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“본 강의 동영상 및 자료는 대한민국 저작권법을 준수합니다. 본 강의 동영상 및 자료는 상명대학교 재학생들의 수업목적으로 제작·배포되는 것이므로, 수업목적으로 내려받은 강의 동영상 및 자료는 수업목적 이외에 다른 용도로 사용할 수 없으며, 다른 장소 및 타인에게 복제, 전송하여 공유할 수 없습니다. 이를 위반해서 발생하는 모든 법적 책임은 행위 주체인 본인에게 있습니다.”

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## 3.3 Sorting

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- Problem:
  - Arrange the elements of a set in an ascending (or descending) order
  - [2, 1, 4, 3, 7, 5, 6] → [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
- Sorting algorithms
  - $O(n^2)$  algorithms for pairwise comparison
    - Bubble sort
    - Insertion sort
    - Selection sort
    - .....
  - Can it be faster? → Use divide & conquer
    - Merge sort
    - Quick sort

## 3.3 Sorting

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- Merge sort
  - Given a sequent of  $n$  elements  $\{ a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \}$ , split them into two set.
  - Sort each set individually and merge them to produce a single sorted sequence of  $n$  elements.
  - Three steps
    - Divide
      - Split the list into two halves
    - Conquer
      - Recursively sort each half
    - Combine
      - Merge the two sorted sublists

## 3.3 Sorting

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- Merge sort (Divide & Conquer)

```
void msort( int s, int e, int A[] )
{
    if ( s == e )
        return;
    m ← (s+e)/2;
    msort ( s, m, A );
    msort ( m+1, e, A );
    merge ( s, m, m+1, e, A );
}
```

## 3.3 Sorting

- Merge sort (Divide & Conquer)

```
void merge( int ls, int le, int rs, int re, int A[] )
{
    int lptr = ls, rptr = rs, bptr = 0;
    int *B = (int *) calloc ((le - ls)+(re - rs)+2, sizeof(int));

    while ( lptr <= le && rptr <= re ) {
        if ( A[lptr] < A[rptr] )
            B[bptr++] = A[lptr++];
        else
            B[bptr++] = A[rptr++];
    }
    if ( lptr > le )
        for ( int i = rptr; i <= re; i++ )
            B[bptr++] = A[i];
    if ( rptr > re )
        for ( int i = lptr; i <= le; i++ )
            B[bptr++] = A[i];
    A ← B;
}
```

## 3.3 Sorting

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- Merge sort (Check three points)

```
void msort( int s, int e, int A[] )
{
    if ( s == e )
        return;
    m ← (s+e)/2;
    msort ( s, m, A );
    msort ( m+1, e, A );
    merge ( s, m, m+1, e, A );
}
```

## 3.3 *Sorting*

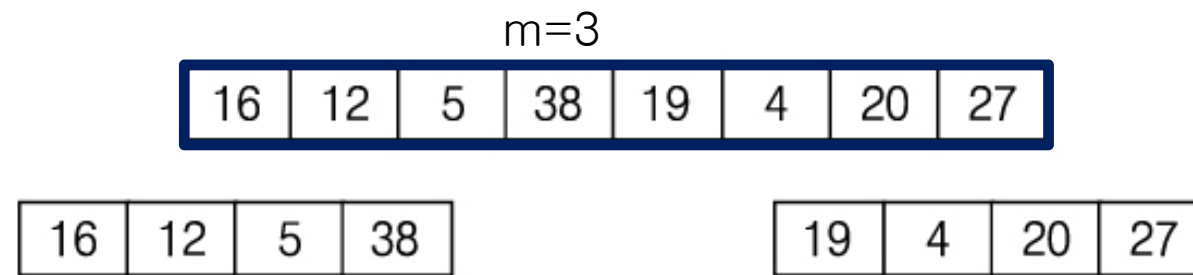
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- Merge sort (Example)

16	12	5	38	19	4	20	27
----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----

```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
    m = 3;
```

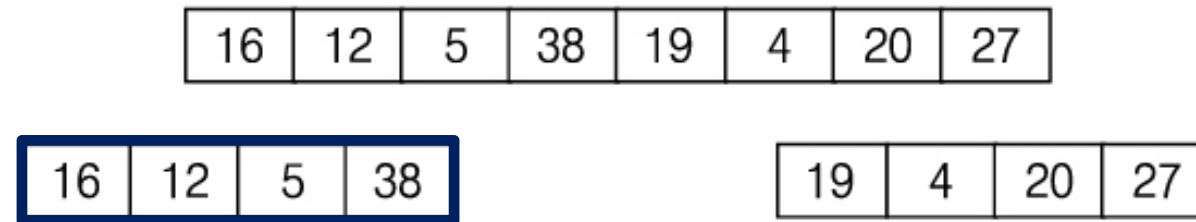
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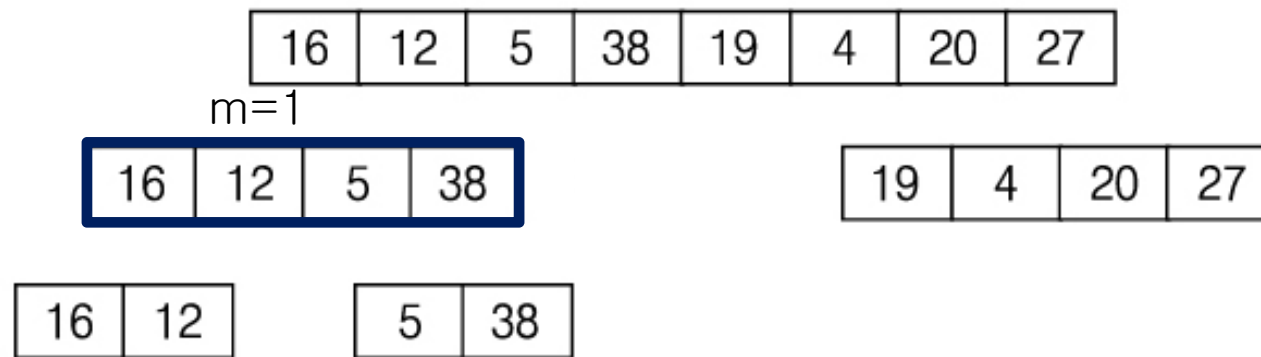
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
    m = 3;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );
```

---



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;
```

---



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );
```

---

16	12	5	38	19	4	20	27
----	----	---	----	----	---	----	----

16	12	5	38
----	----	---	----

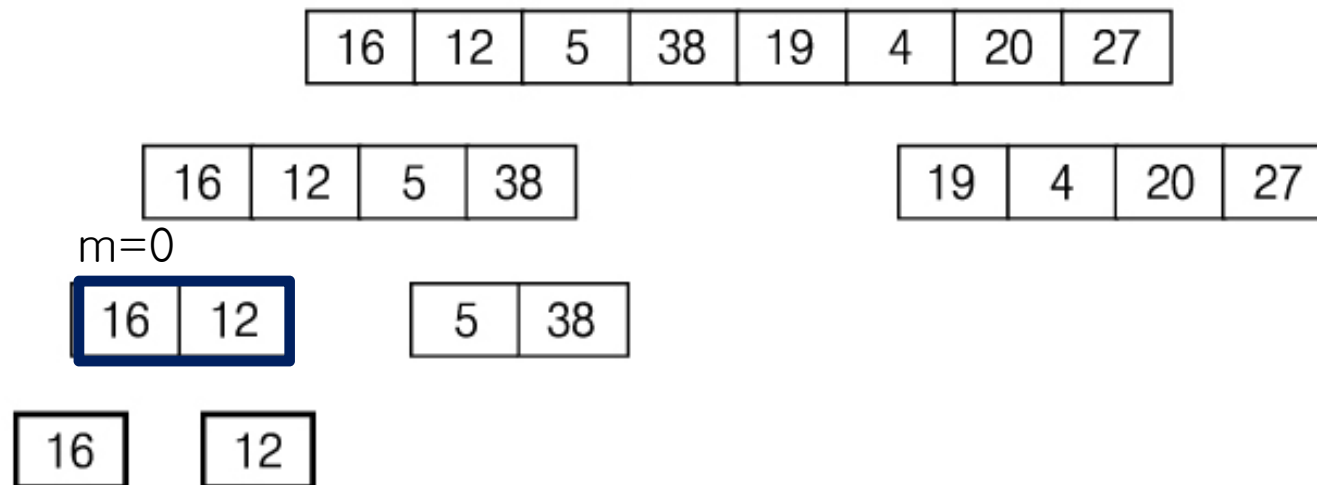
19	4	20	27
----	---	----	----

16	12
----	----

5	38
---	----

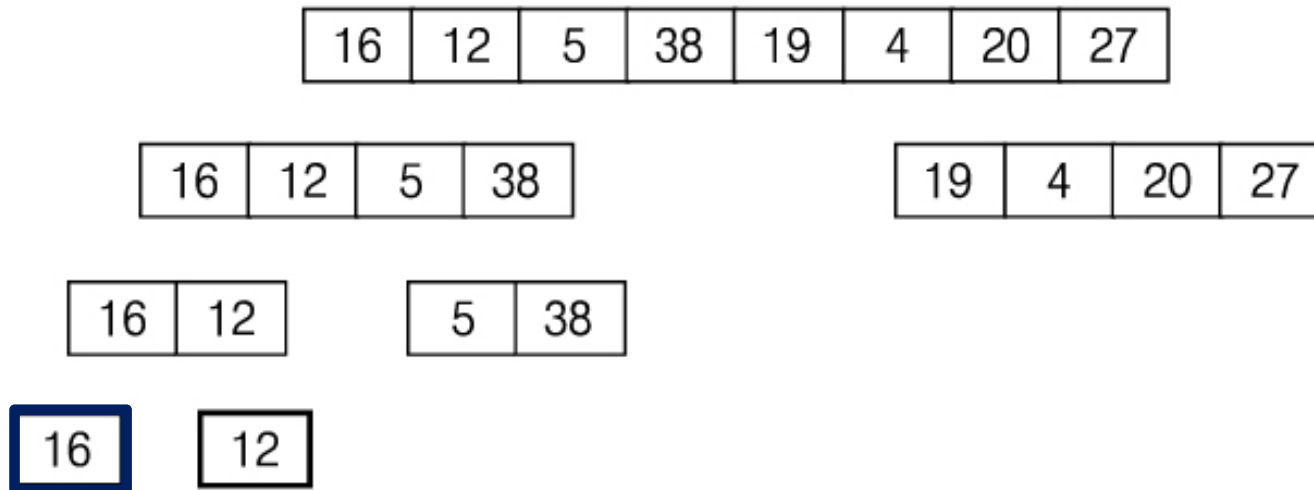
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );  
      m = 0;
```

---



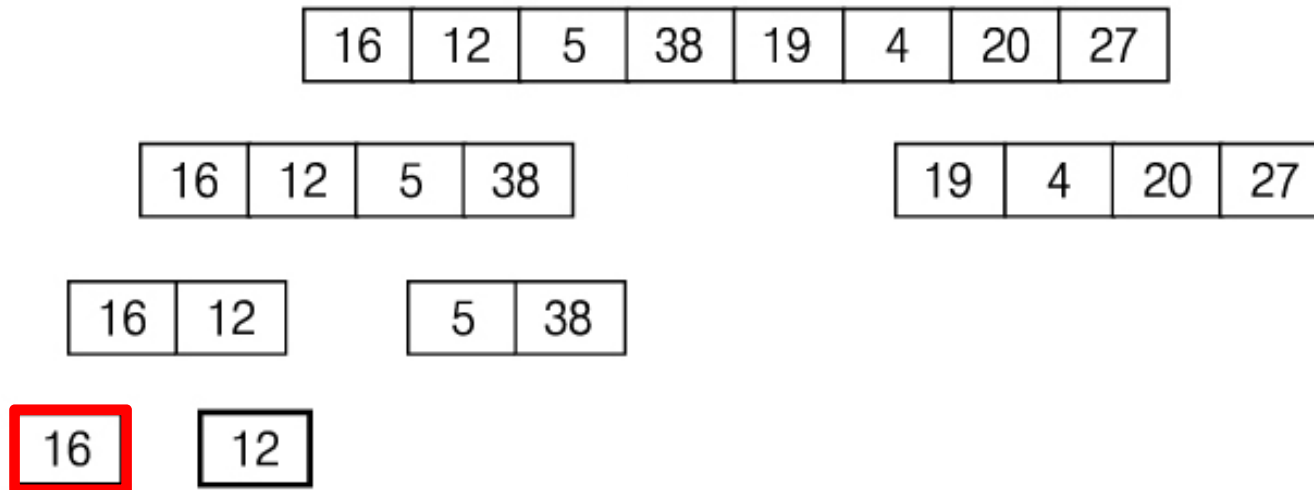
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );  
      m = 0;  
      merge_sort ( 0, 0, a );
```

---



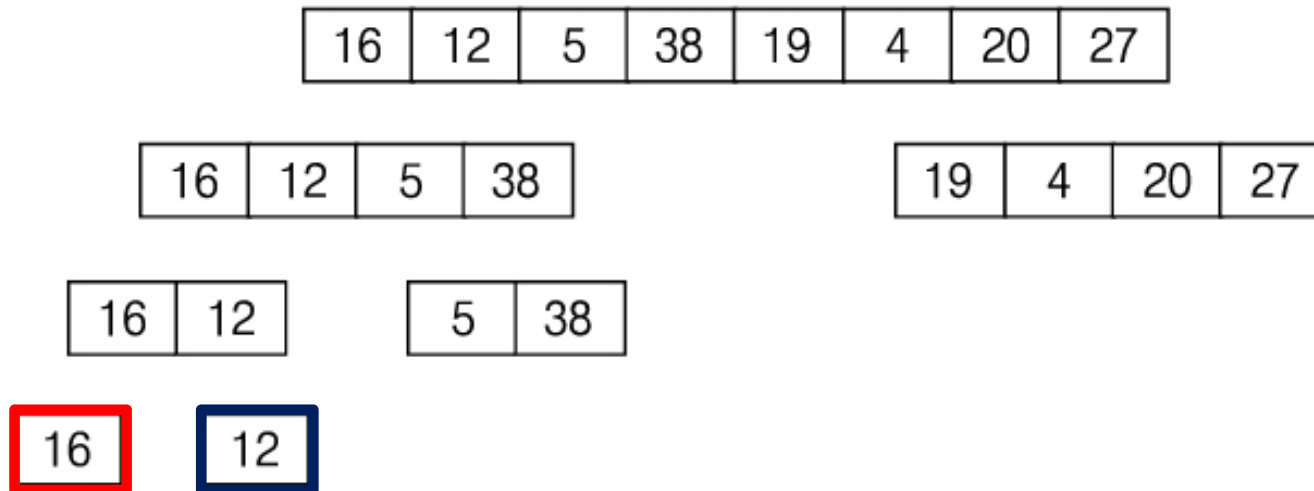
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );  
      m = 0;  
      merge_sort ( 0, 0, a ); → sorted
```

