

# Physics-informed digital twin for wind turbine main bearing fatigue

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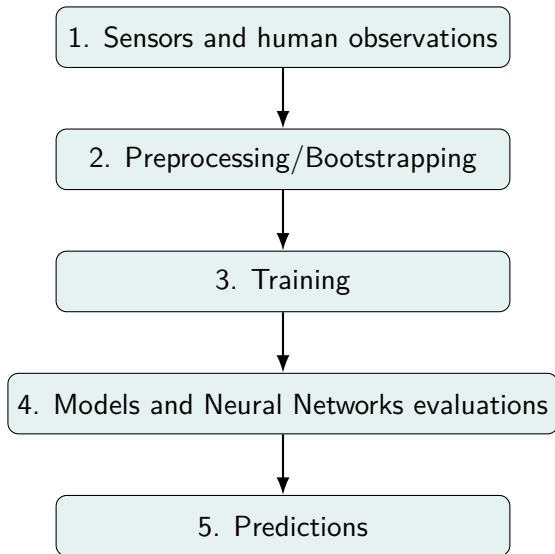
# Problem and context

- Bearing fatigue is a major cause of wind turbine failures, leading to significant downtime and repair costs.
- As wind turbines are often located in remote or offshore areas, accessing them for maintenance can be challenging and expensive.

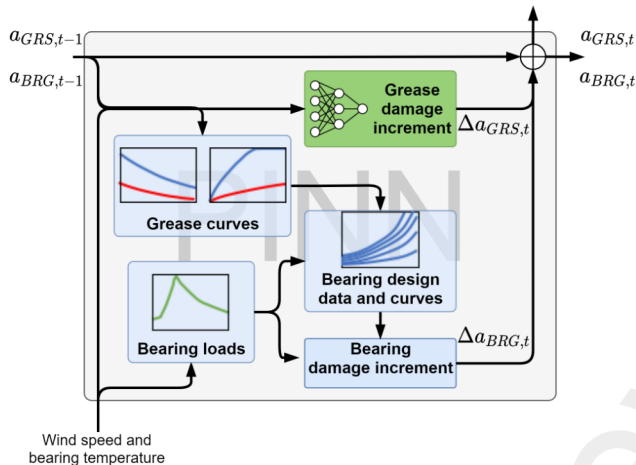
# Objectives of the digital twin

- Predict potential failures in wind turbine main bearings.
- Optimize maintenance schedules based on real-time data.
- Reduce operational costs through improved efficiency.

# Pipeline



# Methods and models



**Figure:** Hybrid physics-informed neural network modeling using recurrent neural networks. Blue boxes represent reduced-order physics-informed kernels and green boxes are data-driven kernels. [1]

$$\Delta a_{\text{BRG}}(t) = \frac{1}{c_1 c_2(t)} P(t) C_1^{10^3}, \quad (1)$$

$$P(t) = f_1(V_W(t)), \quad (2)$$

$$c_2(t) = f_2(P(t), \eta_c(t), \nu(t)), \quad (3)$$

$$\eta_c(t) = f_3(\nu(t), a_{\text{GRS}}(t)), \quad (4)$$

$$\nu(t) = f_4(T_{\text{BRG}}(t), a_{\text{GRS}}(t)). \quad (5)$$

with  $a_{\text{BRG}}$  the bearing degradation;  $a_{\text{GRS}}$  the grease degradation;  $c_1$  a factor based on reliability level;  $c_2$  an adjustment factor based on lubricant condition (see Fig. 3b);  $P$  the dynamic bearing load (see Fig. 3a);  $C$  the design load rating;  $\eta_c$  the grease contamination factor;  $\nu$  the grease viscosity;  $V_W$  the wind speed;  $T_{\text{BRG}}$  the bearing temperature;  $f_1 \dots f_4(\cdot)$  functions defining the models for different components of the bearing damage.

Grease degradation is evaluated using a neural network.

$$\Delta a_{\text{GRS}}(t) = \text{MLP}(V_W(t), T_{\text{BRG}}(t), a_{\text{GRS}}(t-1); \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{b}) \quad (6)$$



- SCADA (supervisory control and data acquisition); available on board; wind speed and bearing temperature; measured every 10 minutes but no history available. → Can be used for online evaluations.
- NREL database: wind speed and ambient temperature every hour for 7 years → Can be used for offline Training.
- NREL database is used to artificially create SCADA data for 30 simulated years via bootstrapping strategies.
- History of grease quality inspection done by humans are available to train the neural network.

# Data budget table

Hypothetical example for one wind turbine with 4 thermometers and 1 anemometer. Note that 1 anemometer can be used for several wind turbines in a wind farm.

Sensor	#	Freq. (m/hour)	Size (B/sample)	bitrate (B/hour)	Volume/day (kB)
thermometer	4	6	8	192	4,608
anemometer	1	6	8	48	1,152



# Transferability and deployment





Yigit A. Yucesan and Felipe A.C. Viana.

Physics-informed digital twin for wind turbine main bearing fatigue: Quantifying uncertainty in grease degradation.

*Applied Soft Computing*, 149:110921, 2023.

[1]