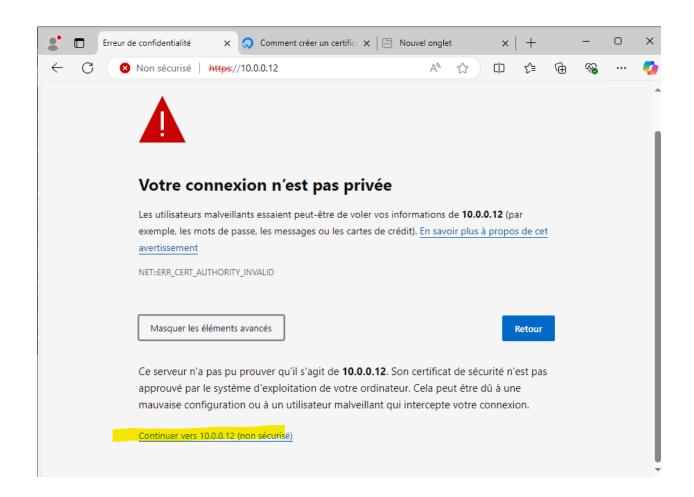
SSLEngine on
SSLCertificateFile /etc/ssl/certs/apache-selfsigned.crt
SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/ssl/private/apache-selfsigned.key
</VirtualHost>
```

Étape 4 — Redirection de HTTP vers HTTPS

```
<VirtualHost *:80>
ServerName 10.0.0.12
Redirect / https://10.0.0.12
</VirtualHost>
```









Source

https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-create-a-self-signed-ssl-certificate-for-apache-in-ubuntu-20-04-fr