---



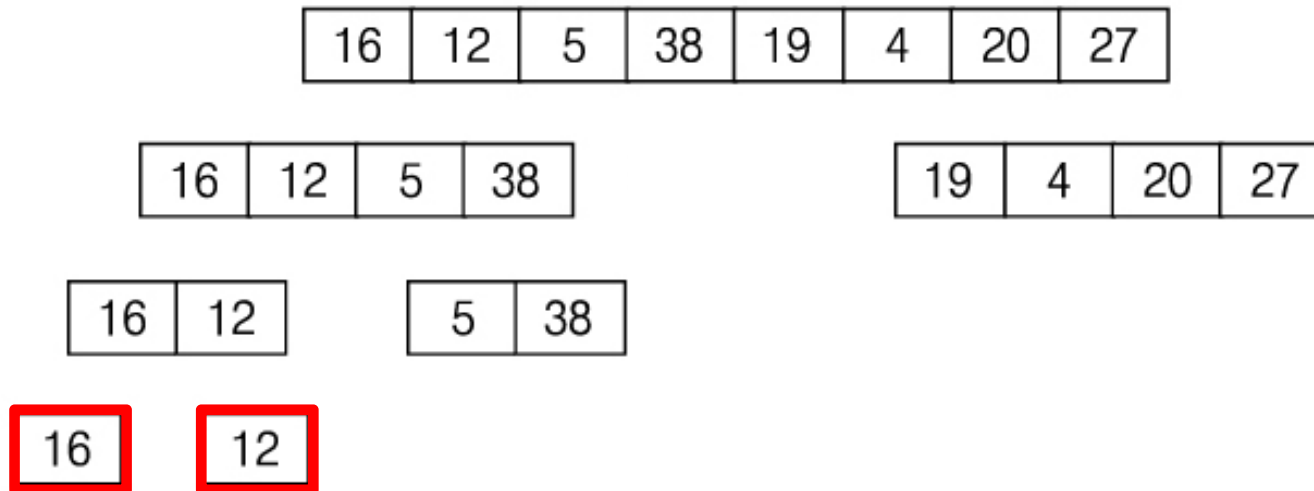
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );  
      m = 0;  
      merge_sort ( 0, 0, a ); → sorted  
      merge_sort ( 1, 1, a );
```

---



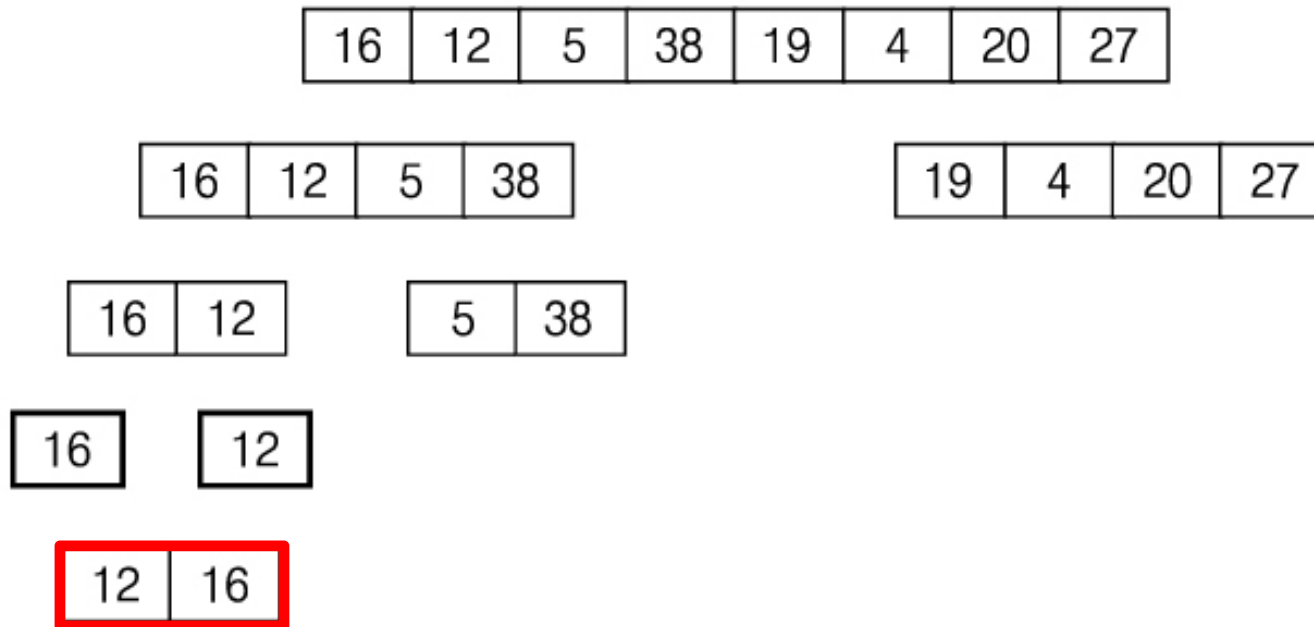
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );  
      m = 0;  
      merge_sort ( 0, 0, a ); → sorted  
      merge_sort ( 1, 1, a ); → sorted
```

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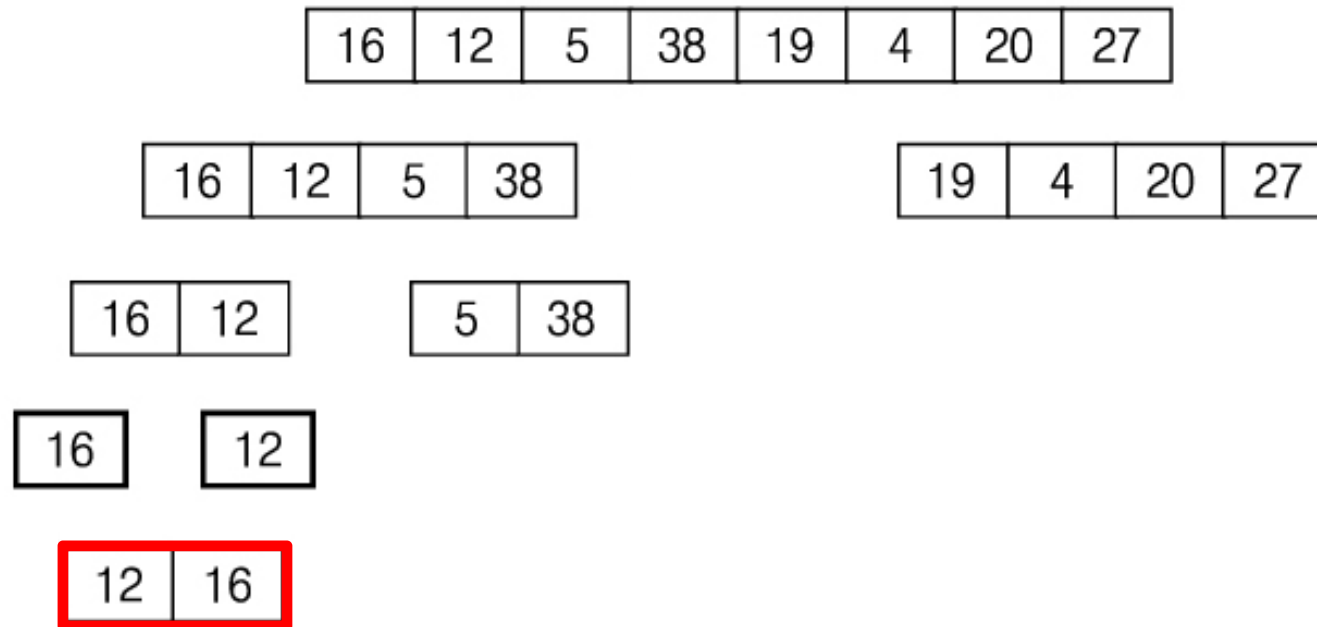


```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a );  
      m = 0;  
      merge_sort ( 0, 0, a ); → sorted  
      merge_sort ( 1, 1, a ); → sorted  
      merge ( 0, 0, 1, 1, a );
```



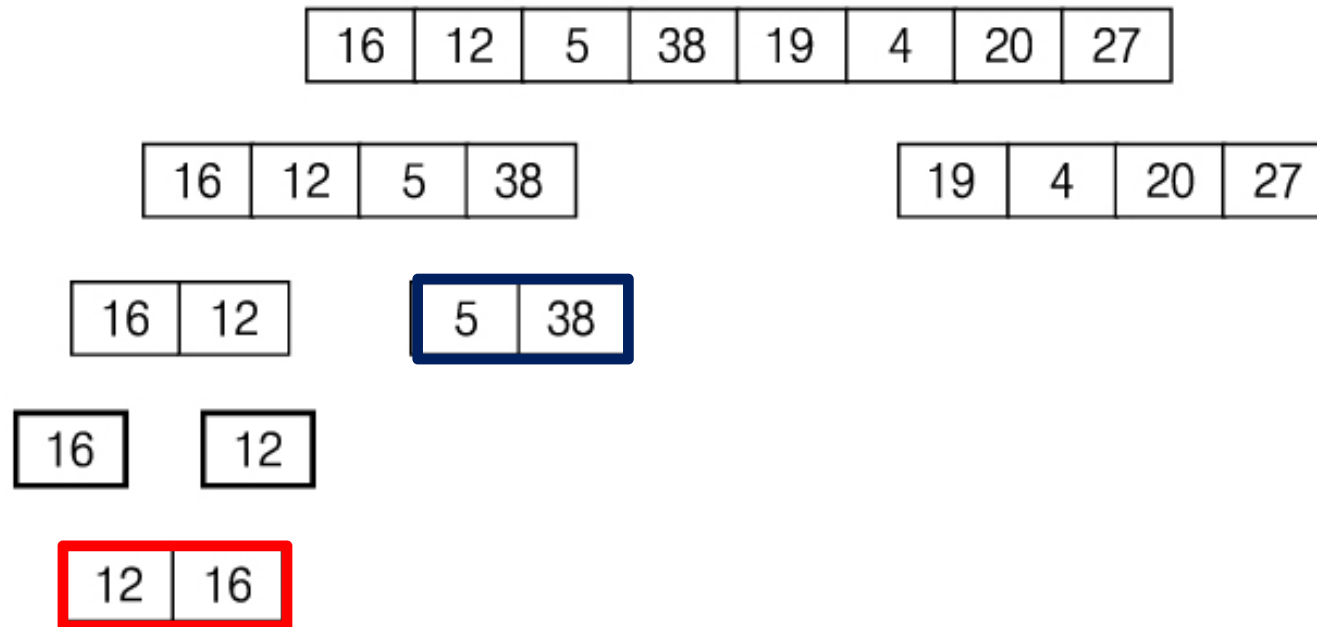
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted
```

---



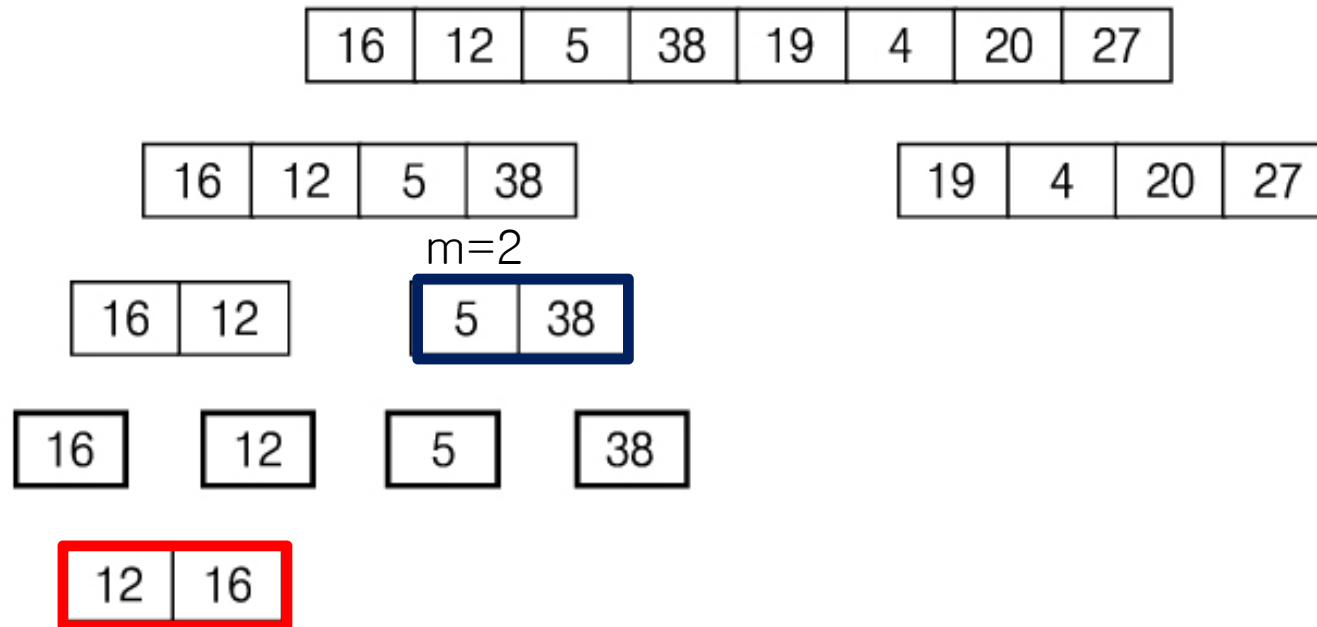
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted  
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );
```

---

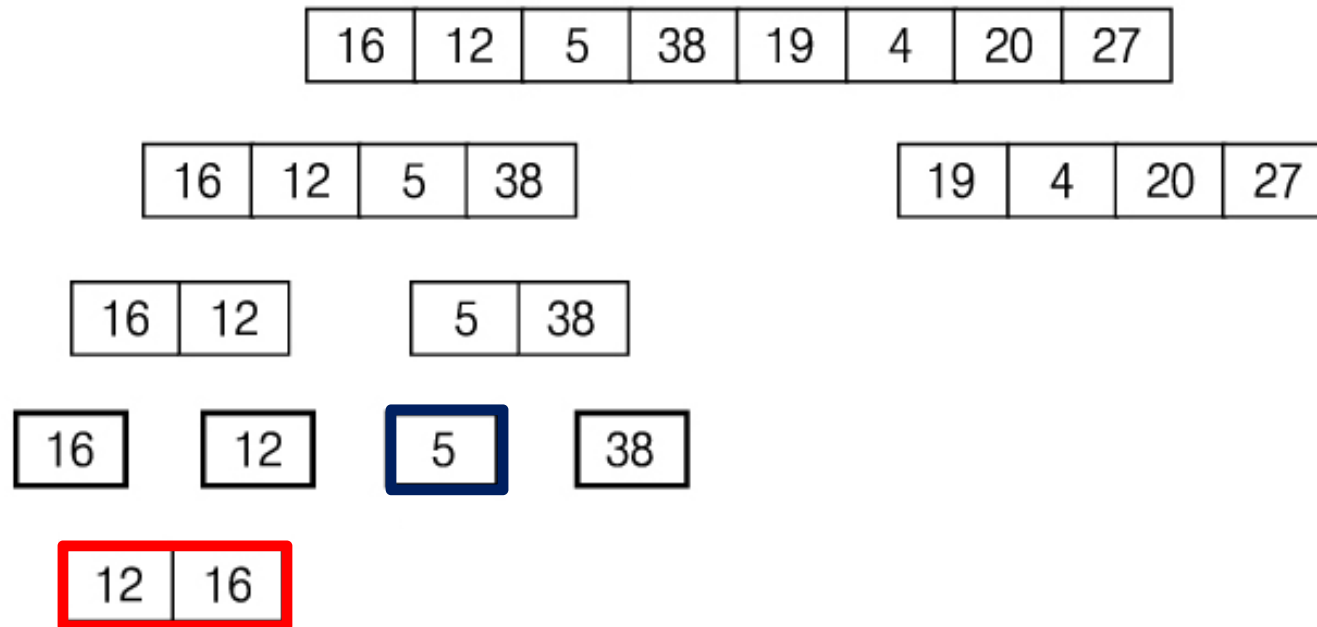


```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted  
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );  
      m = 2;
```

---

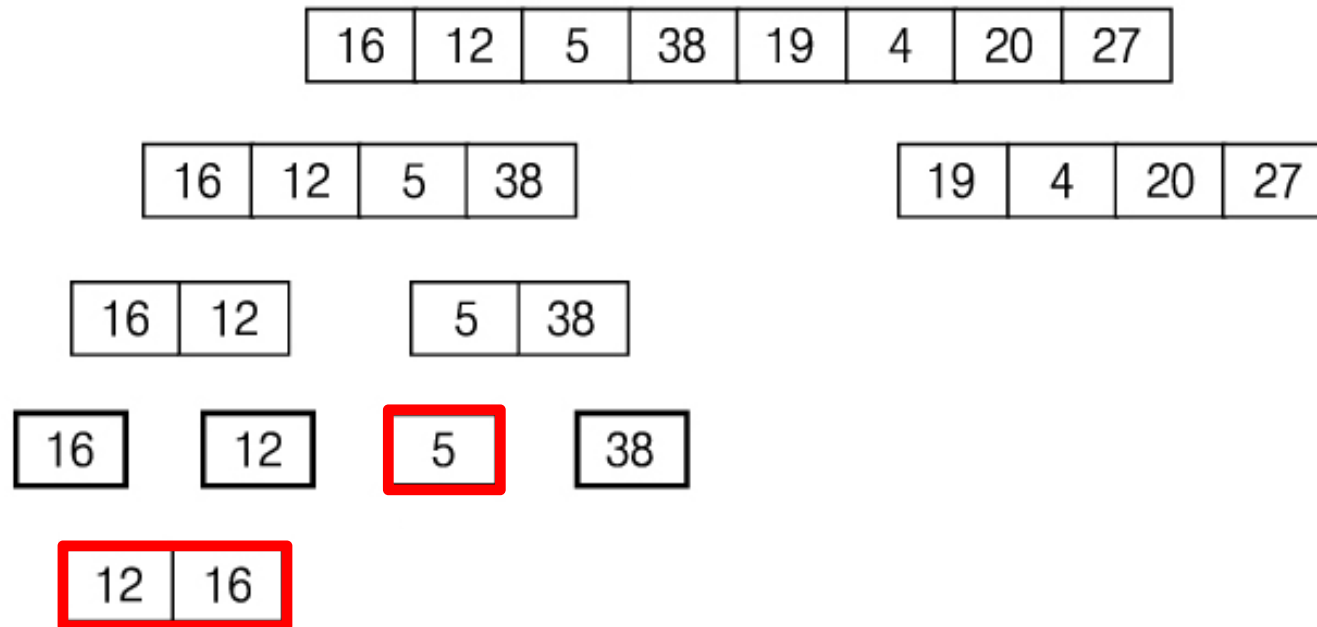


```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );  
    m = 2;  
    merge_sort ( 2, 2, a );
```



