

# Maxwell equations applied to Mie scattering theory

GONIN Alexis

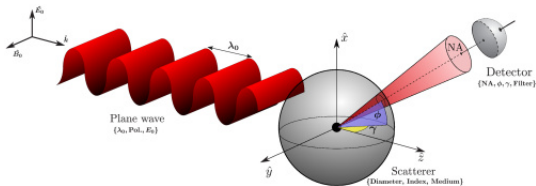
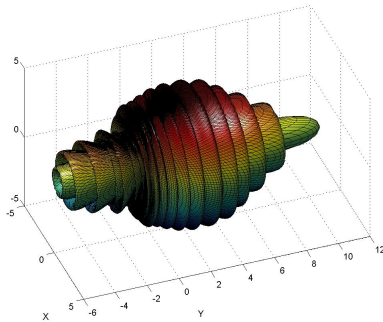
University of Strasbourg

24th of Mars

# Mie scattering theory

Maxwell  
equations  
applied to Mie  
scattering  
theory

GONIN Alexis



# Maxwell equations

Maxwell  
equations  
applied to Mie  
scattering  
theory

GONIN Alexis

$$\operatorname{div}(\vec{E}) = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0} \quad \operatorname{rot}(\vec{E}) = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t}$$

(Maxwell-Gauss)    (Maxwell-Faraday)

$$\operatorname{div}(\vec{B}) = 0 \quad \operatorname{rot}(\vec{B}) = \mu_0 \vec{J} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \vec{E}}{\partial t}$$

(Maxwell-Flux)    (Maxwell-Ampère)

# Modeling incrementation

Maxwell  
equations  
applied to Mie  
scattering  
theory

GONIN Alexis

- 1 wave 1 particle
- 2D / 3D
- non spherical particle
- multiple particles/waves

## 1 Feel++

- Coefficient forms in PDE (Partial Differential Equation)
- 

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (-c \nabla u - \alpha u + \gamma) + \beta \cdot \nabla u + au = f \text{ dans } \Omega$$

## 2 Paraview

# Biblio

- <https://opg.optica.org/optcon/fulltext.cfm?uri=optcon-2-3-520id=526697>
- <https://www.techno-science.net/glossaire-definition/Theorie-de-Mie.html>
- <https://jeretiens.net/les-4-equations-de-maxwell/>