#### SMZ

# ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

### 057 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

**TIME 2:30 HOURS** 

FRIDAY 1<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER, 2017 PM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer ALL questions in sections A and B and any three (3) questions in section C.
- 3. All answers must be written in the space provided.
- 4. Write your examination number on every page of this booklet.
- 5. Calculators and cellular phones are not allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Use blue or black pen in writing. The diagrams must be drawn in a pencil.

		FOR EXAMINE	R'S USE ONL	<b>′</b>	
QUESTION	MARKS	SIGNATURE	QUESTION	MARKS	SIGNATURE
NUMBER			NUMBER		
1			9		
2			10		
3			11		
4			12		
5			13		
6			14		
7			15		
8					
TOTAL		1	1		

This paper consists of 15 printed pages.

# SECTION A :( 10 Marks)

## **Answer ALL questions in this section**

1. For each of the items (i) $-$ (x) choose the correct answer and write its letter below the item number in the table provided at the end of this question.	
i). Two bulbs marked 200 watt-250 volts and 100 watt-250 volts are joined in se to 250 volts supply. Power consumed in a circuit is	ries
A. 33 watt B. 67 watt C. 100 watt D. 300 watt.	
ii) An insulator is a material that	
A. Allow current to flow through it	
B. Some time allow current to pass but some time do not	
C. Store electric charges	
D. Do not allow current to pass through it.	
iii) Which item below is not an accessory?	
A. Carbon B. Ceiling rose C. Socket outlet D. Switch	
iv) The specific resistance of a material is called	
A. Temperature coefficient of resistance B. Insulation	
C. Conductivity D. Reluctance	
v) A device that automatically control the main supply for a large heating circuit	
A. Triple pole switch B. Double pole switch	
C. Heavy fuse. D. Heat controller	
vi) The standard unit for resistivity is	
A. Ω B. Ωmm C. Ωm D. Am	

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vii) Which of the following statements is true	
A. Electric current is measured in Volts	
B. 200k $\mathbf{\Omega}$ is equivalent to 0.2M $\Omega$	
C. An electrical insulator has high resistance	
D. Electrical energy is measured in Watts	
viii) Engineering students should understand the worksh	nop safety rules in order to
A. Know workshop regulations	
B. Be familiar with safety rule	
C. Prevent accidents in a workshop	
D. Keep workshop environment clean	
ix) Is not a method of generating electric energy	
A. Natural gas	B. Geothermal
C. Electrolysis	D. Nuclear.
x) Is not necessary during the process of soldering.	
<ul><li>A. Soldering gun</li><li>C. Electric switch</li></ul>	B. Solder D. Soldering flux

### **ANSWERS**

Item number	i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	Х

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# SECTION B: (30 Marks) Answer ALL questions in this section.

	son standing on the general mass of earth touches a phase conductor on a 240V
	$\gamma$ . If the resistance of the circuit is 48K $\Omega$ which is mainly his body resistance, ate the current flowing through his body.
Calcul	ate the current howing through his body.
Calcula	ate the maximum allowable voltage drop of the following supplies,
	i) 415V
	·
	,
ii)	132KV
iii	) 240 V.
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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. The m	nost widely used system is 3-phase 4 wire, why?
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5.	a) D	Define a switch.	
			_
	b) N	lame three types of switches that are commonly used in domestic lighting	
	cii	ircuits.	
			_
6.	What o	do the following abbreviations stand for?	
		i) PVC	
		ii) trs	
		iii) SPN	_
			_
	7.	a) Define the term cable.	
			_
		b) Identify three (3) main parts of a cable.	

h\ \\/;+h	overnous define the term "access		
b) with 	examples, define the term "accesso		
) State	the function of each of the following	g devices.	
i) C	ircuit breaker		
ii)	Switch.		
b) Na	me any two (2) characteristics of a	series circuit.	
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10.	a) Nam	e the type of switch suitable for controlling the light from two different positions.
	_	
	b) How	many switches are required to control light from two different positions?
11.	a) List (	down two (2) common insulating materials.
b)	Sketche	es the symbol of
	i)	Earth
	ii)	Battery

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# **SECTION C: (60 Marks)**

# Answer any three (3) questions from this section.

12. a) Design a circuit which may be used to control two lamps from three positions.

different

ii) Two ways- switching circuit  iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.	ii) Two ways- switching circuit		Briefly explain the following types of circuits.
			i) One way- switching circuit
iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.	iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.		ii) Two ways- switching circuit
iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.	iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.		
iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.	iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.		
iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.	iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.		
iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.	iii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.		
		i	ii) Two ways- switch with intermediate switching circuit.
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13.	Draw a well labeled diagram of a supply transformer which is suitable for factories and
	private houses.

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a) W	) What is the temperature coefficient of a material?			
b)	i) The resistance of coil of a copper wire at $0^{\circ}$ C is $10\Omega$ .Calculate the resista of the same wire at $30^{\circ}$ C. $\propto = 0.004 \Omega/\Omega^{\circ}$ C			
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ii)	The field coil of a motor has resistance of $200\Omega$ at $20^{\circ}$ C. What will be the
	resistance at 40°C?
 5.	a) Give three differences between Ammeter and Voltmeter.
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o) \	With the aid of diagram, explain the method which is used to determine the ohmic value of	
ā	a particular component using an Ammeter and Voltmeter which are connected in a circuit.	


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