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );  
    m = 2;  
    merge_sort ( 2, 2, a ); → sorted
```

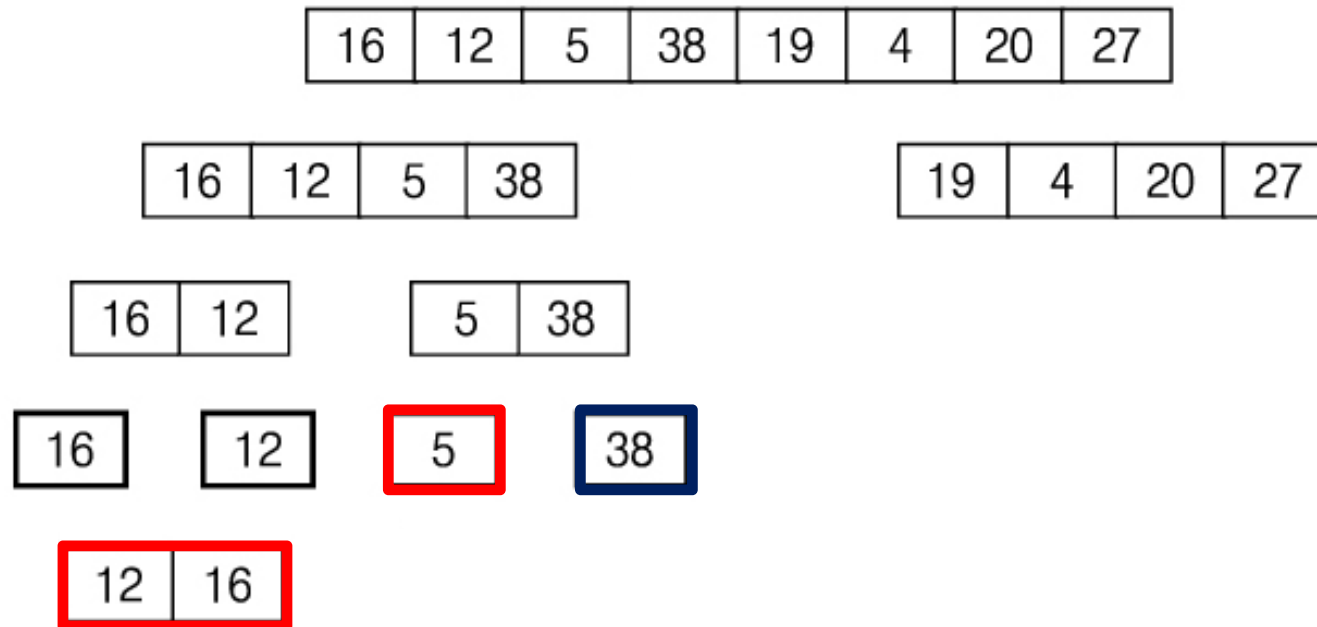
---



```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );
    m = 1;
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );
      m = 2;
      merge_sort ( 2, 2, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 3, 3, a );

```

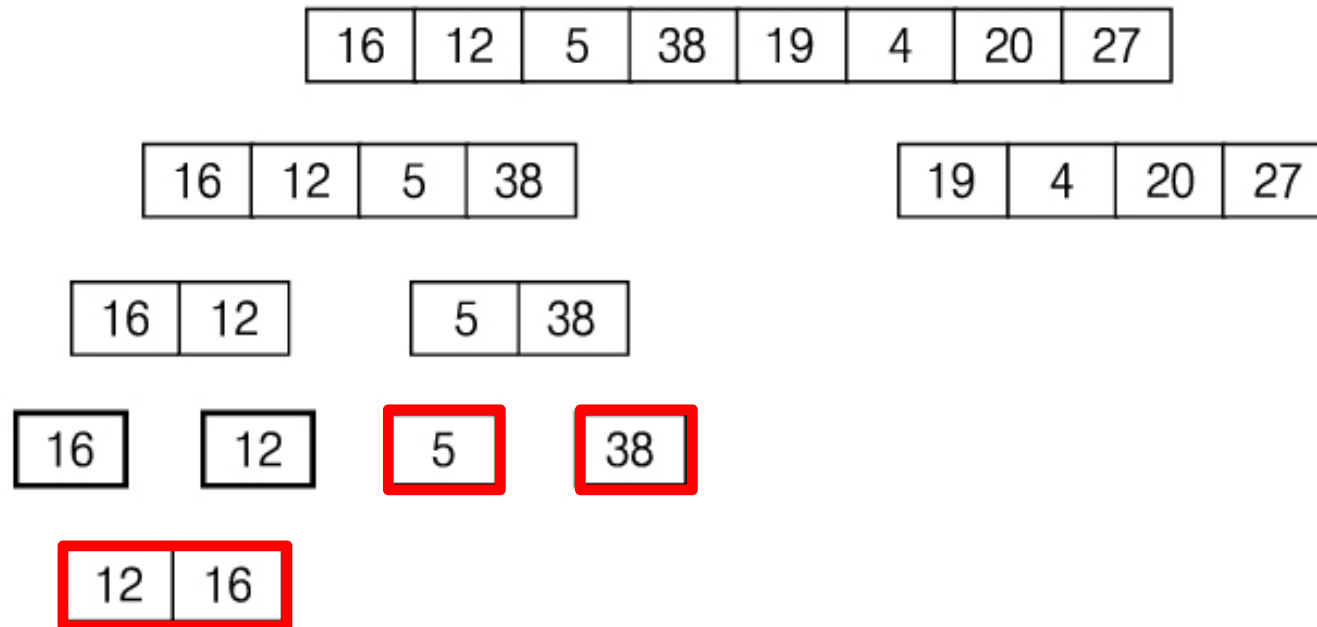


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );
    m = 1;
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );
      m = 2;
      merge_sort ( 2, 2, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 3, 3, a ); → sorted

```

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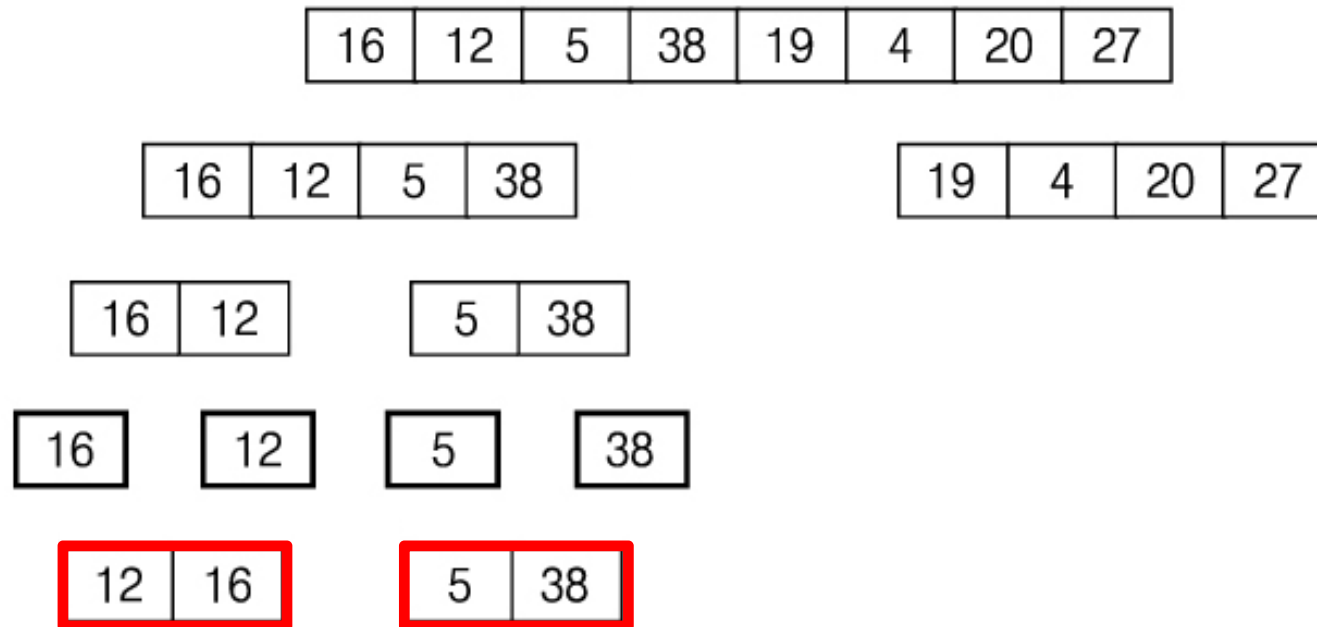




```

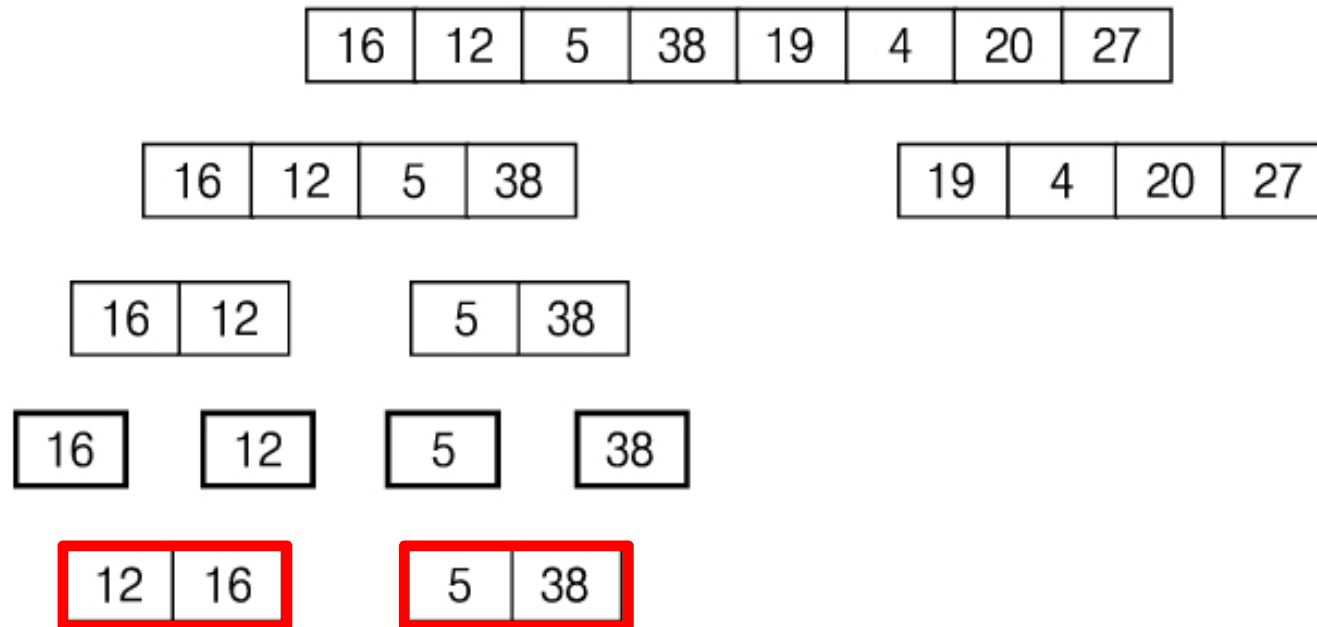
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );
    m = 1;
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a );
      m = 2;
      merge_sort ( 2, 2, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 3, 3, a ); → sorted
      merge ( 2, 2, 3, 3, a );

```



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );  
    m = 1;  
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted  
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a ); → sorted
```

---

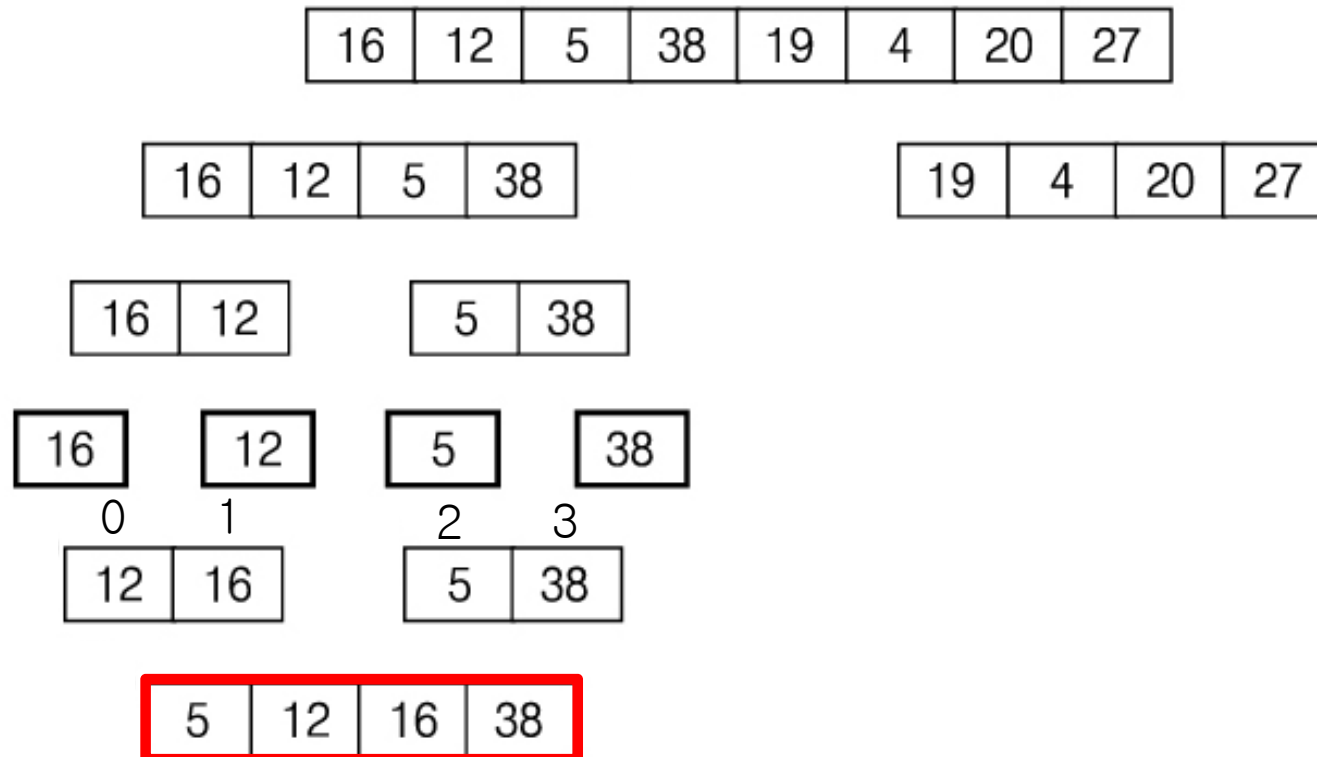


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a );
    m = 1;
    merge_sort ( 0, 1, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 2, 3, a ); → sorted
    merge ( 0, 1, 2, 3, a );

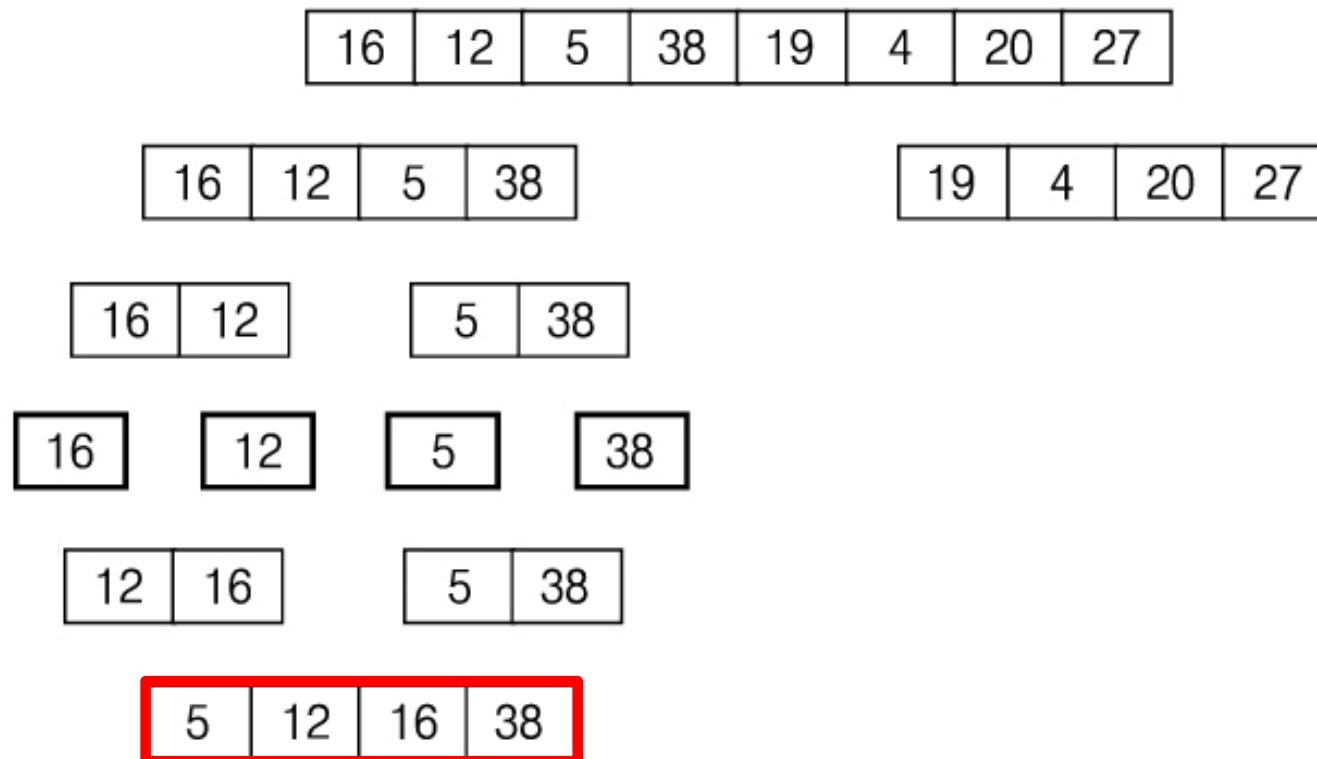
```

