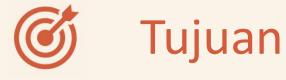
## DASAR PEMROGRAMAN

## Pertemuan XII





- Mahasiswa mampu melakukan pencarian elemen di dalam array dengan algoritma pencarian tertentu.
- Mahasiswa mampu melakukan pencarian nilai dalam suatu array.





Materi

**Linear Search** 

**Binary Search** 

## LINEAR SEARCH

Linear Search or Sequential Search sequentially checks each element of the list until a match is found or the whole list has been searched.

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1

2 if L[i] = x

3 index_found = i
```

 54
 17
 20
 26
 31
 44
 54
 55

i = 0

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1

2 if L[i] = x

3 index_found = i
```

i= 1

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1

2 if L[i] = x

3 index_found = i
```

 54
 17
 20
 26
 31
 44
 54
 55

i=2

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1

2 if L[i] = x

3 index_found = i
```

$$i=3$$

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1

2 if L[i] = x

3 index_found = i
```

 54
 17
 20
 26
 31
 44
 54
 55

i= 4

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1

2 if L[i] = x

3 index_found = i
```

i= 5 index\_found = 5

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1
2 if L[i] = x
3 index_found = i
```

**54** 17 20 26 31 44 54 55

i= 6
index\_found = 5

```
SEARCH (L)

1 for i = 0 to n - 1
2 if L[i] = x
3 index_found = i
```

 54
 17
 20
 26
 31
 44
 53
 55
 ?

 54
 17
 54
 26
 31
 44
 54
 55
 ?

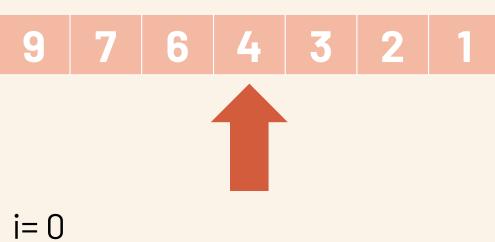
## BINARY SEARCH



Binary search is an efficient algorithm for finding an item from a sorted list of items. It works by repeatedly dividing in half the portion of the list that could contain the item, until you've narrowed down the possible locations to just one.

```
BINARY SEARCH ()
1 \quad i = 0
2 \quad j = n
3 	ext{ found} = false
4 while found = false and i <= j
   k = (i + j) / 2
    if L[k] = x
    found = true
8 Else if L[k] < x
      j = k - 1
10 else
  i = k + 1
12 if found = true
13 \qquad idx = k
14 else
15 \qquad idx = -1
```

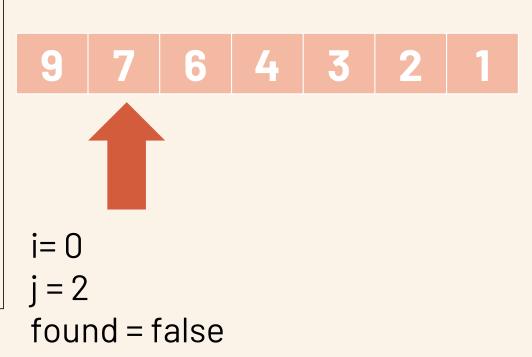
6



$$j = 7$$
  
found = false

```
BINARY SEARCH ()
1 \quad i = 0
2 \quad j = n
3 	ext{ found} = false
4 while found = false and i <= j
   k = (i + j) / 2
    if L[k] = x
    found = true
8 Else if L[k] < x
9
      j = k - 1
10 else
  i = k + 1
11
12 if found = true
13 \qquad idx = k
14 else
15 \qquad idx = -1
```

6



```
BINARY SEARCH ()
1 \quad i = 0
2 \quad j = n
3 	ext{ found} = false
4 while found = false and i <= j
   k = (i + j) / 2
    if L[k] = x
    found = true
8 Else if L[k] < x
      j = k - 1
10 else
11 	 i = k + 1
12 if found = true
13 \qquad idx = k
14 else
15 \qquad idx = -1
```

6

