SMZ

ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

042 PHYSICS

TIME: 2:30 Hours THURSDAY 30TH NOVEMBER, 2017 a.m

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This paper consists of THREE (3) sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer ALL questions in section A and B; and any TWO (2) in section C. Question NINE (9) is compulsory.
- 3. Write your examination number on each page.
- 4. Write your answers in the space provided.
- 5. Cellular phones are not allowed in the examination room
- 6. Where necessary the following constant may be used.
 - i) Acceleration due to gravity, $g=10m/s^2$ ii) Pie, $\pi=3.14$

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY							
QUESTION NUMBER	MARKS	SIGNATURE					
1.							
2.							
3.							
4.							
5.							
6.							
7.							
8.							
9.							
10							
11.							
TOTAL							

This paper consists of 18 printed pages

SECTION A: (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section

1.

Write	the let	ter of the mos	st cor	ect answer ir	the bo	ox below.			
i)	A car moving at a speed of 30m/s is brought to rest in 10 seconds, retardation of the car is								
	A.	1m/s ²	В. З	300m/s ²	C.	3m/s	D.	20m	ı/s
ii)	For m	oving body freed	om re	st or for stop	ping fro	om motio	n,		
	A.	force	В.	mass	C.	time	D.	dire	ction
iii)	The v	alue of accele	ration	due to gravit	ty				
	A.	same everyv	vhere		В.	8.9m/	s^2		
	C.	change from	place	e to place	D.	change	e at ni	ght	
iv)	A bod A.	y at rest can l speed	have B.	velocity	C.	mome	ntum	D.	energy
v)	Mediu	ım through wl	nich li	ght cannot pa	iss is c	alled			
	A.	transparent	В.	opaque	C.	translu	icent	D.	alloy
vi)	Electr	ic current is p	roduc	ed by flow of					
	A.	electrons	В.	protons	C.	neutro	ns	D.	nucleons
vii)	Energ	y due to moti	on						
	A. C.	Potential energy			B. D.	Thermal Nuclear	_	•	
viii)	The le	ength of 6.4m	is eq	ual to					
	A.	64cm	В.	640cm	C.	6400cr	m	D.	0.64cm

- The turning effect of force about a point ix)
 - A. Archimedes principle
- B. centre of gravity
- principle of moment C.
- D. moment of force
- A lever which has its fulcrum between the load and X) effort is called
 - A. first class

- B. no class C. third class D. second class

ANSWERS

Ī	i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	Х

2. Match each item in **LIST A** with a correct response in **LIST B** by writing its letter in the table below.

	LIST A		LIST B
i)	Geothermal energy	A.	Falling of ocean water
ii)	Renewable energy	B.	Inexhaustible
iii)	Wind energy		Energy from the sun
"")	willia chergy	D.	Energy from the fire wood
iv)	Low tide	E.	Energy from underground hot rock
v)	Water energy	F.	Energy from fossils
	Nuclear energy	G.	Energy from batteries
vi)	Nuclear energy	Н.	Energy from the nucleus
vii)	Non renewable Energy	I.	Air current energy
viii)	Solar energy	J.	Hydroelectric energy
ix)	Solar cell	K.	Energy from the coal
,		L.	Exhausted
x)	High tide	М.	Device which harnesses solar energy
		N.	Rising of ocean water
		Ο.	Energy from charcoal

ANSWERS

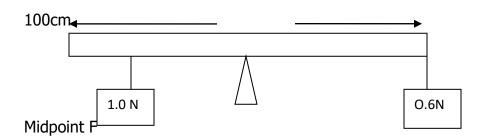
LIST	Ą	i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	X
LIST	В										

3.	Fill t	he correct answer in the blank spaces provided.									
	i)	The tendency of liquid to rise in narrow tubes or to be									
		drawn into a small opening is									
	ii)	The people who study and work professionally in the field of physics are									
		called									
	iii)	Mass of a body has the value at all places.									
	iv)	Force of attraction on a body toward centre of the earth is called									
	v)	A moving body posses energy.									
	iv)	Theabout the point is equal to the sum of									
		about the same point.									
	vii)	Light can pass wholly through medium.									
	viii)	A body falling on the ground, while reaching the ground it gains									
		energy.									
	ix)	Current electricity is formed when charges in a									
		conductor.									
	x)	Work is a quantity.									
		SECTION B: (50 Marks)									
		Answer ALL questions in this section									
4.	a)	i) State the factors that affect the stability of a body.									

ii) Outline three (3) types of equilibrium.

b) Explain briefly why luggage compartments are placed at the bottom of the bus.

c) A meter rule (100cm) is pivoted at midpoint. A 0.6Nweight is suspended from one end as shown in the figure below . How far from the other end must 1.0N weight be suspended for the meter rule to balance?



			Candidate's Examination Number
5.	a)	i)	State the law of polarity
		ii)	Use a clear diagram to illustrate the law of polarity.

υу	using	diagran	n, briefly	explain	how neu	ıtral poir	nt can be	e formed.
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Οι	ut line	three (3	3) applica	ations of	the eart	th magne	etic field	
			1					

6.	a)	Distin	guish the following terms.
		i)	Cohesion and adhesion
		ii)	Elastic material and plastic material
			-
	b)	Outlin	ne two (2) applications of diffusion.