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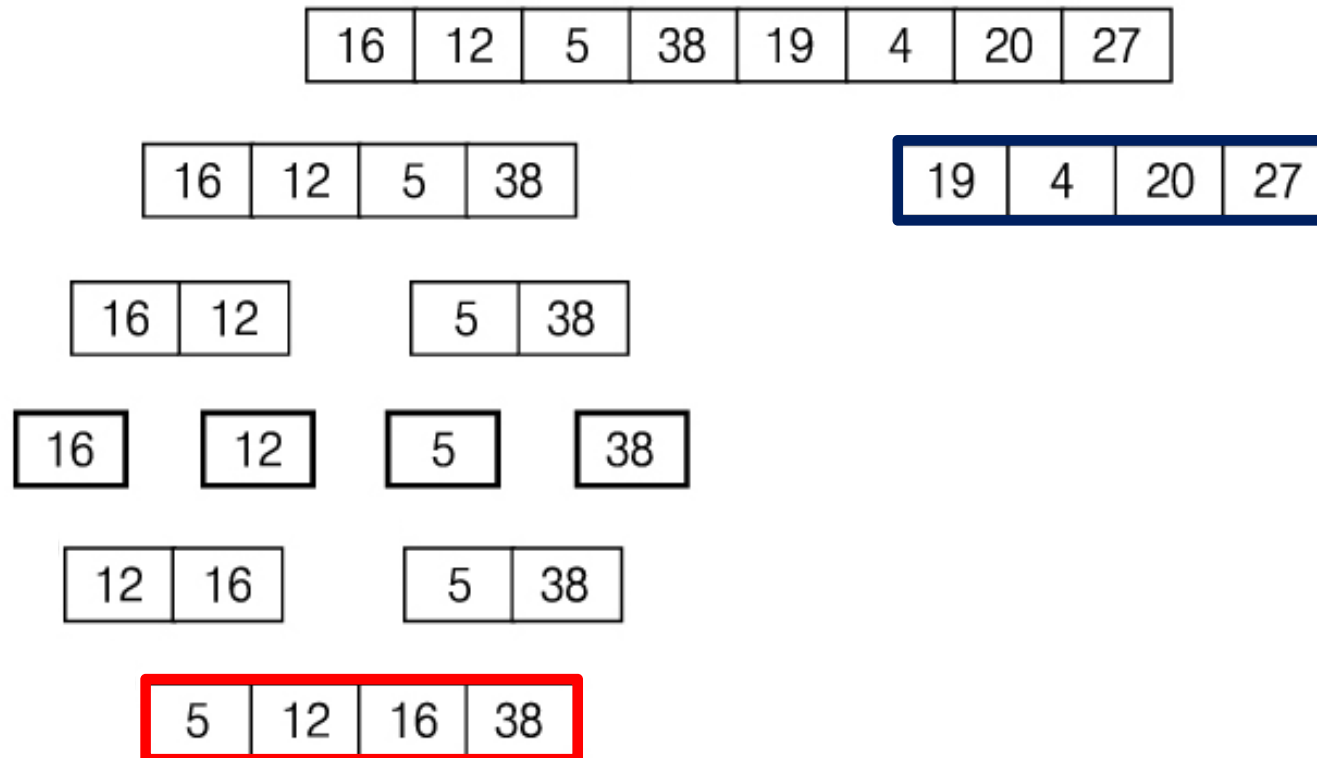
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
```

---



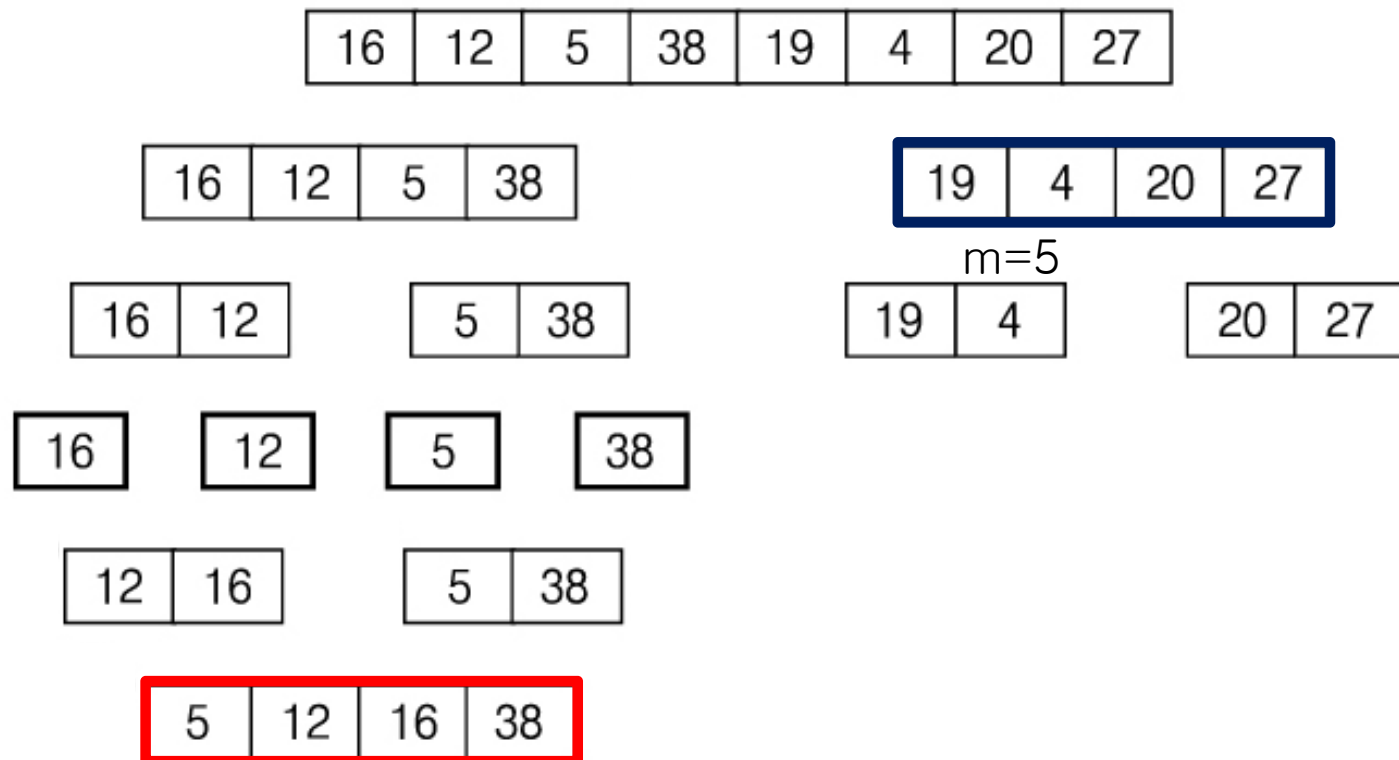
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
```

---



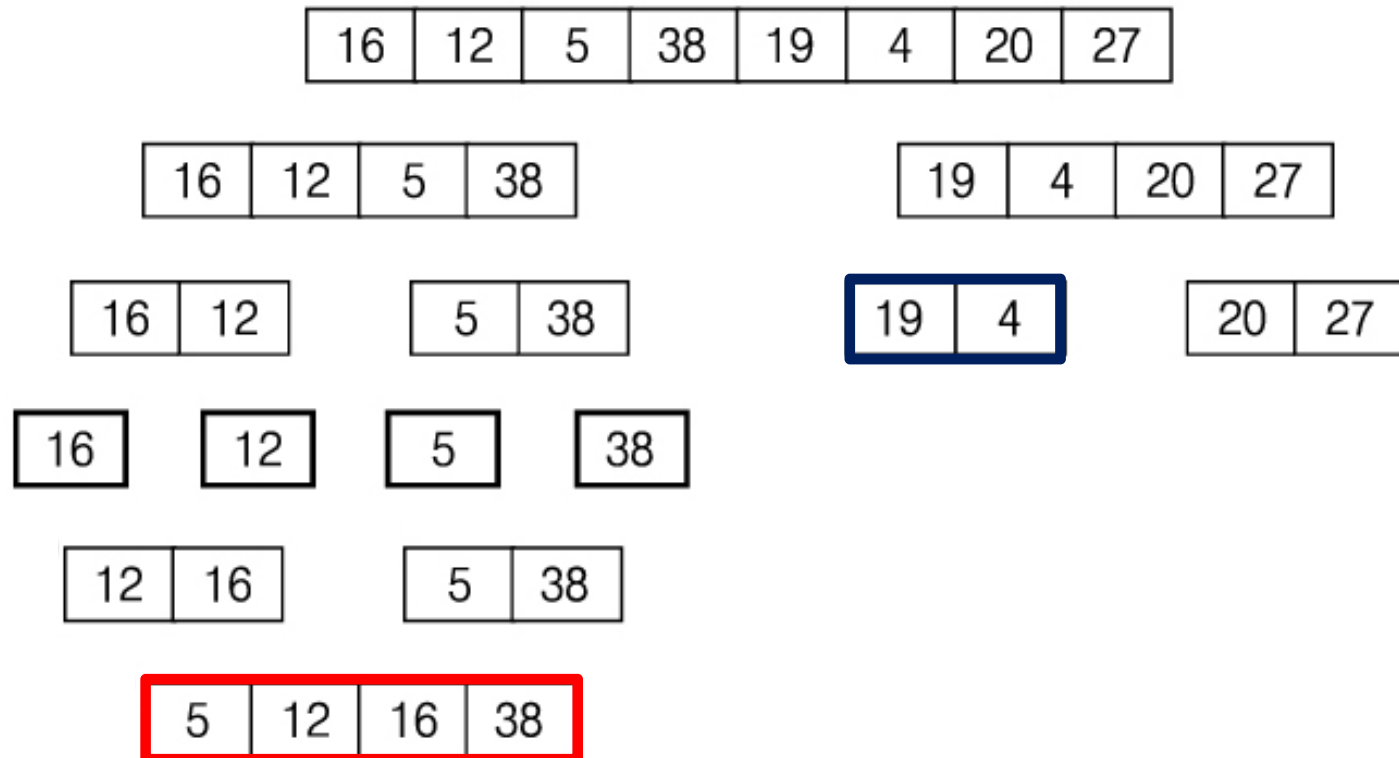
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );  
    m = 5;
```

---



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );  
    m = 5;  
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );
```

---

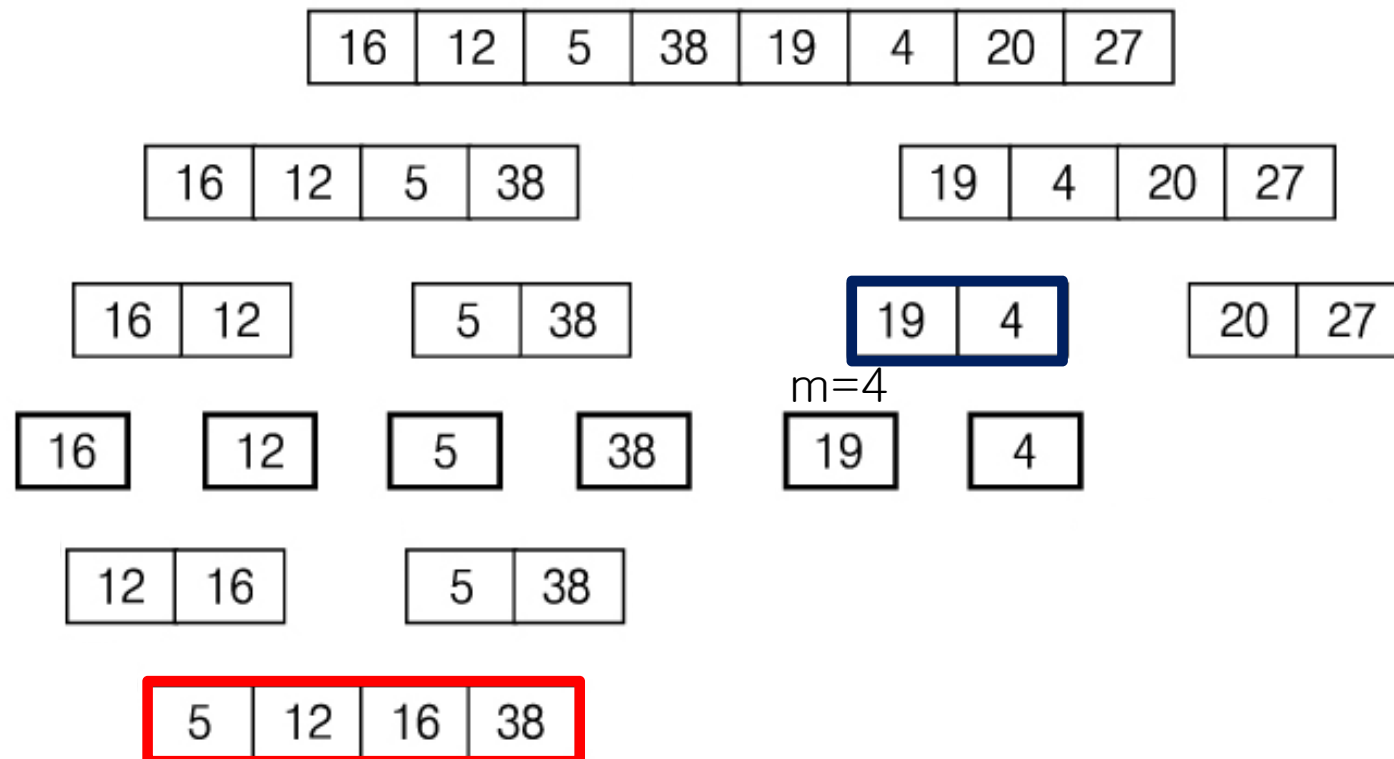


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );
      m = 4;

```

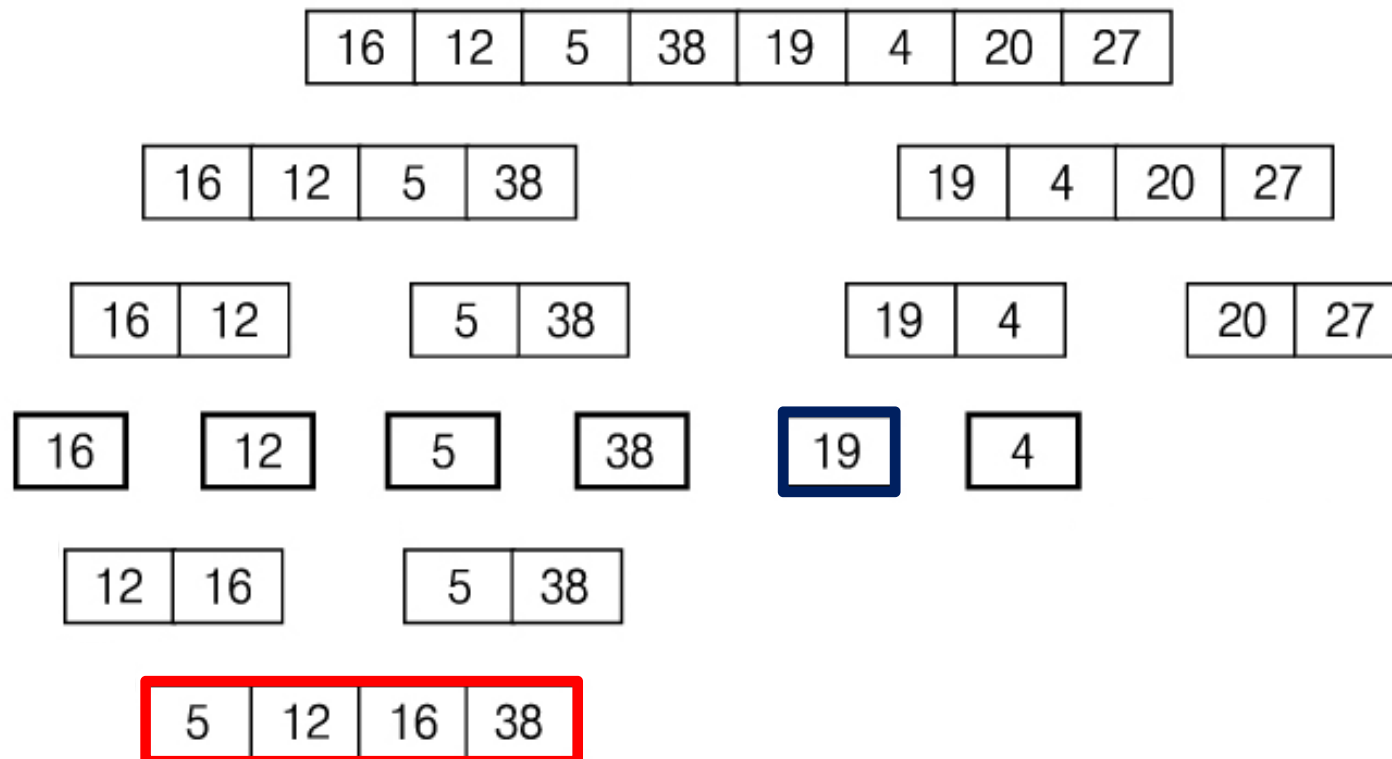
---





