

3. Make changes to the code

```
HACK HACK HACK
```

See a summary of your changes:

```
$ git status
# On branch master
# Changed but not updated:
# (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
# (use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in the working directory)
# modified: rat/rat.cc
#
no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")
```

Look at the diff:

```
$ git diff
diff --git a/rat/rat.cc b/rat/rat.cc
index fd4bf25..7025af9 100644
--- a/rat/rat.cc
+++ b/rat/rat.cc
@@ -67,7 +67,7 @@ int main (int argc, char** argv)

parse_command_line(argc, argv);
- info << "This is SNO+ RAT, version " << RATVERSIONSTR << "." << RATREVISIONSTR <<newline;
+ info << "This is SNOT RAT, version " << RATVERSIONSTR << "." << RATREVISIONSTR <<newline;
//Hostname and machine probing.
struct utsname nameinfo;</pre>
```

Tip: git is far more powerful than SVN. For more information on the many git features and subcommands, see http://help.github.com/git-cheat-sheets/