Candidate's Examination Number_____ If an object with a mass of 5000g hung from the spring. c) How far (in meter) would it stretch? (Given force constant of k=25). State ohm's law. a) i) ii) What factors do the resistance of the conductors depend on?

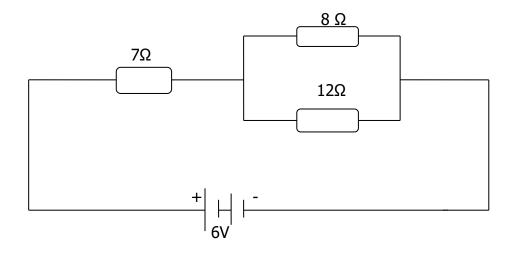
7.

b)

i)	Will the current flow more easily through thick or thin wire of the
	same material when connected to the same source?

i) Give a reason of your answer.

c) In circuit diagram given below,



Find

- i) Total resistance of the circuit
- ii) Total current flowing in the circuit

	Candidate 3 Examination Number
a)	Define the following terms.
	i) Clinical thermometer
	ii) Six's thermometer
b)	List down two (2) precautions during the use of clinical thermometer.
c.)	Convert (i) 58°C to °F

	Candidate's Examination Number					
(ii) 100°C	Cinto ⁰F					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

SECTION C: (20 Marks)

Answer **ANY TWO (2)** questions in this section, Question 9 is **COMPULSORY** The question has two (2) items (9a) and (9b). Answer either item (9a) or (9b)

9. a) Fill in the gaps with the correct response

	NAME OF THE DEVICE	SKETCH	USES	PHYSICAL EFFECT/PRINCIPLE
a	Rheostat			
b				
С	Simple pendulum			
d				
е	Plane mirror			

b) In the experiment to determine the density of the materials of one hundred shilling coins, the following results were obtained:

• diameter (d) of the coin = 2.42 cm

• thickness (t) of the coin = 0.22 cm

The table of the results shown below

Number of	2	5	8	11	14
coins, n					
Mass, m of	15	45	70	104	125
the coins (g)					

- i) Plot a graph of mass of the coin (vertical axis) against number (n) of coins (horizontal axis) on the graph paper.
- ii) Determine the slope of the graph.

iii) Find the density (D) of the material of the coins where by $D=\frac{4S}{\pi d^2t}$

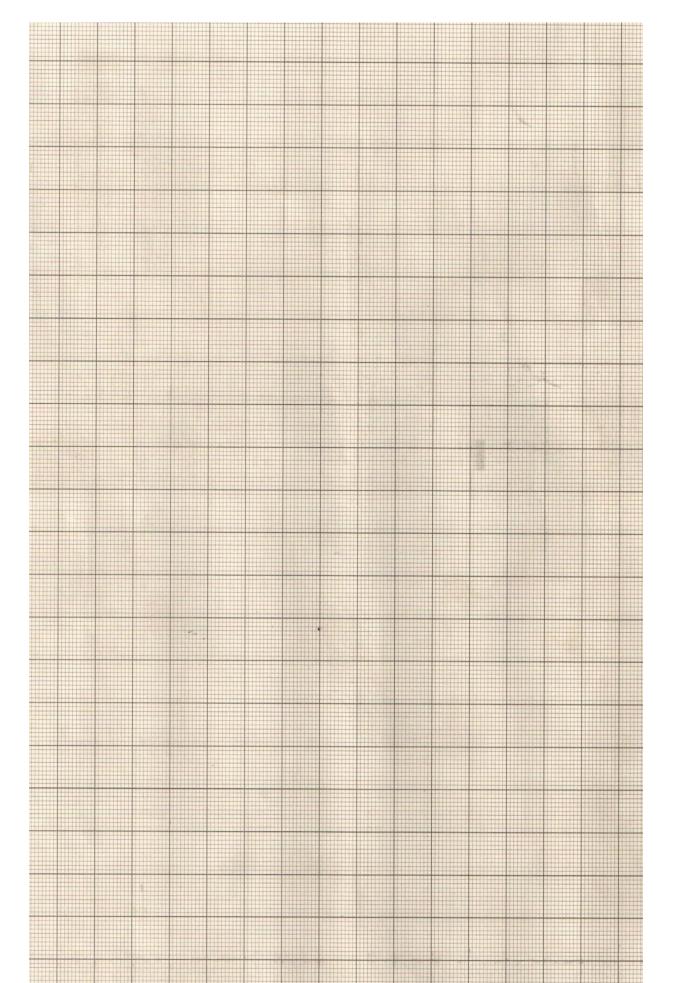
	 	

10. a) State Newton's second law of motion.

	D)	Expic	an rour (4) important applications of impulse (Newton's Second law
		of m	notion) in our daily life.
11.	a)	Defin	ne the following terms
		i)	Pressure
			-
		ii)	Thrust

Candidate's Examination Number_____ Explain four (4) situations in which pressure is applied. b)

Candidate's	Examination	Number	•	



Candidate's Examination Number_	

ROUGH WORK

Candidate's Examination Number_	