```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );  
    m = 5;  
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );  
      m = 4;  
      merge_sort ( 4, 4, a );
```

---

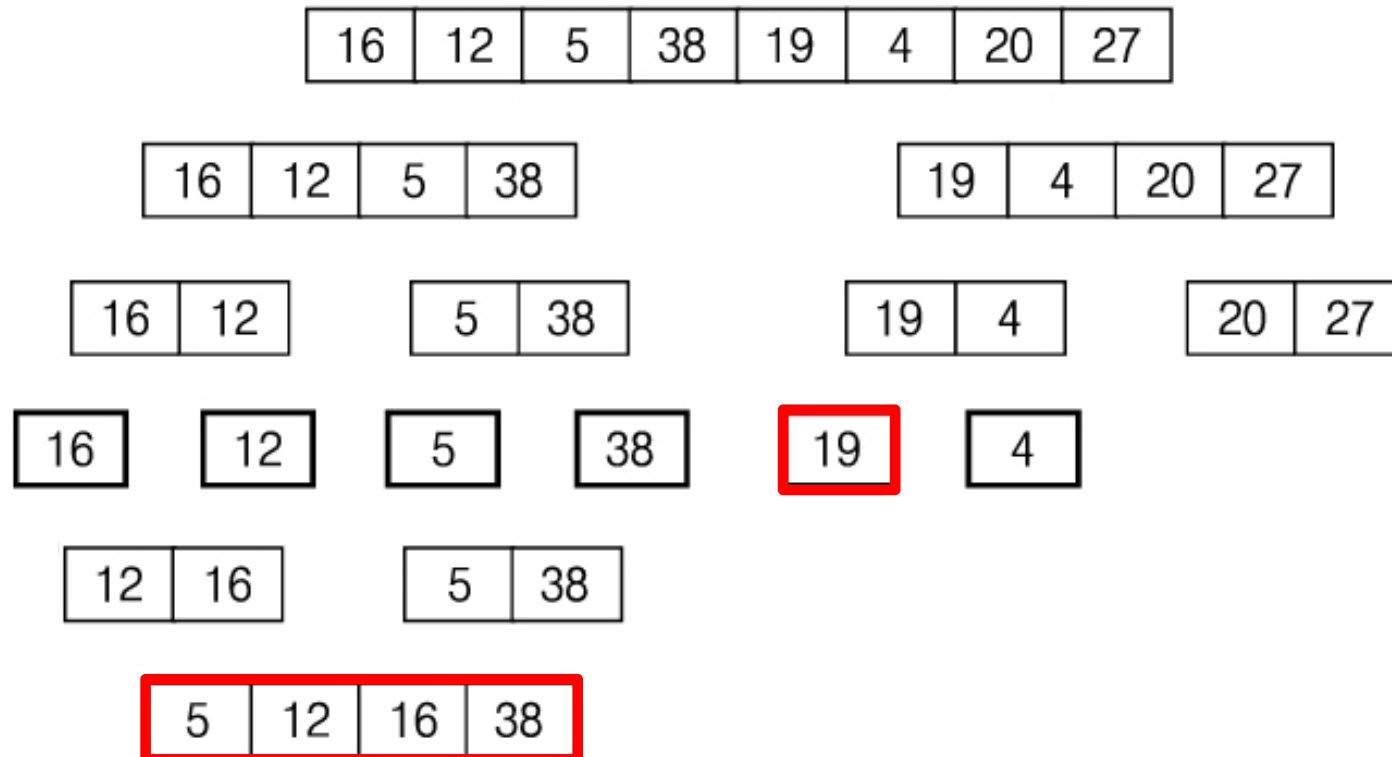


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );
      m = 4;
      merge_sort ( 4, 4, a ); → sorted

```

---

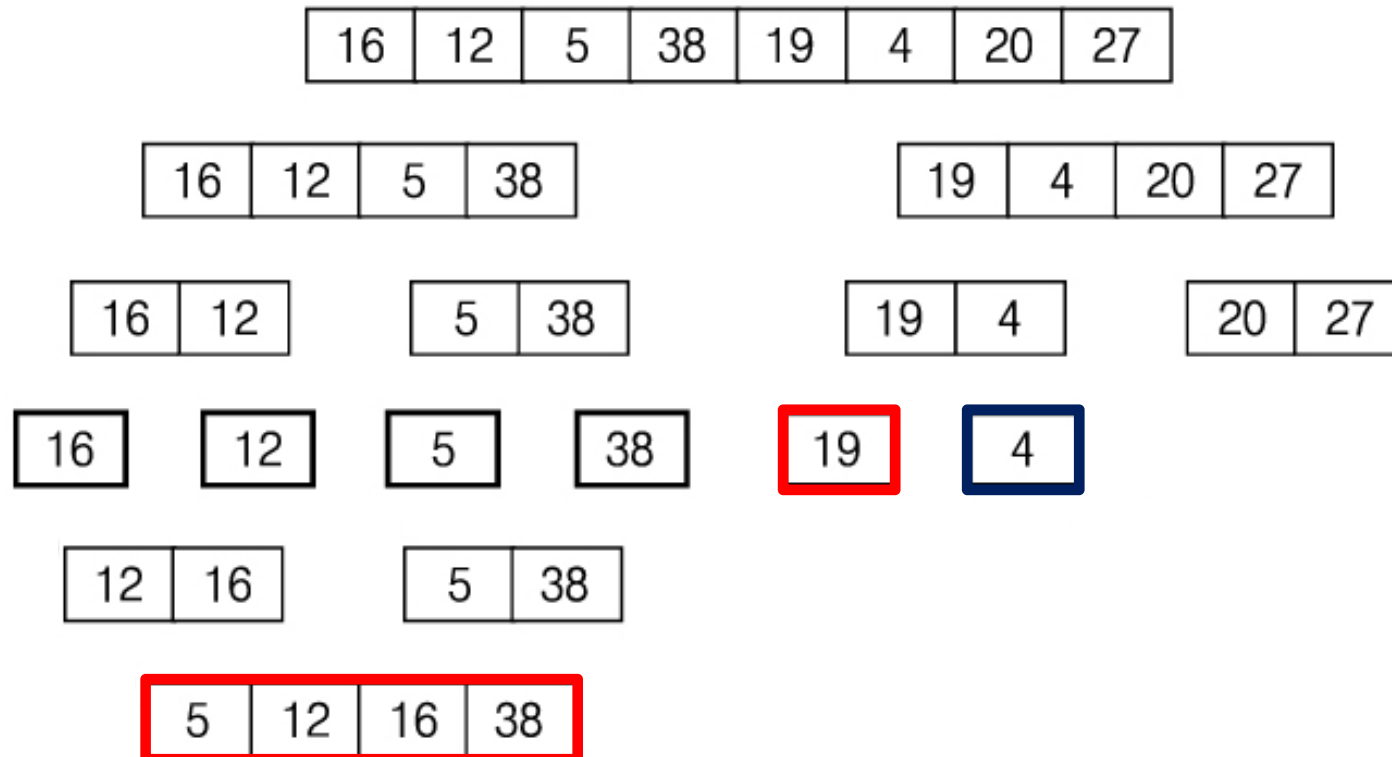


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );
      m = 4;
      merge_sort ( 4, 4, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 5, 5, a );

```

---

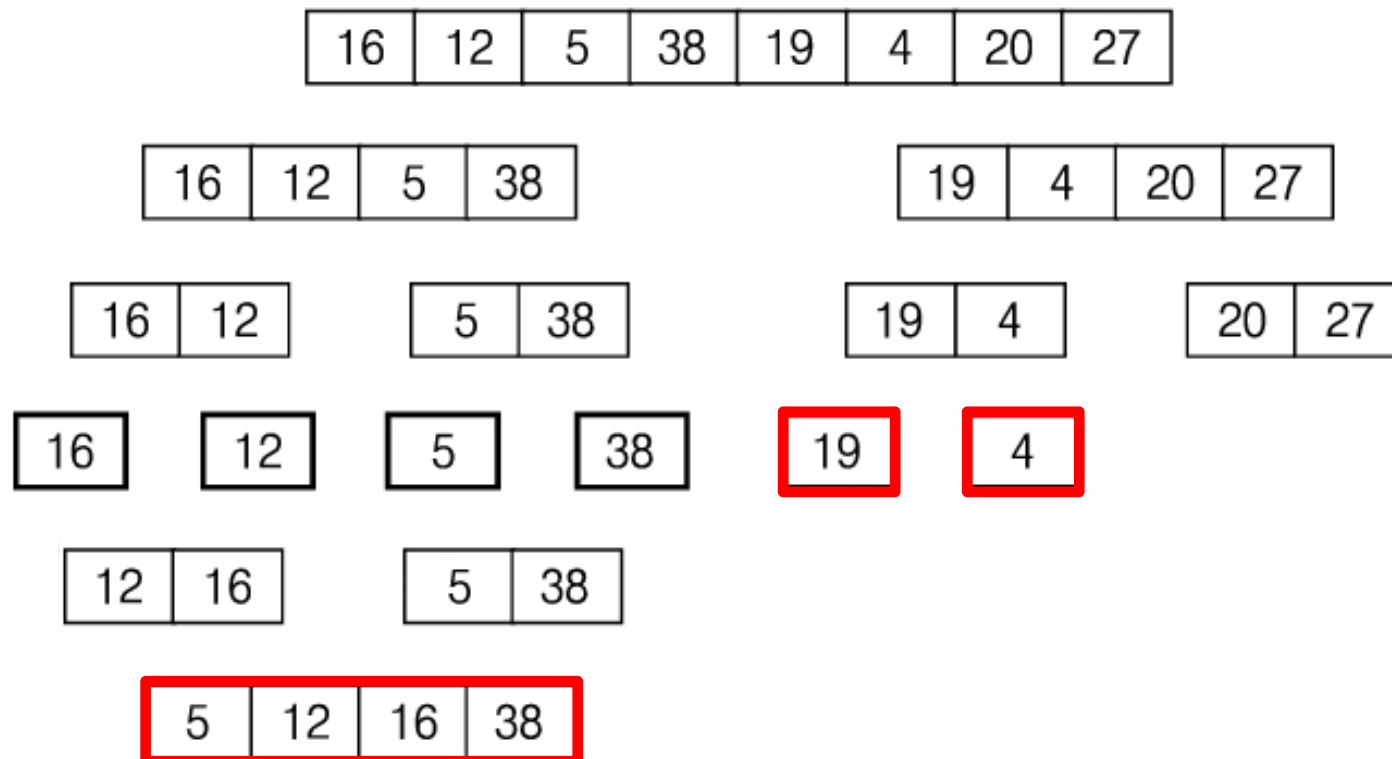


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );
      m = 4;
      merge_sort ( 4, 4, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 5, 5, a ); → sorted

```

---

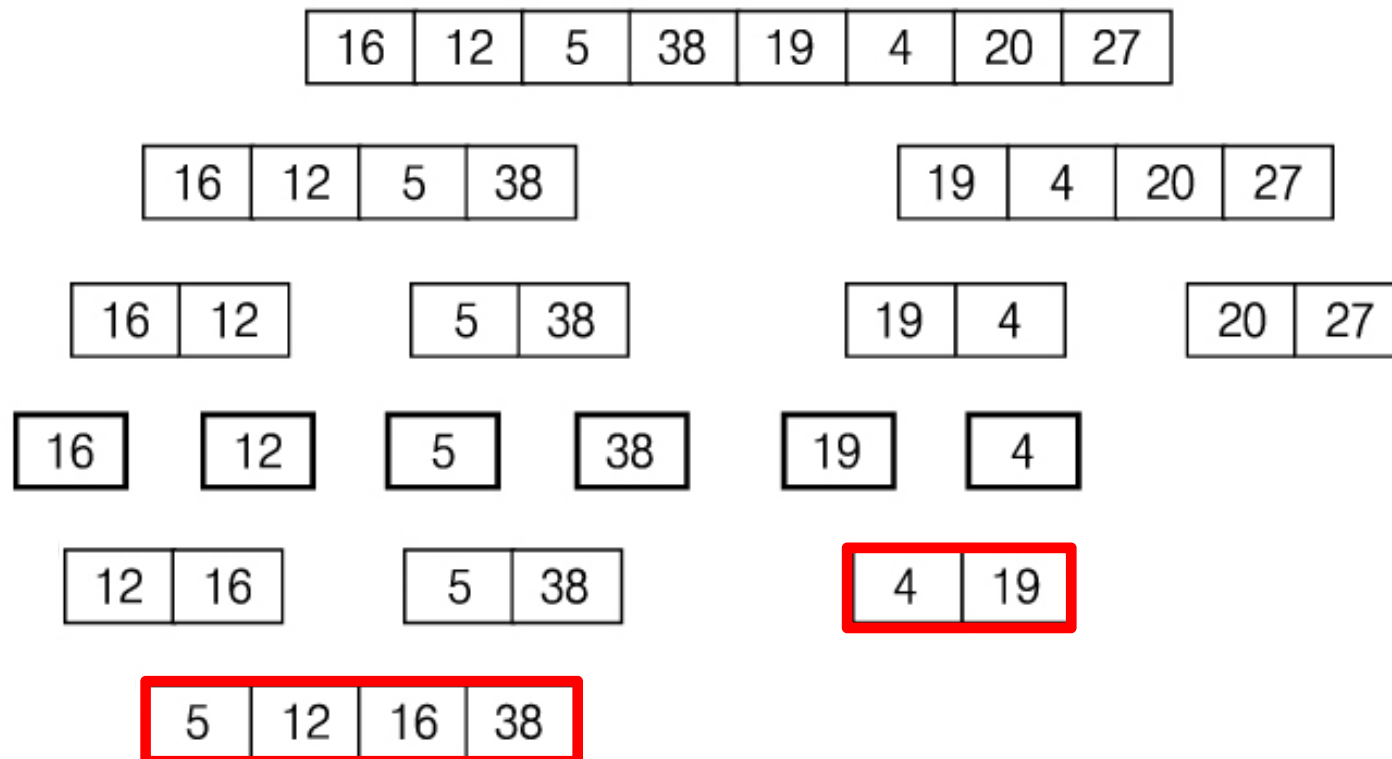


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a );
      m = 4;
      merge_sort ( 4, 4, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 5, 5, a ); → sorted
      merge ( 4, 4, 5, 5, a );

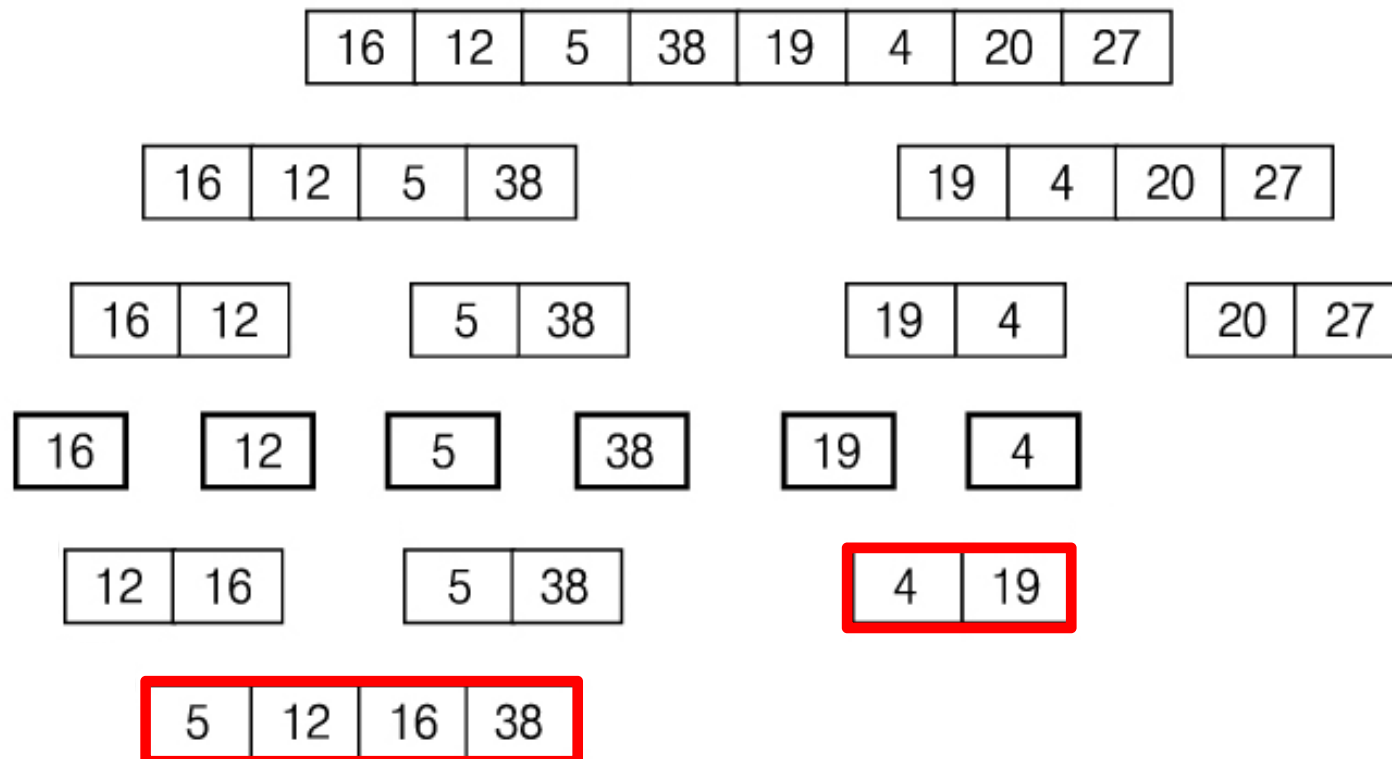
```

---



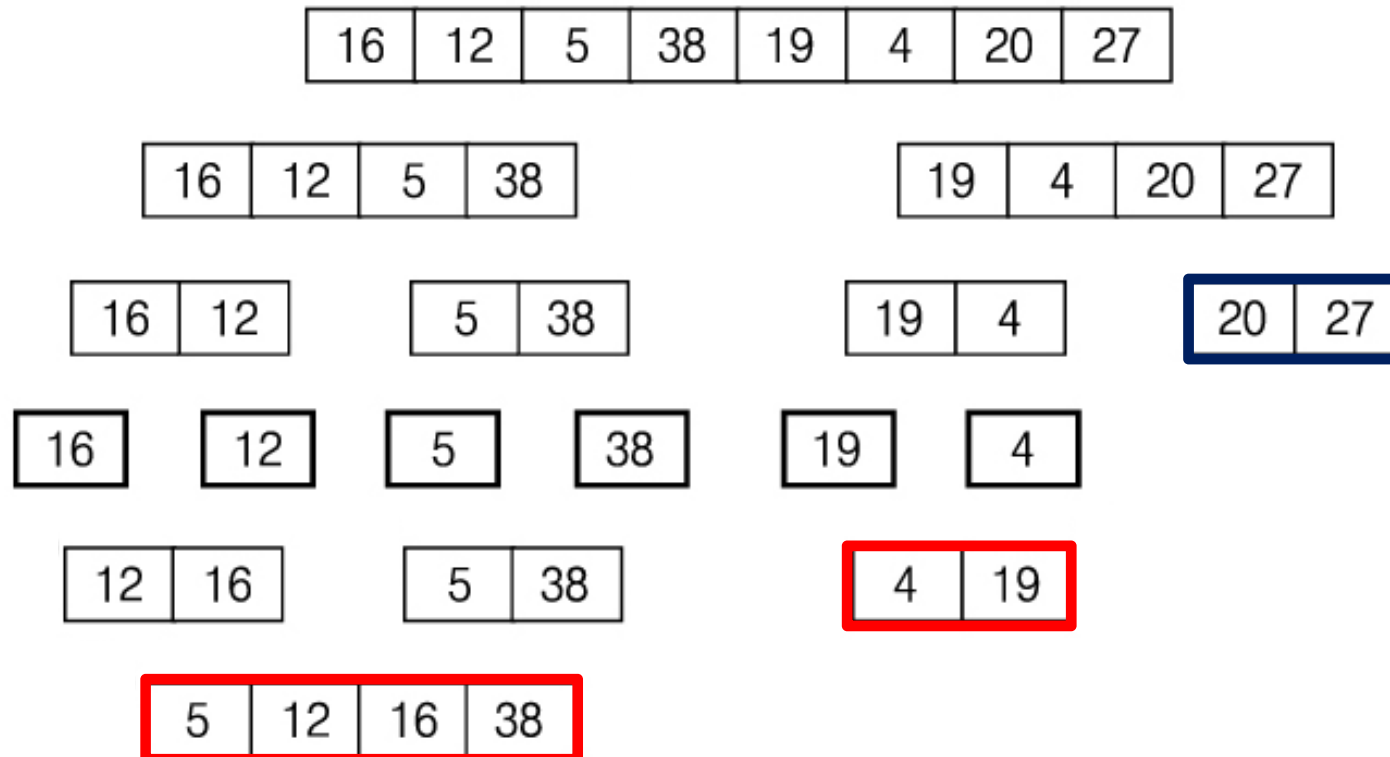
```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );  
    m = 5;  
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
```

---



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );  
    m = 5;  
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted  
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
```

---

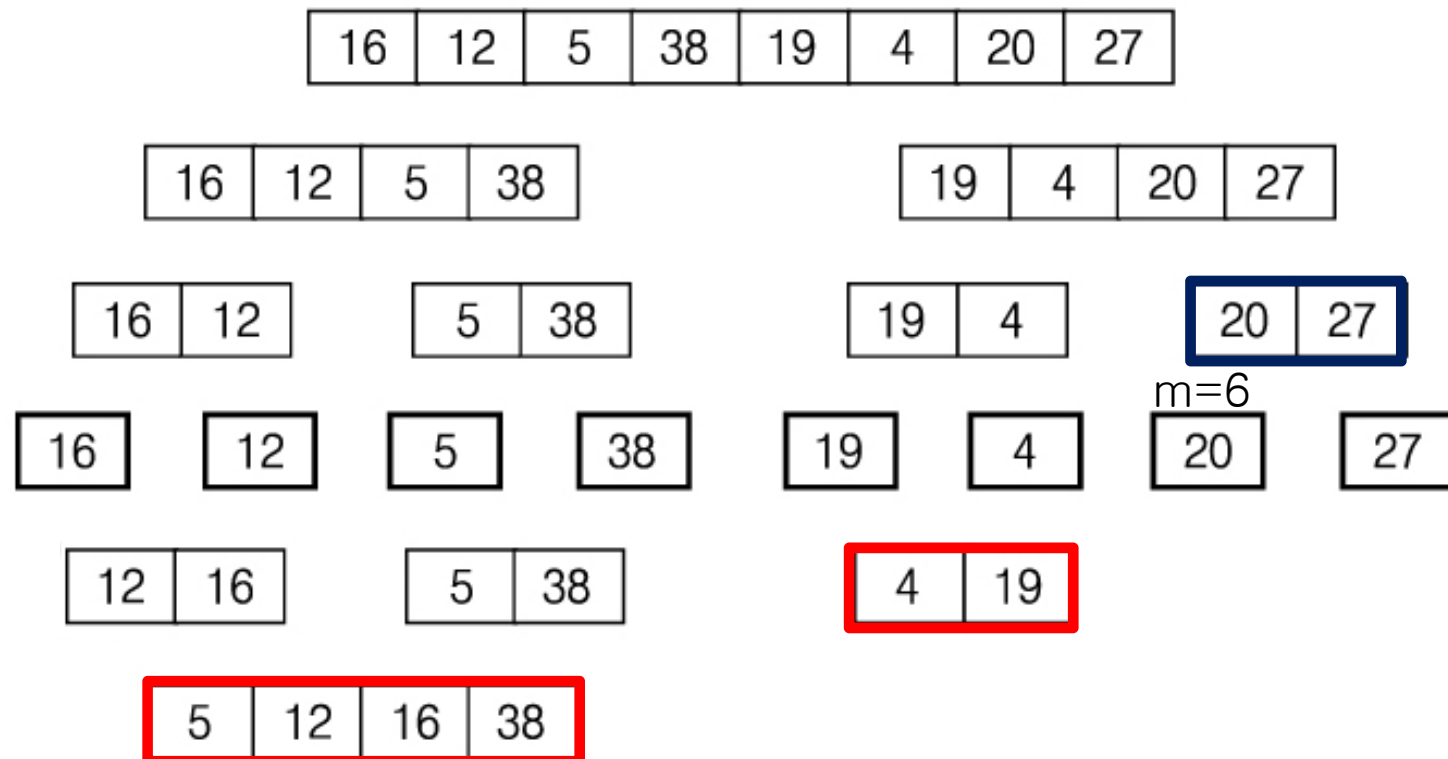


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
      m = 6;

```

---



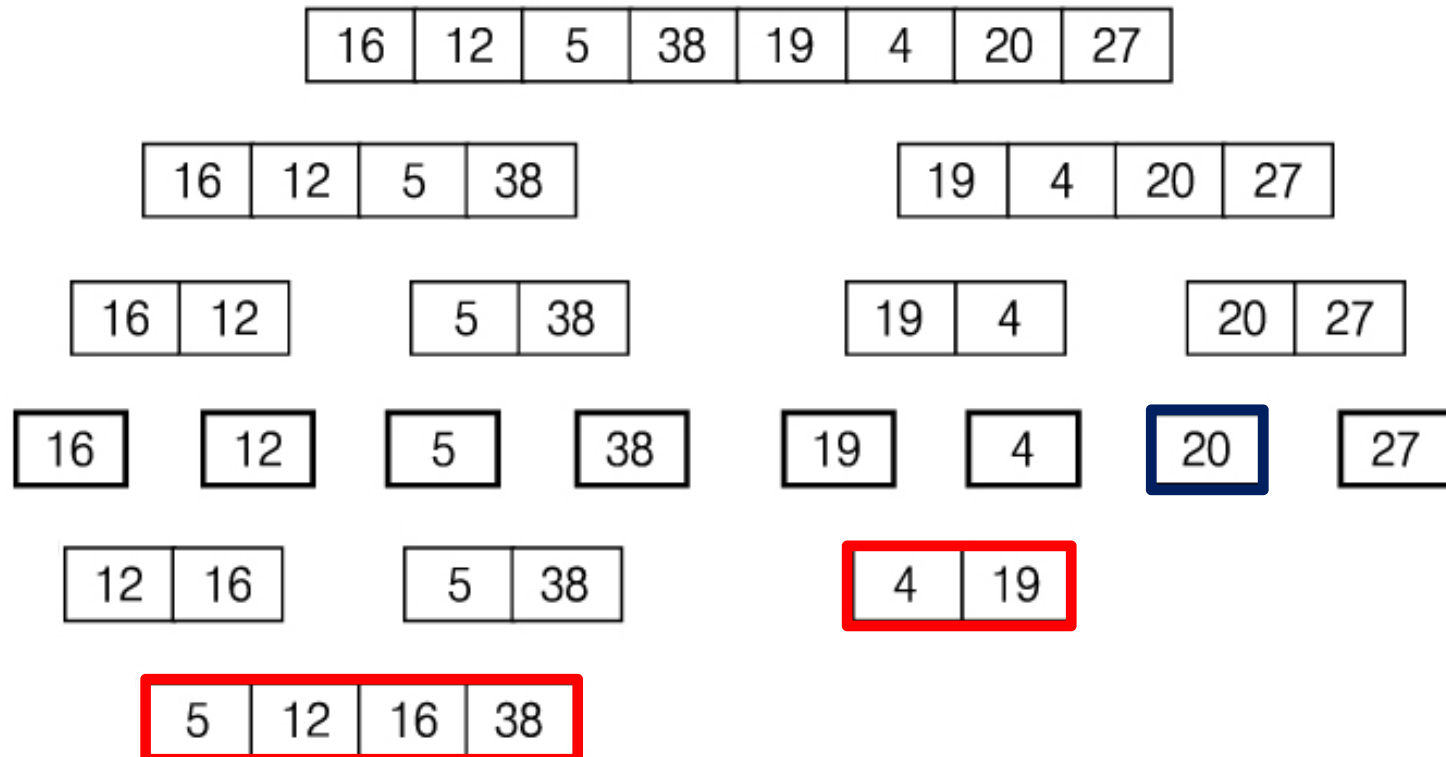


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
      m = 6;
      merge_sort ( 6, 6, a );

```

---

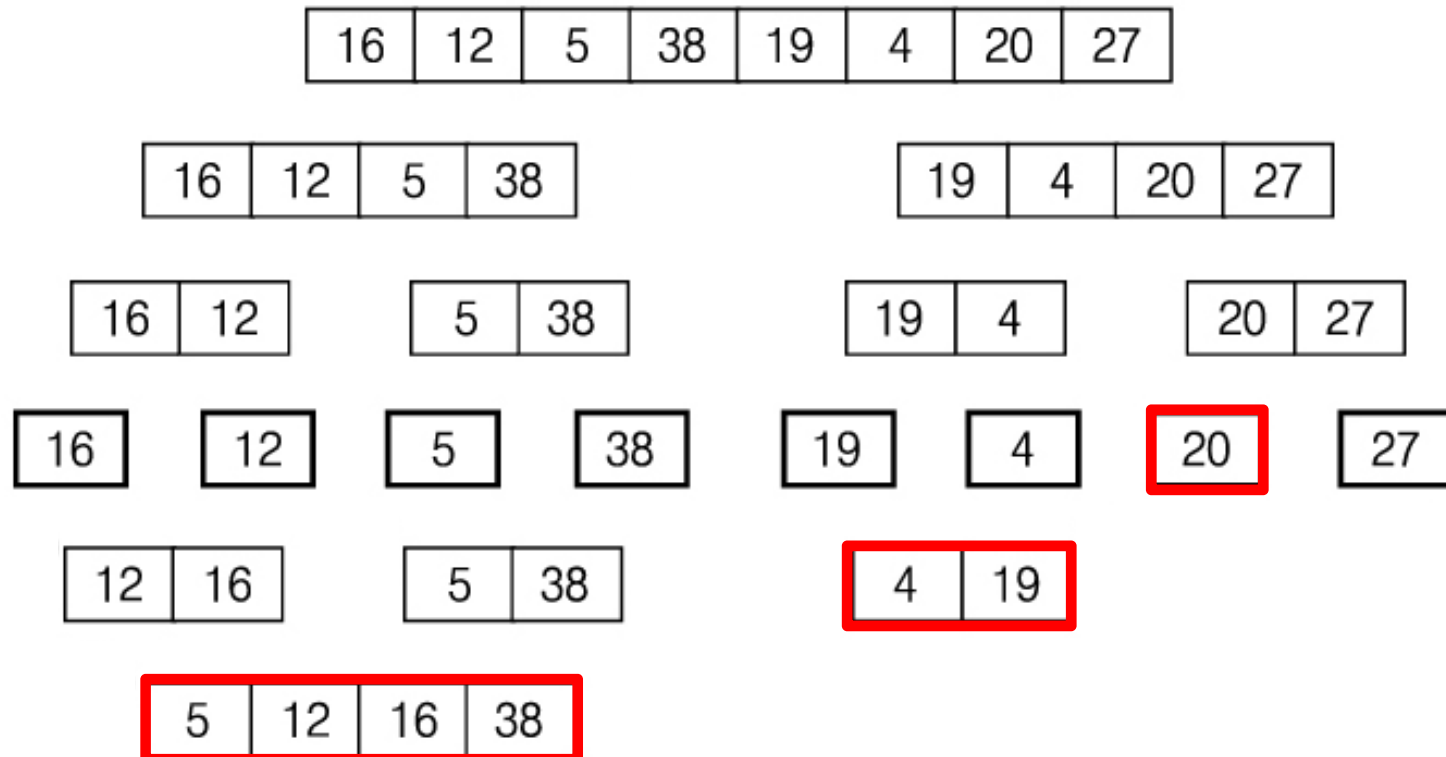


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
      m = 6;
      merge_sort ( 6, 6, a ); → sorted

```

---

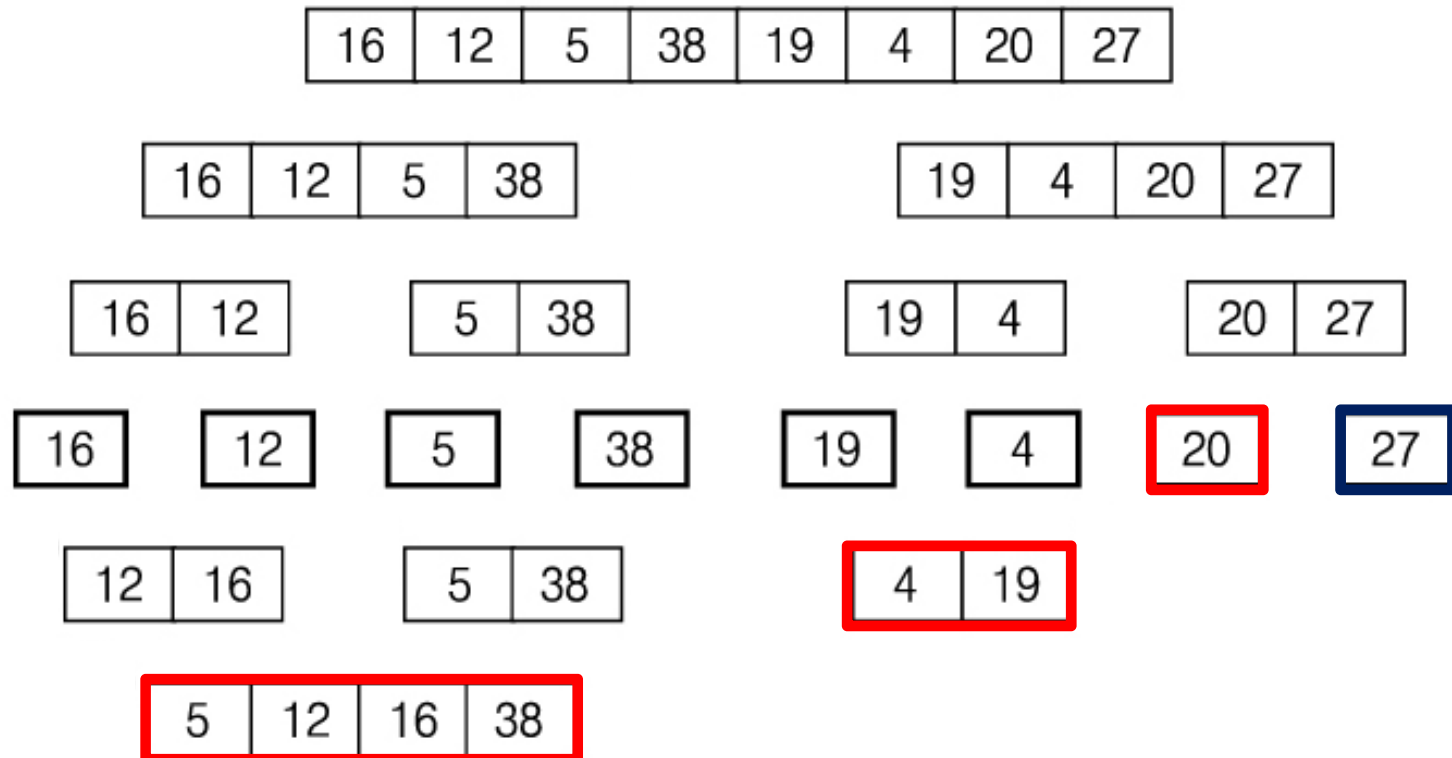


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
      m = 6;
      merge_sort ( 6, 6, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 7, 7, a );

```

---

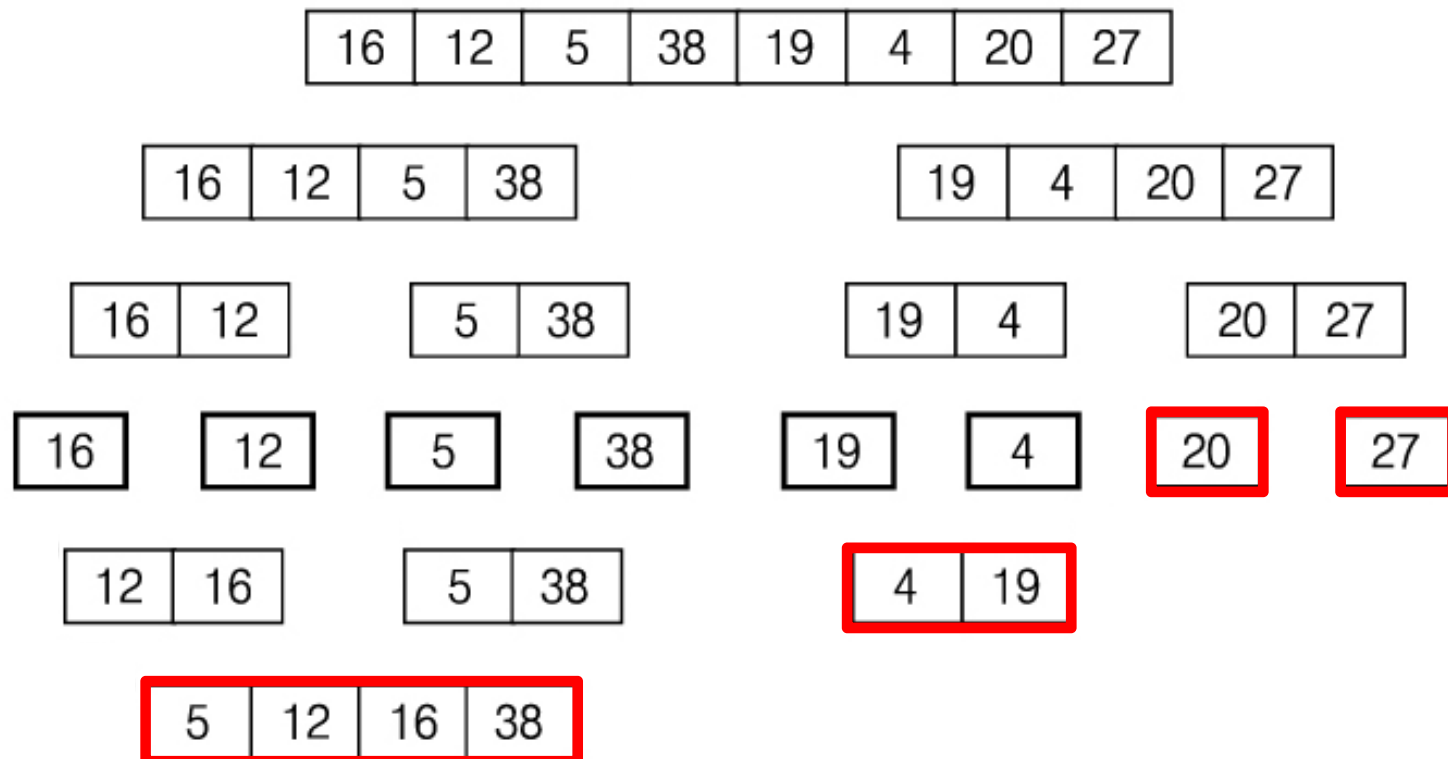


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
      m = 6;
      merge_sort ( 6, 6, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 7, 7, a ); → sorted

```

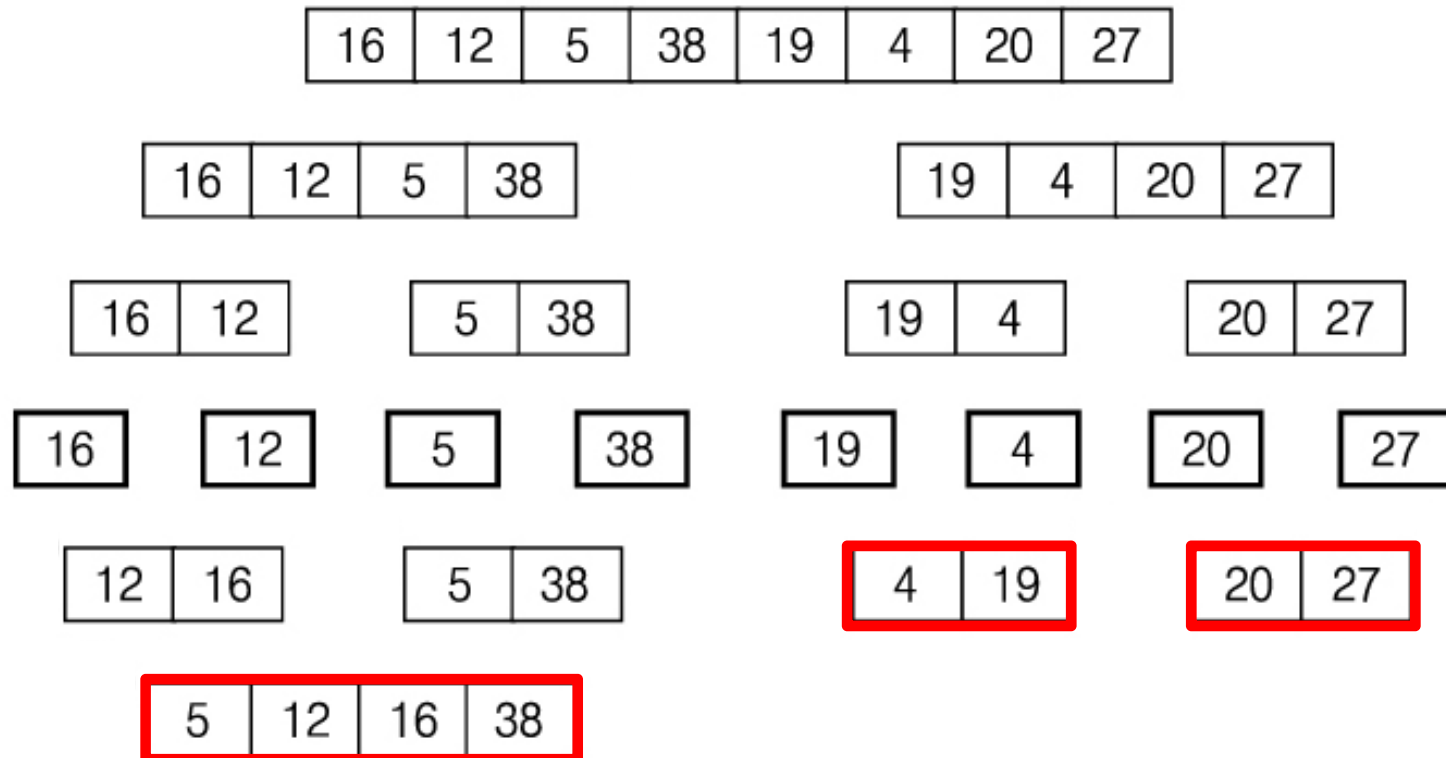
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```

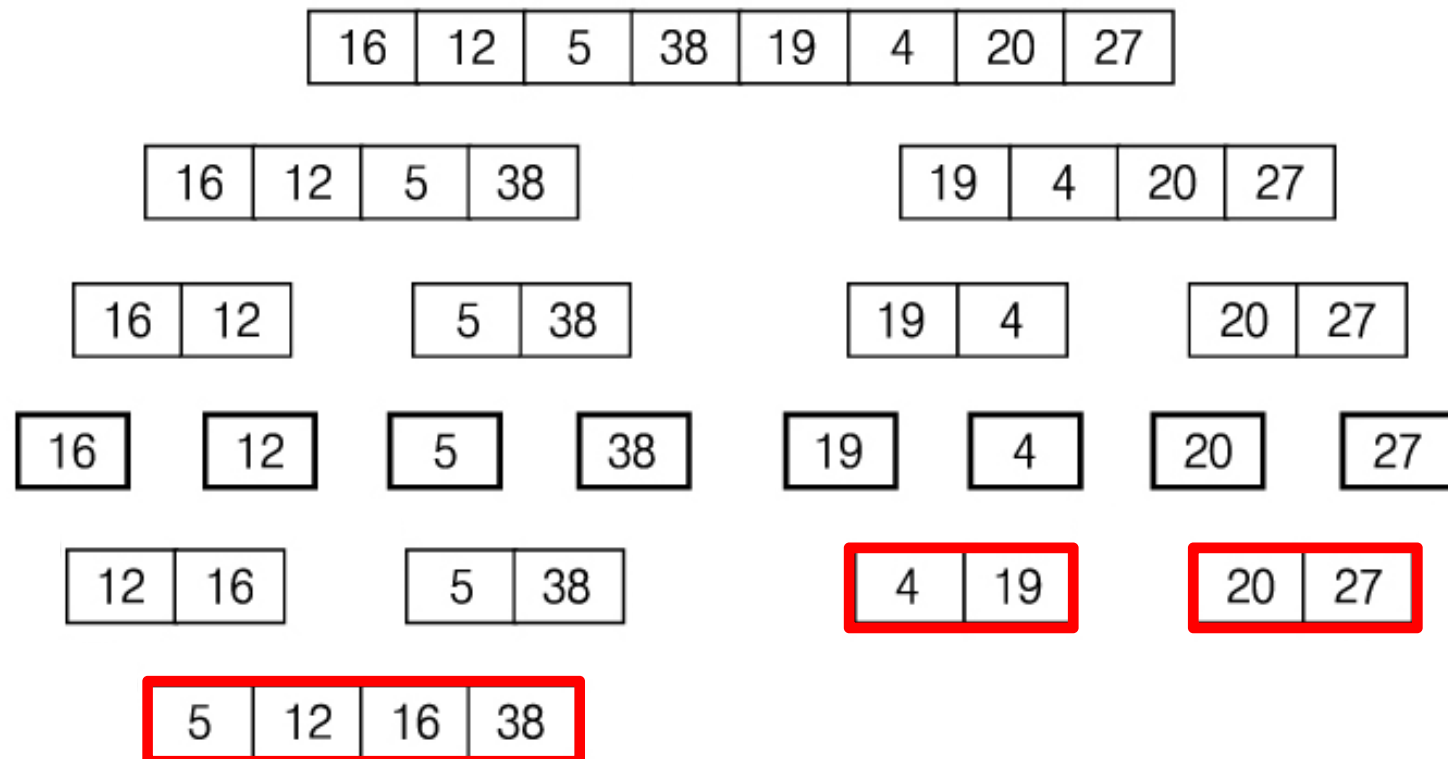
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a );
      m = 6;
      merge_sort ( 6, 6, a ); → sorted
      merge_sort ( 7, 7, a ); → sorted
      merge ( 6, 6, 7, 7, a );

```



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );  
    m = 5;  
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted  
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a ); → sorted
```

---

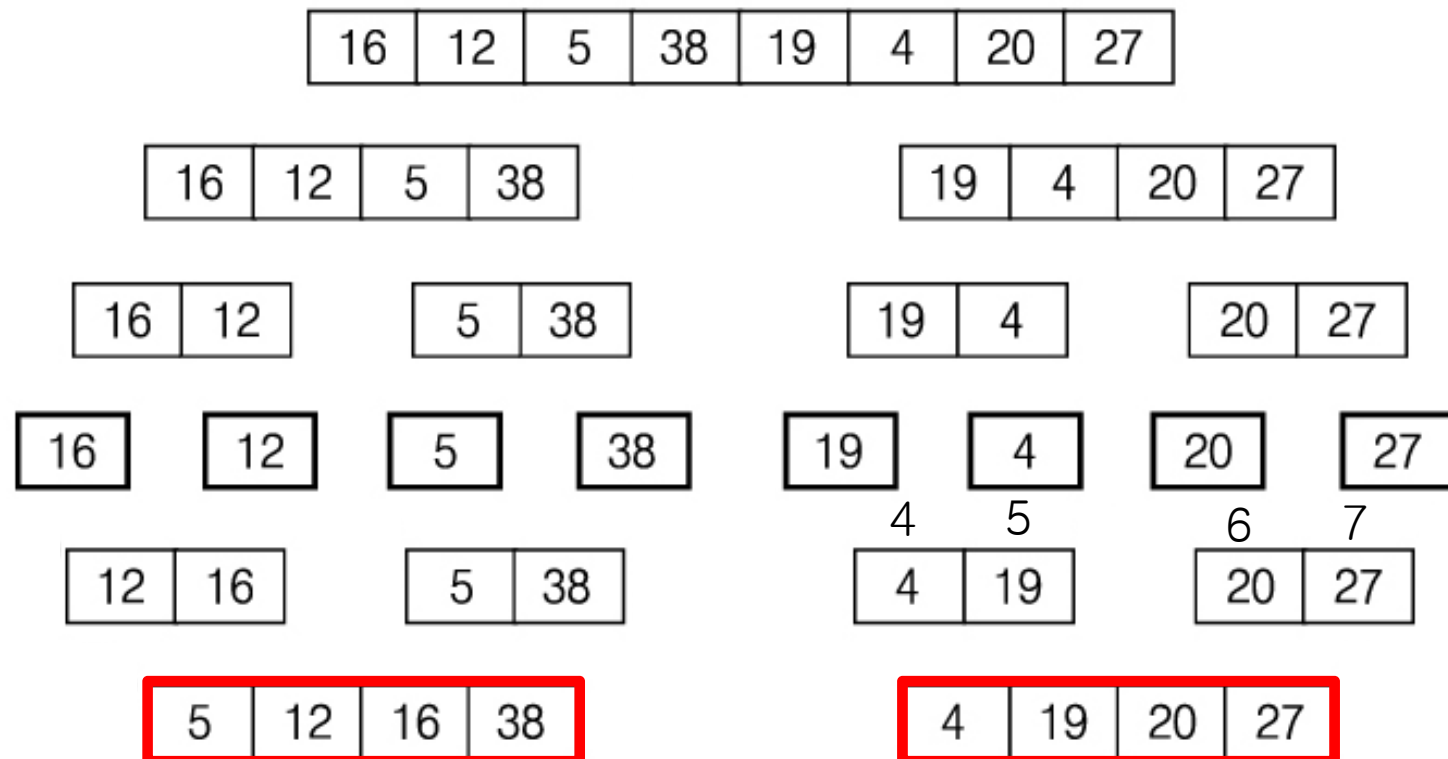


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a );
    m = 5;
    merge_sort ( 4, 5, a ); → sorted
    merge_sort ( 6, 7, a ); → sorted
    merge ( 4, 5, 6, 7, a );

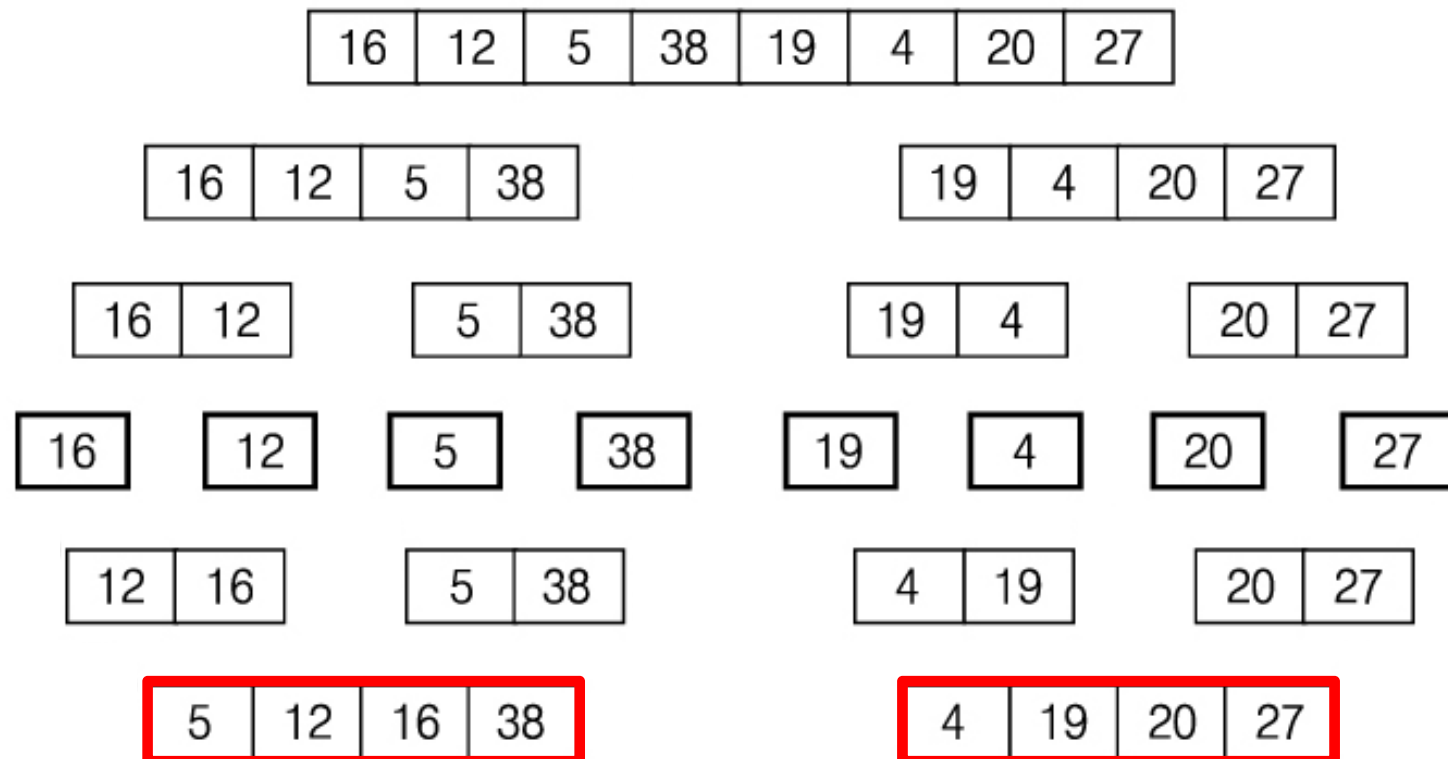
```

---



```
merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );  
  m = 3;  
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted  
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a ); → sorted
```

---



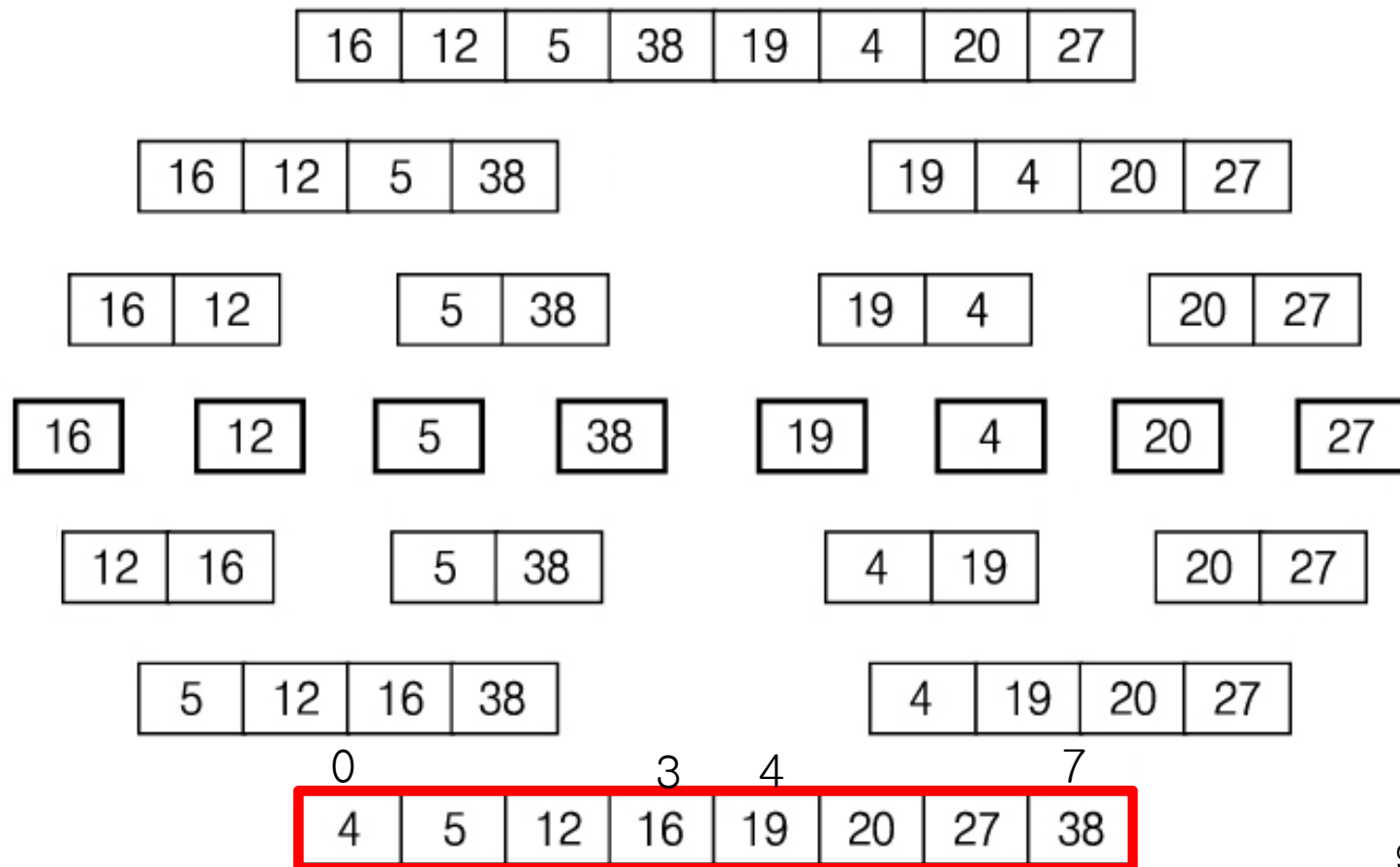


```

merge_sort ( 0, 7, a );
  m = 3;
  merge_sort ( 0, 3, a ); → sorted
  merge_sort ( 4, 7, a ); → sorted
  merge ( 0, 3, 4, 7, a );

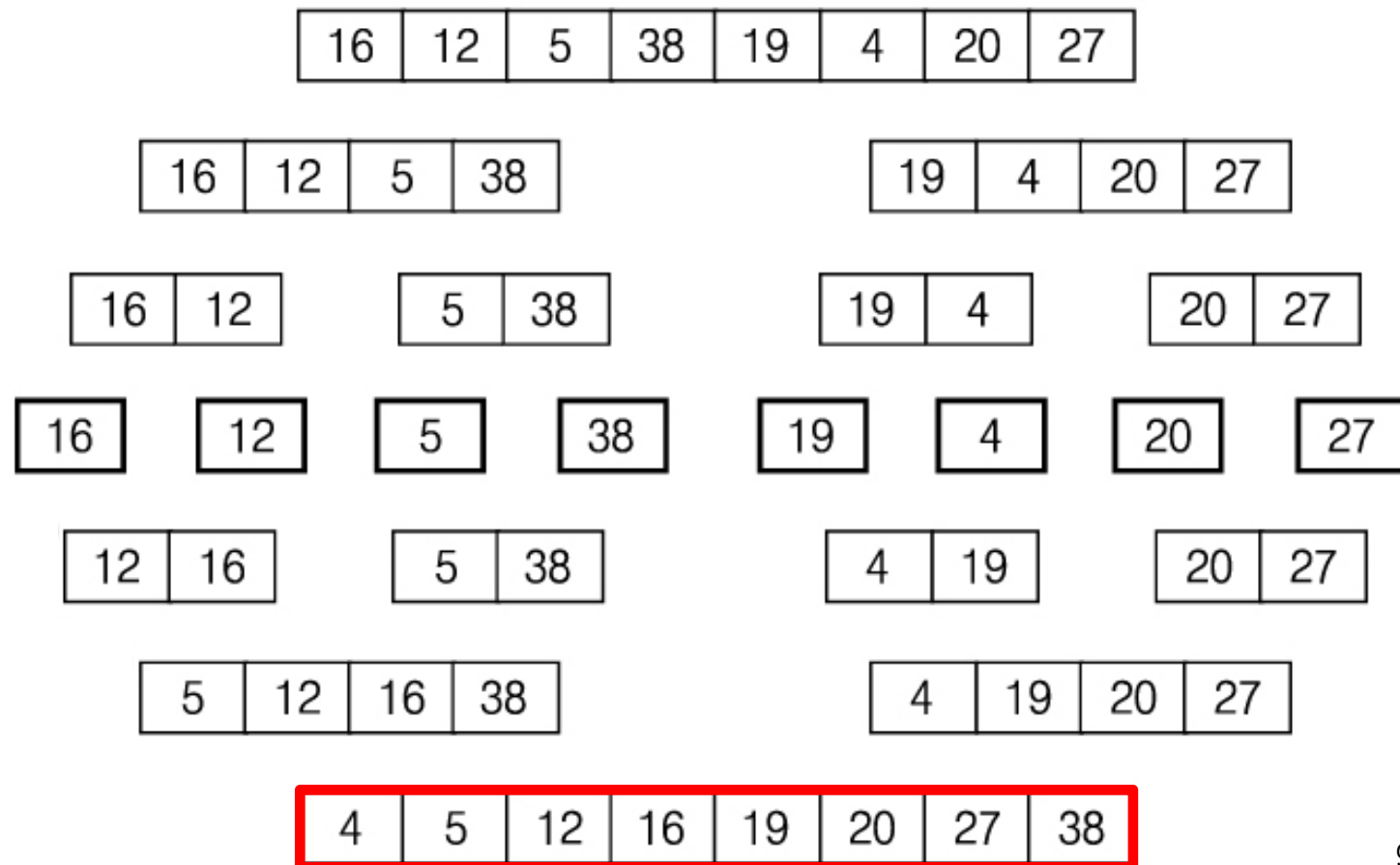
```

---



`merge_sort ( 0, 7, a ); → sorted`

---



## 3.3 Sorting

---

- Merge sort (Performance analysis)
  - Recurrence relation

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 2T(n/2) + cn, & n > 1 \\ a, & n = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$T(n) = an + cn \log n$$

## 3.3 Sorting

---

- Iterative merge sort
  - A merge sort without recursive call

```
int *iterative_mergesort ( int n, int *a )
{
    Q <- empty Queue;

    for ( int i = 0; i < n; i++ )
        Q.push ( a[i] )

    while ( Q.count ( ) > 1 ) {
        Q.push ( merge ( Q.pop ( ), Q.pop ( ) ) );
    }

    return Q.pop ( );
}
```

## 3.3 Sorting

- Comparison

	degenerate case	divide	conquer	combine	performance
tournament	$n = 1$ ( $s = e$ )	$m = (s+e)/2$	champ ( $s, m$ ); champ ( $m+1, e$ );	win (LW, RW);	$2T(n/2) + O(1)$ $= O(n)$
binary search	$n = 1$ ( $s = e$ )	$m = (s+e)/2$	bs ( $s, m-1$ ); or bs ( $m+1, e$ );	-	$T(n/2) + O(1)$ $= O(\log n)$
integer multiplication	$n = 1$	$s = n/2$ $w = u \text{ div } 2^s$ ; .....	mult ( $w+x, y+z$ ); mult ( $w, y$ ); mult ( $x, z$ );	$p 2^n +$ $(r - p - q) 2^s +$ $q$ ;	$3T(n/2) + O(n)$ $= O(n^{\log_2 3})$
merge sort	$n = 1$ ( $s = e$ )	$m = (s+e)/2$	ms ( $s, m$ ); ms ( $m+1, e$ );	merge ( $s, m, e$ );	$2T(n/2) + O(n)$ $= O(n \log n)$
quick sort					
median					
matrix multiplication					

## 퀴즈 3

---

- 다음은 합병 정렬에 대한 설명이다. 올바른 문장을 모두 고르시오.
  - (a) 합병 정렬은 최선의 경우와 최악의 경우에 모두  $O(n \log n)$ 이 걸리는 알고리즘이다.
  - (b) 합병 정렬은 분할-정복-결합의 3단계를 모두 요구한다.
  - (c) 합병 정렬의 분할은  $O(1)$ 이, 결합은  $O(n)$ 의 시간 복잡도가 요구된다.
  - (d) `merge_sort ( 0, 7, a)`를 완료하기 위해서는 8번의 `merge` 연산을 수행한다.